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The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales.

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	eC	eCOS ID: 118472461		NSW	DAN:	
vendor's agent	Skyline Real Estate	e Real Estate				Phone:	02 9452 3444
	3/14 Frenchs Forest Rd E, Frenchs Forest NSW 2086					Fax:	
co-agent	Ref: Damien Dwyer						
vendor	JAYNETTE NOELINE COLEMAN						
	8 Dresden Avenue, Beacon HIII NSW 2100						
vendor's solicitor						02 9981 1211	
					Fax:		
date for completion	letion 84 days after the contract date (clause 15) Email: ainsley@smosslegal.com.au						
land	8 DRESDEN AVENUE, BEACON HILL NSW 2100						
(Address, plan details and title reference)							
,	4/204723						
	✓ VACANT POSSESSIO	ON 🔲 Subject	to existing ter	ancies			
improvements	✓ HOUSE ☐ gara	age 🗌 carport	☐ home ι	ınit 🗌 carspa	ice 🗌 st	orage space	9
	none oth	er:					
attached copies	documents in the l	ist of Documents as	marked or as	numbered:			
	other documents:						
A real	estate agent is permitted	d by <i>legislation</i> to fi	ll up the item	in this box in a s	ale of reside	ntial prope	rty.
inclusions			othes line		verings	☐ range hood ☐ solar panels	
			tains	ıs			
	🗹 built-in ward	robes 🔲 dish	nwasher	☑ light fittings		√ stove	
	ceiling fans	☐ EV o	charger	✓ pool equipment ✓ TV antenna			itenna
	✓ other: smoł	e detector					
exclusions							
purchaser							
purchaser's solicitor Phone:							
Fax:							
Price	\$ Ref:						
deposit	\$ (10% of the price, unless otherwise stated			otherwise stated)			
balance	\$						
contract date				(if not	stated, the	date this co	ntract was made)
		☐ JOINT TENANT	S				
Where there is mor	e than one purchaser	tenants in com	ımon	in unequal share	es, specify:		
				'	, , ,		
GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$							
buyer's agent							
22,210 282110							
Note: Clause 20.15	provides "Where this cor	tract provides for cl	hoices, a choic	e in BLOCK CAPIT	ALS applies ι	unless a diff	erent choice is

2023301 118472461

marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	PURCHASER			
Signed By	Signed By			
Vendor	Purchaser			
Vendor	Purchaser			
VENDOR (COMPANY)	PURCHASER (COMPANY)			
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:	Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:			
Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person			
Name of authorised person Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person Name of authorised person			
Office held	Office held			

	3		Land - 2022 edition			
vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i>	√ NO	yes				
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 4)	PEXA					
Manual transaction (clause 30)	✓ NO	yes				
		r must provide further detai the space below):	ls, including any applicable			
Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise th	nis is correct as	far as each <i>party</i> is aware)				
land tax is adjustable	√ NO	yes				
GST: Taxable supply	√ NO	yes in full	yes to an extent			
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the follow	✓ NO ing may apply)	yes the sale is:				
not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))						
by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))						
GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern	n under section	n 38-325				
GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm	ı land supplied	for farming under Subdivision	on 38-0			
$oldsymbol{ ot}$ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential prer	nises (sections	40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)				
Purchaser must make an <i>GSTRW payment</i> (residential withholding payment)	✓ NO	yes(if yes, vendor mus further details)	t provide			
If the details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.						
GSTRW payment (GST residentia	l withholding	payment) – further details				
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.						
Supplier's name:						
Supplier's ABN:						
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):						
Supplier's business address:						
Supplier's representative:						
Supplier's phone number:						
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$						
If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.						
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the RW rate (residential withholding rate): \$						
Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):						
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? NO yes						
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$						
Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):						

