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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:			
vendor's agent	Urban Real Estate Glenmore Park				
	Shop 7C, 1 Town Terrace	Phone: 02 8315 7774			
	Glenmore Park NSW 2745				
co-agent					
vendor	Joel Allan Briggs				
	00				
vendor's solicitor	Integrity Conveyancing	Phone: 0420 C22 20C			
	Po Box 891, Narellan NSW 2567	Phone: 0439 623 286			
data far agreentation	kylietheconveyancer@integrityconv	, .			
date for completion	42nd day after the contract date (clau	·			
land (address,	4/20 Wheeler Street, Lalor Park NSW	V 2147			
plan details and	Lot: 4 Strata Plan: 69388				
title reference)	Title Reference 4/SP69388				
	☐ VACANT POSSESSION ☐ su	bject to existing tenancies			
improvements	☐ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carpor	rt			
	☐ none ☒ other: Villa				
attached copies	documents in the List of Documents	as marked or numbered:			
	other documents:				
A real estate agent is	permitted by legislation to fill up the	e items in this box in a sale of residential property.			
inclusions	⊠ air conditioning				
	Ыinds	☐ insect screens ☐ solar panels			
	☐ built-in wardrobes ☐ dishwashe				
	☐ ceiling fans ☐ EV charge				
	other:				
exclusions					
purchaser					
purchaser					
purchaser's solicitor					
price	\$				
deposit	\$	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)			
balance	\$	(1070 of the phoe, difference otherwise dialogy			
balarioo	•				
contract date		(if not stated, the date this contract was made)			
Where there is more that	<u> </u>	_			
	tenants in com	nmon in unequal shares, specify:			
GST AMOUNT (optional)	The price includes GST of: \$-				
buyer's agent					

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER		
Signed by		Signed by		
Vendor		Purchaser		
Vendor		Purchaser		
VENDOR (COMPANY)		PURCHASER (COMPANY)	1	
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:		Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:		
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	
Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	
Office held	Office held	Office held	Office held	

	3			
	Choices		Land – 2022 Edition	
Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i>	⊠ NO	☐ yes		
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (cl	ause 4): PEXA			
Manual transaction (clause 30)		☐ yes endor must provide cable exception, in	further details, including the space below):	
Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise	e this is correct as	far as each <i>party</i>	is aware)	
Land tax is adjustable GST: Taxable supply Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable sup This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more ☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an e ☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor requ ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a g ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible resi Purchaser must make a GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment)	e of the following manterprise that the verified to be registere going concern under land or farm land sidential premises (see NO	endor carries on (seed for GST (section er section 38-325 supplied for farming ections 40-65, 40-7 yes (if yes, vodetails) elow are not fully conditions.	ection 9-5(b)) 9-5(d)) under Subdivision 38-O 5(2) and 195-1) endor must provide completed at the contract nese details in a separate	
GSTRW payment (GST reside	ential withholding	payment) – detail:	S	
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. Howe entity is liable for GST, for example, if the suppli in a GST joint venture.				
Supplier's name:				
Supplier's ABN:				
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):				
Supplier's business address:				
Supplier's representative:				
Supplier's contact phone number:				
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$				
If more than one supplier, provide the above	details for each su	upplier.		
Amount purchaser must pay - price multiplied by the C	GSTRW rate (reside	ntial withholding ra	te): \$	

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money?

NO yes

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)			
General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract) 33 property certificate for strata common property 34 plan creating strata common property 35 strata by-laws 36 strata development contract or statement 37 strata management statement 38 strata renewal proposal 39 strata renewal plan 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property 42 plan creating neighbourhood property 43 neighbourhood development contract 44 neighbourhood management statement 45 property certificate for precinct property 46 plan creating precinct property 47 precinct development contract 48 precinct management statement 49 property certificate for community property 50 plan creating community property 51 community development contract 52 community management statement 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws 54 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 2021 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract 59 other document relevant to off the plan contract Other 60			
27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover				
Swimming Pools Act 1992 28 certificate of compliance 29 evidence of registration 30 relevant occupation certificate 31 certificate of non-compliance 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance				
HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECO	ORDS - Name, address, email address and telephone			
Raine & Horne St Marys				

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning and Environment Public Works Advisory
Department of Primary Industries Subsidence Advisory NSW

Electricity and gas

Land and Housing Corporation

Telecommunications

Transport for NSW

Local Land Services Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

> adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;

authorised Subscriber a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as

being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8:

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday: business day

cheaue a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion:

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond

the time of day at which completion is to occur;

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer:

the expiry date (if any); and

the amount;

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's depositholder

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose discharging mortgagee

provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser:

document of title

FCNI

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace:

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared

and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of

the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party:

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999; GST Act

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

incoming mortgagee property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act; legislation

a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case manual transaction

at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;

subject to any other provision of this contract; normally

the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; participation rules

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; property

> a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace;

planning agreement

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve serve in writing on the other party:

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and –

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*:

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by

the Land Registry;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by
 - 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*,
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*'s nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can terminate if
 - 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.

This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a deposit-bond for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless
 - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a manual transaction, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* 4.2.1 each *party* must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - 4.3.1 in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer.
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 4.11.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things
 - 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date:
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price):
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)
- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and -
 - 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
 - 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The *parties* must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor
 - 16.5.1 the price less any
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any party signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party*'s intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation:
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion:
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service,
 if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it)
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can rescind:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

Transfer

- 30.2 Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

• Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

1. Amendments to Printed Conditions

- (a) Clause 4.2 deleted
- (b) Clause 14.4.2 deleted
- (c) Clause 30.7 deleted
- (d) Clause 31.2 deleted

2. Notice to complete

In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a notice to complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the notice, and this time period is considered reasonable by both parties. For the purpose of this contract, such notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this contract.

Without affecting any other right, a party who has issued a notice to complete under this contract can, at any time before the expiration of the notice, extend said notice or revoke the notice and reissue a new notice.

3. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them, prior to completion die or become mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Act, or become bankrupt, or if a company go into liquidation, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and thereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

4. Purchaser acknowledgements

The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:

- (a) In its present condition and state of repair;
- **(b)** Subject to all defects latent and patent;
- **(c)** Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
- (d) Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property; and
- (e) Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.
- (f) Does not rely upon any warranty or representation made by the Vendor or anyone on the Vendors behalf, except as are expressly provided for in this Contract. The purchaser acknowledges that it has relied entirely upon its own enquiries and inspections made before entering into this Contract.

The purchaser agrees not to seek to terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this clause.

5. Late completion

(a) In the event that completion is not effected on the nominated day for settlement, or if the vendor cannot settle on that day then the third day after written notice from the vendor that the vendor is able to settle, then the purchaser shall pay to the vendor interest on the

balance of the purchase price at the rate of 8% per annum from the date nominated for completion until and including the actual day of completion.

- (b) If the Contract does not complete by the completion date the vendor is entitled to serve a Notice to Complete on the purchaser pursuant to this clause, then the purchaser must pay the sum of \$220.00 (inclusive of GST) to cover the legal costs and expenses incurred by the issue of the Notice to Complete, which sum will be adjusted on completion. It is agreed that the damages referred to are a genuine pre-estimate of the costs and expenses incurred due to the delay.
- (c) The parties acknowledge and agree that this contract is to be settled on PEXA. In the event that a Notice to Complete has been served the party who serves the Notice to Complete is 'ready, willing and able' to settle if thirty minutes prior to the time for settlement stated in the Notice to Complete that party has (i) signed all documents which are in 'prepared' status and (ii) the final settlement schedule.
- (d) If, through no fault of the vendor, the purchaser cancels or postpones settlement to a different date, the purchaser shall reimburse the vendors licensed conveyancer an amount of \$165.00 GST inclusive for legal expenses incurred by the vendor for each occasion a settlement is cancelled or postponed.

6. Agent

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the vendors agent, if any, referred to in this contract, and the purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty, and it is hereby agreed and declared that this clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion, or be extinguished by completion of this contract, and shall continue in full force, and effect, notwithstanding completion.

7. Vendor Compliance

Notwithstanding clause 11.1 the Vendor need not comply with a work order made on or before the contract date if the work order is made as a consequence of a request, prior to exchange of contracts by the purchaser or any other person on his behalf, to the responsible Council for a building certificate under s.149D of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act,

8. Deposit bond

- (a) The word bond means the deposit bond issued to the vendor at the request of the purchaser by the bond provider.
- (b) Subject to the following clauses the delivery of the bond on exchange to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit or the vendor's solicitor will be deemed to be payment of the deposit in accordance with this contract.

- (c) The purchaser must pay the amount stipulated in the bond to the vendor in cash or by unendorsed bank cheque on completion or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted to the vendor.
- (d) If the vendor serves on the purchaser a written notice claiming to forfeit the deposit then to the extent that the amount has not already been paid by the bond provider under the bond, the purchaser must immediately pay the deposit or so much of the deposit as has not been paid to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit.

9. **Deposit by instalments**

The parties agree that the deposit is 10% of the purchase price.

If the vendor agrees to accept the 10% deposit in instalments, it will be as follows:

- (a) 5% at the making of the contract; and
- (b) 5% at completion; or
- (c) 5% immediately upon demand in the event that the purchaser fails to complete the contract in accordance with the terms. The purchaser agrees that the 10% deposit is a genuine estimate of the loss to the vendor should the purchaser not proceed with this contract.

10. Release of Deposit

The purchaser agrees that immediately on exchange of this contract the deposit paid hereunder shall be released to the vendor or to whom the vendors may direct in writing. Only for the purpose of enabling the vendor to pay the deposit and/or stamp duty on a property being purchased by the vendor or as a deposit on a rental property and/or rental bond or as an ingoing contribution for a retirement village or over 55 accommodation. This special condition is sufficient authority to the deposit holder no further authority is required.

