

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	Skyline Real Estate 3/14 Frenchs Forest Road, Frenchs Forest, NSW 2086	Phone: 02 9452 3444 Fax: 02 9452 4555 Ref: Stuart Bath
co-agent		
vendor	Shane William Ellis 10 Kent Street, Waverley, NSW 2024	
vendor's solicitor	ALLAN WONG & CO Kien Hay Centre Suite 505, 431 - 439 Sussex Street, Sydney NSW 2000	Phone: (02) 9211 2112 Email: allan@awongsolicitors.com.au Fax: (02) 9211 6205 Ref: AW:JL:13937/20
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the contract date 11 Forest Way, Frenchs Forest, New South Wales 2086 Registered Plan: Lot 1 Plan DP 868934 Folio Identifier 1/868934	(clause 15)

improvements VACANT POSSESSION subject to existing tenancies
 HOUSE garage carport home unit carspace storage space
 none other:

attached copies documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered:
 other documents:

A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	<input type="checkbox"/> blinds	<input type="checkbox"/> dishwasher	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings	<input type="checkbox"/> stove
	<input type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings	<input type="checkbox"/> range hood	<input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment
	<input type="checkbox"/> clothes line	<input type="checkbox"/> insect screens	<input type="checkbox"/> solar panels	<input type="checkbox"/> TV antenna
	<input type="checkbox"/> curtains	<input type="checkbox"/> other:		

exclusions

purchaser

purchaser's solicitor

price \$

deposit \$ (10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)

balance \$

contract date (if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

_____	vendor			
		GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$		_____ witness
_____	purchaser	<input type="checkbox"/> JOINT TENANTS <input type="checkbox"/> tenants in common <input type="checkbox"/> in unequal shares		_____ witness

ChoicesVendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** (clause 3) NO yes**Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)** (clause 30): _____**Electronic transaction** (clause 30) no YES(if no, vendor must provide further details, such as the proposed applicable waiver, in the space below, or serve *within* 14 days of the contract date):**Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)**

Land tax is adjustable

 NO yes

GST: Taxable supply

 NO yes in full yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply

 NO yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

 not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b)) by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d)) GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325 GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)Purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment*
(GST residential withholding payment) NO yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice *within* 14 days of the contract date.**GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – further details**

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*:**If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.**Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate* (residential withholding rate):Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? NO yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 32 property certificate for strata common property
<input type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 33 plan creating strata common property
<input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 34 strata by-laws
<input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided	<input type="checkbox"/> 35 strata development contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	<input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 6 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	<input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata renewal proposal
<input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal plan
<input type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
<input type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract	<input type="checkbox"/> 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 42 neighbourhood development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	<input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report	<input type="checkbox"/> 44 property certificate for precinct property
<input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 45 plan creating precinct property
<input type="checkbox"/> 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	<input type="checkbox"/> 46 precinct development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 16 other document relevant to tenancies	<input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 17 licence benefiting the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 48 property certificate for community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 18 old system document	<input type="checkbox"/> 49 plan creating community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 19 Crown purchase statement of account	<input type="checkbox"/> 50 community development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 20 building management statement	<input type="checkbox"/> 51 community management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 21 form of requisitions	<input type="checkbox"/> 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
<input type="checkbox"/> 22 <i>clearance certificate</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 23 land tax certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
Home Building Act 1989	<input type="checkbox"/> 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
<input type="checkbox"/> 24 insurance certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
<input type="checkbox"/> 25 brochure or warning	<input type="checkbox"/> 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover	<input type="checkbox"/> 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract
Swimming Pools Act 1992	Other
<input type="checkbox"/> 27 certificate of compliance	<input type="checkbox"/> 59
<input type="checkbox"/> 28 evidence of registration	
<input type="checkbox"/> 29 relevant occupation certificate	
<input type="checkbox"/> 30 certificate of non-compliance	
<input type="checkbox"/> 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning, Industry and Environment Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas Land & Housing Corporation Local Land Services	NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served by the party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.

- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
- 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
- 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* at least 14 days before the date for completion –
- 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
- 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

- Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *servicing* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –
- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
- 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
- 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

- If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –
- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
- 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –

- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.
- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)**
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.

- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 14 Adjustments**
- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.

- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.
- 15 Date for completion**
The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.
- 16 Completion**
- **Vendor**
- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party* serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.
- **Purchaser**
- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* –
- 16.7.1 the price less any:
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
 - *GSTRW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.
- **Place for completion**
- 16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 17 Possession**
- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).
- 18 Possession before completion**
- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
- 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
- 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
- 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.

- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
- 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *servicing* a notice before completion; and
- 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
- 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
- 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
- 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
- 20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
- 20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
- 20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
- 20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
- 20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
- 20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
- 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *servicing* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title**• Definitions and modifications**

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• **Notices, certificates and inspections**

23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.

23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.

23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.

23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.

23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.

23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.

23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

• **Meetings of the owners corporation**

23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –

23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and

23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –

24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and

24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.

24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.

24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –

24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;

24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and

24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –

- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
- such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
- a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
- the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –

24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –

- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
- any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
- any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;

24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;

24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –

- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
- any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
- a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
- a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
- any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;

24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7* days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7* days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7* days after *service* of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind* *within 7* days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
- 27.6.1 *within 42* days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
- 27.6.2 *within 30* days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
- 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
- 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
- 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
- 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
- 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and
- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party* *serving* notice of the event happening;
 - every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –
- 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.1.2 the *parties* otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or
- 30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
- 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* *serves* a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.3.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;

- 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
- 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
 - using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;
- 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –
- after the *effective date*; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;
- is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*; and
- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is served as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to serve it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must *within 7 days of the effective date* –
- 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.5.2 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
- 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –
- 30.6.1 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
- 30.6.2 create and populate an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.6.3 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
- 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 Normally, *within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –
- 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.7.2 create and populate an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.7.4 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within 7 days of being invited to the Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.8.2 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *mortgagee details*, if applicable; and
- 30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least *2 business days* before the date for completion;
- 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least *1 business day* before the date for completion; and
- 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least *2 business days* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are populated and *Digitally Signed*;
- 30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
- 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
- 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 30.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
- 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must serve the *certificate of title* after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –
- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <i>adjustment figures</i> | details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; |
| <i>certificate of title</i> | the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate; |
| <i>completion time</i> | the time of day on the date for completion when the <i>electronic transaction</i> is to be settled; |
| <i>conveyancing rules</i> | the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; |
| <i>discharging mortgagee</i> | any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser; |
| <i>ECNL</i> | the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW); |
| <i>effective date</i> | the date on which the <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> is agreed to be an <i>electronic transaction</i> under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date; |
| <i>electronic document</i> | a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; |
| <i>electronic transfer</i> | a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties'</i> <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> ; |
| <i>electronic transaction</i> | a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ; |
| <i>electronically tradeable</i> | a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the <i>conveyancing rules</i> ; |
| <i>incoming mortgagee</i> | any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; |
| <i>mortgagee details</i> | the details which a <i>party</i> to the <i>electronic transaction</i> must provide about any <i>discharging mortgagee</i> of the <i>property</i> as at completion; |
| <i>participation rules</i> | the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ; |
| <i>populate</i> | to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; and |
| <i>title data</i> | the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> . |

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must –
- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
- 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

11 Forest Way FRENCHS FOREST NSW 2086

SPECIAL CONDITIONS
ANNEXED TO CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND
 2019 EDITION

33 Amendments to standard clauses of the contract

The standard clauses of this printed contract are amended as follows:

- a) Clause 1: delete the words “a building society or a credit union” in the definition of *bank*
- b) Clause 5.2.3 – delete
- c) Clause 7.1.1 – the words “exceeds 5% of the price” is replaced by “exceeds 0.5% of the price”.
- d) Clause 8.1.1 – delete the words “on reasonable grounds”
- e) Clause 8.2 – delete
- f) Clause 10.1 – add the words “or delay completion” after the word “terminate”
- g) Clause 12.2 – delete the words “if necessary in the name of the Vendor”
- h) Clause 13.2 – delete
- i) Clause 14.2 – the addition of the following sentence after the word “completion”: -

“The amounts and figures for water consumption furnished by the relevant water rating authority even if estimated or provisional shall be conclusive for the purposes of such apportionment and adjustment.”
- j) Clause 14.4 – delete the word “not” and replace “but” with “and”
- k) Clause 14.4.1 – insert “and” at the end of clause
- l) Clause 14.4.2 – by deletion of the whole clause and the insertion of the following Clause instead:-

“by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the years:-

 - If the person who owned the land owned other lands, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional basis based on the calculation of the land out of the total valuation of all lands;
 - If the land was subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company, no adjustment shall be allowed for the land tax concessions for the land.”
- m) Clause 16.8 – delete

- n) Clause 16.12 - delete the words "if it is in NSW, but the Vendor must pay the Purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee"
- o) Clause 16.13 – replace by: "If the Purchaser requests the Vendor to complete this contract at a place that is not the completion address and the Vendor in its absolute discretion agrees to do so, then the Purchaser shall:
 - i) Pay to Vendor's solicitors a fee of \$165.00 (Inclusive of GST) if the location for settlement requested by the Purchasers is some place in The Central Business District of Sydney; and
 - ii) Reimburse to the Vendor any additional fees incurred by the Vendor to mortgagees or any other person required by the Vendor to be in attendance at the settlement at the location requested by the Purchasers"
- p) Clause 23.6.1 – delete
- q) Clause 23.13 – delete "at least 7 days"
- r) Clause 23.14 – delete first sentence
- s) Clause 23.15 - delete
- t) Clause 24.1 – delete
- u) Clause 24.4.2 – delete
- v) Clause 24.4.3 – delete the last 2 bullet points
- w) Clause 31.4 – replace "7 days" with "3 days"

34 Condition of Auction

- a) The Purchaser acknowledges that the Auction Conditions of Sale appearing at the bottom of page 5 of the standard contract are deleted and replaced by the following:
 - i) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of land:
 - a. The Vendor's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences.
 - b. A bid for the Vendor cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the Vendor.
 - c. The highest bidder is the Purchaser, subject to the reserve price
 - d. In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final.

- e. The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion is not in the best interests of the Vendor
 - f. A bidder is taken to be principal unless, before bidding the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person.
 - g. A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer.
 - h. As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the Purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.
- ii) The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by in paragraph (a) are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
- a. All bidders must be registered in the Bidders Record and display an identifying number when making a bid.
 - b. One bid only may be made by or on behalf of the Vendor. This includes a bid made by the auctioneer on behalf of the Vendor.
 - c. When making a bid on behalf of the Vendor or accepting a bid made by or on behalf of the Vendor, the auctioneer must clearly state that the bid was made by or on behalf of the Vendor or auctioneer.

35 Inspections by Purchaser

- a) The property and any furnishings or chattels referred to in this agreement are sold in their present conditions and state of repair subject to all defects (latent or patent) infestation and dilapidation and all damage wear and tear pending completion. The Purchaser cannot make a claim, objection or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of a defect in or any lack or repair of the improvements (or any part of the improvements), furnishings or chattels.

36 Mortgages, Charges and Caveats

- a) The Purchaser shall not be entitled to require the Vendor prior to completion to register a Discharge of any Mortgage or Charge or Withdrawal of any Caveat affecting the subject land. If at the date of completion of this contract there is noted on any Certificate of Title in respect of the property or any part thereof any Mortgage, Charge or Caveat, the Purchaser will accept a Discharge or Withdrawal thereof so far as the same relates to the property.

37 Representations, warranties and acknowledgements

- a) The Purchaser enters into this agreement entirely as a result of the Purchaser's own enquiries and the Purchaser warrants that the Vendor has not, nor has anyone on the Vendor's behalf, made any representation other than as set out in this agreement which has in any manner influenced the Purchaser to enter into this agreement. The Purchaser does not rely on any representation letter document correspondence or arrangement whether oral or in writing as adding to or amending the terms conditions warranties and arrangements set out in this written agreement.

38 Purchaser's warranty on agent

- a) The Purchaser warrants that the Purchaser was not introduced to the Vendor of the property by any real estate agent except the agent (if any) named in this agreement and the Purchaser indemnifies the Vendor against any claim for commission which might be made by any agent resulting from an introduction forming a breach of such warranty and against all costs and expenses incidental to defending any such claim.
- b) It is agreed that these indemnities shall be continuing indemnities not merging on completion.

39 Provision on death, mental illness, liquation

- a) Without in any manner negating limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to the Vendor at Law or in Equity had this clause not been included herein, should the Purchaser and if more than one Purchaser then any one of them prior to completion:-
 - (i) Die or become mentally ill;
 - (ii) Being a company resolve to go into liquidation or have petition for the winding up of the Purchaser presented or enter into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors pursuant to the provisions of Corporations Law or should any Receiver liquidator (provisional or otherwise) or Receiver Manager be appointed in respect of the Purchaser;

then the Vendor may rescind this contract by notice in writing to the Purchaser and thereupon this contract shall be at end and the provisions of Clause 19 shall apply.

40 Purchaser's obligations

- a) In the event that the Purchaser changes solicitors without notifying the Vendor in writing of such change then the solicitor lastly acting for the Purchaser shall be deemed to remain and be the solicitor for the Purchaser for the purposes of this agreement until notice in writing signed by the Purchaser of such change is received by the Vendor.

41 FIRB approval

- a) The Purchaser warrants that it does not require the consent of the Foreign Investment Review Board to the purchase of the property and in the event, notwithstanding this warranty, that any fine or penalty is incurred by the Vendor for any non-compliance to the Act relating to the foreign acquisition of certain land interests and to foreign control of certain business enterprises and mineral rights then the Purchase shall indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor against such fine or penalty.

42 Interest for late completion

- a) If completion does not take place on or before the date specified by this contract, the Purchaser shall pay interest to the Vendor at the rate of 12% per annum on the balance of the purchase price and any other moneys owing pursuant to this contract as from the due date for completion until the date of actual completion. However if at the date stipulated for completion the Vendor is unable or unwilling to complete, interest shall not commence to run until the Vendor is ready willing and able to complete.

