No

(2) (b) if works have been so placed – whether Council is satisfied that the works have been removed and the land restored in accordance with that Act.

No

4B. **Annual Charges for coastal protection services under Local Government Act 1993**

Whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

No

5. *Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of Section 15 of the Mines Subsidence Compensation Act 1961*

No

6. *Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:-*

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993.

No

(b) any environmental planning instrument

No

(c) any resolution of Council.

No

7. *Whether or not the land is affected by a policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, or any other risk (other than flooding):-*

(a) as adopted by Council

No

(b) as adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in a planning certificate issued by the Council.

No

7A. *Flood related development controls information*

(a) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(b) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(c) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the instrument set out in the Schedule to the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8. *Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 27 of the Act.*

No

9. *The name of each contributions plan applying to the land*

No

For what period is the certificate current?

Not Applicable

A copy of the site compatibility certificate may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning.

(b) Are there any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 37 (1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land?

No

18. Paper subdivision information

(a) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot

Not applicable

(b) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land

Not applicable

Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

19. Site verification certificates

(a) Is there a current site verification certificate of which the council is aware, in respect of the land?

No

(b) For what matter is certified by the site verification certificate?

Not applicable

(c) *For what date does the site verification certificate cease to be current?*

Not applicable

A copy of the site verification certificate may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure

20. *Whether the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division*

No

Note. *The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:*

(a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act—if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act—if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

Northern Beaches Council

Section 149 (2) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 (As Amended)

Disclaimer

The Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 1997 commenced operation on the 1 July 1998. As a consequence of this Act the information contained in this certificate needs to be read in conjunction with the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Amendment) Regulation 1998, Environmental Planning and Assessment (Further Amendment) Regulation 1998 and Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998. The locality information in this certificate is based on the Lot and Deposited Plan referred to in this certificate. If the Lot and Deposited Plan is not the current description of the land then this certificate could attribute to incorrect locality. Persons relying on the certificate should satisfy themselves by reference to the Title Deed that the land to which this certificate relates is identical to the land to which they seek to know the locality.

Mark Ferguson
INTERIM GENERAL MANAGER
NORTHERN BEACHES COUNCIL

Aims to encourage the provision of housing (including residential care facilities) that will:

(a) Increase the supply and diversity of residences that meet the needs of seniors or people with a disability, and
(b) Make efficient use of existing infrastructure and services, and
(c) Be of good design.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004 - Gazetted 25.06.2004. The aim of the policy is to encourage sustainable residential development (*the BASIX scheme)*, specifically to achieve a reduction in the consumption of water and reduction in energy use leading to less green house gas emissions.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (Sydney Metropolitan Water Supply) 2004 - Gazetted 24.12.2004. The aims of the policy are to facilitate development for water supply infrastructure to enable deep water extraction from dams, and to facilitate investigation into the availability of groundwater to augment water supply to the Sydney metropolitan area (including the carrying out of exploratory drilling).

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (Temporary Structures and Places of Public Entertainment 2007 – Gazetted 28.09.2007, effective 26.10.07. Provides for the erection of temporary structures and the use of places of public entertainment while protecting public safety and local amenity. The SEPP supports the transfer of the regulation of places of public entertainment and temporary structures (such as tents, marquees and booths) from the Local Government Act 1993 to the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

Aims to ensure the provision of safety measures for uses of temporary structures or POPE, to encourage the protection of the environment at these locations, and to specify circumstances under which these structures and uses can be considered exempt or complying development. Also aims to promote job creation and increase access for places of public entertainment.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (MAJOR PROJECTS) 2005
Gazetted: 01.08.05. Formerly known as State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Development) 2005. Defines certain developments that are major projects under Part 3A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and determined by the Minister for Planning. The SEPP also lists State significant sites. The policy repeals SEPP 34 and SEPP 38, as well as provisions in numerous other planning instruments, declarations and directions.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006
Gazetted: 28.07.06. Abstract: Provides for the coordinated release of land for residential, employment and other urban development in the North West and South West growth centres of the Sydney Region (in conjunction with Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation relating to precinct planning).

