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The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales.

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	eCOS ID: 7412696	S8 NSW	DAN:	
vendor's agent	Laurence Morgan			Phone: 02 4207 9484	
	Level 2, Shop 5 417 Princes	Highway WOONONA NSW 2517		Fax:	
co-agent				Ref:	
vendor	Jillian Frances Walton				
	153 Burke Street MOUNT A	JSTIN NSW 2650			
vendor's solicitor	Baileys Conveyancing Se	rvices		Phone: 02 4284 5233	
	364a Princes Highway WOO			Fax: 02 4284 5244	
				Ref: 28520	
date for completion	42 days after the contract da	te (claus	e 15) Email:	baileys@baileysconveyancing.com.au	
land	5/29 Hopetoun Street WOO!	11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-		Tanayag amayasan kajanan g.com.ag	
(Address, plan details	Lot 5 in Strata Plan 22871				
and title reference)					
	5/SP22871		.2		
	☐ VACANT POSSESSION	Subject to existing tenan	<u>19—19</u>		
improvements	☐ HOUSE ☐ garage	☐ carport ☐ home unit	carspace st	orage space	
	none vother:	villa			
attached copies	documents in the List of	f Documents as marked or as nu	mbered:		
	other documents:				
A real	estate agent is permitted by	<i>legislation</i> to fill up the items in	this box in a sale of reside	ntial property.	
inclusions	✓ blinds	dishwasher	light fittings	✓ stove	
	built-in wardrobe	fixed floor coverings	√ range hood	pool equipment	
	clothes line	✓ insect screens	solar panels	☐ TV antenna	
	✓ curtains	other: ceiling fans, r	everse cycle air conditioning	g.	
	remote control for gara	nge			
exclusions					
purchaser					
				P. De Breite	
purchaser's solicitor				Phone:	
				Fax: Ref:	
price	\$		E	mail:	
deposit	\$			ice, unless otherwise stated)	
balance	\$		CHEMINE VIOLANE AS SIGNESS CHEMINAL CH	Control Contro	
contract date			(if not stated, the o	date this contract was made)	
buyer's agent					
vendor				witness	
	[
	l l	GST AMOUNT (optional)			
	ı	The price includes			
		GST of: \$			
w					
purchaser	☐ JOINT TENANTS	tenants in common	in unequal shares	witness	
BREACH OF COPYRIG	HT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL AG	CTION	28520	74126968	

2 Land - 2019 edition Choices vendor agrees to accept a deposit-bond (clause ?) □ NO yes Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELiv) (clause 30) Electronic transaction (clause 30) no YES (if no, vendor must provide further details, such as the proposed applicable waiver, in the space below, or serve within 14 days of the contract date): Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware) land tax is adjustable K NO Ves □ NO yes in full **GST:** Taxable supply yes to an extent Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply ☐ NO Ves This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is: not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))

Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment □ NO yes(if yes, vendor must provide (residential withholding payment) further details) If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice

within 14 days of the contract date.

by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))

GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-0

input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325

GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) - further details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name: Supplier's ABN: Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable): Supplier's business address: Supplier's email address: Supplier's phone number: Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$ If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier. Amount purchaser must pay - price multiplied by the RW rate (residential withholding rate): \$ Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify): Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$ Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

			_		
General Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)					
V	1	property certificate for the land	V	32	property certificate for strata common property
	2	plan of the land	V	33	plan creating strata common property
	3	unregistered plan of the land	V	34	strata by-laws
	4	plan of land to be subdivided		35	strata development contract or statement
	5	document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan		36	strata management statement
1	6	section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental		37	strata renewal proposal
		Planning and Assessment Act 1979		38	strata renewal plan
V	7	additional information included in that certificate under		39	leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
V	0	section 10.7(5) sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location		40	property certificate for neighbourhood property
V	٥	diagram)		41	plan creating neighbourhood property
V	9	sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)		42	neighbourhood development contract
П		document that created or may have created an easement,		43	neighbourhood management statement
5=8		profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant		44	property certificate for precinct property
200		disclosed in this contract		45	plan creating precinct property
		planning agreement		46	precinct development contract
	12	section 88G certificate (positive covenant)		47	precinct management statement
	13	survey report		48	property certificate for community property
	14	building information certificate or building certificate given		49	plan creating community property
	191241	under legislation		50	community development contract
		lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)		51	community management statement
		other document relevant to tenancies		52	document disclosing a change of by-laws
\vdash		licence benefiting the land		53	document disclosing a change in a development or
닐		old system document	-		management contract or statement
닏		Crown purchase statement of account		54	document disclosing a change in boundaries
		building management statement		55	information certificate under Strata Schemes Management
		form of requisitions			Act 2015
		clearance certificate	Ш	56	Information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
ш		land tax certificate	П	57	disclosure statement - off the plan contract
Hom	e Bu	ilding Act 1989	Н		other document relevant to off the plan contract
	24	insurance certificate	Othe		Salar Sa
	25	brochure or warning			
	26	evidence of alternative indemnity cover		59	
Swim	min	g Pools Act 1992			
	27	certificate of compliance			
	28	evidence of registration			
	29	relevant occupation certificate			
	30	certificate of non-compliance			
	31	detailed reasons of non-compliance			

