

NSW DAN:
Phone: 9971 9000
Fax: 9982 6446
Ref: Chris Aldren

co-agent

vendor

Alison Maye Burns
6 Rivington Street, Nundah QLD 4012

vendor's solicitor

Anthony Hamer & Associates
Suite 6, 2 St Johns Avenue, Gordon NSW 2072
PO Box 29, Gordon NSW 2072
Email: anthony@hamerlegal.com.au

Phone: 9498 8021
Fax: 9498 5551
Ref: AJH:13068BURNS

date for completion

42 days after the date of this contract (clause 15)

land (address,
plan details and
title reference)

Unit 13, 4 Ramsay Street, Collaroy NSW 2097
Lot 13 in Strata Plan 7099
Folio Identifier 13/SP7099

improvements

☐ VACANT POSSESSION ☒ subject to existing tenancies

☐ HOUSE ☒ garage ☐ carport ☒ home unit ☐ carspace ☐ storage space

☐ none ☐ other:

attached copies

☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered:

☐ other documents:

A real estate agent is permitted by *legislation* to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blinds	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dishwasher	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> stove
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> range hood	<input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment
<input type="checkbox"/> clothes line	<input type="checkbox"/> insect screens	<input type="checkbox"/> solar panels	<input type="checkbox"/> TV antenna
<input type="checkbox"/> curtains	<input type="checkbox"/> other:		

exclusions

purchaser

purchaser's solicitor

price \$

deposit \$ _____

(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)

balance \$

contract date (if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

vendor

GST AMOUNT (optional)
The price includes
GST of: \$

witness

purchaser

☐ JOINT TENANTS

☐ tenants in common

☐ in unequal shares

witness

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** (clause 3)

☐ NO ☐ yes

Nominated Electronic Lodgement Network (ELN) (clause 30):

Electronic transaction (clause 30)

☐ no ☒ YES

(if no, vendor must provide further details, such as the proposed applicable waiver, in the space below, or serve *within* 14 days of the contract date):

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable

☐ NO ☐ yes

GST: Taxable supply

☐ NO ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply

☐ NO ☐ yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- ☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on section 9-5(b))
- ☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an *GSTRW payment* (residential withholding payment)

☐ NO ☐ yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice *within* 14 days of the contract date.

GSTRW payment (residential withholding payment) – further details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*: \$

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *GSTRW* rate (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land <input type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided <input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) <input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract <input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) <input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report <input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) <input type="checkbox"/> 16 other document relevant to tenancies <input type="checkbox"/> 17 licence benefiting the land <input type="checkbox"/> 18 old system document <input type="checkbox"/> 19 Crown purchase statement of account <input type="checkbox"/> 20 building management statement <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 21 form of requisitions <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 22 <i>clearance certificate</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 23 land tax certificate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 32 property certificate for strata common property <input type="checkbox"/> 33 plan creating strata common property <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 34 strata by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 35 strata development contract or statement <input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata renewal proposal <input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal plan <input type="checkbox"/> 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property <input type="checkbox"/> 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 41 plan creating neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 42 neighbourhood development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 44 property certificate for precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 45 plan creating precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 46 precinct development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 48 property certificate for community property <input type="checkbox"/> 49 plan creating community property <input type="checkbox"/> 50 community development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 51 community management statement <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement <input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries <input type="checkbox"/> 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 <input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989 <input type="checkbox"/> 57 disclosure statement - off-the-plan contract <input type="checkbox"/> 58 other document relevant to off-the-plan contract
Home Building Act 1989 <input type="checkbox"/> 24 insurance certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 25 brochure or warning <input type="checkbox"/> 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover Swimming Pools Act 1992 <input type="checkbox"/> 27 certificate of compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 28 evidence of registration <input type="checkbox"/> 29 relevant occupation certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 30 certificate of non-compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	Other <input type="checkbox"/> 59

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Upstate

Level 1, Suite 15, 888 Pittwater Road, Dee Why NSW 2099

Email: hello@upstate.com.au

Tel: 9971 9000

SECTION 66W CERTIFICATE

I,

of

hereby certify as follows:-

- (a) I am a Solicitor currently admitted to practice in New South Wales.
- (b) I am giving this Certificate in accordance with Section 66W of the Conveyancing Act 1919 with reference to a Contract for sale of property;

at

from

(hereinafter called the "Vendor")

to

(hereinafter called the "Purchaser")

in order that there is no cooling off period in relation to the Contract

- (c) I do not act for the Vendor and am not employed in the legal practice of a Solicitor acting for the Vendor nor am I a member or employee of a firm of which a Solicitor acting for the Vendor is a member or employee
- (d) I have explained to the Purchaser (and if more than one, each of them)
 - (i) the effect of the Contract for the purchase of that property;
 - (ii) the nature of this Certificate;
 - (iii) the effect of giving this Certificate to the Vendor, i.e. that there is no cooling off period in relation to the contract.

DATED this day of

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
2. **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
3. There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning, Industry and Environment Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas Land & Housing Corporation Local Land Services	NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in *italics* is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served by the party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* at least 14 days before the date for completion –
- 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition* *within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).

- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
 - 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
 - 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
 - if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.
- **Purchaser**
- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* –
- 16.7.1 the price less any:
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
 - *GSTRW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.
- **Place for completion**
- 16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 17 Possession**
- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).
- 18 Possession before completion**
- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
- 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
- 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
- 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
- 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.
- 19 Rescission of contract**
- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
- 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
- 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
- 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
- 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title**• Definitions and modifications**

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- **Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must serve an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).

25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.

25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.

25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.

26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.

26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.

26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.

27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.

27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.

27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.

27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.

27.6 If consent is not given or refused –

27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or

27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.

27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –

27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or

27.7.2 in the Western Division.

27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.

27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.

28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.

28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –

28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and

28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.

28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.

28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.

28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.

29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.

29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.

29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.

29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.

29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.

29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –

29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;

29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party* serving notice of the event happening;
 - every *party* who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.
- 30 Electronic transaction**
- 30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –
- 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.1.2 the *parties* otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or
- 30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
- 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.3.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
- 30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
- 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
 - using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;
- 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –
- after the *effective date*; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;
- is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*; and
- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is served as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to serve it.
- 30.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the *effective date* –
- 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.5.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
- 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –
- 30.6.1 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
- 30.6.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.6.3 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
- 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 *Normally*, *within 7 days* of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –
- 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within 7 days* of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.8.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *mortgagee details*, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least *2 business days* before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least *1 business day* before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least *2 business days* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 30.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
 - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must serve the *certificate of title* after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –
- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| <i>adjustment figures</i> | details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; |
| <i>certificate of title</i> | the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate; |
| <i>completion time</i> | the time of day on the date for completion when the <i>electronic transaction</i> is to be settled; |
| <i>conveyancing rules</i> | the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; |
| <i>discharging mortgagee</i> | any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser; |
| <i>ECNL</i> | the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW); |
| <i>effective date</i> | the date on which the <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> is agreed to be an <i>electronic transaction</i> under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date; |
| <i>electronic document</i> | a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; |
| <i>electronic transfer</i> | a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ; |

<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronically tradeable</i>	a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the <i>conveyancing rules</i> ;
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>mortgagee details</i>	the details which a <i>party</i> to the <i>electronic transaction</i> must provide about any <i>discharging mortgagee</i> of the <i>property</i> as at completion;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; and
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> .

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must –
- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor serves any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the *Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017* –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
- 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the *Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018*.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS ANNEXED TO CONTRACT FOR SALE

33. **Death, mental illness, bankruptcy, liquidation etc.**

33.1 Without in any way negating, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this special condition not been included in this Contract:

33.1.1 should the Purchaser being a natural person (or any one of them if more than one) prior to completion die, become mentally ill or be declared bankrupt or enter into any scheme of arrangement with creditors, then the Vendor shall be entitled to rescind this Contract by notice in writing to the Purchaser in accordance with Clause 19.

33.1.2 should the Purchaser being a company prior to completion resolve to go into liquidation or have a petition for the winding up presented or enter into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors or should any liquidator, receiver or official manager be appointed in respect of the Purchaser, then the Vendor shall be entitled to terminate this Contract by notice in writing to the Purchaser in accordance with Clause 9.

34. **Removal of registered dealings**

34.1 On completion the Purchaser will accept a withdrawal of any caveat, a withdrawal of any writ of execution and a discharge or any mortgage registered upon the title of the subject property in registerable form (and a settlement adjustment will be made for any applicable registration fees) and the Purchaser shall not be entitled to require the registration of any such documents prior to completion.

35. **Purchaser's acknowledgements**

35.1 The expression "the property" where used in this special condition shall include all buildings, structures, fixtures and other improvements on or under the land to be transferred pursuant to this Contract and the furnishings, chattels and inclusions stipulated in page one herein.

35.2 The Purchaser acknowledges that prior to signing this Contract the Purchaser has made investigations and enquiries in relation to the property and the Purchaser has not relied upon any warranty statement or representation made by the Vendor or by anyone on the Vendor's behalf (excluding those warranties contained in Section 52A of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and regulations thereto). The Purchaser further acknowledges that following the making of the said investigations and enquiries, the Purchaser is satisfied that the terms of this Contract are fair and reasonable.

35.3 The provisions set out in this Contract contain the entire agreement between the parties as at the date of this Contract notwithstanding any negotiations or discussions held or documents, signs or brochures produced prior to the date of this Contract.

35.4 The Purchaser shall accept the property in its present condition and state of repair (including all defects whether latent or patent) and shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in relation to the condition or state of repair of the property or any part thereof or the existence of any contamination or environmental hazard in relation to the property.

36. **Introduction by the Vendor's agent**

36.1 The Purchaser warrants that the Purchaser was not introduced to the Vendor or the Property by any real estate agent or any other person entitled to claim commission other than the Vendor's agent named on the front page of this Contract (if any) and the Purchaser hereby indemnifies the Vendor against any successful claim for commission which might be made resulting from a breach of such warranty and against all costs and expenses of and incidental to defending any such claim. The Vendor warrants that the Vendor has not entered into any sole or exclusive agency agreement with any real estate agent other than the Vendor's agent named on the front page of this Contract. It is agreed that these indemnities shall be continuing indemnities not merging on completion.

37. **Notice to Complete**

37.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Contract or any rule of law or equity to the contrary, the Purchaser and Vendor expressly agree that:

37.1.1 Either party hereto may, upon the expiration of the time for completion specified on page one herein, issue a Notice to Complete making time the essence of this Contract;

37.1.2 A period of fourteen (14) days following the date of issue of any such Notice to Complete shall be deemed to be a reasonable time for completion pursuant to any such notice and neither party may make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in respect of the said period;

37.1.3 The Purchaser will pay to the Vendor on settlement the cost of any Notice to Complete served on the Purchaser assessed and agreed at the sum of \$330.00 including GST and payment of that amount is an essential term of the Contract.

38. **Additional Purchase Price**

38.1 It is an essential term of this Contract that the balance of the purchase price will increase at the rate of eight per cent (8%) per annum calculated daily for each day from the completion date up to and including the day of actual completion. If actual completion is delayed because of the Vendor's default, the balance of the purchase price will not increase for the period completion was delayed by the Vendor.

39. **Services**

39.1 The Purchaser shall take title subject to all existing gas, electricity, telephone, water, sewerage and drainage installations or services (if any) as shall exist on or pass through the land or any adjoining land and the Purchaser shall not be entitled to make any requisition, objection or claim for compensation in relation to such installations or services (including but not limited to their condition and state of repair, the non-availability of such installations or services or the fact that there are no easements in relation to such installations or services).

40. **Facsimile transmission**

40.1 In addition to provisions contained in Condition 20 hereof, a notice or document shall be sufficiently served for the purpose of this Contract if the notice or document is sent by facsimile transmission to a party or the solicitor for a party and in any such case shall be deemed to be duly given or made when the facsimile transmission has been completed except where the sender's machine indicates a malfunction in transmission or the recipient immediately notifies the sender of an incomplete transmission (in which case the facsimile transmission shall be deemed not to have been given or made) or the time of dispatch is not before 17.00 (local time) on a day on which business is generally carried on in the place to which such notice is sent (in which case the notice shall be deemed to have been received at the commencement of business on the next such day in that place).

41. **Foreign Investment**

41.1 The Purchaser warrants that the provisions of the Foreign Takeovers Act 1975 (Cth) requiring the obtaining of consent to this transaction do not apply to the Purchaser and to this purchase.

41.2 In the event of there being a breach of this warranty whether deliberately or unintentionally the Purchaser agrees to indemnify and to compensate the Vendor in respect of any loss damage penalty fine or legal costs which may be incurred by the Vendor as a consequence thereof.

41.3 This warranty and indemnity shall not merge on completion.

42. **Severability**

42.1 In case any one or more of the provisions herein contained or any part thereof should be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality or enforceability of the remaining provisions hereof shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

42.2 In the event of any conflict between the provisions of these additional conditions and those contained in the printed conditions to this Contract, these additional conditions shall prevail.

43. **Amendments to printed form clauses**

43.1 The following clauses in the printed form of the contract shall be amended as follows:

43.1.1 Clause 7.1.1 is amended from 5% to 1%;

43.1.2 Clause 7.1.3 substituting "7 days" in place of "14 days";

43.1.3 Clause 10.1.8 and 10.1.9 are amended by replacing the words "existence" and "noted" for the words "substance" and "disclosed" respectively;

43.1.4 Clause 10.1.8 is amended by including the words "or covenant" after the words "any easement or restriction on use" where twice appearing;

43.1.5 Clause 14.4.2 is replaced with the words "by adjusting the amount of land tax payable by the Vendor in relation to the Property";

43.1.6 Clause 19.2.3 is deleted; and

43.1.7 Clause 23.9.1 is deleted.

44. **Payment of Deposit by Instalments – Cooling off period**

In the event that a cooling off period applies to this Contract the Deposit shall be paid as follows:

- 44.1 as to the amount of 0.25% of the purchase price on the date hereof; and
- 44.2 as to balance of the Deposit prior to the expiry of the cooling off period.

45. **Survey Report**

- 45.1 The Purchaser acknowledges that it has inspected the Survey Report (if any) annexed to this Contract (hereinafter called "the Survey Report") and is aware of the encroachment(s) onto the land or any adjoining land and the items of non compliance disclosed and clearly described therein.