11. Sewer Location Plan

The Vendor discloses and the Purchaser acknowledges that the sewer plan prepared by the authority as attached hereto is the only sewer diagram available in the ordinary course of administration.

12. Authority to vary Contract

Each party authorises their legal representative to vary the provisions of this Contract at any time before the expiration of the cooling off period.

13. Error in adjustments

Each party agrees that if on completion of this Contract any adjustment made (or allowed to be made) under this Contract is overlooked or incorrectly calculated, then either party upon being requested by the other party must immediately make the correct calculation and pay any such amount outstanding. This clause shall not merge on completion.

14. Purchaser company

In the event of the Purchaser purporting to be a company, the person or persons in whose presence the common seal purports to have been affixed or who have purported to sign on behalf of the company warrant that the company has been incorporated and guarantee if more than one person both jointly and severally the performance of the company of the conditions of this contract as if he, she or they had been named herein as the purchaser.

15. Pandemic

- 15.1 This clause applies whilst ever the Federal, NSW State or Local Government area in which the dwelling is situated is managing a pandemic outbreak as a Health Emergency or a State Emergency and whether either party ('the affected party"):
 - 15.1.1 contracts the pandemic virus or has been in contact with a confirmed case of the pandemic virus; and
 - 15.1.2 is directed to undertake a period of self-isolation or quarantine; or
 - 15.1.3 is admitted to hospital; or
 - 15.1.4 needs to care for an immediate member of their household or family who is directly affected by matters 15.1.1, 15.1.2, 15.1.3 above.
 - 15.2 Should the settlement date fall within the period of self-isolation, quarantine or hospitalisation, whichever applies the affected party must notify the other party's Solicitor/Conveyancer in writing as soon as reasonably practicable of the expected period of self-isolation, quarantine or hospitalisation, whichever applies and it is agreed between the parties that notwithstanding the settlement date, the settlement cannot take place until such time as that period has expired.
 - 15.3 The party that is not affected cannot issue a Notice to Complete on the affected party during the period of self-isolation, quarantine or hospitalisation, which ever applies.
 - 15.4 Completion shall take place within 7 days from the date from which the party has completed their period of self-isolation, quarantine or hospitalisation, whichever applies, with such date to be nominated by the affected party.

16. Electronic Signature and Exchange of contracts

- 16.1 The Contract may be executed in any number of counterparts, including electronically by both parties using Docusign or other electronic signing means or by exchanging electronic copies of original signatures and all counterparts together shall make one instrument.
- 16.2 This Contract may be validly created and exchanged by counterparts with each party's signature sent electronically to each other party by email.
- 16.3 The parties acknowledge that the electronic version of this Contract signed by both parties will be the true and original version for the purposes of this transaction and that no other version will be provided unless otherwise agreed between the parties in writing.
- The parties agree to be bound and comply with the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW) and any terms and conditions of Docusign or other electronic signing means in relation to the execution of this Contract.



Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 4/SP69388

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE -----------------5 7/1/2022 13/5/2024 6:26 PM

LAND

LOT 4 IN STRATA PLAN 69388 AT LALOR PARK LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA BLACKTOWN

FIRST SCHEDULE _____

JOEL ALLAN BRIGGS

(T AA592400)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP69388
- AR781994 MORTGAGE TO PERPETUAL CORPORATE TRUST LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

24858

PRINTED ON 13/5/2024

^{*} Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP69388

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE --------------3 27/2/2023 13/5/2024 6:26 PM

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 69388 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT LALOR PARK LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA BLACKTOWN PARISH OF PROSPECT COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM SP69388

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 69388 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: 20 WHEELER STREET LALOR PARK 2147

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 AS878774 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS
- AS878774 INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED

(AGGREGATE: 4) SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

STRATA PLAN 69388

LOT ENT LOT ENT LOT ENT LOT ENT 1 - 1 2 - 1 3 - 1 4 - 1

NOTATIONS

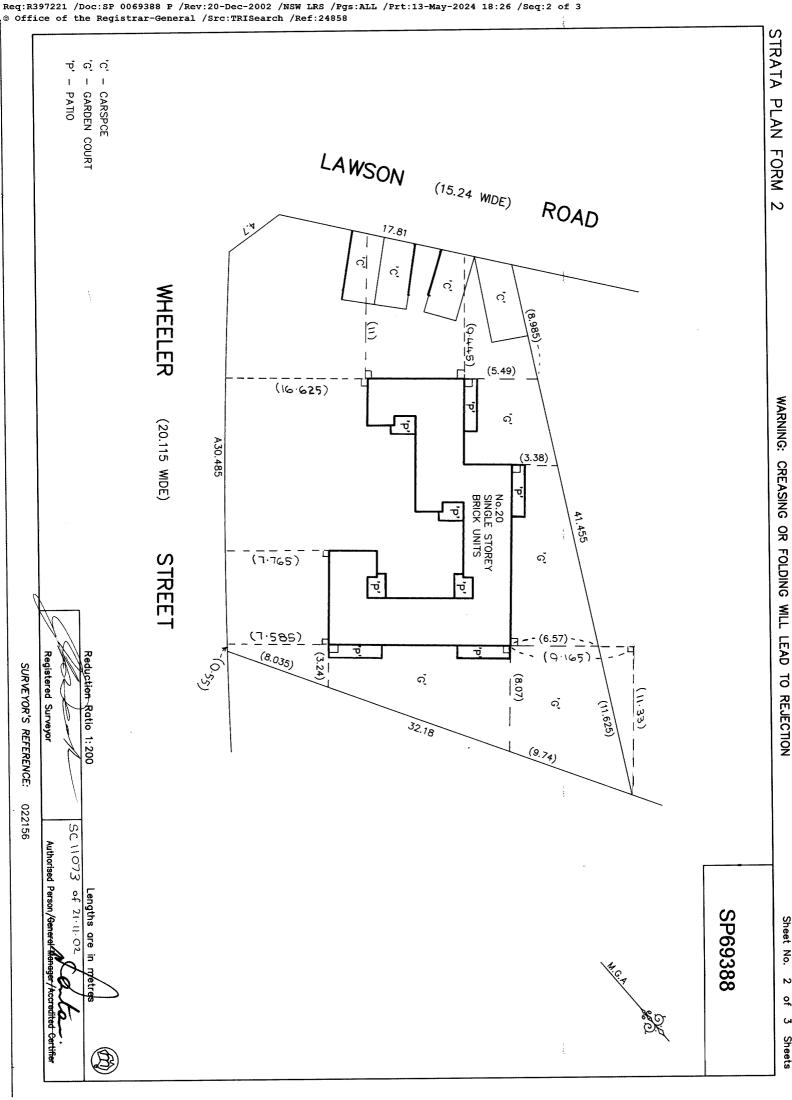
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

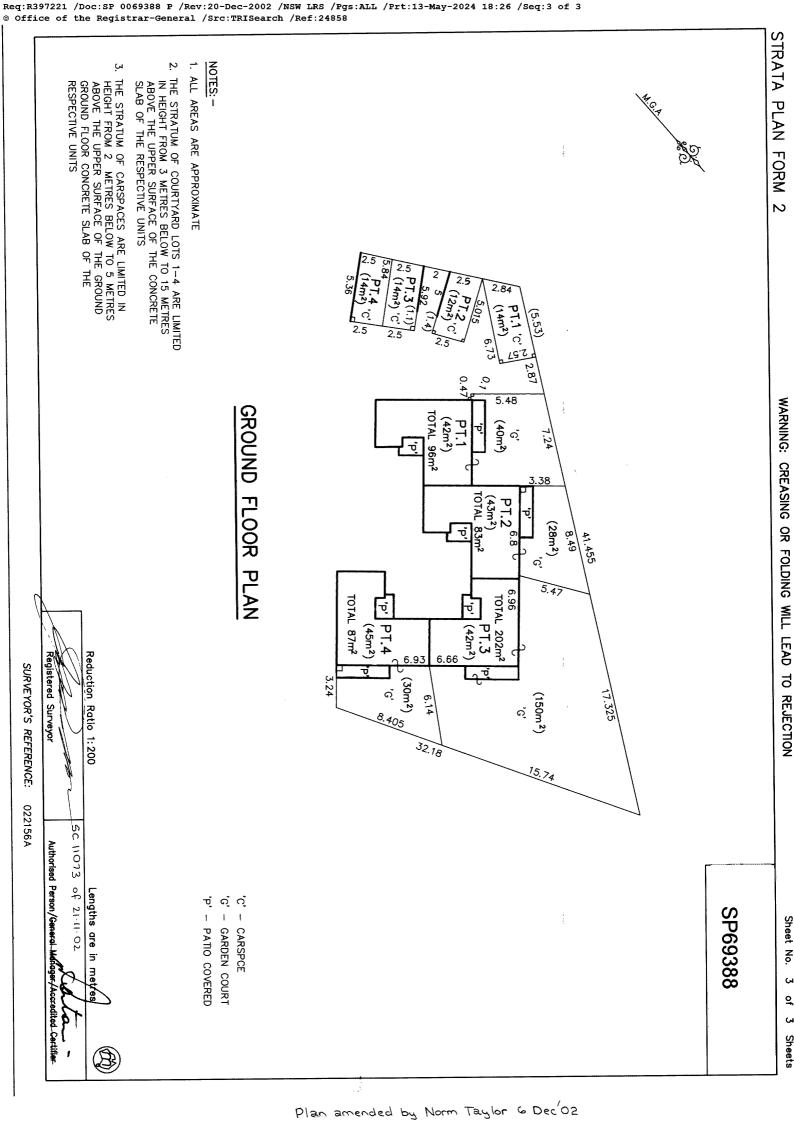
24858

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Plan amended by Norm Taylor 6 Dec 02



Residual Document Version 04

Lodger Details

Lodger Code 501132M

Name MICHAEL J O'DOHERTY & CO

Address SE 6, 178 QUEEN ST

ST MARYS 2760

Lodger Box 1W

Email LAW@MJOD.COM.AU Reference 230002/RAINE &A

Land Registry Document Identification

AS878774

STAMP DUTY:

Consolidation/Change of By-laws

Jurisdiction NEW SOUTH WALES

Privacy Collection Statement

The information in this form is collected under statutory authority and used for the purpose of maintaining publicly searchable registers and indexes

Land Title Reference Part Land Affected? Land Description
CP/SP69388 N

Owners Corporation

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. SP69388

Other legal entity

Meeting Date

09/02/2023

Added by-law No.

