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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2017 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	ISW Duty:	
vendor's agent	Pulse Property Agents Level 3/12 Central Road, Miranda, 2228	Phone: Fax: Ref:	9525 4666 9525 4699 Colin Stone
co-agent			
vendor	Kathryn Roberta Ruth White 25 Bruce Avenue, Caringbah, NSW 2229		
vendor's solicitor	Katherine Jurgens Conveyancing 8 Walker Road, Port Hacking NSW 2229 PO Box 615, Caringbah NSW 1495	Phone: Fax: Ref: E:kather m.au	02 9525 5134 02 9501 4464 KJ:18/2087 ine@kjconveyancing.co
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	See Special Condition 19 25 Bruce Avenue, Caringbah, New South Wales 22 Registered Plan: Lot 38 Plan DP 12766 Folio Identifier 38/12766	229	(clause 15)
improvements	 ✓ VACANT POSSESSION	☐ carspac	
attached copies	other documents:	as numbered	J.
A real estate agent is	permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this bo	ox in a sale	of residential property.
inclusions	□ built-in wardrobes □ fixed floor coverings □ rar	nt fittings nge hood lar panels cylinder gas	☐ cook top & wall oven☐ pool equipment☐ TV antenna
exclusions			
purchaser			
purchaser's solicitor			
price deposit balance	\$ \$ \$	of the price,	unless otherwise stated)
contract date	(if not sta	ted, the date	this contract was made)
uyer's agent		deposit to be	e invested NO Yes
vendor	GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$		witness
urchaser	ENANTS I tenants in common I in unequal share:	S	witness

Choices

vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3) proposed <i>electronic transaction</i> (clause 30)	☐ NO ☐ yes ☐ NO ☐ yes
proposed electronic transaction (clause 50)	□ NO □ yes
	is is correct as far as each party is aware)
land tax is adjustable GST: Taxable supply margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	 NO
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the not made in the course or furtherance of an enterproduced by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going	the following may apply) the sale is: rise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b)) to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d)) concern under section 38-325 farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O al premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)
List of Do	ocuments
General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
 □ 1 property certificate for the land □ 2 plan of the land □ 3 unregistered plan of the land □ 4 plan of land to be subdivided □ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan □ 6 section 149(2) certificate (Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979) □ 7 section 149(5) information included in that certificate □ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) □ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) □ 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract □ 11 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) □ 12 survey report □ 13 building certificate given under legislation □ 14 insurance certificate (Home Building Act 1989) □ 15 brochure or warning (Home Building Act 1989) □ 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) □ 17 other document relevant to tenancies □ 18 old system document □ 19 Crown purchase statement of account □ 20 building management statement □ 21 form of requisitions □ 22 clearance certificate □ 23 land tax certificate Swimming Pools Act 1992 	□ 29 property certificate for strata common property □ 30 plan creating strata common property □ 31 strata by-laws □ 32 strata development contract or statement □ 33 strata management statement □ 34 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property □ 35 property certificate for neighbourhood property □ 36 plan creating neighbourhood property □ 37 neighbourhood development contract □ 38 neighbourhood management statement □ 39 property certificate for precinct property □ 40 plan creating precinct property □ 41 precinct development contract □ 42 precinct management statement □ 43 property certificate for community property □ 44 plan creating community property □ 45 community development contract □ 46 community management statement □ 47 document disclosing a change of by-laws □ 48 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement □ 49 document disclosing a change in boundaries □ 50 information certificate under Strata Schemes ■ Management Act 2015 □ 51 information certificate under Community Land ■ Management Act 1986 Other □ 52
☐ 24 certificate of compliance ☐ 25 evidence of registration ☐ 26 relevant occupation certificate ☐ 27 certificate of non-compliance ☐ 28 detailed reasons for non-compliance	

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.



WARNINGS

Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this 1. contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

NSW Public Works Advisory Council

Office of Environment and Heritage **County Council**

Department of Planning and Environment Owner of adjoining land

Department of Primary Industries Privacy

East Australian Pipeline Limited Roads and Maritime Services Subsidence Advisory NSW

Electricity and gas

Land & Housing Corporation Telecommunications

Local Land Services Transport for NSW

NSW Department of Education Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential 2. Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining 3. consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations 4. of the parties.
- The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor 5. wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty (and sometimes surcharge 6. purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the 7. deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate. 8.
- Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal 9. Property Securities Act 2009.
- A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing 10. the purchase.
- Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the 11. purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase 12. price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; adjustment date

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; business day

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that clearance certificate

covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract

date to completion;

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount deposit-bond

each approved by the vendor:

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's depositholder

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; document of title

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999; GST Act

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax

Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act; legislation

subject to any other provision of this contract; normally each of the vendor and the purchaser; party

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; property

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental planning agreement

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the remittance amount

amount specified in a variation served by a party;

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning;

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA RW payment

Act (the price multiplied by the RW rate);

RW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as

at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

serve in writing on the other party; serve

an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and settlement cheque

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheque:

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; variation within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be

spent on or in relation to the property or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

Deposit and other payments before completion 2

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque 2.4 to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- If the vendor accepts a bond or quarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply. 2.6
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.

- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 The ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* (`service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

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- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract:
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use: or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

- the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if
 - 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make an RW payment the purchaser must
 - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of an *RW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *RW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the RW payment.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgement fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque
 - 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - remittance amount payable;
 - RW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

- if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest 18.5.2 at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property. 18.6
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 **Rescission of contract**

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right –
 - only by serving a notice before completion; and 19.1.1
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or requisition, any attempt to satisfy a claim or requisition, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation –
 - the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded; 19.2.1
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together. 20.4
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a party if it is signed by the party or the party's solicitor (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor;
 - served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died; 20.6.3
 - served if it is served in any manner provided in \$170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919; 20.6.4
 - served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received; 20.6.5
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay –
 - if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or 20.7.1
 - if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable. 20.7.2
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights. 20.9
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to 20.11 any corresponding later *legislation*.

 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this
- 20.12 contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each 20.14 party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to 21.3 happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a business day, the time is extended to the next business day, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract;
 or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 4
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give a strata renewal plan to the owners in the scheme for their consideration and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money
 in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the
 document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an *electronic transaction*, a party serves a notice that it will not be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgement Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the participation rules:
 - 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*;
 - 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -
 - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.5.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer;
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time: and
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with payment details at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 At least 1 business day before the date for completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the *Electronic Workspace* allows the *parties* to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the computer systems of the *Land Registry* being inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*
 - 30.13.1 normally, the parties must choose that financial settlement not occur; however

- 30.13.2 if both *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial settlement occurs
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge
 of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgement
 Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably
 delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement
 together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things
 - 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper

duplicate;

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to

be settled;

conveyancing rules the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to

be transferred to the purchaser;

the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW):

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date;

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules;

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

mortgagee details the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion; participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ENCL:

populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA* Act; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *remittance amount* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation:
 - 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and

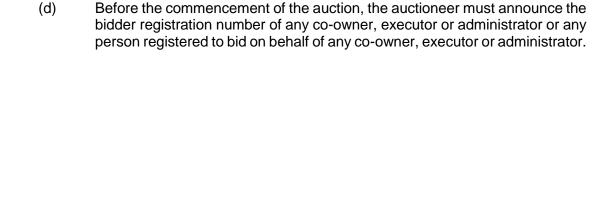
- 31.2.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *remittance amount*.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

Conditions of sale of land by auction

If the property is or is intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders record means the bidders record to be kept pursuant to clause 13 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Regulation 2014 and section 68 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002:

- 1. The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of land or livestock:
 - (a) The vendor's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences:
 - (b) A bid for the vendor cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the vendor;
 - (c) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price;
 - (d) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final;
 - (e) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the vendor;
 - (f) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person;
 - (g) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer;
 - (h) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.
- 2. The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause 1, are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
 - (a) All bidders must be registered in the bidders record and display an identifying number when making a bid;
 - (b) Subject to subclause 3, the auctioneer may make only one vendor bid at an auction for the sale of residential property or rural land and no other vendor bid may be made by the auctioneer or any other person; and
 - (c) Immediately before making a vendor bid the auctioneer must announce that the bid is made on behalf of the seller or announces 'vendor bid'.
- 3. The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclauses 1 and 2 are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of co-owned residential property or rural land or the sale of such land by a seller as executor or administrator:
 - (a) More than one vendor bid may be made to purchase interest of a co-owner;
 - (b) A bid by or on behalf of an executor or administrator may be made to purchase in that capacity;
 - (c) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce that bids to purchase the interest of another co-owner or to purchase as executor or administrator may be made by or on behalf of the seller;



WARNING SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES FORMING PART OF THIS CONTRACT

Between: (vendor) And (purchaser)

1. Amendments to Printed Clauses of Contract

- 1.1 Clause 1 Definitions to be amended by deleted the works "a building society, credit union or other FCA institution as defined in Cheques Act 1986; that carried on business in Australia; or if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other cheque;.
- 1.2 Clause 4.1 is amended by adding: 'If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then the purchaser agrees to pay to the vendor's solicitor/conveyancer an amount of \$77.00 upon completion.'
- 1.3 Clause 7.1.1: reduce 5% to 1%.
- 1.4 Clause 7.2.1: reduce 10% to 1%
- 1.5 Clause 14.4.2 is deleted.
- 1.6 Clause 16.5 to be amended by deleting the words "plus another 20% of that fee".
- 1.7 Clause 16.8 to be deleted.
- 1.8 Clause 23.13 to be amended by deleting the words "at least 7 days".
- 1.9 Clause 23.14 to be deleted.