- 45.2 It is an express term of this Contract that no objection, requisition or claim shall be made by the Purchaser in respect of any matter referred to within this special condition or any other matter or thing contained in or arising out of the Survey Report.

- 45.3 No warranty or representation is made by the Vendor as to the accuracy or completeness of the Survey Report and the accuracy or completeness of the same is not a condition of this Contract.

46. **Swimming Pool**

- 46.1 In the event this Contract relates to land on which there is a swimming pool within the meaning of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 ("the Act"), a copy of any of the following documents must be annexed to this Contract:

- (a) a valid certificate of compliance issued under the Act; or
- (b) a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of the Act (being an occupation certificate issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 that is less than 3 years old and that authorises the use of the swimming pool) and evidence that the swimming pool is registered under Part 3A of the Act; or
- (c) a valid certificate of non-compliance issued under clause 18BA of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008.

- 46.2 The Vendor acknowledges that in the event that a copy of any of the documents referred to in special condition 46.1 (a), (b) or (c) are not annexed to this Contract then the Purchaser shall be entitled to rescind this Contract within 14 days of the date of this Contract (unless the property is one of more than two lots in a strata plan).

- 46.3 Despite clause 11.1 herein, the Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that in the event that a valid certificate of non-compliance issued under clause 18BA of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008 is annexed to this Contract (in accordance with special condition 46.1(c)), then the Purchaser shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation nor rescind, terminate nor delay completion of this Contract and the Purchaser shall rectify any such items of non-compliance at the Purchaser's expense within 90 days of completion.

47. **Requisitions**

47.1 For the purpose of clause 5.1 hereof the Purchaser shall only be entitled to serve requisitions in the following form:

47.1.1 for torrens title: Residential Property Requisitions on Title © 2013 copyright of TressCox Lawyers;

47.1.2 for strata title: Strata Title (Residential) Property Requisitions on Title © 2013 copyright of TressCox Lawyers.

48. **Conditions of Sale by Auction**

If the property is or intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders Record means the Bidders to be kept pursuant to Clause 18 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Regulations 2003 and Section 68 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002:

- (1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of land:
 - (a) The principal's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences.
 - (b) A bid for the seller cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the seller.
 - (c) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price.
 - (d) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final.
 - (e) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interest of the seller.
 - (f) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person.
 - (g) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer.
 - (h) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.

- (2) The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause (1), are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
- (a) All bidders must be registered in the Bidders record and display an identifying number when making a bid.
 - (b) One bid only may be made by or on behalf of the seller. This includes a bid made by the auctioneer on behalf of the seller.
 - (c) When making a bid on behalf of the seller or accepting a bid made by or on behalf of the seller, the auctioneer must clearly state that the bid was made by or on behalf of the seller or auctioneer.
- (3) The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclauses 1 and 2 are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of co-owned residential property or rural land or the sale of such land by a seller as executor or administrator:
- (a) More than one vendor bid may be made to purchase interest of a co-owner;
 - (b) A bid by or on behalf of an executor or administrator may be made to purchase in that capacity;
 - (c) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce that bids to purchase the interest of another co-owner or to purchase as executor or administrator may be made by or on behalf of the seller;
 - (d) Before the commencement of the auction, the actioneer must announce the bidder registration number of any co-owner, executor or administrator or any person registered to bid on behalf of any co-owner, executor or administrator.

49.

49.1

Corporate Purchaser

In the event that the Purchaser is a corporation, it is an essential term of this Contract that the Guarantor (which means the person or persons who sign this Contract on behalf of the Purchaser) personally guarantees the obligations of the corporation and executes the Deed of Personal Guarantee and Indemnity annexed to this Contract prior to the Purchaser entering into this Contract. In the event that the Guarantor fails to execute the Deed of Personal Guarantee, the Vendor shall be entitled to terminate this Contract by notice in writing to the Purchaser in accordance with clause 9.

50. **Deed of Personal Guarantee and Indemnity**

50.1 In consideration of the Vendor entering into this Contract at the request of the Guarantor (which means the person or persons who sign this Contract on behalf of the Purchaser), the Guarantor:

50.1.1 guarantees to the Vendor:

50.1.1.1 payment of all moneys payable by the Purchaser; and

50.1.1.2 the performance by the Purchaser of all other obligations under this Contract; and

50.1.1.3 indemnifies the Vendor against any liability, loss, damage, expense or claim incurred by the Vendor arising directly or indirectly from any breach of this Contract by the Purchaser.

50.2 This guarantee and indemnity is a principal obligation of the Guarantor and is not collateral to any other obligation.

50.3 The liabilities of a Guarantor are not affected by:

50.3.1 the granting to the Purchaser or to any other person of any time, waiver, indulgence, consideration or concession or the discharge or release of the Purchaser;

50.3.2 the death, bankruptcy or liquidation of the Purchaser, the Guarantor or any one of them;

50.3.3 reason of the Vendor becoming a party to or bound by any compromise, assignment of property or scheme of arrangement or composition of debts or scheme or reconstruction by or relating to the Purchaser, the Guarantor or any other person;

50.3.4 the Vendor exercising or refraining from exercising any of the rights, powers or remedies conferred on the Vendor by law or by any Contract or arrangement with the Purchaser, the Guarantor or any other person or any guarantee, bond, covenant, mortgage or other security; or

50.3.5 the Vendor obtaining a judgment against the Purchaser, the Guarantor or any other person for the payment of the moneys payable under this Contract.

50.4 This guarantee and indemnity will continue notwithstanding:

50.4.1 That the Vendor has exercised any of the Vendor's rights under this Contract including any right of termination;

50.4.2 The Purchaser is wound up; or

50.4.3 This guarantee and indemnity is for any reason unenforceable either in whole or in part.

Signature of Director

Signature of Witness

Signature of Director

Signature of Witness

50.5 This guarantee and indemnity

- 50.5.1 is of a continuing nature and will remain in effect until final discharge of the guarantee or indemnity is given by the Vendor to Guarantor;
- 50.5.2 may not be considered wholly or partially discharged by the payment of the whole or any part of the amount owed by the Purchaser to the Vendor;
- 50.5.3 extends to the entire amount that is now owed or that may become owing at any time in the future to the Vendor by the Purchaser pursuant to or contemplated by this Contract including any interest, costs or charges payable to the Vendor under this Contract.
- 50.6 If any payment made to the Vendor by or on behalf of the Purchaser or the Guarantor is subsequently avoided by any statutory provision or otherwise:
- 50.6.1 that payment is to be treated as not discharging the Guarantor's liability for the amount of that payment; and
- 50.6.2 the Vendor and the Guarantor will be restored to the position in which each would have been and will be entitled to exercise all rights which each would have had if that payment had not been made.
- 50.7 The Vendor can proceed to recover the amount claimed as a debt or damages from the Guarantor without having instituted legal proceedings against the Purchaser and without first exhausting the Vendor's remedies against the Purchaser.
- 50.8 If there is more than one Guarantor, the obligations and indemnities provided by the Guarantor under this special condition apply jointly and severally to each and every Guarantor.

EXECUTED AS A DEED

SIGNED SEALED AND DELIVERED BY)	
)	
_____)	_____
Name of Director)	Signature of Director
)	
In the presence of:)	

Signature of Witness

SIGNED SEALED AND DELIVERED BY)	
)	
_____)	_____
Name of Director)	Signature of Director
)	
In the presence of:)	

Signature of Witness



FOLIO: 13/SP7099

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
20/7/2020	11:00 AM	6	22/9/2018

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO.
CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY SUNCORP-METWAY LIMITED.

LAND

LOT 13 IN STRATA PLAN 7099
AT NARRABEEN
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES

FIRST SCHEDULE

ALISON MAYE BURNS (T AJ397200)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP7099
2 AJ397201 MORTGAGE TO SUNCORP-METWAY LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

13068BURNS

PRINTED ON 20/7/2020



FOLIO: CP/SP7099

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
20/7/2020	11:01 AM	2	5/12/2016

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 7099
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT NARRABEEN
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES
PARISH OF MANLY COVE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP7099

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 7099
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
4-6 RAMSAY STREET
NARRABEEN 2101

SECOND SCHEDULE (6 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA
SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016
- 3 T493446 CHANGE OF BY-LAWS
- 4 AC214498 CHANGE OF BY-LAWS
- 5 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO CLAUSE 3 SCHEDULE 4 STRATA SCHEMES
(FREEHOLD DEVELOPMENT) ACT 1973 REGARDING BOUNDARIES BETWEEN
LOTS AND COMMON PROPERTY IN STRATA SCHEMES REGISTERED BEFORE
1-7-1974
- 6 AK972351 CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 1000)

STRATA PLAN 7099

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	- 46	2	- 51	3	- 53	4	- 47
5	- 46	6	- 54	7	- 53	8	- 49
9	- 48	10	- 55	11	- 57	12	- 51
13	- 49	14	- 49	15	- 48	16	- 46
17	- 50	18	- 51	19	- 49	20	- 48

NOTATIONS

END OF PAGE 1 - CONTINUED OVER

FOLIO: CP/SP7099

PAGE 2

NOTATIONS (CONTINUED)

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

13068BURNS

PRINTED ON 20/7/2020

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

Form 1

(a) State if whole or part.

(b) Refer to number of Lot, Allotment, or Portion and to the Deposited Plan, Town, or as the case may be.

Parcel comprises^(a) whole of^(b) lots 9 & 10 Sec 11

Mount Ramsay Estate

Reference to Title Vol. 11757 Fol. 81, Vol 5263 Fol 110

Mun./Shire/City Warringah

Locality Narrabeen

Parish Manly Cove

County Cumberland

Scale 40 feet to 1 inch

STRATA PLAN 7099 (E)

Registered:

C.A.: N° 724/73 OF 2.3.1973

Ref. Map: WARRINGAH SH 42

Last Plan:

External surface boundaries of the parcel and location of the building in relation thereto to be delineated in space opposite.

(c) Additional lots
- should be shown in
an annexure.

(d) Delete if inappropriate.

Schedule of Unit Entitlement^(c)

OFFICE USE ONLY

Current C's of T.

Lot No.

Unit Entitlement

Vol.

Fol.

I, Richard Stephen Lovegrove
of 43 Prince Charles Rd., French's Forest
a surveyor registered under the Surveyors Act, 1929, as
amended, hereby certify that:

(1) the building erected on the parcel described above is within the external boundaries of the parcel^(d) ~~subject to clause (2) of this certificate;~~

~~(d)(2) eaves or guttering of the building project beyond such external boundaries and an appropriate easement has been granted as an appurtenance of the parcel by registered Transfer No.~~

Dated **26. 6. 72**

Signature

Approved by the Council for the purposes of the Conveyancing (Strata Titles) Act, 1961.

Date 2nd March. 1973

Subdivision No. 724/73

Kurt K. Karp
Council Clerk

AGGREGATE

The address for service of notices on the body corporate is:

The Proprietors, Strata Plan N° 7099
"OCEANSIDE" 4-6 Ramsay St. Narrabeen

STRATA PLAN No. 7099

"OCEANSIDE"

Schedule of Unit Entitlement		OFFICE USE ONLY	
		Current C's of T	
Lot N°	Unit Entitlement	Vot.	Fol.
		RESUBDIVISION	
1	46		
2	51		
3	53		
4	47		
5	46		
6	54		
7	53		
8	49		
9	48		
10	55		
11	57		
12	51		
13	49		
14	49		
15	48		
16	46		
17	50		
18	51		
19	49		
20	48		
AGGREGATE	1000		



CONVERSION TABLE ADDED IN
REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

STRATA PLAN 7099

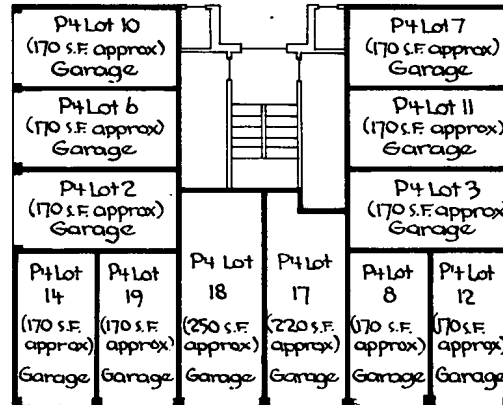
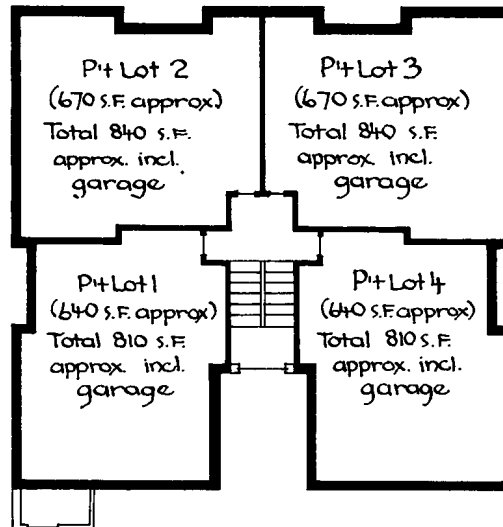
FEET INCHES	METRES
- 0 1/2	0.015
- 8	0.205
- 11 1/2	0.29
20 11	6.375
21 1	6.425
21 11	6.68
100 -	30.48
200 -	60.96
SQ FT	SQ M
112	10.4
170	15.8
220	20.4
250	23.2
640	59.5
670	62.2
800	74.3
810	75.3
840	78
870	80.6
970	90.1
1020	94.8
1040	96.6
1120	104.1

Rundmeyer
Council Clerk.