Details 20

Amended by-law No.

Details NOT APPLICABLE

Repealed by-law No.

Details NOT APPLICABLE

The subscriber requests the Registrar-General to make any necessary recording in the Register to give effect to this instrument, in respect of the land or interest described above.

Attachment

See attached Conditions and Provisions

See attached Approved forms

Execution

The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to verify the identity of the applicant or his, her or its administrator or attorney.

The Certifier holds a properly completed Client Authorisation for the Conveyancing Transaction including this Registry Instrument or Document

The Certifier has retained the evidence supporting this Registry Instrument or Document.

The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to ensure that this Registry Instrument or Document is correct and compliant with relevant legislation and any Prescribed Requirement.

Executed on behalf of THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. SP69388

Signer NameMICHAEL JOHN O'DOHERTYSigner OrganisationMICHAEL JOHN O'DOHERTYSigner RolePRACTITIONER CERTIFIER

Execution Date 23/02/2023

Form: 15CH Release: 2.3

Added by-law No.

as fully set out below:

20 Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE

Please refer to Annexure 'A'.

CONSOLIDATION/ **CHANGE OF BY-LAWS**

Leave this space clear. Affix additional pages to the top left-hand corner.

New South Wales

Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 Real Property Act 1900

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A)	TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP69388					
(B)	LODGED BY	Document Collection Box	Name Company Address E-mail Customer Account Number	Contact Number Reference	CH		
(C) (D)	when the the requirements of action 141 of the State Schower Management Act 2015 by which the by Jave word objected						
(E)	E) Repealed by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE						

(F) A consolidated list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to at Note (E) is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure A

was affixed on 22 february 2023 in the presence of the (G) The seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No. 69388 was affixed on 22 4000 in the present following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:

Signature:

Robert Bruce Kilgour

Authority: Strata Managing Agent

Signature:

Name:

Authority:

"Annexure A"

The Owners - Strata Plan No. 69388

20 Wheeler Street, Lalor Park NSW 2147

By-Laws



Contents

- 1. Noise
- 2. Vehicles
- 3. Obstruction of common property
- 4. Damage to lawn and pants on common property
- 5. Damage to common property
- 6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers
- 7. Children playing on common property in building
- 8. Behaviour of invitees
- 9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property
- 10. Drying of laundry items
- 11. Cleaning windows and doors
- 12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials
- 13. Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property
- 14. Floor coverings
- 15. Garbage disposal
- 16. Keeping of animals
- 17. Appearance of lot
- 18. Change in use of lot to be notified
- 19. Provision of amenities or services
- 20. Solar panels located on common property



1. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

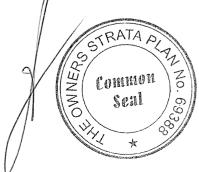
4. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property; or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5. Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot; or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot; or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children; or
 - (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot; and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.



Page 4 of 10

6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7. Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8. Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10. Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towels, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11. Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

- (a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or
- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13. Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.



Page 5 of 10

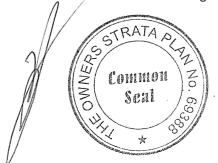
- (2) An owners corporation may resolve that furniture or large objects are to be transported through or on the common property (whether in the building or not) in a specified manner.
- (3) If the owners corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture or large objects are to be transported, an owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property except in accordance with that resolution.

14. Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15. Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
 - (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
 - (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),
 - (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
 - (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.



16. Keeping of animals

Option B

- (1) Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.
- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:
 - (a) notify the owners corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and
 - (b) keep the animal within the lot, and
 - (c) carry the animal when it is on the common property, and
 - (d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

17. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18. Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19. Provision of amenities or services

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
 - (a) window cleaning,
 - (b) garbage disposal and recycling services,
 - (c) electricity, water or gas supply,
 - (d) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.



20. Solar Power Systems located on Common Property

- (1) The Owners Corporation of SP69388 consents to, the owner for the time being of each Lot installing a solar power system upon the common property and the Strata Committee is authorised to provide the necessary written consent on behalf of the Owners Corporation.
- (2) In this by-law the solar power system includes all ancillary wiring, piping, controls and any other ancillary fixtures and fittings.
- (3) The Lot owner for the time being is entitled to exclusive use and enjoyment of the roof space for the installation of a solar panel system on common property subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The Lot owner complying with all conditions and requirements of the local Council, the Building Code of Australia (as in force from time to time), the Australian Standards (as designated from time to time) and any conditions of the approval granted by the local Council and any relevant Authority.
 - (b) The Lot owner is to provide a location plan detailing the position of all component parts of the solar power system upon the common property.
 - (c) The Lot owner must repair any damage caused to the common property or any other Lot which was caused or contributed to by carrying out the installation of the solar power system on the roof area of the Lot.
 - (d) The Lot owner indemnifies the Owners Corporation against any current or future liability, claim or expense arising out of the installation of the solar power system including, but not limited to:
 - (i) An increase in the insurance premium or excess payable by the Owners Corporation.
 - (ii) Any work or rectification carried out by the Owners Corporation due to a breach of this bylaw by the Lot owner.
 - (iii) Any claim by another Lot owner in respect to any damage or defect of the installation of the solar power system to the roof area of the Lot.
 - (e) The Lot owner is to ensure that the solar power system is installed in a proper and skilful manner and, in compliance with the manufacture's specifications, by a duly licensed contractor.
 - (f) The Lot owner is to ensure that the installation of the solar power system does not permit the ingress of water into the building.
 - (g) The Lot owner is to ensure all steps necessary are taken to make sure that birds and/or vermin do not establish nests or similar on or around the solar panels.
 - (h) The Lot owner is to ensure that they or their licensed contractor do not obstruct, nor allow the obstruction, for example by building materials, debris, tools, machines or motor vehicles, of the common property or any other Lot.
 - (i) That the operation, maintenance, replacement or removal of the solar power system and the repair of any damage to common property caused by the installation, operation, maintenance, replacement or removal of the solar power system be the responsibility and cost to the owner of the Lot.

RATA

Common Seal

- (j) That the Lot owner for the time being and from time to time of each Lot shall be responsible for the proper construction, installation, maintenance and repair of any works without expense to the Owners Corporation.
- (k) That if the solar power system is removed from the roof area of the Lot, the Lot owner is to reinstate the roof of the Lot to its original condition.
- (I) That any damage caused to the common property due to any on-going maintenance of the solar power system is to be rectified immediately at the full cost of the Owners for the time being of each Lot and, without in any way limiting the operation of this condition, the owner for the time being of each Lot shall:
 - (i) Ensure that all wall penetrations (both internal and external) and mounting points from where the solar power system is being removed or repaired, are repainted to match the existing colour.
 - (ii) Repair and repaint other bolt holes and wall damage from where other solar power systems have been removed in the past.
 - (iii) In the carrying out of any further works, the owner of each Lot shall ensure that the works are carried out with due diligence and that disturbance to other Lot owners is kept to a minimum.



Approved Form 23

Attestation

The seal of The Owners – Strata Plan No 69388 was affixed on 22-Cobolid 2023. in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* to attest the affixing of the seal:

Common Scal

Signature:

Name:

Robert Bruce Kilgour

Authority: Strata Managing Agent

Approved Form 10

Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

*that the initial period has expired

*the original proprietor owns all of the lots in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an exchanged contract for the purchase of a lot in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing being lodged with this certificate.

The seal of The Owners – Strata Plan No 69388 was affixed on 22-fc000fy 2023.... in the

presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* to attest the

Common

Seal

affixing of the seal.

Signature:

Name:

Robert Bruce Kilgour

Authority: St/ata Managing Agent

Planning certificate



Section 10.7 (2)

We have prepared this Planning Certificate under Section 10.7 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The form and content of the Certificate is consistent with Schedule 2 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021.

Applicant details

INTEGRITY CONVEYANCING Your reference 24858

PO BOX 891

NARELLAN NSW 2567

Certificate details

Certificate no. PL2024/05578 **Fee \$67.00**

Date issued 13 May 2024 Urgency fee N/A

Receipt no D005151906

Property information

Property ID 342055 **Land ID** 342055

Legal description LOT 4 SP 69388

Address 4/20 WHEELER STREET LALOR PARK NSW 2147

County CUMBERLAND Parish PROSPECT

Within this certificate, we have included references to websites where you may find additional information. If you still require assistance on any matter covered by this certificate, please contact us on 02 5300 6000 or at s10.7certificates@blacktown.nsw.gov.au

Disclaimer

Blacktown City Council gives notice and points out to all users of the information supplied herein, that the information herein has been compiled by Council from sources outside of Council's control. While the information herein is provided with all due care and in good faith, it is provided on the basis that Council will not accept any responsibility for and will not be liable for its contents or for any consequence arising from its use, and every user of such information is advised to make all necessary enquiries from the appropriate organisations, institutions and the like.

Blacktown City Council also gives notice to all users of the information supplied herein, wherever any particular enquiry herein remains unanswered or has not been elaborated upon, such silence should not be interpreted as meaning or inferring either a negative or a positive response as the case may be.

Notice on the NSW Government's review of State Environmental Planning Policies

This note only applies to land affected by one or more of the following State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs), which were repealed on 1 March 2022.

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006
- State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005
- Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 30—St Marys
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Parklands) 2009
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Aerotropolis) 2020.