- b) If the Vendor is required to re book completion then the Purchaser agrees that on completion the Purchaser must pay to the Vendor Vendor's solicitors a fee of \$330 (Inclusive of GST) for each cancellation and rebooking of completion, provided that the cancellation is not caused by the Vendor. This is an essential term of this contract and it is agreed by the parties that this sum is genuine pre-estimate of part of the Vendor's damage as a result of the Purchaser not completing on the date for completion under the contract due to the delay incompletion.
- c) If the Vendor is required to re book completion with the Vendor's discharging mortgagee then the Purchaser agrees that on completion the Purchaser must pay to the Vendor the fee incurred for each cancellation and rebooking of completion, provided that the cancellation is not caused by the Vendor.

43 Tax File Number

- a) Further to clause 2 of the contract the Vendor and the Purchaser acknowledge that each is aware of the provisions of the taxation laws relating to tax file numbers and in particular that if a tax file number or claim for exemption is not quoted to an investment body, it will deduct tax from the unattributed income. Unattributed income is income from an investment for which the investor has not quoted a tax file number or informed the investment body that the investor is exempt from quoting the investor's tax file number

44 Release of deposit

- a) The Purchaser agrees to release that part of the deposit at any such time as the Vendor may require to be used by the Vendor for the payment of:
 - (i) the whole or part of the deposit payable by the Vendor on the purchase of another property;
 - (ii) the whole or part of the stamp duty on the contract in respect of the purchase of such other property; and/or
 - (iii) the whole or part of the land tax charges (including land tax surcharge) in respect of this property.
- b) If such release is required at the time of making this contract, then the deposit shall be paid in the manner directed by the Solicitor for the Vendor otherwise the deposit or part thereof shall be released by the deposit holder as directed in writing by the Vendor's solicitors. The Purchaser shall not be entitled to make any claim for loss of interest which would otherwise be payable pursuant to clause 2 thereof.

45 Smoke Alarm

- a) Pursuant to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Amendment (Smoke Alarms) Regulation 2006, the Vendor states that the property complies with Division 7A (Smoke Alarms) of Part 9 (Fire Safety and Matter Concerning the Building Code of Australia) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 as amended by the Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Smoke Alarms) Regulation 2006.

46 Chemical treatment

- a) The Purchaser shall not call upon the Vendor to carry out any repairs or chemical treatment for pest infestation, if any, whatsoever in relation to the property sold nor shall the Vendor call upon the Purchaser to contribute to the cost of such repairs of chemical treatment

47 State Environmental Planning Policy (SEPP) 25 and 28

- a) The Vendor discloses that SEPP 28 has been repealed and that some provisions of SEPP 25 and SEPP 12 that allowed subdivision of dual occupancies have been repealed and the attached Section 149 Certificate may be inaccurate in respect of those matters.

48 Transfer

- a) The Purchaser acknowledges that sufficient information for the form of Transfer is disclosed in the contract and the Purchaser does not require the Vendor to serve further information pursuant to clause 4.2.
- b) The Purchaser shall serve the Transfer on the Vendor in accordance with the contract. Should the Purchaser serve a Transfer not in accordance with the contract at least fourteen (14) days before the completion date under the contract the Purchaser shall pay on completion the sum of \$165.00 inclusive of GST.

49 Rescission pursuant to Section 66U of the Conveyancing ACT 1919

- a) If the Purchaser serves a notice of rescission as provided for in Section 66U of the Conveyancing Act 1919 the deposit holder is authorised and directed to disburse and pay the deposit as follows:
 - i) To the Vendor – the amount forfeited under Section 66V of that Act (0.25% of the purchase price), and
 - ii) To the Purchaser – the balance of the deposit

50 Survey Report/Building Certificate

- a) The Purchaser acknowledges that the Vendor is not in possession of a survey report or building certificate under Section 149D of the environment Planning and Assessment ACT 1979 (Building Certificate) and the Purchaser must not request the Vendor to supply a survey report or building Certificate on or before completion.
- b) Despite anything contained in this contract or rule of law to the contrary, the Vendor is not required to do any work or expend any money or in relation to the property nor to make application for or do anything towards obtaining a Building Certificate.
- c) If the Purchaser wishes to obtain a Building Certificate the Purchaser must apply for it at the Purchaser's expense. If the relevant local council refuses or fails to issue the Building Certificate, the reason for the refusal or failure will not constitute a defect on title and the Purchaser must not make any objection requisition or claim for compensation or seek to rescind or terminate this contract or to delay completion because of any matter arising from an application for a Building Certificate.

51 Building Certificate

- a) The Vendor does not have a Building Certificate
 - (i) The Purchaser is not entitled to require the Vendor to:
 - a. Apply for or do anything to obtain a Building Certificate; nor
 - b. Comply with local council's requirements for the issue of a Building Certificate
 - (ii) Completion of this contract is not conditional on the Vendor or the Purchaser obtaining a Building Certificate

52 Strata Title/Community Title - Special Levy

- a) If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution then the Purchaser is liable for the contribution from the date of this contract even if it is not disclosed in this contract and whether or not it was levied before the contract date.

53 Requisitions on Title

- a) Subject to any prescribed items implied by law, the purchaser accepts the vendor's title to the property and waives all requisitions (including standard form requisitions) and objections to title.

54 Goods & Services Tax

- a) "GST" refers to Goods and Services under A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) ACT 1999 ("GST Act") and the terms used have the meanings as defined in the GST Act.
- b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this agreement, if for any reason this sale is not accepted by the Commissioner of Taxation as GST-free, as a non-taxable supply:
- c) The Purchaser agrees to pay the Vendor, within 14 days after the Vendor's liability for GST on this sale is confirmed by correspondence or an assessment form the Commissioner, the amount of the GST, including any additional penalty and interest;
- d) The Vendor shall deliver to the Purchaser, as a precondition to such payment, a tax invoice in a form which complies with the GST Act and the regulations.
- e) The provisions of this Clause shall not merge on completion.

55 Swimming Pool

- a) Where the property contains a swimming pool, then:
 - i) The Vendor does not warrant that the swimming pool on the property complies with the requirements imposed by the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and the regulations prescribed under that Act;
 - ii) The Purchaser agrees that after completion the purchase will comply with the requirements of the Act and regulations relating to access to the swimming pool, fencing

and the erection of a warning notice and this special condition shall not merge upon completion of this contract;

- iii) The Purchaser may not make any claim or raise any requisition whatsoever in relation to the swimming pool or any non-compliance with the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or other relevant legislation.

56 Director Guarantees

- a) If the Purchaser is corporation which is not listed on the Australian Stock Exchange, the Vendor may give notice to the Purchaser requiring the Purchaser to do the following within five business days of the date of that notice:
 - i) obtain a Guarantee executed by each of the directors, officers, shareholders or members listed in the notice; and
 - ii) deliver the Guarantee, duly executed, to the Vendor's solicitors

57 Particulars of Title

- a) Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary the Purchaser shall not be entitled to request particulars of the Vendor's title. The Purchaser agrees that sufficient particulars of the Vendor's title are disclosed in the contract.
- b) The Purchaser shall not be entitled to make any requisition objection or claim for compensation in respect of any of the following:
 - i) Any encroachments by upon the subject property;
 - ii) The position of any building fences structures improvements drains pipes or electrical cables (if any);
 - iii) Any other matter which may be referred to or disclosed in a survey report whether such survey report is annexed hereto or not.