List of Documents

General		Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)			
✓	1	property certificate for the land		33	property certificate for strata common property
V	2	plan of the land	\Box		plan creating strata common property
	3	unregistered plan of the land	一		strata by-laws
	4	plan of land to be subdivided	\Box		strata development contract or statement
	5	document to be lodged with a relevant plan			strata management statement
V	6	section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental	ΙĦ		strata renewal proposal
		Planning and Assessment Act 1979	ᆸ		
✓	7	additional information included in that certificate under	一	40	leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
		section 10.7(5)			property certificate for neighbourhood property
V	8	sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location	日日	42	plan creating neighbourhood property
	0	diagram)	$\mid \; \exists \mid$	43	neighbourhood development contract
		sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)	ᅡ片	44	neighbourhood management statement
╽╙	10	document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant			property certificate for precinct property
		disclosed in this contract	ᅵ爿	45	
	11	planning agreement	ᅵ片	46	plan creating precinct property
		section 88G certificate (positive covenant)		47	·
		survey report	╽╠	48	precinct management statement
		building information certificate or building certificate given	ᅵ片	49	property certificate for community property
_		under legislation		50	plan creating community property
	15	occupation certificate	ᅡ片	51	, ,
	16	lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	片片		community management statement
	17	other document relevant to tenancies	ᅡ片	53	3 7
	18	licence benefiting the land	ΙШ	54	document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
	19	old system document	П	55	document disclosing a change in boundaries
	20	Crown purchase statement of account			information certificate under Strata Schemes Management
	21	building management statement	_		Act 2015
✓	22	form of requisitions		57	information certificate under Community Land Management
√	23	clearance certificate	_		Act 1989
✓	24	land tax certificate	닏		disclosure statement - off the plan contract
Hon	ie Bu	ilding Act 1989	Ш	59	other document relevant to off the plan contract
$ \Box$	25	insurance certificate	Othe	er	
$ \Box$	26	brochure or warning		60	
	27	evidence of alternative indemnity cover			
Swir	nmir	g Pools Act 1992			
V	28	certificate of compliance			
 		evidence of registration			
		relevant occupation certificate			
		certificate of non-compliance			
一		detailed reasons of non-compliance			
ㄴᆜ		,	L		
Γ		HOLDED OF STRATA OR COMMANDATIVE TITLE PERCORDS	NI		
	HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number				

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.

3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—

- (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
- (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
- (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
- (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group

Australian Taxation Office

Council

County Council

Department of Planning and Environment Public Works Advisory **Department of Primary Industries**

Electricity and gas

Land and Housing Corporation

Local Land Services

NSW Department of Education

NSW Fair Trading

Owner of adjoining land

Privacy

Subsidence Advisory NSW

Telecommunications Transport for NSW

Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property; tell your solicitor.

- A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential 2. Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the 4. obligations of the parties.
- The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor 5. wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is 6. not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the 7. deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate. 8.
- Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal 9. Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the 11. purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 4;

authorised Subscriber a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as

being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond

discharging mortgagee

the time of day at which completion is to occur;

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer;

• the expiry date (if any); and

• the amount:

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent); any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser;

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title; ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

electronic document a dealing as define the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared

and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of

the parties, Conveyancing Transaction;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at/1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods a

the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

incoming mortgagee 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

manual transaction a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case

at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; planning agreement a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property*;

populate to complete data fields in the *Electronic Workspace*:

requisition rescind serve an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind this contract from the beginning;

settlement cheque

serve in writing on the other *party*; an unendorsed *cheque* made payable to the person to be paid and –

• issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheque;

solicitor

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act terminate Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate this contract for breach:

terminate terminate this contract for breach

the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by

the Land Registry;

variation within work order a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018)

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as Conveyancing Transaction, Digitally Signed, Electronic Workspace, ELN, ELNO, Land Registry, Lodgment Case and Subscriber) have the meanings given in the participation rules.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.

2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by –

- 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the deposit holder;
- 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
- 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.

2.5 The vendor can terminate if -

- 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
- 2.5.2 a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
- a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.