From 1 March 2022, the following State Environmental Planning Policies apply as follows:

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Central River City) 2021 applies where:
 - Appendix 3, 4, 6, 7 or 12 of repealed State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 applied.
 - Appendix 7 or 10 of repealed State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005 applied.
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts Western Parklands City) 2021 applies where:
 - Appendix 5 of repealed State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 applied.
 - Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 30—St Marys applied.
 - State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Parklands) 2009 applied.
 - State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Aerotropolis) 2020 applied.
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021 applies where:
 - State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009 applied.

Any reference to repealed SEPPs listed above in this Certificate means either of the SEPPs identified above.

Note that the content of the repealed SEPPs has been transferred and has not changed.



Employment Land Zones Reforms

From 26 April 2023, State Environmental Planning Policy Amendment (Land Use Zones) 2022 (829) applies.

Employment zones commence for land that is affected by Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015 on 26 April 2023.

From 26 April 2023, in a document (other than a State Environmental Planning Policy) a reference to a former zone under an environmental planning instrument is taken to include a reference to a new zone under the environmental planning instrument.

To determine the new zone for previously zoned Business and Industrial zoned land please refer to the published equivalent zones tables. https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/-/media/Files/DPE/Plans-and-policies/Policy-and-legislation/Planning-reforms/equivalent-zones-tables-per-lep.pdf?la=en

The Department of Planning and Environment is currently reviewing the translation of employment zones for land that is zoned under a State Environmental Planning Policy.



Section 10.7 (2)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The information relates to the subject land at the date of this Certificate.

1. Relevant planning instruments and development control plans

1.1 Environmental planning instruments

The following environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015 applies to the subject land.

Attachment 1 contains a list of State Environmental Planning Policies that **may** apply to the carrying out of development on the subject land.

1.2 Development control plans

The following development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

Blacktown Development Control Plan 2015 applies to the subject land.

1.3 Proposed environmental planning instruments

The following proposed environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on the land. They are or have been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*:

The following draft State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) or Explanation of Intended Effects (EIE) are currently on exhibition or have been exhibited. For more information refer to https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/draftplans.

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022
 On 29 August 2022, the NSW Government announced changes to the BASIX standards as part of the new this new policy, which will come into effect on 1 October 2023.
- Review of Clause 4.6

The then NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect between 31 March and 12 May 2021 to review Clause 4.6 of the Standard Instrument Local Environmental Plan. The Department of Planning has indicated that this matter is currently under consideration.

 Amendment to the then State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development)

The then NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 2 March to 16 March 2020 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011 to facilitate the efficient delivery of upgrades to existing water treatment facilities in NSW. The Department of Planning has indicated that this matter is currently under consideration.



- Amendment to the then Infrastructure State Environmental Planning Policy
 - The then NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited and Explanation of Intended Effect from 20 November to 17 December 2020 to amend the Infrastructure SEPP related to health services facilities. The Department of Planning has indicated that this matter is currently under consideration.
- Amendment to the then State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006
 - The then NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 7 September to 28 September 2018 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006. The Department of Planning has indicated that this matter is currently under consideration.
- Proposed State Environmental Planning Policy (Environment)
 - The then NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect between 31 October 2017 and 31 January 2018 for the proposed Environment SEPP. The Department of Planning has indicated that this matter is currently under consideration.

1.4 Proposed development control plans

There are no proposed development control plans which apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant environmental planning instruments

The following information will assist in determining how the subject land may be developed. It is recommended that you read this section in conjunction with a full copy of any relevant environmental planning instrument as there may be additional provisions that affect how the land may be developed.

2.1 Zoning

The following is the name(s) of the zone(s) under the environmental planning instrument(s) that applies to the land, including the purposes for which development in the zone(s):

- (a) may be carried out without development consent, and
- (b) may not be carried out except with development consent, and
- (c) is prohibited:

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

The following is an extract from Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015 outlining the types of development that may or may not be carried out in the above zone



1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To enable certain activities to be carried out within the zone that do not adversely affect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

2 Permitted without consent

Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Pond-based aquaculture; Public administration buildings; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Seniors housing; Tankbased aquaculture; Veterinary hospitals; Water reticulation systems

4 Prohibited

Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

2.2 Zoning under draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The following is the name(s) of the zone(s) under the draft environmental planning instrument(s) that applies to the land, including the purposes for which development in the zone(s):

- (a) may be carried out without development consent, and
- (b) may not be carried out except with development consent, and
- (c) is prohibited:

There is no zoning proposed under a draft environmental planning instruments that applies to the land

2.3 Additional permitted uses

The following outlines whether any additional permitted uses apply to the land:

Additional permitted uses may apply to the subject land in line with the following table. Note that section 1.1 of this Planning Certificate outlines if any of the below environmental planning instruments apply.

For more information, please refer to the relevant environmental planning instruments on the NSW Legislation website https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/.

Environmental planning instrument	Provisions - Additional permitted uses
Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015	Applies to certain land as outlined in clause 2.5.



Environmental planning instrument	Provisions - Additional permitted uses
State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Central River City) 2021	Applies to certain land in the Huntingwood West Precinct, Greystanes Southern Employment Lands site, Riverstone West Precinct Plan, Alex Avenue and Riverstone Precinct Plan, Area 20 Precinct Plan, Schofields Precinct Plan, and Blacktown Growth Centres Precinct Plan.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021	Applies to land in the Rouse Hill Regional Park, and to certain land in Marsden Park Industrial Precinct Plan.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021	Applies to certain land in the western Sydney employment area.

2.4 Minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house

The following outlines whether development standards apply to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions:

There are no minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house that apply to land under Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015. Dwelling outcomes are controlled by other mechanisms. Refer to Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015 for relevant development standards for minimum subdivision lot size, and Blacktown Development Control Plan 2015 for relevant development controls that apply.

The minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house located in the Sydney region growth centres and affected by State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Central River City) 2021 and State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021 is found in Part 4, Principal development standards of the relevant appendix.

For land affected by Chapter 6 St Marys of State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021, the minimum land dimensions for a dwelling house are controlled by the St Marys Eastern Precinct and Ropes Creek Precinct Plans.

For more information, please access the relevant environmental planning instrument listed above at the NSW Legislation website: https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/

2.5 Biodiversity

The following outlines where the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*:

Refer to the Department of Planning and Environment's online tool, which outlines if the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*. The tool is located at:

https://www.lmbc.nsw.gov.au/Maps/index.html?viewer=BOSETMap



2.6 Conservation area

The following outlines whether the land is in a conservation area:

- a) Priority Conservation Land in the Blacktown local government area is generally located in the following locations:
 - Bushland surrounding Prospect Reservoir, Prospect
 - Plumpton Park, Plumpton
 - Nurragingy Reserve, in Doonside/Rooty Hill/Glendenning
 - Doctor Charles McKay Reserve, Mount Druitt
 - Land adjoining Ropes Creek in Mount Druitt, Minchinbury and Eastern Creek
 - Shanes Park woodland
 - Wianamatta Regional Park, Ropes Crossing
 - Bushland in Angus bounded generally by Walker Parade, Park Road, Charlotte Street, Robert Street, Ben Street and Penprase Street
 - Bushland in Colebee to the north of the Westlink M7 and south of Sugarloaf Crescent, Colebee.
- b) The Cumberland Plain Conservation Plan may apply to the site. Under the plan, there is land that is specified as 'certified urban capable land' where certain controls apply. There is also land specified as 'certified major transport corridor'.

The areas where the plan applies are:

- for 'certified urban capable land', certain land in the suburbs of Mount Druitt and Rooty Hill.
- for 'certified major transport corridors', the future Westlink M7 extension corridor generally to the north of Hassall Grove, Bidwill, Shalvey and Willmot, and through the Wianamatta Regional Park to the west of Ropes Crossing.

More information on land is affected by the Cumberland Plain Conservation Plan can be found on the Department of Planning and Environment website:

https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Policy-and-Legislation/Strategic-conservation-planning/Cumberland-Plain-Conservation-Plan/Planning-controls

The Cumberland Plain Conservation Plan spatial viewer that visually shows the affected areas is also available online at:

https://webmap.environment.nsw.gov.au/Html5Viewer4142/index.html?viewer=CPCP_View

2.7 Heritage

The following outlines where an item of environmental heritage, or proposed environmental heritage item, is located on the land:

The subject land is not affected by an item of environmental heritage or a proposed environmental heritage item.



3. Contributions plans

3.1 Contribution plans

The following outlines the name of each contributions plan under *the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, Division 1 applying to the land:

Contributions Plan No. 19 - Blacktown Growth Precinct applies to the subject land. Contributions Plan No. 3 - Open Space in Established Residential Areas applies to the subject land.

3.2 Draft contributions plans

The following outlines the name of each draft contributions plan under *the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, Division 7.1 applying to the land:

Refer to Contributions plans section above to determine if any draft contributions apply.

3.3 Special contributions

The following outlines if the land is in a special contributions area under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, Division 7.1 applying to the land:

The land may be in a Special Contribution Area as described below.

Land in the Growth Centres that are zoned under State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Central River City) 2021 and State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021, as specified in section 1.1 of this Planning Certificate, is in a Special Contribution Area, and will incur a Special Infrastructure Contribution.