STRATA PLAN No. 7099

Ground Floor

Scale 1/50



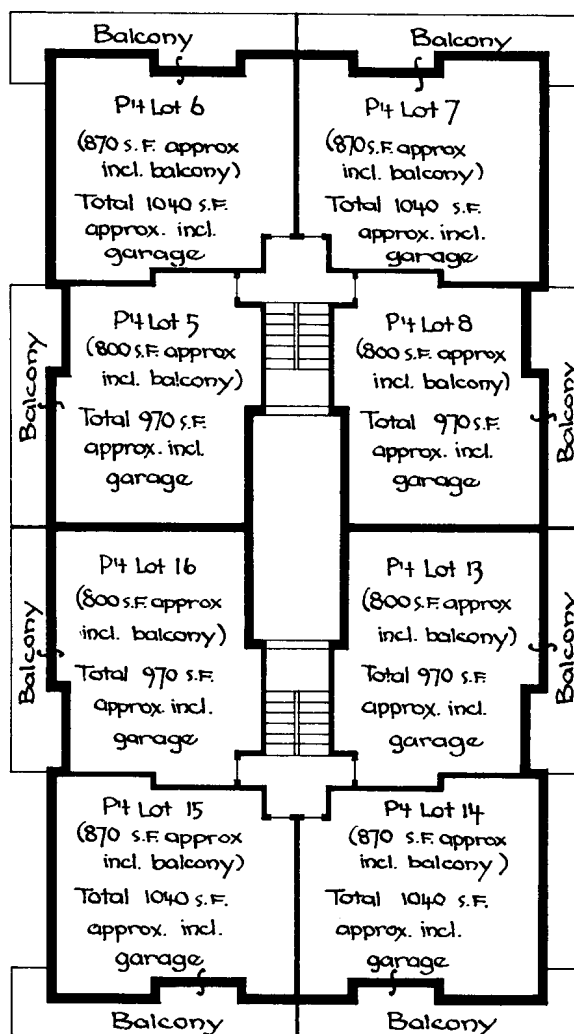
P4 Lot 15 (170 s.f. approx) Garage	P4 Lot 9 (170 s.f. approx) Garage	P4 Lot 20 (170 s.f. approx) Garage	P4 Lot 16 (170 s.f. approx) Garage	P4 Lot 5 (170 s.f. approx) Garage	P4 Lot 4 (170 s.f. approx) Garage	P4 Lot 1 (170 s.f. approx) Garage	P4 Lot 13 (170 s.f. approx) Garage
--	---	--	--	---	---	---	--

R. M. Anderson
 Council Clerk.

STRATA PLAN No. 7099

First Floor

Scale 1/50

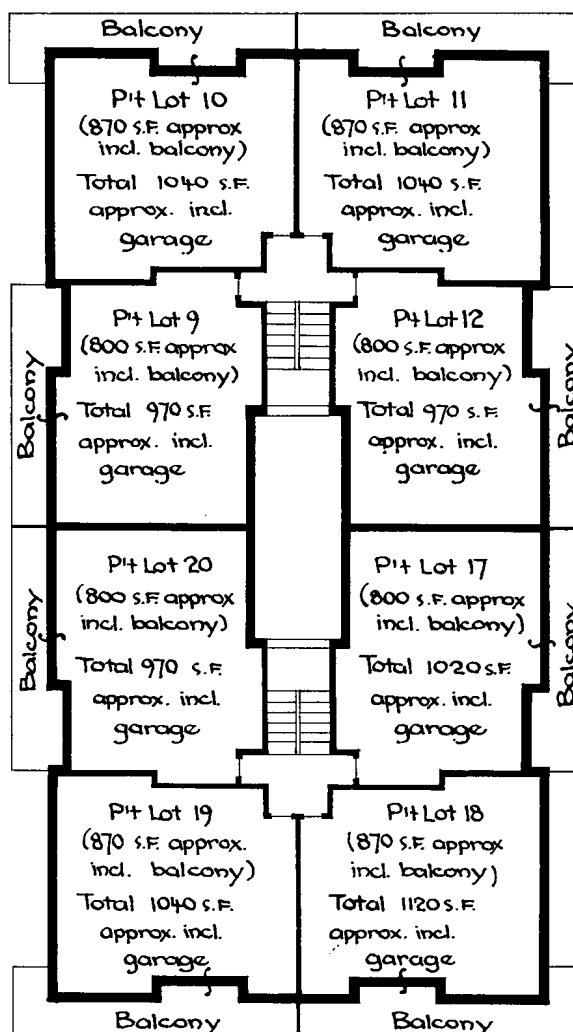


R. M. B. R. R.
Council Clerk.

STRATA PLAN No. 7099

Second Floor

15 1/2" Scale



Title over the uncovered portions of the balconies extends from the centre of the concrete floor upwards to the line of the horizontal prolongation of the underside of the eaves above.

[Signature]
 Council Clerk.

Schedule 2 By-laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

(Clause 35)

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 12 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 13 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 13 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 14 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 14 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 15 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 15 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 16 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation.

Note. This by-law is subject to sections 109 and 110 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*.

- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:

- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.

- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 106 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 16 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 17 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 17 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 18 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 18 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 19 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 19 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 20 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 20 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 21 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other

than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 21 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 22 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 22 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 23 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 23 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 24 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 24 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 25 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 25 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 26 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

15 Garbage disposal

An owner or occupier of a lot:

- (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and

- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 26 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 27 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

16 Keeping of animals

- (1) Subject to section 157 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 27 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 28 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 29 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 30 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

18 Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 3 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 3 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

19 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

KP48



29 MAR 1983 09.23

T493446

ANGE OF BY-LAWS

SECTION 66 (1), STRATA TITLES ACT, 1973
 REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900
 (See Instructions for Completion on back of form)

CB	A: 1 of 1	D
	\$ 30	

REFERENCE TO
 TITLE OF
 COMMON
 PROPERTY
 Note (a)

Torrens Title Reference

8526-99

NUMBER OF
 STRATA PLAN
 Note (b)

THE PROPRIETORS—STRATA PLAN No. 7099 the registered proprietor of the common property comprised in the Certificate of Title above

Note (c) referred to, certifies that, by a resolution duly passed on 27/4/82 In accordance with the provisions of section 58 (7), Strata Titles

Note (d) Act, 1973, and Order No. 27 of the Supreme Court of N.S.W. It changed the by-laws as follows:

Note (e)

REPEALED BY-LAW No. 27

INSERTED/ADDED BY-LAW No. 27

as fully set out below.

OFFICE USE ONLY

OFF.

CB

ON.

Note (f)

That By Law No. 27 be amended to read:-

27. A proprietor or occupier of a lot shall not keep any animal upon his lot or the common property.

The common seal of The Proprietors—Strata Plan No. 7099

was hereunto affixed on 25 March 1983 In the presence of

Mrs M A Kelleard, Miss D B Heane &

(BLOCK LETTERS)

Miss R L Street

being the person(s) authorised by section 55 of the Strata Titles Act, 1973, to attest the affixing of the seal.



TO BE COMPLETED
 BY LODGING PARTY
 Notes (g)
 and (h)

LODGED BY
 PROPRIETORS
 Strata Plan No 7099
 4 Ramsay Street
 COLLAROY BEACH 2097

CT OTHER

Herewith.

In R.G.O. with

Produced by

OFFICE USE ONLY

Delivery Box Number

Extra Fee

Checked

REGISTERED 21-6-1983

Passed SDB

Signed by

Registrar General



CT posted 28.6.83

Cert. of Title

8.12.83

CB

RA-7/64

RP18

528 8 x 52 50/51

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION

This form is appropriate for a change of by-laws pursuant to section 58 (7) of the Strata Titles Act, 1973, where the initial period, as defined by the Act, in respect of the strata scheme has not expired: section 66 (1) of the Act requires the charge to be authorised by the Supreme Court of New South Wales.

By-laws additional to those already operating should be numbered consecutively commencing with the number next after the number allotted to the last by-law.

The Registrar General does not require the lodgment of a plan for the purpose of the allocation of rights of exclusive use and enjoyment of, or special privileges in respect of, common property unless it is referred to as an annexure in the by-law, in which case the plan must comply with regulation 37 (2) (d), (e) and (f) of the Real Property Act Regulations, 1970.

Amendment of a by-law should be effected by fully repeating the existing by-law, and by substituting the new by-law in the terms required.

Typewriting and handwriting should be clear, legible and in permanent non-copying ink.

Alterations are not to be made by erasure: the words rejected are to be ruled through and initialled by the signatories to the dealing.

If the space provided is insufficient, additional sheets of the same size and quality of paper and having the same margins as this form should be used. Each additional sheet must be identified as an annexure and signed by the body corporate.

This instrument and the Certificate of Title for the common property should be lodged by hand at the lodgment counter in the Office of the Registrar General located on the second floor of the Centrepont Building, Market Street, Sydney, and the prescribed fee paid.

The following instructions relate to the sidenotes on the form.

- Reference to title of common property—**TORRENS TITLE REFERENCE**—For a manual reference insert the Volume and Folio (e.g. Vol. 8514 Fol. 126). For a computer folio insert the Folio Identifier (e.g. 12/701924). Title references should be listed in numerical sequence.
- Insert the number of the Strata Plan upon which the strata scheme is based.
- Insert the date on which the resolution was passed.
- Insert the Order number, e.g., No. 80 of 1981.
- Indicate by number the by-laws affected.
- Set out in full the terms of the inserted/added by-law.
- Insert the name, postal address, Document Exchange reference, telephone number and delivery box number of the lodging party.
- The lodging party is to complete the **LOCATION OF DOCUMENTS** panel. Place a tick in the appropriate box to indicate the whereabouts of the Certificate of Title. List, in an abbreviated form, other documents lodged, e.g., stat. dec. for statutory declaration.

OFFICE USE ONLY

SECOND SCHEDULE AND OTHER DIRECTIONS

(D) FOLIO IDENTIFIER	(E) DIRECTION	(F) NOTFN TYPE	(G) DEALING NUMBER	(H) DETAILS

Form: 15CB
Release: 1.1
www.lpi.nsw.gov.au

CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

New South Wales
Strata Schemes Management Act 19
Real Property Act 1900



AC214498R

PRIVACY NOTE: this information is legally required and will become part of the public record

(A) TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP7099	
	(B) LODGED BY	
	Delivery Box 3814	Name, Address or DX and Telephone 142 Lotts 1232574 Reference (optional): AmcDernott
		CODE CB

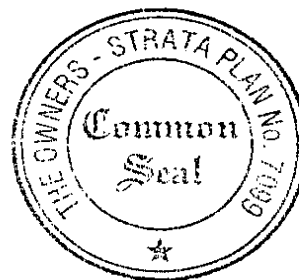
- (C) The Owners-Strata Plan No 7099 certify that pursuant to a resolution passed on 28 February 2006 and in accordance with the provisions of
- (D) section 52 Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 the by-laws are changed as follows—
- (E) Repealed by-law No NOT APPLICABLE
Added by-law No 1
Amended by-law No NOT APPLICABLE
~~as fully set out below.~~
As fully set out in Annexure "A".

- (F) The common seal of the Owners-Strata Plan No 7099 was affixed on 28th MARCH 2006 in the presence of—

Signature(s): *[Signature]*

Name(s): *BERNADETTE POWEN*

being the person(s) authorised by section 238 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 to attest the affixing of the seal.



- (G) COUNCILS CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 56(4) OF THE STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT ACT 1996

I certify that

has approved the change of by-laws set out

herein.

Signature of authorised officer:

Name and position of authorised officer:

All handwriting must be in block capitals.

Page 1 of ____

LAND AND PROPERTY INFORMATION NSW

CT SIGHTED
GANC. & RET.

Reg 17 p

2.

**This and the following page form Annexure "A" to Notification of By-Laws of
Strata Plan No. 7099 dated 28 February 2006**

Special By Law 1 - Airconditioning

That the Owners Corporation specially resolved pursuant to Section 52 of the Strata Management Act 1996 to make an additional By-Law in the following:- that owners both current and future of any Lot shall have the right of use and special privilege to install an air conditioning unit so long as the air unit is in accord with the following conditions and stipulations:-

1.1 Before installing a unit, the Owner/s must:-

- 1.1.1 Provide the Owners Corporation with a copy of and requisite approval of Warringah Council, including all conditions of approval, drawings and specifications.
- 1.1.2 Obtain from the Owners Corporation its written approval to the manner of installation of the unit, for this purpose the owner/s must if requested in writing by the Owners Corporation, present drawings and specifications of the proposed installation to the Owners Corporation.

1.2 In installation of the unit, the Owner/s must:-

- 1.2.1 Comply with all conditions of approval by the local Council.
- 1.2.2 Comply with the manufacturers specifications.
- 1.2.3 Carry out the installation in a proper and skilful manner.

1.3 The Owner/s must locate the condenser within their Lot or balcony and it must not be visible from street level.

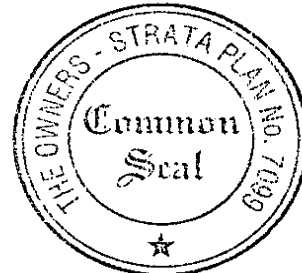
1.4 The Owner/s must conceal electrical and coolant lines from view as so far as possible.

THE COMMON SEAL of THE OWNERS –)
STRATA PLAN 7099 was affixed on the)
day of **28th MARCH** 2006 in the presence of:)

.....*Bernadette Power*.....
Signature

.....**BERNADETTE POWER**.....
Name

Being the person(s) authorised by Section 238
Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 to attest
to the affixing of the seal.



3.

- 1.5 The Owner/s must ensure that, subject to any statutory requirements or requirements of the local Council, condensation or run off is drained through lines to existing drains or downpipes.
- 1.6 The Owner/s must not use the unit if its use generates noise or vibration that interferes unreasonably with the use and enjoyment of another Lot by the owner or occupier of it, or the common property by any person entitled to use it.
- 1.7 The Owner/s must maintain the unit in a state of good and serviceable repair and appearance and must renew or replace it whenever necessary.

THE COMMON SEAL of THE OWNERS –)
STRATA PLAN 7099 was affixed on the)
day of **28th MARCH** 2006 in the presence of:)

.....
Signature

.....
Name

Being the person(s) authorised by Section 238
Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 to attest
to the affixing of the seal.



Form: 15CB
Release: 3-2

CHANGE OF BY-LAW
New South Wales
Strata Schemes Management Act
Real Property Act 1900



AK972351S

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A) TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP7099		
(B) LODGED BY	Document Collection Box 124E	Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any GlobalX Legal Solutions Pty Ltd Level 3, 175 Castlereagh Street SYDNEY 2000 Ph: 13 5669 LLPN : 123820V Reference: SP7099 JBB #3199 BANN-5365614	CODE CB

- (C) The Owners-Strata Plan No. 7099 certify that pursuant to a resolution passed on 11 May 2016 and
- (D) in accordance with the provisions of Section 65A of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 the by-laws are changed as follows—
- (E) Repealed by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE
Added by-law No. Special By-law 2
Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE
as fully set out below:

Refer Annexure "A"

- (F) The common seal of the Owners-Strata Plan No. 7099 was affixed on in the presence of—

Signature(s):

Name(s): Refer Annexure "A"

being the person(s) authorised by section 238 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 to attest the affixing of the seal.

