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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM		NSW DA	AN:
vendor's agent	Pulse Property Agent	ts	Phone:	9525 4666
ū	12 Central Road, Mira		Fax:	9525 4699
	·		Ref:	Lucas Pratt
co-agent				
vendor	Stephen James Pratt	and Gregory Rowlands F	Praff	
	7 Gardenia Street, Cr		1444	
vendor's solicitor	Mitchell Reece & Ass	ociates oad, Jannali NSW 2226	Phone: Fax:	(02) 9589 0555 (02) 9589 3110
date for completion	42nd day after the co	ntract date (clause 15)		
land (address,	2/35 Oxley Avenue JA	•		
plan details and	Registered Plan: Lot			
title reference)	Folio Identifier 2/SP3			
	☐ VACANT POSSES	SION 🛛 subject to exist	tino tenancie	\$
improvements			unit 🗌 ca	
improvements	none other:	go La carport La nome	ouniccc	ispace storage space
attached copies	_	of Documents as marked o	or numbered:	
	other documents:			
A real estate agent is	permitted by legislatio	n to fill up the items in th	nis box in a	sale of residential property.
inclusions	⊠ blinds		🛛 light fitting	
	☐ built-in wardrobes		🔲 range hoo	od
			🗌 solar pane	els 🔲 TV antenna
	curtains	other:		
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor				
price	\$			
deposit	\$		(10% of the	e price, unless otherwise stated
balance	\$		(1070 01 01	o prioc, unicas otnerwise statec
	~			
contract date		(if	f not stated, t	he date this contract was made
buyer's agent				
vendor		GST AMOUNT (options	al)	witness
		The price includes		
		GST of: \$		
nurchaser	FNΔNTS Π tenants in	common D in unequal sl	 hares	witness

C	hoices		
Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)	□NO	□ yes	
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clau	se 30):		
Electronic transaction (clause 30)	the propo	☐ YES ndor must provide fur sed applicable waiver within 14 days of the c	, in the space below,
Tax information (the parties promise to Land tax is adjustable GST: Taxable supply Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the land of the course or furtherance of an enterministic particle by a vendor who is neither registered nor required GST-free because the sale is the supply of a good GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm to land of the l	☐ NO ☐ NO ☐ NO ☐ NO ☐ He following may be reprise that the very led to be registered and or farm land so that the premises (see ☐ NO ☐ If the further de contract date, the	yes yes in full yes y apply) the sale is: ndor carries on (section for GST (section 9-5) section 38-325 upplied for farming undertions 40-65, 40-75(2) yes (if yes, vend further deta	yes to an extent n 9-5(b)) (d)) der Subdivision 38-O and 195-1) or must provide ils) ully completed at the
GSTRW payment (GST residential Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier in a GST joint venture.	withholding payr er, sometimes furt	nent) – further detail: her information will be	s required as to which
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$			
If more than one supplier, provide the above de	etails for each su	pplier.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GS	TRW rate (resider	itial withholding rate):	\$
Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at anoth	ner time (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount i	in money? 🗌 NO	☐ yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non	-monetary conside	eration: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the	ne ATO forms):		

List of Documents

General 1 property certificate for the land 2 plan of the land 3 unregistered plan of the land 4 plan of land to be subdivided	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
 ☐ 5 document to be lodged with a relevant plan ☐ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 ☐ 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) ☒ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram 	 ☐ 36 strata management statement ☐ 37 strata renewal proposal ☐ 38 strata renewal plan ☐ 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property ☐ 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property ☐ 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
(service location diagram)	42 neighbourhood development contract 43 neighbourhood management statement 44 property certificate for precinct property 45 plan creating precinct property 46 precinct development contract 47 precinct management statement 48 property certificate for community property 49 plan creating community property 50 community development contract 51 community management statement 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
☐ 22 clearance certificate ☐ 23 land tax certificate Home Building Act 1989 ☐ 24 insurance certificate ☐ 25 brochure or warning ☐ 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover Swimming Pools Act 1992 ☐ 27 certificate of compliance ☐ 28 evidence of registration ☐ 29 relevant occupation certificate ☐ 30 certificate of non-compliance ☐ 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	 □ 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract Other □ 59
•	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS - Name, address, email address and telephone number

Strata Management Services 9/29-31 Croydon Street Cronulla NSW 2230

SECTION 66W CERTIFICATE

I,		of	,
certify a	s follows	:-	
1.	I am a		currently admitted to practise in New South
	Wales.		
2.	_	_	n accordance with Section 66W of the
	Convey	ancing Act 1919 with	reference to a Contract for the sale of property
	at 2/35 (Oxley Avenue, Jani	ali, from Stephen James Pratt and Gregory
	Rowlan	ds Pratt to	in order that there is no
	cooling	off period in relation	to that Contract.
3.	I do not	act for Stanhan Jan	nes Pratt and Gregory Rowlands Pratt and
3.		"	-
			l practice of a solicitor acting for Stephen
		0 1	Rowlands Pratt nor am I a member or
	a Solicitor acting Stephen James Pratt and		
	Gregor	y Rowlands Pratt is	s a member or employee.
4.	I have e	xplained to:	
	1.	the effect of the Co	ntract for the purchase of that property;
	2.	the nature of this C	ertificate;
	3.	the effect of giving	this Certificate to the vendor, ie. that there is no
		cooling off period	n relation to the Contract.
DATE	D.		
DATE	D.		
*********	******		

FURTHER PROVISIONS FOR THE CONTRACT FOR THE SALE OF LAND

Attached to and forming part of the Contract for the sale of Land at 2/35 Oxley Avenue, Jannali

- 32. This contract is amended as follows:
 - 32.1 By deleting the words "exceeds 5% of the price" and inserting the words "One Dollar \$1.00" in clause 7.1.1;
 - 32.2 By deleting the words "plus another 20% of that fee" from clause 16.5;
 - 32.3 By deleting the words "cash (up to \$2,000) or" from clause 16.7;
 - 32.4 Clauses 23.13 and 23.14 do not apply if the land forms part of a 2 lot strata scheme.

33. Death, incapacity, bankruptcy

Should either party (and if more than one person comprises such party then either one of them) prior to completion:

- 33.1 Die or become a protected person as defined in the *Protected Estates*Act 1983 then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing and clause 19 shall apply; or
- 33.2 Be declared bankrupt or enter into any scheme or make any assignment for the benefit of creditors or being a company resolve to go into liquidation or enter into a scheme or arrangement with its creditors under the Corporations Law or should any liquidator, receiver or official manager be appointed in respect of the party (or should a petition or other Court proceedings be instituted for such appointment), then that party shall be deemed to be in default of an essential condition of this contract.

34. Entire contract

The purchaser acknowledges that this document constitutes the entire agreement between the parties AND THE PURCHASER FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES that where these Further Provisions are inconsistent with the printed form of contract these Further Provisions shall prevail.

35. Selling agent

The vendor warrants that he has not engaged any real estate agent in connection with the sale of the property to the purchaser other than the vendor's agent named on page 1 of the contract. The purchaser warrants that it has not been introduced to the sale directly or indirectly through the services of any other commission or real estate agent and the purchaser hereby agrees to indemnify and to keep indemnified the vendor against any claim for commission as may be sought by any other real estate agent other than the agent named on page 1 of the contract resulting from a breach of this warranty. This clause shall not merge on completion.

