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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM Singer Residential 2/78 Railway Crescent, Jannali, NSW 2226 Australia			NSW DAN: Phone: (02) 9528 8738				
co-agent								
vendor	YUYAN FU							
vendor's solicitor	CYC & ASSOCIATES PTY LTD Suite 505, 208 Forest Road, Hurstville NSW 2220 PO Box 301, Hurstville NSW 1481			Phone: 02 8021 8060 Email: admin@cycassociates.com.au Fax: Ref: WY:S231023				
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the cor 7/12 Durbar Avenue, Registered Plan: Lot 7 Folio Identifier 7/SP10	Kirrawee, New Sou 7 Plan SP 100636	ıth Wal	es 2232		(clause 15)		
improvements	□ VACANT POSSESS□ HOUSE □ garage□ none ☑other: 1	•	to exist home υ	ing tenanci ınit □car	es space	□storage space		
attached copies	□documents in the List □other documents:		marked	or as numb	ered:			
_	permitted by legislation	•						
inclusions	☐ air conditioning	☐ clothes line	☐ fixe	d floor cove	rings	☐ range hood		
	☐ blinds	☐ curtains	□ inse	ect screens		☐ solar panels		
	☐ built-in wardrobes	\square dishwasher	□ light	t fittings		□ stove		
	☐ ceiling fans	☐ EV charger	□ роо	I equipment	t	☐ TV antenna		
	□ other:							
exclusions								
purchaser								
purchaser's solicitor								
price	\$							
deposit	\$ *		(1	0% of the p	rice, unl	ess otherwise stated)		
balance	ð							
contract date			(if not	stated, the	date this	s contract was made)		
Where there is more th	-	JOINT TENANTS tenants in common	n □ in u	ınequal sha	ıres, spe	cify:		
GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST	of: \$						
buyer's agent								

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER						
Signed by		Signed by						
Vendor		Purchaser						
Vendor		Purchaser						
VENDOR (COMPANY)		PURCHASER (COMPANY	<i>(</i>)					
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:		Signed by	ne Corporations Act 2001 by the					
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person					
Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person					
Office held	e held Office held		Office held					

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i>	⊠NO	□yes		
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 4):			<u> </u>	
Manual transaction (clause 30)	⊠NO	□yes		
		e further details,including in the space below):		
Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise this			is aware)	
Land tax is adjustable	□NO	☑yes		
GST : Taxable supply Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	□NO □NO	☑yes in full ☑yes	□yes to an extent	
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the		•		
□ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise	• •		on 9-5(b))	
\Box by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to b		•	` ''	
$\hfill \square$ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going co	ncern under s	section 38-325		
$\hfill \square$ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or	•			
\square input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential p	oremises (sect	tions 40-65, 40-75(2	2) and 195-1)	
Purchaser must make a GSTRW payment	□ NO	☑ yes (if yes, ve	endor must provide	
(GST residential withholding payment)	_	further d	•	
cor	ntract date, th	e vendor must prov	t fully completed at the ride all these details in a e the date for completion.	
GSTRW payment (GST residential with Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, som entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a pain a GST joint venture.	etimes furthe	r information will be	required as to which	
Supplier's name:				
Supplier's ABN:				
Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):				
Supplier's business address:				
Supplier's representative:				
Supplier's contact phone number:				
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment.				
If more than one supplier, provide the above detail	ls for each su	upplier.		
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRW	rate (resident	tial withholding rate):	
Amount must be paid: \Box AT COMPLETION \Box at another tim	e (specify):			
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in more	ney? □ NO	□yes		
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-mone	etary consider	ration: \$		
Other details (including those required by regulation or the AT	O forms):			

List of Documents

Gene	ral	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)					
☑ 1☑ 2☐ 3☐ 4☐ 5☑ 6	property certificate for the land plan of the land unregistered plan of the land plan of land to be subdivided document to be lodged with a relevant plan section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	 ☑ 33 property certificate for strata common property ☑ 34 plan creating strata common property ☑ 35 strata by-laws ☐ 36 strata development contract or statement ☐ 37 strata management statement ☐ 38 strata renewal plan ☐ 39 strata renewal plan 					
□ 7 □ 8 □ 9 □ 10 □ 11 □ 12 □ 13 □ 14 □ 15 □ 16 □ 17 □ 18	Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract planning agreement section 88G certificate (positive covenant) survey report building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation occupation certificate lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) other document relevant to tenancies licence benefiting the land	 □ 39 strata renewal plan □ 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property □ 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property □ 42 plan creating neighbourhood property □ 43 neighbourhood development contract □ 44 neighbourhood management statement □ 45 property certificate for precinct property □ 46 plan creating precinct property □ 47 precinct development contract □ 48 precinct management statement □ 49 property certificate for community property □ 50 plan creating community property □ 51 community development contract □ 52 community management statement □ 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws □ 54 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement □ 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries □ 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes ■ Management Act 2015 					
□ 20□ 21☑ 22□ 23□ 24	old system document Crown purchase statement of account building management statement form of requisitions clearance certificate land tax certificate Building Act 1989	 □ 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989 □ 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract □ 59 other document relevant to off the plan contract Other □ 60 					
	insurance certificate						
	brochure or warning						
	evidence of alternative indemnity cover						
	nming Pools Act 1992						
□ 29 □ 30 □ 31	certificate of compliance evidence of registration relevant occupation certificate certificate of non-compliance detailed reasons of non-compliance						

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number COMMON GROUNDstrata management PD Box 489 CODGEE NSW 2034

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning and Environment
Department of Primary Industries
Public Works Advisory
Subsidence Advisory NSW

Electricity and gas Telecommunications
Land and Housing Corporation Transport for NSW

Local Land Services Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

> adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;

authorised Subscriber a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as

being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8:

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheaue a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion:

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond

the time of day at which completion is to occur;

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer:

the expiry date (if any); and

the amount;

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's depositholder

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose discharging mortgagee

provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser:

document of title

FCNI

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace:

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared

and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of

the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party:

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999; GST Act

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at GSTRW rate

> 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

incoming mortgagee property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act; legislation

manual transaction a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case

at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; property planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property*;

populate to complete data fields in the *Electronic Workspace*; requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve serve in writing on the other party:

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*:

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by

the Land Registry;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by -
 - 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the depositholder,
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*, or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*'s nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can terminate if -
 - 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.

This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond 3.9
 - on completion: or 3.9.1
 - 392 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor -
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to termination a notice disputing the vendor's right to terminate, the vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
 - normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond; or 3.11.1
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to termination a notice disputing the purchaser's right to terminate, the vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.

Electronic transaction

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless -
 - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a manual transaction, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a party serves a notice stating why the transaction is a manual transaction, in which case the parties do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after service of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction 4.2
 - 4.2.1 each party must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction;

- if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne 4.2.2 equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction –
 - 4.3.1 in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a party using an ELN which can interoperate with the nominated ELN.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace.
- If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may 4.6 create and populate an Electronic Workspace and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the Electronic Workspace.
- 4.7 The parties must, as applicable to their role in the Conveyancing Transaction and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6 -
 - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer.
 - invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and 4.7.3
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- If the transferee in the electronic transfer is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction 4.8 signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the electronic transfer only if this 4.9 contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that
 - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are 4.11.1 populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things
 - 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date:
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion —

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and -
 - 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
 - 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor
 - 16.5.1 the price less any
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable:
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- The purchaser must not before completion -18.2
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the parties or any direction, document, legislation, notice or order affecting the property.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the property in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession: and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the property passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor -
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005. If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.6
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 **Rescission of contract**

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right –
 - only by serving a notice before completion; and 19.1.1
 - in spite of any making of a claim or requisition, any attempt to satisfy a claim or requisition, any 19.1.2 arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation –
 - the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded; 19.2.1
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses. 19.2.4

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate. 20.3
- If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together. 20.4
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- A document under or relating to this contract is -20.6
 - 20.6.1 signed by a party if it is signed by the party or the party's solicitor (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received; 20.6.5
 - served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; 20.6.6
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - served if it is provided to or by the party's solicitor or an authorised Subscriber by means of an 20.6.8 Electronic Workspace created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of rescission or termination.
- An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay 20.7
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the party pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- A reference to any legislation (including any percentage or rate specified in legislation) is also a reference to 20.11 any corresponding later legislation.
- Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this 20.12
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any party signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party*'s intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract: or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

• Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion:
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service,
 if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*, or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after service of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can rescind:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

Transfer

- 30.2 Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

• Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - THE SECTION OF THE SE 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

CONDITIONS OF SALE BY AUCTION

If the property is or is intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders Record means the Bidders Record to be kept pursuant to Clause 18 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Regulation 2003 and Section 68 Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002:

- (1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale of the land by auction of land:
- (a) The principal's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences.
- (b) A bid for the seller cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely, the number of the bids that may be made by or on behalf of the seller.
- (c) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price.
- (d) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final.
- (e) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bit that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the seller.
- (f) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person
- (g) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer.
- (h) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer, the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.
- (2) The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause (1), are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
- (a) All bidders must be registered in the Bidders Record and display an identifying number when making a bid.
- (b) One bid only may be made by or on behalf of the seller. This includes a bid made by the auctioneer on behalf of the seller.
- (c) When making a bid on behalf of the seller or accepting a bid made by or on behalf of the seller, the auctioneer must clearly state that the bid was made by or on behalf of the seller or auctioneer.

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

32. Amendments to Standard Clauses

The Vendor and the Purchaser agree that the provisions of the printed form of Contract for Sale of Land (2022 Edition) shall be amended as follows:

Clauses 2.2: deleting the word "normally";

Clauses 6.2 and 6.3 are deleted;

Clause 7.1.1 is deleted and replaced with the words "any amount is claimed";

Clause 7.1.3: substituting "14" with "7".

Clause 7.2.1: substituting "10%" with "1%" in the first line;

Clause 8.1.1: deleting "on reasonable grounds";

Clause 8.1.2: deleting "that specifies ... grounds";

Clause 10: inserting "or delay completion" after "terminate";

Clause 11.2: insert "other than on account of the Purchaser's breach" after "terminated";

Clause 14.4 is deleted.

Clause 18.7 is deleted.

Clause 20.6.5: inserting at the end "or if the fax is received by a party after 5.00 pm, whereby the document is deemed to be served on the next business day".

Clause 23.6.1: deleting the words "even if it is payable by instalments" and replacing with "to the extent of which is payable or falls due before the contract date. If any instalments fall due on or after the contract date the instalments are payable by the Purchaser."

Clause 23.9.1: deleting "1%" and substituting "5%" in the fourth line.

Clause 23.13 – the word "vendor" is replaced with "purchaser" and insert "on the vendor" after the word "certificate"; and Clause 23.14 is deleted.

Deletion of clause 24.3.3 entirely.

33. Agent

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the vendors agent, if any, referred to in this contract, and the purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty, and it is hereby agreed and declared that this clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion, or be extinguished by completion of this contract, and shall continue in full force, and effect, notwithstanding completion.

34. Notice to complete

(a) In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time

thereafter to serve a notice to complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the notice, and this period is considered reasonable by both parties. For this contract, such notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this contract.

(b) In the event the vendor issues a Notice to Complete pursuant to this Clause, the Purchaser must allow an adjustment of \$450.00 (including GST) in favour of the Vendor on Completion as the vendor's additional costs and service fees.

35. Purchaser acknowledgements

- (a) The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:
 - (i) In its present condition and state of repair;
 - (ii) Subject to all defects latent and patent;
 - (iii) Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
 - (iv) Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property; and
 - (v) Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.

The purchaser agrees not to seek, terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this clause.

- (b) The purchaser is not entitled to make objections, requisitions or claims in respect to the condition of the property.
- (c) The purchaser shall not require the vendor to carry out any work or expenditure of any money in respect of the property or improvements after exchange of contracts.

36. Purchaser's acknowledgement

The purchaser acknowledges that he/she does not reply upon any warranty or representations by the vendor or anyone else on behalf of the vendor, except as expressly provided in this contract. The purchaser acknowledges that he/she has relied entirely upon his/her own enquiries and inspections before entering this contract.

37. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them, prior to completion die or become mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Act, or become bankrupt, or if a company go into liquidation, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and thereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

38. Late completion

Provided that the vendor is ready, willing and able to give title to the purchaser, if this contract is not completion for any reason, other than the vendor's default, on or

before completion date then in addition to any other right which the vendor may have under this contract or otherwise, the purchaser will on completion of this contract pay to the vendor interest on the balance of the purchase price at the rate of 10% per annum calculated daily on the balance of the purchase price, commencing on the Completion date and continuing until and including the actual day of completion.

Rescheduled settlements

If the purchaser cancels settlement after appropriate arrangements have been made, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion the sum of \$250 plus GST for each cancellation and unreasonable rescheduled settlement. The purchaser accepts that this is a genuine estimation of the vendor's costs.

40. Swimming Pool

If there is a swimming pool, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate if the swimming pool on the property does not comply with the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992.

41. REQUESTS FOR EXTENSION TO COOLING OFF PERIOD

If the Purchaser requests an extension to the cooling off period and such extension is agreed by the Vendor, the Purchaser shall on the earlier of completion, rescission or termination, pay to the Vendor an amount of \$150.00 (plus GST) as reimbursement of the Vendor's additional conveyancing expenses.

42. GST

The purchaser warrants that the property will be used predominantly for residential accommodation. The purchaser will indemnify the vendor against any liability to pay GST arising from breach of this warranty. This right continues after completion.

43. Deposit Bond

- (a) The word bond means the deposit bond issued to the vendor at the request of the purchaser by the bond provider.
- (b) Subject to the following clauses the delivery of the bond on exchange to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit or the vendor's solicitor will be deemed to be payment of the deposit in accordance with this contract.
- (c) The purchaser must pay the amount stipulated in the bond to the vendor in cash or by unendorsed bank cheque on completion or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted to the vendor.
- (d) If the vendor serves on the purchaser a written notice claiming to forfeit the deposit then to the extent that the amount has not already been paid by the bond provider under the bond, the purchaser must immediately pay the deposit or so much of the deposit as has not been paid to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit.

44. Release of Deposit

- (a) The purchasers agree and acknowledge that by their execution of this contract they irrevocably authorise the vendor's agent to release to the vendors such part of the deposit moneys as the vendors shall require to use for a deposit and/or stamp duty on any piece of real estate that the vendors negotiate to purchase between the date hereof and the date of settlement hereof.
- (b) The Purchaser hereby agrees to transfer to the Purchaser solicitor PEXA source account or trust account the deposit moneys paid herein for the purpose of being a part of the source funds in PEXA settlement workspace. PEXA settlement requires the digital signing of the purchaser's solicitor, the purchaser's solicitor has visibility and control of the source fund not being paid to the vendor until actual settlement takes place in PEXA.

45. Stamp Duties

The purchaser must pay all stamp duties (including penalties and fines) which are payable in connection to this contract and the purchaser indemnifies against any liabilities which result from default, delay or omission to pay those duties or failure to make proper disclosures to the Office of State Revenue in relation to those duties.

46. Errors in Adjustments

It is agreed by the Vendor and the Purchaser that on completion should an error be made in calculating the rating and other required adjustments pursuant to the Contract then such error shall be corrected when requested by a party and in accordance with the correct calculations the party owing the amount shall pay such amount due to the other party. The obligations contained in this clause are essential and shall not merge on completion.

47. FIRB

The purchaser warrants:

- (a) That the purchaser is not a foreign person within the meaning of the Foreign Acquisition and Takeovers Act 1975; or
- (b) That the purchaser is a foreign person within the meaning of the Foreign Acquisition and Takeovers Act 1975 and that the treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia has advised in writing that the treasurer has no objection to the acquisition of the property by the purchaser.