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (INFRASTRUCTURE) 2007
Gazetted: 21 December 2007; Commenced: 1 January 2008. Facilitates the delivery of public infrastructure and provision of services across the State by providing a consistent planning regime for this purpose; greater flexibility of location of infrastructure and provisions for development, redevelopment and disposal of surplus government owned land.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (REPEAL OF CONCURRENCE AND REFERRAL PROVISIONS) 2008
Gazetted: 12.12.2008; Commencement: 15.12.2008. The SEPP aims to improve efficiency in the planning system by removing duplicative or unnecessary requirements in environmental planning instruments (EPIs) to consult with State agencies (government departments) on planning decisions.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (EXEMPT AND COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT CODES) 2008
Gazetted: 12.12.2008 – Commenced 27.02.2009
Streamlines assessment processes for development that complies with specified development standards. The policy provides exempt and complying development codes that have State-wide application, identifying, in the General Exempt Development Code, types of development that are of minimal environmental impact that may be carried out without the need for development consent; and, types of complying development that may be carried out in accordance with a complying development certificate as defined in the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING) 2009
Published: 31.07.2009; Commencement 31.07.2009. The policy aims to better encourage home owners, social housing providers and developers to invest and create new affordable rental housing to meet the needs of our growing population and existing residents.

Residential Tenancy Agreement

(Where Tenancy is for a term of 3 years or less)

This Agreement is in 2 parts:
Part 1 - Sets out the terms of the agreement.
Part 2 - Contains the condition report in respect of the residential premises.

Important notes about this agreement:

1. The tenant is entitled to have time to read this agreement (and the completed condition report referred to in this agreement) and to obtain advice if necessary.
2. The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of "The Renting Guide: Your basic rights and responsibilities as a tenant", as published by the NSW Office of Fair Trading. That book explains both parties' rights and obligations under this agreement.
3. The landlord is required to give the tenant a copy of this agreement for the tenant to keep.
4. The landlord is required to give the tenant a copy of their privacy statement where the tenant is a natural person.

Part 1

Terms of Agreement

THIS AGREEMENT is made on 2 OCTOBER 2007 at FORESTVILLE NSW N.S.W

Between **LANDLORD:** JEFFREY NG & MARTHA NG **ABN**

Address: C/: WENTWORTH MANAGEMENT SERVICES [NSW] PTY LTD **GST Registered?**

Name of LANDLORD'S AGENT:

Wentworth Management Services (NSW) Pty Ltd **ABN 75 002 454 364**

Address: 199/365 Kent St Sydney NSW 2000 **E-mail**

And **TENANT:**

Name/s ALEXANDER KHAYKIN & LIDIA ZAYKOVA

Name(s) of other people who will ordinarily live at the premises may be listed here (cross out if not needed):

PREMISES:

The landlord gives the tenant the right to occupy the premises at: B104/2-4 DARLEY STREET, FORESTVILLE NSW 2087 - Russet Place Apts.

and the following parking space: Level B1, Carspace No. 35

and storeroom: (cross out if not needed) Level B1, Store# 35

The premises are UNFURNISHED. The furniture and furnishings set out in the condition report are included.

No more than TWO[2] persons may ordinarily live in the premises at one time.

RENT:

The rent is $1,433.90 payable every MONTH starting on 5th OCTOBER 2007.

The tenant must pay in advance on the 4th of every MONTH.

The rent must be paid:

(a) to the landlord, or the landlord's agent, at ;

OR

(b) at any other reasonable place the landlord names in writing; OR

(c) into the following account : OR

any other account nominated by the landlord:

Payment must be made by the following method: BPAY BILLER CODE : 747 048 REFERENCE No. 43281

TERM:

The term of this agreement is TWELVE [12] MONTHS

beginning on 5th OCTOBER 2007 and ending on 4th OCTOBER 2008.

CONTINUATION:

At the end of the term the tenant can stay in the residential premises at the same rent (or at an increased rent if the rent is increased in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 1987) but otherwise under the same terms unless or until the agreement is ended in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 1987.

RENTAL BOND:

A rental bond of $1,320.00 must be paid by the tenant to the landlord or the landlord's agent on or before signing this agreement.