2. Real Estate Agent

- (a) The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the property or the vendor by any real estate agent other than the vendor's agent named herein nor was any other agent or person the effective cause of the sale. The purchaser indemnifies the vendor and keeps the vendor indemnified against any claim for commission by any real estate agent or other person arising out of an introduction of the purchaser and against all claims and expenses for the defence and determination of such a claim made against the vendor. This clause shall not merge on completion of this Contract.
- (b) Despite anything to the contrary in this contract, if the vendor releases the purchaser (by mutual agreement or otherwise) from the purchaser's obligations under this contract, the purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the purchaser must pay to the vendor, a sum equivalent to the agent's commission on the sale of the property for the non-completion of the contract. This sum is additional to any other amount payable by the purchaser as a result of the non-completion of this contract. This clause shall not merge on completion of this Contract.

3. Faults and defects

The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property and its improvements:

- (c) in its present condition and state of repair including whether or not any fixture, fitting or inclusion is function or not;
- (d) subject to all faults and defects both hidden and apparent,
- (e) subject to fair wear and tear as provided in clause 10.1.4;
- (f) subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
- (g) subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property:
- (h) subject to any non-compliance with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land including in regard to distance from boundaries, walls, eaves or gutters of the improvements on the property; and
- (i) subject to any encroachments by or upon the property.

The purchaser acknowledges that:

(j) they purchase the property relying on their own inspection, knowledge and enquiries and do not rely on any warranties, promises or representations, verbal or otherwise, made to him by or on behalf of the vendor, except as expressed in this contract. The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in this regard.

4. Incapacity

If before completion, either party (or any person comprising that party):

- 4.1 dies or becomes mentally ill, then the other party may rescind this contract by written notice to the first party's solicitor and the provisions of clause 19 will apply; or
- 4.2 Is declared bankrupt or enters into any scheme or makes any assignment for the benefit of creditors or if any person comprising that party is a company and that party resolves to go into liquidation or has a summons or application for its winding up presented or enters into any scheme or arrangement with its creditors or has a liquidator, provisional liquidator, receiver, receiver and manager, administrator or official manager appointed, that party is in default under this contract.

5. Notice to Complete

If this contract is not completed on the completion date by the time specified in this contract:

- 5.1 The vendor and purchaser agree that any notice to complete given by one party to the other party ('the defaulting party") under this contract shall be reasonable as to time if a period of 14 days from the date of service of the notice is allowed for completion.
- 5.2 The party serving a notice under this clause can withdraw that notice and subsequently serve a further notice instead of that notice.

5.3 In the event that the Vendor issues a notice to complete, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of the purchase moneys and any other moneys payable to the vendor, the sum of \$220.00 (inclusive of GST) to cover legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the vendor issuing a notice to complete and, as a genuine pre-estimate of those additional expenses.

6. Late completion

- 6.1 If the price or any part of the price is not paid by the purchaser to the vendor on the completion date, it is an essential term of this contract that the Purchaser(s) shall pay the Vendor(s) on completion in addition to the balance of purchase money, interest on the balance of the purchase money calculated at the rate of ten (10) percent per annum calculated at a daily rate from the due date for completion to the actual date of completion (that period to include the completion date but not the date of payment) plus \$220.00 including GST being legal fees incurred as a result of the delayed completion. It is agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the vendor(s) loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings and additional conveyancing expenses.
- 6.2 The purchaser does not have to pay interest or the fee during any period that completion does not occur only because the vendor is unable or unwilling to complete.
- 6.3 The purchaser cannot require the vendor to complete unless interest and vendors' costs payable under clause 6.1 is paid to the vendor on completion.

7. Deposit by instalments

If the vendor at the date of this Contract agrees that the deposit may be paid by instalments, then notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, the Purchaser acknowledges that the deposit payable is ten percent (10%) of the purchase price and will pay the deposit by the following instalments:

- 7.1 The sum equivalent to 5% of the contract price on or before the date of the contract: and
- 7.2 The remaining 5% on the completion date or upon default by the Purchaser of the terms of this agreement, whichever shall first occur, with the intention that if the Purchaser is to forfeit the deposit, then the Vendor shall receive 10% of the purchase price.

8. No warranty by vendor as to use of property

- 8.1 The vendor gives no warranty as to the use to which the property may be put. The purchaser must satisfy itself in this regard.
- 8.2 The purchaser will be deemed to have entered into this Contract with full knowledge of and subject to any prohibition or restriction upon the use of the property, whether under any Act, Ordinance, Regulation, By-law, Town Planning Scheme or otherwise.
- 8.3 If the use to which the vendor has put the property is permissible only with the consent of any authority as referred to in clause 8.2, the purchaser must obtain consent at the purchaser's own expense.

8.4 Completion of this Contract will not be conditional or dependent upon any matter referred to in this clause.

9. Release of Deposit

If the Vendor requires the deposit or any part of it for a deposit or for the payment of stamp duty on a purchase of a property, then the deposit or such part as is required will be released to the Vendor upon the Vendor making a written request to the deposit holder (drawn as directed by the Vendor or his solicitor in favour of a Solicitor or Real Estate Agent's Trust Account or the Office of State Revenue only). This contract is sufficient evidence of authority from the Purchaser to the deposit holder for the release of deposit in accordance in with this clause.