SPECIAL BY-LAW NO. 2

WINDOW SAFETY DEVICES

1. For the purposes of this by-law:

- 1.1. "Act" means the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* as amended from time to time;
- 1.2. "Building" means the building and improvements on the land located at 4 Ramsay Street, Collaroy;
- 1.3. "Common Property" means the Common Property in the Strata Plan;
- 1.4. "Costs" means all professional and trade costs/fees/disbursements;
- 1.5. "Direction" means a written direction from the Owners Corporation to the Owner relating to Remedial Works;
- 1.6. "Indemnify" means the Owner indemnifying the Owners Corporation in respect of the Remedial Works or anything arising from the Remedial Works, including, but not limited to the following:
 - 1.6.1. all actions, proceedings, claims, demands, costs, damages and expenses which may be incurred by, brought or made against the Owners Corporation;
 - 1.6.2. any sum payable by way of increased premiums; and
 - 1.6.3. any costs or damages for which the Owners Corporation is or becomes liable;
- 1.7. "Lot" means a lot in the Strata Plan used for residential purposes;
- 1.8. "Occupier" means the legal occupier(s) of a Lot;
- 1.9. "Owner" means the owner(s) of the Lot from time to time;
- 1.10. "Owners Corporation" means the owners corporation known as The Owners - Strata Plan 7099 and where the context permits, includes its agents, contractors or employees;
- 1.11. "Penalty" means the penalty or fine under section 64A of the Act;
- 1.12. "Remedial Works" means repair, maintenance, removal or replacement of the Window Safety Device and any other items installed as part of the Works, and/or Common Property affected by the Works;
- 1.13. "Residential Tenancy Agreement" means an agreement under which an Owner or Occupier leases, sublets or licenses a Lot on a commercial basis for a period of greater than 3 consecutive months;



- 1.14. **"Strata Plan"** means registered strata plan number 7099;
- 1.15. **"Window"** means the following:
 - 1.15.1. a Common Property window in a Lot that can be opened; and
 - 1.15.2. the lowest level of the window opening is less than 1.7m above the surface of any internal floor of the Lot; and
 - 1.15.3. that internal floor is 2m or more above the external surface of the ground below the window.

[An illustration of this definition is **attached to this by-law and marked with the letter 'A'**]

- 1.16. **"Window Safety Device"** means a device meeting the following description that is capable of resisting an outward horizontal action of 250 newtons (or 25.5 kilogram-force):
 - 1.16.1. a child safety device that limits the maximum Window opening to 12.5cm or bars or grills that have gaps no bigger than 12.5cm; and
 - 1.16.2. the device is robust and childproof; and
 - 1.16.3. excludes ordinary flyscreens.
- 1.17. **"Works"** means the installation or affixing of a Window Safety Device on a Window in accordance with the Office of Fair Trading Window Safety Device Requirements Fact Sheet **attached to this by-law and marked with the letter 'B'**.

- 2. Where any terms in this by-law are not defined, they will have the same meaning those words are attributed under the Act.
- 3. If this by-law empowers the Owners Corporation to take action, it may or may not take such action in its reasonable discretion.

Works

- 4. The Owners Corporation is responsible for carrying out the Works at a Lot and will pay the Costs of carrying out the Works.
- 5. An Owner and/or Occupier of a Lot must grant the Owners Corporation access to the Lot for the purpose of carrying out the Works, or determining if the Works are required to be carried out at a Lot.
- 6. In the event the Owner or Occupier has agreed with the Owners Corporation on a day and time for access, and the Owners Corporation cannot gain access to the Lot on that agreed day and time due to any action or inaction of the Owner or Occupier, the relevant Owner or Occupier is responsible for any Costs incurred by the Owners Corporation for re-arranging the access.
- 7. Upon completion of the Works at a Lot, the Owner or Occupier of that Lot must sign a written acknowledgement form provided by the Owners Corporation for the purpose of confirming that Works have been carried out at the Lot.



8. Prior to providing the written acknowledgement form as referred to in clause 7 above, the Owners Corporation may request an Occupier to provide a copy of their Residential Tenancy Agreement and proof of identity, such as a driver's licence or passport, as evidence that they are the tenant(s) identified in the Residential Tenancy Agreement.

Remedial Works

9. The Owner is responsible for and must carry out Remedial Works when and where necessary, including by Direction.
10. The Remedial Works must be carried out and completed:
 - 10.1. in a proper workmanlike manner and by licensed and/or accredited contractors;
 - 10.2. with due skill and care using proper materials;
 - 10.3. in compliance with the Building Code of Australia, any other Australian Standards, as applicable;
 - 10.4. in keeping with the appearance of the Building in its style, colour, materials and overall design;
 - 10.5. in a way so as to not unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of other Common Property areas or access to lots in the strata scheme by other persons by building materials, tools, machines, debris or motor vehicles;
 - 10.6. in a way which minimises the disturbance to other Owners including but not limited to vibration, noise, dust and dirt;
 - 10.7. in compliance with all local council consents and requirements (if any);
 - 10.8. ensuring that the security of the Building is maintained throughout the performance of the Remedial Works;
 - 10.9. promptly and completely removing all rubbish from the Building resulting from the Remedial Works;
 - 10.10. keeping all areas of the Building as clean and tidy as possible;
 - 10.11. promptly repairing any damage to any part of the Building caused by the Remedial Works;
 - 10.12. in compliance with all reasonable requirements of the Owners Corporation, including any requirements relating to access and egress of tradespersons, building materials, tools and debris; and
 - 10.13. in a way that will protect all areas of the Building outside the Lot from any damage caused by the Remedial Works, for example by the transportation of construction materials, equipment and debris.
11. The Owner is responsible for the Cost of Remedial Works.

Damage and Direction

12. In the event lot(s) or Common Property is/are damaged because of the Remedial Works, the Owner will pay the Costs of rectifying the damage.



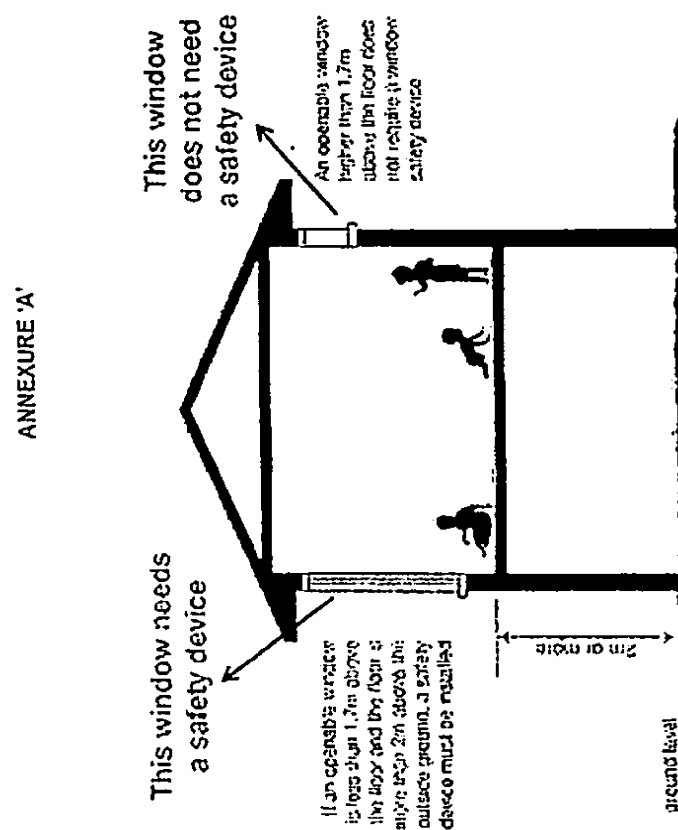
13. The Owners Corporation reserves the right to direct the Owner to remove, repair or replace any items installed as a part of the Remedial Works in the event they do not comply with the requirements of this by-law.
14. If the Owner fails to comply with Clause 13 above within 2 months of a Direction to the Owner, then the Owners Corporation may:
 - 14.1. enter upon any part of the Lot to carry out the work;
 - 14.2. carry out all work necessary to perform that obligation; and
 - 14.3. recover from the Owner any Costs relating to their carrying out of that work, including charging those Costs to the Owner's lot account as if those Costs were a contribution under the Act.

Costs

15. Subject to clause 4, the Owner is responsible for, and will bear all Costs.
16. Where the Owners Corporation has incurred Costs on behalf of an Owner (including Costs referred to in clause 6), the Owners Corporation may recover those Costs from the Owner, including charging those Costs to the Owner's lot account as if they were a contribution under the Act, with all the same rights of recovery to apply.
17. If the Owners Corporation receives a Penalty, the Owner of the Lot to which the Penalty relates is responsible for the Penalty in full and any Costs associated with the Penalty.
18. In the event the Owner responsible for the Penalty does not reimburse the Penalty and Costs to the Owners Corporation within 28 days of receiving written notice of the charges from the Owners Corporation, the Owners Corporation may charge the amount to the Owner's lot account, as if it were a contribution under Act, with all associated rights of recovery under the Act.

General obligations

19. Owners and Occupiers will sign all documents and do all things necessary to facilitate the matters the subject of this by-law.
20. Owners and Occupiers will not claim upon the Owners Corporation's insurance in respect of anything arising out of the Remedial Works.
21. The Owner will Indemnify and will keep indemnified the Owners Corporation.





FACT SHEET

September 2015

Window safety device requirements

In strata schemes

To prevent children falling from windows, all strata buildings in NSW must be fitted with devices that enable their windows to be locked at 12.5cm when the devices are engaged. Owners corporations must have devices installed on all common property windows above the ground floor by 13 March 2018. The safety devices must be robust and childproof.

Residents will still be able to open their windows. However, they will have the security of knowing that when the locks are engaged, children will be protected.

Did you know? Similar laws in New York resulted in a 68 per cent decrease in hospitalisations due to falls from windows.

Are there any alternatives to locks?

The alternative is security screens, such as bars or grills on the windows so long as they have gaps no bigger than 12.5cm. Flyscreens do not comply unless they are the reinforced security type and capable of resisting the very strong outward pressure which would prevent a child falling through.

For a handy window safety product guide, visit the Kids Don't Fly page on the Kids Health website at www.kidshelth.nsw.health.nsw.gov.au. Information is provided in 11 languages.

Which windows does this apply to?

The laws apply to openable windows more than 2m above the ground floor outside and within a child's reach (less than 1.7m above the inside floor) – see the diagram below.

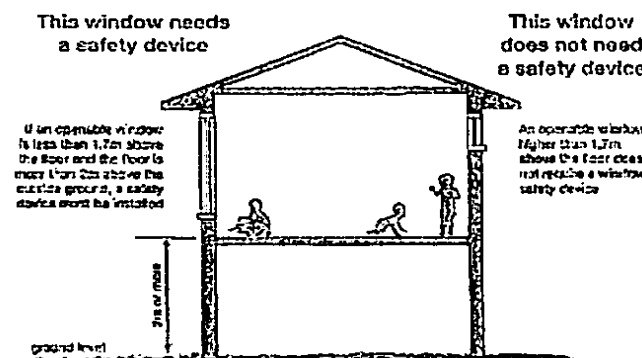
The details are explained in the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2010.

When do the locks need to be installed?

If the window safety requirements are not met by 13 March 2018, owners corporations face fines. Leaving it to the last minute places your scheme at risk of not complying by the due date and leaves young children vulnerable to falls from windows in your scheme.

Not all owners may install a window safety device in their property at any time, letting the owners corporation know. Tenants must get written permission from their landlord before installing locks that require drilling. Landlords cannot refuse a tenant's request unless they have a very good reason.

Watch our 'Window locks and your rights' video for details on your rights and obligations as a tenant, landlord or strata owner when it comes to installing locks, available from our website and YouTube channel.



www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au

 Fair Trading



FACT SHEET

September 2015

Will this mean the windows will never be able to open?

No. A window lock that allows the window to be fully opened, fully closed and also locked at 12.5cm complies with the legislation. When children are in the apartment, or on all common access areas such as stair landings, it makes sense to engage the locks at 12.5cm or less at all times to prevent falls.

How can we arrange for locks in our scheme that won't cost a fortune?

Window safety devices can be easy and cheap to install. It is not necessary to hire a consultant to do an initial assessment. Owners corporations may simply get quotes from a range of appropriately qualified tradespeople and then choose the best one. Refer to our short 'Window locks save lives' video series including a step-by-step DIY video 'How to install window locks', available from our website and YouTube channel.

If the windows have grills over them, do they still need locks?

If the grills or bars over the windows are no more than 12.5cm apart in width then they may comply with the regulation. The law requires the window safety devices to be robust and childproof. Remember, ordinary flyscreens do not comply as they are not strong enough to stop a child falling through a window and can provide a false sense of security.

Will the safety devices be included in the Tenancy Condition Report?

Landlords and tenants entering into a new tenancy agreement must use an up-to-date Residential Tenancy Condition Report which lists window safety devices. You can download the new condition report from the Forms page.

Where can I get more information?

If you are a tenant, go to the Asking to make an alteration page for information about making minor changes to your home including installing window locks.

If you are a landlord, go to the Alteration requests from your tenant page for more information.

If you own a strata unit, more information about your rights and responsibilities is available from the Repairs and maintenance in a strata scheme page.

If you need more details about the laws, please refer to the Strata Schemes Management Act 1998 No 138 or call us on 13 32 20.

www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au
Fair Trading enquiries 13 32 20
TTY 1300 723 461
Language assistance 13 14 50

This fact sheet must not be relied on as legal advice. For more information about this topic, refer to the appropriate legislation.

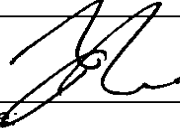
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END OF BY-LAW TERMS

 Signature: _____	_____ Signature: _____
TALOFA POWLI Full name: _____	_____ Full name: _____
Being the person(s) authorised by section 238 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996.	