36. Notice to Complete

Not less than fourteen (14) days shall be a reasonable and sufficient time for any Notice under this contract including any Notice to Complete and where a notice to complete is served on the Purchaser by or on behalf of the Vendor, it is an essential term that on actual completion of this Contract the Purchaser must pay the sum of three hundred and thirty dollars (\$330.00) (being a genuine pre-estimate of the damages payable for the breach of this contract which give rise to the service of the notice) to reimburse the Vendor for the additional legal costs and disbursements incurred by the Vendor in connection with the preparation and service of each notice.

37. Interest

(a) If settlement does not occur at the first scheduled time due to the default of the purchaser, or the purchaser's mortgagee, then the purchaser shall pay all fees including agency fees and recertification fees incurred by the Vendor, or the Vendor's mortgagee, in relation to any rearrangement of settlement.

(b) If the purchaser fails to complete this contract on or before the completion date otherwise than through the fault of the vendor, then in addition to the payment of fees pursuant to clause 36(a) hereof, the purchaser shall also pay interest on the balance of the purchase price at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum until; the actual completion date.

38. Section 66W Certificate

Should the subject property not be sold at auction, or in the event this contract is not made on the same day as the subject property was offered for sale by public auction, but passed in, the vendor requires, on exchange of contracts herein, that the purchaser provide a certificate pursuant to Section 66W of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919, as amended, in the form as annexed hereto.

39. Deleted

40. Claims

Notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 7 hereof the parties expressly agree that any claim for compensation shall be deemed to be an objection or requisition under Clause 8 hereof.

41. No Warranty

The Purchaser acknowledges that he does not rely in this Contract upon any warranty or representation made by the Vendor or any person on behalf of the Vendor except such as are expressly provided herein but has relied entirely upon his own enquiries relating to and inspection of the property AND THE PURCHASER FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES that he accepts the property and its inclusions in its present state of repair and condition and subject to all faults and defects of quality therein both latent and patent and no objection, requisition or claim for compensation or claim for rescission shall be made in respect thereof.

42. Deleted

43. Deposit Bond

If applicable, the deposit may be paid by way of deposit bond issued by a financial institution approved by the vendor. The bond must be issued to the vendor for the deposit amount and handed to the vendor's solicitor on exchange of contracts. The following conditions shall apply to the bond:

- (a) subject to paras (b) and (c) below the delivery of the bond to the vendor's solicitors shall, to the extent of the amount guaranteed under the bond, be deemed for the purposes of this contract to be payment of the deposit in accordance with this contract:
- (b) the purchaser must pay the amount stipulated in the bond to the vendor on completion in the same manner as the balance of moneys is to be paid;
- (c) if the vendor serves on the purchaser notice in writing claiming to forfeit the deposit then, to the extent that the amount has not already been paid by the financial institution under the bond, the purchaser must forthwith pay the deposit (or so much thereof as has not been paid) to the vendor's solicitors.

44. Building Information Certificate

Notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 11 hereof if, as a consequence of any application by the Purchaser for a Building Information Certificate from the Local Council:

- a) a work order under any Legislation is made after the date of this Contract or:
- b) the Local Council informs the Purchaser of works to be done before it will issue the Building Information Certificate;

then the purchaser is not entitled to make a requisition or claim in respect of such work order or the works required by the Local Council and if this Contract is completed the Purchaser must comply with such work order and pay the expense of compliance or do the works required at his own expense.

45. Deposit

The parties agree that the deposit herein is ten percent (10%) of the purchase price. If on exchange of contracts the vendor agrees to accept an amount that is less than ten percent (10%) of the purchase price ("part payment of deposit") THE PURCHASER AGREES that if the purchaser defaults under the contract entitling the vendor to keep the part payment of deposit then the purchaser shall immediately on demand pay to the vendor the difference between the part payment of deposit and the actual deposit (to the intent that a full 10% of the purchase price is the deposit).

- **45(a).** The purchaser agrees that the difference between the 10% of the purchase price and the amount actually paid as referred to in Further Provision 45 above is not a penalty but is the amount agreed to be paid to the vendor if the vendor becomes entitled to retain the part payment of deposit actually paid.
- **45(b).** The purchaser acknowledges that the payment of the balance of the deposit referred to in sub-clause (a) above upon the termination of default of this contract shall be in addition to and shall not limit any other remedies available to the Vendor contained or implied in this contract notwithstanding any other rule of law or equity. This clause shall not merge on completion.

46. Foreign Investment Review Board (FIRB)

The purchaser warrants that s/he either:

- a) has obtained FIRB approval for the purchase of the property herein; or
- b) such approval is not required.

47. Requisitions on Title

The Purchaser agrees that any general Requisitions on Title pursuant to clause 5.1 served on the Vendor will be in the form as attached hereto. Notwithstanding clause 5.1 the Requisitions on Title are not deemed to have been raised by the inclusion of this Further Provision.

48.	Guarantee & Indemnity (Where the Purchaser is a Company)						
	48.1 For the purposes of this Special Condition:						
Α.	Guarantor means:						
	of						
	······································						
	AND						
	of						
	(being two of the directors of the corporate purchaser or, if the corporate purchaser is a sole Director/Secretary corporation, the sole Director/Secretary).						
IT IS A	AGREED						
a)	In consideration of the Vendor entering into the Contract at the Guarantor's request, the Guarantor guarantees to the Vendor:						
	payment of all money payable by the purchaser under the Contract; and						
	the performance of all of the purchaser's other obligations under this contract.						
b)	The Guarantor:						
	Indemnifies the Vendor against any claim, action, loss, damage, cost, liability, expense or payment incurred by the Vendor in connection with or arising from any breach or default by the Purchaser of its obligations under this Contract; and must pay on demand any money due to the Vendor under this indemnity						

c) The Guarantor is jointly and separately liable with the Purchaser to the Vendor

for:

the performance by the Purchaser of its obligations under this Contract; and any damage incurred by the Vendor as a result of the Purchaser's failure to performance its obligations under this Contract or the termination of this Contract by the Vendor.

- d) The Guarantor must pay to the Vendor on written demand by the Vendor all expenses incurred by the Vendor in respect of the Vendor's exercise or attempted exercise of any right under this clause.
- e) If the Vendor assigns or transfers the benefit of this Contract, the transferee receives the benefit of the Guarantor's obligations under this clause.
- f) The Guarantor's obligations under this clause are not released, discharged or otherwise affected by:

the granting of any time, waiver, covenant not to sue or other indulgence; the release of discharge of any person;

an arrangement, composition or compromise entered into by the Vendor, the Purchaser, the Guarantor or any other person;

any moratorium or other suspension of the right, power, authority, discretion or remedy conferred on the Vendor by this Contract, a statute, a Court or otherwise;

payment to the Vendor, including payment which at or after the payment date is illegal, void, voidable, avoided or unenforceable; or the winding up of the Purchaser.