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

 Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group

Australian Taxation Office

Council

County Council

Department of Planning, Industry and

Environment

Department of Primary Industries

Electricity and gas

Land & Housing Corporation

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory

NSW Fair Trading

NSW Department of Education

Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications

Transport for NSW
Water, sewerage or drainage authority

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday:

a cheque that is not postdated or stale; cheque

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount deposit-bond

each approved by the vendor:

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent):

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; document of title

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the FRCGW remittance

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

anv) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions:

> a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of \$7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property:

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim):

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning:

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

serve in writing on the other party:

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheque;

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this solicitor

contract or in a notice served by the party;

Taxation Administration Act 1953; TA Act terminate terminate this contract for breach;

variation

a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act: in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the property or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

planning agreement

serve

within

work order

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until termination by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each party tells the depositholder that the deposit is to be invested, the depositholder is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with a bank, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the parties equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a deposit-bond for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original deposit-bond to the vendor's solicitor (or if no solicitor the depositholder) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond -
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor -
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to termination a notice disputing the vendor's right to terminate, the vendor must forward the deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to termination a notice disputing the purchaser's right to terminate, the vendor must forward the deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion -
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser serves a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of requisitions is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those requisitions.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other requisition, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the property or title within 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 Normally, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion —

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed -
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment):
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the parties do not appoint an arbitrator and neither party requests the President to appoint an arbitrator within 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor serves a notice of intention to rescind that specifies the requisition and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause within 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either-
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this
 contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the property due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the property or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a work order, and this contract is rescinded or terminated, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a party must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the GST rate.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -
 - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST* rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation
 Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before
 completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter within 3 months of completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the parties agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the property.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the GST rate if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 ... the margin scheme applies to the property (or any part of the property).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 ciause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - · the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a document of title that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the property does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the property before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the property passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor -
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation -
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.
- BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor.
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received:
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay -
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or 20.7.2 if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

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- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme:
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

· Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

· Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must serve an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
 Meetings of the owners corporation
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

- 24 Tenancies
- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the adjustment date any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser -
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to serve the form of transfer until after the vendor has served a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under legislation or a planning agreement.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then serve the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) within 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a party, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - 27.6.1 within 42 days after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can rescind; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered within 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under legislation.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each party must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a party who has the benefit of the provision, the party can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, a party who has the benefit of the provision can rescind within 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a party who has the benefit of the provision can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the refusal; and

- the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest 29.7.3
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind:
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either party can rescind:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party serves notice of the event happening.
- A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens. 29.9
- 30
- Electronic transaction
 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if 30.1
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an electronic transaction:
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the effective date, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a party serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- If, because of clause 30.2.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic 30.3 transaction -
 - 30.3.1 each party must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction;

- 30.3.2 if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as Electronic Workspace and Lodgment Case) have the same meaning which they have in the participation rules:
 - the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -30.4.3
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree;
 - 30.4.4 a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
 - after the effective date: and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2:

is taken to have been received by that party at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an electronic document is served as soon as it is first Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace on behalf of the party required to serve it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date
 - create an Electronic Workspace; 30.5.1
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an Electronic Workspace in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an Electronic Workspace. If the purchaser creates the Electronic Workspace the purchaser must
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with title data; 30.6.1
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer.
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; 30.6.3
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - join the Electronic Workspace; 30.7.1
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the Electronic Workspace –
 - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single settlement cheque;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
 - 30.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the party required to deliver the documents or things 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the party entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate:

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be settled;

conveyancing rules discharging mortgagee

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to

be transferred to the purchaser;

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date:

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

Land - 2019 edition

electronic transaction

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable

a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules:

incoming mortgagee

any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price:

the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules

mortgagee details

the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

populate title data

the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; and
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must –

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 –
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

Additional clauses forming part of this contract

- 32 The purchaser was not introduced to the property or the vendor by any real estate agent or other person entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale (other than the vendor's agent, if any, specified in this contract). The purchaser will indemnify the vendor against any claim for commission by any real estate agent or other person arising out of an introduction of the purchaser and against all claims and expenses for the defence and determination of such a claim made against the vendor. This right continues after completion.
- Despite any rule of law or equity to the contrary, the vendor and the purchaser agree that any notice to complete given by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract shall be reasonable as to time if a period of 14 days from the date of service of the notice is allowed for completion.
- 33.1 The purchaser will pay the sum of \$275.00 to cover legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the delay as an additional adjustment on completion, in the event that the vendor's solicitor issues a Notice to Complete.
- The purchaser accepts the property in its present condition and state of repair with all faults latent and patent subject to fair wear and tear as provided in clause 10.1.4 and the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in this regard.
- Without in any way limiting, negating or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this clause not been included, if either party (and if more than one person comprises that first party then any one of them) prior to completion:
- 35.1 dies or becomes mentally ill, then the other party may rescind this contract by written notice to the first party's solicitor and thereupon this contract will be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 apply; or
- 35.2 being a company has a petition for its winding up presented or enters into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors or has a liquidator receiver or official manager of it appointed, then the first party will be in default under this contract.
- Provided that the vendor is ready, willing and able to give title to the purchaser, if this contract is not completed for any reason (other than the vendors default) on or before the Completion date then in addition to any other right which the vendor may have under this contract or otherwise the purchaser will on completion (which will in this clause include rescission or termination) of this contract pay to the vendor interest on the balance of the purchase price at the rate of 10% per annum calculated on daily balances, commencing on the Completion date and continuing until completion of this contract. This interest is a genuine pre-estimate of liquidated damages and will be deemed to be part of the balance of purchase money due and payable on completion.