Northern Beaches Council Planning Certificate – Part 2

Applicant: InfoTrack
GPO Box 4029
Sydney NSW 2001

Reference: 13068BURNS
Date: 20/07/2020
Certificate No. ePLC2020/4319

Address of Property: 13/4 Ramsay Street COLLAROY NSW 2097
Description of Property: Lot 13 SP 7099

Planning Certificate – Part 2

The following certificate is issued under the provisions of Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (as amended – formerly Section 149). The information applicable to the land is accurate as at the above date.

1. Relevant planning instruments and Development Control Plans

1.1 The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

1.1a) Local Environmental Plan

Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011

1.1b) State Environmental Planning Policies and Regional Environmental Plans

State Environmental Planning Policy 19 – Bushland in Urban Areas
State Environmental Planning Policy 21 – Caravan Parks
State Environmental Planning Policy 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development
State Environmental Planning Policy 50 – Canal Estate Development
State Environmental Planning Policy 55 – Remediation of Land
State Environmental Planning Policy 64 – Advertising and Signage
State Environmental Planning Policy 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)
State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004
State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017
State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004
State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005

State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2019

Partly Affected - State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 20-Hawkesbury-Nepean River (No 2-1997)

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 9-Extractive Industry (No 2-1995)

1.2 Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the Council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

1.2 a) Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Environment)

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Short-term Rental Accommodation) 2019

Amendment to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

Draft Remediation of Land State Environmental Planning Policy (intended to replace State Environmental Planning Policy 55)

1.2 b) Draft Local Environmental Plans

Planning Proposal - Manly Creek Riparian Lands, Manly Vale (in the vicinity of “Mermaid Pool”)

Applies to: Crown Land:

- Part Lot 7370 DP1165551 being land adjoining 102 King Street, Manly Vale
- Part Lot 7369 DP1165551 Wandella Road, Allambie Heights, south of Jenna Close, Allambie heights
- Lot 7371 DP1165577
- Part unmade road at the southern end of Wandella Road, King Street, Manly Vale

Outline: Proposed amendment to WLEP 2011 to:

- Amend Land Zoning Map to change the zoning from R2 (Low Density Residential) to RE1 (Public Recreation).
- Amend Height of Building Map and Minimum Lot Size Map to remove the residential development standards for height and minimum lot size from all of the subject lots.

Council resolution: 27 November 2018

Gateway Determination: 9 August 2019

Planning Proposal - Freshwater Village Carpark Reclassification

Applies to land: Oliver Street carpark and Lawrence Street carpark, Freshwater

Outline: Amends WLEP 2011 to:

- Amend Schedule 4 Part 1 to include reference to the land
- Amend LZN_010 map to change the zoning from RE1 - Public Recreation to SP2 - Infrastructure
- Amend HOB_010 map to implement a maximum height of building of 3 metres.

Council resolution: 27 November 2018

Gateway determination: 23 September 2019

1.3 Development Control Plans

The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Warringah Development Control Plan 2011

2. Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in Clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

2.1 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

2.1 (a), (b), (c) & (d)

The following information identifies the purposes for which development may be carried out with or without development consent and the purposes for which the carrying out of development is prohibited, for all zones (however described) affecting the land to which the relevant Local Environmental Plan applies.

EXTRACT FROM WARRINGAH LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2011

Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.
- To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To ensure that medium density residential environments are characterised by landscaped settings that are in harmony with the natural environment of Warringah.
- To ensure that medium density residential environments are of a high visual quality in their presentation to public streets and spaces.

2 Permitted without consent

Home-based child care; Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Group homes; Home businesses; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Seniors housing; Veterinary hospitals

4 Prohibited

Pond-based aquaculture; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

Additional permitted uses

Additional permitted uses, if any, for which development is permissible with development consent pursuant to Clause 2.5 and Schedule 1 of the relevant Local Environmental Plan:

Nil

(e) Minimum land dimensions

The *Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011* contains no development standard that fixes minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land.

(f) Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat.

(g) Conservation areas

The land is not in a heritage conservation area.

(h) Item of environmental heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage.

2.2 Draft Local Environmental Plan - if any

For any proposed changes to zoning and land use, see Part 1.2 b)

Please contact Council's Strategic and Place Planning unit with enquiries on 1300 434 434.

2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

The *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* does not apply to the land.

3. Complying Development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may or may not be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

a) Housing Code

Complying Development under the Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

b) Rural Housing Code

Complying Development under the Rural Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

c) Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying Development under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code may be carried out on all of the land.

d) Greenfield Housing Code

Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code may not be carried out on all of the land.

e) Housing Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

f) General Development Code

Complying Development under the General Development Code may be carried out on all of the land.

g) Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

h) Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code may be carried out on all of the land.

i) Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying Development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code may be carried out on all of the land.

j) Subdivisions Code

Complying Development under the Subdivisions Code may be carried out on all of the land.

k) Demolition Code

Complying Development under the Demolition Code may be carried out on all of the land.

l) Fire Safety Code

Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code may be carried out on all of the land.

m) Inland Code

Complying Development under the Inland Code does not apply to the land.

Note: Pursuant to clause 3D.1 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, the Inland Code only applies to 'inland local government areas'. Northern Beaches local government area is not defined as an 'inland local government area' by *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

4, 4A (Repealed)

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

The owner of the land (or any previous owner) has not consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

5. Mine Subsidence

The land has not been proclaimed to be a mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) Compensation Act, 1961*.

6. Road widening and road realignment

- (a) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*.
- (b) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under an environmental planning instrument.
- (c) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under a resolution of Council.

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restriction

- (a) Council has adopted a number of policies with regard to various hazards or risks which may restrict development on this land. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Council policies which affect the property, if any, are listed below (other than flooding – see 7A):

Acid Sulfate Soils-Class 4

This land is identified as Acid Sulfate Soils Class 4 on the Acid Sulfate Soils Map of the *Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011* (WLEP 2011). Restrictions apply to the carrying out of works on this land under Clause 6.1 of the WLEP 2011.

- (b) The following information applies to any policy as adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in a planning certificate issued by the Council. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Policy which affect the property, if any, are listed below:

Nil

7A. Flood related development control Information

- (1) Development on the land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is not subject to flood related development controls.
- (2) Development on the land or part of the land for any other purpose is not subject to flood related development controls.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Environmental planning instrument referred to in Clause 1 does not make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

9. Contribution plans

The following applies to the land:

Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019

9A. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land certified under Part 7AA of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*).

10. Biodiversity Stewardship Sites

The Council has not been notified by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land to which a biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* relates).

10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

Council has not been notified by Local Land Services of the existence of a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013*.

11. Bush fire prone land

Bush Fire Prone Land

The land is not bush fire prone land.

Draft Northern Beaches Bush Fire Prone Land Map 2018

The land is not bush fire prone land.

12. Property vegetation plans

The Council has not been notified that the land is land to which a vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies.

13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Council has not been notified of the existence of an order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

14. Directions under Part 3A

There is not a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P(2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect.

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

- (a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.
- (b) No condition of consent applies to the property that limits the kind of people who may occupy the premises/ development. This refers only to consents granted after 11 October 2007 with conditions made in accordance with clause 18(2) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004*.

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

There is not a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

17. Site compatibility certificate and conditions for affordable rental housing

- (a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.
- (b) There are not terms of a kind referred to in clause 17 (1) or 38 (1) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009* that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

18. Paper subdivision information

There is no current paper subdivision, of which council is aware, in respect of this land according to Part 16C of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

19. Site verification certificates

There is no current site verification certificate, of which council is aware, in respect of the land according to Part 4AA of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007*.

20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

The residential dwelling erected on this land has not been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

This clause applies to residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed in the register that is required to be maintained under that Division.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for more information.

21 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- 1) There is not an affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
- 2) There is not a building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- 3) There is not a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

In this clause:

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

Additional matters under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

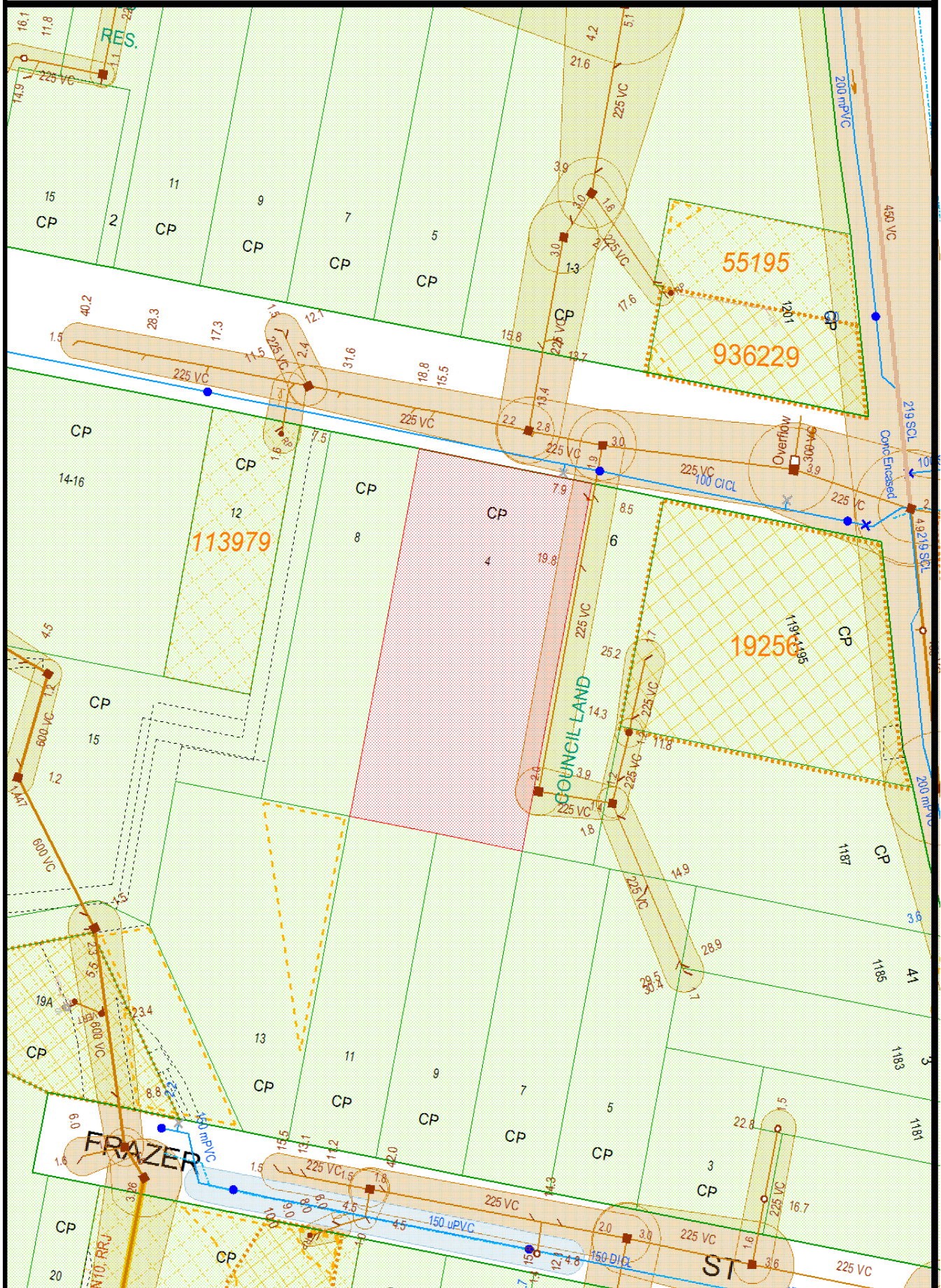
- (a) the land to which the certificate relates is not significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act
- (b) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act
- (c) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act
- (d) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act
- (e) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement

If contamination is identified above please contact the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for further information.



Ray Brownlee PSM
Chief Executive Officer

20/07/2020



NOTE This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.

SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM

Municipality of *Warringah*No. *827976*

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

- Boundary Trap
- Pit
- ▨ G.I. Grease Interceptor
- ⊠ Gully
- ⊞ P.T. P. Trap
- ⊞ R.S. Reflux Sink

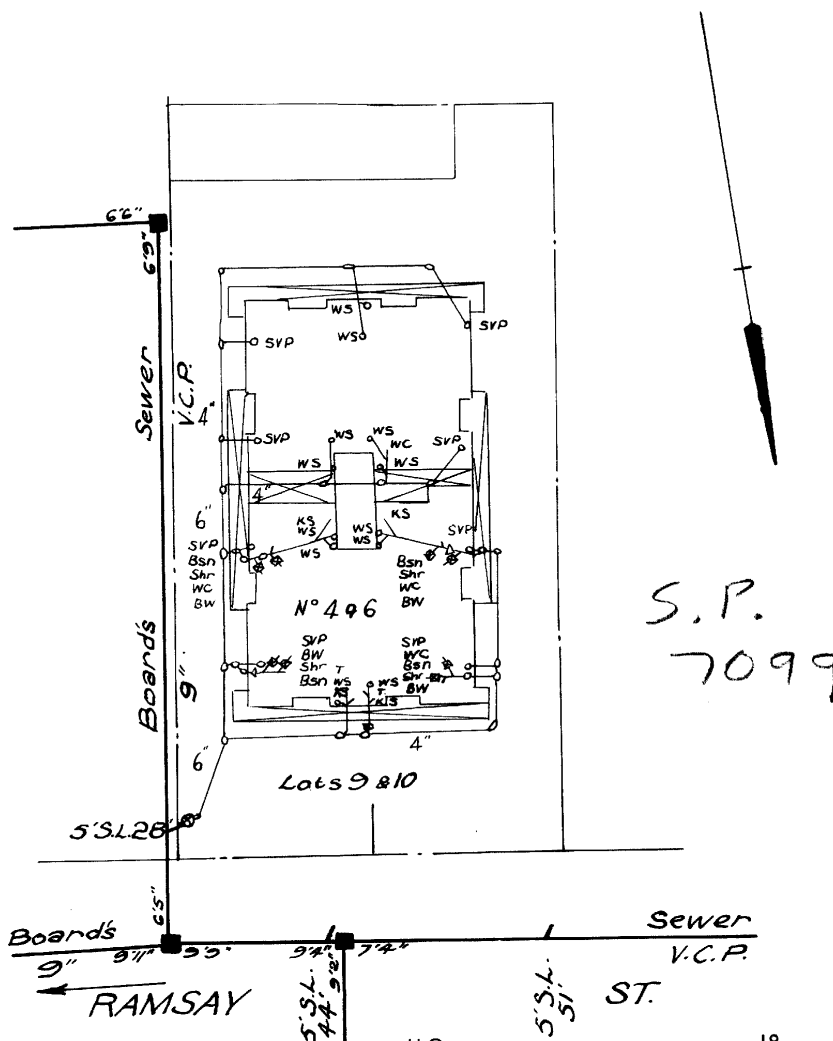
- R.V. Reflux Valve
- Cleaning Eye
- Vert. Vertical Pipe
- V.P. Vent. Pipe
- S.V.P. Soil Vent. Pipe
- D.C.C. Down Cast Cowl
- I.P. Induct Pipe
- M.F. Mica Flap
- T. Tubs
- K.S. Kitchen Sink
- W.C. Water Closet
- B.W. Bath Waste