Signed by the Guarantor in the presence of:	
Signature of witness	
enginatar of vitinoso	
	Guarantor
Name of witness	
	Guarantor
Address of Witness	



LAND REGISTRY Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 2/SP38646

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SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
10/10/2019	9:46 AM	3	7/9/1994

LAND

LOT 2 IN STRATA PLAN 38646
AT JANNALI
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE

FIRST SCHEDULE
----STEPHEN JAMES PRATT
GREGORY ROWLANDS PRATT
AS JOINT TENANTS

(T U597106)

SECOND SCHEDULE (1 NOTIFICATION)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP38646

NOTATIONS

NOTE: THE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE FOR THIS FOLIO OF THE REGISTER DOES NOT INCLUDE SECURITY FEATURES INCLUDED ON COMPUTERISED CERTIFICATES OF TITLE ISSUED FROM 4TH JANUARY, 2004. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT STRINGENT PROCESSES ARE ADOPTED IN VERIFYING THE IDENTITY OF THE PERSON(S) CLAIMING A RIGHT TO DEAL WITH THE LAND COMPRISED IN THIS FOLIO.

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



REGISTRY Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP38646

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
10/10/2019	10:05 AM	3	13/2/2018

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 38646 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT JANNALI
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE
PARISH OF SUTHERLAND COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP38646

FIRST SCHEDULE

.....

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 38646 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: 35 OXLEY AVENUE JANNALI 2226

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016
- 3 AN13255 EASEMENT FOR DRAINAGE OF WATER 0.9 WIDE (LIMITED IN STRATUM) AFFECTING THE PART DESIGNATED (X) IN PLAN WITH AN13255

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 340)

STRATA PLAN 38646

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1 -	55	2 -	55	3 -	60	4 -	55
5	55	6	60				

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

space.

Plan Drawing only to appear in this

0

Form: 01TG Release: 3·1

TRANSFER

GRANTING EASEMENT

New South Wales

EXTRA FEE RAISED D190105S

new South Wales Real Property Act 1900 AN13255Q

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

_			o any person for search upon payme			
	ODGED	Servient Ten	ement		Dominant Tenement	
	.しいじにし	CP/SP3864	16		0/410304	
1	2 FEB 2018					
(B)	LODGED BY	Document	Name, Address or DX, Telephone	e and Cus	romer Account Number if any	CODE
• • •		Collection			nomer recount runner is any	
TIME:	12.35	Box	SYDNEY LEGAL AGE			
		3920	LIP: 128915V Reference: WMD / 400			ITGI
.00	TRANSFEROR		Keterence: WMD 400	6/17		The second secon
(C)	IRANSFEROR	The Owner	rs - Strata Plan No. 386	546		
						and the second
(D)		The transferor	acknowledges receipt of the consid	deration o	rs 34,000.00	N.F.
		and transfers	and grants—			
(E)	DESCRIPTION OF EASEMENT	Easement	for Drainage of Water O).9 wid	e (Limited in Stratum) AS	shown on the
	OI CADEMENT	attached	plan on the terms set ou	it in A	nnexure B	
		out of the ser	vient tenement and appurtenant to the	he domin	ant tenement.	***************************************
(F)		Encumbrance	es (if applicable):			
(G)						
		Clincon	Liam Good and Laena Cath	nerine	vawson	
	DATE	L				
		C71 1	daharaharaharah	<i>(</i> ************************************	ified correct for the purposes of the R	and Droparty #61
(H)	signed this dealing		s and that the transferor ice.		0 by the transferor.	carrioperture
	[See note below]					
				α,		
	Signature of with	iss:		Sign	nature of transferor:	.
	Mana a finita agai					
	Name of witness: Address of witnes	ss:		_		
		S	EE ANNEXURE "B"	/		
			<i></i>			
						No. 1 December 4 of
	I certify I am an e signed this dealin	ligible witnes g in my preser	s and that the transferee	Ler 190	tified correct for the purposes of the F 0 by the transferce.	teal Property Act
	[See note* below	Ĭ	STRATA A			
			1/25/ E			
	Signature of with	ess	s and that the transfered nee. STRATA OF AN NO. Sent. Sent.	Sigr	nature of transferee:	
			Seul Seul			
	Name of witness:		THE SE	1		
		•				15A
			H			

* \$117 RP Act requires that you must have known the signatory for more than 12 months or have sighted identifying documentation.

ALL HANDWRITING MUST BE IN PLACE CAPITALS Page 1 of \$5.



ap. 1 200

-celsp386uc pred by 1245 01418304prod

OXLEY

Stiat de Nett

Stuart de Nett Registered Surveyor Our Ref: 11683A 9 May 2016

MARK	MGA CO	OORDINATES	발	Rι	SS	SS
MARK	EASTING	NORTHING	ZONE	AHD	당	ORDER
PM 51(44 SSM 36797	321267.874 321351.645	6234385.068 6234184.480	56 56	68.643 79.360	LB LB	L2 L2

Page 2 of #5

Dimensions are in metres

CY/1 RD

15B

ANNEXURE "B" TO TRANSFER GRANTING EASEMENT

Parties: Owners Corporation SP 38646 and Clinton Liam Good & Laena Catherine Dawson

TERMS OF THE EASEMENT FOR DRAINAGE OF WATER 0.9 WIDE

- 1. Standard terms of Easement for Drainage of Water pursuant to Schedule 8 of the Conveyancing Act 1919, with the addition of the following:
 - (a) The stratum of the easement in the section denoted "(HL)" is unlimited in depth and partly limited in height to inclined planes with levels to AHD (Australian Height Datum) as shown on the accompanying plan.

2. Easement Works:

(f)

- (a) When carrying out any works in relation to the Easement:
 - (i) if the plants located within the site of the Easement running the length of the northern boundary require removal, the owner of the lot benefited must ensure that these plants are removed and then returned to their positions and reinstated to a similar condition as at the date of removal
 - (ii) when carrying out any excavation work on the northern boundary of the lot burdened, the owner of the lot benefitted agrees to relocate the 32 existing plants into pots and to place those pots in a safe place on the lot burdened and to save the existing garden soil. If rock is encountered as part of the excavation work, then the owner of the lot benefitted agrees to remove any such rock and to install garden soil to match the existing depth of 30cm and no higher than the existing driveway.
- (b) The owner of the lot benefited must take all reasonable steps to prevent any disturbance to the concrete driveway and carport when carrying out the works.
- (c) To the extent possible, access to the site of easement to carry out the works must only be obtained through the garden bed which runs the length of the northern boundary of the lot burdened;
- (d) The owner of the lot benefited must not allow large or heavy machinery to access the property; and
- (e) The owner of the lot benefited must take reasonable steps to minimise any interference with the vehicular access for tenants residing within the lot burdened during the works. If the vehicular access of the tenants to the lot burdened is wholly or substantially prevented, then the owner of the lot benefited must pay the affected tenants compensation in the amount of \$100 per week during the period in which the vehicular access has been prevented.

Provided that at least 14 days notice has been provided, the owner of the lot burdened must allow the owner of the lot benefited to have access to the site of the Easement for the purposes of any repairs or maintenance which may be required to the Drainage Easement, and the owner of the lot benefitted must fully reinstate any common property of Strata Plan 38646 which is disturbed as a result of any such repair or maintenance works. All costs of maintenance is at the expense of the lot benefitted.