48. Discharge of Mortgage

The purchaser shall not be entitled to require the vendor prior to settlement to register a Discharge of any Mortgage or withdrawal of any Caveats affecting the subject land but will accept on settlement a properly executed Discharge of any such Mortgage or Withdrawal of any such Caveat together with the appropriate registration fees therefore.

49. Conflicts of Conditions

Should there be any discrepancies or conflict between the standard printed conditions and these special conditions, then these special conditions shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

50. Severability

In the event of any part of this contract being or becoming void or unenforceable or being illegal then that part shall be severed from this contract to the extent that all parts that shall not be or become void, unenforceable or illegal shall remain in full force and effect and be unaffected by such severance.

51. Section 184 Certificate

The vendor authorises the purchaser to obtain the certificate under Section 184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 or section 26 Community Land Management Act 1989 in relation to the lot.

52. Electronic Settlement (PEXA)

Clause 30.1.2 is deleted. Notwithstanding clause 30, if the purchaser is unable or unwilling to conduct this conveyancing transaction as an electronic transaction, the purchaser will pay to the vendor an amount of \$380.00 plus GST at completion as re-imbursement of the vendor's additional conveyancing expenses.

53. Warning: Smoke Alarms

- (a) If the subject of this property does not have smoke alarms and is required to under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 or its regulations, or has smoke alarms that do not comply with this Act or its regulations, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition, rescind or terminate.
- (b) The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lot must have smoke alarms installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

54. Requisitions

- (a) The Purchaser agrees that the only form of requisition on title which the Purchaser may make under clause 5 of the Standard Conditions are the requisitions which are attached to this contract.
- (b) The Purchaser is satisfied with the attached Replies to Requisitions and is not entitled to make other requisitions or objections.

55. Deposit

If, with the written consent of the Vendor, the Purchaser is permitted to pay the deposit by instalments and not in accordance with the provisions of clause 2.2 then the Purchaser must pay the deposit as follows:-

- (a) one half of the deposit, equal to 5% of the price on the making of this contract; and
- (b) the other part of Deposit Balance the earlier of the Completion date and the date on which this contract is actually completed.

The times for making the payments of deposit set out to in this special condition are essential. The Vendor may recover the Deposit Balance as a liquidated debt in

any court of competent jurisdiction together with the Vendor interest on the Deposit Balance at the rate set out in clause 2.

All interest earned on the investment of any deposit that is less than 10%, is to be paid to the Vendor.

56. GUARANTEE FOR CORPORATE PURCHASER

56.1 This Clause applies if the purchaser is a corporation ('corporate purchaser'). 56.2 The word guarantor means each director or the purchaser as at the date of the contract.

56.3 If the guarantor has not signed this clause, the Vendor may terminate this contract by serving a notice, but only within 14 days after the contract date.
56.4 In consideration of the vendor contracting with the corporate purchaser, the person/s whose name/s and signature appear below ('the guarantors'), jointly and severally guarantee the performance by the purchaser of all of the purchaser's obligations under the contract and indemnify the vendor against any cost or loss whatsoever arising out of or as a result of the default by the purchaser in performing its obligations under this contract for whatever reason.
56.5 The vendor may seek to recover any loss from the guarantor before seeking recovery from the purchaser and any settlement or compromise with the purchaser will not release the guarantor from the obligation to pay any balance that may be owing to the vendor. This guarantee is binding on the guarantors, their executors, administrators and assigns and the benefit of the guarantee is available to any assignee of the benefit of this contract by the vendor.

56.6 The guarantor/s hereby guarantee to the vendor the due and punctual performance of all the purchaser's obligations under this contract and hereby indemnify the vendor against all losses, expenditures, costs and expenses of whatever nature suffered or incurred directly or indirectly by the vendor in recovering any monies owing as a result of default in such performance.

56.7 The guarantor/s is absolutely entitled to grant this guarantee in consideration for the vendor entering into this contract.

56.8 The guarantor/s hereby grant a charge in favour of the vendor over all of the guarantor/s personal and/or real property present and future and wheresoever situated including uncalled capital with the payment to the vendor of all monies secured by this contract. Such guarantee will be a non-circulating and specific security interest on all personal property now or in the future belonging to the guarantor/s and will include its/his/her personal property, real property, goodwill, book debts, plant fixtures and fittings and stock, other than as bought and sold in the normal course of business, and a circulating security interest on all other assets and property of the guarantor/s.

56.9 The guarantor/s will at its/his/her own cost, at the vendor's request execute, stamp and register such further security interests and assurances of such personal or real property, goodwill, book debts, plant fixtures and fittings containing such covenants and provisions as the vendor deems necessary.

56.10 The guarantor/s agrees that each of such securities is further security to the intent that the moneys owing are secured thereby. Default under any of these securities constitutes default under this contract.

56.11 The guarantor/s has no power to create any security interest ranking in priority or of equal rank to this contract without first obtaining the consent of the vendor. The guarantor/s has no power before this circulating security interest becomes non-circulating to create a subsequent security interest on any of its property.

56.12 The guarantor/s hereby irrevocably appoints the vendor as its attorney to execute, sign and perform in its name and on its behalf all agreements, instruments, acts and things whatsoever which the guarantor/s ought to execute, sign and perform under the covenants contained in this contract and generally to use the guarantor's name in the exercise of all or any of the powers conferred on the vendor or on any receiver or manager appointed by the vendor as the case may

56.13 This guarantee and indemnity is continuing and irrevocable and the obligations of the guarantor are absolute and unconditional in all circumstances and must continue

notwithstanding that there is any change in the name, style, constitution or otherwise of any of the guarantor. This guarantee and indemnity does not merge on completion of the contract.

56.14 This guarantee continues despite the payment of any part of the amount owing and despite any time or other concession or compromise extended by the vendor to the purchaser or the guarantor/s or any other person.

56.15 The guarantor/s hereby consents to any variation of this contract by extension of the period for payment of the amount owing.

56.16 This guarantee will not be affected:

- a. By the vendor's neglect or omission to enforce any of its rights in relation to any security or release any security in whole or in part; or
- b. If a guarantor dies or becomes of unsound mind or bankrupt or, being a company, goes into liquidation; or
- c. By any Guarantor's obligation for any reason becoming unenforceable in whole

or in part.

56.17 This guarantee and indemnity is a principal obligation and is not to be treated as ancillary or collateral to any obligation to the intent that this guarantee and indemnity will be enforceable even though any of the agreements and other obligations arising between the vendor and the purchaser are in whole or part unenforceable for any reason.

56.18 The vendor need not first exercise its rights against the purchaser before exercising its rights under this guarantee against the guarantor/s.

57 PPSA WAIVER

57.1 The guarantor/s waives, to the extent permitted under the Personal Property Securities Act, its right to receive any notices the vendor is required to give under this Act.

SIGNED by the guarantors in the presence of:)	
Signature of Witness		Signature of guarantor
Print Name of Witness		Print name of guarantor
SIGNED by the guarantors in the presence of:)	
Signature of Witness		Signature of guarantor
Print Name of Witness		Print name of guarantor

SC 58 Land tax

- (a) The Vendor discloses that any assessment of land tax is payable by an instalment arrangement with Revenue NSW and the vendor undertakes to make all instalment payments as they fall due.
- (b) The purchaser agrees to accept at completion an undertaking from the vendor to pay any assessment within the time limited by such assessment for payment. The vendor agrees that the amount of \$4,000.00 is to be held in trust by the vendor's agent until such time as the assessment has been paid.
- (c) The Purchaser agrees to complete this Contract notwithstanding that the Vendor is unable to provide a clear land tax certificate on or prior to completion.
- **59.** If the completion date falls within the period between 23 December and 12 January the following calendar year, the completion date is agreed to be the first business day after this period. Time will not run during this period for any notices or documents served under or relating to the contract. Any notices or documents served during the period are taken to be served on the first business day after this period





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NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 7/SP100636

LAND

LOT 7 IN STRATA PLAN 100636

AT KIRRAWEE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE

FIRST SCHEDULE

YUYAN FU (T AR445453)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP100636
- 2 AR445454 MORTGAGE TO BANK OF CHINA (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED
- * 3 AR867407 CAVEAT BY JIMJIM INVESTMENT PTY LTD

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

S231023

PRINTED ON 26/10/2023

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* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register.

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NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP100636

EDITION NO DATE SEARCH DATE TIME -----_____ ____ ____ 10/8/2020 25/7/2023 2:05 PM

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 100636 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT KIRRAWEE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE PARISH OF SUTHERLAND COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM SP100636

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 100636 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: 12-16 DURBAR AVENUE KIRRAWEE 2232

SECOND SCHEDULE (4 NOTIFICATIONS)

- RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- A512259 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RIGHTS TO MINE
- AQ245585 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS 3
- AO245585 INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 1000)

STRATA PLAN 100636

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT		ENT	LOT		ENT
1 -	- 107	2 -	107	3	-	107	4	-	107
5 -	- 112	6 -	116	7	-	116	8	-	116
9 -	- 112								

NOTATIONS

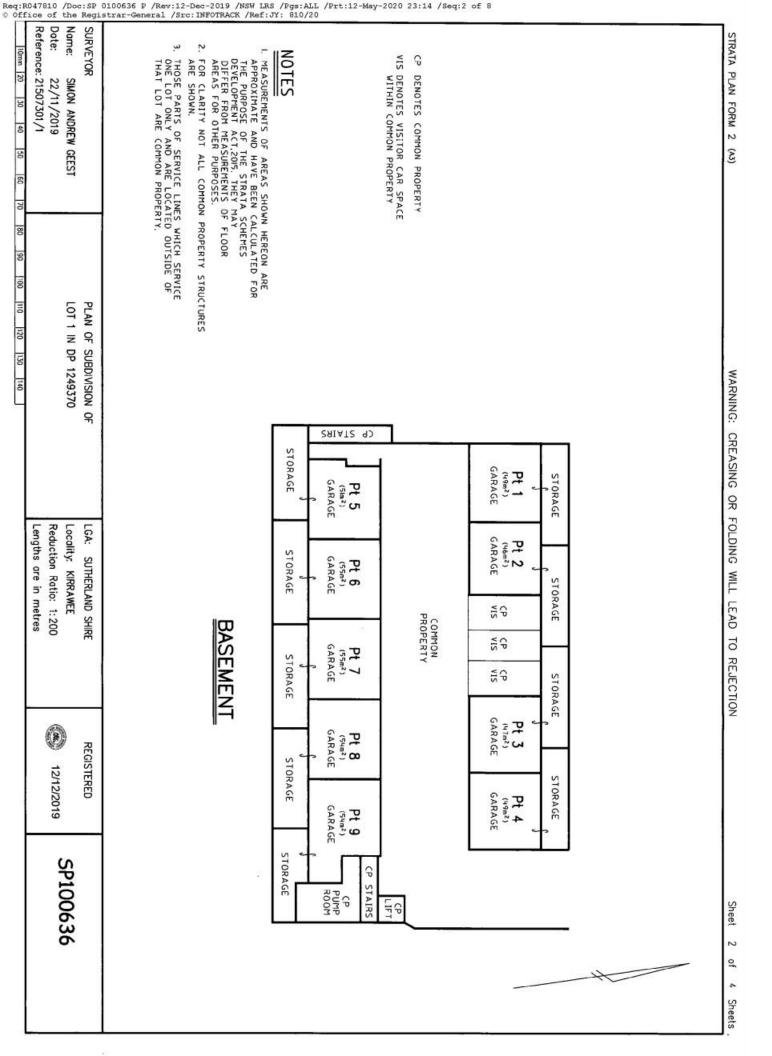
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

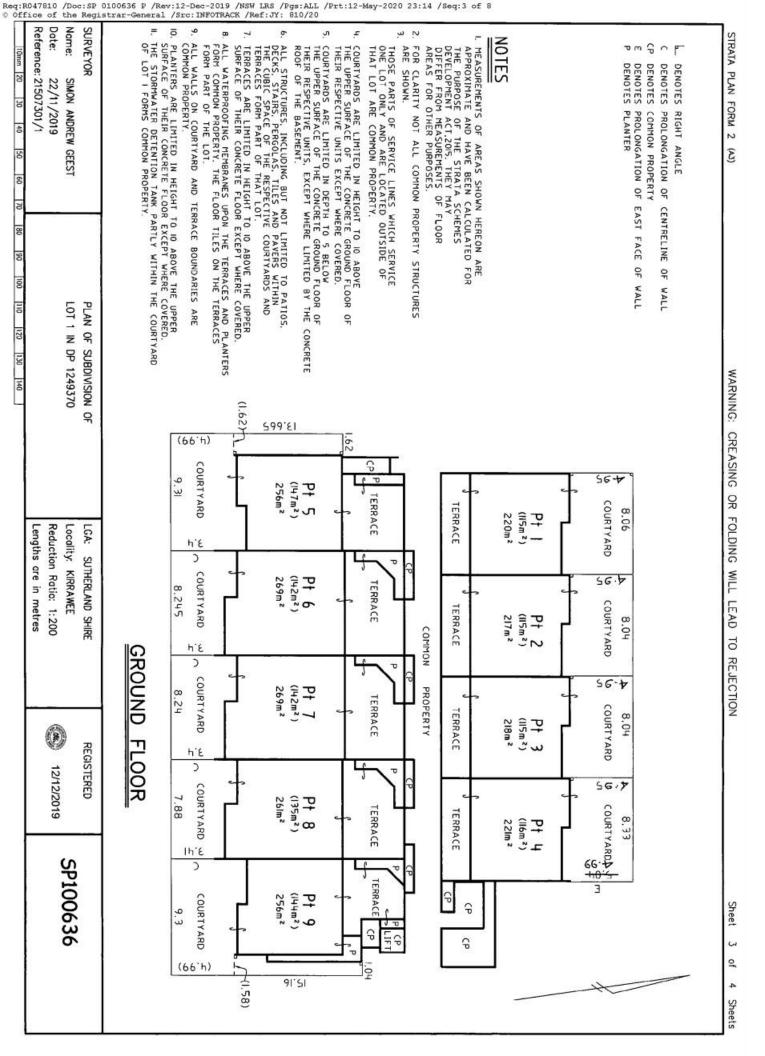
*** END OF SEARCH ***

S230727

PRINTED ON 25/7/2023

^{*} Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.