This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing fights.
- 2.9 If each party tells the depositholder that the deposit is to be invested, the depositholder is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with a bank, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the parties equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.
- 3 Deposit-bond
- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless
 - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a party serves a notice stating why the transaction is a manual transaction, in which case the parties do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after service of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction
 - 4.2.1 each party must -
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees, and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction -
 - 4.3.1 in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the parties otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a party using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The parties must, as applicable to their role in the Conveyancing Transaction and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer;
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 4.11.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring -
 - 4.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the
- 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*. If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 4.14 cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver this documents or things holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the party entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of requisitions is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those requisitions.
- If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other requisition, the purchaser can make it only by 5.2 serving it -
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the property or title - within 21 days after the contract date;
 - if it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date 5.2.2 and that service; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case - within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- Normally, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in 6.1
- this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not). This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing 6.2 or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position. 6.3

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion -

- the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -7.1
 - the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price; 7.1.1
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and 7.1.3
- if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed -7.2
 - the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and 7.2.1 held by the depositholder until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9:
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the parties or, if an appointment is not made within I month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a party (in the latter case the parties are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the parties in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - if the parties do not appoint an arbitrator and neither party requests the President to appoint an 7.2.6 arbitrator within 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

Vendor's rights and obligations

- The vendor can rescind if -8.1
 - the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition; 8.1.1
 - 8.1.2 the vendor serves a notice of intention to rescind that specifies the requisition and those grounds;
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination -
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination the vendor can

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause -
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause within 12 months, until those proceedings 9.2.2 are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either
 - where the vendor has resold the property under a contract made within 12 months after the 9.3.1 termination, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1
- The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* of *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the property ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service); a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an
 - 10.1.3 easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - any change in the property due to fair wear and tear before completion; 10.1.4
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation of statement about this contract, the property or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice of writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot resoind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

Compliance with work orders 11

- 11.1 Normally, the yendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a work order, and this contract is rescinded or terminated, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the property given under legislation, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)
- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way:
 - 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the parties must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the GST rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the depositholder and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor fand.
 - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the GST rate if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.771 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
 - 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.

 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor -
 - 16.5.1 the price less any -
 - deposit paid;
 - FROGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - famount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs of expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor;
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it, is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if if is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on appears if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the party's solicitor or an authorised Subscriber by means of an Electronic Workspace created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of rescission or termination.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any party signing this contract electronically; and
 - the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other 20.16.2 electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the parties.
- 20.17 Each party agrees that electronic signing by a party identifies that party and indicates that party's intention to be bound by this contract.

Time limits in these provisions 21

- If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time. 21.1
- If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies. 21.2
- The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to 21.3 happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a business day, the time is extended to 21.5 the next business day, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme means
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property; 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme; 23.2.2
 - 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law; 23.2.3
 - 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 23.2.4 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes à strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 'normal expenses in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of 23.2.6 the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme; &
 - the property includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and 23.2.8
 - 23.2.9 special expenses, in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by 23.3
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - a regular periodic contribution; 23.5.1
 - a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and 23.5.2
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners 23.5.3 corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
 - the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

 Meetings of the owners corporation
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required:
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - if the security is not transferable, each party must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement 24.4.2 security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion:
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service,
 - if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be 24.4.4 complied with by completion; and
 - the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the 24.4.5 obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it)
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to 25.3 the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is served on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document -25.4.1
 - shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title
 - must start with a good foot of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 25.5.1 30 years old at the contract date);
 - in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease; 25.5.2
 - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900. 25.5.4
- In the case of land under old system title -25.6
 - in this contract transfer means conveyance; 25.6.1
 - the purchaser does not have to serve the transfer until after the vendor has served a proper 25.6.2 abstract of title; and
 - each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest. 25.6.3
- In the case of and under limited title but not under qualified title -25.7
 - normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, 25.7.1 area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property. 25.8
- If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a document of title that relates also to other property, 25.9 the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the 25.11 vendor or a mortgagee.
- If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Land Registry of the registration copy of that document.

- 26 Crown purchase money
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under legislation or a planning agreement.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 within 42 days after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can rescind; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a party who has the benefit of the provision, the party can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction.

Transfer

- 30.2 Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

• Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and it so)
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must -
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*;
 - 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

- 32 Residential off the plan contract
- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

THESE ARE THE ANNEXED SPECIAL CONDITIONS, COMMENCING WITH SPECIAL CONDITION 33, REFERRED TO WITHIN THE CONTRACT FOR THE SALE OF LAND HEREINBEFORE SPECIFIED:-

If there is any inconsistency between any clauses in the printed form and any typed clauses in the special conditions in this contract, the typed special conditions will prevail. Headings are inserted for convenience and do not affect the interpretation of this Contract.