- Bsn. Basin
- Shr. Shower
- W.I.P. Wrought Iron Pipe
- C.I.P. Cast Iron Pipe
- F.W. Floor Waste
- W.M. Washing Machine

Scale: 40 Feet To An Inch

SEWER AVAILABLE

Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer



RATE No. _____ W.C.s _____ U.C.s _____ 19 _____
 SHEET No. *9025* OFFICE USE ONLY For Engineer House Services

DRAINAGE			PLUMBING	
W.C.	Supervised by	Date	BRANCH OFFICE	Supervised by
Bth.	Inspector		Date	
Shr.				
Bsn.		Outfall	HL	
K.S.		Drainer	LL	
T.	Chief Inspector		Plumber	
Plg.				
Dge. Int.	Tracing Checked		Boundary Trap	
Dge. Ext.			is not required	

NOTE: This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor:
Purchaser:
Property: Unit
Dated:

Possession and tenancies

1. Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?
3.
 - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
4. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948*.)
5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW)* :
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property and recorded as the owner of the property on the strata roll, free of all other interests.
7. On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or writ must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled (as the case may be) or, in the case of a mortgage or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 118 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 (Act)*.
8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
10. Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

Survey and building

13. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the property or the common property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
14. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
15. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - (a) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act, the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989*.
- 16. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property or the common property?
- 17. If a swimming pool is on the common property:
 - (a) when did construction of the swimming pool commence?
 - (b) is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*?
 - (c) if the swimming pool has been approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*, please provide details.
 - (d) are there any outstanding notices or orders?
- 18.
 - (a) If there are any party walls, please specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - (b) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
 - (c) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922*?

Affectations, notices and claims

- 19. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
 - (c) Is the vendor aware of:
 - (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
 - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
 - (iii) any latent defects in them?
 - (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
 - (i) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (ii) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (iii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (iv) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (v) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?
 - (vi) any contamination of them?

Owners corporation management

- 20. Has the initial period expired?
- 21. If the property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- 22. If there are any applications or orders under Chapter 5 of the Act, please provide details.
- 23. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract) exceed 1% of the price?

Capacity

- 24. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 25. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 26. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 27. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 28. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 29. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.



MRS ALISON M BURNS
6 RIVINGTON STREET
NUNDAH QLD 4012

Our reference: 7116971274760
Phone: 13 28 66
20 July 2020

Your foreign resident capital gains withholding clearance certificate

- › Purchasers are not required to withhold and pay an amount
- › Provide a copy to the purchaser and retain a copy for your records

Hello ALISON,

We have decided that purchasers are not required to withhold and pay an amount. Your certificate is below:

Notice number	2410397976584
Vendor name	ALISON MAYE BURNS
Previous Vendor name	
Vendor address	6 RIVINGTON STREET NUNDAH QLD 4012
Clearance Certificate Period	17 July 2020 to 19 July 2021

The Commissioner may withdraw this clearance certificate at any time if we obtain further information indicating you are a foreign resident.

Yours sincerely,
James O'Halloran
Deputy Commissioner of Taxation

NEED HELP

Learn more about foreign resident capital gains withholding at ato.gov.au/FRCGW

CONTACT US

In Australia? Phone us on
13 28 66

If you're calling from overseas, phone **+61 2 6216 1111** and ask for **13 28 66** between 8:00am and 5:00pm Australian Eastern Standard time, Monday to Friday.



Revenue

Enquiry ID	3292277
Agent ID	81429403
Issue Date	20 Jul 2020
Correspondence ID	1710071489
Your reference	13068BURNS

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED
DX Box 578
SYDNEY

Land Tax Certificate under section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act, 1956*.

This information is based on data held by Revenue NSW.

Land ID	Land address	Taxable land value
S7099/13	Unit 13, 4 RAMSAY ST COLLAROY 2097	\$287 140

There is **no land tax** (including surcharge land tax) charged on the land up to and including the 2020 tax year.

Yours sincerely,

Scott Johnston

Chief Commissioner of State Revenue

Important information

Who is protected by a clearance certificate?

A clearance certificate states whether there is any land tax (including surcharge land tax) owing on a property. The certificate protects a purchaser from outstanding land tax liability by a previous owner, however it does not provide protection to the owner of the land.

When is a certificate clear from land tax?

A certificate may be issued as 'clear' if:

- the land is not liable or is exempt from land tax
- the land tax has been paid
- Revenue NSW is satisfied payment of the tax is not at risk, or
- the owner of the land failed to lodge a land tax return when it was due, and the liability was not detected at the time the certificate was issued.

Note: A clear certificate does not mean that land tax was not payable, or that there is no land tax adjustment to be made on settlement if the contract for sale allows for it.

When is a certificate not clear from land tax?

Under section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956*, land tax is a charge on land owned in NSW at midnight on 31 December of each year. The charge applies from the taxing date and does not depend on the issue of a land tax assessment notice. Land tax is an annual tax so a new charge may occur on the taxing date each year.

How do I clear a certificate?

A charge is removed for this property when the outstanding land tax amount is processed and paid in full. Payment can be made during settlement via an accepted Electronic Lodgement Network or at an approved settlement room.

To determine the land tax amount payable, you must use one of the following approved supporting documents:

- Current year land tax assessment notice. This can only be used if the settlement date is no later than the first instalment date listed on the notice. If payment is made after this date interest may apply.
- Clearance quote or settlement letter which shows the amount to clear.

The charge on the land will be considered removed upon payment of the amount shown on these documents

How do I get an updated certificate?

A certificate can be updated by re-processing the certificate through your Client Service Provider (CSP), or online at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au.

Please allow sufficient time for any payment to be processed prior to requesting a new version of the clearance certificate.

Land value, tax rates and thresholds

The taxable land value shown on the clearance certificate is the value used by Revenue NSW when assessing land tax. Details on land tax rates and thresholds are available at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au.

Contact details



Read more about Land Tax and use our online service at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au



1300 139 816*



Phone enquiries
8:30 am - 5:00 pm, Mon. to Fri.



landtax@revenue.nsw.gov.au

* Overseas customers call +61 2 7808 6906
Help in community languages is available.

Standard Form Residential Tenancy Agreement

Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010, Schedule 1, Clause 4(1)

AGREEMENT

This Agreement is made on **03 / 10 / 2019** at **Level 1, Suite 15 888 Pittwater Road, Dee Why** NSW **BETWEEN**

LANDLORD (insert name of Landlord(s) and contact details)

Name/s: **Alison Burns**

Address: **C/- AGENT**

(Note: Address not required where there is a Landlord's Agent)

Phone: **NIL**

Mobile: **NIL**

Email: **NIL**

TENANT(S) (insert name of Tenant(s) and contact details)

Name/s: **Jonathon Marriott**

Address:

Phone: **NIL**

Mobile: **NIL**

Email: **robjanemarriott@gmail.com**

LANDLORD'S AGENT DETAILS (insert name of Landlord's Agent (if any) and contact details)

Name/s: **My 5 Asset Management Unit Trust T/as Upstate with Peter Mosedale as the Licensee of the Trust**

Address: **Level 1 Suite 15, 888 Pittwater Road**

ACN: **617344233**

Dee Why NSW 2099

ABN: **33 617 344 233**

Phone: **(02) 9971 9000**

Mobile:

Email: **hello@upstate.com.au**

Licence No.: **10056936**

Licence Expiry: **08/03/2020**

TERM OF AGREEMENT

The term of this Agreement is: **52** weeks / months / years

starting on: **19 / 10 / 2019** and ending on: **17 / 10 / 2020** (cross out if not applicable)

RESIDENTIAL PREMISES Note: insert any excluded items in the Additional Terms Item on the signature page

The residential premises are: **13/4 Ramsay Street, Collaroy NSW 2097**

The residential premises include: (include any additional matters, such as a parking space, garages or furniture provided)

Unfurnished

RENT

The rent is: **\$580.00** per: **WEEK** payable in advance starting on: **19 / 10 / 2019**

Rent Increase 1: Then from: **/ /** pay: **\$0.00** per: **WEEK**

Rent Increase 2: Then from: **/ /** pay: **\$0.00** per: **WEEK**

Note: Where the fixed term tenancy is for a term of two years or more the above Rent Increases are not required to be completed. See Additional Term 65B.

The tenant must pay the rent in advance on the **SATURDAY** of every **WEEK** (see Clause 4.2)

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to: **NIL** at: **NIL** by **cash or cheque**; or

(b) into the following account:

Account Name: **NIL**

Bank: **NIL**

BSB: **NIL**

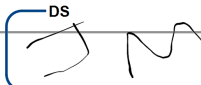
Account No.: **NIL**

Payment Reference: **NIL**

or any other account nominated by the landlord; or

(c) as follows: **DEFT CARD/BPAY Biller Code: 4481 Reference Number: 0034301002**

Note: The Landlord or Landlord's Agent must permit the Tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the Tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank or other account fees usually payable for the Tenant's transactions) (see Clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the Tenant.

DS


RENTAL BOND *(Cross out if there is not going to be a bond)*

A rental bond of **2320.00** must be paid by the Tenant on signing this Agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION**MAXIMUM NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS**

No more than **1** persons may ordinarily live in the Premises at any one time.

Other people who will ordinarily live at the premises may be listed here: *(cross out if not needed)*

URGENT REPAIRS

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical Repairs: **Multisparx Electrical Pty Ltd**

Phone: **0404 228 870**

Plumbing Repairs: **Super Plumbers**

Phone: **0413 373 314**

Building Repairs: **Platinum Handyman**

Phone: **0417 471 853**

Other: **Keyline Locksmiths**

Phone: **0411 302 041**

WATER USAGE

Will the Tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? ☒ Yes ☐ No If 'yes', see Clauses 11 and 12

STRATA BY-LAWS

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? ☒ Yes ☐ No If 'yes', see Clause 35

CONDITION REPORT

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the Landlord before or when this Agreement is signed.

If this Agreement is for premises already occupied by the tenant under a previous agreement, **the landlord and tenant agree** that the condition report prepared for a tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated **/ /** applies to this Agreement.

TENANCY LAWS

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010* apply to this Agreement. Both the Landlord and the Tenant must comply with these laws.

STANDARD TERMS OF AGREEMENT**RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES**

1. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under **"Residential premises"**.

COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when this agreement is signed and given by the tenant to the landlord or a person on the landlord's behalf, and
- 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. **The tenant agrees:**
- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.
4. **The landlord agrees:**
- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and

- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque) and to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.7 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note:

The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

DS


RENT INCREASES

- 5. The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note:

Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 6.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 6.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 6.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT DEDUCTIONS

- 7. The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
- 7.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 7.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 7.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- 8.** The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

- 9. The landlord agrees** to pay:
- 9.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 9.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 9.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 9.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 9.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 9.8 all charges for the availability of gas to the residential premises if the premises do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises for any purpose.
- 10. The tenant agrees** to pay:
- 10.1 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 10.2 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises, and
- 10.3 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 10.4 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and

- 10.5 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 11 and the residential premises:
- 10.5.1 are separately metered, or
- 10.5.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.
- 11. The landlord agrees** that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
- 11.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 11.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 11.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 11.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
- 11.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
- 11.4.2 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
- 11.4.3 there are no leaking taps at the commencement of this agreement or when the water efficiency measures are installed, whichever is the later.
- 12. The landlord agrees** to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

- 13. The landlord agrees:**
- 13.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 13.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

- 14. The landlord agrees:**
- 14.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 14.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 14.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

- 15. The tenant agrees:**
- 15.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 15.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 15.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 15.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 15.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.
- 16. The tenant agrees:**
- 16.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and

- 16.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 16.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes and batteries for smoke detectors on the residential premises.

Note:

Under section 54 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

- 17. The tenant agrees**, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
- 17.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
 - 17.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 17.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 17.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises, and
 - 17.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
 - 17.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES**18. The landlord agrees:**

- 18.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
- 18.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 18.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 18.5 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises.

URGENT REPAIRS

- 19. The landlord agrees** to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
- 19.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
 - 19.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
 - 19.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
 - 19.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
 - 19.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and

- 19.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note:

The type of repairs that are urgent repairs are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES**20. The landlord agrees:**

- 20.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 20.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

21. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.**22. The landlord and tenant agree:**

- 22.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 22.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES**23. The landlord agrees** that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 23.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 23.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 23.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 23.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 23.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 23.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 23.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

- 23.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 23.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 23.10 if the tenant agrees.
- 24. The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8 or 23.9 of this agreement:
- 24.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 24.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 24.3 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 25. The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- 26. The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO THE PREMISES

- 27. The tenant agrees:**
- 27.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 27.2 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 27.3 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 27.4 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
- 28. The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably refuse permission for the installation of a fixture by the tenant or to a minor alteration, addition or renovation by the tenant.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

- 29. The landlord agrees:**
- 29.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- 29.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 29.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 29.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 29.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

30. The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 30.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- 31.** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

- 32. The landlord and tenant agree that:**
- 32.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 32.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 32.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 32.4 without limiting clause 32.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note:

Clauses 32.3 and 32.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

- 33. The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

- 34. The landlord agrees:**
- 34.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 34.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- ~~**35. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.~~

MITIGATION OF LOSS

- 36. The rules of law** relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 37. The landlord agrees** that where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, then the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with details of the amount claimed and with copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim and a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

- 38. The landlord agrees** to ensure that smoke alarms are installed and maintained in the residential premises in accordance with section 146A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that section requires them to be installed in the premises.
- 39. The landlord and tenant each agree** not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

- ~~**40. The landlord agrees** to ensure that the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises:~~

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the *Community Land Development Act 1989*) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

- ~~**40A. The landlord agrees** to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:~~

- ~~**40A.1** the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~
- ~~**40A.2** a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

- 40B. The landlord agrees:**

- 40B.1** if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 40B.2** if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) *both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and*
- (b) *they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 or any other Act, and*

- (c) *they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.*

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.