SP FORM 3.01	STRATA PLAN ADM	IINISTRATION SHEET	Sheet 1 of 4 sheet(s)
Registered: 12/12/20	Office Use Only	SP100636	ce Use Only
PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 1 IN DP 1249370		LGA: SUTHERLAND SHIRE Locality: KIRRAWEE Parish: SUTHERLAND County: CUMBERLAND	
Address for Service of 12-16 DURBAR AVENUE, KIR	Documents	The by-laws adopted for the scheme are: * Model by-laws for residential strata schemes together with: Keeping of animals: Option *A/*B Smoke penetration: Option *A/*B (see Schedule 3 Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016) * The strata by-laws ladged with the plan	
Surveyor's Certificate I SIMON ANDREW GEEST		*The strata by-laws lodged with the plan: Strata Certificate (Accredited Certifier) I/A.M/BAK.E.M	

SP FORM 3.07	STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET		Sheet 2 of 3 sheet(s)
Registered: 12/12/2	Office Use Only	SP100636	e Use Only

VALUER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Michael Watkins being a qualified valuer, as defined in the *Strata Schemes Development Act* 2015, certify that the unit entitlements shown in the schedule herewith are apportioned in accordance with Schedule 2 *Strata Schemes Development Act* 2015

Signature Date: 25 November 2019

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

Lot	Entitlement
1	107
2	107
3	107
4	107
5	112
6	116
7	116
8	116
9	112
Aggregate	1000

SP FORM 3.08 (Annexure)

STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET

Sheet 3 of 4 sheet(s)

Office Use Only

ce Use Only

Registered:



12/12/2019

SP100636

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of any previous administration sheets
- A schedule of street addresses
- Statements of intention to create and or release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919
- Signatures and seals- see section 22 Strata Schemes Development Act 2015

Lot Number	Sub-Address Number	Address Number	Road Name	Road Type	Locality Name
СР		12-16	Durbar	Avenue	Kirrawee
1	1	12-16	Durbar	Avenue	Kirrawee
2	2	12-16	Durbar	Avenue	Kirrawee
3	3	12-16	Durbar	Avenue	Kirrawee
4	4	12-16	Durbar	Avenue	Kirrawee
5	5	12-16	Durbar	Avenue	Kirrawee
6	6	12-16	Durbar	Avenue	Kirrawee
7	7	12-16	Durbar	Avenue	Kirrawee
8	8	12-16	Durbar	Avenue .	Kirrawee
9	9	12-16	Durbar	Avenue	Kirrawee

SIGNATURES & SEALS

EXECUTED by MBC PROPERTY SYDNEY NOMINEES PT (ADN 15603989331) (ACN 604 015 625)	
in accordance with section 127 of the Corporations Act:	
Signature of director	Signature of director/secretary
Qindona Mega	Xiao cuj
Oingong Merol Name (Please Punt)	Name (Please Print)

Signature of director

LI BAD

Name (Pleace print)

Surveyor's Reference: 21507301/1

SP FORM 3.08 (Annexure)

STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET

Sheet 4 of 4 sheet(s)

Office Use Only

te Use Only

Registered:



12/12/2019

SP100636

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of any previous administration sheets
- A schedule of street addresses
- Statements of intention to create and or release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919
- Signatures and seals- see section 22 Strata Schemes Development Act 2015

SIGNATURES & SEALS

EXECUTED BY MORTGAGEE

ACN 613302 499 CLG Corporate Pty Ltd 21/11/2019

Position: Director.

Name: Wenyon Fong

Signature:

Position: Director.

Name: Zhihui Lin

Signature:

Name of Witness: XWKUN SHI

Signature : Zarye

Address of witness: 622/12 Romanst Botany NKW

Name of Witness: XINKW SHZ

Signature: 2 2 2/12 Rancon St Botany

Surveyor's Reference: 21507301/1

Req:R047811 /Doc:DL A512259 /Rev:15-Nov-2006 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:12-May-2020 23:14 /Seq:1 of 4 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:JY: 810/20

Ach South Males

A512259y

MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER.

(REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900).

512259

THE HOLT SUTHERLAND COMPANY LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company) being registered as the proprietors for a term of fifty-six years from the first day of July 1899 under Memorandum of Lease registered No. 50990 as extended by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 in the land hereinafter described subject however to such encumbrances liens and interests as are notified by memorandum underwritten or endorsed hereon in consideration of the sum of Just hierarchies and fifty nine pounds clever shellings an eightpurepaid by William James harding of Hellara near Hydrey Herk to the

Perpetual Trustee Company Limited the Australian trustee of the Will of Thomas Holt late of Sydney pursuant to Section 7 of the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 (the receipt of which sum is hereby acknowledged by the said Perpetual Trustee Company Limited testified by the receipt hereto annexed) doth hereby in exercise and in pursuance of the power and direction in Section 7 of the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and of all other powers enabling it appoint and transfer to the said Melliam fames farding. All the estate and interest of the registered Proprietor in fee simple in the surface of ALL that parcel of land situated in the Parish of Sutherland County of Cumberland and being part of the land comprised in Certificate of Title dated the Second day of May 1407.

Registered Vol776 fol. 27 and in the said Lease Number 50990 and being the surface of the whole of the land comprised in Sub-lease Number A408421 from the Holt Sutherland Estate Company Limited to Thomas Subhrie Rowie of Sydney Company Languages And doth also transfer to the said Milliam James Rarding all the estate and interest of which it the said Holt Sutherland Company Limited is registered

Proprietor Together with all its rights and powers in respect thereof as comprised in the said

Lease No. 50990 in and so far only as regards the land comprised in the said Sub-lease No. A 401421 except and reserving to the said Company and its assigns during the residue now unexpired of the term of the said Lease No. 50990 as extended by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and subject thereto unto the person or persons for the time being entitled to the Mines and premises next herein excepted and reserved in reversion immediately expectant on the said Lease No. 50990 (all of whom including the Perpetual Trustee Company Limited and other the Australian Trustees or Trustee for the time being of the said Will of the said Thomas Holt deceased are hereinafter included in the term the reversioner and reversioners) all Mines beds seams and veins of coal iron and other metals and minerals comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 which are now known or shall or may be discovered hereafter as lying and being under the surface of the land hereby appointed and transferred together with liberty for the Company and its assigns during such residue and subject thereto for the reversioner and reversioners without entering on the surface of the said land hereby appointed and without doing any act which may disturb or cause any damage to any house or houses building or buildings now erected or henceforth to be erected on the said land hereby appointed or be a nuisance to the occupiers of such houses or buildings or any of them to get work and win the said Mines seams and veins of coal iron and other metals and minerals and for such purposes to make maintain and use any necessary and convenient underground works whatsoever and subject to and reserving unto the person or persons entitled thereto all rights of way across the said land hereby appointed And excepting and reserving unto the said reversioner and reversioners all metals and minerals not comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 and which are now known or shall be discovered hereafter as lying under the surface of the said land hereby

appointed together with liberty for the reversioner or reversioners without entering on the suface of the said land hereby appointed and without doing any acts which may disturb or cause any damage to any house or houses building or buildings now erected or hereafter to be erected on the land hereby appointed or be a nuisance to the occupiers of such houses or buildings or any of them to get work and win the said metals and minerals hereby lastly hereinbefore excepted and reserved and for such purpose to make maintain and use any necessary and convenient underground works whatsoever to the intent that the said Milliam

may become the registered proprietor in fee simple of the surface lands comprised in the said Sub-lease No. Another to the extent only directed and intended by the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 PROVIDED ALWAYS that the Company and its assigns shall hold the residue of the lands comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 subject to all the provisoes conditions and agreements in the said Lease contained and on the part of the Company to be observed and performed as (if at all) varied by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and to the provisions of the same Act And the reversioner and reversioners shall in respect of such residue be entitled to the benefit of all conditions and powers of re-entry for non-payment of rent and other powers and reservations in the said Lease contained in all respects as if this Transfer had not been made.

A - - -

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the Common Seal of the Holt Sutherland Company Limited was hereunto affixed at Sydney this brandy search day of Oelf. 1919.

LAND COMPANY LIMITED was affixed hereto by the Directors present at a Meeting of THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of that Company held this frankfirmed day of Colobar 1949 and

such Directors thereupon signed Transfer in the presence of—

This I backson

Er Sul

Accepted and I hereby certify this Transfer to be correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act.

SIGNED in my presence by the said

William James Harding

who is

personally known to me

My Hardens

1

PERPETUAL TRUSTEE COMP

33 to 39 HUNTER STREET. SYDNI

No. 165

No

Gao 3, 2 To pt See 12 19 P 801 Shire putherland	1.	J. a. Hom	pron Foham
Sutherland Co Cumberland		STILLE	Fush Lydu
(Reserving menerals etc)	Α	512259	
THE HOLT SUTHERLAND COMPANY LIMITED Transferror.			er ord **
William James Harding Transferee.			
Particulars entered in the Register Book, Vol. 1776. Folio 27 Von Lease Mosoggo.			
	ļ,		
the 16 day of Necember, 1919,			
in the fore noon.	<u> </u>		
Registrar General			ts V t/
MA MINE D.	W.	* 1	18 8 8
SENT TO SURVEY BRANCH RECEIVED FROM RECORDS DRAFT WRITTEN 26 11.19 DRAFT EXAMINED 28 do 65. H.	18 3.40	10 to	
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DEP. REGISTRAR GENERAL 3002 207	<u> </u>		
	and the same		

For the common property

CP/SP 100636

ALL HANDWRITING MUST BE IN BLOCK CAPITALS.

1705

Form: 15CH Release: 2+1

(A) TORRENS TITLE

CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

New South Wales Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 Real Property Act 1900



AQ245585W

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(B)	LODGED BY	Document Collection Box 1095D	Name, Address or DX, Telepho HIND & ASSOCIATES GPO BOX 4519 SYDNEY NSW 2000 Reference: 100636	one, and Customer Account Number if any	— CH	
(C)	The Owners-Strai	ta Plan No. 10		special resolution was passed on 3/6/2020		
(D)			ŕ	nes Management Act 2015, by which the by-lav		
(~)	follows—	7		are management to		
(E)	Repealed by-law i	No. NOT AP	PLICABLE			
	Added by-law No. SPECIAL BY LAW 1 & 2					
	Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE					
	as fully set out be	low:				
	AS PER ANNEX	CRE				
(F)			vs affecting the above mention	oned strata scheme and incorporating the o	change referred to at	
(G)					in the presence of	
	the following per	rson(s) author	sed by section 273 Strata Sche	mes Management Act 2015 to attest the affix		
	Signature:	7 MU		(£)	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	
	Name: NIC	OLLE MCERY	'DE	[\sigma_{\sigma}(
	Authority: STR	ATA MANAGI	SR.	12/2	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
	Signature:				THE OWNER	
	Name:				NN	
	Authoritus				1"	

Page 1 of 19

Approved Form 10

Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

*that the initial period has expired.

*the original proprietor owns all of the lots in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an exchanged contract for the purchase of a lot in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing being ledged with this certificate.

Text below this line is part of the instructions and should not be reproduced as part of a final document.

- 1. This form must be provided in it entirety as shown above.
- Any inapplicable parts should be struck through.
- This certificate is required to accompany any document which proposes action not permitted during
 the initial period and when the common property title does not have a notification indicating the initial
 period has been expired.

STRATA PLAN 10 CONTINUE OF 100 SS

Created 2016

ŅΜ

^{*} Insert appropriate date

^{*} Strike through if inapplicable.



Strata Plan 100636 12-16 Durbar Avenue, Kirrawee

By Laws

1 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common property, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation or as permitted by a sign authorised by the owners corporation.

2 Changes to common property

- (1) An owner or person authorised by an owner may install, without the consent of the owners corporation—
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- (2) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (3) Clause (1) does not apply to the installation of any thing that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.
- (4) The owner of a lot must—
- (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
- (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

3 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation—

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

4 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

3/19

5 Keeping of animals

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot, if the owner or occupier gives the owners corporation written notice that it is being kept on the lot.
- (2) The notice must be given not later than 14 days after the animal commences to be kept on the lot.
- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must---
- (a) keep the animal within the lot, and
- (b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and
- (c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

6 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

7 Behaviour of owners, occupiers and invitees

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier—
- (a) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property, and
- (b) without limiting paragraph (a), that invitees comply with clause (1).

8 Children playing on common property

- (1) Any child for whom an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible may play on any area of the common property that is designated by the owners corporation for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child for whom the owner or occupier is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or remain on common property that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

9 Smoke penetration

- An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

10 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

11 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

12 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 14.

13 Cleaning windows and doors

- (1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.
- (2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

14 Hanging out of washing

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot other than over the balcony railings. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (3) In this by-law— **washing** includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

15 Disposal of waste—bins for individual lots [applicable where individual lots have bins]

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).

- (3) An owner or occupier must—
- (a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
- (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) An owner or occupier of a lot must maintain bins for waste within the lot, or on any part of the common property that is authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered.
- (5) An owner or occupier of a lot must not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier.
- (6) An owner or occupier of a lot must place the bins within an area designated for collection by the owners corporation not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the lot or other area authorised for the bins.
- (7) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.
- (8) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.
- (9) In this by-law— bin includes any receptacle for waste. waste includes garbage and recyclable material.

16 Disposal of waste—shared bins [applicable where bins are shared by lots]

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
- (3) An owner or occupier must—
- (a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
- (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.
- (5) In this by-law— bin includes any receptacle for waste. waste includes garbage and recyclable material.

17 Change in use or occupation of lot to be notified

- (1) An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot.
- (2) Without limiting clause (1), the following changes of use must be notified—
- (a) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).
- (b) a change to the use of a lot for short-term or holiday letting.
- (3) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

18 Compliance with planning and other requirements

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

SPECIAL BY-LAW NO. 1 - RENOVATIONS

1. Introduction

This by-law sets out the rules you must follow if you intend to carry out renovations to a common area in the building in connection with your apartment, or to your apartment, including minor renovations and major renovations.

2. Definitions & Interpretation

- 2.1 In this by-law, unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires:
 - (a) "Act" means the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.
 - (b) "apartment" means a lot in the strata scheme,
 - (c) "annexure" means the annexure to this by-law,
 - (d) "building" means the building in the strata scheme in which your apartment is located,
 - (e) "common area" means the common property in the strata scheme,
 - (f) "cosmetic work" means cosmetic work for the purposes of section 109 of the Act and any by-law that specifies additional work that is to be cosmetic work for the purposes of section 109 of the Act,
 - (g) "major renovations" means any work to an apartment or a common area in the building in connection with your apartment for the following purposes:
 - (i) work involving structural changes such as the removal of the whole or part of a load bearing wall,

- (ii) work that changes the external appearance of your apartment, including the installation of an external access ramp, awning, pergola or vergola or installation of a new window in a boundary wall of your apartment.
- (iii) work involving waterproofing such as a bathroom renovation involving the laying of a new waterproof membrane,
- (iv) work for which consent or another approval is required under any other Act such as development consent of the local council under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*,

but cannot include cosmetic work or minor renovations,

- (h) "minor renovations" means any work to a common area in the building in connection with your apartment for the following purposes:
 - (i) renovating a kitchen,
 - (ii) renovating a bathroom in a manner that does not involve waterproofing,
 - (iii) renovating any other room in your apartment in a manner that does not involve waterproofing or structural changes,
 - (iv) changing recessed light fittings,
 - removing carpet or other soft floor coverings to expose underlying wooden or other hard floors,
 - (vi) installing or replacing wood or other hard floors,
 - (vii) installing or replacing wiring or cabling or power or access points,
 - (viii) installing or replacing pipes and ducts,
 - (ix) work involving reconfiguring walls in a manner that does not involve structural changes,
 - (x) installing a rainwater tank,
 - (xi) installing a clothesline,
 - (xii) installing a reverse cycle split system air conditioner or a ducted air conditioning system,
 - (xiii) installing double or triple glazed windows,
 - (xiv) installing a heat pump or hot water service,
 - (xv) installing ceiling insulation,
 - (xvi) installing a skylight, whirlybird, ventilation or exhaust fan or solar panels in or on a roof above your apartment,

but cannot include cosmetic work or major renovations or work that is authorised by a by-law made under section 108 of the Act or a common property rights by-law,

- (i) "renovations" means minor renovations or major renovations,
- (j) "strata scheme" means the strata scheme to which this by-law applies, and
- (k) "you" means an owner of an apartment and includes your successors in title.
- 2.2 In this by-law, unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires:
 - (a) headings have been inserted for guidance only and do not affect the interpretation of this by-law,
 - (b) references to any legislation include any legislation amending, consolidating or replacing the same, and all by-laws, ordinances, proclamations, regulations, rules and other authorities made under them,
 - (c) words importing the singular number include the plural and vice versa,
 - (d) where any word or phrase is given a definite meaning any part of speech or other grammatical form in respect of that word or phrase has a corresponding meaning,
 - (e) any expression used in this by-law and which is defined in the Act will have the same meaning as that expression has in that Act unless a contrary intention is expressed in this by-law,
 - (f) any provision of this by-law that is or becomes invalid, unenforceable or void in any respect is to be ignored, read down or severed so far as is possible so as to uphold the legality, validity and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this by-law, and
 - (g) if there is any inconsistency between this by-law and any other by-law applicable to the strata scheme, then the provisions of this by-law will prevail to the extent of that inconsistency.