- The purchaser acknowledges that he is entering into this agreement for sale relying upon his own inspections, knowledge and enquiries and that he does not rely upon any warranties or representations made to him by or on behalf of the vendor except as contained herein and the parties agree that there have been no warranties and no agreements, conditions, covenants, representations, promises and undertakings made between the parties or by either of them other than those made in writing either as contained herein or as contained in other writing expressly stated as forming part of this agreement for sale.
- The vendor must on completion allow amounts of water and sewerage usage charges for which the relevant authority has not issued accounts. The amounts must be calculated by multiplying:
- 38.1 the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date by
- 38.2 the average charge per day for usage for the last period for which an account issued.
- 39 Clause 7.1.1 substitute 5% with \$1.
- 40 If there is any inconsistency between the terms of any special conditions and the terms of the printed form of the Contract for Sale of Land then the parties agree that the provisions of the special conditions shall prevail and apply.

Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016

Schedule 2

Schedule 2 By-laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

(Clause 35)

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

Note

This by-law was previously by-law 12 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 13 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 13 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 14 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 14 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 15 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 15 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 16 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

5 Damage to common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or
otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the
approval in writing of the owners corporation.

Note.

This by-law is subject to sections 109 and 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.

- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.

- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 106 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

This by-law was previously by-law 16 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 17 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

This by-law was previously by-law 17 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 18 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

This by-law was previously by-law 18 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 19 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property. Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 19 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 20 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

This by-law was previously by-law 20 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 21 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

This by-law was previously by-law 21 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 22 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 22 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 23 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners
 corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical,
 liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 23 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 24 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 24 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 25 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

14 Floor coverings

- An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 25 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 26 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

15 Garbage disposal

An owner or occupier of a lot:

- (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and

- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except... with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 26 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 27 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

16 Keeping of animals

- Subject to section 157 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, an owner or occupier of
 a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on
 the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 27 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 28 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 29 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 30 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

18 Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

Note.

This by-law was previously by-law 3 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 3 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

19 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452 Fax.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 5/SP22871

LAND

LOT 5 IN STRATA PLAN 22871 AT WOONONA LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WOLLONGONG

FIRST SCHEDULE

JILLIAN FRANCES WALTON

(T 0653182)

SECOND SCHEDULE (1 NOTIFICATION)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP22871

NOTATIONS

NOTE: THE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE FOR THIS FOLIO OF THE REGISTER DOES NOT INCLUDE SECURITY FEATURES INCLUDED ON COMPUTERISED CERTIFICATES OF TITLE ISSUED FROM 4TH JANUARY, 2004. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT STRINGENT PROCESSES ARE ADOPTED IN VERIFYING THE IDENTITY OF THE PERSON(S) CLAIMING A RIGHT TO DEAL WITH THE LAND COMPRISED IN THIS FOLIO.

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

28520

PRINTED ON 29/10/2020

Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452 Fax.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP22871

VOL 15343 FOL 237 IS THE CURRENT CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 22871 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT WOONONA
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WOLLONGONG
PARISH OF WOONONA COUNTY OF CAMDEN
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP22871

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 22871 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: 29 HOPETOWN STREET WOONONA 2517

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- * 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 60)

STRATA PLAN 22871

* * * * * * * * * *							
LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1 -	10	2 -	10	3 -	10	4 -	10
5 -	1.0	6 -	1.0				

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

28520

PRINTED ON 29/10/2020

^{*} Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title, Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register, triSearch an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 968(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

Req:R878 © Office	600 /Doc:SP 0022871 P /Rev: of the Registrar-General /	28-Oct-2008 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:29-Oct-2020 12:22 Src:TRISEARCH /Ref:28520 2H 5\5	/Seq:2 of 2	
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WOLLONGONG CITY COUNCIL

Address 41 Burelli Street Wollongong • Post Locked Bag 8821 Wollongong DC NSW 2500

Phone (02) 4227 7111 • Fax (02) 4227 7277 • Email council@wollongong.nsw.gov.au

Web www.wollongong.nsw.gov.au • ABN 63 137 525 737 • OST Registered

<u> հվատարիկակարհակութի</u>

013

Bailey's Conveyancing Services Pty Ltd PO BOX 221 THIRROUL NSW 2515

CERTIFICATE	202005224
Issued	29 October 2020
Certificate Type	Sections 10.7(2) & (5)
Fee	\$133.00
Your Reference	28520:184927
Council Property Refer	ence 368031