15C

3/45

K 1000411059711948695 600

<u>Laena Catherine DAWSON</u> Registered Proprietor

ANNEXURE "B" TO TRANSFER GRANTING EASEMENT

Parties: Owners Corporation SP 38646 and Clinton Liam Good & Laena Catherine Dawson

FOR EXECUTION OF THE TRANSFEROR PLEASE SEE AMMEXURE C

Executions

The Owners – Strata Plan No. 38646 cer	tifies that:	
dealing or plan to GRANT A	I a special resolution agreeing to the execution of the	
	emes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 or section 32(4)	
Strata Schemes (Leasehold Develop		
Grata delicines (Leadericia Develop	month, to toos,	
(2) The requirements of section 28(3)(a)	(ii) Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 or	
section 32(3)(a)(ii) Strata Schemes (Leasehald Development) Act 1986 have been complied with	
in respect of the said dealing or plan		
The common and of the Owner Charte	Plan No. 38646 was hereunto affixed on 25 DGoBon 2	017
in the process of S. T. V. T. F.	R Programme was hereunto anixed on	
Strata Schemen Management Act 1996 t		
Strata Schemes Management Act 1950 t		28
Am.	IRS-STRATA	Alctorder & ate: (5/01/140
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	HE Sent S	Signed:
. 6 /	N. Joseph	10 E
	* 90	am authorised to make this
/ M M		lhori
		sed t
The state of the s		o ma
(Semi-		8
	Signed in my presence by Clinton Liam Good & Laena Catherine Dawson who are personally known to me	E 03
11/1	Lacina Catherine Dawson who are personally known to me	lleration
CKJv.d	L Halthour	8
Clinton Liam GOOD	Signature of Witness	
Registered Proprietor	agradas of Francisco	
	Lyn Holthouse.	
1		
***************************************	3-5 Stapleton Ave. Sutnerland.	

Page 4 of A5

Name, Address and Occupation of Witness

15 L

ANNEXURE "C" TO TRANSFER GRANTING EASEMENT

Parties: Owners Corporation SP 38646 and

Clinton Liam Good & Laena Catherine Dawson

Attestation and Execution

The seal of The Owners - Strata Plan No 38646 was affixed on Land February in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal.

Signature:

Authority: OWALL 50%

Signature:

Name:

C.R. PRATT Authority: DWNER 50%



Certificate of Owners Corporation

Special Resolution

The owners corporation certifies that on 20 July 2016, it passed a special resolution, pursuant to the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, authorising the dealing or plan with this certificate.

The resolution was passed after the expiration of the initial period or, the original owner owns all of the lots in the strata scheme or, an order has been made under section 27 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 authorising the registration of the dealing.

Where the dealing or plan disposes of common property, all unregistered interests in the common property being disposed of and of which the owners corporation has been notified, have been released in accordance with section 36(1)(c) Strata Schemes Development Act 2015.

The seal of The Owners - Strata Plan No 38646 was affixed on 720 FEBRUARY 2018 in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal.

FILM WITH AN13255

Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

- that the initial period has expired.
- the original proprietor owns all of the lots in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an
 exchanged contract for the purchase of a lot in the scheme has consented to any plan or
 dealing being lodged with this certificate.

	Sept AN NO. 38646	
Signature:	77.471Authority:	awnon 50%
Signature:)	DWNEK 500



New South Wales Consolidated Regulations

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STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016 - SCHEDULE 2

SCHEDULE 2 – By-laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

(Clause 35)

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 12 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 13 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 13 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act</u> 1973 and by-law 14 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 14 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act</u> 1973 and by-law 15 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 15 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act</u> 1973 and by-law 16 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

5 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation.

Note: This by-law is subject to sections 109 and 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.

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- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under <u>clause</u> (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 106 of the <u>Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</u>, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in <u>clause</u> (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 16 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act</u> 1973 and by-law 17 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 17 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 18 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 18 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act</u> 1973 and by-law 19 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 19 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 20 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 20 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 21 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 21 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 22 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 22 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 23 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 23 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 24 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 24 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 25 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 25 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act</u> 1973 and by-law 26 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

15 Garbage disposal

An owner or occupier of a lot:

- (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 26 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act</u> 1973 and by-law 27 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

16 Keeping of animals

- (1) Subject to <u>section 157</u> of the <u>Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</u>, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 27 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 28 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 29 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 30 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

18 Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 3 in Schedule 1 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973</u> and by-law 3 in Schedule 3 to the <u>Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986</u>.

19 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

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Applicant:

Mitchell Reece & Associates PO Box 363 JANNALI NSW 2226

Planning Certificate – Section 10.7 (2) Certificate Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Certificate no: ePC:19/4148 Delivery option:

Certificate date: 10/10/2019 Your reference:

Property:

Lot 2 S/P 38646 2/35 Oxley Avenue JANNALI NSW 2226

Zone:

* Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015

Zone R4 High Density Residential

Notes:

- (a) The information in this certificate only relates to the real property Identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.
- (b) The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 will be referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.

Disclaimer:

(a) This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7(2), ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENTACT, 1979

1. Names of relevant instruments and DCPs

- 1. The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:
 - * Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015
 - * Greater Metropolitan Regional Environmental Plan No. 2 Georges River Catchment (5/2/1999) (deemed SEPP).
 - * Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No.09 (Extractive Industry (No.2) 1995) (deemed SEPP).
 - * SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004
 - * SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
 - * SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
 - * SEPP (Educational Establishments & Child Care Facilities) 2017
 - * SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007
 - * SEPP (Mining, Petroleum & Extractive Industries) 2007
 - * SEPP (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007
 - * SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004
 - * SEPP No.19 Bushland in Urban Areas
 - * SEPP No.21 Caravan Parks
 - * SEPP No.33 Hazardous and Offensive Development
 - * SEPP No.50 Canal Estates
 - * SEPP No.55 Remediation of Land

- * SEPP No.64 Advertising and Signage
- * SEPP No.65 Design Quality of Residential Flats
- * SEPP No.70 Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)
- * SEPP (State and Regional Development) 2011
- * SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005
- * SEPP (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017
- * SEPP (Concurrences) 2018
- * SEPP (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-General has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

The following Draft State Environmental Planning Policies apply: Amendments to SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007, SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007, SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, and new draft policies - SEPP Environment, SEPP Short-term Rental Accommodation and SEPP Remediation of Land.

Draft SSLEP2015 Landscaped Area - Existing Non-Compliances applies to the land. The amendment proposes to introduce flexibility into the landscaped area provisions of the Plan to allow consent to be granted despite an existing non-compliant landscaped area for specific types of development.

3. The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Sutherland Shire Development Control Plan 2015

Note: In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) in any zone (however described).

(a) The name and number of the zone:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone R4 High Density Residential

(b) Permitted without consent:

Home occupations

(c) Permitted with consent:

Attached dwellings; Backpackers' accommodation; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works, Flood mitigation works; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Shop top housing;

(d) Prohibited:

Pond-based aquaculture; Tank-based aquaculture; Any development not specified in item (b) or (c)

(e) Minimum land dimensions fixed for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land:

Under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 there are no relevant development standards for the erection of a dwelling house due to site dimensions.