You can find the map and other relevant information on the Special Contribution Area on the Department of Planning and Environment's website:

https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Infrastructure-funding/Special-Infrastructure-Contributions/Western-Sydney-Growth-Area-SIC

An interactive map is on the ePlanning Spatial Viewer under Layers > Development Control > Special Infrastructure Contributions at:

https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/spatialviewer/#/find-a-property/address

4. Complying development

4.1 Where complying development codes apply

The following outlines if the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008:

Council does not have enough information to determine if complying development can apply. For more information, please review the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, available at:

www.legislation.nsw.gov.au



4.2 Variations to complying development codes

The following outlines if the complying development codes are varied under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, Clause 1.12, in relation to the land:

The complying development codes are not varied for the subject land under Schedule 3 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

5. Exempt development

5.1 Where exempt development codes apply

The following outlines if the land is on land on which exempt development may be carried out under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008:

Council does not have enough information to determine if exempt development can apply. For more information, please review the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 available at: www.legislation.nsw.gov.au

5.2 Variations to exempt development codes

The following outlines if the exempt development codes are varied, under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, Clause 1.12, in relation to the land:

The exempt development codes are not varied for the subject land under Schedule 2 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

6.1 Affected building notice in force

The following outlines if Council is aware of any affected building notice in force for the subject land:

As at the date of this Planning Certificate, Council is not aware of any affected building notice in force for the subject land.

6.2 Affected building rectification order in force

The following outlines if Council is aware of any affected building product rectification order in force for the subject land:

As at the date of this Planning Certificate, Council is not aware of any affected building product rectification order in force for the subject land.

6.3 Affected building rectification order – notice of intent

The following outlines if Council is aware of any outstanding notice of intention to make a building product rectification order for the subject land:

As at the date of this Planning Certificate, Council is not aware of any outstanding notice of intention to make a building product rectification order for the subject land.



7. Land reserved for acquisition

7.1 Current provisions

The following outlines whether an environmental planning instrument as described in section 1 makes provision for the acquisition of land by an authority of the state, as referred to in section 3.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*:

The land may be reserved for acquisition by an authority of the state. It is reserved where it is located on the Land Reservation Acquisition map. This is an interactive map and can be found on the ePlanning Spatial Viewer under Layers > Principal Planning Layers > Land Reservation Acquisition Map at:

https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/spatialviewer/#/find-a-property/address. (Turn off the 'zoning' layer under Layers > Principal Planning Layers > Land Zoning Map for ease of viewing).

There are also Land reservation acquisition maps under each of the following environmental planning instruments, which can be accessed on the NSW Legislation website at: https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/

- Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Central River City) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021 (but only where the site is in the Western Sydney employment area, as specified in Chapter 2).

Note that section 1.1 of this Planning Certificate outlines if any of the above environmental planning instruments apply.

7.2 Draft provisions

The following outlines whether a draft environmental planning instrument as described in section 1 makes provision for the acquisition of land by an authority of the state, as referred to in section 3.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*:

A draft environmental planning instrument referred to in section 1 of this certificate may make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

8. Road widening and road realignment

The following outlines whether the land is affected by road widening or road realignment.

8.1 The Roads Act 1993 Part 3 Division 2

The subject land is not affected by road widening or road realignment under the Roads Act 1993 Part 3 Division 2.



8.2 An environmental planning instrument

The subject land is not affected by road widening or road realignment under an environmental planning instrument.

8.3 A resolution of the Council

The subject land is not affected by road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council.

9. Flood related development controls

9.1 If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

Yes/No

9.2 If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

Yes/No

9.3 The flooding precincts are shown on Maps online, within the layer titled "Flooding Precincts".

A link to this map can be found here: https://www.blacktown.nsw.gov.au/Plan-build/Stage-2-plans-and-guidelines/Online-planning-tools/BLEP-2015-Maps-online

They are based on results of engineering flood studies commissioned by Council or other government authorities. The information provided in this section is general advice based on results of engineering flood studies commissioned by Council or other government authorities. For more detailed flood information, please contact Council's Flooding Section and/or email Floodadvice@blacktown.nsw.gov.au

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

The following outlines whether any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:

10.1 Land slip

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip.

10.2 Bush fire

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of bush fire.

The Rural Fire Services' 'Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019'provides development standards for designing and building on bush fire prone land in New South Wales. The document is available on the Rural Fire Service's website at:

https://www.rfs.nsw.gov.au/plan-and-prepare/building-in-a-bush-fire-area/planning-for-bush-fire-protection



It is noted that the development control plan(s) referred to in Section 1 of this Planning Certificate may have provisions in relation to bush fire that are to be considered, where applicable.

10.3 Tidal inundation

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of tidal inundation.

10.4 Subsidence

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of subsidence.

10.5 Acid sulfate soils

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of acid sulfate soils.

10.6 Contamination

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of contamination.

Chapter 4, Remediation of land of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 sets out provisions in relation to contamination. The document is available on the NSW Legislation website at: https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/.

Contaminated land planning guidelines are also available on the Environment Protection Authority's (EPA) website at https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/-/media/epa/corporate-site/resources/clm/managing-contaminated-land-guidelines-remediation.pdf

It is noted that the development control plan(s) referred to in Section 1 of this Planning Certificate may have provisions in relation to contamination that are to be considered, where applicable.

10.7 Aircraft noise

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of aircraft noise.

10.8 Salinity

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of salinity.

It is noted that the development control plan(s) referred to in Section 1 of this Planning Certificate may have provisions in relation to salinity.

10.9 Coastal hazards

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of coastal hazards.



10.10 Sea level rise

Council does not have an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of sea level rise.

10.11 Other risks

Council has adopted an Asbestos Policy which may restrict development on the subject land. The Asbestos policy applies where land contains, or is likely to have contained in the past, buildings or structures that were erected prior to the banning of asbestos. The policy is available on Council's website: www.blacktown.nsw.gov.au

The Policy should be considered in the context of any other relevant NSW legislation and guidelines.

11. Bushfire prone land

The following outlines if any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under section 10.3 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979:

The subject land is identified on Council's Bush Fire Prone Land Map as being clear of any bushfire prone land.

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

The following outlines if the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division:

As at the date of this Planning Certificate, the land to which this certificate relates has not been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation. Contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit the website for more information at https://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/

13. Mine subsidence

The land is not in an area proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.*

14. Paper subdivision information

14.1 Development plan adopted

The following outlines whether a development plan has been adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land:

The land is not subject to a development plan adopted by a relevant authority.



14.2 Development plan adopted – subject to ballot

The following outlines whether a development plan has been adopted by a relevant authority that is proposed to be subject to a ballot, and if so, the name of the plan:

The land is not subject to a development plan that has been adopted by a relevant authority that is proposed to be subject to a ballot.

14.3 Subdivision order

The following outlines if a subdivision order applies to the land, and if so, the date of the subdivision order:

The land is not subject to a subdivision order.

15. Property vegetation plans

There is no land in the local government area that is subject to an approved Property vegetation plan, which is in force under the Part 4 of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*.:

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

The following outlines if the land is subject to a Biodiversity stewardship agreement under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*:

Council has not been notified that the land is subject to a biodiversity stewardship agreement under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

17. Biodiversity certified land

The following outlines if the land is biodiversity certified land under the Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

Council has not been notified that the land is biodiversity certified land under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.



18. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

The following outlines whether Council has been notified of an order that has been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land:

Council has not been notified of an order under the Act in respect of tree(s) on the land. Council has not verified whether any order has been made of which it has not been notified. The applicant should make its own enquiries in this regard if this is a matter of concern.

Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 decisions by local government area can be found on the Land and Environment Court of New South Wales website at:

https://www.lec.nsw.gov.au/lec/types-of-cases/class-2---tree-disputes-and-local-government-appeals/development-application-appeals/helpful-materials/merit-decisions-by-local-government-areas.html

19. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

According to Council's records the owner (or previous owner) of the land **has not** consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges for coastal protection services relating to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 496B of the *Local Government Act* 1993).

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

The following outlines if, whether under Chapter 4 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021, the land is:

20.1 In a contour of 20 or greater, as shown on the Noise exposure contour map or Noise exposure forecast contour map

This does not apply to any land in the Blacktown local government area.

20.2 On the Lighting intensity and Wind shear map

This does not apply to any land in the Blacktown local government area.

20.3 On the Obstacle limitation surface map

The land may be shown on the Obstacle limitation surface map. This applies to some areas in the suburbs of Prospect (around Prospect Reservoir), Eastern Creek, Minchinbury, and small areas of Bungarribee and Mount Druitt. For more information refer to the Obstacle limitation surface map on the NSW Legislation website:

https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/publications/environmental-planning-instruments/state-environmental-planning-policy-precincts-western-parkland-city-2021

20.4 On the Public safety area map:

This does not apply to any land in the Blacktown local government area.



20.5 In the '3 kilometre' or '13 kilometre' wildlife buffer zone on the Wildlife buffer zone map:

The 3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone does not apply to any land in the Blacktown local government area.

The land may be in the '13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone' on the Wildlife buffer zone map. This applies primarily to some industrial areas of Eastern Creek and some parts of Minchinbury and Mount Druitt.

An interactive map is available on the ePlanning Spatial Viewer under Layers > State Environmental Planning Policies > SEPP (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021 > SEPP (Western Sydney Aerotropolis) 2020 > Wildlife Buffer Zone https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/spatialviewer/#/find-a-property/address. (Turn off the 'zoning' layer under Layers > Principal Planning Layers > Land Zoning Map for ease of viewing).

21. Development consent conditions for seniors housing

The following outlines whether or not Chapter 3, Part 5 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021 applies to the land, and if so, any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in section 88(2) of that policy:

- Council's records are currently incomplete in relation to this matter.
- Historically, if the site was to be used for the purposes of seniors housing, a restriction to that
 effect may have been placed on the land title under section 88B of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*.
 Please refer to the 88B Instrument for the site which can be accessed from NSW Land Registry
 Services to confirm if any such restrictions apply at: https://www.nswlrs.com.au/
- Alternatively, please review the relevant determinations that apply to the site. If required, a
 copy of the determinations can be obtained via an informal application under the Government
 Information (Public Access) Act 2009.

22. Site compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable rental housing

22.1 Site compatibility certificate

The following outlines whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate in relation to proposed development on the land, and if so, the period for which the certificate is current. Note that a copy may be obtained from the Department of Planning and Environment where this applies. For more information, visit the planning portal at: https://pp.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/SCC

A site compatibility certificate under *State Environmental Planning Policy* (*Housing*) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate in relation to proposed development on the land, has not been issued.



22.2 SEPP Housing - conditions of consent

The following outlines if Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021 applies to the land, and if so, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in section 21(1) or 40(1) of that Policy:

- Council's records are currently incomplete in relation to this matter.
- Historically, if the site was to be used for the purposes of affordable rental housing, a
 restriction to that effect may have been placed on the land title under section 88B of
 the Conveyancing Act 1919. Please refer to the 88B Instrument for the site which can
 be accessed from NSW Land Registry Services to confirm if any such restrictions apply
 at: https://www.nswlrs.com.au/
- Alternatively, please review the relevant determinations that apply to the site. If required, a copy of the determinations can be obtained via an informal application under the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009.

22.3 SEPP Affordable rental housing - conditions of consent

The following outlines if there are any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, and if so, the conditions:

- Council's records are currently incomplete in relation to this matter.
- Historically, if the site was to be used for the purposes of affordable rental housing, a
 restriction to that effect may have been placed on the land title under section 88B of
 the Conveyancing Act 1919. Please refer to the 88B Instrument for the site which can
 be accessed from NSW Land Registry Services to confirm if any such restrictions apply
 at: https://www.nswlrs.com.au/
- Alternatively, please review the relevant determinations that apply to the site. If required, a copy of the determinations can be obtained via an informal application under the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009.

23. Matters under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997, section 59(2)

23.1 Significant contamination

The following outlines if the land, or part of the land, to which this certificate relates, is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate was issued:

As at the date of this Planning Certificate, Council is not aware of the land being significantly contaminated land. The NSW Environment Protection Authority's website records if the land is significantly contaminated land. For more information visit https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/



23.2 Management order

The following outlines if the land to which this certificate relates is subject to a management order at the date when the certificate was issued:

As at the date of this Planning Certificate, Council is not aware of a management order applying to the site. The NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) website records if the land is subject to a management order. For more information visit https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/

23.3 Voluntary management proposal

The following outlines if the land is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal at the date when the certificate was issued:

As at the date of this Planning Certificate, Council is not aware of an approved voluntary management proposal applying to the site. The NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) website records if the land is subject to a voluntary management proposal. For more information visit https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/

23.4 Maintenance order

The following outlines if the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order:

As at the date of this Planning Certificate, Council is not aware of an ongoing maintenance order applying to the site. The NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) website records if the land is subject to an ongoing maintenance order. For more information visit https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/

23.5 Site audit statement

The following the outlines if the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement, and if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to Council:

- Council's records are currently incomplete in relation to this matter.
- If Council holds a copy of a Site Audit Statement (SAS) applying to the land, it will be found in the documents lodged with a development application for the land. If required, a copy of SAS related development application documents can be obtained via an informal application under the *Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009*.



Attachment 1 - State Environmental Planning Policies

In addition to the principal environmental planning instrument identified in section 1.1 of this Certificate, the following State Environmental Planning Policies may also affect the development on the subject land.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021

The principles of this policy include to

- enable development of diverse housing types, including purpose-built rental housing
- encourage the development of housing that will meet the needs of housing that will meet the needs of low income, vulnerable and seniors and people with a disability
- ensure housing developments with reasonable level of amenity.

This policy is the consolidation of repealed policies including the Affordable Rental Housing SEPP (2009), Housing for Seniors SEPP (2004), SEPP No 21 Caravan Parks, SEPP 70 Affordable Housing.

Note: that General savings provisions apply for the repealed instruments in line with Schedule 7 Savings and transitional provisions of the policy.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index (BASIX) 2004

This policy aims to ensure consistency in the implementation of the BASIX scheme throughout NSW by overriding provisions of other environmental planning instruments and development control plans that would otherwise add to, subtract from or modify any obligations arising under the BASIX scheme.

On 29 August 2022, the Department of Planning and Environment announced changes to the BASIX standards as part of the new State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022, which will come into effect on 1 October 2023.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

This policy is also known as the Codes SEPP and includes a number of codes that allow for certain types of development to be undertaken without the need for Council approval. They are known as either Exempt development or Complying development, which allows for approval under a fast-track system, if the relevant standards are met.

State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 - Design Quality of Apartments

This policy aims to improve the design quality of residential apartment development through the application of 9 design quality principles. The policy also provides requirements for a constituted design review panel to provide independent expert advice to Council on the merit of residential flat developments. A design review panel is not mandatory.



State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

This policy contains:

- planning rules and controls for the clearing of native vegetation in NSW on land zoned for urban and environmental purposes that is not linked to a development application
- the land use planning and assessment framework for koala habitat
- provisions that establish a consistent and co-ordinated approach to environmental planning and assessment along the River Murray
- provisions seeking to protect and preserve bushland within public open space zones and reservations
- provisions which aim to prohibit canal estate development
- provisions to support the water quality objectives for the Sydney drinking water catchment
- provisions to protect the environment of the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system
- provisions to manage and improve environmental outcomes for Sydney Harbour and its tributaries
- provisions to manage and promote integrated catchment management policies along the Georges River and its tributaries
- provisions which seek to protect, conserve and manage the World Heritage listed Willandra Lakes property.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021

This policy contains planning provisions:

- applying to employment land in western Sydney.
- for advertising and signage in NSW.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021

This policy:

- identifies State or regionally significant development, State significant Infrastructure, and critical State significant infrastructure
- provides for consideration of development delivery plans by local Aboriginal land councils in planning assessment
- allows the Planning Secretary to elect to be the concurrence authority for certain development that requires concurrence under nominated State environmental planning policies.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021

This policy contains planning provisions:

- to manage primary production and rural development including supporting sustainable agriculture
- for the protection of prime agricultural land of state and regional significance as well as regionally significant mining and extractive resources.



State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Central River City) 2021

This policy contains planning provisions for precinct planning, which is a form of strategic planning applied to a specified geographic area.

The precincts in this policy are within the Central River City. The Central River City is based the strategic planning vision of the 'three cities' regions identified in the Greater Sydney Region Plan – A Metropolis of Three Cities.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021This policy contains planning provisions for precinct planning, which is a form of strategic planning applied to a specified geographic area.

The precincts in this policy are within the Western Parkland City.

The Western Parkland City is based the strategic planning vision of the 'three cities' regions identified in the Greater Sydney Region Plan – A Metropolis of Three Cities.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

This policy contains planning provisions:

- for land use planning within the coastal zone, in a manner consistent with the objects of the Coastal Management Act 2016
- to manage hazardous and offensive development
- that provide a state-wide planning framework for the remediation of contaminated land and to minimise the risk of harm.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021

This policy contains planning provisions:

- for the assessment and development of mining, petroleum production and extractive material resource proposals in NSW
- that aim to facilitate the development of extractive resources in proximity to the population of the Sydney Metropolitan Area. It identifies land that contains extractive material of regional significance.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

This policy contains:

- planning provisions for infrastructure in NSW, such as hospitals, roads, railways, emergency services, water supply and electricity delivery
- planning provisions for child-care centres, schools, TAFEs and universities
- planning controls and reserves land for the protection of 3 transport corridors (North South Rail Line, South West Rail Link extension and Western Sydney Freight Line)
- the land use planning and assessment framework for appropriate development at Port Kembla, Port Botany and Port of Newcastle.

End of certificate





Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8003380989

METROPOLITAN WATER SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE BOARD

SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM

HIC

Municipality of Blacktown SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

No.848356

Boundary Trap Pit
□ G.I. Grease Interceptor
□ Gully
□ P.T. P. Trap
□ R.S. Reflux Sink R.S. Reflux Sink

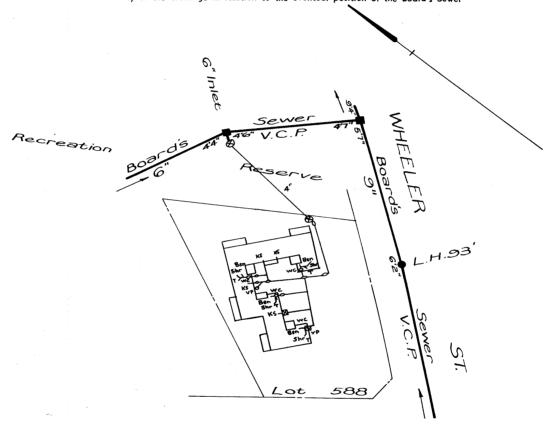
Reflux Valve Cleaning Eye Vertical Pipe Vent. Pipe Soil Vent. Pipe Down Cast Cowl

I.P. Induct Pipe M.F. Mica Flap T. Tubs K.S. Kitchen Sink W.C. Water Closet B.W. Bath Waste Scale: 40 Feet To An Inch

Bsn. Basin Bsn. Basın Shr. Shower W.I.P. Wrought Iron Pipe C.I.P. Cast Iron Pipe F.W. Floor Waste W.M. Washing Machine

SEWER AVAILABLE

Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer

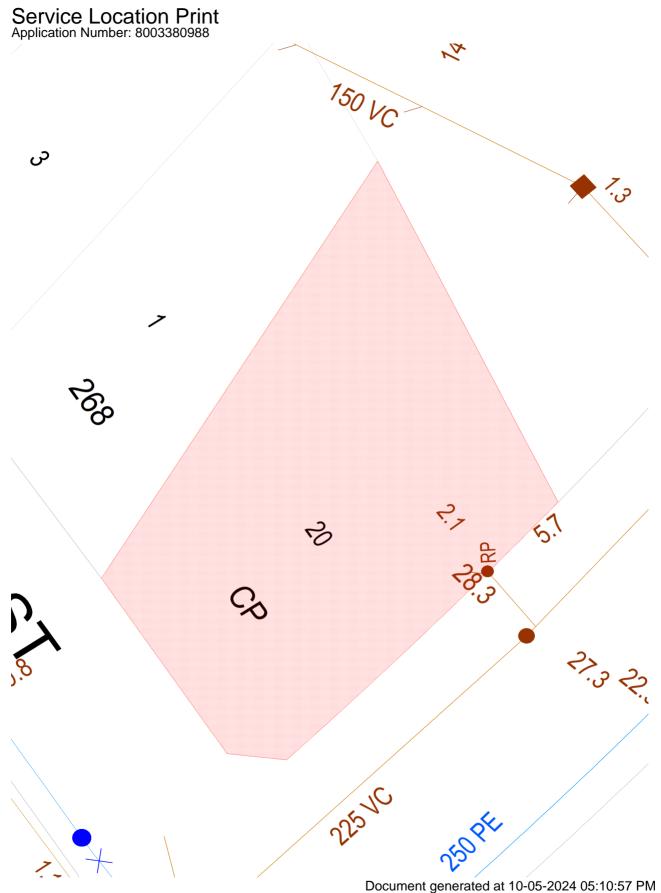


S.T.