PLANNING CERTIFICATE

Issued Under Section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

PROPERTY DETAILS

Legal Description	Lot 5 SP 22871
Location	5/29 Hopetoun Street
	WOONONA NSW 2517

This certificate provides information on how a property (such as land and buildings) may be used and the limits on its development. The certificate contains information Council is aware of through its records and environmental plans, along with data supplied by the State Government

SECTION 10.7 (2) DETAILS

As at the date of this certificate, the following prescribed matters under section 10.7(2) of the Act relate to the abovementioned land:

1. NAMES OF RELEVANT PLANNING INSTRUMENTS & DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLANS

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land

Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009

State Environmental Planning Policies

State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Drinking Water Catchment) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (Urban Renewal) 2010

State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries)

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy No 70 Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment

Development

LIS | LPA | 149LONG | 04222304.00CX

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 64 - Advertising and Signage

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 - Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 50 - Canal Estate Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 36 - Manufactured Home Estates

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 21 - Caravan Parks

State Environmental Planning Policy - (Vegetation in Non Rural areas) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2013

State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) Amendment (Heritage Conservation Areas Exemption) 2020

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) Amendment (Energy Storage Technology) (No 2) 2020

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt & Complying Development Codes) Amendment (Low Rise Housing Diversity Code) 2020

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-General has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not yet been approved)

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy - Infrastructure - Amendment (Shooting Ranges) 2013

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy - Infrastructure - Amendment (Sport and Recreation) 2013

Explanation of Intended Effect - Proposed Draft Environment SEPP (2017)

Explanation of Intended Effect – Proposed Repeal of Two Operational SEPPs – SEPP 1 Development Standards and SEPP (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007 (2017)

Explanation of Intended Effect - Proposed new Remediation of Land SEPP and the Draft Planning Guidelines

Explanation of Intended Effect - Proposed Amendment to SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

Explanation of Intended Effect - Proposed Amendment to SEPP Three Ports 2013

Explanation of Intended Effect - Proposed Amendment to SEPP - Short Term Rental Accommodation

(3) The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land

Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009

Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009, contains detailed development controls which supplement the provisions of Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009.

Note: The Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009 should be consulted to ascertain its full effect on the land.

(4) In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a Local Environmental Plan or a draft environmental planning instrument.

2. ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER RELEVANT LEPS

Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009.

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a State Environmental Planning Policy or proposed State Environmental Planning Policy) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

(a) the identity of the zone, whether by reference to a name (such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area") or by reference to a number (such as "Zone No 2(a)")

R2 - Low Density Residential

(b) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent

Home occupations.

(c) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat launching ramps; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental facilities; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home based child care; Hospitals; Hostels; Information and education facilities; Jetties; Manor houses, Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture, Places of public worship; Pond-based aquaculture, Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Residential flat buildings; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Shop top housing; Signage; Tank-based aquaculture, Veterinary hospitals.

(d) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone.

Any development not specified in subclause (2) or (3).

Note: For subdivision consent requirements see Clause 2.6, of Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009.

Demolition of a building or work requires consent see Clause 2.6AA, of Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009.

Development below the mean high water mark requires consent see Clause 5.7, of Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009.

Note: Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009 should be consulted to ascertain its full effect on the land.

(e) Whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling- house on the land, and if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed

See Clauses 4.1, 4.1AA, 4.1A, 4.1B, 4.2 and 4.2A of the Local Environmental Plan.

(f) Whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat

Nil

(g) Whether the land is in a conservation area (however described)

Nil.

(h) Whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land Nil.

2A. ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (SYDNEY REGIONAL GROWTH CENTRES) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone (however described) under:

- (a) Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP),
- a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,

the particulars referred to in clause 2 (a) – (h) in relation to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

Not Applicable.

3. COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1), (c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
- (2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Note: For land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Three Ports) 2013 applies, Exempt and Complying Development is detailed under clauses 24 and 25 of this SEPP.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

- (1) Subject to the terms of each code, and the zoning of the land, complying development may be carried out for the following codes to the extent that the land has no affectation.
 - Part 2 Exempt Development Code
 - Part 3 Housing Code (R1, R2, R3, R4, RU5)
 - Part 3A Rural Housing Code (RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6, R5)
 - Part 3B Low Rise Housing Diversity Code (R1, R2, R3, RU5)
 - Part 4 Housing Alterations Code
 - Part 4A General Development Code
 - Part 5 Commercial and Industrial (Alterations) Code
 - Part 5A Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code
 - Part 5B Container Recycling Facilities Code
 - Part 6 Subdivisions Code
 - Part 7 Demolition Code
 - Part 8 Fire Safety Code

4B. ANNUAL CHARGES UNDER LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1993 FOR COASTAL PROTECTION SERVICES THAT RELATE TO EXISTING COASTAL PROTECTION WORKS

In relation to a coastal council- whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the <u>Local Government Act 1993</u> for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act)

Note: "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on the land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993

Not applicable

5. MINE SUBSIDENCE

Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

The land is not proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the <u>Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.</u>

6. ROAD WIDENING AND ROAD REALIGNMENT

Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

- (a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993 or
- (b) Any environmental planning instrument or
- (c) Any resolution of the council

Council has no record that the land is affected by any Road Widening or Road Realignment under:

- a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or
- b) any environmental planning instrument, or
- c) any resolution of the Council.