(f) Does the land include or comprise critical habitat?

No

(g) Is the land in a conservation area?

No

(h) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land?

There is no item of environmental heritage situated on the property.

2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone (however described) under:

- (a) Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP), or
- (c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,

the particulars referred to in clause 2 (a)-(h) in relation to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

Note: Sutherland Shire Council does not currently have any land in the Growth Centres that has been zoned by a Precinct Plan in the Appendices to this SEPP, proposed to be zoned in a draft Precinct Plan (that has been publicly exhibited or formally consulted on) or has been zoned under Part 3 of the Growth Centres SEPP.

3. Complying Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
- (2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under this Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Internal Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4 or SP3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the

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Container Recycling Facilities Code.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivisions Code.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Rural Housing Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code.

(Note: All land in the Sutherland Shire is deferred from this code until the 31st of October 2019.)

Green Field Housing Code

Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

(Note: This code applies to land within the Greenfield Housing Code Area as mapped in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.)

General Development Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code.

Demolition Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code.

Certificate Number: ePC:19/4148

Inland Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under this Code

(Note: This code only applies to local government areas specified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. At this time it does not apply to the Sutherland Shire.)

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council—whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

There are no properties subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services.

Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

5. Mine Subsidence

Is the land proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017?

No

6. Road Widening and Road Realignment

(a) Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993?

No

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	(b)	Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any environmental planning instrument?
		No
	(c)	Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council?
		No
7.		uncil and other public authority policies on hazard risk trictions
7.		
7.	res	Is the land affected by a policy adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire,
7.	res	Is the land affected by a policy adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate or any other risk?
7.	res	Is the land affected by a policy adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate or any other risk? No Is the land affected by a policy adopted by any other public authority that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate or any

7A. Flood related development controls information

(1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the Instrument set out in the Schedule to the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act?

No

9. Contribution Plans

Council has adopted the following Contribution Plans that apply to the land:

- The 2016 Section 94A Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).
- * The 2016 Section 94 Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).

9A. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect.

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

10. Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the

existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

No

11. Bush fire prone land

Is the land bush fire prone?

No

12. Property Vegetation Plans

Has Council been notified that a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies to the land?

No

13. Orders Under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if Council has been notified of the order).

No.

14. Directions under Part 3A

Is there a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act that does not have effect?

No

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing) under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If there is a certificate, the period for which the certificate is current. Are there any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18 (2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land?

No

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

Is there a valid site compatibility certificate (of which the council is aware), issued under clause 19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

17. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If so this statement sets out the period for which the certificate is current and any conditions pursuant to cl17(1) or cl38(1) of SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

No

18. Paper subdivision information

Is the land subject to any development plan adopted by a relevant authority or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot? If so, this statement sets out the date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Note: Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

No

19. Site verification certificates

Is there a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land?

If so, this statement includes:

- (a) the matter certified by the certificate, and
- (b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and
- (c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure.

Note. A site verification certificate sets out the Director-General's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land—see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.

No

20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Is the land to which the certificate relates identified on the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register maintained by the Secretary of NSW Fair Trading?

No

21. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

Are there any affected building notices of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

No

If so, this statement includes:

- (a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- (b) whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

Note: affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?
- (b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?

No

- (c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?
- (d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?
- (e) Is the land subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act?

No

Any Other Prescribed Matter

Note: Section 26 of the Nation Building and Jobs Plan (State Infrastructure Delivery) Act 2009 provides that a planning certificate must include advice about any exemption under section 23 or authorisation under section 24 of that Act if the Council is provided with a copy of the exemption or authorisation by the Co-ordinator General under the Act.

No

Additional Information

Council's records indicate that there is no other relevant information

in accordance with Section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 related to this property. Advice regarding demolition orders should be sought by application for a Division 6.7 Building information certificates.

For further information please telephone [02] 9710 0333.

Yours faithfully

Mark Carlon

Manager Strategic Planning



Enquiry ID Agent ID Issue Date Correspondence ID Your reference

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED DX Box 578 SYDNEY

Land Tax Certificate under section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act, 1956.

This information is based on data held by Revenue NSW.

Land ID Land address Taxable land value

\$38646/2 Unit 2, 35 OXLEY AVE JANNALI 2226 \$193 579

There is no land tax (including surcharge land tax) charged on the land up to and including the 2019 tax year,

Yours sincerely,

Stephen R Brady

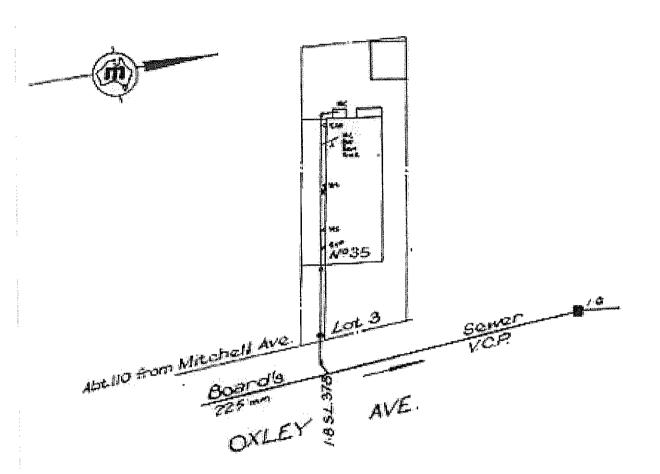
Chief Commissioner of State Revenue

Menicipality of Sutherland

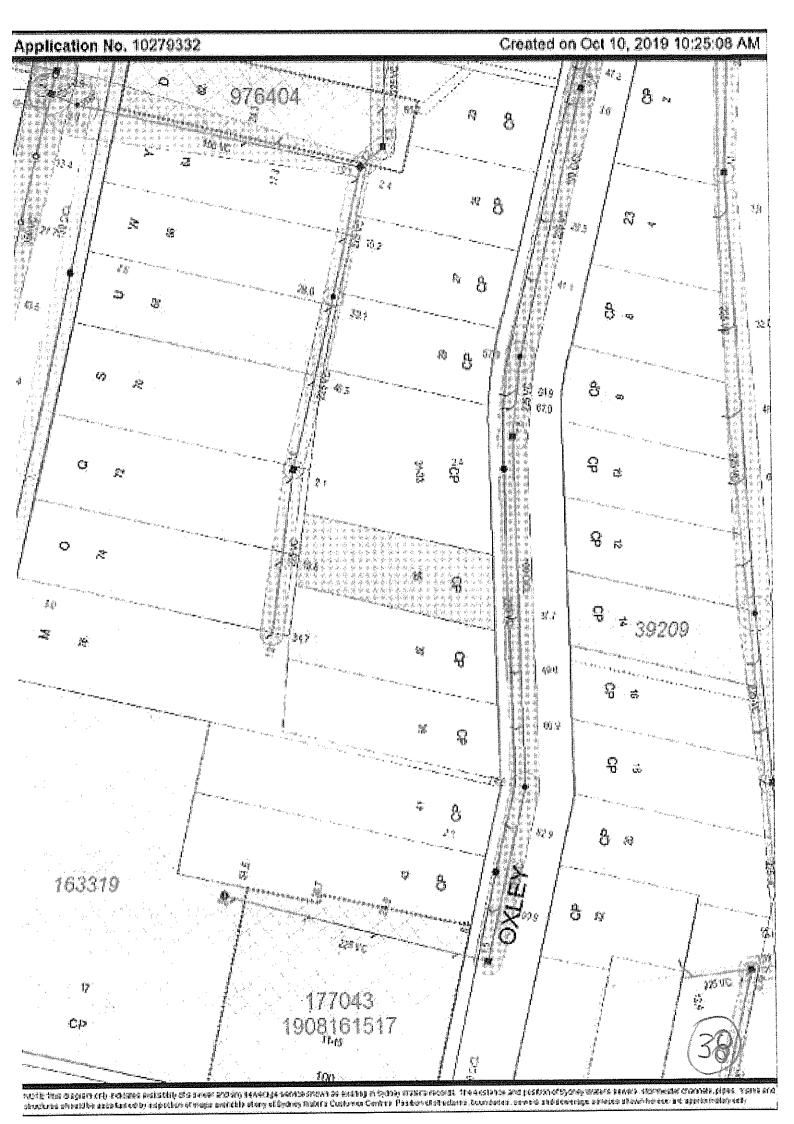
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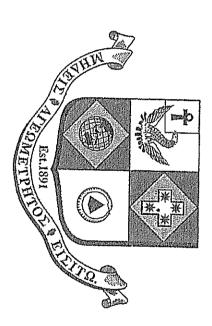
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SURVEYOR'S REPORT