58 Exchange on less than ten percent (10%) Deposit

- a) In the event:
 - i) The Purchaser has requested that the Vendor accept the payment of the deposit by instalments as set out in clause 58c); and
 - ii) The Vendor has agreed to the Purchaser's requested to pay the deposit by instalments.

The following clauses 58b) & 58c) will apply.

- b) The parties acknowledge that:
 - i) The Vendor requires payment of deposit of 10% of the purchase price to be paid as an earnest in performance of the Purchaser's obligation to pay the purchase price on completion:

- c) The Purchaser must pay the deposit to the deposit holder as follows:
 - i) As to the 5% deposit of the price on the contract date; and
 - ii) As to the balancing on the completion date.

59 Purchaser's acknowledgement

- a) The Purchasers acknowledge that they are purchasing the property and shall take this property subject to existing water, sewerage, drainage, gas and electricity, telephone or other installations or services (hereinafter in the condition referred to as 'any service') and shall not make any requisition, objection or claim for compensation in respect of:
 - (i) The nature, location, availability or non-availability of any services, or
 - (ii) If any such service is a joint service with any other property or properties, or
 - (iii) If any service for any other property or properties of the main pipes, wires of connections therefore pass through or over the property and vice versa, or
 - (iv) Whether or not the property is subject to or has the benefit of any rights, easements or agreements in respect of any service or the main, pipes or connections there.

60 Notice to Complete

- a) It is expressly agreed between the parties that if completion does not take place by the completion date, then either party may at any time after the completion date, serve a Notice stipulating a date for completion being not less than fourteen (14) days after the date of service of such Notice. The party on whom such Notice is served, may at his or her own discretion, complete at any time before the date stipulated in the Notice to complete.
- b) This period of fourteen (14) days in relation thereto shall be regarded as a reasonable and essential time for completion under this contract notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary. A party issuing such a notice shall be at liberty to extend the compliance with the said Notice without prejudice to his continuing right to rely on same or to give any such further Notice.
- c) If the Purchaser fails to complete this contract on or before the completion date otherwise than through the fault of the Vendor then in addition to the payment of interest pursuant to clause 41 hereof the Purchaser shall also pay the Vendor's Solicitors the sum of Four Hundred and Forty Dollars (\$440.00) to cover legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of delay as a genuine pre estimate of those additional expenses to be allowed by the Purchaser to the Vendor as an adjustment on completion.

61 Copies of Parties' Signatures

- a) In this clause 61:
 - (i) Purchaser's Signature Copy means a photograph, photocopy or scanned copy of a signature of the Purchaser (or any person or persons signing as, or on behalf of, the Purchaser), and

- (ii) Vendor's Signature Copy means a photograph, photocopy or scanned copy of a signature of the Vendor (or any person or persons signing as, or on behalf of, the Vendor), and
 - (iii) Signature Copy means a photograph, photocopy or scanned copy of a signature of any party (or any person or persons signing as, or on behalf of, a party), and includes a Purchaser's Signature Copy and a Vendor's Signature Copy.
- b) Clause 61c) and 61e) will apply if this contract has been entered into utilising a Signature Copy.
 - c) If the Purchaser utilised a Signature Copy in entering this contract the original of the Signature Copy must be provided to the Vendor within 14 days of the contract date.
 - d) If the Vendor utilised a Signature Copy in entering this contract the original of the Signature Copy must be provided to the Purchaser before completion.
 - e) Despite:
 - (i) the parties having entered into this contract utilising a Signature Copy; and
 - (ii) the provisions of clause 61c),
 the parties acknowledge and agree that:
 - i. it is their intention to be bound by this contract on the contract date; and
 - ii. The enforceability of this contract is not affected by the use of the Signature Copy.

62 Electronic Signature

- (a) The Vendor discloses that the contract may be signed by electronic means in accordance with section 9 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* (NSW).
- (b) The parties acknowledge and agree that:
 - a. The Vendor has consented to the use of an electronic means to sign the contract;
 - b. It is parties' intention to be bound by this contract on the contract date;
 - c. The enforceability of this contract is not affected by the use of an electronic or digital signature; and
 - d. The Purchaser will not be provided with a hard copy contract counterpart after exchange.
- (c) The Purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of any matter disclosed or referred to in this clause 62.

NSW LRS - Final Title Search

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 1/868934

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
15/6/2020	1:00 PM	8	4/6/2020

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO.
CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED.

LAND

LOT 1 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 868934
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES
PARISH OF MANLY COVE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM DP868934

FIRST SCHEDULE

SHANE WILLIAM ELLIS (T AP431113)

SECOND SCHEDULE (6 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 K717783 AFFECTING THE PART OF THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
SHOWN SO BURDENED IN VOL 8470 FOL 14
- 3 DP868934 RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY 4 WIDE AND VARIABLE APPURTENANT
TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- 4 DP868934 EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER 1 WIDE AND VARIABLE
APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- 5 DP868934 EASEMENT FOR SERVICES 1 WIDE APPURTENANT TO THE LAND
ABOVE DESCRIBED
- 6 AQ151589 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 15/6/2020

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS ON THE
USE OF LAND INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE
CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919

Lengths are in metres.

(Sheet 1 of 2 sheets)

PART 1

DP 868934

Subdivision of Lot B in D.P. 410352
covered by Council's Certificate
No. 10010 dated 22 5 97

Full name and address of
proprietor of the land.

Maurice Adrian Canty and
Shirley Edith Canty
11 Forest Way
FRENCHS FOREST NSW 2086

1. Identity of easement firstly referred
to in abovementioned plan.

Right of Carriageway 4 wide and
variable width

Schedule of lots, etc. affected

Lots burdened
2

Lots benefited
1

2. Identity of easement secondly referred
to in abovementioned plan.

Easement to Drain Water 1 wide and
variable width

Schedule of lots, etc. affected

Lots burdened
2

Lots benefited
1

3. Identity of easement thirdly referred
to in abovementioned plan.

Easement for Services 1 wide

Schedule of lots, etc. affected

Lots burdened
2

Lots benefited
1

WARRINGAH COUNCIL


.....
Authorised Person

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS ON THE
USE OF LAND INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE
CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919

Lengths are in metres.

(Sheet 2 of 2 sheets)

DP 868934

Subdivision of Lot B in D.P. 410352
covered by Council's Certificate
No. 10010 dated 22.5.97

Signed in my presence by MAURICE ADRIAN
CANTY who is personally known to me.

A. Gray
.....
Witness

M. A. Canty
.....
Maurice Adrian Canty

ANDREW A. GRAY
.....
Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

20 HEATH ST. MONA VALLE N.S.W.
.....
Address and occupation of Witness *203*
MUSICIAN.

Signed in my presence by SHIRLEY EDITH
CANTY who is personally known to me.