7. COUNCIL AND OTHER PUBLIC AUTHORITY POLICIES ON HAZARD RISK RESTRICTIONS

Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

- a) adopted by the council, or
- b) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council, that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils or any other risk (other than flooding).

Council has adopted "Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009 - Chapter E12 Geotechnical Assessment".

Council has adopted Acid Sulfate Maps, Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009 - Clause 7.5 Acid Sulfate Soils.

Council has adopted "Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009 – Chapter E16 Bushfire Management". The Rural Fire Service has endorsed the Bush Fire Prone Land map.

Unhealthy Building Land Policy, adopted by the Environmental Protection Authority.

Council has adopted Wollongong City Council Coastal Zone Study (Cardno, Lawson, Treloar 2010).

7A. FLOOD RELATED DEVELOPMENT CONTROLS INFORMATION

(1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

Development on the land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls as contained in Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009 Chapter E13 Floodplain Management and Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009 Clause 7.3 Flood Planning.

(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

Development on the land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls as contained in Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009 Chapter E13 Floodplain Management and Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009 Clause 7.3 Flood Planning.

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meaning as in the instrument set out in the Schedule to the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006

Further flood information relating to this parcel of land is available by application under section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

8. LAND RESERVED FOR ACQUISITION

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

Nil.

9. CONTRIBUTION PLANS

The name of each contributions plan applying to the land.

Wollongong City Wide-Development Contributions Plan

This plan levies contributions under Section 7.12 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW). The Contribution is calculated based on the proposed cost of carrying out development and, where applicable, the requirement to pay contributions will be included in any development consent or complying development certificate issued. Further information is available from Councils website.

9A. BIODIVERSITY CERTIFIED LAND

If the land biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, a statement to that effect.

Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act* 2016.

Nil.

10. BIODIVERSITY STEWARDSHIP SITES

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Note: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include bio-banking agreements under Part 7A of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

Nil.

10A. NATIVE VEGETATION CLEARING SET ASIDES

If the land contains a set aside are under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

Nil.

11. BUSH FIRE PRONE LAND

If any of the land is bush fire prone land (as defined in the Act), a statement that all or, as the case may be, some of the land is bush fire prone land.

If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

The land is not recorded in Council's records as bushfire prone land.

12. PROPERTY VEGETATION PLANS

If the land is land to which a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the <u>Native</u> <u>Vegetation Act 2003</u> (and that continues in force), a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under the Act).

Council has not been notified that the land is affected by a Property Vegetation Plan issued under the Native Vegetation Act 2003.

13. ORDERS UNDER TREES (DISPUTES BETWEEN NEIGHBOURS) ACT 2006

Whether an order has been made under the <u>Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006</u> to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order)

Council has not been notified of an order.

14. STATE SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENT

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect.

Nil

STATE SIGNIFICANT INFRASTRUCTURE

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect.

Nil

15. SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS FOR SENIORS HOUSING

If the land is land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 applies:

(1) A statement of whether there is a current, site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
- (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning, and
- (2) A statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18(2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 Nil.

16. SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTICATE FOR INFRASTRUCTURE

A statement of whether there is a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure), or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments) of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- (a) the period for which the certificate is valid, and
- (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 Nil

17. SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATE AND CONDITIONS FOR AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING

- (1) A statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
 - (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
 - (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.
- (2) A statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17 (1) or 38 (1) of <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009</u> that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
Nil.

18. PAPER SUBDIVISION INFORMATION

(1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to the consent ballot.

Nil

(2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Not applicable

(3) Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

19. SITE VERIFICATION CERTIFICATES

A statement of whether there is a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

(a) the matter certified by the certificate, and

Note: A site verification certificate sets out the Director-General's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land-see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries 2007).

- (b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and
- (c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

Nil

Nil.

20. LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION REGISTER

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed on the register, that is required to be maintained under that Division, a statement to that effect.

For register information contact www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au

21. AFFECTED BUILDING NOTICES AND BUILDING PRODUCT RECTIFICATION ORDERS

- A statement of whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
- (2) A statement of:
 - (a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and

- (b) Whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.
- (3) In this clause: affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017. building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Affected building notice has the same meaning as Part 4 of the <u>Building Products (Safety) Act</u> 2017 No 69

Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the <u>Building Products (Safety)</u> Act 2017 No 69

Nil.

CONTAMINATED LAND MANAGEMENT ACT 1997

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated within the meaning of that Act- if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of the Act- if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued.
- (c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act – if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act – if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the Act – if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate

Council has not been advised that:

- The land is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997
- b) The land is subject to a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997
- c) The land is subject to an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997
- d) The land is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

e) The land is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.