	RATE No. SHEET No. 9624		U.C.s	For Engineer House Service	:es
	DRAINAGE			PLUMBING	
W.C.	Supervised by	Date	BRANCH OFFICE	Supervised by	Date
Shr. Bsn. K.S.	Inspector Examined by		Outfall HL Drainer		
Plg. Dge. Int. Dge. Ext.	Chief Inspector		Plumber Boundary Trap	100	

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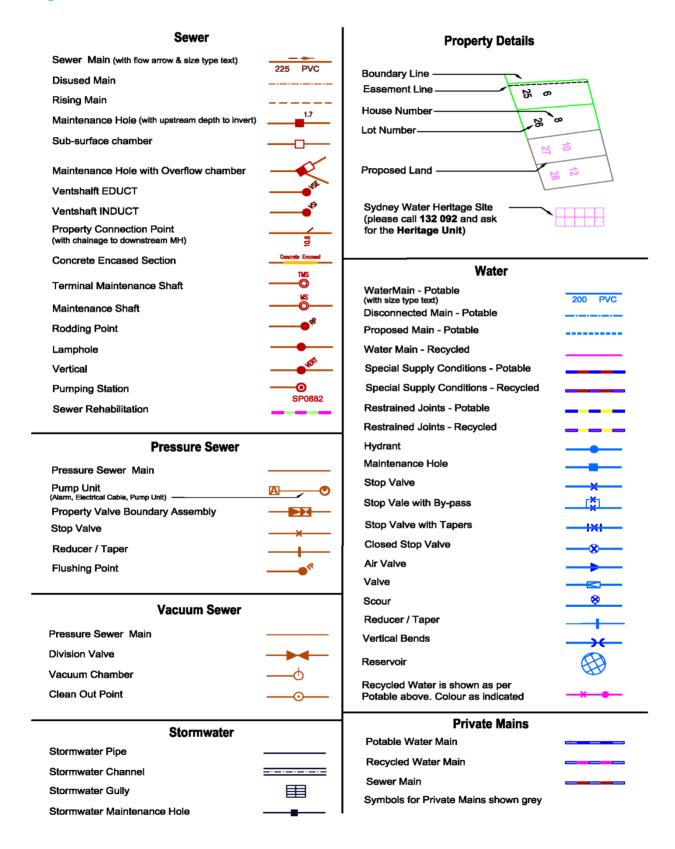






Asset Information

Legend





Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
vc	Vitrified Clay	WI	Wrought Iron
ws	Woodstave		

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)



Standard Form Agreement Standard form residential tenancy agreement

Schedule 1

Important information

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the Agreement).

- 1 This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
- 2 If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- **3** If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4 The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on

06 September 2023 at Glenmore Park, 2745

between Victor Galachov and Joel Allen Briggs

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Joel Allen Briggs

joel-briggs@hotmail.com

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

Tenants

Victor Galachov

p: +61 439 592 835

e: victorgalachov@hotmail.com

Landlord's Agent Details

Raine & Horne St Marys

210 Queen Street

p: +61 296 235 666, e: info@stmarys.rh.com.au

Tenant's Agent Details

Not Applicable

Term of Agreement

The term of this agreement is	S ·	-
-------------------------------	-----	---

- 6 months
 - 12 months
- 2 years
- 3 years
- 5 years
- X Other (please specify) 9 months
- Periodic (No End Date)

Starting on the 7th of September 2023 and ending on the 6th of June 2024

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900.

Residential premises

4/20 Wheeler Street, Lalor Park NSW 2147

The residential premises include:

[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

Single allocated car space

Rent

The rent is \$360.00 per week, payable in advance starting on the 7th of September 2023

Note. Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method(s) by which the rent must be paid:

a. by electronic funds transfer (EFT):

BSB Number	082778
Account Number	467163436
Account name	Raine & Horne St Marys
Bank name	NAB
Payment reference	5666

b. BPAY

Biller code	89565
Customer reference number	83101594300006664

• Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental Bond

[Cross out if there is not going to be a bond]

A rental bond of \$1440.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent. The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:	
the landlord or another person, or the landlord's agent, or NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online	
Now Fall Trading through Kental Bolids Offline	

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

Occupants

No more than 1 person(s)

No more than 1 person(s) may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Plumber

Paul Burton, PCB Services p: 0405 184 516

Electrician

Noel Fisher, LNF Electrics p: 0408 230 779

Glass

Alan Briggs, Al Briggs Glass & Glazing p: 0425 295 380

Locksmith

Water usage

X Yes No

George ., Lightning Locksmith p: 0418 443 729

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? If yes, see clauses 12

Emergency Building Repairs

Darren Steele, St Clair Building p: 0403 489 889

Utilities

is electricity supplied to the premises non-run-embedded network:
Yes X No
Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes X No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied

from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

Hardwired smoke alarm
X Battery operated smoke alarm
If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?
x Yes No
If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced: $\mathbf{9v}$
If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?
Yes X No
If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:
If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?
Yes X No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises?

X Yes No

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional]

[Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

∏Yes x No	Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?
If yes, see clauses 50. [Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]	If yes, see clauses 50.

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

X Yes No
If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: victorgalachov@hotmail.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for **signing.**

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

1 The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under 'Residential Premises'.

Copy of agreement

- 2 The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Rent

3 The tenant agrees:

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4 The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant,
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and

4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note: The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent increases

5 The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note: Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6 The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Rent reductions

- **8** The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- **9** The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

Payment of council rates, land tax, water and other charges

- 10 The landlord agrees to pay:
 - 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and

- 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
 - Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.
 - Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.
- 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
- 10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11 The tenant agrees to pay:

11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and

- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
 - **Note.**Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.
- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

- **12** The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
 - 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
 - 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
 - 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and

- 12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - 12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.
- 13 The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

14 The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

15 The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

Use of the premises by tenant

16 The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17 The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant,
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.
- 18 The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
 - 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
 - 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and
 - 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
 - 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note: Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

Landlord's general obligations for residential premises

19. The landlord agrees:

- 19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
 - Note 1. Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:
 - (a) are structurally sound, and
 - (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
 - (c) have adequate ventilation, and
 - (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
 - (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
 - (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
 - (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.
 - Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:
 - (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
 - (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
 - (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
 - (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective
- 19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

Urgent repairs

- 20 The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
 - 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
 - 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
 - 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
 - 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
 - 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and

20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: The type of repairs that are "urgent repairs" are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows-

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

Sale of the premises

21 The landlord agrees:

- 21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- **22** The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 23 The landlord and the tenant agree:
 - 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
 - 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

Landlord's access to the premises

24 The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency

- of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
- 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months).
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- **25** The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
 - 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
 - 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
 - 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
 - 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- **26** The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the

landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

27 The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

Publishing photographs or visual recordings

28 **The landlord agrees:** that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant

Note. See section 55A of Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

29 **The tenant agrees:** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

Fixtures, Alterations, additions or renovations to the premises

30 The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
- **31 The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations,

additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

Locks and security devices

32 The landlord agrees:

- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33 The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- **34** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

Transfer of tenancy or sub-letting by tenant

35 The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the

residential premises, and

35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to subletting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

36 The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

Change in details of landlord or landlord's agent

37 The landlord agrees:

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

Copy of certain by-laws to be provided

[Cross out if not applicable]

- **38** The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.
- **39** The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

Mitigation of loss

40 The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able

to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- **41 The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
 - 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
 - **41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
 - **41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

42 The landlord agrees to:

- **42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- **42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- **42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- **42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- **42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
- **42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- **42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm

43 The tenant agrees

- **43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- **43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- **43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44 The landlord and the tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

Swimming pools

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

Initialled by Victor Galachov the 6th of September 2023

45 The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect

of the swimming pool on the residential premises.

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots.]

- 46 The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:
 - 46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and
 - 46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

47 The landlord agrees:

- 47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

Combustible cladding

- **48** The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:
 - 48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - 48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - 48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

Significant health or safety risks

49 The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

Electronic service of notices and other documents

50 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

Break fee for fixed term of not more than 3 years

- **51** The tenant agrees: that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:
 - **51.1** 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,
 - **51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
 - 51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
 - **51.4** I week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52 The landlord agrees: that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

Additional Terms

Initialled by Victor
Galachov
the 6th of September 2023

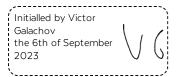
[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- a. both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and
- b. they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- c. they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

Additional term - pets

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]



53 The landlord: agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises

[specify the breed, size etc]:

54 The tenant agrees:

- 54.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and
- 54.2 to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped it required under law, and
- 54.4 to comply with any council requirements
- 55 The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.
- **56** The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.

Additional term - Rent increases during the fixed term

57 If the details in this clause 57 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement as follows

57.1 on ____/___, rent is to be increased to \$____ per ____.