A. Gray
.....
Witness

S. Canty
.....
Shirley Edith Canty

ANDREW A. GRAY.
.....
Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

20 HEATH ST MONA VALLE N.S.W.
.....
Address and occupation of Witness *203.*

Approved by Warringah Council

.....
General Manager

WARRINGAH COUNCIL

[Signature]
.....
Authorised Person

REGISTERED  5-6-1997



No. ~~717783~~
K 717783

JUN 27 AM 11
 JUN 23 PM 12 38



R.P. 13A

FEES:-
 Lodgment
 Endorsement

MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER
 (REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900.)

I, THELMA MAY NASH of Freache Forest Cleaner

18-00
 23-8-07
 27/6/07

This form may be used where restrictive covenants are imposed or easements created or where the simple transfer form is unsuitable.

(Trusts must not be disclosed in the transfer.)

Typing or handwriting in this instrument should not extend into any margin. Handwriting should be clear and legible and in permanent black non-copying ink.

If a last estate, strike out "in fee simple" and insert the required alteration.

being registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple* in the land hereinafter described, subject, however, to such encumbrances, liens and interests as are notified hereunder, in consideration of Twenty dollars

(\$20.00) (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged) paid to her by

(herein called transferor)

THE COUNCIL OF THE SHIRE OF WARRINGAH

do hereby transfer, to

Show in BLOCK LETTERS the full name, postal address and description of the persons taking, and if more than one, whether they hold as joint tenants or tenants in common.

THE COUNCIL OF THE SHIRE OF WARRINGAH of Shire Hall Brookvale.
 (herein called transferee)

ALL such her Estate and Interest in ALL THE land mentioned in the schedule following:--

The description may refer to the defined residue of the land in a certificate of grant (e.g. "and being residue after transfer number 123") or may refer to parcels shown in Town or Parish Maps issued by the Department of Lands or shown in plans filed in the Office of the Registrar General (e.g. "and being Lot section D.P. 1234"). Unless authorised by Reg. 33, Conveyancing Act Regulations, 1961, a plan may not be annexed to or endorsed on this transfer form.

County	Parish	Reference to Title			Description of Land (if part only)
		Whole or Part	Vol.	Fol.	
Cumberland	Manly Cove	Part	8470	14	The land designated Drainage easement 6 feet wide on the plan annexed hereto and marked with the letter "A".

~~And the transferee covenant(s) with the transferor~~

An easement to drain water.

* Strike out if unnecessary, or suitably adjust.

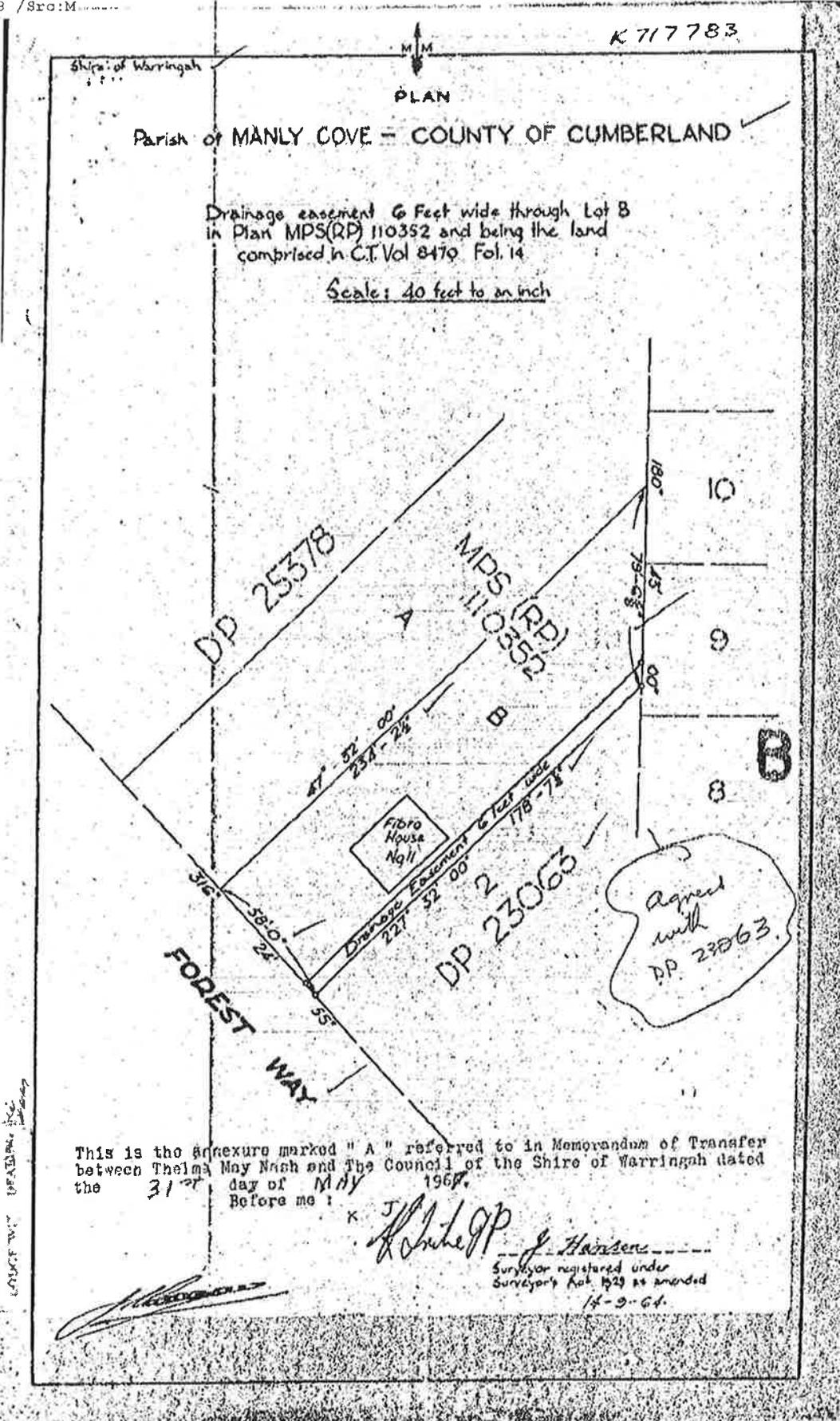
- (i) if any easements are to be created or any exceptions to be made; or
- (ii) if the statutory covenants implied by the Act are intended to be varied or modified.

Covenants should comply with the provisions of Section 85 of the Conveyancing Act, 1919.

ENCUMBRANCES, &c., REFERRED TO.

* A very short note will suffice.