SECTION 10.7 (5) DETAILS

As at the date of this certificate, the following additional information, provided in good faith pursuant to section 10.7 (5) of the Act, relate to the abovementioned land. Council has selected these matters as those most likely to be of concern but they do not comprise an exhaustive list of matters likely to affect the land.

When information pursuant to section 10.7 (5) is requested the Council is under no obligation to furnish any of the information supplied herein pursuant to that section. Council draws you attention to section 10.7 (6) which states that a council shall not incur any liability in respect of any advice provided in good faith pursuant to subsection (5). The absence of any reference to any matter affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by any matter referred to in this certificate.

RESOLUTION TO PREPARE PLANNING PROPOSAL

Council on the 25 May 2020 resolved to prepare a draft Planning Proposal to update the permissibility of home employment uses in the Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009, specifically to:

- Include home occupations as permitted without consent in the land use tables for the R3, R4, B2, B3, B4 and B6 zones
- b) Include home businesses as permitted with consent in the land use tables for the RU2, RU4, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, E3, E4, B2, B3, B4 and B6 zones
- Include home industries as permitted with consent in the land use tables for the RU2, RU4, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, E3 and E4 zones
- d) Amend Clause 5.4 Controls relating to miscellaneous permissible uses, to include a subclause that specifies that home occupation has a maximum floor area of 30 square metres. 2 The draft Planning Proposal be forwarded to the NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment for Gateway determination. Ordinary Meeting of Council 25 May 2020 3 Minute No. 3 Following a Gateway determination, the draft Planning Proposal be exhibited for a minimum period of 28 days. 4 The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment be requested to issue authority to the General Manager to exercise Plan Making delegations, in accordance with Council's resolution of 26 November 2012.

Council on 17 July 2017 resolved to commence the preparation of a draft Planning Proposal to introduce Housing Affordability provisions or SEPP 70 Housing Affordability provisions into the Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009. The form of the provisions will be subject to a future report and subsequent community consultation.

PROPOSED DRAFT DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLANS

The following plans have been placed on exhibition pursuant to the provisions of section 3.43 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979:

Draft Development Control Plan 2009 Review

The Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009 came into force on 3 March 2010. The following

draft chapters are available for public exhibition.

D16 Draft Neighbourhood Plans for various lots - West Dapto Urban Release Area

LAND STABILITY

Council's land constraint/stability assessment maps do not show that the land is located in an area where landslip and/or subsidence have occurred, or where land instability is suspected. If you have any doubt as to whether the land is affected by landslip and/or subsidence the services of a suitably qualified engineer should be obtained.

Note: the advice provided by Council in respect of the stability of the land is based on information contained in Council's land constraint maps. The maps have been compiled from data received by Council and considered by Council to be reasonably reliable. Council does not warrant that its land constraint maps contain all information ever received by Council relating to the stability of the land.

FLOOD AND DRAINAGE

Council records indicate that this property is Not Identified as Flood Affected.

Council's flood maps do not show that the land is located in an area where flooding has occurred or is suspected. If you have any doubt as to whether the land is affected by flooding the services of a suitably qualified engineer should be obtained.

Note 1: Some land may experience water inundation as a result of the creation of stormwater detention basins or channels or flow paths in the course of development of the land.

Note 2: Advice given by Council relating to the likelihood of land being flooded or the nature or extent of such flooding is based on information contained in Council's flood maps. The maps are compiled from data received by Council and/or studies prepared by Council and considered by Council to be reasonably reliable. Council does not warrant that its flood maps contain all information ever received by Council relating to the likelihood of land being flooded or the nature or extent of any such flooding.

Please note that flood information may change due to Council's flood study and Floodplain Risk Management Study currently being reviewed. As part of the review, design parameters for these studies are changing, and therefore the flood levels, velocities and flood risks may vary from the current flood study.

ACID SULFATE SOILS

Acid Sulfate Soils Class 5 has been mapped on this land, refer to Clause 7.5 of Wollongong Local Environmental Plan 2009.

CONTAMINATED LAND

No advice provided.

STATE SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENT

Nil

BUILDING LINES

Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009 details the setbacks applicable to the land.

OTHER HERITAGE MATTERS KNOWN TO COUNCIL

Aboriginal Heritage

All development within the Wollongong Local Government Area is subject to the Aboriginal Heritage requirements of the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974. To determine if your property is affected by an Aboriginal Site, it is recommended that an Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS) search be undertaken by contacting the AHIM'S Administrator on (02) 9995 5000. Further detail on Council's Aboriginal Heritage requirements for Development is contained within Chapter E10 of the Wollongong Development Control Plan 2009.

DEVELOPMENT HISTORY

Application may be made for a Building Certificate under section 10.7B of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if written certification of existing buildings on the land is required.