33. AMENDMENTS TO PRINTED CLAUSES:

The form of contract is amended as follows:

- (a) Clause 2.9 is amended by adding the following additional words at the end:
 "... provided that the deposit holder shall only be required to invest the deposit if the parties supply to the deposit holder their tax file number/s."
- (b) Clause 7 is amended as follows:
 - (i) 7.1.1 delete 5% and replace with \$1.00; and
 - (ii) 7.2.1 delete 10% and replace with \$1.00.
- (c) Clause 8.1.1 is amended by the deletion of the words "on reasonable grounds".
- (d) Clause 10.1.8 and 10.1.9 are amended by the deletion of the word substance where it appears and substituting that word with the word "existence".
- (e) Clause 14.4.2 deleted and replaced with:
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year:
 - the person who owned the land owned the land on a single holding basis;
 - the full taxable land value was applied without taking into account any land tax threshold provisions;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- (f) Clause 17.3 is amended by the deletion of the words "...claim compensation (before or after completion) or...".
- (g) Clause 23.13 is amended by deleting "7 days" and replacing with "2 days".
- (h) Clause 23.14 is amended by deleting "7 days" and replacing with "2 days".
- (i) Clause 23.17.1 is amended by deletion of the words "must immediately" where it appears and substituting those words with the words "shall as soon as practicable".

(j) Clauses 30.7 and 30.8 are amended by adding at the end the words "to a maximum sum of \$55.00".

34. CLAIMS BY PURCHASER

Notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 7 of this Agreement to the contrary or any rule of law or equity to the contrary, any claim for compensation made by the Purchaser under this Agreement shall be deemed to be an objection or requisition entitling the Vendor to rescind this Agreement (by notice in writing served on the Purchaser prior to completion) in which event the provisions of Clause 19 shall apply.

35. DEATH, INSOLVENCY, ETC

1) Death or Mental Capacity

If before completion any individual being a party to this Contract dies or becomes mentally ill, then either party may rescind this Contract by service of notice, and the provisions of Clause 19 are to apply.

2) Financial Incapacity of Purchaser

If the Purchaser, being a corporation:

- (a) goes into liquidation or provisional liquidation;
- (b) has a receiver, manager, receiver and manager, controller (as defined in Section 9 of the *Corporations Law*) or similar officer appointed to it or any of its assets;
- (c) makes an assignment for the benefit of or enters into an arrangement or composition with its creditors;
- (d) stops payment or is unable to pay its debts within the meaning of the *Corporations Law*; or
- (e) if any order is made or a resolution is effectively passed for the winding up of the Purchaser

then the Purchaser is in breach of an essential obligation of this Contract, and the Vendor may terminate this Contract by service of notice, and the provisions of Clause 9 are to prevail.

3) Bankruptcy

If the Purchaser is a natural person, the Purchaser warrants to the Vendor that the Purchaser:

- (a) is not an undischarged bankrupt;
- (b) has not entered into a Deed of Arrangement or called a meeting of creditors under Part X of the *Bankruptcy Act 1966*; and
- (c) has not committed an act of bankruptcy.

36. AGENT'S COMMISSION

Purchaser's Warranty and Indemnity

The Purchaser (and if more than one each of them) warrants to the Vendor that he was not introduced to the property by any agent other than the agent referred to herein (if any), nor was any other agent the effective cause of the sale herein provided for.

The Purchaser hereby agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor against any claim for commission by any agent (other than the agent referred to herein) arising out of any claim by such agent that such agent introduced the Purchaser to the property or was the effective cause of the sale herein provided for. This condition shall not merge on completion hereof.

37. REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS BY PURCHASER

- 37.1 The Purchaser acknowledges that the Purchaser, when entering into this Contract, relied exclusively on the following matters independently of any statements, inducements or representations made by or on behalf of the Vendor (including by any estate agent acting on behalf of the Vendor):
 - (i) the inspection of and investigations relating to the land made by or on behalf of the Purchaser;
 - (ii) the warranties and representations expressly contained in the Contract;
 - (iii) the skill and judgment of the Purchaser, its consultants and representatives;
 - (iv) opinions or advice obtained by the Purchaser independently of the Vendor or of the Vendor's agents or employees.
- 37.2 The Purchaser acknowledges that no representations, inducements or warranties have been made by the Vendor or its agents or representatives relating to the present state or condition of the property, its suitability for the purposes of the Purchaser, any patent or latent defects, any and all services to the property including but not limited to water or sewerage main, any underground or surface stormwater pipe or drain passing through or over or under the property, any sewer, manhole or vent which is on the property, the

downpipes on the property, improvements erected on the property, any contamination relating to, caused by, or affecting the property or any proposed work to be done to the property. The Purchaser purchases the property and inclusions in their existing condition and state of repair and the Purchaser shall not call upon the Vendor to carry out any repairs whatsoever in relation to the property or inclusions sold.

- 37.3 The Purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:
 - (a) Subject to all defects latent and patent;
 - (b) Subject to any infestations or dilapidations:
 - (c) subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections passing through or over the property;
 - (d) Subject to all telephone or electricity lines whether the property of any Local Authority or third party or any posts, fittings or fixtures therefore erected on or passing over or through the property or to any easements in respect thereof or the absence of any such easements.
 - (e) Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under the Act in respect of any building, improvement or fixture on the land.
 - (f) Subject to any encroachments by or upon the property.
 - (g) Subject to any asbestos in the improvements to the property whether disclosed by the vendor or not.

The Purchaser agrees not to seek, terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this clause.

- 37.4 The Purchaser acquire the property with the fences, as they are whether on the correct boundary lines or not and whether give and take fences and in their present condition and state of repair. The Vendor is under no obligation to fence or repair fencing before completion.
- 37.5 If the property is a strata title lot, for the purposes of this clause property includes the common property and all lots in the strata scheme.

38. NOTICE TO COMPLETE

If either party is unable or unwilling to complete or has failed to complete on the completion date specified in this Agreement, then the other party shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a Notice to Complete upon the other party making the time for completion an

essential term of the Agreement and a fourteen (14) day notice shall be regarded as reasonable and sufficient for that purpose.

39. LATE COMPLETION

- 39.1 If this contract is not completed on or before the completion date because of the Purchaser's default then, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Vendor, the Purchaser must pay in cash to the Vendor on the eventual date of completion interest on the balance of the price.
- 39.2 Any such interest shall be calculated at the rate of 10% per annum from the completion date to the date on which the Purchaser completes this Contract, including only one of those dates, but in making this calculation there shall be omitted any part of that period during which completion has been delayed because of the Vendor's default.
- 39.3 If in the circumstances described in clause 39.1 above, a notice to complete is served on behalf of the Vendor then, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Vendor, the Purchaser must pay to the Vendor's solicitors, on the eventual date of completion, the sum of \$440.00 inclusive of GST in respect of the Vendor's additional legal costs.
- 39.4 The parties agree that the calculation of interest and legal costs as above represents a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's damages by way of lost interest on the unpaid purchase money, the Vendor's continuing liability for rates, taxes and other outgoings and additional legal costs.
- 39.5 The parties agree that the stipulation for the payment of interest and legal costs in the above circumstances is an essential term of this contract and the Purchaser shall not be entitled to require the Vendor to complete this Contract unless all such amounts are paid on completion.

40. PURCHASER WARRANTY AS TO FINANCE

The purchaser warrants that:-

- (a) the purchaser does not require finance to purchase the property; or
- (b) the purchaser has obtained approval for such finance as is required to purchase the property.

The purchaser acknowledges that as a result of making the disclosure under this clause, the purchaser cannot terminate this Contract pursuant to the National Credit Code.

41. ADJUSTMENTS FOLLOWING SETTLEMENT

Should any apportionment of outgoings required to be made under this Contract be overlooked or incorrectly calculated on completion, the Vendor and the Purchaser agree that upon being requested by the other party make the correct calculation and pay such amount required to the party to whom it is payable within seven (7) days of such request. This clause shall not merge upon completion.

42. ALTERATIONS TO CONTRACT

Each party hereby authorises their solicitor/conveyancer or any employee of the solicitor/conveyancer up until the date of this Contract to make alterations to this Contract including the addition of annexures after execution up until the date of this Contract and any such alterations shall be binding upon the party deemed hereby to have authorised the same and any annexures so added shall form part of this Contract as if same were annexed prior to the Contract being executed.

43. REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

For the purpose for printed clause 5 of this contract the vendor will be deemed to have complied with its obligations if it furnishes to the purchaser replies to requisitions contained in the printed form, a copy of which is attached to the contract.

44. COST FOR CHANGE OF DATE FOR COMPLETION

If at any time after exchange of this contract there is a request for an amendment or an amendment by the purchaser to change the Date for Completion, the purchaser shall on completion pay an amount of \$330.00 inclusive of GST as compensation to the vendor for additional legal costs incurred for arranging such change of date for completion.

45. COUNTERPARTS AND ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE

The vendor discloses this Contract may be executed:

- i) in a number of counterparts and all the counterparts together make one instrument; and/or
- ii) electronically by both parties using DocuSign (or similar service) or by exchanging electronic copies of original signatures on this Contract.

46. VALIDITY OF CONTRACT

- This Contract may be validly created and exchanged by counterparts with each party's signature (electronic or otherwise) sent electronically to each other party by email or facsimile.
- ii) The parties acknowledge that the electronic version of this Contract signed by both parties will be the true and original version for the purposes of this transaction and that no other version will be provided unless otherwise agreed between the parties in writing.
- iii) The parties agree to be bound by the electronic version of this Contract which has been signed and exchanged in accordance with this clause and the Purchaser may not make a claim because of anything contained in this clause.

47. COMPLIANCE

The parties agree that they will be bound by, have complied with, and will comply with the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW) and any terms and conditions of DocuSign (or similar service), in relation to the execution of this Contract.

48. DEPOSIT BY INSTALMENTS

If the Vendor agrees to accept the deposit in two instalments, then, notwithstanding any other provision of this Contract, the deposit will be payable as follows:

- (a) 5% on the date of this Contract, and
- (b) As to the balance of 5% on the earlier of the two dates being the date of completion or the date on which the Vendors issue a notice of termination of Contract because of any breach of the terms and conditions of the Contract by the Purchasers.
- (c) The parties agree that the vendor receives the full interest on the investment of the deposit (if any), upon completion.

49. RELEASE OF DEPOSIT

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary hereinbefore contained the Purchaser shall forthwith authorise the release to the Vendor of the deposit paid by the Purchaser herein such sum to be used by the Vendor in the payment of:

a) deposit for the purchase by the Vendor of another property; or

b) in the payment of stamp duty on the purchase by the Vendor of another property.

The Vendor warrants that the said deposit will be only paid to an Agent's or Solicitor's or Conveyancer's Trust Account to be held in trust by such Agent or Solicitor/Conveyancer as stakeholder pending the completion of the Vendor's purchase. The Vendor further warrants that he will notify the Purchaser's Solicitor of the name of the Agent or Solicitor to whom the deposit is paid.

50. EARLIER COMPLETION

The parties agree that the Vendor may elect an earlier date for settlement by giving the Purchaser two (2) weeks written notice of their intention thereof, provided the earlier date for settlement shall not be before six (6) weeks from the date of this contract.

51. GUARANTEE (Purchaser a Proprietary Company)

In consideration of the Vendor entering into this Contract with the Purchaser at the request of the undersigned Directors of the Purchaser Company ("Guarantor") and in consideration of the premises the Guarantor hereby jointly and severally and also irrevocably and unconditionally guarantee to the Vendor the due and punctual observance and performance of all the obligations of the Purchaser and the due and punctual payment of all moneys which the Purchaser is or becomes obliged to pay to the Vendor under this Contract and hereby indemnifies the Vendor in respect of all liabilities (including legal costs on an indemnity basis) incurred in enforcing this guarantee which may arise as a consequence of the act omission or default of the Purchaser or otherwise under this Contract. The guarantee contained in this clause shall continue after completion.