10. Settlement costs

In the event the vendor is required by the purchaser to attend settlement at a place other than at the vendor's solicitor's or mortgagee's office, the purchaser agreed to pay the vendor's costs being \$75.00 (inclusive of GST). The purchaser agrees this cost is fair and reasonable.

11. Foreign Investment Review Board Approval

The purchaser warrants that it does not require Foreign Investment Review Board Approval to enter into this agreement.

12. Building Structures – Work Orders / Mine Subsidence

The Purchaser warrants that any application to be made by the Purchaser to the local council for a Building Certificate or the Mine Subsidence Board for a Certificate under Section 15B will be made within fourteen (14 days) of the date of the making of this Agreement.

Building Certificate

12.1 If as a result of the Purchaser's application or otherwise Council issues an Upgrading or Demolition Order in breach of the warranty provided for under the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulations 2010 then the Vendor shall be entitled to treat the existence of such Upgrading or Demolition Order as objection to title to which Clause 8 of this Contract shall apply but the Purchaser's rights shall not be affected.

12.3 If the Local Council:

- 12.3.1 refuses to issue a Building Certificate, or fails to issue same within twentyeight (28) days of the date of making this Contract; or
- 12.3.2 issues a Building Certificate but qualifies that Building Certificate in the letter issuing the Certificate requiring work to be done; or
- 12.3.3 as a result of such application issues a Works Order (not being an Upgrading or Demolition Order) and the Vendor is unwilling to comply with that Works Order.

Then the Purchaser may rescind this Contract within fourteen (14) days of that event occurring but the Purchaser shall have no further or other remedy against the Vendor.

- 12.4 For the purpose of clause 12.3.3 the Vendor is unwilling to comply with a Works Order where the Vendor has failed to agree to do the work within seven (7) days of the notification of such Works Order.
- 12.5 A party shall promptly advise the other party concerning the outcome of an application for a Building Certificate under this clause.
- 12.6 A Purchaser shall not be required to comply with the Works Order issued as a result of an application for a Building Certificate (notwithstanding clause 11).

Mine Subsidence Insurance

- 12.7 If the Mine Subsidence Board issues a Certificate stating that the building structures do not have the benefit of insurance under the Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961 the Purchaser may rescind within fourteen (14) days of the issue of the Certificate. The Vendor shall be entitled to treat the absence of insurance as an objection to title to which clause 8 of this Contract shall apply.
- 12.8 Where the Purchaser does not have a right to rescind under this clause or does not exercise any rescission right available under this clause then the Purchaser shall complete in accordance with the Contract.
- 12.9 For the purpose of this clause and the Contract generally the meanings 'Building Certificate' and 'Upgrading and Demolition Order' are as defined in the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulations 2010.

13 Swimming Pool – non compliance

- (k) Annexed to this Contract and marked with the letter 'A' is a Certificate of Non- Compliance issued pursuant to Clause 18BA of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008.
- (I) The Purchasers acknowledge and accept the non-compliance by the swimming pool but further acknowledge advice that the swimming pool does not pose a significant risk to public safety.
- (n) Having regard to the provisions of Regulation 18BB of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008 the Purchasers accept the current non-compliance status of the swimming pool (as detailed in the Report) and waive any right of rescission that may be available to them pursuant to either the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008 or the Swimming Pools Act 1992. Further, the Purchasers agree to rectify the areas of non-compliance of the swimming pool (as detailed in the Report) within ninety (90) days after their acquisition of the property as provided for in Regulation 18BB(2)(a) of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008.
- (o) The Purchaser shall not make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation nor seek to rescind or delay completion of this Contract by reason of the substance of this Special Condition and the Report and the

fact that the swimming pool is presently non-compliant and will remain non-compliant as from the date of this Contract.

14. .25% Deposit

If a cooling off period applies to this contract, the purchaser may pay the 10% deposit to the stakeholder in two instalments as follows:

- 1. On or before the date of this contract 0.25% of the agreed purchaser price; and
- 2. In the event of the purchaser proceeding with the purchase on or before 5.00pm on the fifth business day after the date of this contract a further 9.75% of the agreed purchase price.

15. Cancelled settlement

If the purchaser's representative for whatsoever reason fails to turn up or cancels the settlement on the completion date without giving the Vendor's Solicitor at least one days' notice, the Purchaser must, at the actual settlement, pay the sum of \$75.00 (including GST) together with any of the Vendor's settlement agent's fees incurred in respect of the said cancelled settlement.

16. Requisitions

The purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the only form of general requisitions on title that the purchaser shall be entitled to raise pursuant to clause 5.1 hereof shall be in the form of the requisitions on title that are annexed to this contract.

17. Deleted.

18. Guarantee for corporate purchaser

SIGNED by the guarantors in the presence of:)	
		Signature
Signature of Witness		
		Signature
Print Name of Witness		

19. Completion date

Completion of this Contract shall take place on the earlier of:

- (a) Twelve (12) weeks from the date hereof; and
- (b) On or before the expiration of fourteen (14) days after written notification by the vendor's conveyancer to the purchaser's conveyancer/solicitor requiring completion on the date specified in that notice.