3. Renovations Approval Process

3.1 Renovations Require Approval

You must not carry out, or permit anyone else to carry out, renovations without the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3.2 The Approval Process

- 3.2.1 If you wish to carry out renovations you must make an application to the owners corporation in order to seek its approval of the renovations.
- 3.2.2 The application must be in writing and sent to the strata managing agent of the owners corporation or, if there is no strata managing agent, to the secretary of the owners corporation.

- 3.2.3 Your application must contain:
 - (a) your name, address and telephone number,
 - (b) your apartment and lot number,
 - (c) details of the renovations,
 - (d) drawings, plans and specifications for the renovations.
 - (e) an estimate of the duration and times of the renovations.
 - (f) details of the persons carrying out the renovations including the name, licence number, qualifications and telephone number of those persons,
 - (g) details of arrangements to manage any resulting rubbish or debris arising from the renovations.
- 3.2.4 Your application must also contain a motion and by-law generally in the form set out in the annexure (with the blanks appropriately completed) and your written consent to that by-law if the renovations are major renovations and will involve alterations or additions to a common area.
- 3.2.5 The owners corporation may request further information to supplement the information contained in your application but it must not act unreasonably when doing so.
- 3.2.6 The owners corporation may engage a consultant to assist it review your application.
- 3.2.7 The owners corporation may:
 - (a) approve your application either with or without conditions, or
 - (b) withhold approval of your application (but it must not act unreasonably when doing so).
- 3.2.8 If your major renovations will involve alterations or additions to a common area, and the owners corporation approves your application, the owners corporation must do so by passing a special resolution at a general meeting to approve the motion and by-law submitted with your application (or a substantially similar motion and by-law).
- 3.2.9 You must comply with any conditions which the owners corporation issues as part of its approval and the conditions contained in this by-law.
- 4. Conditions for Renovations

4.1 Before the Renovations

- 4.1.1 Before commencing the renovations, you must:
 - (a) Prior Notice

give the owners corporation at least 14 days' written notice. Your written notice must include the estimated start date of the renovations and the estimated end date of the renovations.

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(b) Local Council Approval

(in the case of major renovations) if required by law, obtain a complying development certificate for or development consent of the local council to the major renovations and a construction certificate for the major renovations, and give copies of them to the owners corporation.

(c) Contractor's Licence and Insurance Details

give the owners corporation a copy of a certificate or other document demonstrating that the contractor who will carry out the renovations holds a current:

- (i) licence,
- (ii) all risk insurance policy which must include public liability cover in the sum of \$10,000,000.00,
- (iii) workers compensation insurance policy, and
- (iv) home building compensation fund insurance policy under the *Home Building Act 1989* for the renovations (if required by law),

(d) Engineer's Report

if requested to by the owners corporation, give the owners corporation a report from a structural engineer addressed to the owners corporation certifying that the renovations will not have a detrimental affect on the structural integrity of the building or any part of it,

(e) Acoustic Consultant's Report

if the renovations will involve changes to the floor coverings in your apartment (apart from floor coverings in a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom) by, for example, installing or replacing wood or other hard floors, if requested to by the owners corporation, give the owners corporation a report from an acoustic consultant certifying the acoustic properties of the new floor coverings,

(f) Dilapidation Report

if requested to by the owners corporation, give the owners corporation a dilapidation report (which must include photographs) concerning the areas of the building the owners corporation requires to be included in that report,

(g) Bond

if requested to by the owners corporation, pay a bond to the owners corporation in the sum of \$10,000 or such other amount determined from time to time by the owners corporation.

(h) Costs

pay the reasonable costs of the owners corporation incurred in connection with considering or approving your application for renovations including any consultant's costs.

4.1.2 If you have not complied with any of the conditions set out in clause 4.1.1 you must not begin the renovations and if you have already begun the renovations you must immediately stop them.

4.2 During the Renovations

During the renovations you must:

(a) Standard of Workmanship

ensure the renovations are carried out in a competent and proper manner by appropriately qualified and licensed contractors utilising only first quality materials which are good and suitable for the purpose for which they are used,

(b) Quality of Renovations

make certain the renovations are completed in accordance with any specifications for them and comply with the Building Code of Australia and any applicable Australian Standard (in the event of a conflict, the Building Code of Australia shall prevail),

(c) Time for Completion of Renovations

make sure the renovations are carried out with due diligence and are completed as soon as practicable from the date of commencement,

(d) Times for Renovations

ensure that the renovations are only carried out between the hours of 8.00am -5.00pm on Monday - Friday and 9.00am -1.00pm on Saturdays (not including public holidays) and are not carried out any other times,

(e) Times for Operation of Noisy Equipment

make sure that percussion tools and noisy equipment such as jack hammers and tile cutters are only used between 10.00am - 3.00pm on weekdays and that at least 72 hours notice is given to the occupiers of the other apartments in the building by a sign prominently displayed on the noticeboard before the use of any such tools and equipment,

(f) Appearance of Renovations

ensure the renovations are carried out and completed in a manner which is in keeping with the rest of the building,

(g) Supervision of Renovations

ensure that the renovations are adequately supervised and that the common areas are inspected by the supervisor on a daily basis to ensure that the conditions of this by-law are complied with,

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(h) Noise During Renovations

ensure the renovations and your contractors do not create any excessive noise in your apartment or in a common area that is likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the occupier of another apartment or of any person lawfully using a common area,

(i) Transportation of Construction Equipment

ensure that all construction materials and equipment are transported in accordance with any manner reasonably directed by the owners corporation and in a manner that does not cause damage to the building,

(j) Debris

ensure that any debris and rubbish associated with or generated by the renovations is removed from the building strictly in accordance with the reasonable directions of the owners corporation,

(k) Storage of Building Materials on Common Areas

make sure that no building materials are stored in a common area,

(I) Protection of Building

protect all areas of the building outside your apartment which are affected by the renovations from damage, the entry of water or rain and from dirt, dust and debris relating to the major renovations and ensure that all common areas, especially the walls, floors and lift leading to your apartment, are protected by covers and mats when transporting furniture, construction materials, equipment and debris through the building,

(m) Building Integrity

keep all areas of the building affected by the renovations structurally sound during the renovations and make sure that any holes or penetrations made during the renovations are adequately sealed and waterproofed and, if necessary, fireproofed,

(n) Daily Cleaning

clean any part of the common areas affected by the renovations on a daily basis and keep all of those common areas clean, neat and tidy during the renovations,

(o) Interruption to Services

minimise any disruption to services in the building and give the occupiers of the other apartments in the building at least 72 hours prior notice of any planned interruption to the services in the building such as water, electricity and television by a sign prominently displayed on the noticeboard before any such disruption.

(p) Access

give the owners corporation's nominee (which may be its consultant) access to your apartment to inspect (and, if applicable, supervise) the renovations on reasonable notice,

(q) Vehicles

ensure that no contractor's vehicles obstruct the common areas including any driveway areas other than on a temporary and non-recurring basis when delivering or removing materials or equipment and then only for such time as is reasonably necessary,

(r) Security

ensure that the security of the building is not compromised and that no external doors of the building are left open and unattended or left open for longer than is reasonably necessary during the renovations,

(s) Variation to renovations

not vary the renovations without obtaining the prior written approval of the owners corporation,

(t) Costs of renovations

pay all costs associated with the renovations including any costs incurred by the owners corporation engaging a consultant to inspect or supervise the renovations.

4.3 After the Renovations

After the renovations have been completed, you must:

(a) Notify the Owners Corporation

promptly notify the owners corporation that the renovations have been completed,

(b) Access

give the owners corporation's nominee (which may be its consultant) access to your apartment to inspect the renovations on reasonable notice,

(c) Obtain Planning Certificates

if required by law, obtain all requisite certificates issued under Part 4A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* approving the renovations and the occupation of your apartment (such as an occupation certificate) and give copies of them to the owners corporation,

(d) Restore the Common Areas

restore all common areas damaged by the major renovations as nearly as possible to the state which they were in immediately prior to commencement of the renovations,

(e) Engineer's Report

if required by the owners corporation, give the owners corporation a report from a duly qualified structural engineer addressed to the owners corporation certifying that the renovations have been completed in a manner that will not detrimentally affect the structural integrity of the building or any part of it,

(f) Expert's Report

if required by the owners corporation, give the owners corporation a report from a duly qualified building consultant or expert addressed to the owners corporation certifying that the renovations have been completed in a manner that complies with the Building Code of Australia and any applicable Australian Standards,

(g) Acoustic Consultant's Report

if the renovations involved changes to the floor coverings of your apartment (apart from floor coverings in a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom), if required by the owners corporation, give the owners corporation a report from an acoustic consultant certifying the acoustic properties of any new floor coverings.

4.4 Enduring Obligations

You must:

(a) Maintenance of Apartment Renovations

properly maintain the renovations to your apartment and keep them in a reasonable state of good and serviceable repair and, where necessary, renew or replace any part of those renovations.

(b) Maintenance of Minor Renovations

properly maintain the minor renovations and keep them in a reasonable state of good and serviceable repair and, where necessary, renew or replace any part of those minor renovations.

(c) Repair Damage

repair any damage caused to another apartment or the common areas by the carrying out of the renovations in a competent and proper manner,

(d) Prevent Excessive Noise

ensure that any equipment forming part of the renovations does not create or generate any heat, noise or vibrations that are likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the occupier of another apartment or of any person lawfully using a common area,

(e) Flooring

if the renovations involved changes to the floor coverings of your apartment, ensure that the new floor coverings are covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor coverings of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another apartment (apart from floor coverings in a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom),

(f) Indemnity

indemnify and keep indemnified the owners corporation against all actions, proceedings, claims, demands, costs, damages and expenses which may be incurred by or brought or made against the owners corporation arising out of the renovations or the altered state or use of any of the common areas arising from the renovations or your breach of this bylaw.

(g) Insurance

if required by the owners corporation, make, or permit the owners corporation to make on your behalf, any insurance claim concerning or arising from the renovations, and use the proceeds of any insurance payment made as a result of an insurance claim to complete the renovations or repair any damage to the building caused by the renovations,

(h) Comply with the Law

comply with all statutes, by-laws, regulations, rules and other laws for the time being in force and which are applicable to the renovations and the requirements of the local council concerning the renovations (for example, the conditions of the local council's approval of the major renovations, a notice or order issued by the local council or fire safety laws).

Bond

The owners corporation shall be entitled to apply the bond paid by you under the conditions of this by-law, or any part of it, towards the costs of the owners corporation incurred:

- (a) repairing any damage caused to a common area or any other apartment during or as a result of the renovations, or
- (b) cleaning any part of the common area as a result of the renovations,

and the owners corporation must refund the bond, or the remaining balance of it, when you notify the owners corporation that the renovations have been completed and the owners corporation is reasonably satisfied that you have complied with the conditions of this by-law.

6. Breach of this By-Law

- 6.1 If you breach any condition of this by-law and fail to rectify that breach within 14 days of service of a written notice from the owners corporation requiring rectification of that breach (or such other period as is specified in the notice), then the owners corporation may:
 - (a) rectify the breach,
 - (b) enter on any part of the building including your apartment, by its agents, employees or contractors, in accordance with the Act for the purpose of rectifying the breach, and

- (c) recover as a debt due from you the costs of the rectification and the expenses of the owners corporation incurred in recovering those costs including legal costs on an indemnity basis.
- 6.2 Nothing in this clause restricts the rights of or the remedies available to the owners corporation as a consequence of a breach of this by-law.

Common Property Rights By-Law

- 7.1 Nothing in this by-law detracts from or alters any obligation that arises under sections 108 or 143 of the Act for or in relation to your major renovations.
- 7.2 Nothing in this by-law prevents the owners corporation from requiring, as a condition of approval for your major renovations or otherwise, a separate by-law to be made under section 108 or 143 of the Act for your major renovations in accordance with clause 3.2.8.

8. Strata Committee Approvals

The strata committee may approve minor renovations under this by-law. To avoid doubt, the owners corporation delegates its functions under section 110 of the Act to the strata committee.

9. Specification of Additional Minor Renovations

To avoid doubt, this by-law specifies additional work that is to be a minor renovation for the purposes of section 110 of the Act.

10. Decision of Owners Corporation not to Maintain Minor Renovations

To avoid doubt, the owners corporation determines that:

- (a) it is inappropriate for the owners corporation to maintain, renew, replace or repair any minor renovations done by you pursuant to an approval granted under this by-law; and
- (b) in the light of the obligations imposed on you in this by-law to maintain, renew, replace or repair any such minor renovations, its decision will not affect the safety of any building, structure or common area in the strata scheme or detract from the appearance of any property in the strata scheme.

Special By-Law No.2 - Major Renovations and Building Works (Lot)

1. Introduction

This by-law gives the Owner the right to carry out the Major Renovations on the conditions of the Renovations By-Law and this by-law.

Definitions

In this by-law:

"Lot" means Lot in the Strata Scheme;

"Owner" means the owner for the time being of the Lot (being the current owner and all successors);

"Major Renovations" means the alterations and additions to the Lot and common property described and shown in the Plans being

"Renovations By-Law" means Special By-Law No. 1 – Renovations as amended from time to time;

"Strata Scheme" means the strata scheme to which this by-law applies.

Authorisation for Major Renovations

The Owners Corporation grants the Owner:

- (a) the authority to carry out the Major Renovations strictly in accordance with the Plans;
- (b) the special privilege to, at the Owner's cost, carry out the Major Renovations to the common property strictly in accordance with the Plans; and

the exclusive use and enjoyment of the common property to be occupied by the Major Renovations;

on the conditions of this by-law.

4. Conditions

- 4.1 The Renovations By-Law will apply to the Major Renovations.
- 4.2 The Owner must, at the Owner's cost, comply with the conditions specified in the Renovations By-Law with respect to the Major Renovations.
- 4.3 The Owner must also, at the Owner's cost, properly maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair the Major Renovations and the common property occupied by the Major Renovations and, where necessary, renew or replace any fixtures of fittings comprised in those Major Renovations and that common property.

- 4.4 The Owners Corporation may exercise any of the functions conferred on it under the Renovations By-Law with respect to the Major Renovations.
- 4.5 The Owner must pay the reasonable costs of the owners corporation incurred in connection with approving and registering this by-law.
- 4.6 For the avoidance of doubt, this by-law operates as the approval of the owners corporation of the Major Renovations for the purposes of the Renovations By-Law.



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Approved Form 10

Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

*that the initial period has expired.

*the original proprietor owns-all of the lets in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an exchanged confident for the purchase of a let in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing being lodges with this certificate.

Signature: Name: Bret Ransley Authority: Strata Manager

Signeture: Authority: Authority:

Text below this line is part of the instructions and should not be reproduced as part of a final document.

- 1. This form must be provided in it entirety as shown above.
- 2. Any inapplicable parts should be struck through.
- This certificate is required to accompany any document which proposes action not permitted during
 the initial period and when the common property title does not have a notification indicating the initial
 period has been expired.

[^] Insert appropriate date

^{*} Strike through if inapplicable.



Application: 10435590 Your Ref: JY:810/20

14 May 2020

Property details: 12-16 Durbar Ave Kirrawee NSW 2232 lots 1-9 in SP 100636

We refer to your application for a copy of a Sewerage Service Diagram in respect of the above property and would advise that a sewerage service diagram is not available.

The fee paid by you has been applied to the cost of searching Sydney Water's records and a refund will not be issued.