ADDITIONAL TERM - BREAK FEE

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

- 41. The tenant agrees** that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount:
- 41.1** if the fixed term is for 3 years or less, 6 weeks rent if less than half of the term has expired or 4 weeks rent in any other case, or
- 41.2** if the fixed term is for more than 3 years, [specify amount below].

Please refer to Page 9 - Additional Terms

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates the residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note:

Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord, an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

- 42. The landlord agrees** that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term is limited to the amount specified in clause 41 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

(Note: refer to Clause 46 for requirements in respect of Pets)

- ~~**43. The tenant agrees** not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.~~
- ~~**44. The landlord agrees** that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises:~~
- ~~**45. The tenant agrees** to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to have the residential premises fumigated if the cleaning or fumigation is required because animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.~~

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS - CLEANING, FUMIGATION AND REPAIRS

- 46.** Where 'Additional Term - Pets' (Clauses 43, 44 and 45) have been crossed out, the following clauses (46.1 to 46.3 inclusive) will apply:
- 46.1 The tenant agrees** not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.
- 46.2 The landlord agrees** that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises:

- 46.3 The tenant agrees:**

- (a) to have the carpet professionally cleaned, at the tenant's own expense, if the cleaning is required because animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

- (b) to have the residential premises fumigated, at the tenant's own expense, if the fumigation is required because animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.
- (c) where there is any damage to the residential premises as a result of animals having been kept on the residential premises, to repair such damage at the tenant's own expense.
- (d) to indemnify the landlord in respect of any damage to property or claims made as a result of damage to any person or property caused or arising from animals having been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.
- (e) when requested to provide written evidence of compliance with Clauses 46.3(a), 46.3(b) and 46.3(c) to the landlord/landlord's agent.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT

47. Where the landlord has in compliance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* provided the tenant with the landlord's signed condition report and the tenant has not returned the condition report within 7 days of receipt the tenant will be deemed to have accepted the condition report.
- 47.1 The condition report will form part of and be included in this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - INSPECTIONS

- 48.1 The tenant will permit the landlord/landlord's agent, on entering the residential premises in accordance with Clause 23.5 (inspect the premises) of the Standard Terms, to record the condition of the residential premises by taking photos and/or videos. The photos or videos will be used to compare with photos or videos taken in the preparation of the condition report provided to the tenant at the start of the tenancy. Such comparison is to assist in identifying any damage or defects that may arise during the tenancy. Photos or videos may not be used for advertising or any other purpose and copies will be provided to the tenant on request at no charge. Should the landlord/landlord's agent require photos or videos of the residential premises for any purpose other than as outlined above the landlord/landlord's agent must obtain the tenant's written authorisation.
- 48.2 Reasonable care will be taken to avoid including details of the tenant's personal property and effects in such photos or videos.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CARE OF PREMISES

49. **The tenant agrees**, in addition to the requirements of Clauses 15, 16 and 17 of this agreement:
- 49.1 to place all household rubbish suitably bagged and wrapped in the bin provided by the local authority and to put the bin out for collection on the designated day for collection and to remove the bin to the premises as soon as practicable after it has been emptied and return it to its allotted place. Where bins are lost or stolen it is the tenant's responsibility to replace the bins at the tenant's cost.
- 49.2 not to use any sink, basin, toilet, drain or like facility in or connected to the premises for other than their intended use or do anything that might damage or block the plumbing drainage or sewerage system on the premises.
- 49.3 not to hang washing or other articles outside anywhere but the areas designated for this purpose.
- 49.4 to maintain all garden areas including watering trees and other plants, to mow the lawn and remove garden rubbish (including pet waste) from the garden and lawn areas.
- 49.5 keep the premises free of rodents, cockroaches and other vermin and to notify the landlord promptly of any vermin or pest infestation which, should the presence of such vermin or infestation have arisen due to act or neglect on the part of the tenant, shall be the tenant's responsibility to remedy.

- 49.6 to, in respect to smoke alarms in the premises, advise the landlord/landlord's agent as soon as practicable when the tenant is aware a smoke alarm has failed or is about to fail.
- 49.7 where a product, fixture or fitting provided with the premises has a warning label or safety instructions attached the tenant is not to deface, damage or remove such label.
- 49.8 to properly look after and not alter or remove any landlord's property including fixtures, furniture, electrical and other appliance and equipment let with the premises and only to operate appliances or equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions or landlord's directions.
- 49.9 not to do anything that involves painting, marking or defacing the premises internally or externally or using nails, screws or adhesives without the prior written consent of the landlord.
- 49.10 not to affix any television antenna to the premises.
- 49.11 not to maliciously or negligently damage the premises or any part of the premises.
- 49.12 to replace cracked and/or broken glass where such breakage has arisen as a result of malicious damage or other action on the part of the tenant or it's guest/s.
- 49.13 to replace any light bulbs and fluorescent tubes that have blown during the term of the tenancy.
- 49.14 to take all reasonable steps to prevent the occurrence of mould or dampness in or about the premises and will advise the landlord promptly of the occurrence of mould and dampness at the premises.
- 49.15 to notify the landlord of any infectious disease at the premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOL SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE

If Clause 40 is deleted this clause is not applicable.

50. Swimming Pool Safety and Maintenance

- 50.1 At the commencement of the tenancy, the landlord will:
- (a) handover the pool in a condition that is safe for use
 - (b) provide to the tenant a copy of the pool compliance certificate together with all relevant documentation and instructions on the use and maintenance of the swimming pool.
- 50.2 During the term of the tenancy:
- (a) the tenant must comply with all safety requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* in particular ensure:
 - (1) child-restraint barriers are in place and properly maintained,
 - (2) access gates and doors are securely closed at all times,
 - (3) at all times to maintain and not interfere with, move or obscure in any way warning notices and resuscitation signs in the immediate vicinity of the swimming pool,
 - (4) at all times, there are no climbable objects near the child-restraint barriers that would allow children to access the swimming pool.
 - (b) where a child-restraint barrier, warning sign or resuscitation sign is damaged and becomes ineffective the tenant must advise the landlord or the agent immediately.
 - (c) the tenant is responsible for general maintenance including:
 - (1) regular cleaning of filter baskets
 - (2) maintaining required water levels
 - (3) removing vegetation and other rubbish from the pool
 - (4) maintaining the pool water condition
 - (5) regular pool services
 - (6) payment of costs for all required pool chemicals

- (7) advising the landlord or the agent immediately of any pool related problem.

50.3 Immediately prior to the end of the term of the tenancy the tenant will provide to the landlord or the agent:

- (a) opportunity to inspect the pool; and/or
- (b) a pool condition report completed by a professional pool service company.

The tenant is to return the pool in good order and condition as at the beginning of the tenancy.

50.4 The landlord is responsible for repair of the pool and repair or replacement of the pool equipment resulting from general wear and tear and for reasons beyond the tenant's control and responsibility however, the tenant will be responsible for any damage or want of repair arising from the tenant's failure to comply with its obligations.

50.5 If the tenant does not maintain the pool and pool equipment to the satisfaction of the landlord acting reasonably, the tenant will be in default and the landlord may seek to recover, in compliance with the Act, any loss or damage incurred.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENTAL BOND

51. The parties agree the rental bond cannot be used for payment of the rent unless the landlord and tenant both agree in writing.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

52. On termination or expiration of the term **the tenant agrees:**

- (a) to deliver vacant possession in accordance with the termination notice
- (b) to deliver up all keys and security devices
- (c) to advise as soon as possible of the tenants contact address

53. The termination of this agreement by notice or otherwise shall not affect in anyway either party's right to compensation for breach of the terms of this agreement nor either party's obligations to comply with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

54. Should the agreement be terminated by the tenant (other than as permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*) before the ending date of this agreement and where Additional Term Clauses 41 and 42 have been crossed out:

- (a) the tenant will be required to pay rent until the tenant has moved out and handed back the keys; and
- (b) the tenant may be liable to pay, for the balance term of the tenancy, any loss of rent incurred by the landlord in re-letting the premises where the landlord/landlord's agent has taken reasonable steps to reduce or minimise rental losses
- (c) the parties are not relieved from their obligations to mitigate any loss on termination.
- (d) the landlord may seek Tribunal orders for compensation, including out of pocket and other reasonable expenses, as provided by sections 187(1)(c) and (d) and 187(2) of the Act.

55. Acceptance by the landlord of payment of rent or other monies owing by the tenant after service of a notice of termination by the tenant will not amount to or be seen as a waiver of such notice or any of the landlord's rights under this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note: Where the tenancy is at an end and the tenant does not vacate the premises the landlord is entitled to make an application to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for vacant possession and/or compensation.

ADDITIONAL TERM - END OF TERM OR OCCUPANCY

56. The tenant will on vacating the premises:

- (a) Return all keys, keycards and other security devices (if any) and make good the cost of replacement should any of these items not be returned or be lost at any time.
- (b) At the end of the tenancy have all carpets cleaned to a standard no less than the standard as provided by the landlord/landlord's agent at the start of the tenancy.
- (c) Fair wear and tear excepted, repair damage to the premises arising or as a result of the tenant's or its guest's actions including damage (if any) caused by the tenant's pets.
- (d) Remove all the tenant's property from the premises including rubbish and property on the premises not the property of the landlord.
- (e) Leave the premises (including the grounds) in a neat and tidy condition.
- (f) Fumigate as reasonably required if pets have been on the premises.
- (g) Provide written evidence (eg. receipt, invoice) of compliance with the requirements of Clauses 56 (b), (c) and (f) to the landlord/landlord's agent on or before vacating.
- (h) Return all remote control devices in good working order and condition including batteries, and where not returned, make good the cost of replacement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

57. Taking into account the provisions of Clause 16.3 of this agreement, all persons using the premises as occupants or otherwise must comply with the provisions of this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES

58. On termination **the tenant agrees** to leave telecommunication services (for example telephone, internet, television - analogue, digital or cable) in the same condition as at the start of the tenancy, and ensure (if required) the services are transferred or terminated as the landlord may direct.

59. Prior to entering into this agreement the tenant must satisfy itself as to the availability and suitability of any telecommunication services to the premises.

60. The landlord gives no warranty as to the provision or adequacy of such telecommunication services or as to the provision or serviceability of fittings in the premises relating to such services.

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES AND BY-LAWS

61. The tenant will at all times comply with all statutes, orders, regulations, by-laws (*including by-laws referred to in Clause 35 or if applicable, as set out in Annexure 1 of this agreement*) and management statements relating to the premises or the tenant's occupation of the premises.

- 62. (a) Where the premises are subject to any of the Acts referred to in Clause 35, the tenant will observe and comply with the Strata or Community Scheme by-laws.
- (b) where the Strata or Community Scheme by-laws applicable to the Scheme differ from the by-laws contained in Annexure 1 of this agreement, the Strata or Community Scheme by-laws will apply.
- (c) where the residential premises are an apartment or unit but not subject to any of the Acts referred to in Clause 35 the by-laws set out in Annexure 1 of this agreement will apply as Special Conditions.

ADDITIONAL TERM - INSURANCE

63. The landlord is not responsible for insuring the tenant's own property.

64. **The tenant agrees**, not by act or omission to, do anything which would cause any increase in the premium of any insurance the landlord may have over the premises (or their contents) or cause such insurance policy to be invalidated.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT INCREASE

- 65A. In the case of a fixed term agreement for less than 2 years the tenant agrees, if a rent increase is stated in the rent increase section on the first page of this agreement then, subject to clause 5, the rental may be increased during the term and such increase shall be as set out in the rent increase section on the first page of this agreement.
- 65B. Where the agreement is for a period of 2 years or more the rent payable must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months and may be increased (subject to clause 5) whether or not the agreement sets out the rent increase or method of calculating the increase.

Note: *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* section 41:

Notice of a rent increase must be given by a landlord or landlord's agent in accordance with this section even if details of the rent increase are set out in the residential tenancy agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY STATEMENT

66. (a) The landlord's agent must comply with the provisions of the Australian Privacy Principles (*Privacy Act 1988 (CTH)*) and where required maintain a Privacy Policy.
- (b) The Privacy Policy outlines how the landlord's agent collects and uses personal information provided by you as the tenant, or obtained by other means, to provide the services required by you or on your behalf.
- (c) You as the tenant agree the landlord's agent may, subject to the *Privacy Act 1988 (CTH)* (where applicable), collect, use and disclose such information to:
- (1) the landlord of the premises to which this tenancy agreement applies; and/or
 - (2) tenancy databases for the purposes of properly assessing the risk in providing you with the lease and if applicable listing tenancy agreement breaches (subject to the provisions of Part 11 Division 2 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*); and/or
 - (3) tradespeople and similar contractors engaged by the landlord/landlord's agent in order to facilitate the carrying out of works with respect to the premises; and/or
 - (4) the landlord's insurance companies; authorised real estate personnel; courts and tribunals and other third parties as may be required by the landlord/landlord's agent relating to the administration of the premises and use of the landlord's agent's services; and/or
 - (5) Owners Corporations.
- (d) Without provision of certain information the landlord's agent may not be able to act effectively or at all in the administration of this agreement.
- (e) The tenant has the right to access such personal information and may require correction or amendment of any inaccurate, incomplete, out of date or irrelevant information.
- (f) The landlord's agent will provide (where applicable), on request, a copy of its Privacy Policy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RELATED DOCUMENTS / NOTICES / ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

67. (a) The parties agree and confirm any documents and communications in relation to this Agreement may be forwarded electronically and where this document has been forwarded electronically (either for signing or otherwise) the party receiving the document confirms having consented to the delivery of the document (and any other materials) by way of the electronic means of delivery before receiving the documentation.
- (b) A Related Document to be served on any party under this Tenancy Agreement shall be in writing and may be served on that party:
- (1) by delivering it to the party personally; or
 - (2) by leaving it for the party at that party's address as stated in this Tenancy Agreement; or
 - (3) by posting it to the party by ordinary mail or security mail as a letter addressed to the party at the address as stated in this Tenancy Agreement; or
 - (4) by email to the party at the appropriate email address as stated in this Tenancy Agreement; or
 - (5) by delivery to an alternative address, provided in writing by the party, by any of the methods outlined in Clauses 67(b)(1) to (4) above.
- (c) A document posted shall be deemed to have been served, unless the contrary is shown, at the time when, by the ordinary course of post, the document would be delivered.
- (d) A document sent by electronic communication will be deemed to have been received in accordance with Section 13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW)*.
- (e) Documents given by a party's solicitor will be deemed to have been given by and with the authority of the party.
- (f) Documents must be served before 5pm on a business day, failing which, such document will be deemed to have been served on the next business day.
- (g) The parties acknowledge and agree an Electronic Document readily accessible via a link within a Related Document is received when the Related Document is served and will be opened when the Related Document is opened.
- (h) The parties agree to execution, delivery and service of documents electronically by a method provided by DocuSign or such other agreed electronic signature service provider.

NOTES

DEFINITIONS

1. In this agreement:
- (1) **electronic document** means any electronic communication (including Notices) as defined in the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW)* including any electronically generated document situated on an external server readily accessible via a link within an electronic communication or other electronically generated document.
 - (2) **landlord** means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant.

- (3) **landlord's agent** means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:
- the letting of residential premises, or
 - the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.
- (4) **LFAI Register** means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.
- (5) **related document** means any written communication (including Notices) with regard to this matter between the parties, including any Electronic Documents.
- (6) **rental bond** means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.
- (7) **residential premises** means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.
- (8) **tenancy** means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.
- (9) **tenant** means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

CONTINUATION OF TENANCY (if fixed term agreement)

2. Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4). Clause 5 of this agreement provides for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force.

ENDING A FIXED TERM AGREEMENT

3. If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

ENDING A PERIODIC AGREEMENT

4. If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

OTHER GROUNDS FOR ENDING AGREEMENT

5. The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord include sale of the residential premises, breach of this agreement by the tenant and hardship. The grounds for the tenant include sale of the residential premises (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord and hardship. For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

WARNING

6. It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

ANNEXURE 1

Model By-Laws for Residential Strata Schemes

(Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016 - Schedule 3)

Note. These by-laws do not apply to a strata scheme unless they are adopted by the owners corporation for the strata scheme or lodged with the strata plan.

1. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common property, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation or as permitted by a sign authorised by the owners corporation.

2. Changes to common property

- An owner or person authorised by an owner may install, without the consent of the owners corporation:
 - any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- Clause (1) does not apply to the installation of any thing that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.
- The owner of a lot must:
 - maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

3. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

4. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

5. Keeping of animals

Note. Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

- An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot, if the owner or occupier gives the owners corporation written notice that it is being kept on the lot.
- The notice must be given not later than 14 days after the animal commences to be kept on the lot.

- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:
 - (a) keep the animal within the lot, and
 - (b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and
 - (c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option B

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot or the common property with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property and must give an owner or occupier written reasons for any refusal to grant approval.
- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:
 - (a) keep the animal within the lot, and
 - (b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and
 - (c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.
- (4) An owner or occupier of a lot who keeps an assistance animal on the lot must, if required to do so by the owners corporation, provide evidence to the owners corporation demonstrating that the animal is an assistance animal as referred to in section 9 of the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* of the Commonwealth.

6. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

7. Behaviour of owners, occupiers and invitees

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier:
 - (a) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property, and
 - (b) without limiting paragraph (a), that invitees comply with clause (1).

8. Children playing on common property

- (1) Any child for whom an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible may play on any area of the common property that is designated by the owners corporation for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child for whom the owner or occupier is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or remain on common property that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

9. Smoke penetration

Note. Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

- (1) An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

Option B

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property, except:
 - (a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the owners corporation, or
 - (b) with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) A person who is permitted under this by-law to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common property must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other lot.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

10. Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

11. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

12. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 14.

13. Cleaning windows and doors

- (1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.
- (2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

14. Hanging out of washing

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot other than over the balcony railings. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (3) In this by-law:
washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

15. Disposal of waste—bins for individual lots [applicable where individual lots have bins]

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
- (3) An owner or occupier must:
 - (a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
 - (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) An owner or occupier of a lot must maintain bins for waste within the lot, or on any part of the common property that is authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered.
- (5) An owner or occupier of a lot must not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier.
- (6) An owner or occupier of a lot must place the bins within an area designated for collection by the owners corporation not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the lot or other area authorised for the bins.
- (7) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.
- (8) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.
- (9) In this by-law:
bin includes any receptacle for waste.
waste includes garbage and recyclable material.

16. Disposal of waste—shared bins [applicable where bins are shared by lots]

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
- (3) An owner or occupier must:
 - (a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
 - (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.
- (5) In this by-law:
bin includes any receptacle for waste.
waste includes garbage and recyclable material.

17. Change in use or occupation of lot to be notified

- (1) An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot.
- (2) Without limiting clause (1), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - (a) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes),
 - (b) a change to the use of a lot for short-term or holiday letting.
- (3) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

18. Compliance with planning and other requirements

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Special Conditions to this Agreement where inserted at the direction of the Landlord were prepared by the Landlord or an Australian Legal Practitioner under instruction from the Landlord and not from the Agent. No warranty is given by the Agent with respect to such clauses. Legal advice should be sought.

Refer Addendum A (Item A1)**SIGNATURES**

THE LANDLORD AND TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD:

DocuSigned by:



(Signature of landlord or landlord's agent on behalf of the landlord)

in the presence of:

Danielle Bartolozzi

(Name of witness)

DocuSigned by:

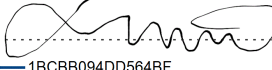


(Signature of witness)

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SIGNED BY THE TENANT:

DocuSigned by:



(Signature of tenant)

in the presence of:

Danielle Bartolozzi

(Name of witness)

DocuSigned by:



(Signature of witness)

1BCBB094DD564BF...

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (2):

(Signature of tenant 2)

in the presence of:

(Name of witness)

(Signature of witness)

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (3):

(Signature of tenant 3)

in the presence of:

(Name of witness)

(Signature of witness)

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (4):

(Signature of tenant 4)

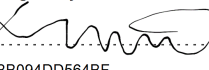
in the presence of:

(Name of witness)

(Signature of witness)

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of the New Tenant Checklist published by the NSW Fair Trading.

DocuSigned by:



(Signatures of tenants)

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For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

Addendum A

A1. Additional Terms

The landlord and tenant agree that this addendum forms part of this tenancy agreement.

1. Property Conditions - The tenants acknowledge that they are accepting possession of the property in its current condition as inspected by themselves or a respective party on their behalf. Unless previously agreed to by all parties in writing there will be no alterations to the condition of the property. Any comments regarding the condition of the property can be noted on the condition report and returned to the agent within 7 days.

2. Cleaning - It is expected that the tenant(s) return the property in an acceptable state of cleanliness. We strongly recommend the use of our recommended professional cleaners as this assists in ensuring a smooth transition within tenancies as once the tenant(s) provide vacant possession and return are returned to our office they are not permitted to return to the property to rectify any issues with the cleaning. If the tenant fails to return the property in an acceptable state of cleanliness, then a professional cleaner will be appointed to rectify the cleaning issues and charged at the tenant's expense.

3. Break lease - If the tenant decides to end their fixed term agreement prior to the lease expiry date they will be subject to paying rent up until they vacate and the following penalty fees. If you decide to move out in the first half of the fix term agreement it is a 6-week rent penalty fee, if you decide to leave in the second half it is a 4-week rent penalty fee. Please note this fee is not negotiable regardless of when a new tenant is found.

4. Smoke Alarms - In accordance with section 146A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 smoke alarms are required to be installed in all residential premises. Tenants may not remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed in the residential premises. The tenant is responsible for replacing the battery if needed during the tenancy at their own cost and providing access for mandatory fire inspections.

5. Light globes - All the light globes at the start of the tenancy should be working. After the tenancy commences, the tenant is responsible for replacing the light globes if needed at their own cost. At the end of the tenancy the tenant is responsible for ensuring all light globes are working. Failure to do this will result in funds being deducted from the bond to replace light globes.

6. Ventilation - The tenant is responsible for ensuring that the property is well ventilated at all times in order to prevent the growth of mould. The tenant understands if any mould does appear on the walls or ceilings it must be cleaned immediately. If there continues to be an ongoing issue with mould, the tenant must promptly inform the landlord's agent in writing. Failure to do this could leave the tenant liable for rectification of damage caused by the mould.

7. Utilities - It is the tenant's responsibility to arrange connection of all utilities to the property at the commencement of tenancy and re-direct these services at the end of the tenancy. The landlord is not responsible to cover the cost of utilities unless specified otherwise in this lease.

8. The tenant will be responsible for paying water usage if the property is separately metered. This is only applicable for properties which are separately metered that comply with water efficiency measures. As per the Residential Tenancy Act 2010 clause 39.

9. Telecommunication Services - In accordance with clause 52. The tenant is responsible for investigating the availability of telephone lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television prior to the commencement of the lease. Tenants should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before entering this agreement. The tenant

must request permission from the landlord prior to the installation of any additional services or outlets required for the above. Installation of these services/outlets will all be at the tenants cost. The landlord gives no warranty in respect to the provisions or adequacy of such services to the premises.

10. Changing locks - The tenant must request permission from the landlord prior to changing the locks. If approved, this will be at the tenant's expense. The tenant must supply the landlord/managing agent with copies of all keys to the locks that have been changed.

11. Hooks - The tenant must request permission from the landlord prior to placing any hooks at the property -this includes 3M removable hooks. If such permission is granted, the tenant understand that when vacating the hooks must be removed and they are responsible for rectifying any damage to the walls or ceilings. This includes and is not limited to any fixtures or fittings installed by the tenant.

12. Smoking - The tenant understand that are not permitted to smoke inside the residential premises. Any damage caused to the premises by smoking, is the tenants' responsibility and must be repaired prior to vacating the premises.

13. Pot Plants - The tenant agrees not to place pot plants on any carpeted, stone or timber floors this includes surfaces both internally and externally eg. Balcony. The tenant will be liable for the cost of rectifying any damage to these surfaces.

14. Floorboards - The tenant must have felt protectors on all their furniture where timber floors are present to reduce any unnecessary wear on the floors. Damage to timber flooring due to the tenants not adhering to these guidelines will not be deemed fair wear and tear and will result in the tenant rectifying any damage to the flooring prior to vacating.

15. Notice to Vacate - The tenant must provide notice in writing to the landlord/managing agent of their intent to vacate the property and ensure that it has been received and acknowledged by the agent. Notice will not be accepted over the phone or via text message.

16. Open for Inspections - The tenant agrees that once they have advised the landlord/managing agent of their intention to vacate the premises, that they will provide reasonable access for viewings to show prospective tenants through the property.

17. Bond Release - Bond money will not be released until the premises are completely vacated, cleaned, all keys are returned and the rent is paid up until the vacate date. A final inspection will then be carried out by the landlord/managing agent. The tenant will be liable for rent up until the keys are returned to our office and all items are removed from the property.

18. Rubbish - All rubbish must be removed from the premises prior to vacating. It is not acceptable for a tenant to leave rubbish at the premises awaiting collection past the vacate date. Any rubbish or belongings left behind will be disposed of at the tenants cost.

19. Blocked Drains -The tenant agrees not to use any sink, basin, toilet, drain or like facility in or connected to the premises for any other intended use or do anything that might damage or block the plumbing drainage or sewage systems on the premises. If an internal drain is blocked and the blockage is found to be as a result of the tenants flushing foreign objects, the tenant will be liable to pay the cost of repair. The tenant should always attempt to clear the drain of any debris prior to contacting the agent.

20. Repairs - All repair requests must be submitted through the Our Tenant App. The tenant is not authorized to organize any repairs on behalf of the landlord. Any repairs completed without prior authorisation of the

Addendum A (continued)

landlord/managing will become the tenant's liability. The tenant is required to provide reasonable access for repairs and maintenance to be carried out. In the event of an urgent repair (see clause 19), please refer to your lease or Our Tenant for our nominated tradespeople.

21. Insurance - The tenant is responsible for organizing their own contents insurance. The landlords insurance will not cover the tenant contents. The tenant cannot claim any liability on the landlord for the damage to their contents in the event of a claim.

22. Keys - The tenant understands that they are responsible for all keys, remotes and security swipes. If lost, damaged or stolen the tenant will be liable to pay for a replacement.

23. Subletting - The tenant must request permission in writing if their intention is to sub let any part of the premises. The tenant is not permitted to list the property on any online websites such as Air Bnb, stayz, gum tree or any other website that offer short term letting. If the tenant is found to be sub letting the premises without the owner's permission, they will be issued with a 14 day termination notice to vacate the premises.

24. Electronic Notice(s)- The tenant understands that all termination and increase notices will be served via email to the address provided at the commencement of the tenancy which appears on the front of this lease. The tenant is responsible for ensuring that they provide the agent with most up to date contact email at any time throughout the tenancy.

25. Appliances - The tenant(s) understand that they are responsible for the safe operation of all their own appliances and they should not be left on unattended. If a tenant(s) appliance is found to be the cause of an electrical fault or fire in the premises they will be responsible for any expense incurred due to the fault.

26. Access - The tenant is required to provide access for all mandatory strata inspections this includes and is not limited to fire inspections, window lock inspections, defect inspections and council inspections. If the tenant fails to provide access they will be liable to pay any penalty fees. The tenant(s) must make every attempt to ensure they are available as it the agent will not always be available to attend on their behalf.

27. Air conditioning - The tenant is responsible for cleaning the filters on all air conditioning units on a regular basis. If the tenant fails to clean the filters and this causes a fault in the unit , the tenant will be responsible for any costs associated with rectifying the issue.

Signature Landlord/Agent:.....
Date:.....10/10/2019.....

DocuSigned by:
Sophie Griene
65B9E04FC748446...

Signature Tenant(s).....
Date:.....10/13/2019.....

DocuSigned by:
[Signature]
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