Registered by
The Institution of Surveyors,
New South Wales Inc.

PROPERTY SITUATE AT Jannali

35 Oxley Avenue

7

7th October 2019

DATE

CLIENT

SJ & GR Pratt

Zii.

JONATHAN C. KEEN & CO. .

PTY, LTD
A.B.N. 13 002 814 557

J.C. KEEN, B.SURY(UNSW), FISNSW.
REGISTERED LAND SURYEYOR

JONATHAN C. KEEN & CO. PTY. LTD.

A.B.N. 13 002 814 557 18 CHURCH STREET, CRONULLA 2230 P.O. BOX 257, CRONULLA 2230

TELEPHONE: (02) 9544 0948 FACSIMILE: (02) 9523 4823 J C. KEEN, B.SURV(UNSW). FIS NSW. REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR

SURVEYOR'S REPORT

SJ & GR Pratt 7 Banksia Street Cronulla. N.S.W. 2230

7th October 2019

Our Ref: 2704 ID

Dear Sir.

Property: 35 Oxley Avenue, Jannali Being Strata Plan Number 975369 in the Local Government Area Sutherland Shire Parish of Sutherland, County of Cumberland

We thank you for your instruction to survey the above property, and now provide the following report. This survey has been prepared for identification purposes for SJ & GR Pratt. The use of this survey by a person other than SJ & GR Pratt does not create a contract between Jonathan C. Keen & Co. Pty. Limited and that other person.

The subject land has a frontage of 15.715 metres to Oxley Avenue as shown edged in red on the adjoining sketch.

Standing upon the land thereof is a two storey brick residential building with garages under and a tile roof together with a metal carport as shown.

In our opinion the said building and carport stand in relation to the boundaries as shown on the attached sketch.

The metal carport is two years old and replaces an existing carport. The carport stands within the height limitations.

A washing line stands upon Part Lot 2 within the Strata Plan as shown.

Apart from minor fencing irregularities there are no further apparent encroachments by or upon the subject land.

Full details in relation thereto are as shown on the attached sketch. Prior to any architectural design and/or further improvements being erected upon the subject land or adjacent to any boundary, the boundaries of the land must be marked by us or by the consultant surveyor of choice. Jonathan C. Keen & Co. Pty. Limited, therefore cannot accept any responsibility for the use of this survey outside the limitations intended.

Yours faithfully,

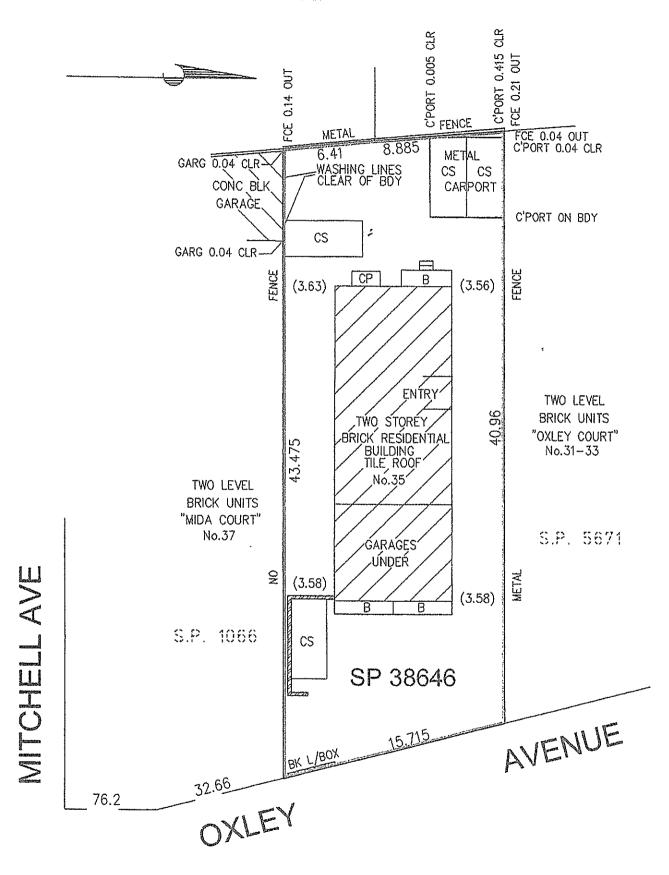
JONATHAN C. KEEN & CO. PTY. LTD.

Jonathan Keen

Land Surveyor Registered under the

Surveying & Spatial Information Act 2002.

SKETCH



for survey Registered Land Surveyor

A LAND SURVEYOR REGISTERED UNDER THE SURVEYING & SPATIAL INFORMATION ACT 2002, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE SURVEY REPRESENTED IN THIS PLAN WAS MADE BY ME IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION 10 OF THE SURVEYING & SPATIAL INFORMATION REGULATION, 2012

Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 Schedule 1 Standard Form Agreement (Clause 4(1))

Standard form from 30 October 2016

Residential tenancy agreement



Landlord Name (1):	Landlord Name (2):				
Ron Pratt & Son Superannuation	Not Applicable				
Address for service of notices (can be an agent's address):					
c/- Pratt Property Management PO Box 13					
SUTHERLAND NSW	Postcode: 1499				
Telephone number (of landlord or agent): Amanda Pratt 04					
receptions number (or landsord of agenty.					
Tenant's Name (1): Gerald Ward	Tenant's Name (2):				
Geraid Ward	Not Applicable				
Tenant's Name (3):	Add all other tenants here:				
Not Applicable					
Audress for service of notices (if different to address of premis	ses):				
t Applicable					
	Postcode: Not Applicable				
Tephone number/s: On File					
Landlord's agent:					
att Property Management					
Andress for service of notices:					
Box 13 DITHERLAND NSW					
TERLAND NSW	Postcode: 1499				
Phone number/s: 0452 2212 78 or amail amanda@a					
phone number/s: 0452 2312 78 or email amanda@prattpropertymanagement.com.au					
i mises:					
(a) location 2/35 Oxley Avenue, Jannali NSW 2226					
(b) inclusions					
Registered Car space ONLY					
Insert inclusions, for example a common parking space or furn	niture provided. Attach a separate list if necessary.				
Term:	7				
The term of this agreement is 6 weeks/months/years,	For a fixed term agreement insert the term. Otherwise leave blank or write 'periodic'				
starting on 22/04/2017 and ending on 21/10/2017					
Rent: \$340 a week fortnight payable in advance starting on 22/04/2017					

(a) to Pratt Property Management Pty Ltd	at PO Box 13, Sutherland NSW 1499					
by cash or cheque, or						
•	sinated by the landlord:					
(b) into the following account, or any other account nominated by the landlord: BSB number: 062-259						
(c) as follows: Deposit Book 40 Provided	, or					
(c) as follows:						
Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the t	tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the					
	ccount fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions)					
(see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the to	* * *					
RENTAL BOND [Cross out if there is not going to be a l						
of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.	paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount					
or the remainstance and more warm, received remain						
IMPORTANT INFORMATION						
Maximum number of occupants						
No more than ONE persons may ordinarily live	in the premises at any one time.					
Urgent repairs						
Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs						
Electrical repairs: Pratt Property Management	Telephone: 0452 231 278					
Plumbing repairs: Pratt Property Management	Telephone: 0452 231 278					
Other repairs: Pratt Property Management	Telephone: 0452 231 278					
V ter usage						
Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water u	sage? Yes Vo					
If yes, see clauses 11 and 12.						
Strata by-laws						
Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws appli If yes, see clause 35.	icable to the residential premises? Yes No					
Condition report						
A condition report relating to the condition of the premis	ses must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord					
before or when this agreement is signed.	at the land of					
Tenancy laws						
The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 apply to this agreement. Both						
the landlord and the tenant must comply with these law	5.					

Car information about your rights and reconscibilities under this agreement contact Eair Trading at unusurfairtrading neurous as call 12 23 30 3

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

- The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under 'Premises'.
- 2. The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when this agreement is signed and given by the tenant to the landlord or a person on the landlord's behalf, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Rent

3. The tenant agrees:

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
 - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and

- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque) and to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.7 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent increases

5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note: Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 6.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 6.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 6.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Rent reductions

For information about your rights and monapolivities under this agreement contact Exist Trading at unsulfainteding agreement and agreement and agreement and agreement and agreement agreement and agreement a

- 7. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 7.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 7.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 7.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

• 8. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

Payment of council rates, land tax, water and other charges

9. The landlord agrees to pay:

- 9.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 9.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 9.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 9.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 9.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 9.8 all charges for the availability of gas to the residential premises if the premises do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises for any purpose.

10. The tenant agrees to pay:

- 10.1 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 10.2 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises, and
- 10.3 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 10.4 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 10.5 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 11 and the residential premises:
 10.5.1 are separately metered, or

- 10.5.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.
- 11. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
 - 11.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
 - 11.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
 - 11.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
 - 11.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 11.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
 - 11.4.2 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
 - 11.4.3 there are no leaking taps at the commencement of this agreement or when the water efficiency measures are installed, whichever is the later.
- 12. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

13. The landlord agrees:

- 13.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 13.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

14. The landlord agrees:

Ear information about your rights and eargancibilities under this agreement contact Existentian at usual fairtradian acus gas as as call 10.000 I

14.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having

- superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 14.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 14.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

Use of the premises by tenant

15. The tenant agrees:

- 15.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 15.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 15.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 15.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 15.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 16.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
 - 16.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes and batteries for smoke detectors on the residential premises.
- 17. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
 - 17.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and

- 17.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 17.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 17.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises, and
- 17.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 17.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Landlord's general obligations for residential premises

18. The landlord agrees:

- 18.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
- 18.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 18.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 18.5 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises.

Urgent repairs

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- 19. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
 - 19.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
 - 19.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and

- 19.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 19.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 19.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 19.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: The type of repairs that are urgent repairs are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

le of the premises

20. The landlord agrees:

- 20.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 20.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 21. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. The landlord and tenant agree:

- 22.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 22.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

Landlord's access to the premises

- 23. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
 - 23.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
 - 23.2 if the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
 - 23.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
 - 23.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
 - 23.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - 23.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time.
 - 23.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - 23.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
 - 23.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - 23.10 if the tenant agrees.

Car information about your rights and recognitibilities under this agreement contact Existending at union fairtending agreement are call 43 23 20

- 24. **The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8 or 23.9 of this agreement:
 - 24.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
 - 24.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
 - 24.3 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 25. **The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- 26. **The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

Alterations and additions to the premises

27. The tenant agrees:

- 27.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 27.2 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 27.3 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 27.4 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
- 28. **The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably refuse permission for the installation of a fixture by the tenant or to a minor alteration, addition or renovation by the tenant.

Locks and security devices

29. The landlord agrees:

- 29.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- 29.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or

For information about your rights and recognitibilities under this agreement contact Existending at usual fairtrading actual and are all 12 22 20

- information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 29.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 29.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 29.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

30. The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 30.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- 31. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

Transfer of tenancy or sub-letting by tenant

32. The landlord and tenant agree that:

- 32.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 32.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or

- sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 32.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 32.4 without limiting clause 32.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 32.3 and 32.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

33. **The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

Change in details of landlord or landlord's agent

34. The landlord agrees:

- 34.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 34.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

Copy of certain by-laws to be provided

[Cross out if not applicable]

35. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996, the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

Mitigation of loss

36. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

37. The landlord agrees that where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, then the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with details of the amount claimed and with copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim and a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

- 38. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that smoke alarms are installed and maintained in the residential premises in accordance with section 146A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that section requires them to be installed in the premises.
- 39. The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Swimming pools

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[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

40. The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

- 40A. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:
 - 40A.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and
 - 40A.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

40B. The landlord agrees:

- 40B.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 40B.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

Additional terms

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and
- (b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies
 Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 or any other Act, and
- (c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.

Additional term—break fee

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

- 41. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount:
 - 41.1 if the fixed term is for 3 years or less, 6 weeks rent if less than half of the term has expired or 4 weeks rent in any other case, or

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41.2 if the fixed term is for more than 3 years, [specify amount]:

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates the residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note: Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

42. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term is limited to the amount specified in clause 41 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Additional term—pets

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

- 43. The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.
- 44. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises:
- 45. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to have the residential premises fumigated if the cleaning or fumigation is required because animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

Insert any other agreed additional terms here. Attach a separate page if necessary.