Signature of Guarantor

Signature of Witness

Full name of Guarantor

Full name of Witness

Address of Guarantor

Address of Witness

Conditions of Sale by Auction

If the property is or is intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders Record means the Bidders Record to be kept pursuant to Clause 18 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Regulation 2003 and Section 68 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002:

- (1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of land:
 - (a.) The principal's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences.
 - (b.) A bid for the seller cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the seller.
 - (c.) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price.
 - (d.) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final.
 - (e.) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the seller.
 - (f.) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person.
 - (g.) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer.
 - (h.) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer, the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.
- (2) The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause (1), are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
 - (a.) All bidders must be registered in the Bidders Record and display an identifying number when making a bid.
 - (b.) One bid only may be made by or on behalf of the seller. This includes a bid made by the auctioneer on behalf of the seller.
 - (c.) When making a bid on behalf of the seller or accepting a bid made by or on behalf of the seller, the auctioneer must clearly state that the bid was made by or on behalf of the seller or auctioneer.

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: JAYNETTE NOELINE COLEMAN

Purchaser:

Property: 8 DRESDEN AVENUE, BEACON HILL, NSW 2100

Dated:

Possession and tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?

3.

- (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?(b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced.
- (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
- (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
- (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
- (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
- (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (NSW))? If so, please providedetails.
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (NSW):
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

- 6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations.
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion.
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- 9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Property Securities Act 2009* (Cth)? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- 11. All outgoings referred to inclause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?
- 13. If any land tax certificate shows a charge for land tax on the land, the vendor must produce evidence at completion that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Survey and building

- 14. Subject to the Contract, the survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- 15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.

16.

- (a) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW), the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with?
- (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
- (c) Has the vendor a Building Information Certificate or a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate (as referred to in the former Section 109C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act) or an Occupation Certificate as referred to in Section 6.4 of that Act for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

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- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance or any alternative indemnity product under the *Home Building Act 1989* (NSW).
- 17. (a) Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property?
 - (b) Is there any planning agreement or other arrangement referred to in Section 7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, (registered or unregistered) affecting the Property? If so please provide details and indicate if there are any proposals for amendment or revocation?
- 18. If a swimming pool is included in the sale:
 - (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
 - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the Local Government Act 1919 (NSW) and Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)?
 - does it comply with the provisions of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
 - (d) have any notices or orders been issued or threatened under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) or regulations?
 - (e) if a certificate of non-compliance has been issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
 - (f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.

19.

- (a) To whom do the boundary fences belong?
- (b) Are there any party walls?
- (c) If the answer to Requisition 19(b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
- (d) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
- (e) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991* (NSW) or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922* (NSW)?

Affectations/Benefits

- 20. (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use affecting or benefiting the Property other than those disclosed in the Contract? If a licence benefits the Property please provide a copy and indicate:
 - (i) whether there are any existing breaches by any party to it;
 - (ii) whether there are any matters in dispute; and
 - (iii) whether the licensor holds any deposit, bond or guarantee.
 - (b) In relation to such licence:
 - All licence fees and other moneys payable should be paid up to and beyond the date of completion:
 - (ii) The vendor must comply with all requirements to allow the benefit to pass to the purchaser.
- 21. Is the vendor aware of:
 - (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
 - (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?
 - (c) any latent defects in the Property?
- 22. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the Property is affected by the following:
 - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption oracquisition?
 - (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the Property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (c) any work done or intended to be done on the Property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the Property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the Property?
 - the existence of any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass or polyethylene or other flammable or combustible material including cladding? If the property is a building or part of a building to which external combustible cladding has been applied, has the owner provided to the Planning Secretary details of the building and the external combustible cladding and is the building recorded in the Register maintained by the Secretary?

23.

- (a) Does the Property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services?
- (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land?
- (c) Do any service connections for any other Property pass through the Property?

24. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the Property or to an easement over any part of the Property?

Capacity

25. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 26. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance certificate* under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (Cth) should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- 27. The vendor should furnish completed details within the time specified in the contract, sufficient to enable the purchaser to makeany *GSTRW* payment.
- 28. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 29. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 30. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 31. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 32. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.

Off the plan contract

- 33. If the Contract is an off the plan contract:
 - (a) Is the vendor aware of any inaccuracy in the disclosure statement attached to the Contract? If so, please provide particulars.
 - (b) The vendor should before completion serve on the purchaser a copy of the registered plan and any document that was registered with the plan.
 - (c) Please provide details, if not already given, of the holding of the deposit or any instalment as trust or controlled monies by a real estate agent, licensed conveyancer or law practice.