Provided that the vendors shall not require the purchasers to complete this contract any earlier than 6 weeks from the date hereof.

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Purchaser: Property: Dated:

Possession and tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?

3.

- (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
- (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.

(c) Please specify any existing breaches.

- (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
- (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
- (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW))? If so, please provide details.

5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):

- (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
- (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations.

7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion.

8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.

9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?

10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)*? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.

12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:

(a) to what year has a return been made?

(b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?

13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)) at least 14 days before completion.

Survey and building

- 14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- 15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.

16.

- (a) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act (NSW), the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with?
- (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
- (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW)* for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?

- (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
- (iv) please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW).
- 17. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property?
- 18. If a swimming pool is included in the sale:
 - (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
 - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the Local Government Act 1919 (NSW) and Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)?
 - does it comply with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed:
 - have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the *Swimming Pools Act* 1992 (*NSW*) or regulations?
 - (e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
 - (f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.
- 19.
- (a) To whom do the boundary fences belong?
- (b) Are there any party walls?
- If the answer to Requisition 19(b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
- (d) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
- (e) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991* (*NSW*) or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)*?

Affectations

- 20. Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use other than those disclosed in the Contract?
- 21. Is the vendor aware of:
 - (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
 - (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?
 - (c) any latent defects in the Property?
- 22. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the Property is affected by the following:
 - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the Property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (c) any work done or intended to be done on the Property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the Property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the Property?
 - (f) any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass?
- 23.
- (a) Does the Property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services?
- (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land?
- (c) Do any service connections for any other Property pass through the Property?
- 24. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the Property or to an easement over any part of the Property?

Capacity

25. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 26. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance* certificate under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- 27. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 28. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 29. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 30. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 31. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.



Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 38/12766

LAND

LOT 38 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 12766

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE
PARISH OF SUTHERLAND COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM DP12766

FIRST SCHEDULE

KATHRYN ROBERTA RUTH WHITE

(T AB892972)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 B107975 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

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d I, Bruce Richard Dovies, Registrat General for New South Walss, certify that this negative is a photograph made as a permanent record of a document in my custody this 18th day of Ostober, 1979

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TRANSFER. MEMORANDUM OF

(REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900).

MOLT SUTHERLAND COMPANY LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company) being registered as the proprietors for a term of fifty-six years from the first day of July 1899 under Memorandum of Lease registered No. 50990 as extended by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 in the land hereinafter described subject however to such encumberances liens and interests as are notified by memorandum underwritten or endorsed hereon in consideration of SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY POUNDS (£750) paid by the sum of

MACCORMICK

Cremorne, Gentleman of

to the

Perpetual Trustee Company Limited the Australian trustee of the Will of Thomas Holt late of Sydney pursuant to Section 7 of the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 (the receipt of which sum is hereby acknowledged by the said Perpetual Trustee Company Limited testified by the receipt hereto annexed) doth hereby in exercise and in pursuance of the power and direction in Section 7 of the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and of all other powers enabling it DAVID HACCORNICK appoint and transfer to the said estate and interest of the registered Proprietor in fee simple in the surface of ALL that parcel of land situated in the Parish of Sutherland County of Cumberland and being part of the land comprised in Certificate of Title dated the 14 November 1912

Registered Vol. 2 fol. 2 and in the said Lease Number 50990 and being the surface of the whole of the land comprised in Sub-lease Numbers 520929 & 524710 the Holt Sutherland Estate Company Limited to N JAMES ANTHONY TROLLOPE And all

doth also transfer to the said

DAVID MACCORMICK

the estate and interest of which it the said Holt Sutherland Company Limited is registered Proprietor Together with all its rights and powers in respect thereof as comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 in and so far only as regards the land comprised in the said Sub-lease Nos 222929-8 excepting and reserving to the said Company and its assigns during the residue now unexpired of the term of the said Lease No. 50990 as extended by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and subject thereto unto the person or persons for the time being entitled to the Mines and premises next herein excepted and reserved in reversion immediately expectant on the said Lease No. 50990 (all of whom including the Perpetual Trustee Company Limited and other the Australian Trustees or Trustee for the time being of the said Will of the said Thomas Holt deceased are hereinafter included in the term the reversioner and reversioners) all Mines beds seams and veins of coal iron and other metals and minerals comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 which are now known or shall or may be discovered hereafter as lying and being under the surface of the land hereby appointed and transferred together with liberty for the Company and its assigns during such residue and subject thereto for the reversioner and reversioners without entering on the surface of the said land hereby appointed and without doing any act which may disturb or cause any damage to any house or houses building or buildings now erected or henceforthito be erected on the said land hereby appointed or be a nuisance to the occupiers of such houses or buildings or any of them to get work and win the said Mines seams and veins of coal iron and other metals and minerals and for such purposes to make maintain and use any necessary and convenient underground works whatsoever and subject to and reserving unto the person or persons entitled thereto all rights of way across the said land hereby appointed And excepting and reserving unto the said reversioner and reversioners all metals and minerals not comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 and which are now known or shall be discovered hereafter as lying under the surface of the said land hereby

