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# Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	eCOS ID: 80438538	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	Upstate Dee Why Level 1 15 888 Pittwater Road Dee Why NSW 2099		Phone: 02 9971 9000 Fax: 02 9982 6446 Ref: Kelly Mulvihill
co-agent			
vendor	MARTINE ELIZABETH SMITH 1031 Eulah Creek Road Eulah Creek NSW 2390		
vendor's solicitor	Rigg Conveyancing Shop 1 10 Rickard Road North Narrabeen NSW 2101		Phone: 02 9913 9861 Fax: 02 8088 6586 Ref: 3820
date for completion	42nd day after the date of this contract	(clause 15)	Email: info@riggconveyancing.com
land	15/10 LISMORE AVE DEE WHY NSW 2099 (Address, plan details and title reference)		
	LOT 15 IN STRATA PLAN 7203 15/SP7203		
	<input type="checkbox"/> VACANT POSSESSION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Subject to existing tenancies		
improvements	<input type="checkbox"/> HOUSE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> garage <input type="checkbox"/> carport <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> home unit <input type="checkbox"/> carspace <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> storage space <input type="checkbox"/> none <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: external laundry		
attached copies	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: <input type="checkbox"/> other documents:		

**A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.**

inclusions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blinds <input type="checkbox"/> dishwasher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> stove <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> range hood <input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment <input type="checkbox"/> clothes line <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> insect screens <input type="checkbox"/> solar panels <input type="checkbox"/> TV antenna <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> curtains <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: ceiling fan
exclusions	
purchaser	
purchaser's solicitor	Phone: Fax: Ref: Email:
price	\$
deposit	\$ (10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
balance	\$
contract date	(if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

vendor

witness

**GST AMOUNT (optional)**

The price includes

GST of: \$

purchaser

JOINT TENANTS

tenants in common

in unequal shares

witness

vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** (clause 3)

NO  yes

**Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)** (clause 30)

PEXA

**Electronic transaction** (clause 30)

no  YES

(if no, vendor must provide further details, such as the proposed applicable waiver, in the space below, or *serve within 14 days* of the contract date):

**Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)**

**land tax** is adjustable

NO  yes

**GST:** Taxable supply

NO  yes in full  yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply

NO  yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an *GSTRW payment* (residential withholding payment)

NO  yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice *within 14 days* of the contract date.

**GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – further details**

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*: \$

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *RW rate* (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid:  AT COMPLETION  at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money?  NO  yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

## List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 32 property certificate for strata common property
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 33 plan creating strata common property
<input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 34 strata by-laws
<input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided	<input type="checkbox"/> 35 strata development contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	<input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata management statement
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	<input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata renewal proposal
<input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal plan
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract	<input type="checkbox"/> 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 42 neighbourhood development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	<input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report	<input type="checkbox"/> 44 property certificate for precinct property
<input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 45 plan creating precinct property
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	<input type="checkbox"/> 46 precinct development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 16 other document relevant to tenancies	<input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 17 licence benefiting the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 48 property certificate for community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 18 old system document	<input type="checkbox"/> 49 plan creating community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 19 Crown purchase statement of account	<input type="checkbox"/> 50 community development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 20 building management statement	<input type="checkbox"/> 51 community management statement
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 21 form of requisitions	<input type="checkbox"/> 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 22 <i>clearance certificate</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 23 land tax certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
<b>Home Building Act 1989</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
<input type="checkbox"/> 24 insurance certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
<input type="checkbox"/> 25 brochure or warning	<input type="checkbox"/> 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover	<input type="checkbox"/> 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract
<b>Swimming Pools Act 1992</b>	<b>Other</b>
<input type="checkbox"/> 27 certificate of compliance	<input type="checkbox"/> 59
<input type="checkbox"/> 28 evidence of registration	
<input type="checkbox"/> 29 relevant occupation certificate	
<input type="checkbox"/> 30 certificate of non-compliance	
<input type="checkbox"/> 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

**HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number**

Robinson Strata Management

9907 5000

**IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS**

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

**WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS**

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

**WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION**

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

### **COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)**

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
2. **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
  - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
  - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
3. There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**:
  - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
  - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
  - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
  - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

### **DISPUTES**

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

### **AUCTIONS**

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

## WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:
 

<b>APA Group</b> <b>Australian Taxation Office</b> <b>Council</b> <b>County Council</b> <b>Department of Planning, Industry and Environment</b> <b>Department of Primary Industries</b> <b>Electricity and gas</b> <b>Land &amp; Housing Corporation</b> <b>Local Land Services</b>	<b>NSW Department of Education</b> <b>NSW Fair Trading</b> <b>Owner of adjoining land</b> <b>Privacy</b> <b>Public Works Advisory</b> <b>Subsidence Advisory NSW</b> <b>Telecommunications</b> <b>Transport for NSW</b> <b>Water, sewerage or drainage authority</b>
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

## 1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i> );
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 <sup>th</sup> if not);
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or</li> <li>• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;</li> </ul>
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served by the party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

## 2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

### 3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
- 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
- 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

### 4 Transfer

- 4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* at least 14 days before the date for completion –
- 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
- 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

### 5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

### 6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

## 7 Claims by purchaser

*Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *servicing* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

## 8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
- 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
- 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

## 9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
- 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
  - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

## 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.
- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)**
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
  - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
  - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

## 14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
  - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
  - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

## 15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

## 16 Completion

### • Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.
- **Purchaser**
- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* –
- 16.7.1 the price less any:
- deposit paid;
  - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
  - *GSTRW payment*; and
  - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.
- **Place for completion**
- 16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 17 Possession**
- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).
- 18 Possession before completion**
- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
- 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
- 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
- 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
- 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.
- 19 Rescission of contract**
- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *-serving* a notice before completion; and
- 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
- 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
- 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
- 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

**20 Miscellaneous**

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
- 20.6.2 served if it is served by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
- 20.6.3 served if it is served on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
- 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
- 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
- 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
- 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
- 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *servicing* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

**21 Time limits in these provisions**

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

**22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975**

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

**23 Strata or community title****• Definitions and modifications**

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
  - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
  - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
  - due to fair wear and tear;
  - disclosed in this contract; or
  - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- **Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

**24 Tenancies**

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
  - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
  - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
  - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
  - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
  - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
  - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
  - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
  - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
  - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

**25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title**

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.
- 26 Crown purchase money**
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.
- 27 Consent to transfer**
- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
- 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
- 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
- 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*, or
- 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.
- 28 Unregistered plan**
- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
- 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
- 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.
- 29 Conditional contract**
- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;
- 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party serving* notice of the event happening;
  - every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
  - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.
- 30 Electronic transaction**
- 30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –
- 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.1.2 the *parties* otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or
- 30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
- 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* *serves* a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.3.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
  - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
- 30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
- 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
  - using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;
- 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –
- after the *effective date*; and
  - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;
- is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*; and
- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the *effective date* –
- 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.5.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
- 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –
- 30.6.1 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
- 30.6.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.6.3 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
- 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 *Normally*, *within 7 days* of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –
- 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
  - 30.8.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *mortgagee details*, if applicable; and
  - 30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion;
  - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion; and
  - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
  - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
  - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
  - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
  - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 30.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
  - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must *serve* the *certificate of title* after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
  - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –
- adjustment figures* details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
  - certificate of title* the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;
  - completion time* the time of day on the date for completion when the *electronic transaction* is to be settled;
  - conveyancing rules* the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
  - discharging mortgagee* any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to be transferred to the purchaser;
  - ECNL* the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
  - effective date* the date on which the *Conveyancing Transaction* is agreed to be an *electronic transaction* under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date;
  - electronic document* a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and *Digitally Signed* in an *Electronic Workspace*;
  - electronic transfer* a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the *property* to be prepared and *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* established for the purposes of the *parties' Conveyancing Transaction*;

<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronically tradeable</i>	a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the <i>conveyancing rules</i> ;
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>mortgagee details</i>	the details which a <i>party</i> to the <i>electronic transaction</i> must provide about any <i>discharging mortgagee</i> of the <i>property</i> as at completion;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; and
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> .

### 31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*, and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must –
- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor serves any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

### 32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the *Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017* –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
- 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the *Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018*.

## **SPECIAL CONDITIONS**

The terms of the printed Contract to which these additional conditions **are annexed shall be read** subject to the following. If there is a conflict between these additional conditions and the printed Contract, then these additional conditions shall prevail. In the interpretation of this document, words importing the singular number or plural number shall include the plural number and singular number respectively and words importing any gender shall include any other gender. The parties agree that should any provision be held to be contrary to **law, void or unenforceable**, then such provision shall be severed from this Contract and such remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

1. Completion of this matter shall take place on or before 5.00pm within the time provided for in clause 15 herein. Should completion not take place within that time, then either party shall be at liberty to Issue a 'Notice to Complete' calling for the other party to complete the matter making the time for completion essential. Such Notice shall give not less than 14 days' notice after the day immediately following the day on which that notice is received by the recipient of the notice. A 'Notice to Complete' of such duration is considered by the parties as being deemed reasonable and **sufficient to render the** time for completion essential. The party that issues the Notice to Complete shall also be at liberty to withdraw such 'Notice to Complete' and re-issue another one at any time. The party that issues the Notice to Complete shall be entitled to recover the fee of \$330.00 (GST inclusive) from the other party to cover the cost for issuing such Notice.
2. If the Purchaser shall not complete this purchase by the agreed completion date, at a time when the Vendor is ready, willing and able to complete on or after that completion date, then the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of purchase money, an amount calculated as eight percent (8%) interest per annum on the balance of the purchase money, computed at a daily rate from the day immediately after the agreed completion date up to and including the actual date on which this sale shall be completed. It is further agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings. The Vendor shall not be obliged to complete this Contract unless the amount payable under this clause is tendered.
3. The Purchaser acknowledges that the provisions of this Contract constitute the full and complete understanding between the parties and that there is no other understanding, agreement, warranty or representation whether expressed or implied in any way extending, defining or otherwise relating to the provisions of this Contract or binding on the parties hereto with respect to any of the matters to which this Contract relates.
4. The Purchaser warrants that he has not been introduced to the property other than by the Vendor's agents specified above and the Purchaser hereby indemnifies the Vendor against any claim for commission together with any costs or expenses incurred by the Vendor which shall arise as a result of a breach of this warranty by the Purchaser. The benefit of this clause shall not merge on completion but shall inure thereafter for the benefit of the Vendor.

5. The form of Contract annexed is amended as follows:
  - a. Clause 7.1.1 is amended by replacing '5%' with '1%'
  - b. Clause 25 delete in its entirety.
  - c. Printed Clause 18 is amended by adding the following: Clause 18.8 "The Purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or delay settlement after entering into possession of the property".
6. If the Vendor or Purchaser or if more than one of them shall die, become mentally ill or go into bankruptcy, then either party may rescind the Contract and Clause 19 of the Contract shall apply.
7. Notwithstanding anything else herein contained, the deposit or any part of the deposit as the Vendor may require shall be released to the Vendor or as the Vendor may direct for the sole purpose of a deposit, stamp duty or the balance of purchase monies on the purchase of Real Estate, providing that such is held within a trust account of a Real Estate Agent, Solicitor or Licensed Conveyancer or paid to Revenue NSW, and providing such deposit shall not be further released without the Purchasers express consent. The purchaser agrees that the signing of this Contract shall be full and irrevocable authority that the stakeholder is authorised to release such deposit without further written authorisation from the purchaser or their legal representative.
8. Notwithstanding anything else contained herein, the parties agree that should the Purchasers apply for a s6.26 building information certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 or Building Certificate from Council and Council should list any defects or require any work to be done other than matters justifying a demolition or upgrading order specified in the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017, then the Vendors shall not be required to expend monies or carry out any such work or rectify such defects.
9. Should the Purchaser become entitled to rescind the contract for breach of the Vendor warranty prescribed in the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017, the vendor shall also be entitled to rescind the contract provided such right is exercise before the Purchaser has served his notice of rescission.
10. **Requisitions**

The attached Law Society Requisitions 2017 are deemed to be served on the date of this contract.
11. Payment of Part Deposit – less than 10% - Notwithstanding any other provision in this contract, if on the date hereof the purchaser, with the agreement of the vendor, has paid less than the ten percent (10%) deposit, then the purchaser agrees that the deposit payable is ten per cent (10%) which will be paid as follows:
  - a. Five per cent (5%) payable to the stakeholder on the date hereof; and
  - b. The balance of the ten per cent (10%) deposit payable to the vendor (or as directed by the vendor or his conveyancer) on completion or on termination of this contract.
  - c. The clause 2.9 is amended by deleting the words 'the parties equally' in line 3 and inserting in lieu the words "the vendor".

- d. This clause shall not merge on completion and the vendor shall be entitled to sue for recovery for so much of the 10% deposit that remains outstanding as a debt due by the Purchaser to the vendor together with interest at the rate of 10% per annum for the date of the demand for such amount until the date of payment in full of the balance of the deposit and interest and the provisions of clause 19 will apply.

## 12. The Property

- a. The Purchaser accepts the property in its present condition and state of repair and subject to any infestation or dilapidation with all faults latent and patent subject to fair wear and tear as provided in clause 10.1.4 and the purchaser cannot make any claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in this regard.
- b. The Purchasers acknowledge that they have inspected the property and that they are entering into this contract as a result of their own enquiries and inspections and have not relied on any statement, representation or warranty by or on behalf of the Vendors, other than those as set out in this contract and those implied by section 52A of the Conveyancing Act 1919.
- c. The furnishings and chattels ('inclusions') referred to on the front page of this contract are included in the sale. The Vendors have not made any and do not make any representation or warranty as to the state of repair or condition of the inclusions and the purchasers accept them in their state of condition and repair.

## 13. Guarantee where purchaser a proprietary company

This condition applies if the purchaser is a proprietary company. For the purposes of this agreement, 'covenantor' means the directors and those holding shares in the capital of the purchaser. The obligations of those who comprise the covenantor will be joint and several. In consideration of the vendor at the request of the covenantor entering into this agreement, the covenantor:

- a. Covenants with the vendor that the covenantor will be with the purchaser jointly and severally liable to the vendor for the due performance of all the terms and conditions on the part of the purchaser contained in this agreement; and
- b. Guarantees to the vendor the punctual payment of all money payable by the purchaser under this agreement and the performance of the terms and conditions of this agreement.
- c. If for any reason this agreement is not enforceable by the vendor against the purchaser in whole or in part, the covenantor will indemnify the vendor against all loss, including all money which would have been payable by or recoverable from the purchaser had this agreement been enforceable against the purchaser.

14. Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, if a cooling-off period applies, then the deposit shall be paid by two instalments as follows:
  - a. An amount of equalling 0.25% of the purchase price on or before the making of this contract,
  - b. The balance of the deposit to be paid no later than 5pm on the expiry of the cooling off period, time being of the essence.

c. If the purchaser fails to provide the balance of deposit as per clause (b) above, notwithstanding any other provisions in the contract, the vendor will be entitled to terminate the contract and the provisions of clause 9 of the contract will apply.

15. For the purposes of execution of this contract, a scanned, emailed or other electronically delivered signature of any party shall be deemed to constitute an original signature, and electronic copies hereof shall be deemed to constitute duplicate originals. Each party hereby consents to be bound by such electronically delivered signatures and/or counterparts.
16. Error in Adjustments: If any error is made in the calculation of any apportionment of outgoings required to be made under this contract, the parties agree to correct such error and reimburse each other accordingly after settlement. This clause shall not merge on completion.
17. The purchaser authorises the agent to make the deposit available for settlement should the vendor require it for completion of another contract, discharge the vendor's liability under any mortgage associated with the property or to pay existing land tax.

## STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor:  
Purchaser:  
Property:       Unit  
Dated:

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### Possession and tenancies

1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?
3.
  - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
  - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
  - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
  - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
  - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
  - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy ( tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW)*)? If so, please provide details.
5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW)*:
  - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
  - (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

### Title

6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations and recorded as the owner of the Property on the strata roll, free from all other interests.
7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 22 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 (NSW) (Act)*.
8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)*? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

### Adjustments

11. All outgoing referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
  - (a) to what year has a return been made?
  - (b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?
13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)*) at least 14 days before completion.

### Survey and building

14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property or the common property.
15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
16. In respect of the Property and the common property:
  - (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act (NSW)*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW)* and their regulations been complied with?
  - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?

- (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
  - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for all current buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
  - (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
    - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
    - (ii) when was the building work completed?
    - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
    - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*.
  - (f) Are there any proposals by the Owners Corporation or an owner of a lot to make any additions or alterations or to erect any new structures on the common property? If so, please provide details.
  - (g) Has any work been carried out by the vendor on the Property or the common property? If so:
    - (i) has the work been carried out in accordance with the by-laws and all necessary approvals and consents?
    - (ii) does the vendor have any continuing obligations in relation to the common property affected?
17. Is the vendor aware of any proposals to:
- (a) resume the whole or any part of the Property or the common property?
  - (b) carry out building alterations to an adjoining lot which may affect the boundary of that lot or the Property?
  - (c) deal with, acquire, transfer, lease or dedicate any of the common property?
  - (d) dispose of or otherwise deal with any lot vested in the Owners Corporation?
  - (e) create, vary or extinguish any easements, restrictions or positive covenants over the Property or the common property?
  - (f) subdivide or consolidate any lots and/or any common property or to convert any lots into common property?
  - (g) grant any licence to any person, entity or authority (including the Council) to use the whole or any part of the common property?
18. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property or the common property?
19. In relation to any swimming pool on the Property or the common property:
- (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
  - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the *Local Government Act 1919 (NSW)* and *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)*?
  - (c) does it comply with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
  - (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* or regulations?
  - (e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
  - (f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.
- 20.
- (a) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences in the strata scheme?
  - (b) Is the vendor aware of any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW)* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)* affecting the strata scheme?
- Affectations, notices and claims**
21. In respect of the Property and the common property:
- (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
  - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
  - (c) Is the vendor aware of:
    - (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
    - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
    - (iii) any latent defects in them?
  - (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
    - (i) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
    - (ii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
    - (iii) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
    - (iv) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?