Yours sincerely

Customer Property Services Customer Services



System Document Identification

Land Registry Document Identification

Form Number:08X-e Template Number:x_nsw11 ELN Document ID:1011420533

CAVEAT

AR867407

New South Wales Section 74F Real Property Act 1900

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

WARNING: Care should be exercised in completing a caveat form. An unsupported caveat may be challenged in the Supreme Court; compensation may be awarded for lodging a caveat without justification (section 74P Real Property Act 1900). Failure to observe the requirements of regulations 7 and 8 of the current Real Property Regulation may make the caveat invalid.

LODGED BY:

Responsible Subscriber: MAXIM LEGAL PTY LTD ABN 72120766207

Address: L 2, SE 202, 32 Martin PL

Sydney 2000

Email: info@maximlegal.com.au

ELNO Subscriber Number: 23144
Customer Account Number: 502781R
Document Collection Box: 1W

Client Reference: S21430:RT:LC (2

LAND TITLE REFERENCE

7/SP100636

CAVEATOR

JIMJIM INVESTMENT PTY LTD ACN 163960656 Registered company UNIT 401 11 - 17 Woodville ST HURSTVILLE NSW 2220

NAME AND ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF NOTICES ON THE CAVEATOR

DX Address

MAXIM LEGAL PTY LTD DX 103 SYDNEY

Street Address

MAXIM LEGAL PTY LTD SE 202, L 2 32 Martin PL Sydney NSW 2000

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR AFFECTED BY THIS CAVEAT

YUYAN FU UNIT 7 12 DURBAR AV KIRRAWEE NSW 2232

Based on the claim to an Estate or Interest in Land in the land specified, the Caveator prohibits the Registrar General from taking the actions specified in this Caveat.

ACTION PROHIBITED BY THIS CAVEAT

1. The recording in the Register of any dealing other than a plan affecting the estate or interest claimed by the Caveator.

ESTATE OR INTEREST CLAIMED

Estate In Fee Simple By virtue of: Agreement Dated: 20/12/2021

Between JIMJIM INVESTMENT PTY LTD

And YUYAN FU

Details Supporting The Claim:Loan amount of \$500,000.00 and interest as per Deed of Guarantee and Loan Agreement between MBC Property Australia Nominees Pty Ltd ACN 604 015 625 atf MBC Property Australia Unit Trust as borrower and Jimjim Investment Pty Ltd ACN 163 960 656 as lender and Yuyan Fu as guarantor dated 20/12/2021.

The Caveator, to the best of the knowledge of the Subscriber identified in the execution of this Caveat document, has a good and valid claim to the estate or interest claimed as specified in this Caveat.

This Caveat, to the best of the knowledge of the Subscriber identified in the execution of this Caveat document, does not require the leave of the Supreme Court.

This Caveat, to the best of the knowledge of the Subscriber identified in the execution of this Caveat document, does not require the written consent of the Registered Proprietor Of Estate or possessory applicant (as applicable) for the purposes of section 74O Real Property Act 1900.

The Caveator, to the best of the knowledge of the Subscriber identified in the execution of this Caveat document, has provided the correct address of the Registered Proprietor as specified in this Caveat.

SIGNING

Signing Party Role: Receiving

I certify that:

- 1. The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to ensure that this Registry Instrument or Document is correct and compliant with relevant legislation and any Prescribed Requirement.
- 2. The Certifier has retained the evidence supporting this Registry Instrument or Document.
- 3. The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to verify the identity of the caveator or his, her or its administrator or attorney.

Party Represented by Subscriber:

JIMJIM INVESTMENT PTY LTD

Signed By: Lola Chang Signer Capacity: Practitioner Certifier ELNO Signer Number: 3972544 Digital Signing Certificate Number:

Signed for MAXIM LEGAL PTY LTD ABN 72120766207

Subscriber: MAXIM LEGAL FTY LTD ABIN MAXIM LEGAL PTY LTD

Subscriber Capacity: Representative Subscriber

ELNO Subscriber Number: 23144 Customer Account Number: 502781

Date: 07/02/2022

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Purchaser:

Property:

Unit

Dated:

Possession and tenancies

- Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise. 1.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?

- (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
- If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on (b) completion with notices of attornment.
- (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
- (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
- (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
- (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW))? If so, please provide details.
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):
 - has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
 - have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details. (b)

- Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free 6. from all encumbrances and notations and recorded as the owner of the Property on the strata roll, free from all other
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 22 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 (NSW) (Act).
- Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the 8. Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- 11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year? (b)
- 13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)) at least 14 days before completion.

Survey and building

- 14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property or the common property.
- Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
- 16. In respect of the Property and the common property:
 - Have the provisions of the Local Government Act (NSW), the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Information Certificate of a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

- (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate (as referred to in the former s109C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act) or an Occupation Certificate as referred to in s6.4 of that Act for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance or any alternative indemnity product under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW).
- (f) Are there any proposals by the Owners Corporation or an owner of a lot to make any additions or alterations or to erect any new structures on the common property? If so, please provide details.
- (g) Has any work been carried out by the vendor on the Property or the common property? If so:
 - (i) has the work been carried out in accordance with the by-laws and all necessary approvals and consents?
- (ii) does the vendor have any continuing obligations in relation to the common property affected? Is the vendor aware of any proposals to:
- (a) resume the whole or any part of the Property or the common property?
- (b) carry out building alterations to an adjoining lot which may affect the boundary of that lot or the Property?
- (c) deal with, acquire, transfer, lease or dedicate any of the common property?
- (d) dispose of or otherwise deal with any lot vested in the Owners Corporation?
- (e) create, vary or extinguish any easements, restrictions or positive covenants over the Property or the common property?
- (f) subdivide or consolidate any lots and/or any common property or to convert any lots into common property?
- (g) grant any licence to any person, entity or authority (including the Council) to use the whole or any part of the common property?
- (a) Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property or the common property?
 - (b) Is there any planning agreement or other arrangement referred to in \$7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, (registered or unregistered) affecting the Property or the common property?. If so please provide details and indicate if there are any proposals for amendment or revocation?
- 19. In relation to any swimming pool on the Property or the common property:
 - (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
 - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the Local Government Act 1919 (NSW) and Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)?
 - does it comply with the provisions of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
 - (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) or regulations?
 - if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
 - (f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.
 - (a) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences in the strata scheme?
 - (b) Is the vendor aware of any notice, claim or proceedings under the Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW) or the Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW) affecting the strata scheme?

Affectations, notices and claims

17.

18.

20.

- In respect of the Property and the common property:
 - (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any casement appurtenant to them?
 - (c) Is the vendor aware of:
 - any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
 - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
 - (iii) any latent defects in them?
 - (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
 - (i) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (ii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (iii) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (iv) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?

- (v) the existence of any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass or polyethylene or other flammable or combustible material such as cladding?
- 22.
- (a) If a licence benefits the Property please provide a copy and indicate:
 - (i) whether there are any existing breaches by any party to it;
 - (ii) whether there are any matters in dispute; and
 - (ii) whether the licensor holds any deposit, bond or guarantee.
- (b) In relation to such licence:
 - All licence fees and other moneys payable should be paid up to and beyond the date of completion;
 - (ii) The vendor must comply with all requirements to allow the benefit to pass to the purchaser.

Applications, Orders etc

- Are there any applications made, proposed or threatened, whether by an owner of a lot or the Owners Corporation, to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, any Court or to the Registrar General for orders relating to the strata scheme, the Property or the common property (including orders to vary the strata scheme consequent upon damage or destruction or to terminate the strata scheme) which are yet to be determined? If so, please provide particulars.
- 24. Are there any mediations currently being conducted by the Commissioner of Fair Trading, Department of Finance Services and Innovation in relation to the Property or the common property which involve the vendor or the Owners Corporation? If so, please provide particulars.
- 25. Are there any:
 - (a) orders of the Tribunal;
 - (b) notices of or investigations by the Owners Corporation;
 - (c) notices or orders issued by any Court; or
 - (d) notices or orders issued by the Council or any public authority or water authority,

affecting the Property or the common property not yet complied with? In so far as they impose an obligation on the vendor they should be complied with by the vendor before completion.

- 26. Have any orders been made by any Court or Tribunal that money (including costs) payable by the Owners Corporation be paid from contributions levied in relation to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
- 27. Has the vendor made any complaints or been the subject of any complaints arising out of noise affecting the Property or emanating from the Property?
- 28. Has any proposal been given by any person or entity to the Owners Corporation or to the Vendor for:
 - (a) a collective sale of the strata scheme; or
 - (b) a redevelopment of the strata scheme (including a strata renewal proposal)?

If so, please provide particulars of the proposal and the steps taken and decisions made in relation to the proposal to the present time.

Owners Corporation management

- 29. Has the initial period expired?
- 30. Are any actions proposed to be taken or have any been taken by the Owners Corporation in the initial period which would be in breach of its powers without an order authorising them?
- If the Property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- 32. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract, including any liabilities of the Owners Corporation) exceed 1% of the price?
- 33. Has an appointment of a strata managing agent and/or a building manager been made? If so:
 - (a) who has been appointed to each role;
 - (b) when does the term or each appointment expire; and
 - (c) what functions have been delegated to the strata managing agent and/or the building manager.
- 34. Has the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement to provide amenities or services to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
- 35. Has a resolution been passed for the distribution of surplus money from the administrative fund or the capital works fund? If so, please provide particulars.
- 36. Have the by-laws adopted a common property memorandum as prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of Section 107 of the Act? If so, has the memorandum been modified? Please provide particulars.
- 37. Is there a registered building management statement pursuant to Section 108 of the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015 (NSW)? If so, are there any proposals to amend the registered building management statement?
- 38. If the strata scheme was in existence at 30 November 2016, has the Owners Corporation taken steps to review the by-laws that were current at that date and have they been consolidated? If so, please provide particulars.
- 39. Are there any pending proposals to amend or repeal the current by-laws or to add to them?
- 40. Are there any proposals, policies or by-laws in relation to the conferral of common property rights or which deal with short term licences and/or holiday lettings?
- 41. If not attached to the Contract, a strata information certificate under Section 184 of the Act should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- 42. Has the Owners Corporation met all of its obligations under the Act relating to:
 - (a) insurances;
 - (b) fire safety
 - (c) occupational health and safety;
 - (d) building defects and rectification in relation to any applicable warranties under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW);

- (e) the preparation and review of the 10 year plan for the capital works fund; and
- (f) repair and maintenance.
- 43. Is the secretary of the Owners Corporation in receipt of a building bond for any building work on a building that is part of the Property or the common property?
- 44. Has an internal dispute resolution process been established? If so, what are its terms?
- 45. Has the Owners Corporation complied with its obligation to lodge tax returns with the Australian Taxation Office and has all tax liability been paid?

Capacity

46. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 47. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any clearance certificate under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth) should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- 48. The vendor should furnish completed details within the time specified in the contract, sufficient to enable the purchaser to make any RW payment.
- 49. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 50. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 51. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 53. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.

Replies to Strata Title (Residential) Property Requisitions on Title

Subject to the Contract and so far as the vendor is aware, it makes the following replies:

Possession and tenancies

- 1. Noted, subject to the contract.
- 2. As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 3. (a) The vendor relies on the contract.
 - (b) Noted, subject to the contract.
 - (c) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
 - (d) Noted, subject to the contract.
 - (e) Please refer this requisition to the property's managing agent.
 - (f) Noted, subject to the contract.
- 4. As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 5. (a) As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the vendor cannot speak for any predecessors or the tenant. The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
 - (b) As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Title

- 6. Noted, subject to the contract.
- 7. Noted, subject to the contract.
- 8. As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 9. From 11 October 2021, paper certificates of title are no longer a legal document.

However, title may be confirmed by making inquiries to the NSW Land Registry Services.

10. As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Adjustments

- 11. Noted, subject to the contract.
- 12. (a)-(b) The vendor relies on the land tax certificate annexed to the contract or otherwise provided to the purchaser prior to settlement, whichever is the latter.
- 13. The vendor relies on the contract.

Survey and building

- 14. Noted, subject to the contract.
- 15. No.
- 16. (a) Presumably yes, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- (b) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- (c) No.
- (d) This has been provided previously.
- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
- (i) the vendor relies on the contract;

- (ii) presumably around the time prior to registration of the strata plan;
- (iii) the vendor is not aware, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries; and
- (iv) the vendor relies on the contract.
- (f) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- (g) (i)-(ii) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 17. (a)-(g) The vendor is not aware, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 18. (a) As for the vendor, no, but the vendor cannot speak for any predecessors on title or the owners corporation.
 - (b) The vendor relies on the contract. The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 19. (a)-(f) The vendor relies on the contract. The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 20. (a)-(b) The vendor is not aware, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Affectations, notices and claims

- 21. (a) The vendor is not aware, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
 - (b) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
 - (c)(i)-(iii) The vendor is not aware, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- (d)(i)-(v) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 22. (a)(i)-(iii) Not applicable.
 - (b)(i)-(ii) Not applicable.

Applications, Orders etc

- 23. As for the vendor, no, but the vendor cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 24. As for the vendor, no, but the vendor cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 25. (a)-(d) As for the property, no, but the vendor cannot speak for any common properties, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 26. Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 27. Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 28. (a)-(b) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the vendor cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Owners Corporation management

- 29. Presumably yes, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 30. The vendor is not aware and cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 31. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 32. The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 33. (a)-(c) The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 34. The vendor is not aware and cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 35. The vendor is not aware, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 36. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 37. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

- 38. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 39. The vendor is not aware, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 40. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 41. The vendor relies on the contract, in particular, special condition 34.19. The purchaser must serve an information certificate to the vendor at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 42. (a)-(f) Presumably yes, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 43. As for the property, no, but the vendor cannot speak for the common property, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 44. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
- 45. Presumably yes, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Capacity

46. Noted, subject to the contract.

Requisitions and transfer

- 47. Noted, subject to the contract.
- 48. Noted, subject to the contract.
- 49. Noted, subject to the contract.
- 50. We understand that Certificate Authentication Code is no longer required from 11 October 2021.
- 51. Noted, subject to the contract.
- 52. This alleged right is not admitted.
- 53. Not agreed.



Applicant:

Cyc & Associates Pty Ltd Po Box 301 HURSTVILLE NSW 1481

Planning Certificate – Section 10.7 (2) Certificate Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Certificate no: ePC:23/7315 Delivery option:

Certificate date: 26/10/2023 Your reference: S231023

Property:

Lot 7 S/P 100636 7/12 Durbar Avenue KIRRAWEE NSW 2232

Zone:

* Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

Notes:

- (a) The information in this certificate only relates to the real property Identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.
- (b) The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 will be referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.

Disclaimer:

(a) This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7(2), ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENTACT, 1979

1. Names of relevant instruments and DCPs

1. The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Environmental Planning Instruments

- * Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015
- * SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- * SEPP (Housing) 2021
- * SEPP No.65 Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
- * SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
- * SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021
- * SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021
- * SEPP (Primary Production) 2021
- * SEPP (Resources and Energy) 2021
- * SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
- * SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021
- * SEPP (Sustainable Buildings) 2022

Development Control Plans

Sutherland Shire Development Control Plan 2015

2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The following Draft State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPP) apply: Amendments to SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 (formerly SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007), SEPP (Housing) 2021, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, and SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021.

Draft Development Control Plans

No draft Development Control Plans apply.

- 3. Subsection (2.) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if—:
 - a. it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
 - b. for a proposed environmental planning instrument—the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.
- 4. In this section—

proposed environmental planning instrument means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environmental plan.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described—

- (a) The identity of the zone, whether by reference to-
 - (i) a name, such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area" or

- (ii) a number, such as "Zone No 2 (a)",
- (b) the purposes for which development in the zone—
 - (i) may be carried out without development consent, and
 - (ii) may not be carried out except with development consent, and
 - (iii) is prohibited,

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

(i) Permitted without consent:

Home occupations

(ii) Permitted with consent:

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works, Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semidetached dwellings; Seniors housing; Shop top housing; Tank-based aquaculture

(iii) Prohibited:

Pond-based aquaculture; Any development not specified in item (i) or (ii).

(c) whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,

No Additional Permitted Uses apply to this land.

(d) Do development standards apply to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions?

Under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 there are no relevant development standards for the erection of a dwelling house due to site dimensions.

(e) Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?*

No

(f) Is the land in a conservation area, however described?

No

(g) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land, however described?

There is no item of environmental heritage situated on the property.

3. Contribution Plans

- (1) The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.
- * The 2016 Section 7.12 Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).
- (2) If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area.

No areas within Sutherland Shire are currently part of a special contributions area.

4. Complying Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)–(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.
- (2) If complying development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that
 - a. a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
 - the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.
- (4) If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Alterations Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Industrial and Business Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Industrial and Business Alterations Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying

Development Codes) 2008.

Industrial and Business Buildings Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Industrial and Business Buildings Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones E1, E2, E3, MU1, E4, E5, W4, SP1, SP2, SP3 or SP5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Container Recycling Facilities Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivisions Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Rural Housing Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU5, R1, R2 or R3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Green Field Housing Code

Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: This code applies to land within the Greenfield Housing Code Area as mapped in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.)

General Development Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Demolition Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State

Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Inland Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Inland Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: This code only applies to local government areas specified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. At this time it does not apply to Sutherland Shire.)

Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code

Complying development under the Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code may be carried out on the land.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within the following zones RU1, RU2, or RU4. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

5. Exempt Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes)* 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A.
- (2) If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—
 - a. a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
 - b. the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.
- (4) If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

General Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the General Exempt Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code
Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the
Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) Is council is aware that—
 - (a) an affected building notice is in force in relation to the land, or No
 - (b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or

No

(c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

No

(2) In this section—

affected building notice has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017, Part 4.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

7. Land Reserved for Acquisition

Does any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 of this certificate make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act?

No

8. Road Widening and Road Realignment

(a) Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*?

No

		environmental planning instrument?
		No
	(c)	Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council? No
9.	Flo (1)	od related development controls information Is the land or part of the land within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls? No
	(2)	Is the land or part of the land between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls? No
	(3)	In this clause— flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual. Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005. probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any

(b)

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(1) Is any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

No

- (2) In this section—
 adopted policy means a policy adopted—
 - (a) by the council, or
 - (b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

11. Bush fire prone land

- (1) If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.
- (2) If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

Is the land bush fire prone?

None of the land is bush fire prone land as defined under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Does the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division?

No

13. Mine Subsidence

Is the land declared to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017?

No

14. Paper subdivision information

- (1) Is the land subject to any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that—
 - (a) applies to the land?, or
 - (b) is proposed to be subject to a ballot?
- (2) Is the land subject to a subdivision order that applies to the land, and if so what is the date of the order?

No

(3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15. Property Vegetation Plans

Has Council been notified that the land is subject to a property vegetation plan which is approved and in force under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*, Part 4?

No

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

Has Council been notified by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 5.

17. Biodiversity Certified Land

Is the land biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

Nο

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

18. Orders Under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has Council been notified of an order made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land?

No.

19. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

(1) If the *Coastal Management Act 2016* applies to the council, has the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works?

The Coastal Management Act 2016 does apply to Sutherland Shire. However, in the LGA there are no properties subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services.

(2) In this section—

existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1993, section 553B.

Note. Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Under State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021, Chapter 4 is the land—

(a) in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater, as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17?, or
No

- (b) shown on the Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map?, or No
- (c) shown on the Obstacle Limitation Surface Map?, or No
- (d) in the "public safety area" on the Public Safety Area Map?, or No
- (e) in the "3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone" or the "13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone" on the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map?

 No

Note: State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 does not apply to any land in Sutherland Shire.

21. Development Consent Conditions for Seniors Housing

If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, chapter 3, part 5 applies to the land, are there any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of a kind set out in clause 88 (2) of that Policy?

No

22. Site Compatibility Certificates and Development Consent Conditions for Affordable Rental Housing

- (1) Is there is a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate—
 - (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
 - (b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

None found.

(2) If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

None found.

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

None found.

(4) In this section—former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

Any Other Prescribed Matter

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?
- (b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?

No

(c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?

No

(d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?

No

(e) Is the land subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act?

No

Additional Information

Council holds additional information relating to this property for provision in accordance with Section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

For further information please telephone [02] 9710 0333.

Yours faithfully

Mark Carlon

Manager Strategic Planning



RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES REGULATION 2019



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the Agreement).

- This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms and conditions carefully.
- If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- 3. If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4. The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agree	ement is made on	19 / 12	/2022	at	78 Railway Crescent, Jannali	Between
Landlord					et details of landlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside in New Sc untry in which the landlord ordinarily resides]	outh Wales,
Landlord	1 Name: Yuyan F	u			A.B.N. (if applicable):	
Landlord	telephone number o	or other contact o	details:			
If not in N	ISW, the State, Terri	tory or country (i	f not Austra	alia) i	the landlord ordinarily resides in:	
Landlord	2 Name:				A.B.N. (if applicable):	
Landlord	telephone number of	or other contact of	details:			
If not in N	ISW, the State, Terri	tory or country (i	f not Austra	alia) t	the landlord ordinarily resides in:	
	se details must be p iness address or res				or not there is a landlord's agent.	
	se details must be p				_	
[Insert corp	poration name and b	ousiness address	of landlord	(s) if	landlord(s) is a corporation]	
Tenant [In	sert name of tenant	(s) and contact o	letails]			
Tenant 1	Pro-					
	Phone +64 213	4 8019			Email phillipaj03@gmail.com	
Tenant 2	Name Grace K	athleen Bilbie				
	Phone +02 744	7 8259			Email gracebilbie22@gmail.com	
Tenant 3	Name Analise	Maeve Ward				
	Phone 0493238	3344			Email analiese@hotmail.com	
Tenant 4	Name Amber I	Dawn Single - Ov	vens			
	Phone 0472782	2042			Email adsingle@icloud.com	
Landlord's	s agent details [Ins	ert name of land	lord's agen	t (if a	any) and contact details]	
Licensee	Iglobal Properties	Pty Ltd	-			
Trading a	as Singer Residentia	-			A.B.N. 72 616 517 830	
Address	78 Railway Cresc	ent				
JANNAL	I, NSW				Postcode 2226	
Phone 0	2 9528 8738 F	ax	Mol	oile	0457 056 811 Email info@singerresidential.com.au	
Tenant's a	agent details [Inser	t name of tenant	's agent (if	any)	and contact details]	
Name/s	Trisha singer @	singer Residentia	al		A.B.N. 72616517830	
Address	78 Railway Cres					
					Postcode 2226	
Phone	F	ax	Mol	oile (0405143152 Email trisha@singerresidential.com.au	





Tei	m of agreement					
The	e term of this agre	eement is:				
	6 months					
	12 months					
	2 years					
	3 years					
	5 years					
✓	Other (please sp	pecify): 15 month	S			
	Periodic (no enc	l date)				
sta	rting on 20 /	12 /2022 and en	ding on 20 /12 /2023	[Cross out if not a	applicable]	
			t having a fixed term of more e <i>Real Property Act 1900</i> .	than 3 years, the agr	reement must be an	nexed to the form approved by the
Re	sidential Premise	es .				
The	e residential prem	ises are [Insert addre	ss]			
Α	ddress 7/12-16 [Durhar Avenue				
-	44.000 7712 101	January Wellac				
Sı	uburb KIRRAW	EE			State NSW	Postcode 2232
The	e residential prem	ises include: [Include	any inclusions, for example, a p	oarking space or furnitu	ıre provided. Attach a	dditional pages if necessary.]
G	arage					
The	rosidontial prom	isos do not includo:	[List anything such as a parking s	naco garago or stororo	om which do not form n	art of the residential promises!
1116	residential prem	ises do not include.	List arrything such as a parking s	oace, garage or storeroo	on which do not form p	art of the residential premises;
_						
_						
Rei	nt					
The	e rent is \$ 1000	ре	er week	payable in advance	starting on 20	/12 /2022 .
		33 of the <i>Residential</i> er this Agreement.	Tenancies Act 2010, a landlo	rd, or landlord's agen	it, must not require a	tenant to pay more than 2 weeks
The	e method by whic	h the rent must be pa	id:			
(a)	to Singer Resid	dential	at 78 Railway Cre	scent, Jannali	by cash or	Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), or
(b)	into the followin	g account, iGlobal P	roperties Ptv I td		or any other accor	unt nominated by the landlord:
()	BSB number:	012430	Account number: 46	1751160		
				4734400		
	Account name:	iGlobal Properties Pt	y Ltd			
	Payment refere	nce:				, or
(c)	as follows:					
		_				ch the tenant does not incur a cost and that is reasonably available to
Rei	ntal bond [cros	ss out if there is not go	oing to be a bondl			
	ental bond of \$4		must be paid by the tenant	on signing this agree	ement	
	<u> </u>		e more than 4 weeks rent.	orrorgrang trae agree	ornoria.	
		the rental bond amou				
	•	another person, or				
Н	the landlord's ag	•				
_	_	ig through Rental Bon	ds Online.			
No				nd is paid to the landle	ord or another perso	n, it must be deposited within 10
wo	rking days after it		Trading approved form. If the			ust be deposited within 10 working





IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number	of occupants					
No more than 4		persons may ordinarily live in the	premises at any one time.			
Urgent repairs						
Nominated tradesp	people for urgent repa	airs:				
Electrical repairs:	Ease Electrical			Telephone: 0418 149	9 008	
Plumbing repairs:	Laser Plumbing Cari	ngbah		Telephone: 0466 395	5 312	
Other repairs:				Telephone:		
Water usage						
Will the tenant be r	required to pay separ	ately for water usage?	No If yes, see clau	uses 12 and 13.		
Is electricity suppli	ed to the premises fro	om an embedded network?			Yes	No
	the premises from an				Yes	No
=	-	s if electricity or gas is supplied fro	m an embedded network c	ontact NSW Fair Tradi	ing.	
Smoke alarms						
Indicate whether th	ne smoke alarms insta	alled in the residential premises are	hardwired or battery opera	ated:		
Hardwired smo	oke alarm					
✓ Battery opera	ted smoke alarm					
If the smoke alarm	s are battery operate	d, are the batteries in the smoke a	larms of a kind the tenant o	an replace?	✓ Yes	No
If yes, specify the	type of battery that n	eeds to be used if the battery in the	ne smoke alarm needs to be	e replaced:		
9-volt						
If the smoke alarm	s are hardwired, are t	he back-up batteries in the smoke	alarms of a kind the tenant	can replace?	Yes	No
If yes, specify the	type of back-up batte	ry that needs to be used if the ba	ck-up battery in the smoke	alarm needs to be rep	laced:	
	_	2015 applies to the residential preplacement of smoke alarms in the		ration of the strata	Yes	No
Strata by-laws						
		me by-laws applicable to the resid	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No If yes, se	e clauses 38 a	nd 39.
		electronically [optional] [Cross of				
Residential Tenand	•	the person provides express con iven or served on them by email. Inically.	-			
-		ervice if you check your emails re for electronic service. This will hel	= -	_		
Landlord						
	• '	to the electronic service of notice purpose of serving notices and		Yes No If yes	s, see clause 50).
Tenant						
_	·	o the electronic service of notices be purpose of serving notices and		Yes No If yes	s, see clause 50).
Condition report						

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.





RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

 The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

- The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

- The tenant agrees:
 - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
 - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
 - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

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5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

- 6. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.
- 7. The landlord and the tenant agree:
 - 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
 - 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
 - 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

- 8. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - **8.3** are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

- 10. The landlord agrees to pay:
 - 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
 - 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
 - 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
 - **Note 1.** Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
 - **Note 2.** Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*
 - 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
 - 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
 - 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
 - 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and





10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
 - **Note.** Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*
- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- **11.4** all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- **11.5** any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - **11.6.2** are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

- 12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
 - 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
 - **12.2** the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges and
 - 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
 - 12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute.
 - 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - **12.4.3** all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

- **14.1** to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- **16.1** not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- **16.3** not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- **16.5** not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- **17.4** that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.
- 18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
 - **18.1** to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
 - 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and





- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act)

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. The landlord agrees:

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.
- 19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

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- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- **19.6** to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

- 20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
 - 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
 - 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
 - 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
 - 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
 - **20.5** the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
 - 20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are *urgent repairs* are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted.
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and





- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 22. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 23. The landlord and the tenant agree:
 - 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
 - 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

- 24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
 - 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
 - 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
 - **24.3** if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
 - 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
 - 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time.
 - 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
 - 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
 - 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- 25. The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
 - **25.1** must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
 - **25.2** may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
 - **25.3** must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

- **25.4** must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 26. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- 27. The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

- 28. The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.
 - **Note.** See section 55A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for when a photograph or visual recording is published.
- 29. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

- 30. The tenant agrees:
 - 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
 - 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
 - 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
 - 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
 - **30.5** to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
 - **30.6** to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
- 31. The landlord agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

- 32. The landlord agrees:
 - 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and





- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- **34.** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

- 35. The landlord and the tenant agree that:
 - 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
 - 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
 - 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
 - 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to subletting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

 The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlords reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- 38. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.
- 39. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41. The landlord agrees that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
 - 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
 - 41.2 copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
 - 41.3 a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

42. The landlord agrees to:

- 42.1 ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- **42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- **42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and





- 42.6 repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7 reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.
- **Note 1.** Under section 64A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.
- **Note 2.** Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.
- **Note 3.** A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
- **Note 4.** Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

- 43.1 to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2 that the tenant may only replace a battery in a batteryoperated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3 to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

45. The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

- **46. The landlord agrees** to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:
 - 46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and

46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

- if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

- 48. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:
 - 48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - 48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - 48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

- 51. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:
 - 51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,





- **51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired.
- 51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and
- (b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- (c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement. ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

5 4	The t	onont oarooc
	54.1	to cuporvice and keep the animal within the promises, and
	54.2	to oncure that the enimal door not cause a puisance or
		breach the rescensible peace, comfort or privacy of peighboure, and
	E4 2	to ancure that the animal is registered and micro chinned it
		required under law, and

pay the cost of having the cornet professionally cleaned at the and of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential promises during the tenancy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

oo. Tric ianalora ana tenan	56.	The	landlord	and	tenant
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56.1	agree that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated						
	/	/	(insert a date if the landlord and				
	and tenant agree to this clause) forms part of this agreement,						

56.2 acknowledge that the tenant's responses in that condition report form part of this agreement, and

56.3 agree that two physical copies of that condition report, or one electronic copy, have been given to the tenant on or before the date of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

- 57. Further to clauses 16 and 17 and subject to any applicable by-law, the tenant agrees:
 - 57.1 to use the residential premises for residential purposes only:
 - 57.2 not to use, advertise for use, sub-let, licence, transfer or otherwise part with possession of the whole or any part of the residential premises for the purpose of giving a person the right to occupy the residential premises for the purpose of a holiday, without the prior written consent of the landlord where such consent may be refused in the landlord's absolute discretion;
 - **57.3** to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;
 - **57.4** to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;
 - 57.5 to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;
 - 57.6 to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;
 - 57.7 to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;
 - 57.8 to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal:
 - 57.9 to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim;
 - **57.10** to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;
 - 57.11 to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;
 - 57.12 not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;
 - 57.13 not to store rubbish, unregistered vehicles, any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas (with the exception of petrol or gas stored in the fuel tank of any registered motor vehicle) or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material on the residential premises, and storage of any items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and
 - 57.14 to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

58. The tenant agrees:

58.1 to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and





58.2 the availability of telephone or fax lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services) are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND

- 59. The tenant agrees:
 - 59.1 to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and
 - **59.2** not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.
- 60. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

- 61. The tenant agrees:
 - 61.1 not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, and
 - 61.2 to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

- 52. The tenant acknowledges that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.
- 63. The tenant agrees:
 - 63.1 upon termination of this agreement, to:
 - (a) promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.
 - (b) promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and
 - comply with its obligations in clause 18 of this agreement; and
 - that the tenant's obligations under this agreement continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.
- 64. Notwithstanding any termination of this agreement, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement.
- 65. The landlord and the tenant agree that:
 - **65.1** any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement; and
 - 65.2 the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note: Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note: If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 87(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

- 66. The tenant acknowledges and agrees:
 - 66.1 to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title rules relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;
 - 66.2 where the residential premises are subject to the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and/or management statements and any applicable law;
 - 66.3 where the residential premises are a flat (not subject to the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989), to comply with any applicable law and the special conditions contained in Schedule A of this agreement and any other special conditions as notified to the tenant from time to time; and
 - 66.4 that, at the tenant's cost, the owners corporation or strata managing agent may dispose of abandoned goods, perishable goods or rubbish left on common property.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOLS

(This clause does not apply when there is no pool on the residential premises)

- **67.** Unless otherwise agreed by the landlord and tenant in writing, **the tenant agrees**:
 - 67.1 to vacuum, brush and clean the pool, backwash the filter and empty the leaf basket(s) regularly keeping them free from leaf litter and other debris;
 - 67.2 to have the pool water tested once a month at a pool shop and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water clean and clear;
 - 67.3 to keep the water level above the filter inlet at all times;
 - **67.4** to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent as soon as practicable of any problems with the pool or equipment, safety gate, access door, fence or barrier;
 - 67.5 not to interfere with the operation of any pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier including not propping or holding open any safety gate or access door, nor leaving any item or object near a pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier which would aid or allow access by children to the pool area or allow children to climb the pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier; and
 - **67.6** to ensure that the pool safety gate or access door is self-closing at all times.





ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of less than 2 years):

- By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:
 - the rent will be increased to

\$		per		
	on	/	/	; and
to \$		per		
	on	/	/	; or
the rent increa	se can be calcula	ted by th	e followi	ng

68.2

(

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is pavable.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of 2 years or more):

- By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:
 - the rent will be increased to

\$		per		
	on	/	/	; and
to	\$	per		
	on	/	/	; or

the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS **AGREEMENT**

- 70. For avoidance of doubt:
 - a condition report which accompanies this agreement, forms part of this agreement;
 - 70.2 a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report; and

70.3 if the tenant fails to return the condition report to the landlord or the landlord's agent within 7 days after taking possession of the residential premises, then the tenant is deemed to have accepted the landlord's signed condition report and that report forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANT OBLIGATIONS

71. The tenant agrees:

- to reimburse the landlord, within 30 days of being requested to do so, for:
 - any call out fees payable where the call out has been arranged with the tenant and the tenant has failed to provide access to the residential premises for any reason, preventing the relevant service from taking place:
 - any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and
 - any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the failure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;
- 71.2 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 42 of this agreement; and
- to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other 71.3 authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

72. The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is no garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

- The tenant agrees that if the premises include a garage then the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods or personal belongings.
- 74. The landlord gives no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

75. The tenant agrees to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.





76. The landlord agrees to provide to the tenant's agent (if appointed) all notices and documents that it gives to the tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

- 77. Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 24.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.
- 78. The tenant agrees that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 24.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

written notification.

79. The Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) (the Act) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord. The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

- (a) identify and verify the tenant's identity;
- (b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;
- assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;
- (d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;
- (e) contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;
- (f) comply with any applicable law;
- (g) liaise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;
- (h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;
- process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and
- (i) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and

applicable tribunals, third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods, and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, and unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant fails to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.

The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant does not wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box:

or otherwise notify the landlord and /or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges** that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and **the tenant authorises** the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.





ADDITIONAL TERM - ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- 80. The landlord and tenant each acknowledge that:
 - **80.1** the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement;
 - **80.2** the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:
 - (a) they do not contravene the *Residential Tenancies Act* 2010 (NSW), the *Residential Tenancies Regulation* 2019 (NSW) or any other Act; and
 - they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement; and
 - **80.3** The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales Limited (REINSW) is not and cannot be responsible for the drafting and content of any additional terms and/or conditions that are included in any annexure to this agreement.





SCHEDULE A

SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS

Special Condition 1 - Vehicles

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common area, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common area, except with the prior written approval of the landlord or as permitted by a sign authorised by the landlord.

Special Condition 2 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord:

- damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or
- use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common areas

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common areas by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Special Condition 4 - Noise

The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, must not create any noise in the flat or the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Behaviour of tenants and invitees

- (a) The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using the common area.
- (b) The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their invitees:
 - do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area; and
 - (ii) without limiting paragraph (b)(i), comply with Special Condition 5(a).

Special Condition 6 - Children playing on common areas in building

Any child for whom the tenant is responsible may play on any area of the common area that is designated by the landlord for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision. The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 7 - Smoke penetration

The tenant, and any invitee of the tenant, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common area, except:

- (a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the landlord, or
- (b) with the written approval of the landlord.

The tenant who is permitted under this Special Condition to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common area must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other flat. The tenant must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, in the flat does not penetrate to the common area or any other flat.

Special Condition 8 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees to do any thing in the flat or common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or common areas.

Special Condition 9 - Storage of inflammable, dangerous or hazardous liquids and other substances and materials

- (a) The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord, use or store in the flat, garage or carport or on the common area any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 10 - Appearance of flat

- (a) The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with Special Condition 12.

Special Condition 11 - Cleaning windows and doors

- (a) Except in circumstances referred to in Special Condition 11(b), the tenant is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.
- (b) The landlord is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the tenant safely or at all.

Special Condition 12 - Hanging out of washing

The tenant may hang any washing on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose. The tenant may hang washing on any part of the flat other than over the balcony railings. In each case, the washing may only be hung for a reasonable period. In this Special Condition, "washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Special Condition 13 - Disposal of waste - bins for individual flats (applicable where individual flats have bins)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on the common area;
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste;
 - maintain bins for waste within the flat, or on any part of the common area that is authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered;
 - (vi) not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier:
 - (vii) place the bins within an area designated for collection by the landlord not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the flat or other area authorised for the bins; and
 - (vii) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.





- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 14 - Disposal of waste - shared bins (applicable where bins are shared by flats)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common area; and
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 15 - Change in use or occupation of flat to be notified

- (a) The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat.
- (b) Without limiting Special Condition 15(a), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes); and
 - a change to the use of the flat for short-term or holiday letting.
- (c) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

Special Condition 16 - Compliance with planning and other requirements

The tenant must ensure that the flat is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law and that the flat is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the flat.





NOTES.

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989.*

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLODD /LANDLODD'S AGENT



RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT



THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*.

Joshua Singer	22/12/2022	
(Signature of landlord/landlord's agent)	(Date)	
LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT		
The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of scontents of an information statement published by NSW F	igning this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the air Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.	
Docusigned by: Joshua Singer	22/12/2022	
(Signature of landlord/landlord's agent)		
	nt unless they have first obtained from the landlord a written statement that the mation statement published by NSW Fair Trading setting out the landlord's rights an	
SIGNED BY THE TENANT		
DocuSigned by:	DocuSigned by:	
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)	
21/12/2022	21/12/2022	
(Date)	(Date)	
Docusigned by:	DocuSigned by: Mingle . And	
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)	
20/12/2022	20/12/2022	
(Date)	(Date)	
TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT		
The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signiformation statement published by NSW Fair Trading.	ning this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an	
DocuSigned by:	DocuSigned by:	
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)	
21/12/2022	21/12/2022	
(Date)	(Date)	
Docusigned by:	DocuSigned by: Marghe . And	
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)	
20/12/2022	20/12/2022	
(Date)	(Date)	

(a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
(b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

ANNEXURE



If applicable, include additional Terms and Conditions below

- The tenant/s agree that upon termination of this agreement to leave the operating instructions which may have been supplied at the commencement of the agreement for any appliance or equipment installed in the premises. All appliances and equipment shall be kept and maintained in a clean, good working order and condition throughout the term of the agreement. In the event of a failure due to negligent or improper use of the appliance or equipment by the tenants, the tenants at their own coat should immediately arrange for the repair of the appliance or equipment. Failing which, the landlord/agent shall be entitled to have necessary repairs and cost of such shall immediately become due and payable in addition to the rent of the premises. Failure on the part of the tenants in this regard shall constitute a breach by the tenant of this agreement.
- The tenant/s acknowledge that they are responsible for their own contents insurance for furniture and personal belongings.
- The tenant agrees to place bottles, cartons, papers and household rubbish outside the premises in the garbage receptacles with a property fitted lid and shall not allow such items to accumulate within the grounds or precinct of subject premises.
- The tenant/s agree that any cost incurred by the landlord/agent in clearing any blockage in sewer/drainage lines caused by the tenant placing anything likely to cause obstruction or damage down any sink, toilet or drain, shall be paid by the tenant.
- The tenant/s agree to pay for water used under the user's pay method to the managing agent within 21 days of notice.
- The tenant/s agree to use felt pads underneath their furniture items to avoid scratches to the timber floors. This includes bedding, tables, chairs & anything else. They also agree to care and maintain floating timber floors in the appropriate manner, i.e. floors are to be cleaned with a damp mop only, and to come into contact with very little moister.
- The tenant agree to use non-abrasive cleaning products to lean the stainless steel appliances to avoid scratching the surfaces.
- The tenant/s agree there will be no smoking inside of the property at any time during the tenancy. If the tenant or any of their quests wish to smoke, they must do so outside with the door closed behind them.
- The tenant/s understand that no animals are permitted to reside in or outside the premises without written permission from the landlord. If a pet is permitted by the landlord, the tenant/s agree to have the carpets professionally steam cleaned upon vacating the property.
- The tenant/s agree to allow access for the service of smoke alarms in the property by a company or person chosen by the landlord/agent.
- The tenant/s shall not mark, drive in nails, screws, hooks nor place adhesive fitting or 'blu tac' or anyway deface or damage any part of the subject premises without the landlords/agent written consent.
- The tenant understands that they are responsible for regular maintenance of the lawns and gardens during the term of the tenancy. At the end of the tenancy, the gardens are to be weed free, hedges and bushes are to be trimmed in a tidy manner, lawns mowed/edged and clippings removed.



March 2020

Tenant information statement

What you must know before you start renting

Starting a tenancy

Landlords or agents must give all tenants a copy of this **Tenant information statement** before signing a residential tenancy agreement.

Make sure you read this information statement thoroughly before you sign a residential tenancy agreement. Ask questions if there is anything in the agreement that you do not understand.

Remember, you are committing to a legally binding contract with no cooling-off period. You want to be certain you understand and agree to what you are signing.

The landlord or agent must:

- ensure the property is vacant, reasonably clean, fit to live in and in good repair at the start of the tenancy
- provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair
- meet health and safety laws (e.g. pool fencing, electrical installations, smoke alarms, window and balcony safety)
- · ensure the property is reasonably secure
- respect your privacy and follow entry and notice requirements.

When renting, you must:

- · pay the rent on time
- keep the property reasonably clean and undamaged and leave it in the same condition it was in when you moved in (fair wear and tear excepted)
- not use the property for anything illegal
- follow the terms of the tenancy agreement
- respect your neighbours' right to peace, comfort and privacy

What you must be told before you sign an agreement

Sometimes a rental property has something in its history that you should know before you sign an agreement.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if the property is:

- planned to be sold
- subject to court proceedings where the mortgagee is trying to take possession of the property
- in a strata scheme and a strata renewal committee is currently established for the strata scheme.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if they are aware of any of the following facts. If the property:

- has been subject to flooding from a natural weather event or bushfire in the last 5 years
- has significant health or safety risks (unless obvious to a reasonable person when the property is inspected)
- has been the scene of a serious violent crime (e.g. murder or aggravated assault) in the last 5 years
- is listed on the loose-fill asbestos insulation register
- has been used to manufacture or cultivate a prohibited drug or prohibited plant in the last 2 years
- is part of a building where a fire safety or building product rectification order (or a notice of intention to issue one of these orders) has been issued regarding external combustible cladding
- is part of a building where a development or complying development certificate application for rectification has been lodged regarding external combustible cladding
- is in a strata scheme where scheduled rectification work or major repairs will be carried out to common property during the fixed term of the agreement
- is affected by zoning or laws that will not allow you to obtain a parking permit, and only paid parking is available in the area
- is provided with any council waste services that are different to other properties in the council area
- has a driveway or walkway that others can legally use.

Penalties apply to landlords or agents if any of the above is not done.

What you must be given before you sign an agreement

Before you sign an agreement or move into the property, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- · a copy of this Tenant information statement
- a copy of the proposed tenancy agreement, filled out in the spaces provided
- 2 hard copies, or 1 electronic copy, of the condition report for the property completed by the landlord or agent
- a copy of the by-laws, if the property is in a strata scheme.

What you must be given at the time you sign an agreement

At the time you sign the agreement, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

 for any swimming or spa pools on the property, a valid certificate of compliance or occupation certificate (issued within the last 3 years). This does not apply if you are renting a property in a strata or community scheme that has more than 2 lots.

Before or at the start of the tenancy

The landlord or agent must give you:

 a copy of the key (or other opening device or information) to open any lock or security device for the rented property or common property, at no cost to you or any tenant named in the agreement

The property must be fit to live in

The property must be reasonably clean, fit to live in and in a reasonable state of repair.

To be fit to live in, the property must (at a minimum):

- 1. be structurally sound
- 2. have adequate natural or artificial lighting in each room, except storage rooms or garages
- 3. have adequate ventilation
- 4. be supplied with electricity or gas, and have enough electricity or gas sockets for lighting, heating and other appliances
- 5. have adequate plumbing and drainage
- have a water connection that can supply hot and cold water for drinking, washing and cleaning
- 7. have bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow users' privacy.

The property could have other issues that may make it unfit for you to live in, even if it meets the

above 7 minimum standards. Before you rent the property, you should tell the landlord or agent to take steps (such as make repairs) to make sure the property is fit to live in.

Residential tenancy agreement

The tenancy agreement is a legal agreement. It must include certain standard terms that cannot be changed or deleted. It may also include additional terms. Verbal agreements are still binding on you and the landlord.

Condition report

You should have already received a copy of the condition report, completed by the landlord or agent, before you signed the agreement. This is an important piece of evidence and you should take the time to check the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy. If you do not complete the report accurately, money could be taken out of your bond (after you move out) to pay for damage that was already there when you moved in.

You must complete and give a copy of the condition report to your landlord or agent within 7 days after moving into the property. You must also keep a copy of the completed report.

Rent, receipts and records

Rent is a regular payment you make to the landlord to be able to live in the property. You cannot be asked to pay more than 2 weeks' rent in advance. Your landlord or agent cannot demand more rent until it is due.

Your landlord or agent can serve you with 14 days' termination notice if you are more than 14 days behind with the rent.

Your landlord or agent must:

- give you rent receipts (unless rent is paid into a nominated bank account)
- · keep a record of rent you pay
- provide you with a copy of the rent record within 7 days of your written request for it.

Rental bonds

The bond is money you may have to pay at the start of the tenancy as security. It must be in the form of money and not as a guarantee. Your landlord or agent can only ask for 1 bond for a tenancy agreement. The bond payable cannot be more than 4 weeks rent. If the landlord agrees, you can pay the bond in instalments.

Your landlord or agent cannot make you pay a bond before the tenancy agreement is signed. If you pay the bond directly to Fair Trading using Rental Bonds Online (RBO) the landlord or agent will receive confirmation of this before they finalise the tenancy agreement.

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Your landlord or agent must give you the option to use RBO to pay your bond. You can use RBO to securely pay your bond direct to NSW Fair Trading using a credit card or BPAY, without the need to fill out and sign a bond lodgement form. Once registered, you can continue to use your RBO account for future tenancies.

If you decide not to use RBO, you can ask your agent or landlord for a paper bond lodgement form for you to sign, so that it can be lodged with Fair Trading. The landlord must deposit any bond you pay them with Fair Trading within 10 working days. If the bond is paid to the agent, the agent must deposit the bond with Fair Trading within 10 working days after the end of the month in which the bond was paid.

Discrimination when applying for rental property

It is against the law for a landlord or agent to discriminate on the grounds of your race, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status or pregnancy.

If you feel that a landlord or agent has declined your tenancy application or has treated you less favourably because of the above, you can contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board on 1800 670 812 or the Australian Human Rights Commission on 1300 656 419.

It is not against the law if a landlord or agent chooses not to have a tenant who smokes, or has a poor tenancy history or issues with rent payments.

Communicating with your landlord or agent

Your landlord must provide you with their name and a way for you to contact them directly, even if your landlord has an agent.

This information must be given to you in writing before or when you sign the tenancy agreement, or it can be included in the agreement you sign. Your landlord must also let you know, in writing, within 14 days of any changes to their details.

Some formal communication between you and the landlord or agent must be in writing to be valid, for example, termination notices. You can use email to serve notices or other documents but only if the landlord or agent has given you permission to use their nominated email address for this purpose.

During the tenancy

Can rent be increased during the tenancy?

For a fixed-term of less than 2 years, rent can only be increased during the fixed-term if the agreement sets out the increased amount or how the increase will be calculated. No written notice of the increase is required.

For a fixed-term of 2 years or more, or for a periodic agreement (i.e. where the fixed-term has expired or no fixed-term is specified), the rent can only be increased once in a 12-month period. You must get at least 60 days written notice.

Paying for electricity, gas and water usage

You may have to pay the cost for certain utilities as set out in the agreement. For example, you will pay for all:

- electricity, non-bottled gas or oil supply charges if the property is separately metered. Some exceptions apply for electricity or gas
- charges for the supply of bottled gas during the tenancy.

There are limits on when you need to pay for water usage charges. You can only be asked to pay for water usage if the property is separately metered (or water is delivered by vehicle) and meets the following water efficiency measures:

- all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- all internal cold-water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- any leaking taps or toilets on the property are fixed at the start of the agreement and whenever other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded
- from 23 March 2025, toilets are dual flush and have a minimum 3-star WELS rating.

Repairs and maintenance

The property must always be fit for you to live in. The landlord is responsible for any repairs or maintenance, so the property is in a reasonable state of repair. They must also ensure the property meets health and safety laws.

You are responsible for looking after the property and keeping it clean and undamaged. If the property includes a yard, lawns and gardens, you must also keep these areas neat and tidy.

You need to tell your landlord or the agent of any necessary repairs or damage as soon as possible. They are responsible for arranging and paying for the repair costs unless you caused or allowed the damage. You are not responsible for any damage caused by a perpetrator of domestic violence during a domestic violence offence.

If the repair is an **urgent repair** e.g. where there is a burst water service, a blocked or broken toilet, a gas leak or dangerous electrical fault, your landlord or agent should organise these repairs as soon as reasonably possible, after being notified. If they do not respond to an urgent repair, you may be able to organise the work yourself and be reimbursed

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a maximum amount of \$1,000 within 14 days from requesting payment in writing. A list of **urgent repairs** is available on the <u>Fair Trading website</u>.

You can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if your landlord refuses or does not provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair. Similarly, your landlord can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if you refuse or do not repair damage you have caused or allowed. You can also apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) if your landlord does not carry out repairs.

Smoke alarms must be working

Landlords must ensure that smoke alarms are installed on all levels of the property. Your landlord must maintain the smoke alarms in your property to ensure they are working.

You should notify your landlord or agent if a smoke alarm is not working. They are responsible for repairing (including replacing a battery) or replacing a smoke alarm within 2 business days after they become aware that it is not working. You can choose to replace a removable battery if it needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if

needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if and when you do this. You are not responsible for maintaining, repairing or replacing a smoke alarm. However, there are some circumstances where you can arrange for a smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced.

Privacy and access

You have the right to reasonable peace, comfort and privacy when renting. Tenancy laws restrict when and how often your landlord, agent or other authorised person can enter the property during the tenancy. Your landlord, agent or authorised person can enter the property without your consent in certain circumstances if proper notice (if applicable) is provided.

For example:

- in an emergency, no notice is necessary
- · if the Tribunal orders that access is allowed
- to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs or maintenance of the property, if you have been given at least 2 days' notice
- to carry out **urgent repairs**, no notice is necessary
- to carry out repairs or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 1 hours' notice
- to inspect or assess the need for repair or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 2 business days' notice
- to carry out a general inspection of the property if you have been given at least 7 days' written notice (no more than 4 inspections during a 12-month period).

How to make 'minor' changes to the property

You can only make minor changes to the property with your landlord's written consent, or if the agreement allows it. Your landlord can only refuse your request if it is reasonable to do so e.g. if the work involves structural changes or is inconsistent with the nature of the property.

There are certain types of 'minor' changes where it would be unreasonable for your landlord to refuse consent. For example:

- secure furniture to a non-tiled wall for safety reasons
- fit a childproof latch to an outdoor gate in a single dwelling
- · insert fly screens on windows
- install or replace internal window covering (e.g. curtains)
- install cleats or cord guides to secure blind or curtain cords
- · install child safety gates inside the property
- install window safety devices for child safety (non-strata only)
- install hand-held shower heads or lever-style taps to assist elderly or disabled occupants
- install or replace hooks, nails or screws for hanging pictures etc.
- · install a phone line or internet connection
- plant vegetables, flowers, herbs or shrubs in the garden
- install wireless removable outdoor security camera
- apply shatter-resistant film to window or glass doors
- make changes that don't penetrate a surface, or permanently modify a surface, fixture or structure of the property.

Some exceptions apply. The landlord can also require that certain minor changes be carried out by a qualified person.

You will be responsible for paying for the changes and for any damage you cause to the property. Certain rules apply for removing any modifications at the end of the tenancy.

Your rights in circumstances of domestic violence

Every person has the right to feel safe and live free from domestic violence. If you or your dependent child are experiencing domestic violence in a rental property, there are options available to you to improve your safety.

If you or your dependent child need to escape violence, you can end your tenancy immediately,

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without penalty. To do this you must give your landlord a termination notice with the relevant evidence and give a termination notice to any cotenants.

Or, if you wish to stay in your home, you can apply to the Tribunal for an order to end the tenancy of the perpetrator (if they are another co-tenant).

A tenant or any innocent co-tenant is not liable for property damage caused by the perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

Ending the tenancy

Termination notice must be given

A tenancy agreement is a legally binding agreement that can only be ended in certain ways. A tenancy will usually be ended by you or your landlord giving notice to the other party and you vacating on or after the date specified in the notice.

To end a tenancy, you need to give the landlord or agent a written termination notice with the applicable notice period. In some cases, you can apply directly to the Tribunal for a termination order without issuing a termination notice (for example if you are experiencing hardship).

If you do not leave by the date specified in the termination notice, the landlord or agent can apply to the Tribunal for termination and possession orders. If you do not comply with the Tribunal order, only a Sheriff's Officer can legally remove you from the property under a warrant for possession.

You cannot be locked out of your home under any circumstances unless a Sheriff's Officer is enforcing a warrant for possession issued by the Tribunal or a court.

Break fee for ending a fixed term agreement early

If you end a fixed term agreement early that is for 3 years or less, mandatory break fees may apply based on the stage of the agreement. If it applies, the set fee payable will be:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than
 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than
 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The break fee does not apply if you end the agreement early for a reason allowed under the Act.

Getting the rental bond returned

You should receive the bond in full at the end of the tenancy unless there is a reason for the landlord to make a claim against the bond. For example if:

- rent or other charges (e.g. unpaid water usage bills, break fee) are owing
- copies of the keys were not given back and the locks needed to be changed
- you caused damage or did not leave the property in a reasonably clean condition compared to the original condition report, apart from 'fair wear and tear'.

You are not liable for fair wear and tear to the property that occurs over time with the use of the property, even when the property receives reasonable care and maintenance.

Checklist

You should only sign the agreement when you can answer **Yes** to the following.

The tenancy agreement

I have read the agreement and asked questions if there were things I did not understand.
I understand the fixed-term of the agreement is negotiated before I sign, which means it can be for 6 months, 12 months, or some other period.
I understand that I must be offered at least one way to pay the rent that does not involve paying a fee to a third party.
I understand that any additional terms to the agreement can be negotiated before I sign.
☐ I have checked that all additional terms to the agreement are allowed. For example, the agreement does not include a term requiring me to have the carpet professionally cleaned when I leave, unless it is required because the landlord has allowed me to keep a pet on the property.
Promised repairs
For any promises the landlord or agent makes to fix anything (e.g. replace the oven, etc.) or do other work (e.g. paint a room, clean up the backyard, etc.):
☐ I have made sure these have already been done or
 I have an undertaking in writing (before signing the agreement) that they will be done.

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Upfront costs

- I am **not** required to pay:
 - more than 2 weeks rent in advance
 - more than 4 weeks rent as a rental bond.
- ☐ I am **not** being charged for:
 - the cost of preparing the tenancy agreement
 - the initial supply of keys and other opening devices to each tenant named in the agreement
 - being allowed to keep a pet on the property.

Top tips for problem-free renting

Some useful tips to help avoid problems when renting:

- Keep a copy of your agreement, condition report, rent receipts, Rental Bond Number and copies of letters/emails you send or receive in a safe place where you can easily find them later.
- Photos are a great way to record the condition of the property when you first move in.
 Take date-stamped photos of the property, especially areas that are damaged or unclean.
 Keep these photos in case the landlord objects to returning your bond at the end of your tenancy.
- Comply with the terms of your agreement and never stop paying your rent, even if you don't think the landlord is complying with their side of the agreement (e.g. by failing to do repairs). You could end up being evicted if you do.
- Never make any changes to the property, or let other people move in without asking the landlord or agent for permission first.
- Keep a written record of your dealings with the landlord or agent (for example by keeping copies of emails or a diary record of your conversations, including the times and dates, who you spoke to and what they agreed to do).
 It is helpful to have any agreements in writing, for example requests for repairs. This is a useful record and can also assist if there is a dispute.

- Consider taking out home contents insurance to cover your belongings in case of theft, fires and natural disasters. The landlord's building insurance, if they have it, will not cover your belongings.
- If the property has a pool or garden, be clear about what the landlord or agent expects you to do to maintain them.
- Be careful with what you sign relating to your tenancy and do not let anybody rush you. Never sign a blank form, such as a 'Claim for refund of bond' form.
- If you are happy in the property and your agreement is going to end, consider asking for the agreement to be renewed for another fixedterm. This will remove any worry about being unexpectedly asked to leave and can help to lock in the rent for the next period.

More information

Visit the Fair Trading website or call 13 32 20 for more information about your renting rights and responsibilities. The NSW Government funds a range of community-based Tenants Advice and Advocacy Services across NSW to provide advice, information and advocacy to tenants. Visit the Tenants' Union website at tenants.org.au

fairtrading.nsw.gov.au

13 32 20

Language assistance 13 14 50 (ask for an interpreter in your language)

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For more information about this topic, refer to the appropriate legislation.

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Certificate Of Completion

Envelope Id: 815807FE20B542E4A30F5B1C4F2847D1

Subject: Sign Request new tenancy agreement 7/12 durbar Ave Kirrawee

Source Envelope:

Document Pages: 25 Signatures: 10 Certificate Pages: 5 Initials: 0

AutoNav: Enabled

Envelopeld Stamping: Enabled

Time Zone: (UTC+10:00) Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney

Status: Completed

Envelope Originator: Joshua Singer

info@singerresidential.com.au IP Address: 54.252.226.73

Record Tracking

Status: Original

19-12-2022 | 12:16

Holder: Joshua Singer

info@singerresidential.com.au

Location: DocuSign

Signer Events

Amber Dawn Single - Owens adsingle@icloud.com

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(None)

Signature

Signature Adoption: Drawn on Device Using IP Address: 202.74.197.210 Signed using mobile

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Accepted: 20-12-2022 | 07:00

ID: e4fd21f8-252d-4772-8466-193877876dc2

Analiese Maeve Ward Donovan analiese@hotmail.co.nz

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(None)

Signature Adoption: Drawn on Device Using IP Address: 47.72.239.152

Timestamp

Sent: 19-12-2022 | 12:16 Viewed: 20-12-2022 | 07:00 Signed: 20-12-2022 | 07:06

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Accepted: 20-12-2022 | 17:14

ID: 7ec55b03-6772-4125-a3bb-0725a840a805

Grace Kathleen Bilbie gracebilbie22@gmail.com

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(None)

Signature Adoption: Drawn on Device Using IP Address: 115.189.133.252

Signed using mobile

Sent: 19-12-2022 | 12:16 Viewed: 21-12-2022 | 14:29

Sent: 19-12-2022 | 12:16

Resent: 19-12-2022 | 12:38

Viewed: 20-12-2022 | 17:14

Signed: 20-12-2022 | 19:25

Signed: 21-12-2022 | 14:31

Sent: 19-12-2022 | 12:16

Viewed: 21-12-2022 | 00:12

Signed: 21-12-2022 | 19:37

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Accepted: 21-12-2022 | 14:29

ID: b53ef540-c176-4490-9ab6-24a08ff67de8

Phillipa Grace Johnston phillipaj03@gmail.com

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(None)

4E6FF3570FA0433..

Signature Adoption: Drawn on Device Using IP Address: 1.145.101.8

Signed using mobile

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Accepted: 21-12-2022 | 00:12

ID: 887ac4ba-357a-406e-9806-fb4a40cbf890

Signer Events

Joshua Singer

joshua@singerresidential.com.au

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(None)

Signature

Joshua Singer 96C9AF04A7B5457...

Timestamp Sent: 21-12-2022 | 19:37

Viewed: 22-12-2022 | 08:29 Signed: 22-12-2022 | 08:29

Signature Adoption: Pre-selected Style Using IP Address: 101.191.14.61

Signed using mobile

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Accepted: 22-12-2022 | 08:29 ID: b8df289d-6216-4748-85a5-1a221d7c0773

In Person Signer Events	Signature	Timestamp	
Editor Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp	
Agent Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp	
Intermediary Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp	
Certified Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp	
Carbon Copy Events	Status	Timestamp	
Witness Events	Signature	Timestamp	
Notary Events	Signature	Timestamp	
Envelope Summary Events	Status	Timestamps	
Envelope Sent Certified Delivered Signing Complete Completed	Hashed/Encrypted Security Checked Security Checked Security Checked	19-12-2022 12:16 22-12-2022 08:29 22-12-2022 08:29 22-12-2022 08:29	
Payment Events	Status	Timestamps	
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Required hardware and software

Operating Systems:	Windows2000? or WindowsXP?	
Browsers (for SENDERS):	Internet Explorer 6.0? or above	
Browsers (for SIGNERS):	Internet Explorer 6.0?, Mozilla FireFox 1.0,	
	NetScape 7.2 (or above)	
Email:	Access to a valid email account	
Screen Resolution:	800 x 600 minimum	
Enabled Security Settings:		
	•Allow per session cookies	
	•Users accessing the internet behind a Proxy	
	Server must enable HTTP 1.1 settings via	
	proxy connection	

^{**} These minimum requirements are subject to change. If these requirements change, we will provide you with an email message at the email address we have on file for you at that time providing you with the revised hardware and software requirements, at which time you will have the right to withdraw your consent.

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