R 1166-3



If the Transferor or Transferee signs by a mark, the attestation must state that the instrument was read over and explained to him, and that he appeared fully to understand the same.
Execution in New South Wales may be proved if this instrument is signed or acknowledged before the Registrar General, or Deputy Registrar General, or a Notary Public, a J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits, to whom the Transferor is known, otherwise the attesting witness should appear before one of the above functionaries who having received an affirmative answer to each of the questions set out in Sec. 104 (1) (b) of the Real Property Act should sign the certificate at the foot of this instrument.
Execution may be proved where a party is a resident:—
(a) in any part of the British dominions outside the State of New South Wales by signing and acknowledging before the Registrar General or Recorder of Titles of such Possession, or one any Judge, Notary Public, Justice of the Peace for New South Wales, or Commissioner for taking affidavits for New South Wales, or Mayor or Chief Officer of any municipal or local government corporation of such part, or Justice of the Peace for such part, or the Governor, Government Resident, or Chief Secretary of such part or a British Consular Officer or Australian Consular Officer exercising his functions in that part or such other person as the Chief Justice of New South Wales may appoint.
(b) in the United Kingdom by signing or acknowledging before the Mayor or Chief Officer of any corporation or a Notary Public.
(c) in any foreign place by signing or acknowledging before (i) a British Consular Officer (which includes a British Ambassador, Envoy, Minister, Charge d'Affaires, Secretary of Embassy or Legation, Consul-General, Acting Consul-General, Consul, Acting Consul, Vice-Consul, Acting Vice-Consul, Pro-Consul, Consular Agent and Acting Consular Agent), (ii) an Australian Consular Officer (which includes an Ambassador, High Commissioner, Minister, Head of Mission, Commissioner, Charge d'Affaires, Counsellor or Secretary at an Embassy, High Commissioner's Office or Legation, Consul-General, Consul, Vice-Consul, Trade Commissioner and Consular Agent and includes a person appointed to hold or act in the office of Counsellor, Official Secretary or Assistant Official Secretary at the Australian Commissioner's Office in Singapore or of Secretary at the Australian Military Mission in Berlin or of Agent General in London of the State of New South Wales or of Secretary, N.S.W. Government Offices, London), who should affix his seal of office.
The attesting witness may make a declaration of the due execution thereof before one of such persons (who should sign and affix his seal to such declaration), or such other person as the said Chief Justice may appoint.
Strike out unnecessary words.
Add any other matter necessary to show that the power is effective.
To be signed by Registrar General, Deputy Registrar General, a Notary Public, J.P., Commissioner for Affidavits, or other functionary before whom the attesting witness appears. Not required if the instrument itself is signed or acknowledged before one of these parties.

Signed at Sydney the 31st day of May 1967.
Signed in my presence by the transferor
WHO IS PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME
[Signature]

31st day of May 1967.
X *[Signature]*
Transferor.*

The Common Seal of THE COUNCIL OF THE SHIRE OF WARRINGAH WAS HERE-
unto affixed in pursuance of a resolution made by the Council dated the Nineteenth day of June 1967.

Accepted, and I hereby certify this Transfer to be correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act.
[Signature]
Shire Clerk

MEMORANDUM AS TO NON-REVOCATION OF POWER OF ATTORNEY.
(To be signed at the time of executing the within instrument.)

Memorandum where by the undersigned states that he has no notice of the revocation of the Power of Attorney registered No. _____ Miscellaneous Register under the authority of which he has just executed the within transfer.*

Signed at _____ the _____ day of _____ 19 _____
Signed in the presence of-- _____

CERTIFICATE OF J.P., &c., TAKING DECLARATION OF ATTESTING WITNESS.*

Appeared before me, at _____, the _____ day of _____, one thousand _____, nine hundred and _____, the attesting witness to this instrument, and declared that he personally knew _____, the person signing the same, and whose signature thereto he has attested, and that the name purporting to be such signature of the said _____ is _____ own handwriting, and that he was of sound mind, and freely and voluntarily signed the same.

* If signed by virtue of any power of attorney, the original power must be registered in the Miscellaneous Register, and produced with each dealing, and the memorandum of non-revocation on back of form signed by the attorney before a witness.
† N.B.—Section 117 requires that the above Certificate be signed by each Transferee or his Solicitor or Conveyancer, and renders any person falsely or negligently certifying liable to a penalty, also in damages recoverable by parties injured. Acceptance by the Solicitor or Conveyancer (who must sign his own name, and not that of his firm) is permitted only when the signature of the Transferee cannot be obtained without difficulty, and when the instrument does not impose a liability on the party taking under it. When the instrument contains some special covenant by the Transferee or is subject to a mortgage, encumbrance or lease, the Transferee must accept personally.
No alterations should be made by erasure. The words rejected should be scored through with the pen, and those substituted written over them, the alteration being verified by signature or initials in the margin, or noticed in the attestation.
K 1151-2

No. **K 717783**

Lodged by **W. WILSHIRE WINDSON & DOYLE**
 SC1
 Address **4 GARDNER STREET**
 Phone No. **SYDNEY. 22-9731**

PARTIAL DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE!
 (N.B.—Before execution read marginal note.)

I, _____ mortgagee under Mortgage No. _____
 release and discharge the land comprised in the within transfer from such mortgage and all claims thereunder but without prejudice to my rights and remedies as regards the balance of the land comprised in such mortgage.

This discharge is appropriate to a transfer of part of the land in the Mortgage. The mortgagee should execute a formal discharge where the land transferred is the whole of or the residue of the land in the Certificate of Title, Crown Grant or in the schedule of the Land in the mortgage.

Dated at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19 _____
 Signed in my presence by _____
 who is personally known to me _____
 Mortgagee.

DOCUMENTS LODGED HERewith
 To be filled in by person lodging dealing

1.		} Received Docs. Nos. Receiving Clerk
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		

M.P.D.

LEAVE THESE SPACES FOR DEPARTMENTAL USE.

Indexed	MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER Front of Ement to Draw Water.
Checked by	Particulars entered in Register Book 12.7.1967
Filed (in S.D.) by	1 PM
Signed by	<i>J. J. J.</i> Registrar General

PROGRESS RECORD

	Initials	Date
Sent to Survey Branch		
Received from Records		
Draft written		
Draft examined		
Diagram prepared		
Diagram examined		
Draft forwarded		
Supt. of Engrs. & Supts.		
Cancellation Clerk		
Vol.		For.

Northern Beaches Council Planning Certificate – Part 2

Applicant: Allan Wong & Co Solicitors
Suite 505 Kien Hay Centre,
431-439 Sussex St
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Reference: 13937
Date: 15/06/2020
Certificate No. ePLC2020/3521

Address of Property: 11 Forest Way FRENCHS FOREST NSW 2086
Description of Property: Lot 1 DP 868934

Planning Certificate – Part 2

The following certificate is issued under the provisions of Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (as amended – formerly Section 149). The information applicable to the land is accurate as at the above date.

1. Relevant planning instruments and Development Control Plans

1.1 The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

1.1a) Local Environmental Plan

Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011

1.1b) State Environmental Planning Policies and Regional Environmental Plans

State Environmental Planning Policy 19 – Bushland in Urban Areas
State Environmental Planning Policy 21 – Caravan Parks
State Environmental Planning Policy 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development
State Environmental Planning Policy 50 – Canal Estate Development
State Environmental Planning Policy 55 – Remediation of Land
State Environmental Planning Policy 64 – Advertising and Signage
State Environmental Planning Policy 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)
State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004
State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017
State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007
State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007
State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011
State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005
State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017
State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019
State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2019
Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 20-Hawkesbury-Nepean River (No 2-1997)
Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005
Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 9-Extractive Industry (No 2-1995)

1.2 Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the Council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

1.2 a) Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Environment)
Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Short-term Rental Accommodation) 2019
Amendment to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
Draft Remediation of Land State Environmental Planning Policy (intended to replace State Environmental Planning Policy 55)

1.2 b) Draft Local Environmental Plans

Planning Proposal - Manly Creek Riparian Lands, Manly Vale (in the vicinity of “Mermaid Pool”)

Applies to: Crown Land:

- Part Lot 7370 DP1165551 being land adjoining 102 King Street, Manly Vale
- Part Lot 7369 DP1165551 Wandella Road, Allambie Heights, south of Jenna Close, Allambie heights
- Lot 7371 DP1165577
- Part unmade road at the southern end of Wandella Road, King Street, Manly Vale

Outline: Proposed amendment to WLEP 2011 to:

- Amend Land Zoning Map to change the zoning from R2 (Low Density Residential) to RE1 (Public Recreation).
- Amend Height of Building Map and Minimum Lot Size Map to remove the residential development standards for height and minimum lot size from all of the subject lots.