- (v) any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass?

**Applications, Orders etc**

22. Are there any applications made, proposed or threatened, whether by an owner of a lot or the Owners Corporation, to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, any Court or to the Registrar General for orders relating to the strata scheme, the Property or the common property (including orders to vary the strata scheme consequent upon damage or destruction or to terminate the strata scheme) which are yet to be determined? If so, please provide particulars.
23. Are there any mediations currently being conducted by the Commissioner of Fair Trading, Department of Finance Services and Innovation in relation to the Property or the common property which involve the vendor or the Owners Corporation? If so, please provide particulars.
24. Are there any:
- (a) orders of the Tribunal;
  - (b) notices of or investigations by the Owners Corporation;
  - (c) notices or orders issued by any Court; or
  - (d) notices or orders issued by the Council or any public authority or water authority, affecting the Property or the common property not yet complied with? In so far as they impose an obligation on the vendor they should be complied with by the vendor before completion.
25. Have any orders been made by any Court or Tribunal that money (including costs) payable by the Owners Corporation be paid from contributions levied in relation to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
26. Has the vendor made any complaints or been the subject of any complaints arising out of noise affecting the Property or emanating from the Property?
27. Has any proposal been given by any person or entity to the Owners Corporation for:
- (a) a collective sale of the strata scheme; or
  - (b) a redevelopment of the strata scheme?
- If so, please provide particulars of the proposal and the steps taken and decisions made in relation to the proposal to the present time.

**Owners Corporation management**

28. Has the initial period expired?
29. Are any actions proposed to be taken or have any been taken by the Owners Corporation in the initial period which would be in breach of its powers without an order authorising them?
30. If the Property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
31. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract, including any liabilities of the Owners Corporation) exceed 1% of the price?
32. Has an appointment of a strata managing agent and/or a building manager been made? If so:
- (a) who has been appointed to each role;
  - (b) when does the term of each appointment expire; and
  - (c) what functions have been delegated to the strata managing agent and/or the building manager.
33. Has the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement to provide amenities or services to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
34. Has a resolution been passed for the distribution of surplus money from the administrative fund or the capital works fund? If so, please provide particulars.
35. Have the by-laws adopted a common property memorandum as prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of Section 107 of the Act? If so, has the memorandum been modified? Please provide particulars.
36. Is there a registered building management statement pursuant to Section 108 of the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015 (NSW)*? If so, are there any proposals to amend the registered building management statement?
37. If the strata scheme was in existence at 30 November 2016, has the Owners Corporation taken steps to review the by-laws that were current at that date? If so, please provide particulars.
38. Are there any pending proposals to amend or repeal the current by-laws or to add to them?
39. Are there any proposals, policies or by-laws in relation to the conferral of common property rights or which deal with short term licences and/or holiday lettings?
40. If not attached to the Contract, a strata information certificate under Section 184 of the Act should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
41. Has the Owners Corporation met all of its obligations under the Act relating to:
- (a) insurances;
  - (b) fire safety;
  - (c) occupational health and safety;
  - (d) building defects and rectification in relation to any applicable warranties under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*;
  - (e) the preparation and review of the 10 year plan for the capital works fund; and
  - (f) repair and maintenance.
42. Is the secretary of the Owners Corporation in receipt of a building bond for any building work on a building that is part of the Property or the common property?
43. Has an internal dispute resolution process been established? If so, what are its terms?
44. Has the Owners Corporation complied with its obligation to lodge tax returns with the Australian Taxation Office and has all tax liability been paid?

**Capacity**

45. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

**Requisitions and transfer**

46. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance certificate* under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
47. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
48. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
49. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
50. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
51. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 15/SP7203

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
13/4/2021	2:44 PM	4	24/6/2019

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO.  
CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY TEACHERS MUTUAL BANK LIMITED.

LAND

LOT 15 IN STRATA PLAN 7203  
AT DEE WHY  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES

FIRST SCHEDULE

MARTINE ELIZABETH SMITH (T AP344512)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP7203
- 2 AP344513 MORTGAGE TO TEACHERS MUTUAL BANK LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

\*\*\* END OF SEARCH \*\*\*

PRINTED ON 13/4/2021



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP7203

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
13/4/2021	2:44 PM	3	10/4/2019

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 7203  
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT DEE WHY  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES  
PARISH OF MANLY COVE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND  
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP7203

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 7203  
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:  
10-12 LISMORE AVENUE  
DEE WHY 2099

SECOND SCHEDULE (6 NOTIFICATIONS)

- RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- A705993 COVENANT
- A976147 COVENANT
- ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO CLAUSE 3 SCHEDULE 4 STRATA SCHEMES (FREEHOLD DEVELOPMENT) ACT 1973 REGARDING BOUNDARIES BETWEEN LOTS AND COMMON PROPERTY IN STRATA SCHEMES REGISTERED BEFORE 1-7-1974
- AP179713 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS
- AP179713 INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 1000)

STRATA PLAN 7203

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	- 64	2	- 65	3	- 66	4	- 67
5	- 51	6	- 70	7	- 71	8	- 52
9	- 63	10	- 68	11	- 54	12	- 63
13	- 64	14	- 70	15	- 55	16	- 57

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: CH AQ953609.

\*\*\* END OF SEARCH \*\*\*

PRINTED ON 13/4/2021



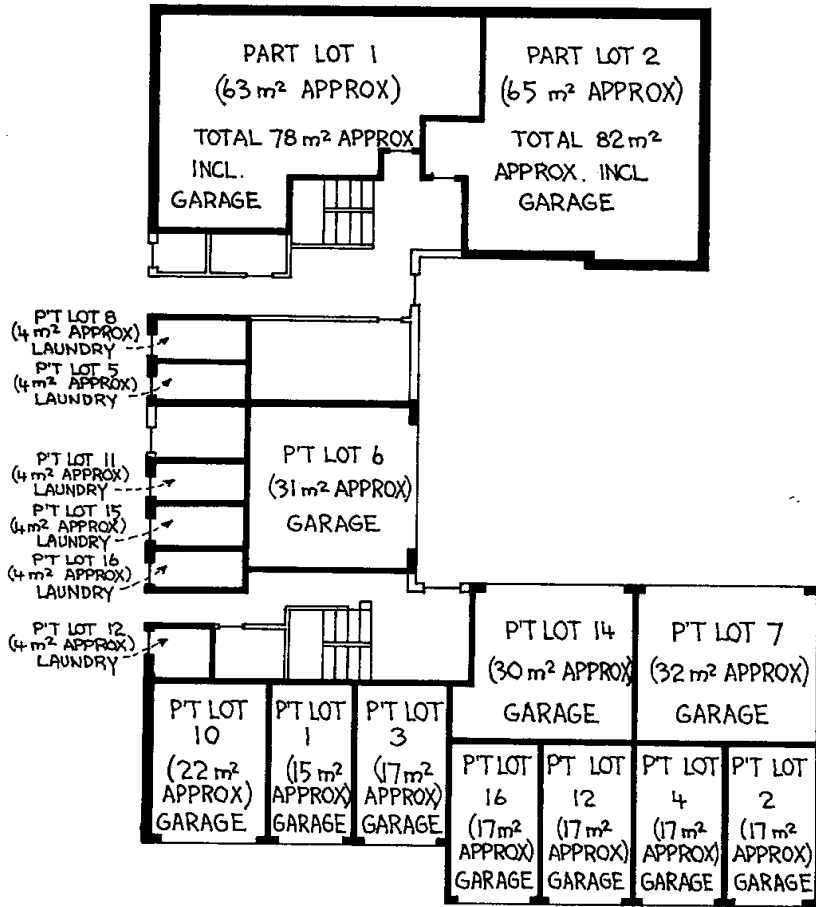
**STRATA PLAN No. S.P. 7203**

Schedule of Unit Entitlement		OFFICE USE ONLY
		<del>Current</del> G's of F
Lot No	Unit Entitlement	<del>Vol.</del> <del>Fol.</del> RESUBDIVISION
1	64	
2	65	
3	66	
4	67	
5	51	
6	70	
7	71	
8	52	
9	63	
10	68	
11	54	
12	63	
13	64	
14	70	
15	55	
16	57	
<b>AGGREGATE</b>	<b>1000</b>	

*Ruthera Ray*  
 Council Clerk.

STRATA PLAN No. 7203

GROUND FLOOR

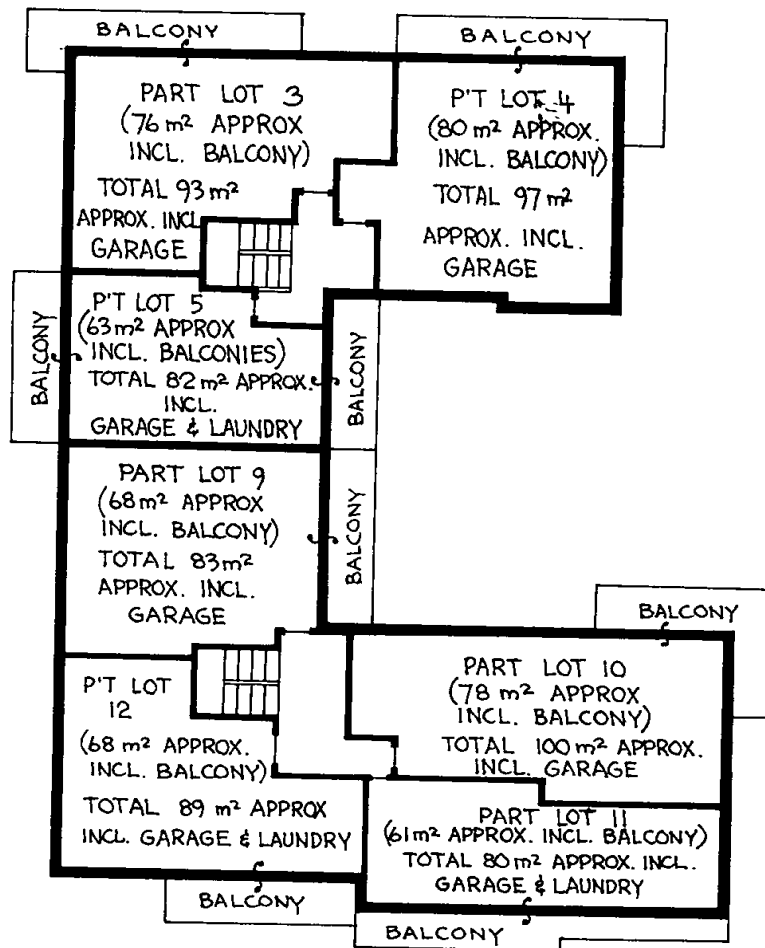


PT LOT 8 (15 m <sup>2</sup> APPROX) GARAGE	PT LOT 5 (15 m <sup>2</sup> APPROX) GARAGE	PT LOT 15 (15 m <sup>2</sup> APPROX) GARAGE	PT LOT 11 (15 m <sup>2</sup> APPROX) GARAGE	PT LOT 9 (15 m <sup>2</sup> APPROX) GARAGE	PT LOT 13 (15 m <sup>2</sup> APPROX) GARAGE
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*R. M. Mackay*  
 Council Clerk.

# STRATA PLAN No. 7203

## FIRST FLOOR



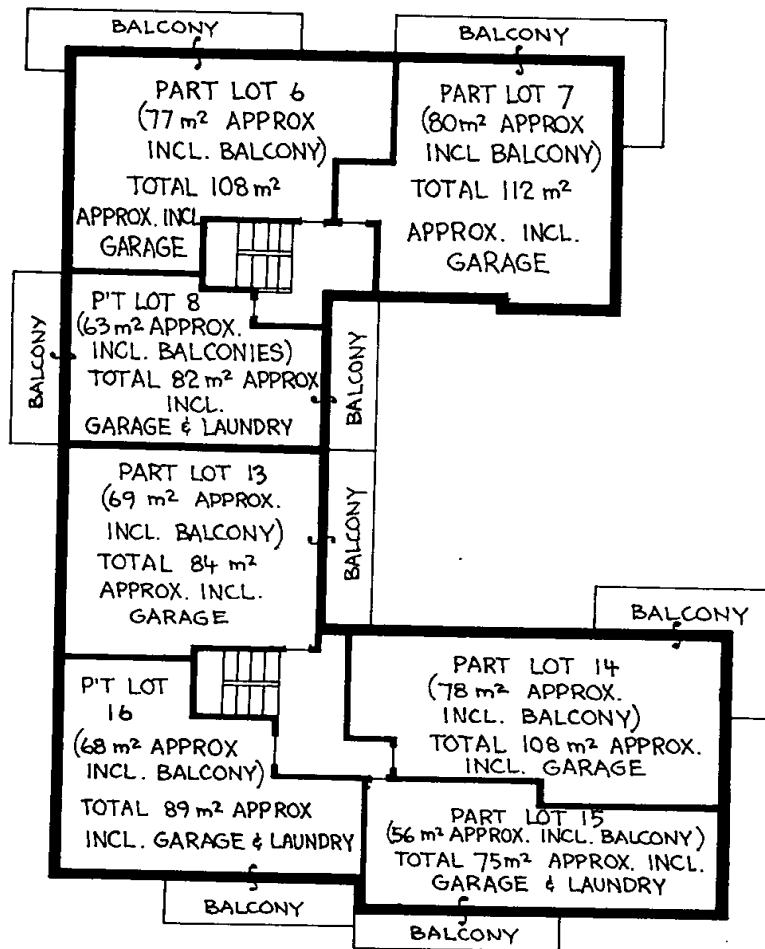
TITLE OVER THE UNCOVERED PORTION OF THE BALCONY EXTENDS FROM THE CENTRE OF THE CONCRETE FLOOR UPWARDS FOR 2.5

*Conroy*  
Registered Surveyor.

*R. St. ...*  
Council Clerk.

# STRATA PLAN No. 7203

## SECOND FLOOR



TITLE OVER THE UNCOVERED PORTIONS OF THE BALCONIES  
EXTENDS FROM THE CENTRE OF THE CONCRETE FLOOR  
UPWARDS TO THE LINE OF THE HORIZONTAL PROLONGATION  
OF THE UNDERSIDE OF THE EAVES ABOVE.

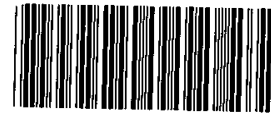
*Russell*  
Council Clerk.

Transfer.....  
Endorsement.....  
Certificate.....

12/6/19  
5:2  
m/c



MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER



A  
705993 T

(REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900.)

2621 V



FEE SIMPLE.

16/6/19

A7-5993

a Name, residence, occupation, or other designation, in full, of transferor.

I, WILLIAM BRAMWELL BOOTH of London in England,  
General of the Salvation Army

A705993

b If a less estate, strike out "in fee simple," and interline the required alteration.

being registered as the proprietor of an Estate in *fee simple*<sup>b</sup> in the land hereinafter described, subject, however, to such encumbrances, liens, and interests, as are notified by memorandum underwritten or endorsed hereon,<sup>c</sup> in consideration of<sup>d</sup> the sum of  
SIXTY TWO POUNDS (£62.0.0)

c All subsisting encumbrances must be noted hereon. (See page 2.)

d If the consideration be not pecuniary, state its nature concisely.

e Name, residence, occupation, or other designation, in full, of transferee.

paid to me by\* CATHERINE COOPER wife of James Stark Cooper of Dee Why, Laborer

If a minor, state of what age, and forward certificate or declaration as to date of birth. If a married woman, state name, residence, and occupation of husband.

the receipt whereof I hereby acknowledge,

f If to two or more, state whether as joint tenants or tenants in common.

do hereby transfer to the said<sup>f</sup> CATHERINE COOPER

g Area in acres, roods, or perches.

ALL my Estate and Interest, as such registered proprietor, in ALL THAT piece of land containings

h Parish or town and county.

situate in<sup>h</sup> THE Parish of Manly Cove and County of Cumberland

i "The whole" or "part," as the case may be.

j "Crown grant," or "Certificate of Title."

being<sup>j</sup> part of the land comprised in<sup>j</sup> Certificate of Title

k Strike out if not appropriate.

dated 1st October 1919 registered volume No. 2975 folio 192  
~~1st September 1915~~ and being Lot 26 Section 5 as shown on Deposited Plan No. 9125 ~~10223~~

These references will suffice, if the whole land in the grant of certificate be transferred.

But if a part only (unless a plan has been deposited, in which case a reference to the No. of allotment and No. of plan will be sufficient), a description or plan will be required and may be either embodied in this transfer or annexed thereto, with an explanatory prefix:—  
"as delineated in the plan hereon [or annexed hereto]"  
"described as follows,"  
"viz.":—

AND the said Purchaser for herself her heirs executors administrators transferees and assigns and so as to bind not only herself but the registered proprietors for the time being of the land hereby transferred DOTH HEREBY COVENANT with the said William Bramwell Booth his heirs executors and administrators that she will not erect or cause to be erected or permit to be erected on the land hereby transferred any house building or erection which shall be of a value of less than One hundred pounds AND FURTHER that she will not sell or permit to be sold or connive at or be a party to the sale of any wines beers ales spirits or any other intoxicating liquors of any kind whatsoever on the land hereby transferred or any part of the land comprised in the said Deposited Plan No. 9125 AND FURTHER that she will not carry on or permit to be carried on upon the land hereby transferred or any part of the land comprised in the said Deposited Plan any noxious noisome or offensive trade occupation or business. The land to which this covenant is intended to be appurtenant is the residue of the land comprised in the said Deposited Plan and the land which is to be subject to the burden hereof is the land hereby transferred and the person by whom and with whose consent this covenant may be released varied or modified is the abovenamed William Bramwell Booth his heirs executors or administrators or Attorney or other the General for the time being of the Salvation Army his heirs executors or administrators or Attorney.

Any annexure must be signed by the parties and their signatures witnessed. Here also should be set forth any right-of-way or easement, or exception, if there be any such not fully disclosed either in the principal description or memorandum of encumbrances.

Any provision in addition to, or modification of, the covenants implied by the Act, may also be inserted.

The form when filled in should be ruled up so that no additions are possible. No alteration should be made by erasure. The words rejected should be scored through with the pen, and those substituted written over them, the alteration being verified by signature or initials in the margin, or noticed in the attestation.

[Price, 6d.]

2

[Rule up all blanks before signing.]

m If this instrument be signed or acknowledged before the Registrar-General or Deputy Registrar-General, or a Notary Public, a J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits, to whom the Transferrer is known, no further authentication is required. Otherwise the ATTESTING WITNESS must appear before one of the above functionaries to make a declaration in the annexed form. This applies only to instruments signed within the State. If the parties be resident without the State, but in any British Possession, the instrument must be signed or acknowledged before the Registrar-General or Recorder of Titles of such Possession, or before any Judge, Notary Public, Governor, Government Resident, or Chief Secretary of such Possession. If resident in the United Kingdom, then before the Mayor or Chief Officer of any Corporation, or a Notary Public. And if resident at any foreign place, then before the British Consular Officer at such place. If the Transferrer or Transferee signs by a mark, the attestation must state "that the instrument was read over and explained to him, and that he appeared fully to understand the same."

In witness whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, at Sydney the twenty third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty one.

Signed in my presence by the said WILLIAM BRAMWELL BOOTH by his Attorney WHO IS PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME

W. Bramwell Booth  
By his attorney James  
Transferrer.\*

Signed [Signature] m

Articled Clerk  
with  
Messrs Robert Lovell &  
Solicitors, Sydney.

n Repeat attestation for additional parties if required.  
St 3121

\* If signed by virtue of any power of attorney, the original must be produced, and an attested copy deposited, accompanied by the usual declaration that no notice of revocation has been received.

For the signature of the Transferree hereto an ordinary attestation is sufficient. Unless the instrument contains some special covenant by the Transferree, his signature will be dispensed with in cases where it is established that it cannot be procured without difficulty. It is, however, always desirable to afford a clue for detecting forgery or personation, and for this reason it is essential that the signature should, if possible, be obtained.

Signed in my presence by the said

*Catherine Cooper*  
WHO IS PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME

*Nat Wible*

*Sol Sydney*

*Catherine Cooper*  
Transferree.

(\*The above may be signed by the Solicitor, when the signature of Transferree cannot be procured. See note "o" in margin.)  
N.B.—Section 117 requires that the above Certificate be signed by Transferree or his Solicitor, and renders liable any person falsely or negligently certifying to a penalty of £50; also, to damages recoverable by parties injured.

JAMES HAY of 89 Bourke Street Melbourne in the State of Victoria Commissioner of the Salvation Army do hereby make the following Statement under and by virtue of Section 160 of the Conveyancing Act 1919:—

1. I am the Attorney of William Bramwell Booth of London in England acting under Power of Attorney bearing date the Fourth day of September One thousand nine hundred and Twelve for use in the State of New South Wales a copy whereof has been filed in the Land Titles Office at Sydney and numbered 8540 by virtue of which I have executed the document mentioned in the next clause of this my Statement.

2. At the time of executing a certain Memorandum of Transfer bearing even date herewith of a piece of land being Lot Twenty-six Section Five as shown on Deposited Plan Number 9125 I had not received any notice of the revocation of the said Power of Attorney by Death Lunacy Unsoundness of Mind Bankruptcy Act of the Donor or otherwise and the same is now in full force and virtue.

3. The said William Bramwell Booth is now to the best of my knowledge information and belief the occupant under the Constitution and the amended Constitution of the Salvation Army of the position of General of the Salvation Army and I have not at the time of making this my Statement received any notification that the said William Bramwell Booth has vacated or been deposed from the said office.

SUBSCRIBED at *Sydney*  
this *twenty third* day of *May*  
One thousand nine hundred and twenty one.

*E. J. Meddall*

*James Hay*

FORM OF DECLARATION BY ATTESTING WITNESS.

Appeared before me, at \_\_\_\_\_, the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, one thousand nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_ the attesting witness to this instrument, and declared that he personally knew the person signing the same, and whose signature thereto he has attested; and that the name purporting to be such signature of the said \_\_\_\_\_ is his own handwriting, and that he was of sound mind, and freely and voluntarily signed the same.

May be made before either Registrar-General, Deputy Registrar-General, a Notary Public, J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits. Not required if the instrument itself be made or acknowledged before one of these parties. Name of witness and residence. Name of Transferror. Name of Transferree.

30 1/4 Ben. Lot 26 Sec. 5, D. P. 10223 Lodged by  
 Shire Warringah P. M. Manly Cove.  
 c/o Cumberland. (Name) BOYCE & MAGNEY  
 SOLICITORS,  
 (Address) 79 Elizabeth Street, SYDNEY

Subject to Covenant.

Transferor.

Batherine Cooper Transferree.

Particulars entered in the Register Book, Vol.

Vol 2975 Folio 192

the 12<sup>th</sup> day of July, 1921,  
 at minutes 12 o'clock  
 in the noon

D. McKeane  
 REGISTRAR GENERAL  
 NEW SOUTH WALES

*[Handwritten initials]*

	DATE.	INITIALS.
SENT TO SURVEY BRANCH		
RECEIVED FROM RECORDS		
DRAFT WRITTEN		
DRAFT EXAMINED		
DIAGRAM COMPLETE		
DIAGRAM EXAMINED		
DRAFT FORWARDED		
RETD. TO RECORDS (REQUISITION REGISTR.)		
RETURNED FROM RECORDS		
CERTIFICATE ENGROSSED		
SUPT. OF ENGROSSEERS		
DEP. REGISTRAR GENERAL		

	DATE.	INITIALS.
SENT TO SURVEY BRANCH	17.21	SM
RECEIVED FROM RECORDS	17/6/21	SM 3/1730
DRAFT WRITTEN	14/7/21	SM
DRAFT EXAMINED	5	SM
DIAGRAM COMPLETE	7.7.21	SM
DIAGRAM EXAMINED	9.10	SM
DRAFT FORWARDED	10	SM
RETD. TO RECORDS (REQUISITION REGISTR.)		
RETURNED FROM RECORDS		
CERTIFICATE ENGROSSED		
SUPT. OF ENGROSSEERS	13 JUL 1921	SM
DEP. REGISTRAR GENERAL		

3205 FOR 170

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:-

No transfer can be registered until the fees are paid.  
 If a part only of the land be transferred, and it is desired to have a certificate for the remainder, this should be stated, and a new Certificate will then be prepared on payment of an additional 20s.; but to save this expense, if it be intended to make several transfers of portions, the Certificate may remain in the Land Titles Office, either until the whole be sold, or formal application be made for a Certificate of the subsiding residue.  
 Certificates in common must receive separate Certificates. 20s. will be required for each additional Certificate.  
 The fees on transfer are 20s. and 20s. for every new Certificate, whether issued to a Transferee or required for the residue. By the Amendment Act of 1873, the purchaser is not compelled to take out a new Certificate of Title if the whole of the land is transferred, and he may have the original Title returned to him, with a memorial of his Transfer endorsed thereon, at a cost of 10s. only.  
 Certificates will only be delivered on personal application of Purchasers or their Solicitors, or upon an order attested before a Magistrate.



Robson & Cowlishaw

release and discharge the land comprised in the within transfer from such mortgage and all claims thereunder but without prejudice to my rights and remedies as regards the balance of the land comprised in such mortgage.

Dated at this day of 1923  
 Signed in my presence by who is personally known to me.

mortgagee under Mortgage No. 976147  
 Mortgagee.

**MEMORANDUM AS TO NON-REVOCATION OF POWER OF ATTORNEY.**

(To be signed at the time of executing the within instrument.)

Memorandum whereby the undersigned states that he has no notice of the revocation of the Power of Attorney registered No. 1082 Miscellaneous Register under the authority of which he has just executed the within transfer.

Signed at Sydney the first day of August 1923.  
 Signed at the place and on the date above-mentioned, in the presence of W. Wilson

h Strike out unnecessary words. Add any other matter necessary to show that the power is effective.

**FORM OF DECLARATION BY ATTESTING WITNESS.**

Appeared before me at Sydney, the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred and twenty three and declared that he personally knew the person signing the same, and whose signature thereto he has attested; and that the name purporting to be such signature of the said is own handwriting, and that he was of sound mind and freely and voluntarily signed the same.

i May be made before either Registrar-General, Deputy Registrar-General, a Notary Public, J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits. Not required if the instrument itself be made or acknowledged before one of these parties.

**MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER OF**

Acres Sec 5 perches.  
Lots 24 & 25 D.P. 10223  
 (Subject to Covenant)  
 Shire Warringal  
 Parish Manly Cove County Cumberland  
Mary Walker Transferee.

**LODGED BY**

FROM **ROBSON & COWLISHAW**  
 SOLICITORS.  
 SYDNEY.

Particulars entered in Register Book, Vol 2975 Fol. 192.

15<sup>th</sup> the day of August 1923  
 at minutes 12 o'clock in the noon.  
W. Wilson  
 Registrar-General

**DOCUMENTS LODGED HEREWITH.**

To be filled in by person lodging dealing.

Nature.	No.	Reg'd Propr., M't'gor, etc.

**PROGRESS RECORD.**

A967907

	Date	Initials
Sent to Survey Branch	9/15/23	AKS
Received from Records	9/18/23	AKS
Draft written	9/18/23	AKS
Draft examined	9/18/23	AKS
Diagram prepared	10/23	AKS
Diagram examined	10/23	AKS
Draft forwarded	10/23	AKS
Supt. of Engrossers	10/23	AKS
Cancellation Clerk	10/23	AKS

If the parties be resident without the State, but in any other part of the British Dominions, the instrument must be signed or acknowledged before the Registrar-General or Recorder of Titles of such Possession, or before any Judge, Notary Public, Justice of the Peace for New South Wales, or Commissioner for taking affidavits for New South Wales, or the Mayor or Chief Officer of any municipal or local government corporation of such part, or the Governor, Government Resident, or Chief Secretary of such part or such other person as the Chief Justice of New South Wales may appoint.

If resident in the United Kingdom then before the Mayor or Chief Officer of any corporation or a Notary Public.

If resident at any foreign place, then the parties should sign or acknowledge before a British Minister, Ambassador, Envoy, Minister Chargé d'Affaires, Secretary of the Embassy or Legation, Consul-General, Consul, Vice-Consul, Acting Consul, Pro-consul or Consular Agent, who should affix his seal of office, or the attesting witness may make a declaration of the due execution thereof before one of such persons (who should sign and affix his seal to such declaration), or such other person as the said Chief Justice may appoint.

The fees are:—Registration fee 12/6 for endorsement on first certificate, and 2/6 for each additional certificate included in the Transfer, and £1 5s. for every new Certificate of Title issued. Additional Certificate fees, however, may be necessary in cases involving more than a simple diagram or more than six folios of engrossing.

Tenants in common must receive separate Certificates.  
 If part only of the land is transferred a new Certificate must issue, but the old Certificate may remain in the Office or the Transferrer may take out a new Certificate for the residue.

VOL. **3491** FOL. **246**

Diagram Fees ...  
 Additional Folios ...



AP179713G

Form: 15CH  
Release: 2.1

**CONSOLIDATION/  
CHANGE OF BY-LAWS**

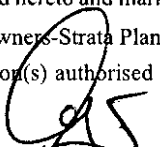
New South Wales  
Strata Schemes Management Act 2015  
Real Property Act 1900

**PRIVACY NOTE:** Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A) TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP7203	
(B) LODGED BY	Document Collection 124E	Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any Global Legal Solutions Pty Ltd Level 3, 175 Castlereagh Street SYDNEY 2000 Ph: 02 9230 6900
	Reference: KERB-8105624	CODE <b>CH</b>

- (C) The Owners-Strata Plan No. 7203 certify that a special resolution was passed on 26/3/2019
- (D) pursuant to the requirements of section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, by which the by-laws were changed as follows—
- (E) Repealed by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE  
Added by-law No. Special By-law No. 3  
Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE  
as fully set out below:  
See pages no. 10 to 16 of Annexure One.

- (F) A consolidated list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to at Note (E) is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure One
- (G) The seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No. 7203 was affixed on 28<sup>th</sup> March 2019 in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:

Signature: 

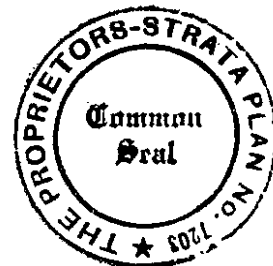
Name: Charles Wiggins

Authority: Managing agent

Signature:

Name:

Authority:



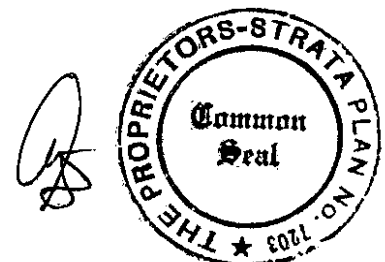
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## Annexure One

### Consolidated By-Laws for Strata Plan No. 7203

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# Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016

## Schedule 2 By-laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

### 1. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

### 2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

### 3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

### 4. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

### 5. Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
  - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
  - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
  - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

- (5) Despite section 106 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

## **6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers**

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

## **7. Children playing on common property in building**

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

## **8. Behaviour of invitees**

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

## **9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property**

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

## **10. Drying of laundry items**

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

## **11. Cleaning windows and doors**

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

## **12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials**

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

### **13. Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property**

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

### **14. Floor coverings**

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

### **15. Garbage disposal**

An owner or occupier of a lot:

- (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

### **16. Keeping of animals**

- (1) Subject to section 157 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

## 17. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

## 18. Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

## 19. Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

### **Special By-Law No. 1 – Electronic Delivery of Notices (passed 21 November 2012)**

A document or notice may be served by the Owners Corporation, its secretary or executive committee on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an email address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address. A notice or document served on an owner by email in accordance with this by-law is deemed to have been served when transmitted by the sender providing that the sender does not receive an electronic notification of unsuccessful transmission (i.e. “bounce back” or “undeliverable”) within 24 hours.

### **Special By-Law No. 2 Lot 1 & 2 Exclusive use (passed 7 March 2016)**

1. This by-law confers on the Owner exclusive use rights and special privileges subject to the following conditions.
2. **“Owner”** means the owner or owners of Lot 1 & Lot 2 respectively from time to time of strata plan 7302.
3. The *exclusive use rights* conferred by this by-law are the rights to exclusively use part of the common property, as described below and shown on the strata plan diagram attached to this by-law and marked **“Annexure A”** –
  - a) Lot 1 – approximately 7.660m by 1.370m of the common property area immediately adjacent to the front sliding door of Lot 1
  - b) Lot 2 - approximately 6.840m by 1.370m of the common property area immediately adjacent to the front sliding door of Lot 2
4. For the purposes of this by-law, this part of the common property is known as the **“Front Courtyard Area”**.

5. The *special privileges* conferred by this by-law are the Owner's privilege to use the following "Improvements" made to the Front Courtyard Area which will be at the cost of and installed by the Owners Corporation –
  - (a) Installation of Ullrich Aluminium P/L " Knotwood " powdercoated aluminium privacy screen system (colour Weathershield Columbia P10B7 and satin finish), with 65mm slats and height to be 1600mm off tiles;
  - (b) Installation of a matching gate for Lot 1 & Lot 2, with the gate for Lot 1 to be located at west end of the building and gate for Lot 2 to be located at the east end of the building; and
  - (c) Installation of a concrete slab and tiling over the concrete slab in the Front Courtyard Area.
6. The Improvements shall be in a construction and colour scheme that matches the overall appearance of the building and match the balcony colour scheme adopted by the building.
7. The Owners Corporation, under this by-law, provides its consent for the exclusive use rights and special privileges granted to the Owner.
8. To the extent of any inconsistency with previous by-laws, this by-law prevails.

#### **Conditions**

#### **Repair and Maintenance**

9. The Owner must, at the Owner's cost, properly maintain and keep the Front Courtyard Area in a state of good and serviceable repair.
10. The Owner shall be liable for the proper maintenance and keeping the Improvements undertaken in a state of good and serviceable repair.
11. Where the Improvements must be replaced (or any part of them), the Owner is liable for the cost of replacement of the Improvements.
12. The Owner must provide access to any common property services located in the Front Courtyard Area upon the reasonable request of the Owners Corporation.

#### **Liability and Indemnity**

13. The Owner indemnifies the Owners Corporation against –
  - (a) any legal liability, loss, claim or proceedings in respect of any injury, loss or damage to the common property, to other property or person to the extent that such injury, loss or damage arises from or in relation to use of the Front Courtyard Area and the Improvements undertaken pursuant this by-law;
  - (b) any amount payable by way of increased insurance premiums by the Owners Corporation as a direct result of the use of the Front Courtyard Area and the Improvements undertaken pursuant this by-law;
  - (c) any amount payable by way of increased fire safety compliance or local authority requirements as a direct result of the use of the Front Courtyard Area and the Improvements undertaken pursuant this by-law; and

(d) liability under section 65(6) of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* in respect of repair of the common property attached to the Front Courtyard Area and Improvements undertaken pursuant this by-law.

14. Any loss and damage suffered by the Owners Corporation as a result of the Owner using the Front Courtyard Area and / or using the Improvements undertaken pursuant to this by-law, including failure to maintain, renew, replace or repair the Improvements as required under this by-law, may be recovered from the Owner as a debt due to the Owners Corporation on demand with interest at the rate of 10% per annum until the debt is paid.

15. To the extent that section 62(3) of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* is applicable, the Owners Corporation determines it is inappropriate for the Owners Corporation to maintain, renew, replace or repair the Improvements undertaken pursuant to this by-law.

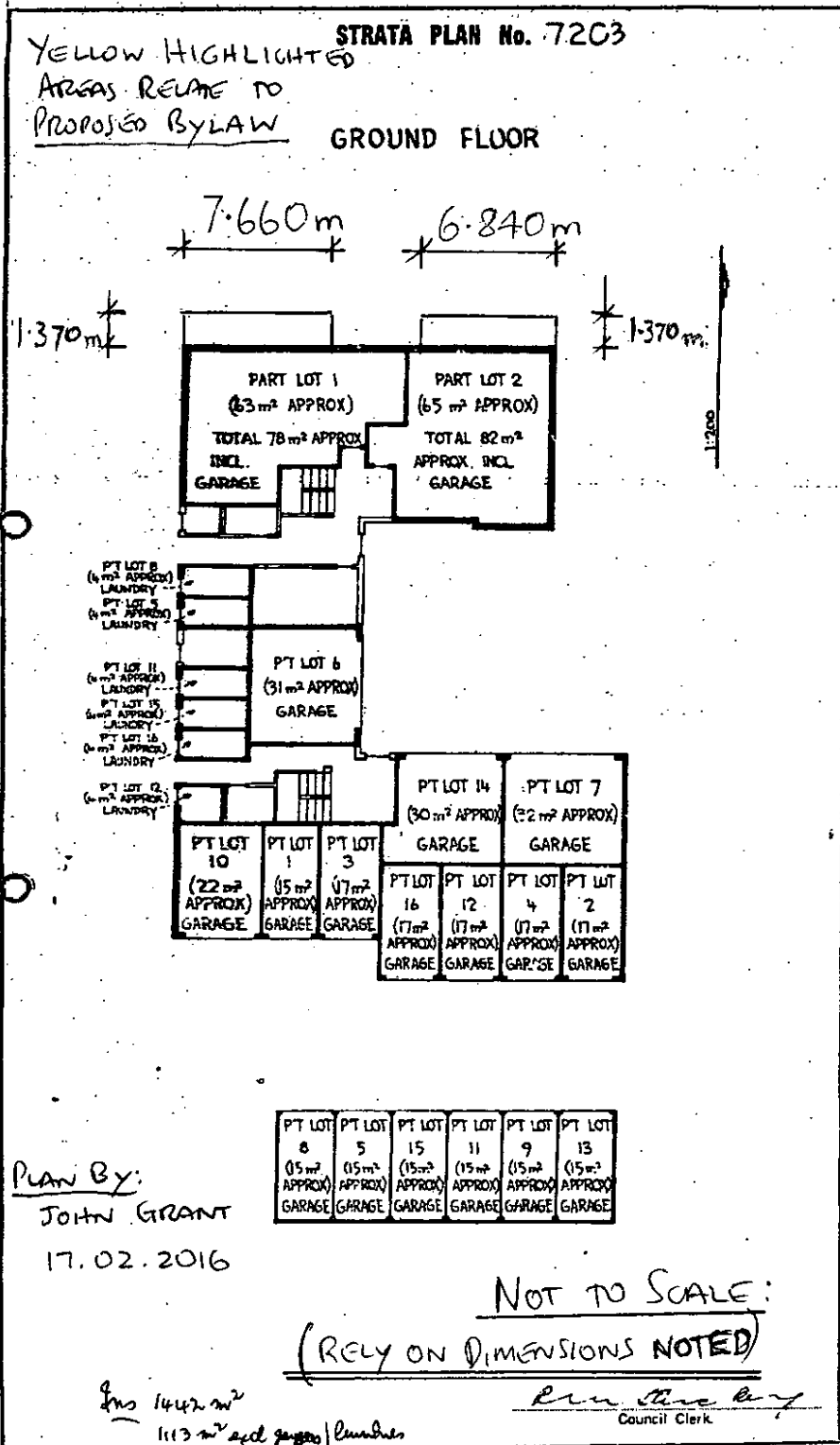
#### **Breach of By-law**

16. The Owners Corporation reserves the right to replace the Improvements or remediate any loss or damage to the common property of the Owners Corporation caused by the Owner's breach of the conditions in this by-law, if that breach is not rectified within a reasonable time after a request is made by the Owners Corporation to rectify the breach.

17. The Owner must meet all reasonable expenses of the Owners Corporation incurred in the preparation, making, registration, implementation and enforcement of this by-law.

Annexure A

SHEET No. 3 OF 5 SHEETS.



*[Handwritten initials]*

## Special By-Law No. 3 – Authorisation of Building Works in Lot 14 (passed 26 March 2019)

### 1. Grant of Special Privilege and Exclusive Use Right

On the conditions set out in this by-law the owner for the time being (referred to in this by-law as the "Owner") of Lot 14 (the "Lot") shall have a special privilege in respect of the common property to carry out building works to refurbish the Lot and to keep such building works and a right of exclusive use and enjoyment of that part of the common property affected by the building and refurbishment works incorporating:

- (a) Kitchen
  - (i) Removal of the existing fittings and fixtures and installation of new fittings and fixtures including cabinetry, electrical goods, cooktop and oven;
  - (ii) Install new suspended/drop ceilings in the kitchen area and lounge room area;
- (b) Bathroom
  - (i) Removal of the existing fittings and fixtures from the bathroom and installation of new fittings and fixtures including bath, sink, tapware, toilet and tap mixers;
  - (ii) Installation of new plumbing and piping to service the new bathroom (this *does not* include gouging or chasing or moving the existing waste);
  - (iii) Removal of the existing floor and wall tiles in the bathroom and installation of new floor and wall tiles (waterproofing to be carried out by the Owners Corporation due to water ingress issues existing prior to the Works being carried out);
- (c) Walls removal
  - (i) In accordance with Northern Beaches Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd letter dated 24 January 2019 and drawings number S01 and S02 annexed this by-law and marked "A", removal of the inner lot walls from around the kitchen and installation of new support beams.
- (d) Flooring works
  - (i) Removal of the existing flooring throughout the Lot and installation of new engineered timber flooring on Vibramat acoustic underlay (excluding the bathroom and laundry of the Lot);
- (e) Electrical works
  - (i) Installation of new downlights throughout the Lot;
  - (ii) Replacement of existing light switches and power sockets throughout the Lot;
  - (iii) installing or replacing wiring or cabling or power or access points throughout the Lot to service the new lay out of the kitchen, lounge room and bathroom and including chasing of the walls as required;
  - (iv) installation of a rapid response fan including all ducting, wiring and electrical works.

### 2. Definitions

For the purposes of this by-law:

"Council" means Northern Beaches Council or successor;

"Utility Services" means any service associated with plumbing, electrical, gas or telecommunications services (including cable television) which are effectively as reconfigured following the passage of this by-law;

"Works" means and includes all of the building works described in clause 1 and all works incidental thereto.

Where any word or phrase has a defined meaning in or for the purposes of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, that word or phrase has the same meaning in this by-law.

### 3. Conditions

#### 3.1 Prior to Undertaking Works

Prior to undertaking the Works the Owner must obtain and provide to the Owners Corporation:

- (a) any required approval of Council for the performance of the Works;
- (b) a certificate of currency of the insurance policy or policies of the contractor carrying out the Works which is effected with a reputable insurance company reasonably satisfactory to the Owners Corporation for:
  - i. contractor's all risk insurance incorporating public liability insurance in an amount of not less than \$10,000,000;
  - ii. any insurance required in respect of the Works under section 92 of the *Home Building Act 1989*; and
  - iii. workers' compensation in accordance with applicable legislation;
- (c) if required by the strata committee, the opinion of a structural engineer (reasonably acceptable to the strata committee) to the effect that if the Works are carried out in a good and workmanlike manner substantially in accordance with the Plans, the Works will not adversely affect the structural integrity of the building or any part thereof;
- (d) a dilapidation inspection and report on the Lot and common property immediately adjacent to the Lot; and
- (e) photographs of the Lot and common property immediately adjacent to the Lot.

#### 3.2 Performance of Works

In carrying out the Works, the Owner (including any contractor involved in the performance of the Works on behalf of the Owner) must:

- (a) ensure that the Works are carried out in a good and workmanlike manner by licensed contractors in compliance with relevant provisions of the Building Code of Australia and relevant Australian standards and in such a way as to minimise disruption or inconvenience to any owner or occupier of any other lot in the strata scheme;
- (b) carry out the Works substantially in accordance with the Plans and, if Council approval was required, as approved by Council;
- (c) not materially amend or vary the Plans without the approval in writing of the Owners Corporation and, if required, Council;
- (d) take reasonable precautions to protect all areas of the building outside the Lot from damage by the Works.
- (e) transport all construction materials, equipment, debris and other material associated with the Works over common property in the manner reasonably directed by the Owners Corporation;



- (f) keep all areas of the building outside the Lot clean and tidy throughout the performance of the Works;
- (g) ensure that, so far as is reasonably practicable, the Works are performed wholly within the Lot;
- (h) remove all debris from the building resulting from the Works as soon as practicable and in accordance with the reasonable directions of the Owners Corporation;
- (i) only perform the Works at the times approved by the Owners Corporation (acting reasonably);
- (j) ensure that the Works do not interfere with or damage the common property, the property of any other lot owner or any Utility Service otherwise than as approved in this by-law;
- (k) make good any damage caused by the Owner in the performance of the Works within a three months after that damage occurs;
- (l) subject to any extension of time required by reason of any supervening event or circumstance beyond the reasonable control of the Owner, complete the Works within three months of their commencement.

### 3.3 Completion of Works

- (a) The Owner must advise the Owners Corporation when the Works are complete; and
- (b) If the approval of Council is required to carry out the Works, on completion of the Works the Owner must provide to the Owners Corporation the certificate required by the Council that the Works comply with the conditions of any Council approval.

### 4. Liability and Indemnity

- (a) The Owner is liable for any damage caused to any part of the common property, not included in clause 1 of this by-law, as a result of the performance of the Works and must take all such steps as are necessary to make good that damage within three months after it has occurred.
- (b) The Owner must indemnify the Owners Corporation against any loss or damage, cost, charge or expense incurred or sustained by the Owners Corporation as a result of or arising out of the Works or the performance thereof, including without limitation any liability under section 122(6) of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* in respect of any property of the Owner.

### 5. Other Rights and Obligations

The Owner must, at their own cost, maintain the alterations and additions installed in the course of the Works and the common property affected by the Works (including but not limited to the fixtures and fittings installed as part of the Works) in a state of good and serviceable repair and must renew or replace them whenever necessary.

### 6. Costs

- (a) The Works must be undertaken at the cost of the Owner.



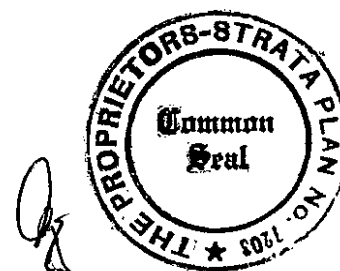
- (b) The Owner must pay the reasonable costs of the Owners Corporation in preparing, making, registering, implementing and enforcing this by-law.

**7. Right to Remedy Default**

If the Owner fails to comply with any obligation under this by-law and fails to rectify that breach within 14 days (or such other period as may be specified in the notice) of service of a written notice from the Owners Corporation requiring rectification of that breach, then the Owners Corporation may:

- (a) carry out all work necessary to perform that obligation;
- (b) enter upon any part of the Lot to carry out that work;
- (c) recover the costs of carrying out that work from the Owner and the expenses incurred by the Owners Corporation in recovering those costs including legal costs on an indemnity basis;

and the Owner shall indemnify the Owners Corporation against any legal action or liability flowing from the action of the Owners Corporation pursuant to this clause.



## Annexure A

DIRECTORS

Stewart McCreech Rick Wray David Hunter



Date: 24<sup>th</sup> January, 2019  
Client: Tom Pritchard

Job No. 190125  
Engineer: David Hunter

### Site: 14/10-12 Lismore Avenue, Dee Why

#### Preamble

At the request of Tom Pritchard, David Hunter of Northern Beaches Consulting Engineers P/L carried out a site inspection at the above property on the 18<sup>th</sup> January, 2019. The purpose of the visit was to inspect and comment on the capacity of the existing structure to support the proposed removal of brickwork masonry walls. The walls to be removed are:

Both kitchen walls and wall of bathroom with current door

#### Assessment

The assessment was limited to the proposed wall alterations and consisted of a walk over style inspection of the building. The multi storey building is constructed with brick walls and concrete floors.

The walls are considered sound and provide an adequate structure for the proposed works, provided that engineering plans are complied with. The works are not expected to adversely affect the buildings overall structural integrity.

The wall of the bathroom to be removed has been assessed as non-load bearing and may be removed without need for any additional works.

#### Notes on Works

The following notes shall be complied with:

- The existing timber structure over is to be temporarily propped while the walls are removed and props remain in place until the beams are installed.
- All struts on the removed walls shall be supported on new beams.
- This certification does not cover any defects or variations to the structure that were not included for assessment at the time of inspection.
- In the event that defects or variations are uncovered during or after construction the engineer should be notified. Additional inspection and specification for remedial works will be carried out at hourly rates.
- The procedure above in no way relieves the builder of their usual construction obligations.
- If the proposed works are to be certified in accordance with this report, they must be inspected by Northern Beaches Consulting Engineers while exposed. An additional fee applies.

Yours sincerely

**NORTHERN BEACHES CONSULTING ENGINEERS P/L**

David Hunter  
BE MIEAust CPEng NER

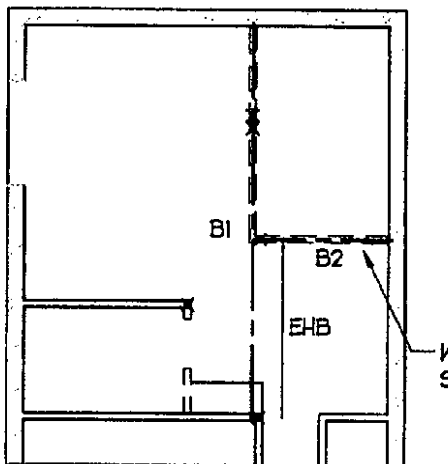
C:\Program Files\Northern Beaches Consulting Engineers P/L\14\_10-12 LISMORE AVENUE DEE WHY NSW CONSULTING ENGINEERS

**Northern Beaches Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd** Structural, Civil & Stormwater Engineers ACN 078 121 616 ARN 24 078 121 616

Sydney: Suite 207, 30 Fisher Rd Dee Why NSW 2099 Ph: (02) 9984 7000 Email: nb@nbconsulting.com.au

Gold Coast: Unit 8, 1728 Gold Coast Highway, Burleigh Heads QLD 4220 Ph: (07) 5631 4744





WALLS TO BE REMOVED  
SHOWN HATCHED


### SKETCH PLAN

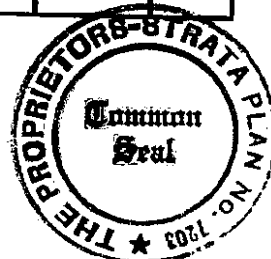
SCALE = N.T.S.

### MEMBER SCHEDULE

- BI - 525x75 HYPSPAN LVL13 OR 2/400x63 HYPSPAN LVL13 OR 250UB25
- B2 - 200x45 HYPSPAN LVL13
- EHB - EXISTING HANGING BEAM
- x - STRUT LOCATIONS (APPROXIMATE)

MINIMUM 150mm END BEARING FOR BEAM BI.

 <p><b>NORTHERN BEACHES</b> Consulting Engineers P/L. A.C.N. 076 121 616 A.B.N. 24 076 121 616 Suite 207, 30 FISHER ROAD DEE WHY N.S.W. 2069 Ph: (02) 9984 7000 Fax: (02) 9984 7444 e-mail: <a href="mailto:nbc@northernbeaches.com.au">nbc@northernbeaches.com.au</a> web page: <a href="http://www.northernbeaches.com.au">www.northernbeaches.com.au</a></p>	<p>Project: <b>PROPOSED ALTERATIONS</b> <b>14/10-12 LISMORE AVE,</b> <b>DEE WHY</b> <b>TOM PRITCHARD</b></p>	Date:	Design:	Drawn:	Checked:
		JAN 2019	DH	DH	
		Job No:	Drawing No:	Rev:	
		<b>190125</b>	<b>S01</b>	-	



**GENERAL NOTES:**

**GENERAL**

- G1. The drawings are to be read together with all Architects drawings and specifications.
- G2. Dimensions shall not be obtained by scaling from the drawings. All setting out dimensions shall be verified and discrepancies shall be referred to the Engineer prior to commencement of work.
- G3. Care is required during construction so that structural elements are not over stressed and that the works and excavations required therefore are kept stable at all times.
- G4. Design, materials and workmanship are to be in accordance with current SAA standards and statutory authority regulations except where varied by these documents.
- G5. Design live loads are in accordance with AS 1170.1
- G6. Builder to ensure stability of existing structures in the vicinity of excavation works.

**INSPECTIONS BY ENGINEER**

48 HOURS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BEFORE ANY SITE INSPECTION ANY STRUCTURAL ELEMENT NOT INSPECTED BY NEC WILL NOT BE CERTIFIED BY NEC

- 1. Bearing struts of all footings prior to concrete pour by Geotechnical Engineer.
- 2. Any reinforcement prior to concrete pour.
- 3. Timber and Steel framing prior to cladding or lining.
- 4. Steel Bricks after installation.
- 5. CONTACT YOUR PCA (Principal Certifying Authority) AS TO REQUIREMENTS FOR MANDATORY CRITICAL STAGE inspections IN ACCORDANCE WITH REVISED EPMA ACT REGULATIONS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004.
- 6. Inspection by Geotechnical Engineer over 1.5m of vertical cut through Sandstone bed rock to permit identification of defects and remedial measures initiated.

**TIMBER**


- T1. All workmanship and materials to be in accordance with AS 1684, AS 1720 and as 3469.1. All soft wood to be Grade F7 unless noted otherwise. All hardwood to be minimum Grade FM unless otherwise noted. Exposed timber to be CCA treated (to AS 1604) redried after full impregnation, or durability class 1, 2 or 3. ALL SOFTWOOD TIMBER FRAMING TO HAVE A MINIMUM TREATMENT PROTECTION OF T2 or T2 TREATED FOR TERMITE PROTECTION UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- T2. All joists deeper than 150 to have blocking over support beams and at a maximum 3000 centres.
- T3. Roof trusses to be designed by the manufacturer to the relevant standards. Pro camber to be an amount equal to dead load deflection unless otherwise noted.
- T4. All holes for bolts to be exact size. Washers to be used under all heads and nuts and to be at least 2.5 times the bolt diameter. Bolts to be M16 grade 4.6 unless noted otherwise.
- T5. Treat all exposed cut ends with Resol by Protim to manufacturers specification to achieve required Hazard Level Exposure Classification.
- T6. Bottoms for T & G to be Kiln Dried to 12 % 38mm minimum deep treated pins or as recommended by supplier. Flooring to be installed no sooner than 28 days after slab pour.
- T7. Hot dip galvanized nuts/clouts/screws to be used with all timber connections.
- T8. Continuous nailing must not be used for any timber connections.
- T9. All exposed CCA treated pine to have an application of penetrating sealer to reduce warping and twist of the timber due to varying moisture content in service.
- T10. All Stud walls to be 90x45 F7 Kiln Dried T2 Treated at 480 Cts and nogging to AS 1684.

**STEEL**

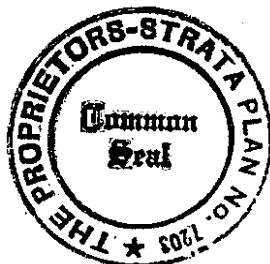
- S1. All Structural steelwork to be Grade 300 or greater. Design, fabrication and erection to be in accordance with AS 4100.
- S2. Materials and workmanship shall comply with AS 1250 - 1984, SAA Steel Structures Code and the specification for Structural Steel.
- S3. Rolled steel sections including steel plates shall comply with AS 3678-1990.
- S4. Cold formed steel sections shall be Grade 450 Zns coated in accordance with AS 1538-1988.
- S5. Welded and seamless steel hollow sections shall comply with AS 1163 Grade 350.
- S6. Bolt Designation:  
 4.6S - Commercial bolts Grade 4.6, snug tightened.  
 8.8S - High Strength structural bolts Grade 8.8, snug tightened.  
 8.8TB - High Strength structural bolts Grade 8.8, fully tightened to AS B11 and acting as a Bearing Joint.  
 8.8TF - High Strength structural bolts Grade 8.8, fully tightened to AS B11 and acting as a Bearing Joint.  
 Unless noted otherwise, all bolts will be 8.8S.
- S7. Unless shown otherwise, minimum connection shall be 2916 bolts, 10 thick gusset plates, 6mm continuous fillet welds.
- S8. Load indicating washers shall be used in all fully tensioned joints. (8.8TF & 8.8TB).
- S9. All welding shall be carried out in accordance with AS 1554 SAA Structural Steel Welding Code.
- S10. Unless noted otherwise all welds shall be category SP using E4301 Electrodes. All butt welds shall be complete penetration butt welds category SP.
- S11. Grouting of anchor bolt sleeves and base plates shall be completed by the contractor using High Strength, Non-Shrink grout.
- S12. Fabrication and erection tolerances for Structural Steelwork shall be in accordance with AS 4100.
- S13. Purlin bolts shall be M12 - 4.6S galvanized.
- S14. Steel work shall have one of the following grades of corrosion protection:-  
**INTERNAL**  
 a. Thoroughly cleaned wire brushing, followed by two coats of zinc phosphate primer equivalent to Dulux Luxoprime applied by hand using brushes to achieve a total dry film thickness of 70 microns.

**EXTERNAL ELEMENTS, & ELEMENTS WITHIN EITHER SKIN OF EXTERNAL CAVITY WALLS GREATER THAN 2 km FROM SEA WATER:**

- b. Preparation Blast clean to a minimum standard Class 2.5 in accordance with AS 1627 Part 4.  
 Primer 2-pack epoxy phosphate of dft 75 microns (Dulux Durepon P14).  
 Barrier Coat 2-pack epoxy zinc oxide, dft 100 microns.  
 Finish Coat 2-pack epoxy high gloss acrylic to dft 75 microns. (e.g. Dulux Acrothane 1 F)
  - c. Hot dipped galvanized to AS 4680.  
 Where the galvanic (Hot Dip Galvanized) coating is compromised by welding, bolting or damage, two pack zinc rich epoxy primer (Dulux Zincode 202) is to be applied after wire brushing affected area (see 3 coats minimum) or Hot Metal Spray in accordance with AS 4680.  
**PAINTING OVER HOT DIP GALVANISED STEEL:**  
 Degrease and preparation whip blast. Application of a general purpose epoxy (Dulux Duremat GPE) thickness 125 microns. Application of a high build polyurethane (Dulux Weathermax HBR) thickness 100 microns
- EXTERNAL ELEMENTS, & ELEMENTS WITHIN EITHER SKIN OF EXTERNAL CAVITY WALLS LESS THAN 2 km AND GREATER THAN 200m FROM SEA WATER:**
- d. Preparation blast clean to minimum Class 2.5  
 Application of a two pack zinc rich epoxy primer (Dulux Zincode 402) thickness 75 microns. Application of a general purpose epoxy (Dulux Duremat GPE) thickness 125 microns. Application of a high build polyurethane (Dulux Weathermax HBR) thickness 100 microns
  - e. Hot dipped galvanized to AS 4680.  
 Where the galvanic (Hot Dip Galvanized) coating is compromised by welding, bolting or damage, two pack zinc rich epoxy primer (Dulux Zincode 202) is to be applied after wire brushing affected area (see 3 coats minimum) or Hot Metal Spray in accordance with AS 4680.  
**PAINTING OVER HOT DIP GALVANISED STEEL:**  
 Degrease and preparation whip blast. Application of a general purpose epoxy (Dulux Duremat GPE) thickness 125 microns. Application of a high build polyurethane (Dulux Weathermax HBR) thickness 100 microns
- S5. Working drawings shall be prepared and two copies submitted to the engineer for review prior to fabrication commencement.

 <p><b>NORTHERN BEACHES</b>                  Consulting Engineers P/L                  A.C.N. 078 121 816 A.B.N. 24 078 121 816                  Suite 207, 30 FISHER ROAD                  DEE WHY N.S.W. 2090                  Ph: (02) 9984 7000 Fax: (02) 9994 7444                  e-mail: <a href="mailto:info@nbcen.com.au">info@nbcen.com.au</a>                  web page: <a href="http://www.nbcen.com.au">www.nbcen.com.au</a></p>	Project <b>PROPOSED ALTERATIONS                  14/10-12 LISMORE AVE,                  DEE WHY                  TOM PRITCHARD</b>	Date: <b>JAN 2019</b>	Design: <b>DH</b>	Drawn: <b>DH</b>	Checked: 
	Job No: <b>190125</b>	Drawing No: <b>S02</b>	Rev: <b>-</b>		

*[Handwritten signature]*



FLM WITH  
#P179713

### Approved Form 10

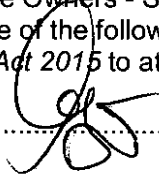
#### Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

\*that the initial period has expired.

~~\*the original proprietor owns all of the lots in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an exchanged contract for the purchase of a lot in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing being lodged with this certificate.~~

The seal of The Owners - Strata Plan No 7203 was affixed on 28<sup>th</sup> March 2019 in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* to attest the affixing of the seal.

Signature:  Name: Charles Wisnie Authority: Managing Agent

Signature: ..... Name: ..... Authority: .....

^ Insert appropriate date  
\* Strike through if inapplicable.



## Northern Beaches Council Planning Certificate – Part 2

**Applicant:** Rigg Conveyancing  
PO Box 288  
NARRABEEN NSW 2101

**Reference:** SMITH  
**Date:** 13/04/2021  
**Certificate No.** ePLC2021/2786

**Address of Property:** 15/10 Lismore Avenue DEE WHY NSW 2099  
**Description of Property:** Lot 15 SP 7203

---

## Planning Certificate – Part 2

The following certificate is issued under the provisions of Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (as amended – formerly Section 149). The information applicable to the land is accurate as at the above date.

### **1. Relevant planning instruments and Development Control Plans**

#### **1.1 The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:**

##### **1.1a) Local Environmental Plan**

Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011

##### **1.1b) State Environmental Planning Policies and Regional Environmental Plans**

State Environmental Planning Policy 19 – Bushland in Urban Areas  
State Environmental Planning Policy 21 – Caravan Parks  
State Environmental Planning Policy 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development  
State Environmental Planning Policy 50 – Canal Estate Development  
State Environmental Planning Policy 55 – Remediation of Land  
State Environmental Planning Policy 64 – Advertising and Signage  
State Environmental Planning Policy 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development  
State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004  
State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005

State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2019

Wholly Affected - State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 20-Hawkesbury-Nepean River (No 2-1997)

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 9-Extractive Industry (No 2-1995)

## **1.2 Draft Environmental Planning Instruments**

The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the Council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

### **1.2 a) Draft State Environmental Planning Policies**

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Environment)

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Short-term Rental Accommodation) 2019

Amendment to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

Draft Remediation of Land State Environmental Planning Policy (intended to replace State Environmental Planning Policy 55)

### **1.2 b) Draft Local Environmental Plans**

## **1.3 Development Control Plans**

The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Warringah Development Control Plan 2011

## **2. Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans**

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in Clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

### **2.1 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans**

#### **2.1 (a), (b), (c) & (d)**

The following information identifies the purposes for which development may be carried out with or without development consent and the purposes for which the carrying out of development is prohibited, for all zones (however described) affecting the land to which the relevant Local Environmental Plan applies.

#### **EXTRACT FROM WARRINGAH LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2011**

#### **Zone R3 Medium Density Residential**

## **1 Objectives of zone**

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.
- To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To ensure that medium density residential environments are characterised by landscaped settings that are in harmony with the natural environment of Warringah.
- To ensure that medium density residential environments are of a high visual quality in their presentation to public streets and spaces.

## **2 Permitted without consent**

Home-based child care; Home occupations

## **3 Permitted with consent**

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Group homes; Home businesses; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Seniors housing; Veterinary hospitals

## **4 Prohibited**

Pond-based aquaculture; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

## **Additional permitted uses**

Additional permitted uses, if any, for which development is permissible with development consent pursuant to Clause 2.5 and Schedule 1 of the relevant Local Environmental Plan:

Nil

## **(e) Minimum land dimensions**

The *Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011* contains no development standard that fixes minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land.

## **(f) Critical habitat**

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat.

## **(g) Conservation areas**

The land is not in a heritage conservation area.

## **(h) Item of environmental heritage**

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage.

## **2.2 Draft Local Environmental Plan - if any**

For any proposed changes to zoning and land use, see Part 1.2 b)

Please contact Council's Strategic and Place Planning unit with enquiries on 1300 434 434.

## **2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006**

The *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* does not apply to the land.

## **3. Complying Development**

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may or may not be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

### **a) Housing Code**

Complying Development under the Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **b) Rural Housing Code**

Complying Development under the Rural Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **c) Low Rise Housing Diversity Code**

Complying Development under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **d) Greenfield Housing Code**

Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code may not be carried out on all of the land.

### **e) Housing Alterations Code**

Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **f) General Development Code**

Complying Development under the General Development Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **g) Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code**

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **h) Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code**

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **i) Container Recycling Facilities Code**

Complying Development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **j) Subdivisions Code**

Complying Development under the Subdivisions Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **k) Demolition Code**

Complying Development under the Demolition Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **l) Fire Safety Code**

Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### **m) Inland Code**

Complying Development under the Inland Code does not apply to the land.

**Note:** Pursuant to clause 3D.1 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, the Inland Code only applies to 'inland local government areas'. Northern Beaches local government area is not defined as an 'inland local government area' by *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

## **4, 4A (Repealed)**

### **4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works**

The owner of the land (or any previous owner) has not consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

## **5. Mine Subsidence**

The land has not been proclaimed to be a mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) Compensation Act, 1961*.

## **6. Road widening and road realignment**

- (a) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*.
- (b) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under an environmental planning instrument.
- (c) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under a resolution of Council.

## **7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restriction**

- (a) Council has adopted a number of policies with regard to various hazards or risks which may restrict development on this land. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Council policies which affect the property, if any, are listed below (other than flooding – see 7A):

Nil

- (b) The following information applies to any policy as adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in a planning certificate issued by the Council. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Policy which affect the property, if any, are listed below:

Nil

## **7A. Flood related development control Information**

- (1) Development on the land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is not subject to flood related development controls.
- (2) Development on the land or part of the land for any other purpose is not subject to flood related development controls.

## **8. Land reserved for acquisition**

Environmental planning instrument referred to in Clause 1 does not make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

## **9. Contribution plans**

The following applies to the land:

### **Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019**

## **9A. Biodiversity certified land**

The land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land certified under Part 7AA of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*).

## **10. Biodiversity Stewardship Sites**

The Council has not been notified by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land to which a biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* relates).

## **10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides**

Council has not been notified by Local Land Services of the existence of a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013*.

## **11. Bush fire prone land**

### **Bush Fire Prone Land**

The land is not bush fire prone land.

## **12. Property vegetation plans**

The Council has not been notified that the land is land to which a vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies.

## **13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006**

Council has not been notified of the existence of an order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

## **14. Directions under Part 3A**

There is not a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P(2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect.

## **15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing**

- (a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.
- (b) No condition of consent applies to the property that limits the kind of people who may occupy the premises/ development. This refers only to consents granted after 11 October 2007 with conditions made in accordance with clause 18(2) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004*.

## **16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments**

There is not a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

## **17. Site compatibility certificate and conditions for affordable rental housing**

- (a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.
- (b) There are not terms of a kind referred to in clause 17 (1) or 38 (1) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009* that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

## **18. Paper subdivision information**

There is no current paper subdivision, of which council is aware, in respect of this land according to Part 16C of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

## **19. Site verification certificates**

There is no current site verification certificate, of which council is aware, in respect of the land according to Part 4AA of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007*.

## **20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation**

The residential dwelling erected on this land has not been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

This clause applies to residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed in the register that is required to be maintained under that Division.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for more information.

## **21 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders**

- 1) There is not an affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
- 2) There is not a building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- 3) There is not a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

In this clause:

***affected building notice*** has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

***building product rectification order*** has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

## **Additional matters under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997**

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) the land to which the certificate relates is not significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act
- (b) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act

- (c) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act
- (d) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act
- (e) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement

If contamination is identified above please contact the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for further information.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ray Brownlee', with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

**Ray Brownlee PSM**  
**Chief Executive Officer**

**13/04/2021**

# Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8000623424

METROPOLITAN WATER SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE BOARD

## SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM

Municipality of *Warringah*

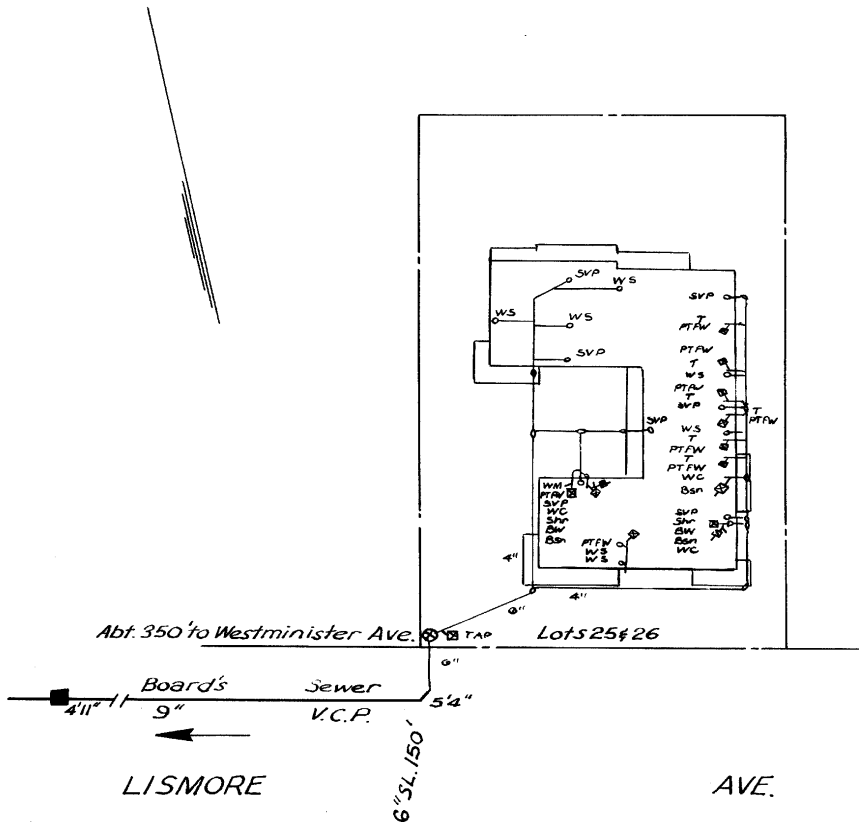
No. *839248*

- SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS
- |                           |                          |                   |                          |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| □ Boundary Trap           | ■ R.V. Reflux Valve      | I.P. Induct Pipe  | Bsn. Basin               |
| ■ Pit                     | ↔ Cleaning Eye           | M.F. Mica Flap    | Shr. Shower              |
| ▨ G.I. Grease Interceptor | ○ Vert. Vertical Pipe    | T. Tubs           | W.I.P. Wrought Iron Pipe |
| ⊠ Gully                   | ○ V.P. Vent. Pipe        | K.S. Kitchen Sink | C.I.P. Cast Iron Pipe    |
| ⊗ P.T. P. Trap            | ○ S.V.P. Soil Vent. Pipe | W.C. Water Closet | F.W. Floor Waste         |
| ⊗ R.S. Reflux Sink        | D.C.C. Down Cast Cowl    | B.W. Bath Waste   | W.M. Washing Machine     |

Scale: 40 Feet To An Inch

### SEWER AVAILABLE

Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer



RATE No. \_\_\_\_\_ W.C.s \_\_\_\_\_ U.C.s \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_

SHEET No. *7169*

OFFICE USE ONLY

For Engineer House Services

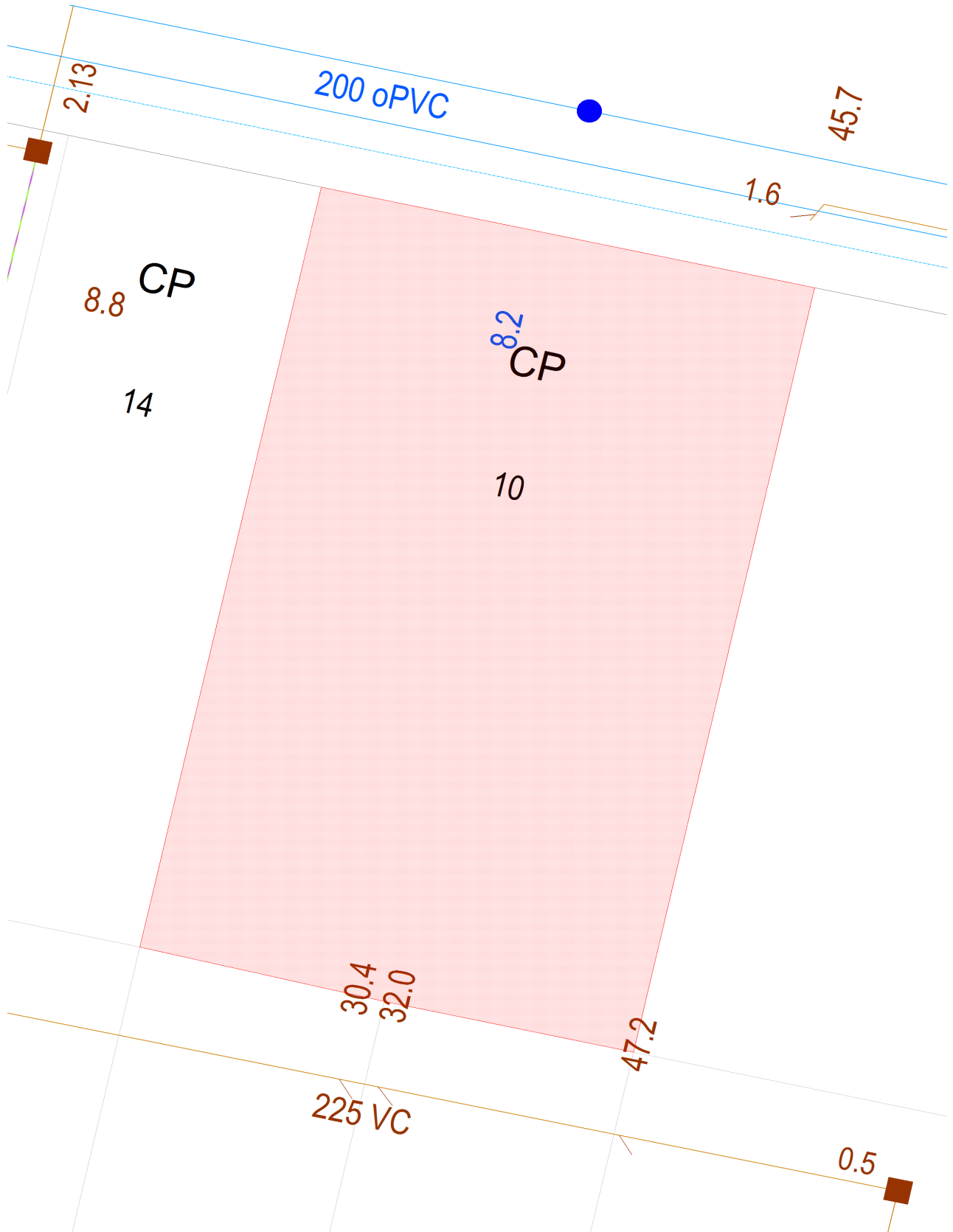
DRAINAGE			PLUMBING	
W.C.	Supervised by	Date	BRANCH OFFICE	Supervised by
Bth.	Inspector	/ / /	Date	/ / /
Shr.			Outfall	
Bsn.	Chief Inspector	/ / /	Drainer	1286 359
K.S.			Plumber	
T.	Tracing Checked	/ / /	Boundary Trap	/ / /
Plg.			is not required	
Dge. Int.				
Dge. Ext.				

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#### Disclaimer

The information in this diagram shows the private wastewater pipes on this property. It may not be accurate or to scale and may not show our pipes, structures or all property boundaries. If you'd like to see these, please buy a **Service location print**.

**Service Location Print**  
Application Number: 8000623423



Document generated at 13-04-2021 03:03:46 PM

**Disclaimer**

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

# Asset Information

## Legend

Sewer		Property Details	
Sewer Main (with flow arrow & size type text)		Boundary Line	
Disused Main		Easement Line	
Rising Main		House Number	
Maintenance Hole (with upstream depth to invert)		Lot Number	
Sub-surface chamber		Proposed Land	
Maintenance Hole with Overflow chamber		Sydney Water Heritage Site (please call 132 092 and ask for the Heritage Unit)	
Ventshaft EDUCT			
Ventshaft INDUCT			
Property Connection Point (with chainage to downstream MH)			
Concrete Encased Section			
Terminal Maintenance Shaft			
Maintenance Shaft			
Rodding Point			
Lamphole			
Vertical			
Pumping Station			
Sewer Rehabilitation			
Pressure Sewer		Water	
Pressure Sewer Main		WaterMain - Potable (with size type text)	
Pump Unit (Alarm, Electrical Cable, Pump Unit)		Disconnected Main - Potable	
Property Valve Boundary Assembly		Proposed Main - Potable	
Stop Valve		Water Main - Recycled	
Reducer / Taper		Special Supply Conditions - Potable	
Flushing Point		Special Supply Conditions - Recycled	
		Restrained Joints - Potable	
		Restrained Joints - Recycled	
		Hydrant	
		Maintenance Hole	
		Stop Valve	
		Stop Valve with By-pass	
		Stop Valve with Tapers	
		Closed Stop Valve	
		Air Valve	
		Valve	
		Scour	
		Reducer / Taper	
		Vertical Bends	
		Reservoir	
		Recycled Water is shown as per Potable above. Colour as indicated	
Vacuum Sewer		Private Mains	
Pressure Sewer Main		Potable Water Main	
Division Valve		Recycled Water Main	
Vacuum Chamber		Sewer Main	
Clean Out Point		Symbols for Private Mains shown grey	
Stormwater			
Stormwater Pipe			
Stormwater Channel			
Stormwater Gully			
Stormwater Maintenance Hole			

### Disclaimer

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

## Pipe Types

<b>ABS</b>	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	<b>AC</b>	Asbestos Cement
<b>BRICK</b>	Brick	<b>CI</b>	Cast Iron
<b>CICL</b>	Cast Iron Cement Lined	<b>CONC</b>	Concrete
<b>COPPER</b>	Copper	<b>DI</b>	Ductile Iron
<b>DICL</b>	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	<b>DIPL</b>	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
<b>EW</b>	Earthenware	<b>FIBG</b>	Fibreglass
<b>FL BAR</b>	Forged Locking Bar	<b>GI</b>	Galvanised Iron
<b>GRP</b>	Glass Reinforced Plastics	<b>HDPE</b>	High Density Polyethylene
<b>MS</b>	Mild Steel	<b>MSCL</b>	Mild Steel Cement Lined
<b>PE</b>	Polyethylene	<b>PC</b>	Polymer Concrete
<b>PP</b>	Polypropylene	<b>PVC</b>	Polyvinylchloride
<b>PVC - M</b>	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	<b>PVC - O</b>	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
<b>PVC - U</b>	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	<b>RC</b>	Reinforced Concrete
<b>RC-PL</b>	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	<b>S</b>	Steel
<b>SCL</b>	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	<b>SCL IBL</b>	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
<b>SGW</b>	Salt Glazed Ware	<b>SPL</b>	Steel Polymeric Lined
<b>SS</b>	Stainless Steel	<b>STONE</b>	Stone
<b>VC</b>	Vitrified Clay	<b>WI</b>	Wrought Iron
<b>WS</b>	Woodstave		

## Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

**For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092**

**In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)**

### Disclaimer

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

# Standard Form Residential Tenancy Agreement

eac estate agents  
co-operative

## Important information

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

- 1 This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, so please read all terms and conditions carefully.
- 2 If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit [www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au](http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au) before signing the Agreement.
- 3 If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4 The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

THIS AGREEMENT is made on 21/12/2020 at 645-647 Pittwater Road Dee Why 2099

## BETWEEN

**Landlord** [Insert name and telephone number or other contact details of landlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside in New South Wales, specify the State, Territory or, if not in Australia, country in which the landlord ordinarily resides.]

**Name(s):** Martine Smith

### Address:

C/- The Agent

**Phone:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Email:** martinesmith8@gmail.com

**Note.** These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

[Insert corporation name and business address of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is a corporation]  
First National Real Estate 645 Pittwater Road Dee Why NSW 2099

**Note.** These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent.

Does the landlord reside interstate/overseas at the time of entering the agreement: No  
If the landlord does not reside in NSW, please enter the State, Territory, or Country (if not Australia) in the Landlord(s) Address above  
(Further information on your rights when contracting with an interstate landlord can be obtained by contacting NSW Fair Trading)

**Tenant** [Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details]

**Name(s):** Samuel Merette & Zoe Cheleski

### Address for service of notices:

Not Applicable

**Phone:** 0481 303 726 S 0468 355 812 Z

**Email:** samuel.merette@gmail.com

**Landlord's agent details** [Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact details]

**Name:** First National Real Estate Dee Why

**Address:** 645-647 Pittwater Road

Dee Why

2099

**Phone:** 02 9981 3300

**Fax:** 02 9981 3909

**Email:** maree@fndy.com.au

**Tenant's agent details** [Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details]

**Name:** Not Applicable

**Address:** Not Applicable

**Phone:** Not Applicable

**Fax:** Not Applicable

**Email:** Not Applicable

### Term of agreement

The term of this agreement is:  6 months  12 months  2 Years  3 Years  
 4 Years  5 Years  Periodic (no end date)

Other (please specify): 52 weeks

starting on 21/12/2020 and ending on 20/12/2021 (cross out if not applicable)

**Note.** For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the *Real Property Act 1900*.

### Residential premises

The residential premises are [Insert address]

15/10 Lismore Avenue Dee Why NSW 2099

The residential premises include: [Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

Garage

### Rent

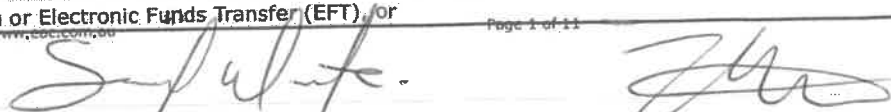
The rent is \$ 1000.00 per fortnight payable in advance starting on 21/12/2020

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to First National Real Estate Caputo

at 645 Pittwater Road Dee Why NSW 2099

by cash or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) or





**Rent (Continued)**

(b) into the following account, or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number: 032 191Account name: Alaustralia DP Pty LtdAccount number: 101 467Payment reference: 00715 Merette, or(c) As follows: Direct Deposit or Bpay

Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

**Rental bond (Cross out if there is not going to be a bond)**A rental bond of \$ 2000.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

 the landlord or another person, or the landlord's agent, or NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online.**IMPORTANT INFORMATION****Maximum number of occupants**No more than 2 only persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.**Urgent repairs**

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical repairs: McIver ElectricalTelephone: 0418 227 476Plumbing repairs: City Wide PlumbingTelephone: 0411 802 548Other repairs: Please contact First National R/E CaputoTelephone: 9981 3300**Water usage**Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? No If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.**Utilities**Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network? NoIs gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network? No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

**Smoke Alarms**

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

 Hardwired smoke alarm Battery operated smoke alarmIf the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? NoIf yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:  
2 smoke detectors serviced by Smoke Alarms Australai 1300305225If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises? Yes/No**Strata by-laws**Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? Yes

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

**Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional] (Cross out if not applicable)**

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

*[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]***Landlord**Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? YesIf yes, see clause 50. *[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]*maree@fndy.com.au**Tenant**Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? YesIf yes, see clause 50. *[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]*samuel.merette@gmail.com**Condition report**

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

**Tenancy laws**The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.



# Standard Form Residential Tenancy Agreement

## Important information

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

- 1 This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, so please read all terms and conditions carefully.
- 2 If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit [www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au](http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au) before signing the Agreement.
- 3 If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4 The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

THIS AGREEMENT is made on 21/12/2020 at 645-647 Pittwater Road Dee Why 2099

## BETWEEN

**Landlord** [Insert name and telephone number or other contact details of landlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside in New South Wales, specify the State, Territory or, if not in Australia, country in which the landlord ordinarily resides.]

**Name(s):** Martine Smith

### Address:

C/- The Agent

### Phone:

**Email:** martinesmith8@gmail.com

**Note.** These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

[Insert corporation name and business address of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is a corporation]

First National Real Estate 645 Pittwater Road Dee Why NSW 2099

**Note.** These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent.

Does the landlord reside interstate/overseas at the time of entering the agreement: No

If the landlord does not reside in NSW, please enter the State, Territory, or Country (if not Australia) in the Landlord(s) Address above

(Further information on your rights when contracting with an interstate landlord can be obtained by contacting NSW Fair Trading)

**Tenant** [Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details]

**Name(s):** Samuel Merette & Zoe Cheleski

### Address for service of notices:

Not Applicable

**Phone:** 0481 303 726 S

0468 355 812 Z

**Email:** samuel.merette@gmail.com

**Landlord's agent details** [Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact details]

**Name:** First National Real Estate Dee Why

**Address:** 645-647 Pittwater Road

Dee Why

2099

**Phone:** 02 9981 3300

**Fax:** 02 9981 3909

**Email:** maree@fndy.com.au

**Tenant's agent details** [Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details]

**Name:** Not Applicable

**Address:** Not Applicable

**Phone:** Not Applicable

**Fax:** Not Applicable

**Email:** Not Applicable

## Term of agreement

The term of this agreement is:  6 months  12 months  2 Years  3 Years

4 Years  5 Years  Periodic (no end date)

Other (please specify): 52 weeks

starting on 21/12/2020

and ending on 20/12/2021

(cross out if not applicable)

**Note.** For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the *Real Property Act 1900*.

## Residential premises

The residential premises are [Insert address]

15/10 Lismore Avenue Dee Why NSW 2099

The residential premises include: [Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

Garage

## Rent

The rent is \$ 1000.00

per fortnight

payable in advance starting on 21/12/2020

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to First National Real Estate Caputo

at 645 Pittwater Road Dee Why NSW 2099

by cash or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), or



**Rent (Continued)**

(b) into the following account, or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number: 032 191

Account name: Alaustralia DP Pty Ltd

Account number: 101 467

Payment reference: 00715 Merette

, or

(c) As follows: Direct Deposit or Bpay

**Note.** The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.**Rental bond (Cross out if there is not going to be a bond)**

A rental bond of \$ 2000.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

[ ] the landlord or another person, or

[ ] the landlord's agent, or

[  ] NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online.**IMPORTANT INFORMATION****Maximum number of occupants**

No more than 2 only persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

**Urgent repairs**

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical repairs: McIver Electrical

Telephone: 0418 227 476

Plumbing repairs: City Wide Plumbing

Telephone: 0411 802 548

Other repairs: Please contact First National R/E Caputo

Telephone: 9981 3300

**Water usage**

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? No If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

**Utilities**

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

**Smoke Alarms**

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

[  ] Hardwired smoke alarm[  ] Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:  
2 smoke detectors serviced by Smoke Alarms Australai 1300305225

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises? Yes/No**Strata by-laws**

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? Yes

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

**Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional] (Cross out if not applicable)**

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

*[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]***Landlord**

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? Yes

If yes, see clause 50. *[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]*

maree@fndy.com.au

**Tenant**

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? Yes

If yes, see clause 50. *[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]*

samuel.merette@gmail.com

**Condition report**

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

**Tenancy laws**The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.



## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1 In accordance with Clause 10.5 of this agreement, the tenant's is responsible to pay for water used, where the premises is **separately** metered.
- 2 The tenant's understand and agrees that no locks are to be changed without reasonable reason. If changed, a copy of the key must be handed to First National Real Estate Dee Why within 7 days of the change.
- 3 The tenant's acknowledge that if remote control is issued for the property, they will be required to pay for a replacement in the event that, it is lost or stolen.
- 4 The tenant's agree to report all repairs by Telephone 9981 3300 or Email to [maree@fndy.com.au](mailto:maree@fndy.com.au) and [mayla@fndy.com.au](mailto:mayla@fndy.com.au)
- 5 The tenant's understand that should rent not be paid on or by the due date,

the Agent shall telephone or email when their rental becomes 3 to 7 days in arrears. Should the situation not be rectified and the rental falls 14 days in arrears, First National Real Estate Dee Why shall issue a 14 day Notice of Termination to the tenant's. At the same time, the tenant's shall be informed that if they pay all arrears or enter into a repayment plan approved by the landlord's, they will not be required to vacate the premises. Should the rental arrears not be paid or an approved repayment plan entered into, then an application shall be made to the Residential Tribunal for a Hearing.

- 7 The tenant's understands should they vacate/break the lease, prior to the expiration of the fixed term then in accordance with Clause 51 of this agreement the tenant will be required to pay a fee of:-
  - 8 51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired
  - 9 51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired
  - 10 51.3 2 weeks if 50% or more but less than 75% of fixed term has expired.
  - 11 51.4 1 weeks rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired
- 12 It is the tenant's responsibility to ensure that someone is available to allow access For Government regulated fire Inspections, alternatively please leave a key with a neighbour. Thank you.
- 13 The tenant's agree that no pets are to be kept on the premises. This includes visiting pets.

SIGNATURE OF TENANTS

.....

ALAUSTRALIA DP PTY LTD  
T/A FIRST NATIONAL REAL ESTATE  
OR & ON BEHALF OF THE



#### RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "**Residential premises**".

#### COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
  - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when, the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
  - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

#### RENT

3. **The tenant agrees:**
  - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
  - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
  - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.
4. **The landlord agrees:**
  - 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
  - 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
  - 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
  - 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
  - 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
  - 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
  - 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
  - 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

**Note.** The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

#### RENT INCREASES

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

**Note.** Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.
7. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**
  - 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
  - 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
  - 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (NCAT).

#### RENT REDUCTIONS

8. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
  - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
  - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
  - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
9. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

#### PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

10. **The landlord agrees** to pay:
  - 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
  - 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
  - 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

**Note.** Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

**Note.** Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises; and
- 10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. **The tenant agrees** to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises; and

**Note.** Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
  - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
  - 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

12. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
  - 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
  - 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
  - 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and

12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:

- 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
- 12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

#### POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. **The landlord agrees:**

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

#### TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. **The landlord agrees:**

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

#### USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. **The tenant agrees:**

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
  - 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
  - 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
  - 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
  - 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.
17. **The tenant agrees:**
- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
  - 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
  - 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
  - 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18. **The tenant agrees**, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and
- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

**Note.** Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

#### LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. **The landlord agrees:**

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

**Note 1.** Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

**Note 2.** Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.

19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and

19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and

19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and

19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and

19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

#### URGENT REPAIRS

20. **The landlord agrees** to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and

20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and

20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and

20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and

20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and

20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

**Note.** The type of repairs that are *urgent repairs* are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,

- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

#### SALE OF THE PREMISES

##### 21. The landlord agrees:

- 21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
  - 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
22. **The tenant agrees** not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
23. **The landlord and tenant agree:**
- 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
  - 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

#### LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

##### 24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (NCAT) so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.

##### 25. The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:

- 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
  - 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
  - 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
  - 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
26. **The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
27. **The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

#### PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

28. **The landlord agrees** that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

**Note.** See section 55A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

29. **The tenant agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

#### FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

##### 30. The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
  - 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
  - 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
  - 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
  - 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
  - 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair
31. **The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

**Note.** The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

#### LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

##### 32. The landlord agrees:

- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

##### 33. The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
  - 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
34. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

#### TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

##### 35. The landlord and tenant agree that:

- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and

- 35.3** the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4** without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

**Note.** Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

- 36. The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

#### CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

##### **37. The landlord agrees:**

- 37.1** if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2** if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3** if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4** if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.5** if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

#### COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Tick here [ ] and cross out clause if not applicable]

- 38. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*,
- 39. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

#### MITIGATION OF LOSS

- 40. The rules of law** relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

#### RENTAL BOND

[Tick here [ ] and cross out clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41. The landlord agrees** where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
- 41.1** details of the amount claimed, and
- 41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
- 41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

#### SMOKE ALARMS

##### **42. The landlord agrees to:**

- 42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
- 42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies

the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and

- 42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

**Note 1.** Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

**Note 2.** Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

**Note 3.** A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

**Note 4.** Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

##### **43. The tenant agrees:**

- 43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

**Note.** Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

**44. The landlord and the tenant each agree** not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

**Note.** The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

#### SWIMMING POOLS

[Tick here [ ✓ ] and cross out clause if there is no swimming pool]

**45. ~~The landlord agrees~~ to ensure that the requirements of the ~~Swimming Pools Act 1992~~ have been complied with in respect of the ~~swimming pool on the residential premises.~~**

**46. ~~The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:~~**

- 46.1** ~~the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the ~~Swimming Pools Act 1992~~ and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~
- 46.2** ~~a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

~~This clause does not apply to a residential tenancy agreement entered into before 20 April 2016.~~

#### LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

##### **47. The landlord agrees:**

- 47.1** if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2** if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

#### COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

**48. The landlord agrees** that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

- 48.1** that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.2** that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.3** that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

## SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. **The landlord agrees** that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

## ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

### 50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

## BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

51. **The tenant agrees** that if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:
- 51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

**Note.** Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. **The landlord agrees** that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

**Note.** Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

## ADDITIONAL TERMS

*[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:*

- (a) *both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and*
- (b) *they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and*
- (c) *they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.*

## ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.

## ADDITIONAL TERM — PETS

*[Tick here [✓] and cross out clause if not applicable]*

53. ~~**The landlord agrees** that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc]:~~

### 54. ~~The tenant agrees:~~

- 54.1 ~~to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and~~
- 54.2 ~~to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and~~
- 54.3 ~~to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and~~
- 54.4 ~~to comply with any council requirements~~
55. ~~**The tenant agrees** to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.~~

## ADDITIONAL TERM – SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS AND BY-LAWS

56. **The tenant agrees** to comply with the by-laws and or management statements that apply to the premises.

- 56.1 Premises to which the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989* does not apply, such as flats, the tenant agrees to observe and comply with the special conditions that have been adopted where relevant from the Model By-Laws contained in the *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2010*, Schedule 2 and are set out in Schedule 1 of this agreement. For the words written therein "owner or occupier" insert instead the words "the tenant", for "owners' corporation", insert instead "landlord", for "lot" insert instead "premises or flat", "the Act" insert instead the words "*Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*" and for "strata scheme" insert instead "the block".

## ADDITIONAL TERM - HEALTH ISSUES

### 57. The tenant agrees to:

- 57.1 control mould, mildew and dampness by adopting a regular cleaning routine, ensure adequate ventilation, operate exhaust fans where fitted and lifestyle practices that reduce the accumulation of condensation, and
- 57.2 keep the premises clear of any pests and vermin, and
- 57.3 advise the landlord/landlord's agent promptly of any signs of dampness, pests or vermin.

## ADDITIONAL TERM - NO SET OFF

58. The tenant shall not deduct any money from rent or cease to pay rent as a set off against any rental bond without the approval of the landlord or the landlord's agent.

## ADDITIONAL TERM - PROCEDURE ON TERMINATION

### 59. The tenant shall upon termination of this agreement:

- 59.1 vacate the premises peaceably and return all keys and or opening devices. If the tenant fails to do so, the tenant shall be liable to pay an occupation fee (equivalent to the rent payable) until the keys and/or opening devices are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent and or compensate the landlord for changing the locks or other opening devices to reasonably secure the premises. The landlord may seek an order from the Civil and Administrative Tribunal to recover the occupation fee and/or compensation from the tenant, and provide a forwarding address to the landlord.
- 59.2

## ADDITIONAL TERM - COMMUNICATION AND MEDIA FACILITIES

60. The Landlord makes no warranty as to the availability or adequacy of any line or service for the telephone or internet; and digital, cable or analogue television and the tenant leases the property relying on his or her own enquiries.

## ADDITIONAL TERM – CARE OF SWIMMING POOL

61. If there is a swimming pool located on the premises, the tenant must:
- 61.1 keep the swimming pool clean and regularly sweep up any leaves or other debris which have fallen into the swimming pool;
- 61.2 regularly clean the sides of the swimming pool to minimise build-up of slime and other residue;
- 61.3 regularly clean the pool filters and empty out the leaf baskets;
- 61.4 maintain the cleanliness and clarity of the water to a standard set by the landlord (acting reasonably) by testing the pool water monthly and treating, at the tenant's cost, the pool with the necessary chemicals, if required;
- 61.5 maintain the water level above the filter inlet at all times;
- 61.6 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of any issues with the pool or pool equipment;
- 61.7 ensure that all doors and gates providing access to the swimming pool are kept securely closed at all times when they are not in actual use;
- 61.8 not leave any items near the swimming pool or the safety door/gate which would allow a child to gain access to the swimming pool; and
- 61.9 take all reasonable steps to ensure no unaccompanied child can gain access to the pool area.

## ADDITIONAL TERM - NON-URGENT REPAIRS

62. The tenant hereby agrees that any non-urgent repairs will be carried out between 9 am – 5 pm Monday to Friday.

## ADDITIONAL TERM - SMOKING

63. The tenant hereby agrees that no smoking is allowed inside the residential premises. If the tenant smokes outside the premises, cigarette butts will not be thrown on the ground. **The tenant will** be charged to wash down all surfaces, floors, and window furnishings upon vacating if the tenant or occupants smoke inside the property. If this property is located in a strata complex, the tenant should observe the Strata By-Laws in respect to smoking on balconies

## ADDITIONAL TERM - DISHONORED PAYMENTS

64. The Tenant agrees that if payment is tendered and subsequently dishonored by the financial institution, then a \$30 dishonor fee will be

charged to the tenant. The tenant agrees to pay this dishonor fee within 7 working days.

#### **ADDITIONAL TERM - GROUND AND GARDENS**

65. The tenant agrees to maintain the grounds and gardens including trimming of any shrubs or bushes that grow during the tenancy at the property.

#### **ADDITIONAL TERM - ASBESTOS**

66.1 **The landlord states** that this property may contain Asbestos. Asbestos building materials were very common in the Australian Residential Building Industry between the 1940's – 1980's. Current scientific and medical evidence supports the fact that simply living or working in a building that contains asbestos is not dangerous so long as the asbestos is in good condition. Good condition means undamaged and undisturbed. As a general rule if the property was built before the mid 1980's is **highly likely** that it would have materials containing asbestos. Between 1980's and 1990's it is **likely** that it would have material containing asbestos. After 1990's, it is **highly unlikely** it would have materials containing asbestos.

66.2 **The tenant hereby agrees** that they will notify the landlord if any surface and or material at the property, that is believed may contain asbestos, is damaged or disturbed. This notification will be made in writing and communicated to the landlord, via the landlords agent.

#### **ADDITIONAL TERM – INSURANCE**

67. The tenant is advised that the landlord is not responsible to insure the tenant's own possessions (contents and personal effects).

#### **ADDITIONAL TERM – TENANCY DATABASES**

68. The tenant may be listed on a tenancy database(s) if the tenant vacates owing funds in excess of the bond and/or an order is obtained from the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal(NCAT).

#### **ADDITIONAL TERM – CONSENT TO PUBLISH PHOTOGRAPHS OF RESIDENTIAL PREMISES**

69.1 The tenant consents to the landlord or landlord's agent publishing any photograph or visual recording made of the interior of the residential premises in which any of the tenant's possessions are visible.

69.2 The tenant's consent does not apply to photographs or visual recordings taken by the landlord or landlord's agent without first providing the tenant with reasonable notice.

#### **Notes.**

##### **1. Definitions**

###### **In this agreement:**

**landlord** means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

**landlord's agent** means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

**LFAI Register** means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.

**rental bond** means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

**residential premises** means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

**tenancy** means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

**tenant** means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

##### **2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)**

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4). Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

##### **3. Ending a fixed term agreement**

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

##### **4. Ending a periodic agreement**

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

##### **5. Other grounds for ending agreement**

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord include sale of the residential premises, breach of this agreement by the tenant and hardship. The grounds for the tenant include sale of the residential premises (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord and hardship. For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

##### **6. Warning**

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal(NCAT) if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

## SCHEDULE 2 MODEL BY-LAWS FOR RESIDENTIAL STRATA SCHEMES (CLAUSE 27)

### 1. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

### 2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

### 3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

### 4. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

### 5. Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
  - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
  - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
  - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
  - (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot, unless the device is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:
  - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
  - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

### 6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

### 7. Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

### 8. Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

### 9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

### 10. Hanging out of washing

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. Such washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot provided that the washing will not be visible from street level outside the parcel.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot that will be visible from street level outside the parcel only if the owner or occupier has the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (4) In this clause: **washing** includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

### 11. Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

### 12. Cleaning windows and doors

- (1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.
- (2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

### 13. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

### 14. Changes to floor coverings and surfaces

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the owner's corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of the proposed floor covering or surface.
- (2) This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorisation for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

### 15. Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

### 16. Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
  - (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
  - (b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
  - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
  - (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
  - (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
  - (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the

receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
  - (a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
  - (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot must:
  - (a) comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and
  - (b) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or waste.
- (4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

#### **17. Keeping of animals**

refer to clauses 53-55 concerning pets.

#### **18. Appearance of lot**

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 10.

#### **19. Change in use of lot to be notified**

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

#### **20. Provision of amenities or services**

- (1) The owner's corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
  - (a) window cleaning,
  - (b) garbage disposal and recycling services,
  - (c) electricity, water or gas supply,
  - (d) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

**Note.** Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

#### **21. Compliance with planning and other requirements**

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

#### **22. Service of documents on owner of lot by owners corporation**

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

# Tenant information statement

## What you must know before you start renting

### Starting a tenancy

Landlords or agents must give all tenants a copy of this **Tenant information statement** before signing a residential tenancy agreement.

Make sure you read this information statement thoroughly before you sign a residential tenancy agreement. Ask questions if there is anything in the agreement that you do not understand.

Remember, you are committing to a legally binding contract with no cooling-off period. You want to be certain you understand and agree to what you are signing.

#### The landlord or agent must:

- ensure the property is vacant, reasonably clean, fit to live in and in good repair at the start of the tenancy
- provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair
- meet health and safety laws (e.g. pool fencing, electrical installations, smoke alarms, window and balcony safety)
- ensure the property is reasonably secure
- respect your privacy and follow entry and notice requirements.

#### When renting, you must:

- pay the rent on time
- keep the property reasonably clean and undamaged and leave it in the same condition it was in when you moved in (fair wear and tear excepted)
- not use the property for anything illegal
- follow the terms of the tenancy agreement
- respect your neighbours' right to peace, comfort and privacy

#### What you must be told before you sign an agreement

Sometimes a rental property has something in its history that you should know before you sign an agreement.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if the property is:

- planned to be sold
- subject to court proceedings where the mortgagee is trying to take possession of the property
- in a strata scheme and a strata renewal committee is currently established for the strata scheme.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if they are aware of any of the following facts. If the property:

- has been subject to flooding from a natural weather event or bushfire in the last 5 years
- has significant health or safety risks (unless obvious to a reasonable person when the property is inspected)
- has been the scene of a serious violent crime (e.g. murder or aggravated assault) in the last 5 years
- is listed on the [loose-fill asbestos insulation register](#)
- has been used to manufacture or cultivate a prohibited drug or prohibited plant in the last 2 years
- is part of a building where a fire safety or building product rectification order (or a notice of intention to issue one of these orders) has been issued regarding external combustible cladding
- is part of a building where a development or complying development certificate application for rectification has been lodged regarding external combustible cladding
- is in a strata scheme where scheduled rectification work or major repairs will be carried out to common property during the fixed term of the agreement
- is affected by zoning or laws that will not allow you to obtain a parking permit, and only paid parking is available in the area
- is provided with any council waste services that are different to other properties in the council area
- has a driveway or walkway that others can legally use.

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Penalties apply to landlords or agents if any of the above is not done.

### **What you must be given before you sign an agreement**

Before you sign an agreement or move into the property, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- a copy of this Tenant information statement
- a copy of the proposed tenancy agreement, filled out in the spaces provided
- 2 hard copies, or 1 electronic copy, of the condition report for the property completed by the landlord or agent
- a copy of the by-laws, if the property is in a strata scheme.

### **What you must be given at the time you sign an agreement**

At the time you sign the agreement, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- for any swimming or spa pools on the property, a valid certificate of compliance or occupation certificate (issued within the last 3 years). This does not apply if you are renting a property in a strata or community scheme that has more than 2 lots.

### **Before or at the start of the tenancy**

The landlord or agent **must give** you:

- a copy of the key (or other opening device or information) to open any lock or security device for the rented property or common property, at no cost to you or any tenant named in the agreement.

### **The property must be fit to live in**

The property must be reasonably clean, fit to live in and in a reasonable state of repair.

To be fit to live in, the property must (at a minimum):

1. be structurally sound
2. have adequate natural or artificial lighting in each room, except storage rooms or garages
3. have adequate ventilation
4. be supplied with electricity or gas, and have enough electricity or gas sockets for lighting, heating and other appliances
5. have adequate plumbing and drainage
6. have a water connection that can supply hot and cold water for drinking, washing and cleaning
7. have bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow users' privacy.

The property could have other issues that may make it unfit for you to live in, even if it meets the

above 7 minimum standards. Before you rent the property, you should tell the landlord or agent to take steps (such as make repairs) to make sure the property is fit to live in.