TRADESPERSONS

(see "Urgent Repairs", clause 15 and 16): WENTWORTH MANAGEMENT SERVICES [NSW] PTY LTD [02] 9904 6987

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URGENT REPAIRS

15. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding $1000) the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs (of the type set out below) so long as:
    15.1. the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant; and
    15.2. the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage; and
    15.3. the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs; and
    15.4. the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs; and
    15.5. the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons; and
    15.6. the tenant as soon as possible gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

16. The type of urgent repairs to the residential premises for which the landlord agrees to make payment are repairs to:
    16.1. a burst water service; or
    16.2. a blocked or broken lavatory system; or
    16.3. a serious roof leak; or
    16.4. a gas leak; or
    16.5. a dangerous electrical fault; or
    16.6. flooding or serious flood damage; or
    16.7. serious storm or fire damage; or
    16.8. a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises; or
    16.9. a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the premises for hot water, cooking, heating or laundering; or
    16.10. any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or not secure.

Tradesperson/s ..... *(see page1)*

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

17. The landlord agrees:
    17.1. to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure; and
    17.2. not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency or an order of the Residential Tenancies Tribunal) unless the tenant agrees; and
    17.3. to give the tenant a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device which is added or altered, except where the tenant agrees not to be given a copy or the Tribunal so orders.

18. The tenant agrees:
    18.1. not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency or an order of the Residential Tenancies Tribunal) unless the landlord agrees; and
    18.2. to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device which is altered or added, except where the landlord agrees not to be given a copy or the Tribunal so orders.

TENANT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACTIONS OF OTHERS

19. The tenant agrees to be responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by any person the tenant allows on the residential premises who breaks any of the terms of the agreement.

RIGHT TO ASSIGN OR SUB-LET

20. A tenant may with the landlord's prior permission assign the whole or part of the tenant's interest under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises.

21. The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

PRIVACY

22. The tenant:
    22.1. acknowledges receiving a copy of the privacy statement.
    22.2. authorises the landlord and the landlord's agent to collect, use and disclose personal information about the tenant as specified in the privacy statement.

LANDLORD'S CHANGE OF ADDRESS

23. The landlord agrees:
    23.1. if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days; and
    23.2. if the name or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name or business address, as appropriate, within 14 days; and
    23.3. if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name of the secretary or other responsible agent of the corporation changes or the address of the registered office of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS OF CERTAIN TENANTS

24. The tenant (who is a corporation other than a statutory corporation) agrees, if the address of the registered office of the tenant changes, to give the landlord notice in writing of the changed address.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

25. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

26. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

27. The landlord agrees that where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Residential Tenancies Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, then the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with details of the amount claimed and with copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim.

AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

28. The landlord and [insert agree that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated.... (insert date) if the *landlord and tenant agree to this clause)* forms part of this agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

28A. The landlord agrees:
    28A.1 to install any smoke alarms that are required by law to be installed on the residential premises;
    28A.2 not to remove or interfere with the operation of any such smoke alarm except with reasonable excuse; and
    28A.3 if any such smoke alarm has a replaceable battery (other than a back up battery), to ensure that a new battery is installed in the smoke alarm at the beginning of the term of this agreement and, if the battery needs to be replaced at any time, and the tenant is physically unable to change the battery, to replace the battery with a new battery as soon as reasonably practicable after being notified that the battery needs to be replaced.

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By-law 3. Obstruction of common property

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

By-law 4. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

(a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or

(b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

By-law 5. Damage to common property

The tenant must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

By-law 6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

The tenant when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

By-law 7. Children playing on common property in building

The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

By-law 8. Behaviour of invitees

The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees the tenant do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

By-law 9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

The tenant must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

By-law 10. Drying of laundry items

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

By-law 11. Cleaning windows and doors

The tenant must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

(a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or

(b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the safely or at all

By-law 12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

By-law 13. Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

(1) The tenant must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

(2) An owners corporation may resolve that furniture or large objects are to be transported through or on the common property (whether in the building or not) in a specified manner.

(3) If the owners corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture or large objects are to be transported, the tenant must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property except in accordance with that resolution.

By-law 14. Garbage disposal

(1) The tenant of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste;

(a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and

(b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, appropriately prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and

(d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (d),

(e) must not place anything in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

(f) must promptly remove anything which the tenant or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(2) The tenant of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles

(a) must ensure that before refusal, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, appropriately prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(b) must promptly remove anything which the tenant or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

By-law 16. Keeping of animals

The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium) on the lot or the common property.