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> appointed together with liberty for the reversioner or reversioners without entering on the surface of the said land hereby appointed and without doing any nets which may disturb or cause any damage to any house or houses building or buildings now erected or hereafter to be erected on the land hereby appointed or be a nuisance to the occupiers of such houses or buildings or any of them to get work and win the said metals and minerals hereby lastly hereinbefore excepted and reserved and for such purpose to make maintain and use any necessary and convenient underground works whatsoever to the intent that the said

MACCORMICK may become the registered proprietor in fee simple of the surface lands comprised in the said Sub-lease No. 520929& to the extent only directed and intended by the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 PROVIDED AlWAYS that the Company and its assigns shall hold the residue of the lands comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 subject to all the provisoes conditions and agreements in the said Lease contained and on the part of the Company to be observed and performed as (if at all) varied by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and to the provisions of the same Act. And the reversioner and reversioners shall in respect of such residue be entitled to the benefit of all conditions and powers of re-entry for non-payment of rent and other powers and reservations in the said Lease contained in all respects as if this Transfer had not been made,

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the Common Seal of the Holt Sutherland Company Limited was hereunto affixed at Sydney this 1924

THE COMMON SEAL of the HOLT SUTHER-LAND COMPANY LIMITED was affixed hereto by the Directors present at a Meeting of THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of that Company held this -> day of such Directors thereupon signed this Transfer in the presence of-

SIGNED in my presence by the said Di

Benny Whatmore. who is

personally known to me

Benny Whatmore

Accepted and I hereby certify this Transfer to be correct for the purposes of the

Real Property Act. and

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Applicant:

Katherine Jurgens Conveyancing 8 Walker Road PORT HACKING NSW 2229

Planning Certificate – Section 10.7 (2) Certificate Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Certificate no: ePC:18/0476 Delivery option:

Certificate date: 28/05/2018 Your reference: White

Property:

Lot 38 DP 12766 25 Bruce Avenue CARINGBAH SOUTH NSW 2229

Zone:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015

Zone E3 Environmental Management

Notes:

- (a) The information in this certificate only relates to the real property Identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.
- (b) The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 will be referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.

Disclaimer:

(a) This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7(2), ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENTACT, 1979

1. Names of relevant instruments and DCPs

1. The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015

- * Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No.09 (Extractive Industry (No.2) 1995) (deemed SEPP).
- * SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: Basix) 2004
- * SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- * SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
- * SEPP (Coastal Management)
- * SEPP No. 19 Bushland in Urban Areas
- * SEPP No. 21 Caravan Parks
- * SEPP No. 30 Intensive Agriculture
- * SEPP No. 33 Hazardous and Offensive Development
- * SEPP No. 50 Canal Estates
- * SEPP No. 55 Remediation of Land
- * SEPP No. 62 Sustainable Aquaculture
- SEPP No. 64 Advertising and Signage
- * SEPP No. 65 Design Quality of Residential Flat Development.
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)
- * SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004: (Does not apply to land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Kurnell Peninsula) 1989 applies)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Integration and Repeals)
 2016
- * SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries)
 2007
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007
- * SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007
- State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011
- * SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-General has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

The following Draft State Environmental Planning Policies apply: Amendments to SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007, SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007, SEPP (State and Regional Development) 2011, SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, and new draft policies - SEPP Environment, SEPP Remediation of Land and SEPP Primary Production and Rural Development.

3. The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Sutherland Shire Development Control Plan 2015

Note: In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) in any zone (however described).

(a) The name and number of the zone:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone E3 Environmental Management

(b) Permitted without consent:

Home occupations

(c) Permitted with consent:

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boat sheds; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works; Flood mitigation works; Health consulting rooms; Home businesses; Home industries; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Roads; Secondary dwellings

(d) Prohibited:

Industries; Multi dwelling housing; Residential flat buildings; Retail premises; Seniors housing; Service stations; Warehouse or distribution centres; Any other development not specified in item (b) or (c).

(e) Minimum land dimensions fixed for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land:

Under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 there are no relevant development standards for the erection of a dwelling house due to site dimensions.

(f) Does the land include or comprise critical habitat?

No

(g) Is the land in a conservation area?

No

(h) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land?

There is no item of environmental heritage situated on the property.

2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone (however described) under:

- (a) Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP), or
- (c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,

the particulars referred to in clause 2 (a)-(h) in relation to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

Note: Sutherland Shire Council does not currently have any land in the Growth Centres that has been zoned by a Precinct Plan in the Appendices to this SEPP, proposed to be zoned in a draft Precinct Plan (that has been publicly exhibited or formally consulted on) or has been zoned under Part 3 of the Growth Centres SEPP.