### **Residential tenancy agreement**

The tenancy agreement is a legal agreement. It must include certain standard terms that cannot be changed or deleted. It may also include additional terms. Verbal agreements are still binding on you and the landlord.

### **Condition report**

You should have already received a copy of the condition report, completed by the landlord or agent, before you signed the agreement. This is an important piece of evidence and you should take the time to check the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy. If you do not complete the report accurately, money could be taken out of your bond (after you move out) to pay for damage that was already there when you moved in.

You must complete and give a copy of the condition report to your landlord or agent **within 7 days** after moving into the property. You must also keep a copy of the completed report.

### **Rent, receipts and records**

Rent is a regular payment you make to the landlord to be able to live in the property. You cannot be asked to pay more than 2 weeks' rent in advance. Your landlord or agent cannot demand more rent until it is due.

Your landlord or agent can serve you with 14 days' termination notice if you are more than 14 days behind with the rent.

Your landlord or agent must:

- give you rent receipts (unless rent is paid into a nominated bank account)
- keep a record of rent you pay
- provide you with a copy of the rent record within 7 days of your written request for it.

### **Rental bonds**

The bond is money you may have to pay at the start of the tenancy as security. It must be in the form of money and not as a guarantee. Your landlord or agent can only ask for 1 bond for a tenancy agreement. The bond payable cannot be more than 4 weeks rent. If the landlord agrees, you can pay the bond in instalments.

Your landlord or agent cannot make you pay a bond before the tenancy agreement is signed. If you pay the bond directly to Fair Trading using [Rental Bonds Online](#) (RBO) the landlord or agent will receive confirmation of this before they finalise the tenancy agreement.

Your landlord or agent must give you the option to use RBO to pay your bond. You can use RBO to securely pay your bond direct to NSW Fair Trading using a credit card or BPAY, without the need to fill out and sign a bond lodgement form. Once registered, you can continue to use your RBO account for future tenancies.

If you decide not to use RBO, you can ask your agent or landlord for a paper bond lodgement form for you to sign, so that it can be lodged with Fair Trading. The landlord must deposit any bond you pay them with Fair Trading within 10 working days. If the bond is paid to the agent, the agent must deposit the bond with Fair Trading within 10 working days after the end of the month in which the bond was paid.

### **Discrimination when applying for rental property**

It is against the law for a landlord or agent to discriminate on the grounds of your race, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status or pregnancy.

If you feel that a landlord or agent has declined your tenancy application or has treated you less favourably because of the above, you can contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board on 1800 670 812 or the Australian Human Rights Commission on 1300 656 419.

It is not against the law if a landlord or agent chooses not to have a tenant who smokes, or has a poor tenancy history or issues with rent payments.

### **Communicating with your landlord or agent**

Your landlord must provide you with their name and a way for you to contact them directly, even if your landlord has an agent.

This information must be given to you in writing before or when you sign the tenancy agreement, or it can be included in the agreement you sign. Your landlord must also let you know, in writing, within 14 days of any changes to their details.

Some formal communication between you and the landlord or agent must be in writing to be valid, for example, termination notices. You can use email to serve notices or other documents but only if the landlord or agent has given you permission to use their nominated email address for this purpose.

## **During the tenancy**

### **Can rent be increased during the tenancy?**

For a fixed-term of less than 2 years, rent can only be increased during the fixed-term if the agreement sets out the increased amount or how the increase will be calculated. No written notice of the increase is required.

For a fixed-term of 2 years or more, or for a periodic agreement (i.e. where the fixed-term has expired or no fixed-term is specified), the rent can only be increased once in a 12-month period. You must get at least 60 days written notice.

### **Paying for electricity, gas and water usage**

You may have to pay the cost for certain utilities as set out in the agreement. For example, you will pay for all:

- electricity, non-bottled gas or oil supply charges **if** the property is separately metered. Some exceptions apply for electricity or gas
- charges for the supply of bottled gas during the tenancy.

There are limits on when you need to pay for water usage charges. You can only be asked to pay for water usage if the property is separately metered (or water is delivered by vehicle) and meets the following water efficiency measures:

- all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- all internal cold-water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- any leaking taps or toilets on the property are fixed at the start of the agreement and whenever other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded
- from 23 March 2025, toilets are dual flush and have a minimum 3-star WELS rating.

### **Repairs and maintenance**

The property must always be fit for you to live in. The landlord is responsible for any repairs or maintenance, so the property is in a reasonable state of repair. They must also ensure the property meets health and safety laws.

You are responsible for looking after the property and keeping it clean and undamaged. If the property includes a yard, lawns and gardens, you must also keep these areas neat and tidy.

You need to tell your landlord or the agent of any necessary repairs or damage as soon as possible. They are responsible for arranging and paying for the repair costs unless you caused or allowed the damage. You are not responsible for any damage caused by a perpetrator of domestic violence during a domestic violence offence.

If the repair is an **urgent repair** e.g. where there is a burst water service, a blocked or broken toilet, a gas leak or dangerous electrical fault, your landlord or agent should organise these repairs as soon as reasonably possible, after being notified. If they do not respond to an urgent repair, you may be able to organise the work yourself and be reimbursed

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a maximum amount of \$1,000 within 14 days from requesting payment in writing. A list of **urgent repairs** is available on the [Fair Trading website](#).

You can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if your landlord refuses or does not provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair. Similarly, your landlord can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if you refuse or do not repair damage you have caused or allowed. You can also apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) if your landlord does not carry out repairs.

### Smoke alarms must be working

Landlords must ensure that smoke alarms are installed on all levels of the property. Your landlord must maintain the smoke alarms in your property to ensure they are working.

You should notify your landlord or agent if a smoke alarm is not working. They are responsible for repairing (including replacing a battery) or replacing a smoke alarm within 2 business days after they become aware that it is not working.

You can choose to replace a removable battery if it needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if and when you do this. You are not responsible for maintaining, repairing or replacing a smoke alarm. However, there are some circumstances where you can arrange for a smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced.

### Privacy and access

You have the right to reasonable peace, comfort and privacy when renting. Tenancy laws restrict when and how often your landlord, agent or other authorised person can enter the property during the tenancy. Your landlord, agent or authorised person can enter the property without your consent in certain circumstances if proper notice (if applicable) is provided.

For example:

- in an **emergency**, no notice is necessary
- if the **Tribunal orders** that access is allowed
- to carry out, or assess the need for, **necessary repairs or maintenance** of the property, if you have been given at least 2 days' notice
- to carry out **urgent repairs**, no notice is necessary
- to carry out **repairs or replacement of a smoke alarm**, if you have been given at least 1 hours' notice
- to **inspect or assess the need for repair or replacement of a smoke alarm**, if you have been given at least 2 business days' notice
- to carry out a **general inspection** of the property if you have been given at least 7 days' written notice (no more than 4 inspections during a 12-month period).

### How to make 'minor' changes to the property

You can only make minor changes to the property with your landlord's written consent, or if the agreement allows it. Your landlord can only refuse your request if it is reasonable to do so e.g. if the work involves structural changes or is inconsistent with the nature of the property.

There are certain types of 'minor' changes where it would be unreasonable for your landlord to refuse consent. For example:

- secure furniture to a non-tiled wall for safety reasons
- fit a childproof latch to an outdoor gate in a single dwelling
- insert fly screens on windows
- install or replace internal window covering (e.g. curtains)
- install cleats or cord guides to secure blind or curtain cords
- install child safety gates inside the property
- install window safety devices for child safety (non-strata only)
- install hand-held shower heads or lever-style taps to assist elderly or disabled occupants
- install or replace hooks, nails or screws for hanging pictures etc.
- install a phone line or internet connection
- plant vegetables, flowers, herbs or shrubs in the garden
- install wireless removable outdoor security camera
- apply shatter-resistant film to window or glass doors
- make changes that don't penetrate a surface, or permanently modify a surface, fixture or structure of the property.

Some exceptions apply. The landlord can also require that certain minor changes be carried out by a qualified person.

You will be responsible for paying for the changes and for any damage you cause to the property. Certain rules apply for removing any modifications at the end of the tenancy.

### Your rights in circumstances of domestic violence

Every person has the right to feel safe and live free from domestic violence. If you or your dependent child are experiencing domestic violence in a rental property, there are options available to you to improve your safety.

If you or your dependent child need to escape violence, you can end your tenancy immediately,

without penalty. To do this you must give your landlord a termination notice with the relevant evidence and give a termination notice to any co-tenants.

Or, if you wish to stay in your home, you can apply to the Tribunal for an order to end the tenancy of the perpetrator (if they are another co-tenant).

A tenant or any innocent co-tenant is not liable for property damage caused by the perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

## Ending the tenancy

### Termination notice must be given

A tenancy agreement is a legally binding agreement that can only be ended in certain ways. A tenancy will usually be ended by you or your landlord giving notice to the other party and you vacating on or by the date specified in the notice.

To end a tenancy, you need to give the landlord or agent a written termination notice with the applicable notice period. In some cases, you can apply directly to the Tribunal for a termination order without issuing a termination notice (for example if you are experiencing hardship).

If you do not leave by the date specified in the termination notice, the landlord or agent can apply to the Tribunal for termination and possession orders. If you do not comply with the Tribunal order, only a Sheriff's Officer can legally remove you from the property under a warrant for possession.

You cannot be locked out of your home under any circumstances unless a Sheriff's Officer is enforcing a warrant for possession issued by the Tribunal or a court.

### Break fee for ending a fixed term agreement early

If you end a fixed term agreement early that is for 3 years or less, mandatory break fees may apply based on the stage of the agreement. If it applies, the set fee payable will be:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The break fee does not apply if you end the agreement early for a reason allowed under the Act.

## Getting the rental bond returned

You should receive the bond in full at the end of the tenancy unless there is a reason for the landlord to make a claim against the bond. For example if:

- rent or other charges (e.g. unpaid water usage bills, break fee) are owing
- copies of the keys were not given back and the locks needed to be changed
- you caused damage or did not leave the property in a reasonably clean condition compared to the original condition report, apart from 'fair wear and tear'.

You are not liable for fair wear and tear to the property that occurs over time with the use of the property, even when the property receives reasonable care and maintenance.

## Checklist

You should only sign the agreement when you can answer **Yes** to the following.

### The tenancy agreement

- I have read the agreement and asked questions if there were things I did not understand.
- I understand the fixed-term of the agreement is negotiated before I sign, which means it can be for 6 months, 12 months, or some other period.
- I understand that I must be offered at least one way to pay the rent that does not involve paying a fee to a third party.
- I understand that any additional terms to the agreement can be negotiated before I sign.
- I have checked that all additional terms to the agreement are allowed. For example, the agreement does not include a term requiring me to have the carpet professionally cleaned when I leave, unless it is required because the landlord has allowed me to keep a pet on the property.

### Promised repairs

For any promises the landlord or agent makes to fix anything (e.g. replace the oven, etc.) or do other work (e.g. paint a room, clean up the backyard, etc.):

- I have made sure these have already been done or
- I have an undertaking in writing (before signing the agreement) that they will be done.

## Upfront costs

- I am **not** required to pay:
  - more than 2 weeks rent in advance
  - more than 4 weeks rent as a rental bond.
- I am **not** being charged for:
  - the cost of preparing the tenancy agreement
  - the initial supply of keys and other opening devices to each tenant named in the agreement
  - being allowed to keep a pet on the property.

## Top tips for problem-free renting

Some useful tips to help avoid problems when renting:

- Keep a copy of your agreement, condition report, rent receipts, Rental Bond Number and copies of letters/emails you send or receive in a safe place where you can easily find them later.
- Photos are a great way to record the condition of the property when you first move in. Take date-stamped photos of the property, especially areas that are damaged or unclean. Keep these photos in case the landlord objects to returning your bond at the end of your tenancy.
- Comply with the terms of your agreement and never stop paying your rent, even if you don't think the landlord is complying with their side of the agreement (e.g. by failing to do repairs). You could end up being evicted if you do.
- Never make any changes to the property, or let other people move in without asking the landlord or agent for permission first.
- Keep a written record of your dealings with the landlord or agent (for example by keeping copies of emails or a diary record of your conversations, including the times and dates, who you spoke to and what they agreed to do). It is helpful to have any agreements in writing, for example requests for repairs. This is a useful record and can also assist if there is a dispute.

- Consider taking out home contents insurance to cover your belongings in case of theft, fires and natural disasters. The landlord's building insurance, if they have it, will not cover your belongings.
- If the property has a pool or garden, be clear about what the landlord or agent expects you to do to maintain them.
- Be careful with what you sign relating to your tenancy and do not let anybody rush you. Never sign a blank form, such as a 'Claim for refund of bond' form.
- If you are happy in the property and your agreement is going to end, consider asking for the agreement to be renewed for another fixed-term. This will remove any worry about being unexpectedly asked to leave and can help to lock in the rent for the next period.

## More information

Visit the [Fair Trading website](https://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au) or call 13 32 20 for more information about your renting rights and responsibilities. The NSW Government funds a range of community-based Tenants Advice and Advocacy Services across NSW to provide advice, information and advocacy to tenants. Visit the Tenants' Union website at [tenants.org.au](https://tenants.org.au)

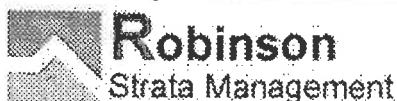
**[fairtrading.nsw.gov.au](https://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au) 13 32 20**  
Language assistance 13 14 50  
(ask for an interpreter in your language)

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This publication must not be relied on as legal advice.  
For more information about this topic,  
refer to the appropriate legislation.

# Strata Schemes Management Act By-Laws

**For The Owners – Strata Plan No.7203**  
10 Lismore Avenue  
Dee Why NSW 2099

Managing Agents



Level 1, 48 Lawrence Street  
Harbord NSW 2099  
Tel: (02) 9507 5055  
Fax: (02) 9538 1844  
strata@robinsonstrata.com.au

## NOISE

- 1 An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

## VEHICLES

- 2 An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

## OBSTRUCTION OF COMMON PROPERTY

- 3 An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

## DAMAGE TO LAWNS AND PLANTS ON COMMON PROPERTY

- 4 An owner or occupier of a lot must not:
  - a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
  - b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

## DAMAGE TO COMMON PROPERTY

- 5(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation.
- 5(2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- 5(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
  - a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
  - b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
  - c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- 5(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- 5(5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

## BEHAVIOUR OF OWNERS AND OCCUPIERS

- 6 An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

## CHILDREN PLAYING ON COMMON PROPERTY IN BUILDING

- 7 An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

## BEHAVIOUR OF INVITEES

- 8 An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

## DEPOSITING RUBBISH AND OTHER MATERIAL ON COMMON PROPERTY

- 9 An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

## DRYING OF LAUNDRY ITEMS

- 10 An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

## CLEANING WINDOWS AND DOORS

- 11 An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

## STORAGE OF INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS AND OTHER SUBSTANCES AND MATERIALS

- 12(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- 12(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

## MOVING FURNITURE AND OTHER OBJECTS ON OR THROUGH COMMON PROPERTY

- 13 An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

## FLOOR COVERINGS

- 14(1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- 14(2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

## GARBAGE DISPOSAL

- 15 An owner or occupier of a lot:
  - a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
  - b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
  - c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
  - d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),
  - e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
  - f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

## KEEPING OF ANIMALS

- 16(1) Subject to section 49(4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.
- 16(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

## APPEARANCE OF LOT

- 17(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- 17(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in By-law 10.

## NOTICE-BOARD

- 18 An owners corporation must cause a notice-board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

## CHANGE IN USE OF LOT TO BE NOTIFIED

- 19 An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).



**THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.**

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for documents to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

**SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD/AGENT**

**REAL ESTATE DEE WHY  
FOR & ON BEHALF OF  
THE LANDLORD**



Signed by Landlord/Agent

Date: 21/12/20

**LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT**

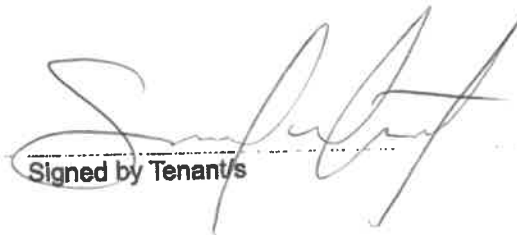
The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.



Signed by Landlord/Agent

Date: 21/12/20

**SIGNED BY THE TENANT**



Signed by Tenant/s

Date: 21/12/20

**TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT**

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.



Signed by Tenant/s

Date: 21/12/20

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or [www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au](http://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au), or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or [www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au](http://www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au), or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at [www.tenants.org.au](http://www.tenants.org.au)





MS MARTINE E SMITH  
1031 EULAH CREEK ROAD  
EULAH CREEK NSW 2390

Our reference: 7121452660434  
Phone: 13 28 66  
14 April 2021

## Your foreign resident capital gains withholding clearance certificate

- › Purchasers are not required to withhold and pay an amount
- › Provide a copy to the purchaser and retain a copy for your records

Hello MARTINE,

We have decided that purchasers are not required to withhold and pay an amount. Your certificate is below:

Notice number	2410538413004
Vendor name	MARTINE ELIZABETH SMITH
Clearance Certificate Period	13 April 2021 to 14 April 2022

The Commissioner may withdraw this clearance certificate at any time if we obtain further information indicating you are a foreign resident.

Yours sincerely,  
**James O'Halloran**  
Deputy Commissioner of Taxation

### NEED HELP

Learn more about foreign resident capital gains withholding at [ato.gov.au/FRCGW](https://ato.gov.au/FRCGW)

### CONTACT US

In Australia? Phone us on **13 28 66**

If you're calling from overseas, phone **+61 2 6216 1111** and ask for **13 28 66** between 8:00am and 5:00pm Australian Eastern Standard time, Monday to Friday.