58 If the details in this clause 58 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement using the following method: [insert method of calculation]

[For a Fixed Term of less than 2 years]

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of less than 2 years must not be increased during the fixed term unless the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

[For a Fixed Term of 2 years or more]

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable. Notice of a rent increase must be given by a landlord or landlord's agent even if details of the rent increase are set out in the residential tenancy agreement.

The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months and may be increased whether or not the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

Additional term - No set off

59 Without the written approval of the landlord, the tenant must not set off or seek to set off the rental bond against any rent or other monies payable by the tenant to the landlord.

Additional term - Smoking

- **60** The tenant must not smoke or allow others to smoke in the premises.
- **61** If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke outside the premises, the tenant must ensure that all cigarette butts are properly disposed and not left on the ground.
- **62** If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke inside the premises in breach of clause 60, upon termination of this agreement, the tenant will be responsible for the cost of professionally cleaning all surfaces, floors and windows of the premises.

Additional term - Tenancy Databases

- 63 The landlord may list the tenant's personal information in a residential tenancy database if:
 - 63.1 the tenant was named as a tenant in this agreement that has terminated or the tenant's co-tenancy was terminated:
 - 63.2 the tenant breached this agreement;
 - 63.3 because of the breach, the tenant owes the landlord an amount that is more than the rental bond for this agreement or the Tribunal has made a termination order; and
 - 63.4 the personal information identifies the nature of the breach and is accurate, complete and unambiguous.

Additional term - Condition Report

- **64** If a condition report, signed by both the tenant and the landlord, is included with or annexed to this agreement, the parties agree that:
 - 64.1 it forms part of this agreement; and
 - 64.2 it represents a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.
- 65 If the landlord or the landlord's agent provides a condition report, signed by the landlord to the tenant and the tenant does not return a copy of the condition report, signed by the tenant, within 7 days of taking possession of the premises, then the condition report signed by the landlord is deemed to:
 - 65.1 form part of this agreement; and
 - 65.2 represent a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.

Additional term - Previous Condition Report

66 the parties agree that the condition report dated ____/___ and carried out to record the state of repair and condition of the residential premises under a previous residential tenancy agreement between the landlord and the tenant, forms part of this agreement.

Additional term - Health Issues

67 The tenant must

- 67.1 routinely clean the premises to avoid any mould, mildew or damp build-up:
- 67.2 ensure that exhaust fans are turned on and windows are opened when the relevant rooms in the premises are in use, e.g. bathrooms, to minimise condensation;
- 67.3 ensure that the premises are free of any pests and vermin;
- 67.4 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent if there are any signs of mould, mildew, dampness, pests or vermin in the premises.

Additional term - Telecommunication Facilities

68 The Landlord does not warrant or make any representation that there are lines of connection to telephone, internet and cable or

analogue telephone or television services.

Additional term - Repairs

- **69** The tenant may not request the landlord to carry out non-urgent repairs at the premises on times other than between 9am to 5pm on business days.
- **70** If the landlord has, acting reasonably, requested the tenant to provide access to the premises for the purpose of repairs, the tenant is liable for any call out fees incurred by the landlord as a result of the tenant failing to provide access to the premises for any reason at the specified time and date.

Additional term - Procedure on Termination

- 71 Upon termination of this agreement, the tenant must vacate the premises in a peaceful manner and return all keys, security cards and other opening devices to the landlord or the landlord's agent.
- 72 If the tenant fails to comply with clause 71, the tenant must continue to pay rent to the landlord, at the amount payable immediately prior to termination of this agreement until:
 - 72.1 all the keys, security cards and other opening devices are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent; or
 - 72.2 the landlord or the landlord's agent has replaced/changed the locks to the premises and the landlord is able to gain access to the premises.
- 73 The tenant is liable, and must compensate the landlord, for the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2
- 74 The landlord may apply to the Civil and Administration Tribunal (NCAT) for an order to recover:
 - 74.1 the rent payable by the tenant for the period from the date of termination to the date the landlord gains access to the premises; and
 - 74.2 the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.

Additional term - Dishonoured Payments

75 If any payment to the landlord is dishonoured upon presentation to a financial institution, then the landlord will provide to the tenant, any evidence to substantiate that they have been charged a fee as a result of the tenant's dishonoured payment (the Dishonour Fee). The tenant is liable to pay the Dishonour Fee to the landlord. The tenant must pay the Dishonour Fee within 21 days notice from the landlord notifying the tenant of the dishonoured payment.

Additional term - Gardens

76 The tenant is responsible for regularly maintaining the yard and gardens on the premises (including regular mowing, edging, pruning and weeding) during the tenancy period. The tenant agrees to keep the yard and gardens on the premises in good condition (having regard to the condition report) during the tenancy period, fair wear and tear excluded.

Additional term - care of swimming pool

77 If there is a swimming pool located on the premises, the tenan

- 77.1 keep the swimming pool clean and regularly sweep up any leaves or other debris which have fallen into the swimming pool;
- 77.2 regularly clean the sides of the swimming pool to minimise build-up of slime and other residue;
- 77.3 regularly clean the pool filters and empty out the leaf baskets;
- 77.4 maintain the cleanliness and clarity of the water to a standard set by the landlord (acting reasonably) by testing the pool water monthly and treating, at the tenant's cost, the pool with the necessary chemicals, if required:
- 77.5 maintain the water level above the filter inlet at all times:
- 77.6 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of any issues with the pool or pool equipment:
- 77.7 ensure that all doors and gates providing access to the swimming pool are kept securely closed at all times when they are not in actual use;
- 77.8 not leave any items near the swimming pool or the safety door/gate which would allow a child to gain access to the swimming pool; and
- 77.9 take all reasonable steps to ensure no unaccompanied child can gain access to the pool area.

Additional term - electronic signatures

- 78 Any notice given electronically under this agreement must comply with sections 8 and 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW), as applicable.
- **79** Any signature given electronically under this agreement must comply with section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW),

Additional term - Asbestos

80 The parties acknowledge that the premises may contain asbestos or asbestos containing materials and the tenant must promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent in writing, if any surface and/or material at the premises suspected of containing asbestos, is disturbed or damaged in any way.

Additional term - Consent to publish photographs of residential premises

- **81** The tenant consents to the landlord or landlord's agent publishing any photograph or visual recording made of the interior of the residential premises in which any of the tenant's possessions are visible.
- **82** The tenant's consent does not apply to photographs or visual recordings taken by the landlord or landlord's agent without first providing the tenant with reasonable notice.

Additional term - Garage

83 The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in the event the property includes the use of a garage or car-space, said space is provided for the sole purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of personal goods and belongings. In the event that the tenant places their goods in this area, the landlord makes no warranty as to the security and/or waterproofing of the area and accepts no responsibility for any damage or theft that may occur to those goods.

Additional term - Storage

84 The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in circumstances where the premises includes a storage room/cage/area for the tenants use, the landlord makes no warranty as to the area being fit for purpose and accepts no responsibility if the storage room/cage/area is not adequately ventilated, secure or watertight.

Special Conditions and Terms

Signed by Victor
Galachov
the 6th of September
2023

Special Condition - Smoking

THE OCCUPIER AND ANY INVITEE MUST NOT SMOKE WITHIN THE PROPERTY.

Notes

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.

regulations means the Property and Stock Agents Regulation 2022 (NSW).

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (see notes 3 and 4). Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and the tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD

Landlord's agent Kathryn Dziubinski the 6th of September 2023



LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

Landlord's agent Kathryn Dziubinski the 6th of September 2023



SIGNED BY THE TENANT

Tenant #1 Victor Galachov the 6th of September 2023



TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

Tenant #1 Victor Galachov the 6th of September 2023



For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au.

Confirmations

Tenant

I confirm I am the name	ed tenant on this agreement as identified by d	ocuments provided to Raine & Horne St Marys. This signature is my own,
	and I also confirm I agree to sign my Residen	tial Tenancy Agreement in this electronic format.
,		
	Agreed by Victor Galachov	
		T and the second

Audit Trail

06 September 2023 10:27 AM	The NSW Residential Tenancy documents: NSW Tenant info statement (NSW_tenant_info_statement.pdf), Strata by-laws (20 Wheeler - SP 69388.pdf) have been sent to Victor Galachov (victorgalachov@hotmail.com)	
06 September 2023 10:27 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Victor Galachov	180.150.4.123
06 September 2023 10:32 AM	Viewed by Victor Galachov	1.144.30.11
06 September 2023 10:35 AM	Victor Galachov requested a change - Additional Terms	1.144.30.11
06 September 2023 10:45 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Victor Galachov	180.150.4.123
06 September 2023 11:14 AM	Viewed by Victor Galachov	1.144.29.246
06 September 2023 11:20 AM	Victor Galachov Initialled the swimming pool clause	1.144.29.246
06 September 2023 11:20 AM	Victor Galachov Initialled the additional terms	1.144.29.246
06 September 2023 11:20 AM	Victor Galachov Initialled the pets clause	1.144.29.246
06 September 2023 11:21 AM	Victor Galachov Initialled the bottom of each page	1.144.29.246
06 September 2023 11:21 AM	Victor Galachov signed the special conditions and terms	1.144.29.246
06 September 2023 11:21 AM	Tenant Victor Galachov has confirmed their identity	1.144.29.246
06 September 2023 11:21 AM	Signed by Victor Galachov	1.144.29.246
06 September 2023 11:21 AM	Victor Galachov has sent the agreement back to the agent	1.144.29.246
06 September 2023 11:21 AM	All signatures received, Contract is sent back to the agent	
06 September 2023 01:04 PM	Signed by agent Kathryn Dziubinski	180.150.4.123
06 September 2023 01:04 PM	Residential Tenancy agreement has been sent to: victorgalachov@hotmail.com, kathryn.dziubinski@stmarys.rh.com.au	