Council resolution: 27 November 2018

Gateway Determination: 9 August 2019

Planning Proposal - Freshwater Village Carpark Reclassification

Applies to land: Oliver Street carpark and Lawrence Street carpark, Freshwater

Outline: Amends WLEP 2011 to:

- Amend Schedule 4 Part 1 to include reference to the land
- Amend LZN_010 map to change the zoning from RE1 - Public Recreation to SP2 - Infrastructure
- Amend HOB_010 map to implement a maximum height of building of 3 metres.

Council resolution: 27 November 2018

Gateway determination: 23 September 2019

1.3 Development Control Plans

The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Warringah Development Control Plan 2011

2. Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in Clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

2.1 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

2.1 (a), (b), (c) & (d)

The following information identifies the purposes for which development may be carried out with or without development consent and the purposes for which the carrying out of development is prohibited, for all zones (however described) affecting the land to which the relevant Local Environmental Plan applies.

EXTRACT FROM WARRINGAH LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2011

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To ensure that low density residential environments are characterised by landscaped settings that are in harmony with the natural environment of Warringah.

2 Permitted without consent

Home-based child care; Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home businesses; Hospitals; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Veterinary hospitals

4 Prohibited

Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

Additional permitted uses

Additional permitted uses, if any, for which development is permissible with development consent pursuant to Clause 2.5 and Schedule 1 of the relevant Local Environmental Plan:

Nil

(e) Minimum land dimensions

The *Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011* contains no development standard that fixes minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land.

(f) Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat.

(g) Conservation areas

The land is not in a heritage conservation area.

(h) Item of environmental heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage.

2.2 Draft Local Environmental Plan - if any

For any proposed changes to zoning and land use, see Part 1.2 b)

Please contact Council's Strategic and Place Planning unit with enquiries on 1300 434 434.

2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

The *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* does not apply to the land.

3. Complying Development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may or may not be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

a) Housing Code

Complying Development under the Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

b) Rural Housing Code

Complying Development under the Rural Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

c) Low Rise Medium Density Code

Complying Development under the Low Rise Medium Density Code may not be carried out on all the land.

Note: Pursuant to clause 3B.63 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, all land in Northern Beaches Council is a 'deferred area' meaning that the Low Rise Medium Density Code does not apply until 1 July 2020.

d) Greenfield Housing Code

Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code may not be carried out on all of the land.

e) Housing Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

f) General Development Code

Complying Development under the General Development Code may be carried out on all of the land.

g) Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

h) Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code may be carried out on all of the land.

i) Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying Development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code may be carried out on all of the land.

j) Subdivisions Code

Complying Development under the Subdivisions Code may be carried out on all of the land.

k) Demolition Code

Complying Development under the Demolition Code may be carried out on all of the land.

l) Fire Safety Code

Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code may be carried out on all of the land.

m) Inland Code

Complying Development under the Inland Code does not apply to the land.

Note: Pursuant to clause 3D.1 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, the Inland Code only applies to 'inland local government areas'. Northern Beaches local government area is not defined as an 'inland local government area' by *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

4, 4A (Repealed)

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

The owner of the land (or any previous owner) has not consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal

protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

5. Mine Subsidence

The land has not been proclaimed to be a mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) Compensation Act, 1961*.

6. Road widening and road realignment

- (a) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*.
- (b) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under an environmental planning instrument.
- (c) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under a resolution of Council.

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restriction

- (a) Council has adopted a number of policies with regard to various hazards or risks which may restrict development on this land. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Council policies which affect the property, if any, are listed below (other than flooding – see 7A):

Nil

- (b) The following information applies to any policy as adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in a planning certificate issued by the Council. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Policy which affect the property, if any, are listed below:

Nil

7A. Flood related development control Information

- (1) Development on the land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is not subject to flood related development controls.
- (2) Development on the land or part of the land for any other purpose is not subject to flood related development controls.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Environmental planning instrument referred to in Clause 1 does not make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

9. Contribution plans

The following applies to the land:

Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019

9A. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land certified under Part 7AA of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*).

10. Biodiversity Stewardship Sites

The Council has not been notified by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land to which a biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* relates).

10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

Council has not been notified by Local Land Services of the existence of a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013*.

11. Bush fire prone land

Bush Fire Prone Land

The land is not bush fire prone land.

Draft Northern Beaches Bush Fire Prone Land Map 2018

The land is not bush fire prone land.

12. Property vegetation plans

The Council has not been notified that the land is land to which a vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies.

13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Council has not been notified of the existence of an order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

14. Directions under Part 3A

There is not a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P(2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect.

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

- (a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.
- (b) No condition of consent applies to the property that limits the kind of people who may occupy the premises/ development. This refers only to consents granted after 11 October 2007 with conditions made in accordance with clause 18(2) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004*.

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

There is not a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

17. Site compatibility certificate and conditions for affordable rental housing

- (a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.
- (b) There are not terms of a kind referred to in clause 17 (1) or 38 (1) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009* that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

18. Paper subdivision information

There is no current paper subdivision, of which council is aware, in respect of this land according to Part 16C of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

19. Site verification certificates

There is no current site verification certificate, of which council is aware, in respect of the land according to Part 4AA of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007*.

20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

The residential dwelling erected on this land has not been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

This clause applies to residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed in the register that is required to be maintained under that Division.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for more information.

21 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) There is not an affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
- (2) There is not a building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- (3) There is not a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been

given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

In this clause:

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

Additional matters under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) the land to which the certificate relates is not significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act
- (b) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act
- (c) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act
- (d) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act
- (e) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement

If contamination is identified above please contact the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for further information.



Ray Brownlee PSM
Chief Executive Officer

15/06/2020

fully signed

Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 Schedule 1 Standard Form Agreement (Clause 4(1))

Standard form from 30 October 2016

Residential tenancy agreement



Fair Trading

Landlord Name (1):

Shane Ellis

Landlord Name (2):

Address for service of notices (can be an agent's address):

10 Kent Street, Waverly NSW
Postcode: 2024

Telephone number (of landlord or agent): 0423 000 221

ellis.manager2@gmail.com

Tenant's Name (1):

Sunil Dutta

Tenant's Name (2):

Sarah Dutta

Tenant's Name (3):

Add all other tenants here:

Address for service of notices (if different to address of premises):

Postcode:

Telephone number/s: Sunil - 0412 654 234 Sarah - 0410 955 637

Landlord's agent:

Address for service of notices:

Postcode:

Telephone number/s:

Premises:

(a) location

11 Forest Way, Frenchs Forest NSW 2086

(b) inclusions

Insert inclusions, for example a common parking space or furniture provided. Attach a separate list if necessary.

