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Contract for the sale of land – 2005 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM		
Vendor's agent	**Skyline Real Estate** **3/14 Forest Road, Frenchs Forest, NSW 2086**	**Phone:** **Fax:** **Ref:**	**02 9452 3444** **02 9452 4555** **Stuart Bath**
Co-agent			
Vendor	**Donald Pringle Murray and Melissa Jane Murray** **26 Sandpiper Drive, Burleigh Heads, QLD 4220**		
Vendor's Solicitor	**KD Holmes Solicitors** **Level 21, 31 Market Street, Sydney NSW 2000** **PO Box Q1915, Queen Victoria Building NSW 1230**	**Phone:** **Fax:** **Ref:**	**02 8280 6300** **02 8280 6333** **DGH:RW:16065**
Completion date	**35th day after the date of this contract** (clause 15)		
Land (Address, plan details and title reference)	**7 Jimada Avenue, Frenchs Forest, New South Wales 2086** **Registered Plan: Lot 20 Plan DP31073** **Folio Identifier 20/31073**		
	☐ VACANT POSSESSION ☒ subject to existing tenancies		
Improvements	☒ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carport ☐ home unit ☐ carspace ☐ none ☐ other:		
Attached copies	☐ Documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: ☐ Other documents:		

A real estate agent is permitted by *legislation* to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

Inclusions	☒ blinds	☒ curtains	☒ insect screens	☒ stove
	☒ built-in wardrobes	☒ dishwasher	☒ light fittings	☐ pool equipment
	☒ clothes line	☒ fixed floor coverings	☐ range hood	☒ TV antenna
	☐ other:			

Exclusions

Purchaser

Purchaser's solicitor

Price $

Deposit $_____ (10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)

Balance $

Contract date (if not stated, the date this contract was made)

Vendor **Witness**

GST AMOUNT (optional)
The price includes
GST of:

Purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS ☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares **Witness**

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable ☐ NO ☐ yes

GST: Taxable supply ☐ NO ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply ☐ NO ☐ yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- ☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- ☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address and telephone number

General

- ☒ 1 property certificate for the land
- ☒ 2 plan of the land
- ☐ 3 unregistered plan of the land
- ☐ 4 plan of land to be subdivided
- ☐ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan
- ☒ 6 section 149(2) certificate (Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979)
- ☐ 7 section 149(5) information included in that certificate
- ☐ 8 sewerage connections diagram
- ☒ 9 sewer mains diagram
- ☐ 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract
- ☐ 11 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)
- ☐ 12 survey report
- ☐ 13 section 317A certificate (certificate of compliance)
- ☐ 14 building certificate given under *legislation*
- ☐ 15 insurance certificate (Home Building Act 1989)
- ☐ 16 brochure or note (Home Building Act 1989)
- ☐ 17 section 24 certificate (Swimming Pools Act 1992)
- ☒ 18 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)
- ☐ 19 other document relevant to tenancies
- ☐ 20 old system document
- ☐ 21 Crown tenure card
- ☐ 22 Crown purchase statement of account
- ☐ ~~23 Statutory declaration regarding *vendor duty*~~

Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)

- ☐ 24 property certificate for strata common property
- ☐ 25 plan creating strata common property
- ☐ 26 strata by-laws not set out in *legislation*
- ☐ 27 strata development contract or statement
- ☐ 28 strata management statement
- ☐ 29 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
- ☐ 30 property certificate for neighbourhood property
- ☐ 31 plan creating neighbourhood property
- ☐ 32 neighbourhood development contract
- ☐ 33 neighbourhood management statement
- ☐ 34 property certificate for precinct property
- ☐ 35 plan creating precinct property
- ☐ 36 precinct development contract
- ☐ 37 precinct management statement
- ☐ 38 property certificate for community property
- ☐ 39 plan creating community property
- ☐ 40 community development contract
- ☐ 41 community management statement
- ☐ 42 document disclosing a change of by-laws
- ☐ 43 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
- ☐ 44 document disclosing a change in boundaries
- ☐ 45 certificate under Management Act – section 109 (Strata Schemes) or section 26 (Community Land)

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving

AGL Gas Networks Limited	Government Business & Government Procurement	Public Works Dept
Council	Heritage Office	Roads & Traffic Authority
County Council	Infrastructure Planning and Natural Resources	Rural Lands Protection Board
East Australian Pipeline Limited	Land & Housing Corporation	Sustainable Energy Development
Education & Training Dept	Mine Subsidence Board	Telecommunications authority
Electricity authority	Owner of adjoining land	Water, sewerage or drainage authority
Environment & Conservation Dept	Primary Industries Department	
Fair Trading	RailCorp	

   If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 1987 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it may become payable when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty on this contract. ~~The sale will also usually be a vendor duty transaction.~~ If duty is not paid on time, a party may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit any rights in relation to the land (for example, the rights mentioned in clause 2.8) may be subject to the rights of other persons such as the vendor's mortgagee.
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Guidelines).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

SECTION 66W CERTIFICATE

I, of ,
, certify as follows:

1. I am a currently admitted to practise in New South Wales;

2. I am giving this certificate in accordance with section 66W of the Conveyancing Act 1919 with reference to a contract for the sale of property at **7 Jimada Avenue, Frenchs Forest**, from **Donald Pringle Murray and Melissa Jane Murray** to in order that there is no cooling off period in relation to that contract;

3. I do not act for **Donald Pringle Murray and Melissa Jane Murray** and am not employed in the legal practice of a solicitor acting for **Donald Pringle Murray and Melissa Jane Murray** nor am I a member or employee of a firm of which a solicitor acting for **Donald Pringle Murray and Melissa Jane Murray** is a member or employee; and

4. I have explained to :

(a) The effect of the contract for the purchase of that property;

(b) The nature of this certificate; and

(c) The effect of giving this certificate to the vendor, i.e. that there is no cooling off period in relation to the contract.

Dated: _____

_____

WARNING
SWIMMING POOLS

An owner of property on which a swimming pool is situated must ensure that the pool complies with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992.* Penalties apply. Before purchasing a property on which a swimming pool is situated, a purchaser is strongly advised to ensure that the swimming pool complies with the requirements of that Act.

WARNING
SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

For example, as purchaser you should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase (even if settlement might occur many months after signing this contract – in particular, if you are buying off the plan).

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. **This is the statement required by section 66X of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.**

2. **The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.**

3. **There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:**
   - **(a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act; or**
   - **(b) if the property is sold by public auction; or**
   - **(c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in; or**
   - **(d) if the contact is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.**

4. **A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.**

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

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The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
bank	a bank as defined in the Banking Act 1959, the Reserve Bank or a State bank;
business day	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
cheque	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
depositholder	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's *solicitor*);
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	the rate mentioned in section 4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
party	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
requisition	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
rescind	rescind this contract from the beginning;
serve	serve in writing on the other *party*;
settlement cheque	an unendorsed *cheque* made payable to the person to be paid and drawn on its own funds by - ● a *bank;* or ● a building society, credit union or other FCA institution as defined in Cheques Act 1986; that carries on business in Australia; or if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*;
solicitor	in relation to a *party*, the *party's* solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice *served* by the *party;*
terminate	terminate this contract for breach;
vendor duty	vendor duty imposed under Chapter 4 of the Duties Act 1997;
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period;
work order	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

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2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit only by unconditionally giving cash (up to $2,000) or a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.
2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 and 3 do not apply.
2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 and 3 apply only to the balance.
2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, credit union or permanent building society, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Payment of vendor duty out of the deposit

3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the deposit can be used to pay vendor duty.
3.2 If the amount held by the *depositholder* (disregarding the value of any bond or guarantee) exceeds the amount of *vendor duty*, the *parties* direct the *depositholder* to release the amount of *vendor duty* on the following terms -
3.2.1 the *depositholder* is to draw a *cheque* ("the vendor duty cheque") in favour of the Office of State Revenue and in a form acceptable to the Office of State Revenue for payment of *vendor duty;*
3.2.2 the *depositholder* is not to draw that *cheque* earlier than 14 days before the completion date; and
3.2.3 the receipt of a letter from the vendor's *solicitor* requesting the vendor duty cheque will be sufficient authority for the *depositholder* to draw and release that cheque.
3.3 The vendor's *solicitor* will use the vendor duty cheque for the sole purpose of payment of the *vendor duty* relating to this transaction.
3.4 If this contract is not completed in circumstances that there is, or may be, no liability for *vendor duty* -
3.4.1 if the vendor duty cheque has been forwarded to the vendor's *solicitor* but has not been used to pay *vendor duty,* that cheque must be returned immediately to the *depositholder* for cancellation;
3.4.2 if the vendor duty cheque has been used to pay *vendor duty* -
- the amount of *vendor duty* is repayable upon demand;
- the vendor must lodge an application for refund of *vendor duty;* and
- the vendor irrevocably authorises the Office of State Revenue to pay to the *depositholder* the refund of *vendor duty;*

3.4.3 each *party* must do whatever else is necessary to ensure that the *party* whose funds were used to pay *vendor duty* receives the refund; and
3.4.4 rights under this clause continue even if the contract has been *rescinded* or *terminated.*

4 Transfer

4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the form of transfer at least 14 days before the completion date.
4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.
4.5 If this sale is exempt from *vendor duty* -
4.5.1 the vendor can (but does not have to) *serve* an application for exemption from *vendor duty* in the form satisfactory to the Office of State Revenue *within* 7 days after the contract date;
4.5.2 if that application is attached to this contract or has been provided to the purchaser before the contract date, the application is *served* on the contract date; and
4.5.3 if the vendor complies with clause 4.5.1 -
- the purchaser must have the form of transfer marked by the Office of State Revenue in relation to *vendor duty* before *serving* the form of transfer; and
- on completion the vendor must pay to the purchaser $33.

5 Requisitions

If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make a *requisition,* the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it -
5.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
5.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
5.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

6.1 The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

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7 Claims by purchaser

The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion -

7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -

7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;

7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind;* and

7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service;* and

7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind,* the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed -

7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;

7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;

7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);

7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;

7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held; and

7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse.

8 Vendor's right to rescind

The vendor can *rescind* if -

8.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition;*

8.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and

8.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service.*

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can -

9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);

9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause-

9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination;* or

9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either -

9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination,* to recover -

- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
- the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or

9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of -

10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;

10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);

10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;

10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;

10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;

10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or

10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage or writ).

10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.

10.3 *Normally,* the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

11 Compliance with work orders

11.1 *Normally,* the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order.*

11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order,* and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated,* the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;

12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -

12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or

12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and

12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

13.1 In this clause, enterprise, input tax credit, margin scheme, supply of a going concern, tax invoice and taxable supply have the same meanings as in the *GST Act.*

13.2 *Normally,* if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.

13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment, pay an expense of another party or pay an amount payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) -

13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the amount; but

13.3.2 if this contract says this sale is a taxable supply, and payment would entitle the *party* to an input tax credit, the adjustment or payment is to be worked out by deducting any input tax credit to which the party receiving the adjustment is or was entitled and adding the *GST rate.*

13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -

13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;

13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;

13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the completion date, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows:

- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
- if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and

13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.

13.5 *Normally,* the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property.*

13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the parties agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the property.

13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -

13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of -

- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
- something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.

13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property,* the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if -

13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or

13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).

13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -

13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and

13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.

13.10 *Normally,* on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.

13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.

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14 Adjustments

14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.

14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.

14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.

14.4 The *parties* must adjust land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* -

14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;

14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -

- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
- the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
- if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.

14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.

14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so -

14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and

14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).

14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.

14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Completion date

The *parties* must complete by the completion date and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

- **Vendor**

16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.

16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.

16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.

16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.

16.6 If the purchaser *serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.

- **Purchaser**

16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to $2,000) or *settlement cheque*, the price (less any deposit paid) and any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract (less any amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract).

16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay $10 for each extra *cheque*.

16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.

16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

- **Place for completion**

16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is -

16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or

16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or

16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.

16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.

17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -

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17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).

17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor -
18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate mentioned in Schedule J of the Supreme Court Rules 1970.
18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right -
19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* -
19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor;*
20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless it is not received;
20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once.
20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay -
20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, and 17 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
20.11 A reference to any *legislation* includes a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.
20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on page 1) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.

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21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clause 2 (deposit).
21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate.*

23 Strata or community title

23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
23.2 In this contract -
'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract or set out in *legislation* and specified in this contract;
- a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
- a change in the boundaries of common property;

'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot;
'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are normal expenses, due to fair wear and tear, disclosed in this contract or covered by moneys held in the sinking fund.

23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 -
23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -
23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was levied before the contract date (unless it relates to work not started by that date), even if it is payable by instalments;
23.6.2 the vendor is also liable for it to the extent it relates to work started by the owners corporation before the contract date; and
23.6.3 the purchaser is liable for all other contributions levied after the *contract date.*
23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.
23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of -
23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if -
23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme -
- a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
- a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion; or

23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract.
23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of a proper form of notice of the transfer of the lot addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
23.13 The vendor must *serve* a certificate under section 109 Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 or section 26 Community Land Management Act 1989 in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the completion date.

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23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

23.15 On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.

23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.

23.17 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

23.18 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -

23.18.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and

23.18.2 the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* -

24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and

24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.

24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.

24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -

24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;

24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and

24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -

- any of Parts 2 to 7 of the Retail Leases Act 1994 applies to the tenancy, unless this contract discloses that the tenancy commenced on or after 1 August 1994;
- a disclosure statement required by the Act was not given when required;
- such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
- a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
- the lease was entered into in contravention of the Act.

24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion -

24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer -

- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
- any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
- any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose; and

24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;

24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser -

- a proper notice of the transfer addressed to the tenant;
- any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
- a copy of any disclosure statement given to the tenant under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
- a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
- any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;

24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

24.5 Rights under this clause continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.

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25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document -
25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
25.5 An abstract of title -
25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is restricted title land (land that cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation*).
27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within* 7 days after *service* of the purchaser's part.
27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
27.7 If the *legislation* is the Western Lands Act 1901 each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days.
27.8 If the land or part is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
27.9 The completion date becomes the later of the completion date and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.

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28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner -
28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2.
28.4 Either *party* can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
28.5 The completion date becomes the later of the completion date and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to a plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening -
29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal;
29.7.3 the completion date becomes the later of the completion date and 21 days after the earliest of -
- either *party serving* notice of the event happening;
- every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision;
- the end of the time for the event to happen.

29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
29.8.3 the completion date becomes the later of the completion date and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.
29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

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ADDITIONAL CLAUSES INCLUDED IN CONTRACT FOR SALE

DATED 2016

BETWEEN

VENDOR: DONALD PRINGLE MURRAY AND MELISSA JANE MURRAY

PURCHASER:

FURTHER AMENDMENTS TO PRINTED FORM

30. The terms and conditions of the Contract for Sale of Land – 2005 edition are amended as follows:

(a) **Clause 1** – delete definition of "Vendor Duty";

(b) **Clause 3** – delete;

(c) **Clause 4.5** – delete;

(d) **Clause 6.1** - substitute "within twenty one (21) days after the date of this contract" for "before completion";

(e) **Clause 7** - substitute "within twenty one (21) days after the date of this contract" for "before completion" in the first line;

(f) **Clause 7.1.1** - delete;

(g) **Clause 8.1** – delete "on reasonable grounds";

(h) **Clause 14.4.2** - delete and replace with:

"**14.4.2** by adjusting the amount actually paid or payable by the Vendor in respect of the property".

(i) **Clause 16.5** - delete "... plus another 20% of that fee";

(j) **Clause 23.13** - delete "... at least 7 days ..."; and

(k) **Clause 23.14** - delete.

COOLING OFF PERIOD

31. The Purchaser is NOT entitled to a cooling off period if:

(a) the property is not "residential property" within the specific meaning of that term set out in Section 66Q of the Conveyancing Act, 1919; or

(b) any of the circumstances listed in paragraph 3 of the notice regarding COOLING OFF PERIOD appearing in this Contract apply.

PURCHASER'S INVESTIGATION

32. The Purchaser acknowledges that:

(a) in entering into this Contract, the Purchaser relies upon the Purchaser's own judgment after such enquiries, inspections and investigations of the property as the Purchaser has seen fit to make or to have made on the Purchaser's behalf;

(b) notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Contract no representations, inducements or warranties have been made by or on behalf of the Vendor or the Vendor's Agents or representatives relating to the present state or condition of the property or any part thereof or the present occupancy of the property or the use to which it has or may in future be put save as may be expressly contained herein or implied by a law which cannot be hereby excluded; and

(c) the Purchaser accepts the property in its condition and state of repair as at the date of this Contract and subject to any non compliance of the property or the building on the property with the requirements of any authority or instrumentality whether local government, state, commonwealth or otherwise.

PURCHASER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

33. The Purchaser further acknowledges that it has relied on its own investigations and cannot make any requisition, objection or claim or ask any question or rescind or terminate this Contract in respect of:

(a) the presence of any sewer, manhole or vent on the property;

(b) any rainwater downpipe being connected to the sewer;

(c) any environmental hazard or contamination;

(d) any latent or patent defect in the property;

(e) the presence of asbestos, if any, on the property; and

(f) the presence or location of any stormwater, drainage or sewerage pipes on, under or through the property.

NOTICE TO COMPLETE

34. (a) If completion of this Contract has not taken place on or before the completion date, then any notice to complete served pursuant to Clause 15 ("**notice**") must be in writing and require completion of this Contract on or after the fourteenth day after the day that the notice is served on the receiving party and making such time of the essence of this Contract.

(b) The notice may nominate a specified hour on the last day of the notice, not before 3.00pm, as the time for completion of this Contract.

(c) The receiving party shall not be entitled to object to the sufficiency or adequacy of the period of time for completion contained in the notice if it complies with subclause (a).

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

35. (a) If for any reason, other than default on the part of the Vendor, completion of this Contract does not take place on or before the completion date the Purchaser shall on completion pay to the Vendor, in addition to the balance of the price, liquidated damages calculated at the rate of 10% per annum of the price less the deposit actually paid by the Purchaser computed on a daily basis from and including the day after the completion date until and including the date of completion of this Contract.

(b) If the Vendor is not ready, willing and able to complete this Contract on or before the completion date and gives not less than two (2) business days notice to the Purchaser of a later date on which the Vendor will be ready willing and able to complete this Contract ("**the nominated date**") the Purchaser shall, on completion, pay to the Vendor in addition to the balance of the price liquidated damages calculated at the rate of 10% per annum of the price less the deposit actually paid by the Purchaser computed on a daily basis from and including the day after the nominated date until and including the date of completion of this Contract provided that the Vendor is ready willing and able to complete on the nominated date.

(c) The Purchaser's obligation to pay on completion the amount pursuant to subclause (a) or (b) of this clause is an essential obligation and the Purchaser cannot require the Vendor to complete this Contract unless liquidated damages payable under this clause is paid to the Vendor on completion.

(d) The parties agree that any amount payable pursuant to this clause is a genuine pre-estimate of the vendor's loss in the circumstances referred to in this clause.

PURCHASER'S WARRANTY RE FIRB

37. (a) The Purchaser warrants to the Vendor:

(i) that the provisions of the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act, 1975 ("**the Act**") requiring the obtaining of consent to this transaction do not apply to the Purchaser and to this purchase; or

(ii) if the provisions of the Act do so apply, that the Purchaser has obtained any necessary consent or approval from the Foreign Investment Review Board and any other relevant authority for the purchase of the property by the Purchaser on the terms and conditions set out in this contract.

(b) In the event of the Purchaser breaching this warranty, whether deliberately or unintentionally, the Purchaser hereby indemnifies the Vendor and agrees to compensate the Vendor in respect of any loss, damage, penalty, fine or legal costs which may be incurred by the Vendor as a result of a breach of this warranty.

(c) This clause shall not merge on completion.

CORPORATION AS PURCHASER

38. (a) Without in any manner negating, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this clause not been included, if:

(i) the Purchaser before completion resolves to enter into liquidation or provisional liquidation;

(ii) a summons is presented for the winding-up of the Purchaser;

(iii) the Purchaser enters into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors under Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act; or

(iv) any liquidator, provisional liquidator, receiver, controller or administrator is appointed in respect of the Purchaser or in respect of any asset of the Purchaser

then the Purchaser shall be deemed to be in default of an essential provision of this Contract.

(b) Each of the persons in whose presence the common seal of the Purchaser purports to have been affixed or who have signed this Contract on behalf of the Purchaser under authority of Section 127 of the Corporations Act, warrants that the Company has been incorporated and if the Company is not so incorporated, the persons in whose presence the common seal purports to have been so affixed or who have signed this Contract on behalf of the Purchaser, will be personally liable under this Contract, both jointly and severally, as if they had been named in this Contract as Purchasers.

STATUTORY WARRANTIES

39. The provisions of this Contract shall be read subject to any rights granted to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 52A of the Conveyancing Act, 1919 and the regulations thereunder. If any clause, subclause or part of a Clause ("**provision**") of this Contract purports to or has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of Section 52A of the Conveyancing Act, 1919 as amended or the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation, 2010 then this Contract shall be read and construed as if that provision is severed from this Contract and the invalidity of that provision will not effect or render invalid or unenforceable the remaining provisions of this Contract.

SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE

40. The Purchaser acknowledges having satisfied himself as to the sewerage and drainage connections to the property and shall make no requisition, objection or claim in relation thereto.

HEADINGS

41. Clause headings are intended only to facilitate the reading of this Contract and are of no effect in relation to the interpretations of this Contract or any of the provisions expressed or implied in this contract.

DEATH, ETC. OF PURCHASER

42. Without in any way negating, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would be available at law or in equity had this clause not been included, if either party (or one of any party) to this Contract dies or becomes mentally incapable before completion of this Contract, then the other party, by notice in writing to the solicitor for the deceased party, may rescind this Contract, and clause 19 then will apply.

VENDOR'S AGENT

43. (a) The Purchaser warrants to the Vendor that the Purchaser was not introduced to the Vendor and/or the property by any licensed Real Estate Agent or other person entitled to earn a fee or commission other than the Vendor's Agent referred to on the front page of this Contract. The Vendor warrants that no other Agent has an Agency Agreement to sell this property.

(b) The Purchaser hereby indemnifies and shall keep indemnified the Vendor against any commission payable to or any claim for commission made by any agent or other person entitled to earn a fee or commission and legal costs incurred by the Vendor as a result of a breach of the Purchaser's warranty contained in subclause (a).

(c) This Clause shall not merge on completion.

COPY DOCUMENTS ANNEXED

44. (a) The parties acknowledge that copies of the following documents are attached to this Contract **PROVIDED THAT** except as required by law the Vendor does not warrant the accuracy or completeness of any such copies of documents:

"A" Folio 20/31073

"B" Deposit Plan 31073

"C" Certificate under Section 149 Environmental Planning and Assessment Act from Northern Beaches Council dated 22 June 2016

"D" Sewerage Service diagram

"E" Lease

(b) The Purchaser shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim in the event that the Vendor is unable to provide on completion of this Contract an original of any of the documents referred to in this Clause or annexed to the Contract.

ANNEXURE "A"

TO

CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

Folio 20/31073

InfoTrack
An Approved LPI NSW
Information Broker

Title Search

InfoTrack
Your Searching Partner

LAND AND PROPERTY INFORMATION NEW SOUTH WALES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 20/31073

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
22/6/2016	1:56 PM	5	28/7/2011

LAND

LOT 20 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 31073
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES
PARISH OF MANLY COVE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM DP31073

FIRST SCHEDULE

DONALD PRINGLE MURRAY
MELISSA JANE MURRAY
AS JOINT TENANTS (T 3252019)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
2 EXCEPTING LAND BELOW A DEPTH FROM THE SURFACE OF 15.24 METRES BY CROWN GRANT
3 AG397426 MORTGAGE TO SUNCORP-METWAY LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

ANNEXURE "B"

TO

CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

Deposited Plan 31073

Plan Form No. 2 (For Deposited Plan)

Municipality of Shire of Warringah

H588257 29·8·60

PLAN

of subdivision of Portion 1123

PARISH OF MANLY COVE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND

Scale: 60 feet to an inch

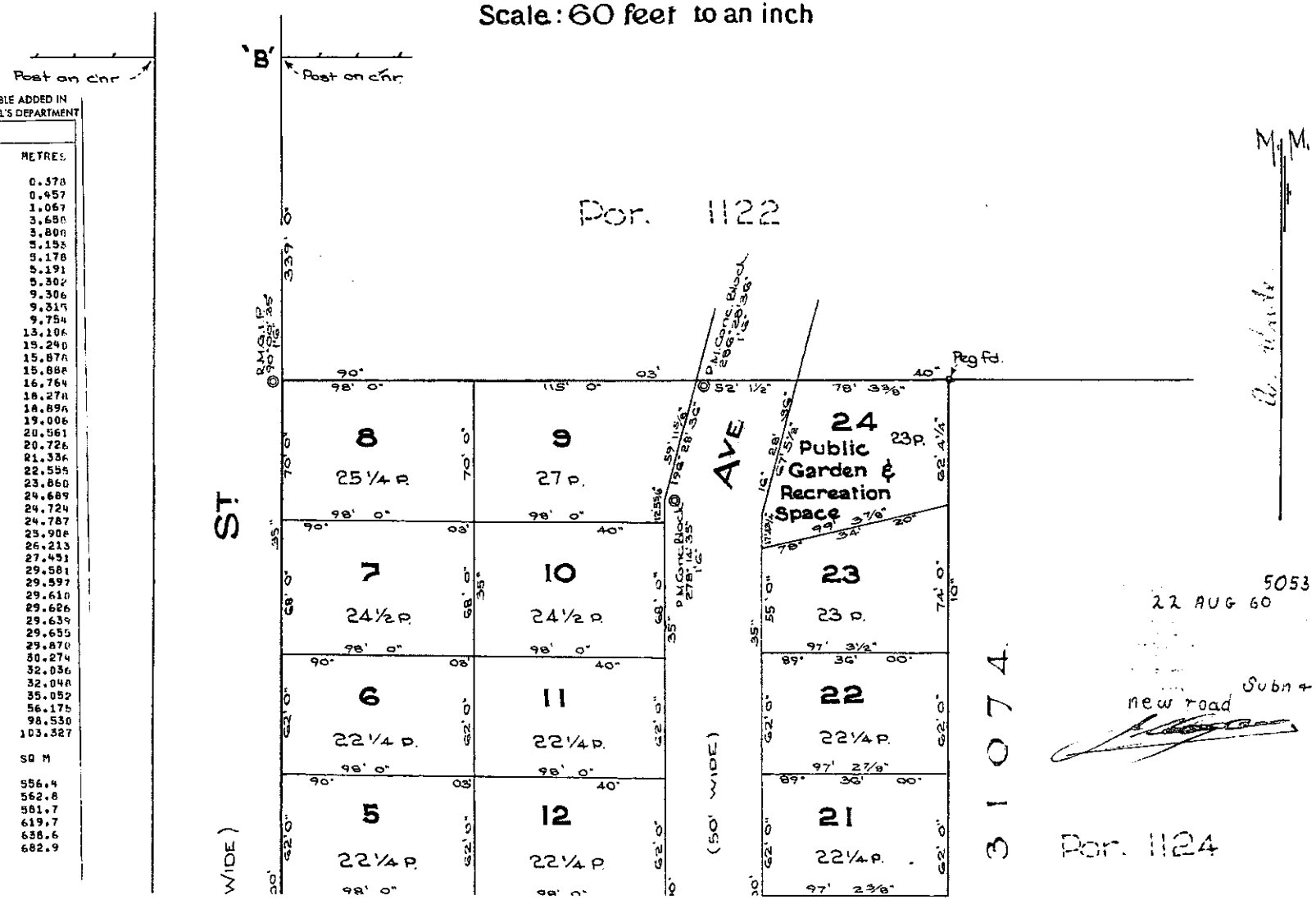
Deposited Plan No. 31073 (E)

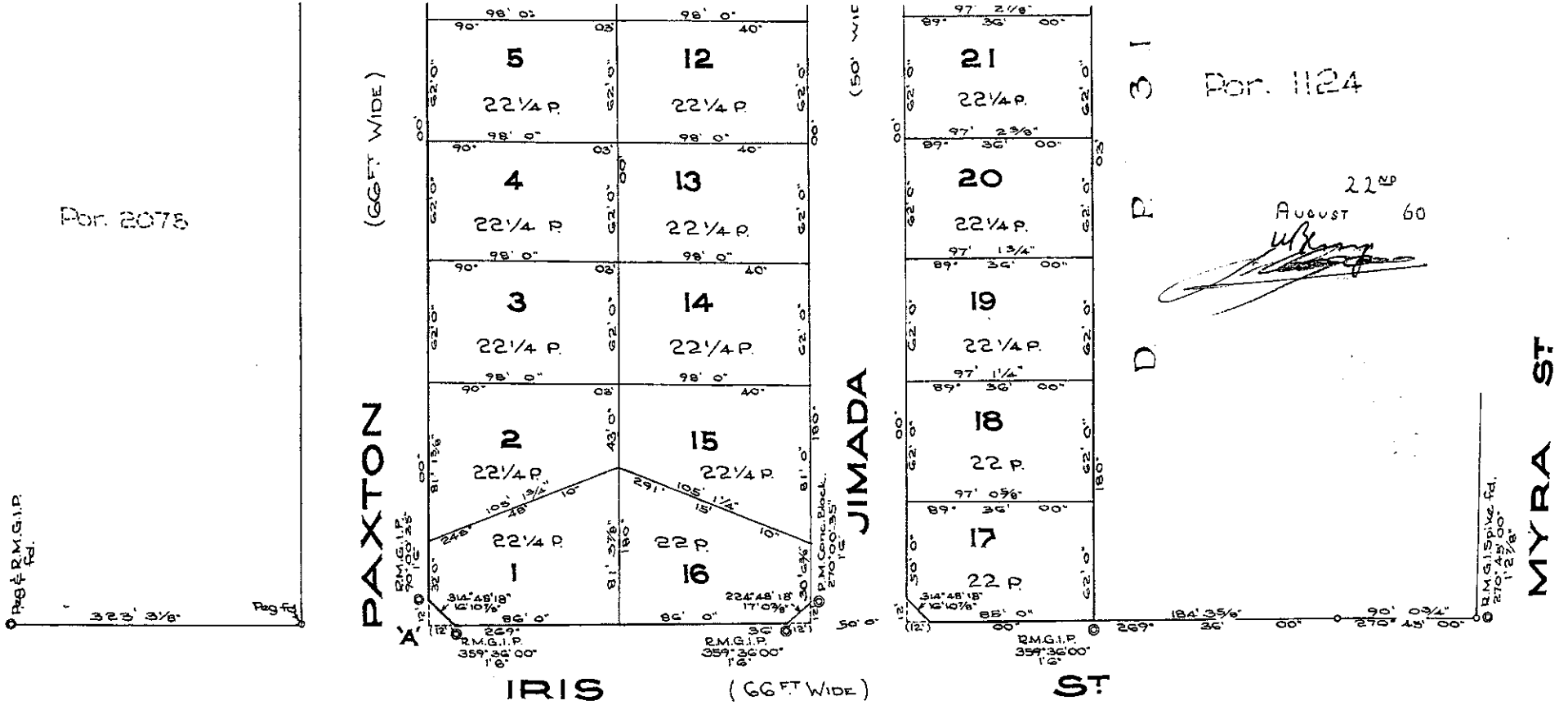
CONVERSION TABLE ADDED IN REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

DP 31073

FEET	INCHES	METRES
1	2 7/8	0.378
1	6	0.457
3	6	1.067
12	-	3.658
12	5 5/8	3.800
16	10 7/8	5.153
16	11 7/8	5.178
17	0 3/8	5.191
17	4 3/4	5.302
30	6 3/8	9.306
30	6 3/4	9.315
32	-	9.754
43	-	13.106
50	-	15.240
52	1 1/8	15.878
52	1 1/2	15.888
55	-	16.764
59	11 5/8	18.278
62	-	18.896
62	4 1/4	19.006
67	5 1/2	20.561
68	-	20.726
70	-	21.336
74	-	22.555
78	3 3/8	23.860
81	-	24.689
81	1 3/8	24.724
81	3 7/8	24.787
85	-	25.908
86	-	26.213
90	0 3/4	27.451
97	0 5/8	29.581
97	1 1/4	29.597
97	1 3/4	29.610
97	2 3/8	29.626
97	2 7/8	29.639
97	3 1/2	29.655
98	-	29.870
99	3 7/8	30.274
105	1 1/4	32.036
105	1 3/4	32.048
115	-	35.052
184	3 5/8	56.175
323	3 1/8	98.530
339	-	103.327

AC	RD	P	SQ M
-	-	22	556.4
-	-	22 1/4	562.8
-	-	23	581.7
-	-	24 1/2	619.7
-	-	25 1/4	638.6
-	-	27	682.9





D.P. 31073 (E)

NOTE: It is intended to dedicate Jimada Ave. 50' wide & the chr splays on lots 1, 16 & 17 to the public.

Approved by the Council and Certified in accordance with the Provisions of Section 327 of the Local Government Act, 1919.

Subdivision No......

Council Clerk.....

Datum line of Azimuth A - B

I, Kelvin Wilson Alexander

of Brookvale

*a surveyor registered under the Surveyors Act, 1929-1946, hereby certify that the survey represented in this plan is accurate and has been made * (1) ~~by me~~ (2) under my immediate supervision in accordance with the Survey Practice Regulations, 1933, and was completed on †* 6-8-60

(Signature) K W Alexander

Surveyor registered under the Surveyors Act, 1929-46.

790

* Strike out either (1) or (2). † Insert date of Survey.

Ref: 16065 /Src: M

ANNEXURE "C"

TO

CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

Section 149 Certificate

Northern Beaches Council

Section 149 (2) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 (As Amended)

Date Printed: 22 June 2016

Certificate Number: ePLC2016/2096

Applicant Reference: 16065

Receipt Number: 11040

InfoTrack

DX 578

SYDNEY

Property Address: 7 Jimada Avenue FRENCHS FOREST NSW 2086

Legal Description: Lot 20 DP 31073

Property ID: 117788

Note: This planning certificate pertains to land which was within the area of the former Warringah Council and is now within the area of the Northern Beaches Council pursuant to the Local Government (Council Amalgamations) Proclamation 2016.

1. *Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs.*

1.1 *The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.*

Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011

See Attachment "A" for all other environmental planning instruments that apply to the carrying out of development on the land

1.2 *The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-General has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).*

a) Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Competition) 2010

b) The following planning proposals may affect the land:

Date of Council Resolution	Outline of Planning Proposal	Land to which Planning Proposal applies
25 March 2014 27 October 2015	Amends WLEP 2011 to rezone the identified subject sites and to reclassify one of the allotments to reflect and be compatible with the surrounding land use zones and management principles.	Darley Street and Starkey Street, Forestville (Lot 7084 in DP 93981, Lot 15 in DP 401139, Lot X & Y in DP 26598, 'the Centre' road reserve between Darley Street & Starkey Street and LOT 18 DP 30880).

1.3 *The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.*

Warringah Development Control Plan 2011

1.4 *In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.*

2. *Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs*

2.1 *Zoning and land use under Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011*

(a) The Land is identified by Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011 as being within the following zone:-

LEP - Land zoned R2 Low Density Residential

(b) The purposes for which Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011 provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent.

Refer to extract of Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011 (attached)

(c) The purposes for which Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011 provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent.

Refer to extract of Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011 (attached)

(d) The purposes for which Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011 provides that development is prohibited within the zone.

Refer to extract of Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011 (attached)

(e) Whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

No

(f) Whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat.

Reference should be made to the registers of critical habitat kept by the National Parks and Wildlife Service under the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 and the Department of Fisheries under the Fisheries Management Act 1994.

(g) Whether the land is in a conservation area.

No

(h) Whether an item of environmental heritage is situated on the land

No

2.2 *Draft Local Environmental Plan – if any*

Please refer to the table in Question 1.2.

Please contact Council's Strategic Planning unit with enquiries on 9942 2111

3. *Complying development*

(1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.

(a) May Complying Development under the General Housing Code be carried out on the land?

Complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land.

(b) May Complying Development under the Rural Housing Code be carried out on the land?

Complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land.

(c) May Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code be carried out on the land?

Complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land.

(d) May Complying Development under the General Development Code be carried out on the land?

Complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land.

(e) May Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code be carried out on the land?

Complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land.

(f) May Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code be carried out on the land?

Complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land.

(g) May Complying Development under the Subdivision Code be carried out on the land?

Complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land.

(h) May Complying Development under the Demolition Code be carried out on the land?

Complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land.

(i) May Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code be carried out on the land?

Complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land.

4. *Whether or not the land is affected by the operation of section 38 or 39 of the Coastal Protection Act 1979, but only to the extent that the Council has been so notified by the Department of Public Works.*

No. Council has not received any notification that the land is affected by the operation of Sections 38 or 39 of the Coastal Protection Act 1979.

4A. *Information relating to beaches and coasts*

(1) Whether an order has been made under Part 4D of the Coastal Protection Act 1979 in relation to temporary coastal protection works (within the meaning of that Act) on the land (Or on public land adjacent to that land), except if Council is satisfied that such an order has been fully complied with.

No

(2) (a) Whether Council has been notified under section 55X of the Coastal Protection Act 1979 that temporary coastal protection works (within the meaning of that Act) have been placed on the land (or on public land adjacent to that land).

No

(2) (b) if works have been so placed – whether Council is satisfied that the works have been removed and the land restored in accordance with that Act.

No

4B. **Annual Charges for coastal protection services under Local Government Act 1993**

Whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

No

5. *Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of Section 15 of the Mines Subsidence Compensation Act 1961*

No

6. *Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:-*

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993.

No

(b) any environmental planning instrument

No

(c) any resolution of Council.

No

7. *Whether or not the land is affected by a policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, or any other risk (other than flooding):-*

(a) as adopted by Council

No

(b) as adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in a planning certificate issued by the Council.

No

7A. *Flood related development controls information*

(a) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(b) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(c) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the instrument set out in the Schedule to the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8. *Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 27 of the Act.*

No

9. *The name of each contributions plan applying to the land*

Warringah Development Contributions Plan 2015 (adopted 23 June 2015 effective 1 July 2015). Please contact Council's Customer Service Counter for more information.

9A *Is this land biodiversity certified land (within the meaning of Part 7AA of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995)?*

No

10. *Whether the land is land to which a biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 relates (but only if council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Director –General of the Department of Environment and Climate Change and Water)?*

No

11. *Bush Fire Prone Land*

No

12. *Is the land subject to a property vegetation plan made under the Native Vegetation Act 2003?*

No

13. *Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the Council has been notified of the order).*

No

14. *Is there a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect?*

No

15. *(a) Is there a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land?*

No
For what period is the certificate current?

not applicable

A copy of the site compatibility certificate may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning.

(b) Are there any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18(2) of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land?

No

16. *Is there a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land?*

No
For what period is the certificate current?

not applicable

A copy of the site compatibility certificate may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning.

17. *(a) Is there a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land?*

No

For what period is the certificate current?

Not Applicable

A copy of the site compatibility certificate may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning.

(b) Are there any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 37 (1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land?

No

18. Paper subdivision information

(a) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot

Not applicable

(b) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land

Not applicable

Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

19. Site verification certificates

(a) Is there a current site verification certificate of which the council is aware, in respect of the land?

No

(b) For what matter is certified by the site verification certificate?

Not applicable

(c) *For what date does the site verification certificate cease to be current?*

Not applicable

A copy of the site verification certificate may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure

Note. *The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:*

(a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act—if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act—if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act—if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

No

Council records do not have sufficient information about the uses (including previous uses) of the land which is the subject of this Section 149 Certificate. To confirm that the land hasn't been used for a purpose which would be likely to have contaminated the land, parties should make their own enquiries as to whether the land may be contaminated.

Section 149 (2) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 (As Amended)

Disclaimer

The Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 1997 commenced operation on the 1 July 1998. As a consequence of this Act the information contained in this certificate needs to be read in conjunction with the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Amendment) Regulation 1998, Environmental Planning and Assessment (Further Amendment) Regulation 1998 and Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998. The locality information in this certificate is based on the Lot and Deposited Plan referred to in this certificate. If the Lot and Deposited Plan is not the current description of the land then this certificate could attribute to incorrect locality. Persons relying on the certificate should satisfy themselves by reference to the Title Deed that the land to which this certificate relates is identical to the land to which they seek to know the locality.

for Mark Ferguson
INTERIM GENERAL MANAGER

Section 149 (2) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 (As Amended)

ATTACHMENT 'A'
ATTACHMENT TO CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 149(2)
OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT

Clause 1.1 of the Section 149(2) Certificate

SYDNEY REGIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005 – Gazetted: 28.09.2005
The plan aims to establish a balance between promoting a prosperous working harbour, maintaining a healthy and sustainable waterway environment and promoting recreational access to the foreshore and waterways. It establishes planning principles and controls for the catchment as a whole.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY NO. 30 – Intensive Agriculture – Gazetted 08.12.1989. Amended 20.08.1993, 24.02.1995, 11.06.1999 and 04.08.2000
The SEPP introduces consistency in the control of cattle feed lots and piggeries throughout the State by ensuring development consent is required for all cattle feed lots and specifying the information to accompany such applications and the range of matters the consent authority must consider before granting consent.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY NO.32 –Urban Consolidation (Redevelopment of Urban Land) – Gazetted 15.11.1991
States the Government's intention to ensure that urban consolidation objectives are met in all urban areas throughout the State. The policy:

- Focuses on the redevelopment of urban land that is no longer required for the purposes it is currently zoned or used.
- Encourages local Councils to pursue their own urban consolidation strategies to help implement the aims and objectives of the policy.

Councils will continue to be responsible for the majority of rezoning. The policy sets out guidelines for the Minister to follow when considering whether to initiate a regional environmental plan (REP) to make particular sites available for consolidated urban development. Where a site is rezoned by an REP, the Minister will be the consent authority.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY NO.50 – Canal Estates – Gazetted 10.11.1997
Bans new canal estates from the date of gazettal, to ensure coastal and aquatic environments are not affected by these developments.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY NO. 55 – Remediation of Land - Gazetted 28.08.1998
Aims to promote the remediation of contaminated land for the purpose of reducing the risk of harm to human health or any other aspect of the environment. The policy applies to the whole state, to ensure that remediation is permissible development and is always carried out to a high standard. It specifies when consent is required for remediation and lists considerations that are relevant when rezoning land and determining development applications.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY NO. 62 – Sustainable Aquaculture -Gazetted: 01.10.2000.
The plan aims to encourage sustainable aquaculture throughout New South Wales by:

- Making aquaculture permissible under certain zones under the Standard Instrument,
- Setting minimum performance criteria for aquaculture development, and
- Establishing a graduated environmental assessment regime for aquaculture development.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY NO. 64 – ADVERTISING AND SIGNAGE - Gazetted 16.03.2001
Aims to ensure that outdoor advertising is compatible with the desired amenity and visual character of an area, provides effective communication in suitable locations and is of high quality design and finish. The SEPP was amended in August 2007 to permit and regulate outdoor advertising in transport corridors (e.g. freeways, tollways and rail corridors). The amended SEPP also aims to ensure that public benefits may be derived from advertising along and adjacent to transport corridors. Transport Corridor Outdoor Advertising and Signage Guidelines (DOP July 2007) provides information on design criteria, road safety and public benefit requirements for SEPP 64 development applications.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY NO. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Flat Development - Gazetted 26.07.2002. Aims to improve the design quality of residential flat development in New South Wales.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY NO. 71 - Coastal Protection - Gazetted 01.11.2002 (and in force in Warringah from 18.11.2005) Aims to protect and manage the natural, cultural, recreational and economic attributes of the New South Wales coast. The policy identifies sensitive coastal locations and sets down additional planning criteria to be considered in these areas.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 - Gazetted 31.03.2004; Repealed by SEPP (Seniors Living) Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 and effective 12.10.07.

Aims to encourage the provision of housing (including residential care facilities) that will:

(a) Increase the supply and diversity of residences that meet the needs of seniors or people with a disability, and
(b) Make efficient use of existing infrastructure and services, and
(c) Be of good design.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004 - Gazetted 25.06.2004. The aim of the policy is to encourage sustainable residential development (*the BASIX scheme)*, specifically to achieve a reduction in the consumption of water and reduction in energy use leading to less green house gas emissions.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (Sydney Metropolitan Water Supply) 2004 - Gazetted 24.12.2004. The aims of the policy are to facilitate development for water supply infrastructure to enable deep water extraction from dams, and to facilitate investigation into the availability of groundwater to augment water supply to the Sydney metropolitan area (including the carrying out of exploratory drilling).

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (Temporary Structures and Places of Public Entertainment 2007 – Gazetted 28.09.2007, effective 26.10.07. Provides for the erection of temporary structures and the use of places of public entertainment while protecting public safety and local amenity. The SEPP supports the transfer of the regulation of places of public entertainment and temporary structures (such as tents, marquees and booths) from the Local Government Act 1993 to the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

Aims to ensure the provision of safety measures for uses of temporary structures or POPE, to encourage the protection of the environment at these locations, and to specify circumstances under which these structures and uses can be considered exempt or complying development. Also aims to promote job creation and increase access for places of public entertainment.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (MAJOR PROJECTS) 2005
Gazetted: 01.08.05. Formerly known as State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Development) 2005. Defines certain developments that are major projects under Part 3A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and determined by the Minister for Planning. The SEPP also lists State significant sites. The policy repeals SEPP 34 and SEPP 38, as well as provisions in numerous other planning instruments, declarations and directions.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006
Gazetted: 28.07.06. Abstract: Provides for the coordinated release of land for residential, employment and other urban development in the North West and South West growth centres of the Sydney Region (in conjunction with Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation relating to precinct planning).

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (INFRASTRUCTURE) 2007
Gazetted: 21 December 2007; Commenced: 1 January 2008. Facilitates the delivery of public infrastructure and provision of services across the State by providing a consistent planning regime for this purpose; greater flexibility of location of infrastructure and provisions for development, redevelopment and disposal of surplus government owned land.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (REPEAL OF CONCURRENCE AND REFERRAL PROVISIONS) 2008
Gazetted: 12.12.2008; Commencement: 15.12.2008. The SEPP aims to improve efficiency in the planning system by removing duplicative or unnecessary requirements in environmental planning instruments (EPIs) to consult with State agencies (government departments) on planning decisions.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (EXEMPT AND COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT CODES) 2008
Gazetted: 12.12.2008 – Commenced 27.02.2009
Streamlines assessment processes for development that complies with specified development standards. The policy provides exempt and complying development codes that have State-wide application, identifying, in the General Exempt Development Code, types of development that are of minimal environmental impact that may be carried out without the need for development consent; and, types of complying development that may be carried out in accordance with a complying development certificate as defined in the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING) 2009
Published: 31.07.2009; Commencement 31.07.2009. The policy aims to better encourage home owners, social housing providers and developers to invest and create new affordable rental housing to meet the needs of our growing population and existing residents.

EXTRACT FROM WARRINGAH LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2011

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

1 Objectives of zone

• To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.

• To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.

• To ensure that low density residential environments are characterised by landscaped settings that are in harmony with the natural environment of Warringah.

2 Permitted without consent

Home-based child care; Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Child care centres; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home businesses; Hospitals; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Veterinary hospitals

4 Prohibited

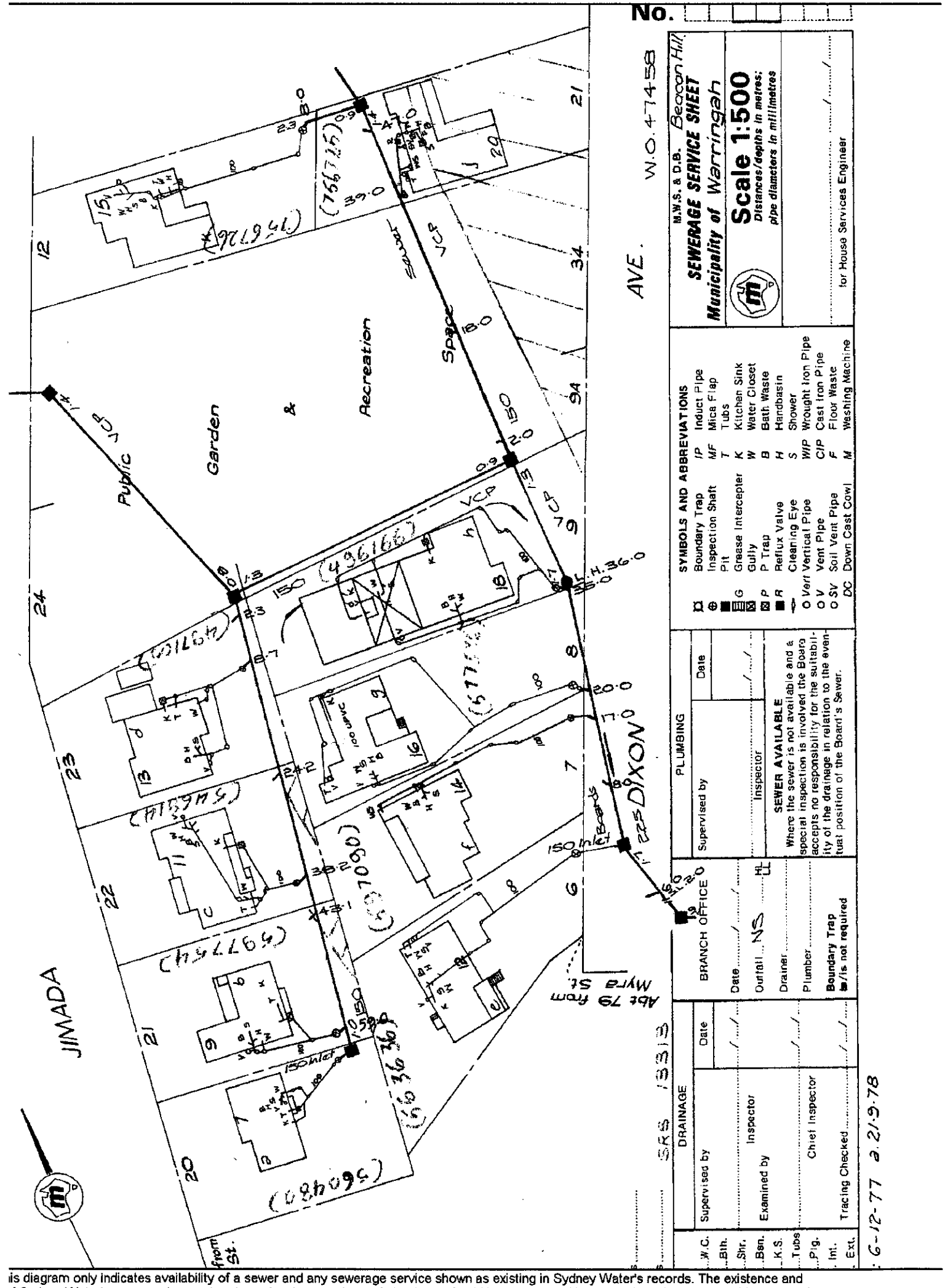
Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

ANNEXURE "D"

TO

CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

Sewerage Diagram



his diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.

ANNEXURE "E"

TO

CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

Lease

Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 Schedule 1 Standard Form Agreement (Clause 4(1))

Standard form
Residential tenancy agreement

NSW GOVERNMENT | Fair Trading

Landlord Name (1):

Donald Murray

Landlord Name (2):

Melissa Murray

Address for services of notices (can be an agent's address):

P.O. Box 215
Frenchs Forest
Postcode: 1640

Telephone number (of landlord or agent): 9451 0044

Tenant's Name (1):

Penisimani Alamoti

Tenant's Name (2):

Laukaupouli Alamoti

Tenant's Name (3):

Add all other tenants here:

Address for services of notices (if different to address of premises):

Postcode:

Telephone number/s: 0415 478 432 P 0451 851 132 L

Landlord's agent:

L J Hooker Frenchs Forest

Address for services of notices:

P.O. Box 215
Frenchs Forest
Postcode: 1640

Telephone number/s: 9451 0044

Premises:

(a) location

7 Jimada Avenue Frenchs Forest NSW 2086

(b) inclusions

NIL

Insert inclusions, for example a common parking space or furniture provided. Attach a separate list if necessary.

Term:

The term of this agreement is 12 weeks/~~months~~/years, *For a fixed term agreement insert the term. Otherwise leave blank or write 'periodic'*

starting on 28 / 05 / 16 and ending on 27 / 05 / 17

Rent: $790.00 a week ☑ fortnight ☐ payable in advance starting on 28 / 05 / 16

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to at

by cash or cheque, or

(b) into the following account, or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number: account number:

account name:

payment reference:

(c) as follows: B-Pay Biller code: 4481 Reference number: 0026196311 , or

Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

RENTAL BOND [*Cross out if there is not going to be a bond*]:

A rental bond of $ 3160.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants

No more than 4 persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs

Electrical repairs: James Dundas Electrical Services Telephone: 0403 781 226

Plumbing repairs: Jaimie Keys - Plumbfection Telephone: 0421 064 314

Other repairs: Marc King - Andy Mann Telephone: 0418 102 842

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes, see clauses 11 and 12.

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If yes, see clause 35.

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is signed.

Tenancy laws

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

1. The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under '*Premises*'.
2. The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
   - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when this agreement is signed and given by the tenant to the landlord or a person on the landlord's behalf, and
   - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Rent

3. **The tenant agrees:**
   - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
   - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
   - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.
4. **The landlord agrees:**
   - 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
   - 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
   - 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
   - 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
   - 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
   - 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque) and to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises if rent is paid by cheque, and
   - 4.7 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent increases

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note: Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**
   - 6.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
   - 6.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
   - 6.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal.

Rent reductions

7. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
   - 7.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
   - 7.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
   - 7.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
8. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

Payment of council rates, land tax, water and other charges

9. **The landlord agrees** to pay:
   - 9.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
   - 9.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
   - 9.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
   - 9.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
   - 9.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
   - 9.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
   - 9.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
   - 9.8 all charges for the availability of gas to the residential premises if the premises do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises for any purpose.
10. **The tenant agrees** to pay:
    - 10.1 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
    - 10.2 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises, and
    - 10.3 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
    - 10.4 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
    - 10.5 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 11 and the residential premises:

    10.5.1 are separately metered, or

    10.5.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.
11. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
    - 11.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
    - 11.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
    - 11.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
    - 11.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
      - 11.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
      - 11.4.2 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
      - 11.4.3 there are no leaking taps at the commencement of this agreement or when the water efficiency measures are installed, whichever is the later.
12. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

13. **The landlord agrees**:
    - 13.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
    - 13.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

14. **The landlord agrees**:
    - 14.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
    - 14.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
    - 14.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

Use of the premises by tenant

15. **The tenant agrees**:
    - 15.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
    - 15.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
    - 15.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
    - 15.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
    - 15.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.
16. **The tenant agrees**:
    - 16.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
    - 16.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
    - 16.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
    - 16.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes and batteries for smoke detectors on the residential premises.
17. **The tenant agrees**, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
    - 17.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
    - 17.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
    - 17.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
    - 17.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises, and
    - 17.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
    - 17.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Landlord's general obligations for residential premises

18. **The landlord agrees**:
    - 18.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
    - 18.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
    - 18.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
    - 18.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger

to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

18.5 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises.

Urgent repairs

19. **The landlord agrees** to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding $1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

19.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and

19.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and

19.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and

19.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and

19.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and

19.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: The type of repairs that are urgent repairs are defined as follows:

(a) a burst water service,

(b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,

(c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,

(d a serious roof leak,

(e) a gas leak,

(f) a dangerous electrical fault,

(g flooding or serious flood damage,

(h serious storm or fire damage,

(i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,

(j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,

(k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

Sale of the premises

20. **The landlord agrees**:

20.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and

20.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

21. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. **The landlord and tenant agree**:

22.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and

22.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

Landlord's access to the premises

23. **The landlord agrees** that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

23.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),

23.2 if the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal so orders,

23.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,

23.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,

23.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),

23.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

23.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

23.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),

23.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),

23.10 if the tenant agrees.

24. **The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8 or 23.9 of this agreement:

24.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and

24.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and

24.3 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

25. **The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

26. **The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

Alterations and additions to the premises

27. **The tenant agrees:**

27.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and

27.2 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and

27.3 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and

27.4 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

28. **The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably refuse permission for the installation of a fixture by the tenant or to a minor alteration, addition or renovation by the tenant.

Locks and security devices

29. **The landlord agrees:**

29.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

29.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and

29.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and

29.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and

29.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

30. **The tenant agrees:**

30.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and

30.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open

any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

31. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

Transfer of tenancy or sub-letting by tenant

32. **The landlord and tenant agree** that:

32.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and

32.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and

32.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and

32.4 without limiting clause 32.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 32.3 and 32.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

33. **The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

Change in details of landlord or landlord's agent

34. **The landlord agrees**:

34.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

34.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

34.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and

34.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

Copy of certain by-laws to be provided

[Cross out if not applicable]

35. **The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

Mitigation of loss

36. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

37. **The landlord agrees** that where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, then the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with details of the amount claimed and with copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim and a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

38. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that smoke alarms are installed and maintained in the residential premises in accordance with section 146A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that section requires them to be installed in the premises.
39. **The landlord and tenant each agree** not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Swimming pools

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

40. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.

Additional terms

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

(a) both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and

(b) they do not conflict with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 or any other Act, and

(c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

Additional term—break fee

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

41. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount:
    41.1 if the fixed term is for 3 years or less, 6 weeks rent if less than half of the term has expired or 4 weeks rent in any other case, or
    41.2 if the fixed term is for more than 3 years, [specify amount]:

    This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates the residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note: Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

42. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term is limited to the amount specified in clause 41 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Additional term—pets

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

43. The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.
44. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises:

    No Pets

45. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to have the residential premises fumigated if the cleaning or fumigation is required because animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

Insert any other agreed additional terms here. Attach a separate page if necessary.

See Attached

Notes

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

(a) the letting of residential premises, or

(b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4). Clause 5 of this agreement provides for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord include sale of the residential premises, breach of this agreement by the tenant and hardship. The grounds for the tenant include sale of the residential premises (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord and hardship. For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

ANNEXURE A (Special Conditions)

1. The Lessee agrees that if all the keys to the premises are not returned on the date of vacating, rent shall be charged until all the keys are returned.

2. Rent receipts are available for collection if required.

3. Due to the Building Legislation Amendment (Smoke Alarms) Bill 2005, it is now a requirement that landlords ensure smoke alarms are fitted and maintained in residential premises they lease. The legislation further provides that this is now a term of every residential tenancy agreement, and that neither the landlord nor the tenant may interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed in the premises. If the tenant becomes aware of any problem with the alarms, they need to contact the office immediately. During any routine inspection, if the agent/landlord finds that the alarms have been tampered with, the tenant could be found to be in breach of their lease.

4. The Lessee shall pay the cost of any repair caused by the negligence of the Lessee.

5. The Tenant acknowledges that they have been given the Condition Report for the above property. The Tenant acknowledges that they have seven (7) days in which to return the condition report to L.J.Hooker otherwise the condition report conducted by the agent will be taken as the evidence as to the condition of the property at the beginning of the lease. The tenant is also aware the condition of the property is documented with photos and these photos may be used as evidence at a tribunal.

6. The tenant agrees to pay for all water used during the term of the agreement (in addition to any excess water for which the tenant has agreed to pay under term 10 of the residential tenancy agreement) where the charge for water is calculated according to the metered amount of the water consumed and there is no minimum rate chargeable.

7. The Lessee to supply the Lessor with the current work and home telephone numbers.

8. The Tenant agrees not to change or add further locks to the premises without prior written permission from the Landlord. Should this permission be given, the Tenant agrees to provide a copy of the key/s of all the new locks to the Landlord and/or Agent within 48 hours of the locks being installed

9. The Tenant agrees not to apply "Blu-Tac", tapes or other similar adhesive substances to any walls, doors or other surfaces of the premises. The Tenant agrees not to put any holes, picture hooks, nails, pins, or other similar items on any walls, doors or other surfaces without the written permission from the Landlord.

10. The tenants agree not to keep any pets at the premises without the consent of the landlord.

11. The Tenant shall not paint, deface or alter any part of the property without the written permission from the Landlord.

12. If the tenant requires a phone line, all costs associated with the installation of a phone line or pre-existing phone line will be at the tenants expense.

13. Air-conditioning Filters and Range hood filters are to be periodically cleaned and dusted.

14. The tenant undertakes to regularly water and maintain the gardens and lawns of the property to a condition that is similar as to when they began the lease. This also includes ensuring the gardens are free of weeds and lawns and edges are in a neat and tidy order during the period of the lease.

15. If a vehicle parked on the driveway is found to be leaking oil, the tenant will ensure the area is protected and the oil spill cleaned up. The tenant may incur clean up costs if this is not done.

16. The Tenant agrees that the cost for any service calls or repairs, which have not been authorized by the Landlord/Agent, shall be the responsibility of the Tenant and if necessary, such costs will be deducted from the Bond.

17. All maintenance requests must be submitted in writing, with the exception of urgent repairs, should a contractor make an appointment with the tenant at an agreed date and time to carry out work and the tenant's not at the premises at the agreed time, the tenant will pay the service and call out fee and have to arrange another time to carry out the repairs.

18. The tenant agrees not to park any vehicles on the grassed areas of the premises.

19. The Tenant agrees not to smoke inside the property, and smoking is only permitted outdoors. This applies to all residents of the property, friends, relatives or visitors to the property.

20. The tenants have been advised not to store any items under or around the house that may be susceptible to termites. Items such as timbers, papers, cardboards etc...

21. The tenant agree that the garage is not to be used for storage, items in the garage will be at the tenants own risk and the Landlord take no responsibility for any items damaged.

22. The tenant agree that no valuables must be stored in any external storage areas, these items will be at the tenants own risk.

23. The tenant agrees that should mould appear in the property the tenant will clean it with a solution of 80% vinegar and 20% water to kill the mould, the tenant will ensure that they ventilate and keep the property dry, should condensation appear on the windows the tenant will wipe it down and keep it dry, if items within the wardrobes attract mould the tenant will reduce the amount of items within the wardrobe and place moisture extractors inside the robes and leave the doors ajar to ventilate, should the property appear to have a moisture issue with rising damp or roof leaks the tenant will inform the agent/owner with immediate effect.

24. The tenants acknowledge & understand that the Landlords' insurance policies for the property DO NOT cover any of the tenants contents and/or belongings in the event of any theft, break-in or disaster. We recommend that the tenants should take out their own contents insurance policy to insure their own personal property and/or belongings against any possibility of damage or loss while residing at this property.

25. The tenant is aware that if they lock them selves out of the property that a spare set of keys can be picked up from the office. However a call out fee of $55 incl. GST will be charged during work hours if the keys are required to be dropped off. Any after hour calls will be charged at $132 incl. GST and is dependant on the availability of a staff member.

26. The Tenant acknowledges that they have been issued with a copy of The Tenant checklist from the Department of Fair Trading.

I/We have read the above special conditions and understand that we may be in breach of the lease agreement if we do not adhere to the above conditions.

Tenant: _____ **Date:** 28/5/2016

Tenant: _____ **Date:** 28/5/2016

Agent/Landlord: _____ **Date:** 28/5/2016

Signed by the landlord/agent

Name of landlord/agent

Donald & Melissa Murray

Signature of landlord/agent

on the day of 20__

in the presence of (witness)

Name of witness

Sentyers

Signature of witness

Signed by the tenant (1)

Name of tenant

Penisimani Alamoti

Signature of tenant

on the day of 20__

in the presence of (witness)

Name of witness

Sentyers

Signature of witness

Signed by the tenant (2)

Name of tenant

Laukaupouli Alamoti

Signature of tenant

on the day of 20__

in the presence of (witness)

Name of witness

Sentyers

Signature of witness

Signed by the tenant (3) and any other tenants

Name of tenant/s

Signature of tenant/s

on the day of 20__

in the presence of (witness)

Name of witness

Signature of witness

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of the *New tenant checklist* published by NSW Fair Trading.

Signature of tenant/s

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

(a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or

(b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or

(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au