Notes

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4). Clause 5 of this agreement provides for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord include sale of the residential premises, breach of this agreement by the tenant and hardship. The grounds for the tenant include sale of the residential premises (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord and hardship. For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

Enr information about sour rights and recognitities under this arrament contact Existending at unous fairtrading neurous as as call 12 22 20

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

Signed by the landlord/agent	Signed by the tenant (1)		
Name of landlord /agent	Name of tenant		
Amanda Prof	ELAW LACU		
Signature of landlord/agent	Signature of tenant		
(da rate	ghard		
on the 2_1 5+ day of $APRIL20_1$ +.	on the $/2/$ day of $/PR/(201_)$		
in the presence of (witness)	in the presence of (witness)		
Name of witness	Name of witness		
1. Christoforou.	Amanda Prat		
Signature of witness	Signature of witness		
AM	Proce		
Signed by the tenant (2)	Signed by the tenant (3) and any other tenants		
Name of tenant /	Name of tenant/s		
<u> </u>			
Signature of tenant	Signature of tenant/s		
on the day of 20	on the day of 20		
in the presence of (witness)	in the presence of (witness)		
Name of witness	Name of witness/		
Signature of witness	Signature of/witness		
/] [
	J L		
The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of given a copy of the <i>New tenant checklist</i> published by N	signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was ISW Fair Trading.		
Signature of tenant/s			
[Juwal			
For information about your rights and obligations as a la	andlord or tenant, contact:		
(a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.n	sw.gov.au, or		
(b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or			
(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au			

Cor information about your rights and responsibilities under this agreement contact Existending at unsulfairtending accuracy of a coll 12 22 20 44

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act* 1989, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group

Australian Taxation Office

Council

County Council

Department of Planning, Industry and

Environment

Department of Primary Industries

Electricity and gas

Land & Housing Corporation

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

NSW Department of Education

NSW Fair Trading

Owner of adjoining land

Privacy

Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW

Telecommunications
Transport for NSW

Water, sewerage or drainage authority

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday:

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale:

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion:

deposit-bond a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under \$14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party:

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999; GST Act

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA GSTRW payment

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not); GSTRW rate

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

each of the vendor and the purchaser; party

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; property planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property; an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

requisition rescind reselved this contract from the beginning;

serve serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate this contract for breach; terminate

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act: within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the property or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

solicitor

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 2,2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential. 2.3
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder.

- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue,
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor -
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to termination a notice disputing the vendor's right to terminate, the vendor must forward the deposit bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion -
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion —

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the parties of it an appointment is not made within 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a party (in the latter case the parties are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the parties do not appoint an arbitrator and neither party requests the President to appoint an arbitrator within 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor serves a notice of intention to rescind that specifies the requisition and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this
 contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of –

- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service):
- a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support:
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a party must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a flirid party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation
 Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before
 completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.

- If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the parties agree that the 13.6 margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the property.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the property will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the property (or any part of the property) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the GST rate if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if -
 - 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the property (or any part of the property).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the property which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the property to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply
- 13.10 by the vendor by or under this contract.
- The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable 13.11 supply.
- If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before 13.12 completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a GSTRW payment notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 13.13.1 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the GSTRW payment payable to the Deputy 13.13.2 Commissioner of Taxation: Commissioner of Taxation; forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13,13,3
 - serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date 13.13.4 confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and 14.1 drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- The parties must hot adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any 14.4 other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date -
 - 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an 14.6 amount adjustable under this contract and if so -
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the cheque must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the 14.6.2 cheque relates only to the property or by the vendor in any other case).
- If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the 14.7 adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.

The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the property (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque -
 - 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property:
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.

- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the property passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor -
 - 18,5,1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or requisition, any attempt to satisfy a claim or requisition, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded: 19.2.1
 - a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession; 19.2.2
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by 20.1 the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20,2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together. 20.4
- A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is 20.5 to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a party if it is signed by the party or the party's solicitor (apart from a direction under clause 4.3):
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919:
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received:
 - served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once. 20.6.6
 - 20.6.7
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay -
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20,7,2 if the party pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights. 20.9
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any legislation (including any percentage or rate specified in legislation) is also a reference to any corresponding later legislation.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title. 20.13
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

Time limits in these provisions 21

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does 21.4 not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a business day, the time is extended to 21.5 the next business day, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential. 21.6

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

· Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer -
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable):
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

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24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to serve the form of transfer until after the vendor has served a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
 - 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a planning agreement.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part,
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
 - if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen a party who has the benefit of the provision can rescind within 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the even to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen, within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an electronic transaction;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;

- 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
- 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree:
- 30.4.4 a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
- 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made -
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30,2,2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -
 - 30.5.1 create an Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; and
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace.
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single settlement cheque;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by 30.13 the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring -
 - 30.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to 30.14 the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by:
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

the party entitled to them.

details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; adjustment figures certificate of title the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one refers to each such paper

duplicate:

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be

settled:

conveyancing rules the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge or charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser.

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW):

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date:

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and electronic document

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the conveyancing rules;

incoming mortgage any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

mortgagee details the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31,1 This clause applies only if -

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act;
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser 31.2.1 payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction:
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy 31.2.2 Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

2135 Oxfey Avenue JAMMALINEM 226

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Purchaser:

Property:

Unit

Dated:

Possession and tenancies

- Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?

3.

- (a) (b) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
- If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.

(c) Please specify any existing breaches.

- (ď) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
- Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number. (e)
- If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord 4. and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948.)

5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):

- has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader and (a) Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
- have any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal? If so, please (b) provide details.

- Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the 6. property and recorded as the owner of the property on the strata roll, free of all other interests.
- On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or writ must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled (as the 7. case may be) or, in the case of a mortgage or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 118 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 (Act).
- Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title 8. to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.

When and where may the title documents be inspected?

Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of 11. completion.
- Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land 12. tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - Ìρί what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

Survey and building

- Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property and the 13. common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the property or the common property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.

 Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to
- 14. completion. The original should be handed over on completion.

In respect of the property and the common property: 15.

- Have the provisions of the Local Government Act, the Environmental Planning and (a) Assessment Act 1979 and their regulations been complied with?
- Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect (b) of any building or structure?
- Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, (c) it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the Environmental Planning and (d) Assessment Act 1979 for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

- In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years: (e)
 - please identify the building work carried out;
 - when was the building work completed? (ii)
 - please state the builder's name and licence number; (iii)
 - please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. (iv)
- Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted 16. any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property or the common property?
- 17. If a swimming pool is on the common property:
 - when did construction of the swimming pool commence? (a)
 - is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the (b) Swimming Pools Act 1992?
 - if the swimming pool has been approved under the Local Government Act 1993, please provide (c)
 - are there any outstanding notices or orders? (d)
- 18.
 - If there are any party walls, please specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and (a) produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls? (b)
 - Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the Dividing Fences Act 1991 (c) or the Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922?

Affectations, notices and claims

- 19. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of (a) them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
 - Is the vendor aware of: (c)
 - any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
 - any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
 - any latent defects in them?
 - Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following: (d)
 - any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (ii) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may (iii) create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it (iv) must be paid prior to completion.
 - any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?
 - (v) (vi) any contamination of them?

Owners corporation management

- 20. Has the initial period expired?
- 21. If the property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- If there are any applications or orders under Chapter 5 of the Act, please provide details. 22.
- Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract) exceed 1% of the price? 23.

If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the 24. trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of 25. attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code 26. must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 27. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion. 28.
- Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to 29. these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.