By-law 17. Appearance of lot

The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

By-law 18. Notice – Board

An owner's corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

By-law 19. Change in use of lot to be notified

The tenant must notify the owners corporation if the tenant changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes). Nothing in this clause implies that the tenant may use the lot for any purpose other than as a residence.

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Attached additional terms and conditions here if required

Special Conditions

1. The TENANT agrees that no pets will be permitted into the property.
2. The TENANT acknowledges that they must return all keys & security swipe cards upon vacating. If the keys and swipe cards are not returned in good working order and condition, the tenant is responsible for all replacement charges incurred by the landlord.
3. The TENANT acknowledges that it is a term of this Residential Tenancy Agreement that the tenant shall not intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises. Should the tenant breach this term; the landlord will issue a notice to the tenant ordering the tenant to vacate within 14 days in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act.
4. The TENANT shall use the clothes dryer provided, where applicable for the drying of washing and shall not hang washing from the balcony.
5. When connecting a telephone the TENANT shall immediately advise the landlord/agent of the telephone number.
6. It is the TENANT'S responsibility to take care of all blinds or curtains installed in the apartment. Please ensure when opening windows or doors that blinds are open wider so that they are not drawn out by the wind and drafts.
7. In the event the tenant vacates the premises prior to the expiration of the Residential Tenancy Agreement the tenant agrees to compensate the landlord for any loss (including loss of rent), in accordance with section 78 of the Residential Tenancies Act.
8. It is the tenant's responsibility to ensure carpets are left in a clean condition prior to vacating the premises and should be shampooed/steam cleaned by a Professional Carpet Cleaner.
9. CAR PARKING – The tenant agrees to use the car space provided. WHERE APPLICABLE, any additional vehicles are NOT to be parked in the Strata complex visitors car spaces or common areas.
10. BENCHTOP-any spillages should be cleaned immediately to prevent liquid/chemical penetrating into the pores resulting unsightly staining.
11. The TENANT/s agrees NOT to smoke inside the apartment. Smoking is permitted only in outdoor open areas.

12. The tenant/s acknowledges receipt of the Russet Place Bylaws
13. The tenant/s acknowledges receipt of 2security fobs(DB07C7&DB07C8) & 6keys

Signed by the Tenant/s

Signed by Agent on behalf of the Owner

Privacy Statement

This privacy statement explains how the landlord's agent and landlord use and disclose personal information which they hold about you and the privacy rights you have in relation to that information.

A reference in this privacy statement to:

- the landlord or landlord's agent - is also a reference to related entities of the landlord or landlord's agent (respectively);
- the lease - is a reference to the lease between you and the landlord or landlord's agent (or, if you are a guarantor, the lease between the Principal whose performance you are guaranteeing and the landlord or landlord's agent);
- the premises - is a reference to the premises leased under this lease; and
- the building - is a reference to the building containing the premises.

How the landlord and landlord's agent may use your personal information

The landlord and landlord's agent may each use your personal information in connection with:

(a) their business, including in connection with:
  (i) the purchase, development, sale and leasing of land, including the building;
  (ii) the proposed sale of an interest in the landlord or landlord's agent's business;
  (iii) raising finance in connection with the matters specified in paragraph (i);
  (iv) the management of the building and the landlord's portfolio of land;
  (v) internal reporting;
  (vi) reporting to related entities, financiers and advisers; and
  (vii) direct marketing (such as newsletters); and
(b) the management and administration of the lease.

If you use personal information (ie. information or an opinion from which an individual can reasonably be identified) for any use other then those specified above, specify these additional uses (eg promotional activities) here:

To whom landlord and landlord's agent may disclose your personal information

The landlord and landlord's agent may disclose your personal information, if they consider it is necessary to do so:

(a) if required by law; or
(b) to any one or more of the following
  (i) their related entities;
  (ii) persons in connection with a proposed sale of an interest in the landlord or agent's business (including purchasers of the building);
  (iii) any agents engaged by the landlord and notified to you;
  (iv) contractors and service providers involved in the management and maintenance of the building or any works in connection with the building;
  (v) professional advisers in connection with the lease, the premises or the building;
  (vi) the landlord's financiers;
  (vii) the owners corporation and, if relevant, the building management committee for the building,

  any of whom may be located outside Australia

If you disclose personal information to any organisation other than those specified above, specify any additional disclosure (eg to third parties for promotional activities) here:

Your rights

You need not give the landlord's agent any of the personal information it requests. However, without this information, the landlord and landlord's agent may not be able to provide you with the service you require.