Term:

The term of this agreement is 12 weeks/months/years, For a fixed term agreement insert the term. Otherwise leave blank or write 'periodic'

starting on 02/10/2019 and ending on 01/10/2020

Rent: \$ 750.00 a week fortnight payable in advance starting on 02/10/2019

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to _____ at _____

by cash or cheque, or

(b) into the following account, or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number: 012 390 account number: 472384962

account name: Shane Ellis

payment reference: 11 Forestway Rent, or

(c) as follows: _____

Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

RENTAL BOND [*Cross out if there is not going to be a bond*]:

A rental bond of \$ 3,000.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants

No more than 2 persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs *Email : ellis.manager2@gmail.com*

Electrical repairs: Shane Ellis 0423 000 221 Telephone: Annette Kwan 0412111886

Plumbing repairs: Shane Ellis 0423 000 221 Telephone: Annette Kwan 0412 111886

Other repairs: _____ Telephone: _____

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage?

Yes

No

If yes, see clauses 11 and 12.

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises?

Yes

No

If yes, see clause 35.

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is signed.

Tenancy laws

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

1. The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under 'Premises'.
2. The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when this agreement is signed and given by the tenant to the landlord or a person on the landlord's behalf, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque) and to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.7 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent

3. **The tenant agrees:**
 - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
 - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
 - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.
4. **The landlord agrees:**
 - 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
 - 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
 - 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
 - 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
 - 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and

Rent increases

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note: Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**
 - 6.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
 - 6.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
 - 6.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Rent reductions

7. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 7.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 7.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 7.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

8. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

Payment of council rates, land tax, water and other charges

9. **The landlord agrees to pay:**

- 9.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 9.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 9.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 9.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 9.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 9.8 all charges for the availability of gas to the residential premises if the premises do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises for any purpose.

10. **The tenant agrees to pay:**

- 10.1 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 10.2 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises, and
- 10.3 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 10.4 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 10.5 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 11 and the residential premises:
 - 10.5.1 are separately metered, or

- 10.5.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

11. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

- 11.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 11.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 11.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 11.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 11.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
 - 11.4.2 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
 - 11.4.3 there are no leaking taps at the commencement of this agreement or when the water efficiency measures are installed, whichever is the later.

12. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

13. **The landlord agrees:**

- 13.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 13.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

14. **The landlord agrees:**

- 14.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having

- superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 14.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 14.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

Use of the premises by tenant

15. The tenant agrees:

- 15.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 15.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 15.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 15.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 15.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 16.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 16.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes and batteries for smoke detectors on the residential premises.

17. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 17.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and

- 17.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 17.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 17.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises, and
- 17.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 17.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Landlord's general obligations for residential premises

18. The landlord agrees:

- 18.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
- 18.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 18.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 18.5 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises.

Urgent repairs

19. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 19.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 19.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and

- 19.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 19.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 19.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 19.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: The type of repairs that are urgent repairs are defined as follows:

- (a) *a burst water service,*
- (b) *an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,*
- (c) *a blocked or broken lavatory system,*
- (d) *a serious roof leak,*
- (e) *a gas leak,*
- (f) *a dangerous electrical fault,*
- (g) *flooding or serious flood damage,*
- (h) *serious storm or fire damage,*
- (i) *a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,*
- (j) *a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,*
- (k) *any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.*

Sale of the premises

20. The landlord agrees:

- 20.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 20.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

21. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. The landlord and tenant agree:

- 22.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 22.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

Landlord's access to the premises

23. **The landlord agrees** that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 23.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 23.2 if the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 23.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 23.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 23.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 23.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 23.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 23.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 23.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 23.10 if the tenant agrees.

24. **The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8 or 23.9 of this agreement:
- 24.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
 - 24.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
 - 24.3 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
25. **The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
26. **The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

Alterations and additions to the premises

27. The tenant agrees:

- 27.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 27.2 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 27.3 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 27.4 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

28. **The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably refuse permission for the installation of a fixture by the tenant or to a minor alteration, addition or renovation by the tenant.

Locks and security devices

29. The landlord agrees:

- 29.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- 29.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or

information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and

- 29.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 29.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 29.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

30. The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 30.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

31. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

Transfer of tenancy or sub-letting by tenant

32. The landlord and tenant agree that:

- 32.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 32.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or

sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and

- 32.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 32.4 without limiting clause 32.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 32.3 and 32.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

33. **The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

Change in details of landlord or landlord's agent

34. The landlord agrees:

- 34.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 34.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

Copy of certain by-laws to be provided

[Cross out if not applicable]

35. **The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996, the Strata Schemes

(Leasehold Development) Act 1986, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

Mitigation of loss

36. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

37. **The landlord agrees** that where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, then the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with details of the amount claimed and with copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim and a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

38. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that smoke alarms are installed and maintained in the residential premises in accordance with section 146A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that section requires them to be installed in the premises.
39. **The landlord and tenant each agree** not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Swimming pools

~~*[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]*~~

- ~~40. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.~~

~~*[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the *Community Land Development Act 1989*) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]*~~

40A. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:

40A.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and

40A.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

40B. **The landlord agrees:**

40B.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or

40B.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

Additional terms

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and
- (b) they do not conflict with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010* or any other Act, and
- (c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

Additional term—break fee

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

41. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount:

41.1 if the fixed term is for 3 years or less, 6 weeks rent if less than half of the term has expired or 4 weeks rent in any other case, or

41.2 if the fixed term is for more than 3 years, [specify amount]:

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates the residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note: Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

42. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term is limited to the amount specified in clause 41 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Additional term—pets

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

43. The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.

44. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises:

- 1 x dog
- 1 x parrot

45. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to have the residential premises fumigated if the cleaning or fumigation is required because animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

Insert any other agreed additional terms here. Attach a separate page if necessary.

See Annexure A (Special Conditions)

Notes

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4). Clause 5 of this agreement provides for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord include sale of the residential premises, breach of this agreement by the tenant and hardship. The grounds for the tenant include sale of the residential premises (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord and hardship. For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

Signed by the landlord/agent

Name of landlord/agent

Shane Ellis

Signature of landlord/agent

on the 1 day of 10 2019

in the presence of (witness)

Name of witness

Annette Kwan

Signature of witness

Signed by the tenant (1)

Name of tenant

Sunil Dutta

Signature of tenant

on the ___ day of 20__

in the presence of (witness)

Name of witness

Signature of witness

Signed by the tenant (2)

Name of tenant

Sarah Dutta

Signature of tenant

on the 20 day of 9 2019

in the presence of (witness)

Name of witness

Melissa Aarden

Signature of witness

Signed by the tenant (3) and any other tenants

Name of tenant/s

Sunil Dutta

Signature of tenant/s

on the 20 day of 9 2019

in the presence of (witness)

Name of witness

Melissa Aarden

Signature of witness

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of the *New tenant checklist* published by NSW Fair Trading.

Signature of tenant/s

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