3. Complying Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
- (2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Housing Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Internal Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4 or SP3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Container Recycling Facilities Code.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivisions Code.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Rural Housing Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

General Development Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code.

Demolition Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code.

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council—whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal

protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

There are no properties subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services.

Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

5. Mine Subsidence

Is the land proclaimed to be mine subsidence district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act, 1961*?

No

6. Road Widening and Road Realignment

(a)	Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under
	Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993?

No

(b) Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any environmental planning instrument?

No

(c) Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council?

No

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(a) Is the land affected by a policy adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate or any other risk?

The land has been classified as Class 5 on the Acid Sulfate Soils Maps in the Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015. Accordingly the land is subject to the provisions of clause 6.1 which detail the restrictions to works within this Class.

(b) Is the land affected by a policy adopted by any other public authority that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate or any other risk?

No

7A. Flood related development controls information

(1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the Instrument set out in the Schedule to the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 27 of the Act?

Nο

9. Contribution Plans

Council has adopted the following Contribution Plans that apply to the land:

* The 2016 Section 94A Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).

9A. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect.

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

10. Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been

notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

No

11. Bush fire prone land

Is the land bush fire prone?

No

12. Property Vegetation Plans

Has Council been notified that a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies to the land?

No

13. Orders Under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if Council has been notified of the order).

No.

14. Directions under Part 3A

Is there a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act that does not have effect?

No

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing) under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If there is a certificate, the period for which the certificate is current. Are there any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18 (2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land?

No

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure

Is there a valid site compatibility certificate (of which the council is aware), issued under clause 19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

17. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If so this statement sets out the period for which the certificate is current and any conditions pursuant to cl17(1) of SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

No

18. Paper subdivision information

Is the land subject to any development plan adopted by a relevant authority or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot? If so, this statement sets out the date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Note: Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

No

19. Site verification certificates

Is there a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land?

If so, this statement includes:

- (a) the matter certified by the certificate, and
- (b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and
- (c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure.

Note. A site verification certificate sets out the Director-General's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land—see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.

No

20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Is the land to which the certificate relates identified on the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register maintained by the Secretary of NSW Fair Trading?

No

21. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

Are there any affected building notices of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

No

If so, this statement includes:

- (a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- (b) whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

Note: affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?
- (b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?

No

- (c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?

 No
- (d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?
 No
- (e) Is the land subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act?

No

Any Other Prescribed Matter

Note: Section 26 of the Nation Building and Jobs Plan (State Infrastructure Delivery) Act 2009 provides that a planning certificate must include advice about any exemption under section 23 or authorisation under section 24 of that Act if the Council is provided with a copy of the exemption or authorisation by the Co-ordinator General under the Act.

No

Additional Information

Council holds additional information relating to this property for provision in accordance with Section 10.7(5) of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

For further information please telephone [02] 9710 0333.

Yours faithfully

Mark Carlon

Manager Environmental Planning

ØP.T. P. Trap ■R.S. Reflux Sink

SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM & SIMPSO

Municipality of Sutherland

No.810987

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS Reflux Valve Boundary Trap Pit ☐G.i. Grease Interceptor Gully

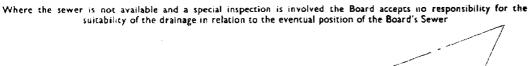
I.P. Induct Pipe M.F. Mica Flap Cleaning Eye O Vert. O V.P. Vertical Pipe Tubs Vent. Pipe O S.V.P. Soil Vent. Pipe D.C.C. Down Cast Cowl

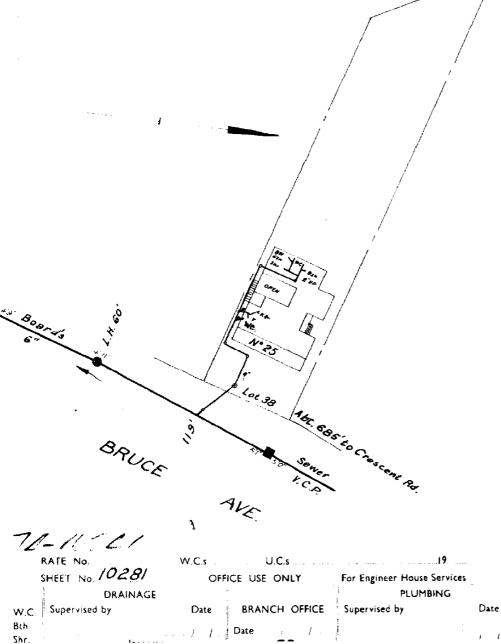
K.S. Kitchen Sink W.C. Water Closet B.W. Bath Waste

Basin Bsn. Shr. Shower W.I.P. Wrought fron Pipe C.I.P. Cast Iron Pipe F. W. Floor Waste W.M. Washing Machine

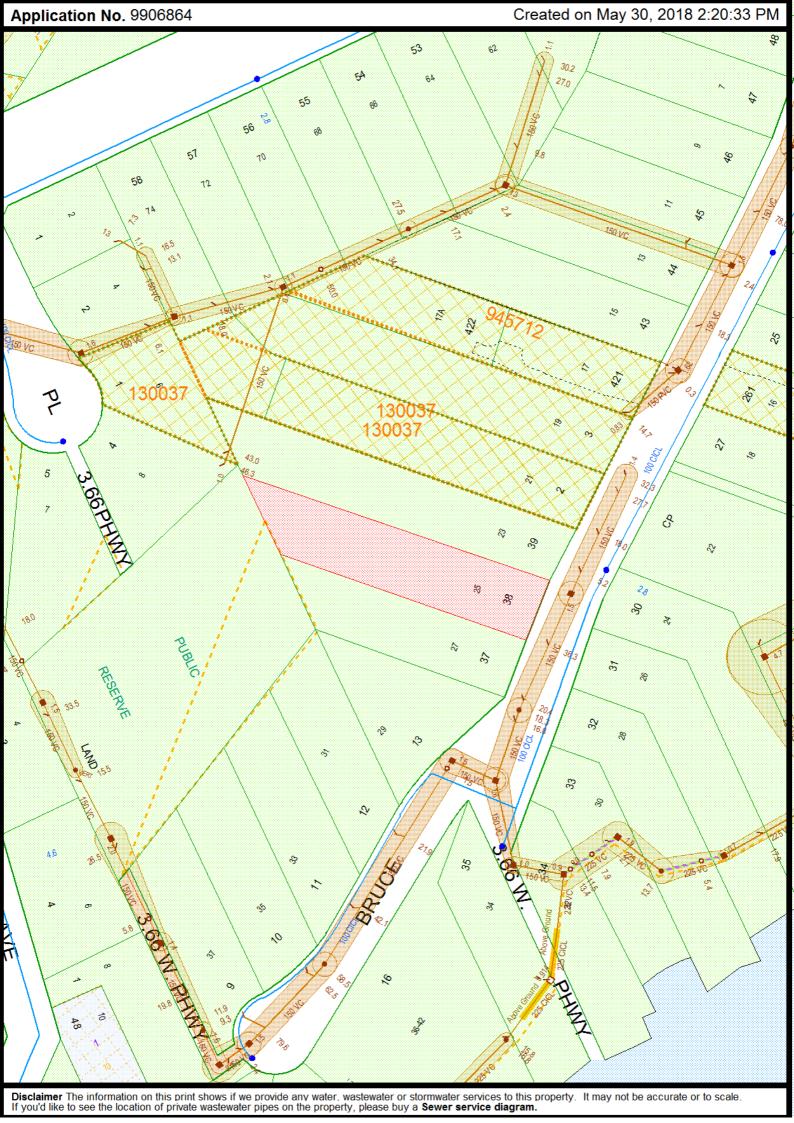
Scale: 40 Feet To An Inch

SEWER AVAILABLE





The information in this diagram shows the private wastewater pipes on this property. It may not be accurate or to scale and may not show our pipes, structures or all property boundaries. If you'd like to see these, please buy a Service location print.





NSW SWIMMING POOL REGISTER

Certificate of Registration

Section 30C – Swimming Pools Act 1992

Pool No: 4986ecbf

Property Address: 25 BRUCE AVENUE CARINGBAH SOUTH

Date of Registration: 26 October 2013

Type of Pool: A spa pool Description of Pool: in ground spa

The swimming pool at the above premises has been registered in accordance with Section 30B of the Swimming Pools Act 1992.

The issue of this certificate does not negate the need for regular maintenance of the pool.

Please remember:

- Children should be supervised by an adult at all times when using your pool
- Regular pool barrier maintenance
- · Pool gates must be closed at all times
- Don't place climbable articles against your pool barrier
- Remove toys from the pool area after use

You may be required to obtain a Pool Compliance Certificate before you lease or sell your property. Contact your council for further information.

This is NOT a Certificate of Compliance



NSW SWIMMING POOL REGISTER

Certificate of Compliance

Section 22D - Swimming Pools Act 1992

Pool No:

4986ecbf

Property Address:

25 BRUCE AVENUE CARINGBAH SOUTH

Expiry Date:

29 May 2021

Issuing Authority:

Lee Robert Steege - Accredited Certifier - bpb2783

The swimming pool at the above property complies with Part 2 of the Swimming Pools Act 1992. The issue of this certificate does not negate the need for regular maintenance of the swimming pool barrier to ensure it is compliant with the Swimming Pools Act 1992.

This certificate ceases to be valid if a direction is issued pursuant to Section 23 of the Swimming Pools Act 1992.

The swimming pool at the above property is not required to be inspected under the inspection program of the local authority while this certificate of compliance remains valid pursuant to Section 22B(3) of the Swimming Pools Act 1992.

Please remember:

- · Children should be supervised by an adult at all times when using your pool
- Regular pool barrier maintenance
- · Pool gates must be closed at all times
- · Don't place climbable articles against your pool barrier
- · Remove toys from the pool area after use