The history of development consent approval applicable to the land may be obtained by consulting the Development Consent Register. Enquiries concerning the register may be made at Council's Customer Service Centre, 41 Burelli Street Wollongong during office hours.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS

Council recommends you make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates and, if it contains a building constructed prior to 1980, the Council also strongly recommends that any potential purchaser obtain advice form a licensed asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land and, if so, the health risks (if any) this may pose for the building's occupants.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for further information.

OTHER INFORMATION

Illawarra Shoalhaven Regional Plan

The Department of Planning and Environment released the Illawarra Shoalhaven Regional Plan, November 2015. The strategy is the NSW Government 25 year land use strategy for the Illawarra Region.

Draft Wollongong City-Wide Development Contributions Plan 2020

The Draft Wollongong City-Wide Development Contributions Plan (2020) is on public exhibition from 5 August to 4 September 2020. For more information please visit www.wollongong.nsw.gov.ao or call Land Use Planning on 4227 7111.

Bushfire

In accordance with State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 Clause 1.19A any complying development (except under the Housing Alternation Code) may only be carried out on the lot if the development will not be carried out on any part of the lot that in the bush fore attack level-40 (BAL- 40) or the flame zone (BAL-FZ). In addition, for development specified for the Rural Housing Code any associated access way to the development must be on land that is not in the BAL- 40 or BAL-FZ or grassland.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The following general information is brought to the attention of land owners.

1. Tree Management Policy

The Wollongong Tree Management Policy allows proper assessment to be made of the environmental importance and viability of trees before they are pruned, removed or damaged in any way. This Policy prohibits the ringbarking, cutting down, topping, lopping, removing, injuring or destruction of any tree except with the prior written consent of Council.

The Tree Management Policy applies to any tree that:

- Is 3 metres or more in height,
- Has a trunk diameter of 200mm or more at a height of 1 metre from the ground, or
- Has a branch spread of 3 metres or more

Please note that:

- A dead/dying tree is subject to the Tree Management Policy
- Pruning of major structural or anchor roots is also subject to the Tree Management Policy

Some trees may be exempt and do not require a permit to prune or remove them. Following is a list of the exempt tree species:

Common Name	Botanical Name
African fern pine, Yellowwood	Afrocarpus falcatus (Syn. Nageia falcatus,
African Olive	Olea europaea subsp. cuspidata
Alder	Alnus species
Black Locust	Robinia pseudoacacia
Box Elder	Acer negundo
Camphor Laurel	Cinnamomum camphora
Canary Island Date Palm	Phoenix canariensis
China Doll	Radermachera sinica
Chinese Tallow	Triadica sebifera [Sapium sebiferum]

Common Name	Botanical Name
Cocos or Queen Palm	Syagrus romanzoffiana
Common Hackberry	Celtis occidentalis
Coral Tree	Erythrina × sykesii
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster species
Domestic Fruit Trees	
Golden Cypress Pine	Cuppressus macrocarpa Brunniana
Goldenrain Tree	Koelreutaria paniculata
Honey Locust	Gleditsia triacanthos
Kaffir Plum	Harpephyllum caffrum
Liquidambar	Liquidambar species
Norfolk Island Hibiscus/Itchy Pod Tree	Lagunaria patersonii
Oleander	Nerium oleander
Peppercorn, Pepper Tree	Schinus areira
Poplar	Populus species
Privet	Ligustrum species
Radiata Pine	Pinus radiata
Rubber Tree	Ficus elastica
Silky Oak	Grevillea robusta
Umbrella Tree	Schefflera actinophylla
Willow	Salix species

For the full list of other exemptions please refer to the Tree Management Policy document available via Council's website.

Any person acting on a permit issued under this Policy must comply with all conditions of that permit.

Any person who contravenes, or causes or permits the contravention of this Policy is guilty of an offence under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

Development Consents may contain restrictions relating to trees.

Further information regarding Council's Tree Management Policy including how to lodge an application can be made by contacting Council's Customer Service on telephone 4227 7111. Alternatively information can be obtained from Council's website via the following link http://www.wollongong.nsw.gov.au/services/household/trees/Pages/Lodgeatmp.aspx.

2. Termite Management for Buildings

Australian Standards 3660.1-2000 (New Buildings) AS 3660.2-2000 (Existing Buildings) Termite Management, recommends that buildings be inspected and be maintained in order to achieve termite management of buildings. Licensed Pest Control Contractors should be contacted to achieve necessary termite control.

3. Lead Paint and Building Renovations

Your attention is drawn to the hazards associated with lead-based paints during building renovation. Suitable precautions should be taken when removing flaking paint or sanding painted surfaces suspected to have been treated with lead-based paint to prevent contamination of the immediate environment and associated health risk from lead dust.

AS 4361 - Part 2 - Guide to Lead Paint Management - Residential and Commercial.

4. Sewage Management Systems

Where a property has on-site sewage management system (this includes septic tanks, disposal trenches, aerated waste water treatment systems, composting toilets and pump out systems) the new owner must obtain an "Approval to Operate" from Council within 3 months of land ownership being transferred or otherwise conveyed.

5. Asbestos

Exposure to asbestos is a serious health hazard. In Australia, asbestos was gradually phased out of building materials in the 1980s and the supply and installation of asbestos containing goods has been prohibited since 31 December 2003. However, asbestos legacy materials still exist in many homes, buildings and other assets and infrastructure.

Council on the 27 October 2014 adopted an Asbestos policy which states Council's commitment to and responsibilities for safely managing asbestos, and provides information for Council and the local community on safely managing asbestos. The policy can be viewed on Council's website: www.wollongong.nsw.gov.au.

6. Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation

Some residential homes located in NSW have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, for example in the roof space. NSW Fair Trading maintains a Register of homes that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation.

You should make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates and if it contains a building constructed prior to 1980, the council strongly recommends that any potential purchaser obtain advice from a licenced asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land and, if so, the health risks (if any) this may pose for the buildings occupants.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for further information.

7. Building Product Use Ban

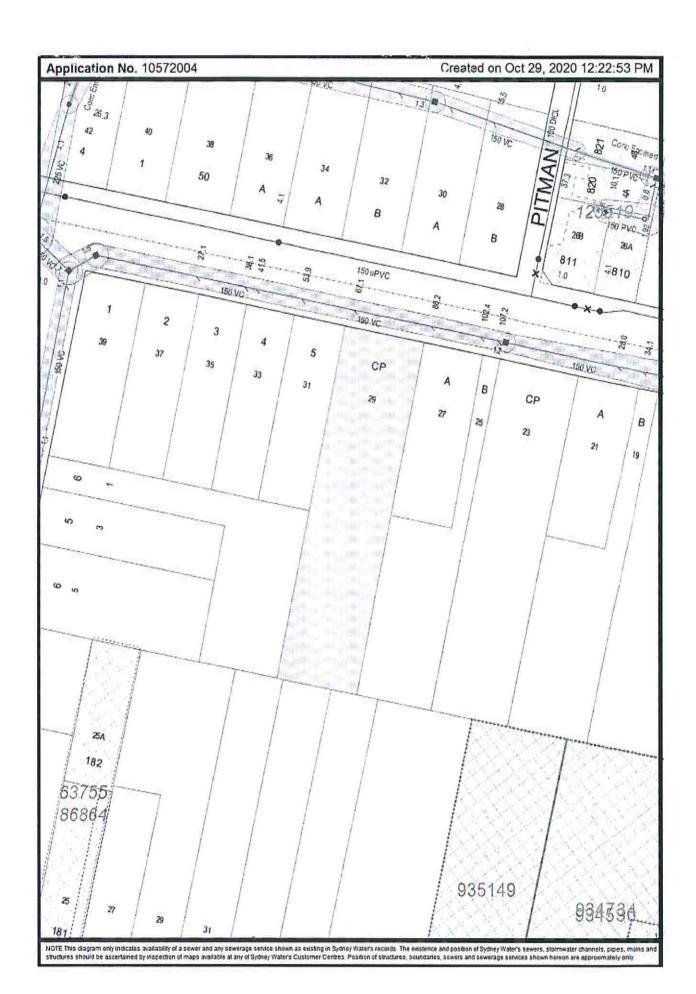
On 10 August 2018, the Commissioner of Fair Trading, Department of Finance, Services and Innovation issued, by way of a notice, a Building Product Use Ban under Section 9(1) of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017. This notice prohibited the use of Aluminium Composite Panels (ACPs) with a core of greater 30 percent Polyethylene (PE) by mass ("the building product") in any external cladding, external wall, external insulation, faced or rendered finish in certain classes of buildings under the National Construction Code and subject to certain exceptions. The ban commenced operation on Wednesday 15 August 2018.

You should undertake your own inquiries as to whether any of the Panels referenced in the Building Product Use Ban have been utilised in the building.

This letter is authorised by

Miriam Tolhurst

LIS Information Officer Section 10.7 Planning Certificates Wollongong City Council Telephone (02) 4227 7111



Application No. 10572005 Created on Oct 29, 2020 12:22:53 PM METROPOLITAN WATER SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE BOARD SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM CofW No. 50810 Municipality of SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS Boundary Trap Inspection Shaft Induct Pipe Mica Flap Ban Reflux Valve Shr Shower Wrought Iron Pipe Cleaning Eye Vertical Pipe o∨ERT Tubs Kitchen Sink Cast Iron Pipe Floor Waste OVP Grease Intercepter Gully Vent Pipe Soil Vent Pipe KS Water Closet FW Washing Machine Bath Waste Down Cast Cowl AW DCC P Trap SEWER AVAILABLE Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer. Don to Former St. Y_(4 103.1927410 RATE No. 95-14368-1012 W.C.S. Scale 1:500 For House Services Engineer 11339 "U.C.s. SHEET No. PLUMBING BRANCH OFFICE DRAINAGE Date Supervised by DateW.C Supervised by .Bth. Shr. Inspector OULTAIL Bell Inspector Bsn Examined by ...K.S. 5068 594 Τ. Chief Inspector .Plg. Boundary Trap Dge. Int. Tracing Checked. Dge. Ext.