You may request access at any time to personal information which the landlord or landlord's agent hold about you and ask them to correct it if you believe it is incorrect or out of date.

Your authority to the landlord and landlord's agent

By entering the lease you:

- acknowledge having read and understood this privacy statement;
- authorise the landlord and landlord's agent to collect, maintain, use and disclose your personal information in the manner set out in this privacy statement; and
- undertake to provide a copy of this privacy statement to each principal, company officer or partner that you purport to represent.

Information about other products or services

Do you want to receive information about other products or services supplied by the landlord's agent?

If you do not answer this question, we may use your personal information to send that information to you.

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Application No. 9495154

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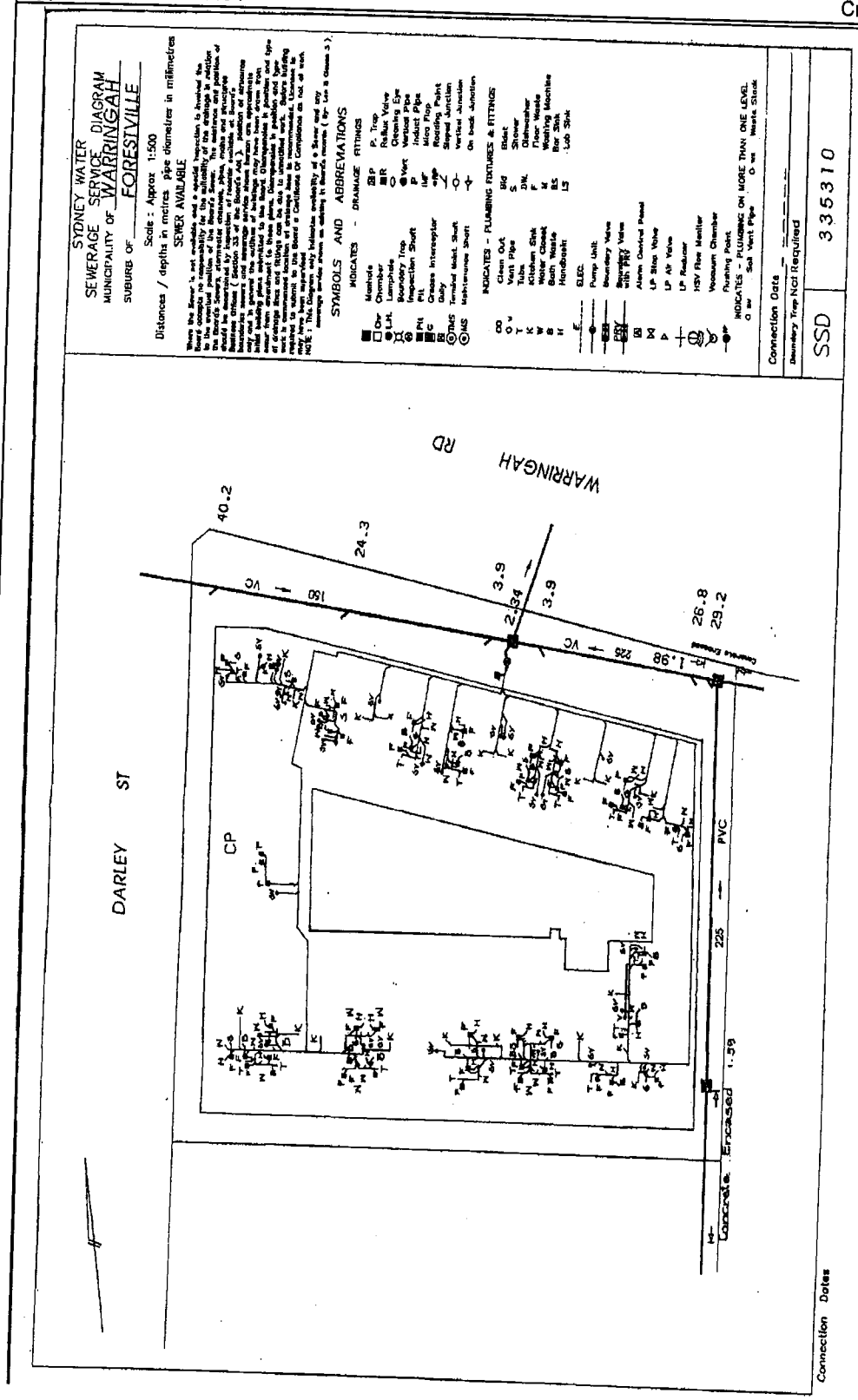

NOTE This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.

WARNING—
SWIMMING POOLS

An owner of a property on which a swimming pool is situated must ensure that the pool complies with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*. Penalties apply. Before purchasing a property on which a swimming pool is situated, a purchaser is strongly advised to ensure that the swimming pool complies with the requirements of that Act.

WARNING—
SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.

2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.

3. There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**:
   (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
   (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
   (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
   (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.

4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

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The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

adjustment date	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
bank	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
business day	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
cheque	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
clearance certificate	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*, that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
deposit-bond	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
depositholder	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's *solicitor*, or if no vendor's *solicitor* is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
party	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
requisition	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
remittance amount	the lesser of 10% of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a *variation served* by a *party*;
rescind	rescind this contract from the beginning;
serve	serve in writing on the other *party*;
settlement cheque	an unendorsed *cheque* made payable to the person to be paid and – • issued by a *bank* and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*;
solicitor	in relation to a *party*, the *party's* solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice *served* by the *party*;
TA Act	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
terminate	terminate this contract for breach;
variation	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*;
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
work order	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.

2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.

2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to $2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.

2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.

2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.

2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

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7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held; and
7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –
9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
9.3 sue the purchaser either –
9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
- the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or

9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* (`service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or

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13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –

- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
- something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.

13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or

13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).

13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –

13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and

13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.

13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.

13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.

14 Adjustments

14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.

14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.

14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.

14.4 The *parties* must adjust land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –

14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;

14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –

- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
- the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
- if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.

14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.

14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –

14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and

14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).

14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.

14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.

16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.

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19 Rescission of contract

19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.

19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless it is not received;
20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once.
20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
20.11 A reference to any *legislation* includes a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.
20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 and 2) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

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23.15 On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
23.17 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
23.18 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
23.18.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
23.18.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
- such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
- a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
- the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
- any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
- any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;

24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
- any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
- a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
- a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
- any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;

24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.

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28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.

29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.

29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.

29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.

29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.

29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.

29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –

29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;

29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –

- either *party serving* notice of the event happening;
- every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
- the end of the time for the event to happen.

29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –

29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;

29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;

29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.

29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –

30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed *electronic transaction*; and

30.1.2 the purchaser *serves* a notice that it is an *electronic transaction within* 14 days of the contract date.

30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an *electronic transaction*, a *party serves* a notice that it will not be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.

30.3 If, because of clause 30.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –

30.3.1 each *party* must –

- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
- otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

associated with the agreement under clause 30.1; and

30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –

30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;

30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;

30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*;

30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;

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30.13.2 if both *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial settlement occurs –

- all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
- the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.

30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must *serve* the *certificate of title* after completion.

30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –

30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and

30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –

adjustment figures	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
certificate of title	the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;
completion time	the time of day on the date for completion when the *electronic transaction* is to be settled;
discharging mortgagee	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to be transferred to the purchaser;
ECNL	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
electronic document	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and *Digitally Signed* in an *Electronic Workspace*;
electronic transfer	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the *property* to be prepared and *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* established for the purposes of the *parties' Conveyancing Transaction*;
electronic transaction	a *Conveyancing Transaction* to be conducted for the *parties* by their legal representatives as *Subscribers* using an *ELN* and in accordance with the *ECNL* and the *participation rules*;
incoming mortgagee	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the *property* and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
mortgagee details	the details which a *party* to the *electronic transaction* must provide about any *discharging mortgagee* of the *property* as at completion;
participation rules	the participation rules as determined by the *ENCL*;
populate	to complete data fields in the *Electronic Workspace*; and
title data	the details of the title to the *property* made available to the *Electronic Workspace* by the *Land Registry*.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies to contracts made on or after 1 July 2016 but only if –

31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and

31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must –

31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of the purchaser's submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office;

31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *remittance amount* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;

31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and

31.2.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *remittance amount*.

31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.

31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

31.5 If the vendor *serves* a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

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BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION