

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	eCOS ID: 70029366	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	Upstate Suite 15, Level 1, 888 Pittwater Road, Dee Why, NSW, 2099		Phone: 02 9971 9000 Fax:
co-agent			Ref: Peter Mosedale
vendor	Joanne Gaye Greco, Ceri-Ann Morgan 3 72 Harbord Road FRESHWATER NSW 2096		
vendor's solicitor	KAL Legal 6 Bruzzano Place Cromer NSW 2099 Postal: PO Box 627, Dee Why, NSW, 2099		Phone: 0407 151 100 Fax: Ref: KL:20/013
date for completion	42 days after the contract date	(clause 15)	Email: kathryn@kallegal.com.au
land (Address, plan details and title reference)	6/109 Queenscliff Road QUEENSCLIFF NSW 2096 Lot 6 in Strata Plan 5932 6/SP5932		
	<input type="checkbox"/> VACANT POSSESSION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Subject to existing tenancies		
improvements	<input type="checkbox"/> HOUSE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> garage <input type="checkbox"/> carport <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> home unit <input type="checkbox"/> carspace <input type="checkbox"/> storage space <input type="checkbox"/> none <input type="checkbox"/> other:		
attached copies	<input type="checkbox"/> documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: <input type="checkbox"/> other documents:		

A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blinds <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dishwasher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> stove <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> range hood <input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment <input type="checkbox"/> clothes line <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> insect screens <input type="checkbox"/> solar panels <input type="checkbox"/> TV antenna <input type="checkbox"/> curtains <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: smoke alarms
exclusions	
purchaser	
purchaser's solicitor	Phone: Fax: Ref: Email:
price	\$
deposit	\$
balance	\$
contract date	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated) (if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

vendor

witness

GST AMOUNT (optional)

The price includes

GST of: \$

purchaser

JOINT TENANTS

tenants in common

in unequal shares

witness

vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** (clause 3) NO yes

Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 30)

Electronic transaction (clause 30) no YES

(if no, vendor must provide further details, such as the proposed applicable waiver, in the space below, or *serve within 14 days* of the contract date):

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

land tax is adjustable NO yes

GST: Taxable supply NO yes in full yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply NO yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an *GSTRW payment* (residential withholding payment) NO yes(if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice *within 14 days* of the contract date.

GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – further details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier’s name:

Supplier’s ABN:

Supplier’s GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier’s business address:

Supplier’s email address:

Supplier’s phone number:

Supplier’s proportion of *GSTRW payment*: \$

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *RW rate* (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? NO yes

If “yes”, the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 32 property certificate for strata common property
<input type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 33 plan creating strata common property
<input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 34 strata by-laws
<input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided	<input type="checkbox"/> 35 strata development contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	<input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata management statement
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	<input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata renewal proposal
<input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal plan
<input type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
<input type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract	<input type="checkbox"/> 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 42 neighbourhood development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	<input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report	<input type="checkbox"/> 44 property certificate for precinct property
<input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 45 plan creating precinct property
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	<input type="checkbox"/> 46 precinct development contract
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 16 other document relevant to tenancies	<input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 17 licence benefiting the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 48 property certificate for community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 18 old system document	<input type="checkbox"/> 49 plan creating community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 19 Crown purchase statement of account	<input type="checkbox"/> 50 community development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 20 building management statement	<input type="checkbox"/> 51 community management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 21 form of requisitions	<input type="checkbox"/> 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
<input type="checkbox"/> 22 <i>clearance certificate</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 23 land tax certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
Home Building Act 1989	<input type="checkbox"/> 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
<input type="checkbox"/> 24 insurance certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
<input type="checkbox"/> 25 brochure or warning	<input type="checkbox"/> 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover	<input type="checkbox"/> 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract
Swimming Pools Act 1992	Other
<input type="checkbox"/> 27 certificate of compliance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 59
<input type="checkbox"/> 28 evidence of registration	Tenancy Agreement
<input type="checkbox"/> 29 relevant occupation certificate	Mid Term Rent Review
<input type="checkbox"/> 30 certificate of non-compliance	
<input type="checkbox"/> 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Robinson Strata Management
48 Lawrence Street, Freshwater, NSW, 2096

ph: 02 9907 5000

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
2. **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
3. There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning, Industry and Environment Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas Land & Housing Corporation Local Land Services	NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
- 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
- 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* at least 14 days before the date for completion –
- 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
- 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *servicing* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *servicing* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
- 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
- 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
- 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.
- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)**
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.
- **Purchaser**
- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* –
- 16.7.1 the price less any:
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
 - *GSTRW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.
- **Place for completion**
- 16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 17 Possession**
- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).
- 18 Possession before completion**
- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
- 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
- 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
- 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
- 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.
- 19 Rescission of contract**
- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *-serving* a notice before completion; and
- 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
- 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
- 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
- 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
- 20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
- 20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
- 20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
- 20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
- 20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
- 20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
- 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *servicing* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title**• Definitions and modifications**

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- **Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.
- 26 Crown purchase money**
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.
- 27 Consent to transfer**
- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
- 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
- 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
- 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*, or
- 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.
- 28 Unregistered plan**
- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
- 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
- 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.
- 29 Conditional contract**
- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;
- 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party serving* notice of the event happening;
 - every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.
- 30 Electronic transaction**
- 30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –
- 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.1.2 the *parties* otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or
- 30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
- 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* *serves* a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.3.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
- 30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
- 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
 - using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;
- 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –
- after the *effective date*; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;
- is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*; and
- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the *effective date* –
- 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.5.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
- 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –
- 30.6.1 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
- 30.6.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.6.3 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
- 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 *Normally*, *within 7 days* of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –
- 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.8.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *mortgagee details*, if applicable; and
- 30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion;
- 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion; and
- 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
- 30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
- 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
- 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 30.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
- 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must *serve* the *certificate of title* after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –
- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| <i>adjustment figures</i> | details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; |
| <i>certificate of title</i> | the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate; |
| <i>completion time</i> | the time of day on the date for completion when the <i>electronic transaction</i> is to be settled; |
| <i>conveyancing rules</i> | the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; |
| <i>discharging mortgagee</i> | any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser; |
| <i>ECNL</i> | the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW); |
| <i>effective date</i> | the date on which the <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> is agreed to be an <i>electronic transaction</i> under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date; |
| <i>electronic document</i> | a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; |
| <i>electronic transfer</i> | a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties'</i> <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> ; |

<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronically tradeable</i>	a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the <i>conveyancing rules</i> ;
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>mortgagee details</i>	the details which a <i>party</i> to the <i>electronic transaction</i> must provide about any <i>discharging mortgagee</i> of the <i>property</i> as at completion;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; and
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> .

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*, and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must –
- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor serves any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the *Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017* –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
- 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the *Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018*.

33. Variations to the Standard Conditions (Pages 2 to 17 inclusive)

33.1 Variations

The Standard Conditions on pages 4 to 20 inclusive of the Contract shall be amended as follows:

- a) Standard Condition 4.1 – Delete the word “Normally”
- b) Standard Condition 6 – is Deleted
- c) Standard Condition 7.1.1 – Deletion of 5% and replace with 1%
- d) Standard Condition 7.2.1 – Deletion of “10%” and replace with 1%
- e) Standard Condition 8.1.1 – Deletion of the words “on reasonable grounds”
- f) Standard Condition 8.1.2 – Deletion of the words “and those grounds”
- g) Standard Condition 8.2.2 – is Deleted
- h) Standard Condition 10.1.8 – replace the word “substance” with the word “existence”
- i) Standard Condition 14.8 – add the words “by any competent authority” after the words “Started”
- j) Standard Condition 15 – Add the words “4:00pm on” after the word “by”
- k) Standard Condition 16.5 – deletion of the words “plus another 20% of that fee”;
- l) Standard Condition 16.7 – deletion of the words “cash (up to \$2,000.00) or”;
- m) Standard Condition 16.8 – replace the word “settlement” with “bank”
- n) Standard Condition 20.6.5 – insert the words “or by email” after the words “by fax”;
- o) Standard Condition 23.13 – delete and substitute with “The purchaser must obtain a copy of the s109 or s184 Certificate under the Strata Schemes management Act in relation to the
- p) lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the completion date and a copy served by email on the Vendor’s solicitor at least 4 days prior to completion”
- q) Standard Condition 23.14 – change “purchaser” to “vendor” and delete “7 days” and substitute with “4 days”;
- r) Standard Condition 23.9.1 – is Deleted
- s) Standard Condition 23.13 – the words “at least 7 days be deleted”
- t) Standard Condition 23.14 – the first sentence be deleted. In addition the words “prescribed fee” be deleted and replaced with “vendor’s cost”
- u) Standard Condition 23.17 – is Deleted
- v) Standard Condition 31.4 – deletion of the “7 days” and substitute with “2 days

34. Alterations and additions to the Contract

34.1 Authorisation for alterations and additions to the Contract

Each party authorises its Solicitor/Conveyancer to make alterations to this Contract, including the additions of annexures after execution by that party and prior to exchange and any alterations shall be binding on the parties.

35. Completions and Costs

35.1 Notice to Complete

- a) In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified on Page 1 of this Contract, then the other shall be entitled after the hour of 4:00pm to serve a notice to complete requiring the other party to complete within fourteen (14) days from the date of service of the notice and it is agreed this time period is considered reasonable by both parties. For the purpose of this Contract, the notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this Contract.
- b) Where a notice to complete is served on the Purchaser by or on behalf of the Vendor, it is an essential term that on actual completion of this Contract the Purchaser must pay the sum of three hundred and thirty dollars (\$330.00) including GST (being a genuine pre-estimate of the damages payable for the breach of this Contract which gave rise to the service of this notice) to reimburse the Vendor for the additional legal costs and disbursements incurred by the Vendor in connection with the preparation and service of each notice.

35.2 Re-scheduling or cancellation at the time of settlement

In the event that due to the fault of either party the Purchaser or the Purchaser's Mortgagee (and through no fault of the Vendor) completion at the time of settlement is cancelled or to be rescheduled, the Purchaser must pay to the Vendor on completion an amount of \$175.00. This amount will be payable for each appointment for completion which is cancelled or does not take place, to cover additional legal fees for rescheduling settlements.

35.3 Late completion

In the event that completion is not effected on the nominated day for settlement (or if the Vendor cannot settle on that day then the third day after written notice from the Vendor that the Vendor is able to settle) then the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor interest on the balance of the purchase price at the rate of 8% per annum calculated daily from the date nominated for completion until and including the actual day of completion and such interest must be paid on completion. The interest payable pursuant to this Special Condition is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss as a result of the Purchaser's failure to complete in accordance with this Contract and the Vendor is not obliged to complete until such time that the interest has been paid.

35.4 Place of Completion

In the event the transaction is not an electronic transaction, completion shall take place in the city of Sydney or as the Vendor's solicitors may direct. The Vendor may agree to settle at a place other than the city of Sydney on payment by the Purchaser of an agency fee in an amount not exceeding \$90.00.

35.5 Error in Adjustments

Should any apportionment of outgoings required to be made under this Contract be overlooked or incorrectly calculated on completion the Vendor and the Purchaser agree that, upon being requested by the other party, make correct the calculation and pay such amount required to the party to whom it is payable. This Special Condition shall not merge on completion.

36. Death bankruptcy or incapacity

36.1 Death, bankruptcy or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, if either party (or if more than one any one of them) prior to completion die or become mentally ill (as defined in the MH Act or any later legislation) become insolvent or appoint or suffer the appointment of a Trustee in Bankruptcy, Receiver, Receiver/Manager, Voluntary Administrator or Liquidator, then either party may rescind this Contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and upon receipt of the notice this Contract shall end and the provisions of clause 19 will apply.

37. Property sold in its present condition

37.1 Condition and state of repair

- a) The Purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:
 - i. In its present condition and state of repair;
 - ii. Subject to all defects latent and patent;
 - iii. Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
 - iv. Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property;
 - v. Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed within this contract, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.
- b) The Purchaser agrees not to seek to terminate, rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by Special Condition 37.1.

37.2 Purchaser's consent

The Purchaser acknowledges and warrants that it has satisfied itself as to the terms of all building and development consents, if any, relating to the property and to the use to which the property may be put with or without those consents.

38. Transfer

38.1 Information for the Transfer

For the purposes of clause 4.2, the Purchaser acknowledges that sufficient information for the preparation of the Transfer of the land is disclosed in this Contract and that the Purchaser will not require the Vendor to provide any further information.

38.2 Late delivery of the Transfer

In the event this transaction is not an electronic transaction, in accordance with clause 4.1 of the printed clauses of the Contract, if the Purchaser serves the transfer upon the Vendor for execution as transferor less than 14 days to settlement, the Purchaser will pay the Vendor's solicitor the sum of \$150.00 (inclusive of GST) on completion. The Purchaser cannot make an objection, claim, requisition or delay settlement. This clause is an essential term of the Contract.

39. Vendor's Agent

39.1 Purchaser's warranty

The Purchaser warrants that he or she was not introduced to the Vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the Vendors agent, if any, referred to in this Contract.

39.2 Purchaser's indemnity

The Purchaser agrees that he will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the Purchasers breach of the warranty detailed in Special Condition 39.1. It is agreed that this clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion or be extinguished by completion of this Contract and shall continue in full force and effect not withstanding completion.

40. Deposit

40.1 Deposit and interest

- a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 2, the Purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this Contract.
- b) The deposit must be paid by cash or cheque payable to the deposit holder.
- c) The Purchaser authorises the Vendor to direct the deposit holder:
 - i. To invest the deposit (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with a trading bank in New South Wales in an interest bearing account;

- ii. To withdraw the deposit and interest earned on the deposit on completion, rescission or termination of this contract (whichever occurs); and
- iii. To pay the net interest, after deduction of all property, bank or government taxes, fees and charges to the Vendor and Purchaser equally unless the deposit paid is less than 10% in which case all interest earned on the deposit is to be paid to the Vendor on completion.

40.2 Payment of Deposit

- a) This clause shall only apply if the Vendor agrees to accept the deposit by instalments in which case the deposit is to be paid as follows:
 - i. As to 5% of the purchase price on a date hereof; and
 - ii. As to the remaining 5% of the purchase price on the date specified for completion or the date of termination whichever is the earlier, and in this respect time shall be of the essence.
- b) In the event that any part of the deposit is not paid, the Vendor shall be entitled to recover the same from the Purchaser as a liquidated debt.

This clause shall not merge on completion.

40.3 Release of Deposit

The Purchaser agrees that at any time prior to completion the Vendor may require the release of the whole part of the Deposit to be applied towards the deposit, stamp duty or purchase price of another property in which case that amount shall be immediately released to the Vendor upon written request by the Vendor's solicitor or conveyancer.

41. Contract

41.2 Entire Contract

To the extent permitted by law, in relation to its subject matter, this Contract represents the entire agreement between the parties and supersedes any prior discussion, written or other agreement of the parties.

41.3 No warranty by Vendor

Without limiting Special Condition 41.2, the Vendor does not warrant or represent that any information or statements contained or referred to in any brochure, advertisement or other document made available by or on behalf of the Vendor in connection with this sale or this Contract is accurate or complete and any warranties by or on behalf of the Vendor, express or implied are negative.

41.4 Warranty by Purchaser

The Purchaser represents and warrants that in entering this Contract they:

- a) Have not relied on any brochure, advertisement or other document referred to in Special Condition 41.3;
- b) Have not been induced to enter into this Contract by any express or implied statement, warranty or representation, whether oral, written or otherwise made by or on behalf of the Vendor in respect of the property or anything in relation to, or which could have an effect upon the property;
- c) Have relied entirely on their own enquiries, searches and inspections of the property;
- d) Are satisfied as to all information relevant to the risks, contingencies and other circumstances affecting the purchase of the property;
- e) Are satisfied as to the need for and the existence or validity of any development or other approval for the property; and
- f) Are not permitted to Make a Claim regarding any of the matters covered by Special Condition 41.4.

41.5 Fencing

The Vendor sells the property as it stands and should any fencing found not to be on its correct boundary or that any give and take fences exist or that any boundaries of the property are not fenced, the Vendor shall not be liable to make any compensation in respect thereof or to erect or contribute to the expense of erecting any new fencing on its correct line or otherwise.

41.6 Accuracy of documents

The Vendor does not warrant, promise, represent or state that any documents attached to this Contract are accurate or current.

41.7 Requisitions

The Purchaser agrees that the only form of general Requisitions on Title that the Purchaser shall be entitled to serve pursuant to Clause 5 shall be in the form of the Requisitions on Title annexed.

42 Finance

42.1 Warranty re Finance

The Purchaser warrants to the Vendor that they either:

- a) hold a current loan in an amount and upon terms satisfactory to them and sufficient to enable completion of this Contract within the time stipulated and upon the terms and conditions set out, herein; or
- b) do not require finance to complete this purchase.

43 Foreign Investment Review Board

43.1 Purchaser Warranty

The purchaser represents and warrants to the Vendor that:

- a) The Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer of the property to the Purchaser under the *Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975* (Cth); and
- b) The Purchaser is not domiciled in a jurisdiction that does not recognise common law.

43.2 Approval of Treasurer

If the Treasurer cannot prohibit the transfer of the property to the purchaser under the *Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975* (Cth) because the Purchaser has obtained approval of the Treasurer to the transfer, then:

- a) the Purchaser shall provide a copy of the approval to the Vendor on exchange of Contracts;
- b) the Purchaser warrants that the copy of the approval provided is a true copy of the approval; and
- c) the Purchaser warrants the approval is lawful, valid and current.

43.3 Essential Terms

The Purchaser agrees that its warranties under this clause 43.3 are essential terms of this Contract, a breach of which will entitle the Vendor to terminate this contract pursuant to clause 9.

43.4 Vendor Disclosure

The Vendor discloses to the Purchaser that the date of this Contract it does not have the approval of the Treasurer to sell to foreign interests.

44 Guarantor

If the Purchaser (and if comprised of more than one person, any of them) is a company/corporation and in consideration of the Vendor entering into this Contract with the Purchaser, it is an essential clause of this Contract that the director/s of the Purchaser Company (the Guarantor) guarantee to the Vendor the due and punctual performance and observance by the Purchaser of its obligations under this Contract and indemnify and must keep indemnified the Vendor against all losses, damages, liabilities, costs and expenses accruing to the Vendor, resulting or arising from any failure by the Purchaser to perform or observe any of the obligations on its part to be performed or observed. This guarantee and indemnity is a continuing obligation and cannot be abrogated, prejudiced or discharged by any waiver by the Vendor or by any other matter. Any rescission or termination will not waive the obligation arising under this clause. The guarantee and indemnity is deemed to constitute a principal obligation between the Guarantor and the Vendor.

EXECUTED BY GUARANTORS as a Deed:

SIGNED SEALED & DELIVERED by

in the presence of:

Signature of Witness

Signature

Name of Witness

SIGNED SEALED & DELIVERED by

in the presence of:

Signature of Witness

Signature

Name of Witness

45 Limited Title

In the event that the title of the subject property is Torrens Title subject to a limitation pursuant to s28T(4) of the *Real Property Act 1900* which relates to the boundaries of the land, the Purchaser shall not Make a Claim nor have the right of rescission in respect of the limitation nor shall the Purchaser require the Vendor to provide the abstract or prove prior old system title in relation thereto.

46 Qualified Title

The Purchaser will not require the Vendor to abstract the old system title of the subject property, nor prove title other than as Torrens Title with the caution noted thereon. Following completion, the Purchaser can make an application for the removal of the caution in accordance with section 28M of the *Real Property Act 1900*. The Purchaser shall not Make a Claim nor have any right of rescission in respect of this Special Condition.

SECTION 66W CERTIFICATE

I, _____ of Upstate Real Estate, _____, certify as follows:

1. I am a _____ currently admitted to practise in New South Wales;
2. I am giving this certificate in accordance with section 66W of the Conveyancing Act 1919 with reference to a contract for the sale of property at **6/109 Queenscliff Road, Queenscliff**, from **Joanne Gaye Greco and Ceri-Ann Morgan** to _____ in order that there is no cooling off period in relation to that contract;
3. I do not act for **Joanne Gaye Greco and Ceri-Ann Morgan** and am not employed in the legal practice of a solicitor acting for **Joanne Gaye Greco and Ceri-Ann Morgan** nor am I a member or employee of a firm of which a solicitor acting for **Joanne Gaye Greco and Ceri-Ann Morgan** is a member or employee; and
4. I have explained to :
 - (a) The effect of the contract for the purchase of that property;
 - (b) The nature of this certificate; and
 - (c) The effect of giving this certificate to the vendor, i.e. that there is no cooling off period in relation to the contract.

Dated: _____



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 6/SP5932

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
2/7/2020	4:20 PM	6	9/7/2018

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO. CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED.

LAND

LOT 6 IN STRATA PLAN 5932
AT QUEENSLIFF
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES

FIRST SCHEDULE

JOANNE GAYE GRECO
CERI-ANN MORGAN
AS TENANTS IN COMMON IN EQUAL SHARES (T AN475929)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP5932
- 2 AN475930 MORTGAGE TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP5932

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
2/7/2020	4:21 PM	2	1/5/2012

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 5932
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT QUEENSLIFF
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES
PARISH OF MANLY COVE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP5932

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 5932
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
109 QUEENSLIFF ROAD
QUEENSLIFF 2096

SECOND SCHEDULE (4 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016
- 3 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO CLAUSE 3 SCHEDULE 4 STRATA SCHEMES (FREEHOLD DEVELOPMENT) ACT 1973 REGARDING BOUNDARIES BETWEEN LOTS AND COMMON PROPERTY IN STRATA SCHEMES REGISTERED BEFORE 1-7-1974
- 4 AG954655 CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 142)

STRATA PLAN 5932

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	- 18	2	- 19	3	- 18	4	- 19
5	- 18	6	- 16	7	- 17	8	- 17

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

(E) (6)

Form I

- (a) State if whole or part.
- (b) Refer to number of Lot, Allotment, or Portion and to the Deposited Plan, Town, or as the case may be.

Secⁿ 3

Parcel comprises^(a) *WHOLE* of^(b) *LOT 57, D. P. 1376*

Reference to Title Vol. *3184* Fol. *150*

Shire
Mun./Shire/City *WARRINGAH*


Locality *QUEENSCLIFFE*

Parish *MANLY COVE* County *CUMBERLAND.*

Scale *30 feet to an inch.*

THIS STRATA PLAN NOW CONTAINS 5 SHEETS

STRATA PLAN 5932

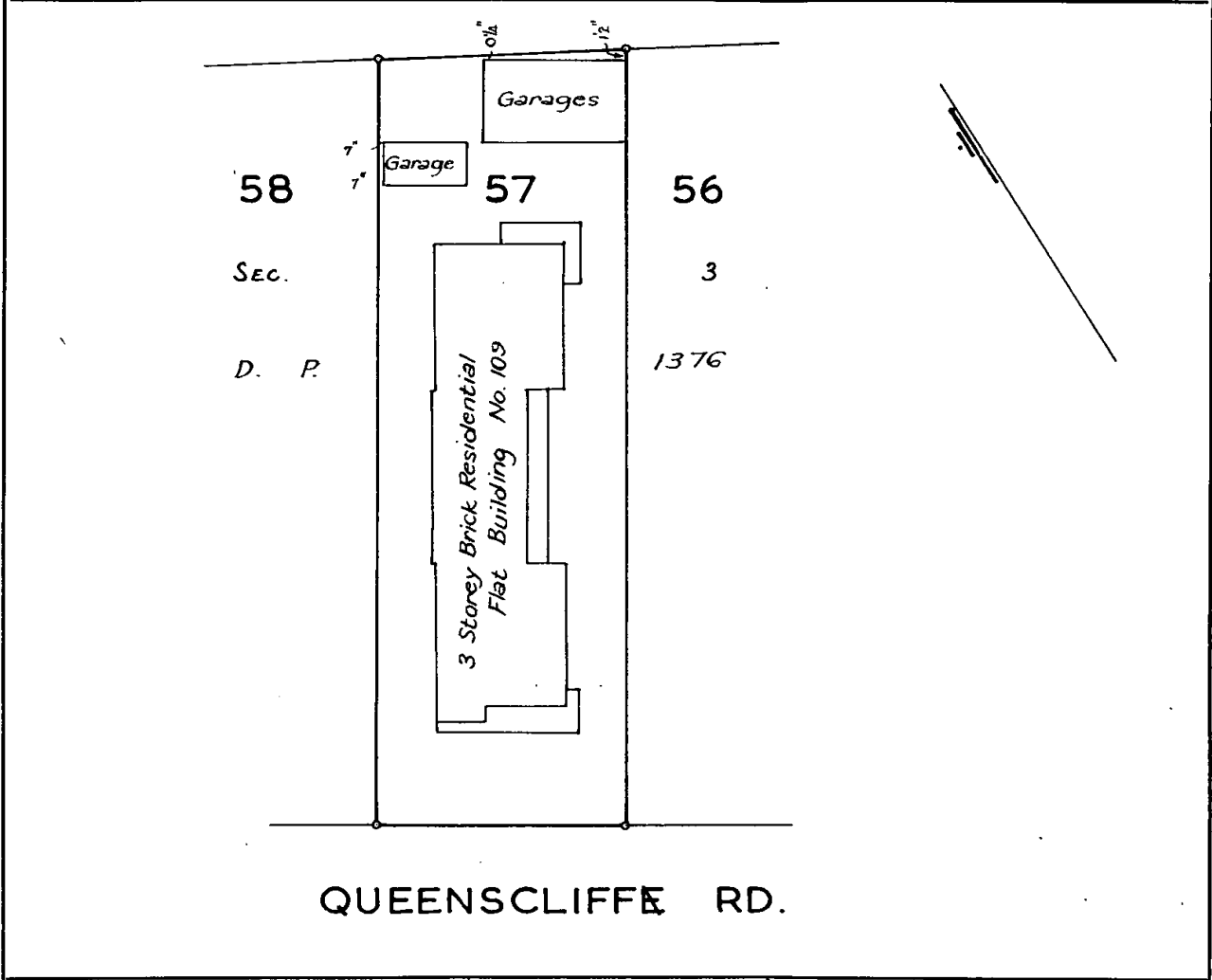
Registered:  *22.12.1971*

C.A.: *N^o 592/71 of 8-12-1971*

Ref Map: *Warringah Sh. 73*

Last Plan: *D. P. 1376*

External surface boundaries of the parcel and location of the building in relation thereto to be delineated in space opposite.



(c) Additional lots should be shown in an annexure.

(d) Delete if inappropriate.

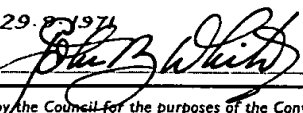
Schedule of Unit Entitlement ^(a)		OFFICE USE ONLY	
		Current C's of T.	
Lot No.	Unit Entitlement	Vol.	Fol.
1	18	11755-124	
2	19	11755-125	
3	18	11755-126	
4	19	11755-127	
5	18	11755-128	
6	16	11755-129	
7	17	11755-130	
8	17	11755-131	
AGGREGATE		142	

I, *John Boulton White.*
 of *26 Ormonde Rd., Hurstville.*
 a surveyor registered under the Surveyors Act, 1929, as amended, hereby certify that:

(1) the building erected on the parcel described above is within the external boundaries of the parcel^(d) subject to clause (2) of this certificate;

(2) ~~no easement or guttering of the building project beyond such external boundaries and an appropriate easement has been granted as an appurtenance of the parcel by registered Transfer No.~~


Dated *29.8.1971*

Signature 

Approved by the Council for the purposes of the Conveyancing (Strata Titles) Act, 1961.

Date *8.12.1971.*

Subdivision No. *592/71*

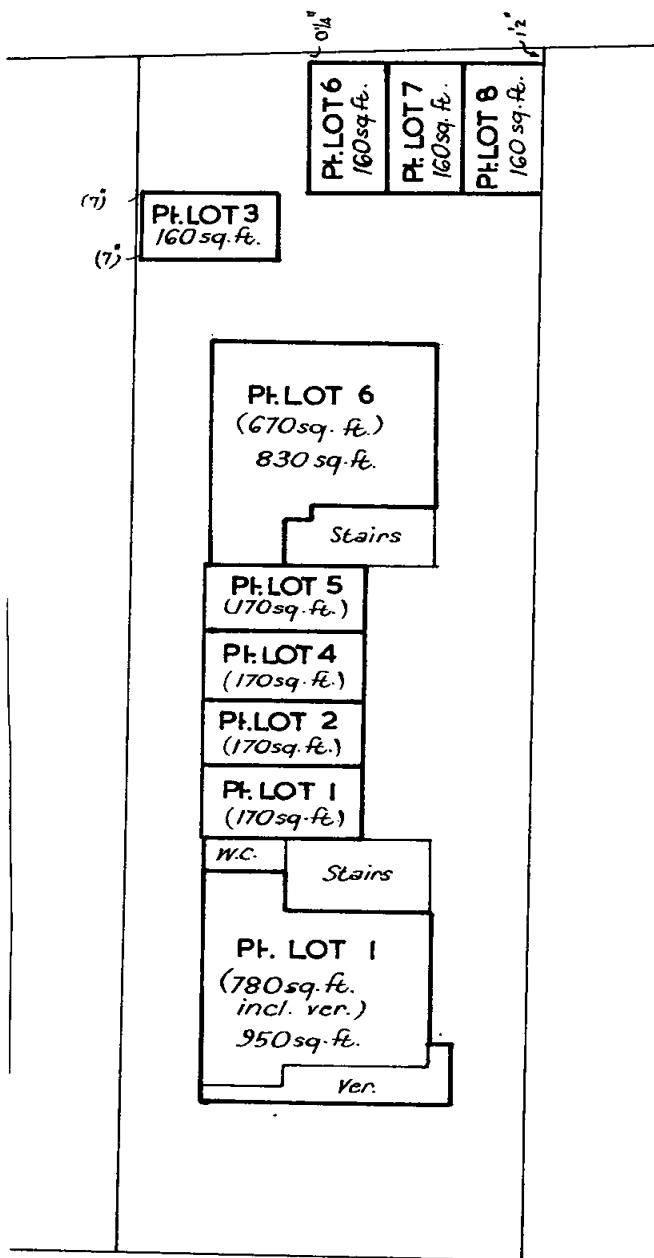
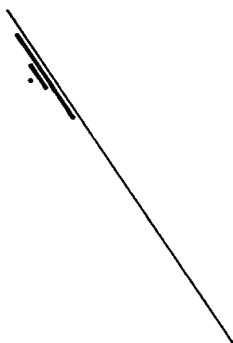

Council Clerk

The address for service of notices on the body corporate is: *THE PROPRIETORS NO. 109 QUEENSCLIFFE RD., QUEENSCLIFFE 2096*

STRATA PLAN No. 5932

SHEET No. 2 OF 4 SHEETS

GROUND FLOOR & GARAGES



CONVERSION TABLE ADDED IN REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

STRATA PLAN 5932		
FEET	INCHES	METRES
-	0 1/4	0.005
-	7	0.18
1	2	0.355
8	-	2.44
sq FT		sq M
160		14.9
170		15.8
670		62.2
760		70.6
780		72.5
830		77.1
920		85.5
950		88.3
1000		92.9
1160		107.8
1170		108.7

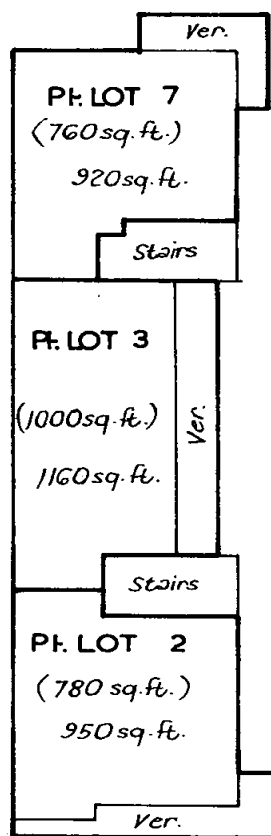
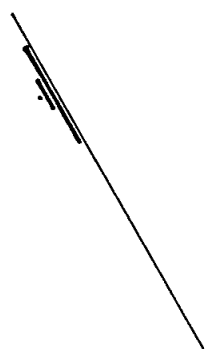
All areas are approximate.
 The verandahs are limited in height to 8 feet above its concrete floor.

Council Clerk.

STRATA PLAN No. 5932

SHEET No. 3 OF 4 SHEETS

FIRST FLOOR



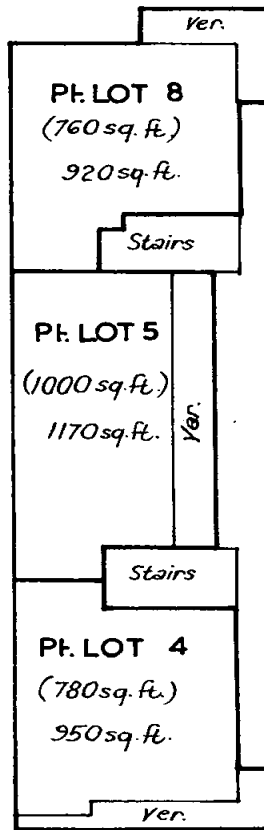
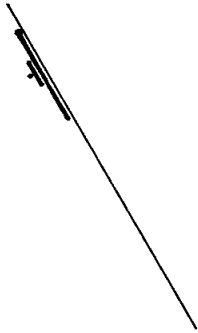
*All areas are approximate
& include verandahs.
The height of the verandahs
is limited to 8 feet above
their concrete floor.*


Council Clerk.

STRATA PLAN No. 5932

SHEET No. 4 OF 4 SHEETS

SECOND FLOOR



*All areas are approximate
& include verandahs.
The height of the verandahs
is limited to 8 feet above
their concrete floors.*


Council Clerk.

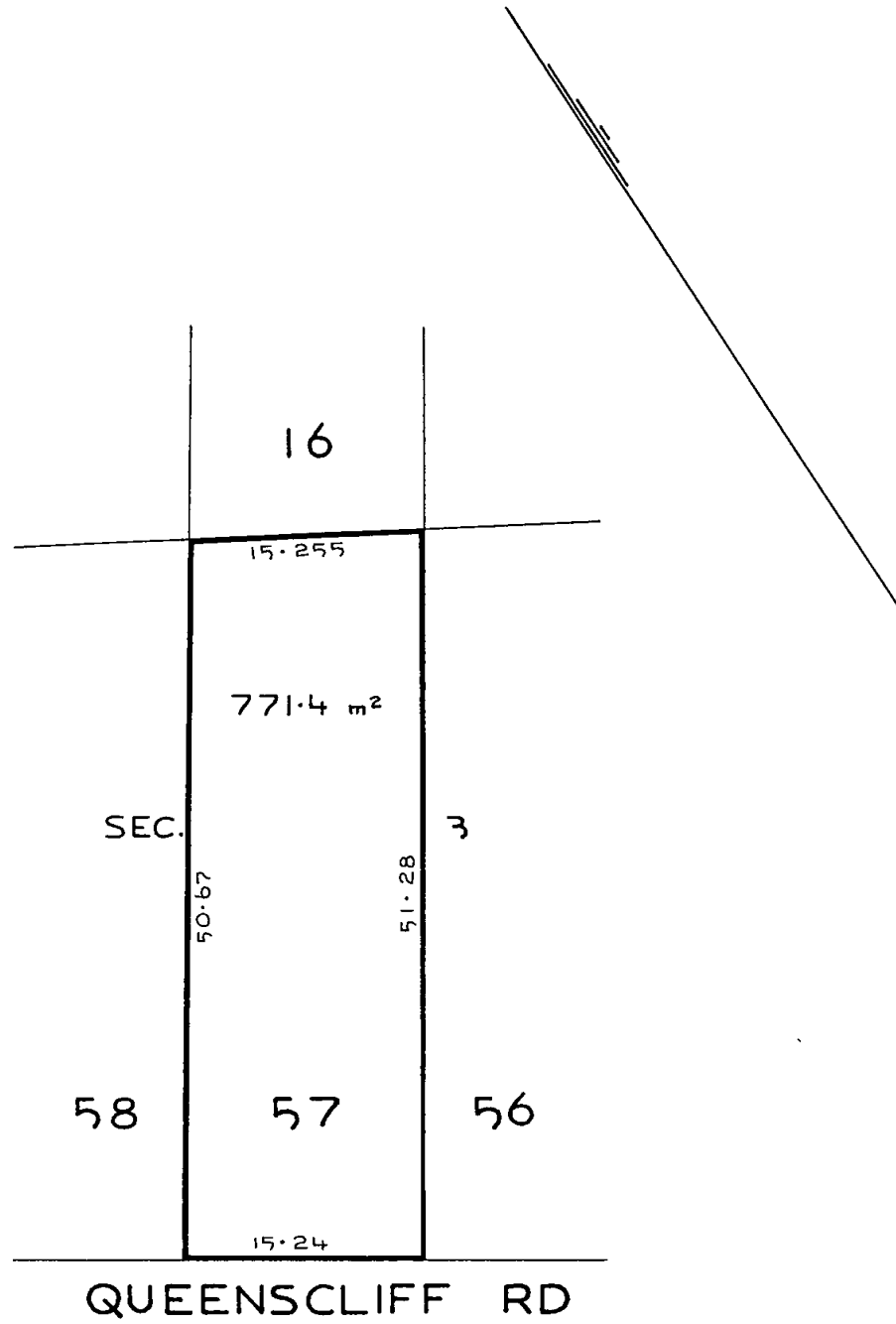
THIS SHEET SUPERSEDES THE DIAGRAM ON SHEET NO. 1 AS THE TITLE DIAGRAM

SHEET NO. 5



STRATA PLAN 5932

TITLE DIAGRAM



10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	TABLE OF MM	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210
COMPILED IN R.G.O. ON 16-2-1978									REDUCTION RATIO 1: 400				LENGTHS ARE IN METRES					

Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016

Current version for 1 July 2020 to date (accessed 8 July 2020 at 01:27)

Schedule 2

Schedule 2 By-laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

(Clause 35)

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 12 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 13 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 13 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 14 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 14 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 15 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not—

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 15 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 16 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation.

Note. This by-law is subject to sections 109 and 110 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*.

- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing—
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 106 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 16 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 17 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 17 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 18 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 18 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 19 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 19 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 20 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 20 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 21 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 21 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 22 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 22 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 23 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 23 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 24 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 24 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 25 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 25 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 26 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

15 Garbage disposal

An owner or occupier of a lot—

- (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 26 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 27 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

16 Keeping of animals

- (1) Subject to section 157 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 27 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 28 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 29 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 30 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

18 Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

Note. This by-law was previously by-law 3 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 3 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

19 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

Northern Beaches Council Planning Certificate – Part 2

Applicant: InfoTrack
GPO Box 4029
Sydney NSW 2001

Reference: KL:20/013
Date: 02/07/2020
Certificate No. ePLC2020/3945

Address of Property: 6/109 Queenscliff Road QUEENSCLIFF NSW 2096
Description of Property: Lot 6 SP 5932

Planning Certificate – Part 2

The following certificate is issued under the provisions of Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (as amended – formerly Section 149). The information applicable to the land is accurate as at the above date.

1. Relevant planning instruments and Development Control Plans

1.1 The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

1.1a) Local Environmental Plan

Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011

1.1b) State Environmental Planning Policies and Regional Environmental Plans

State Environmental Planning Policy 19 – Bushland in Urban Areas
State Environmental Planning Policy 21 – Caravan Parks
State Environmental Planning Policy 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development
State Environmental Planning Policy 50 – Canal Estate Development
State Environmental Planning Policy 55 – Remediation of Land
State Environmental Planning Policy 64 – Advertising and Signage
State Environmental Planning Policy 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)
State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004
State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017
State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004
State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005

State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2019

Wholly Affected - State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 20-Hawkesbury-Nepean River (No 2-1997)

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 9-Extractive Industry (No 2-1995)

1.2 Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the Council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

1.2 a) Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Environment)

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Short-term Rental Accommodation) 2019

Amendment to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

Draft Remediation of Land State Environmental Planning Policy (intended to replace State Environmental Planning Policy 55)

1.2 b) Draft Local Environmental Plans

Planning Proposal - Manly Creek Riparian Lands, Manly Vale (in the vicinity of “Mermaid Pool”)

Applies to: Crown Land:

- Part Lot 7370 DP1165551 being land adjoining 102 King Street, Manly Vale
- Part Lot 7369 DP1165551 Wandella Road, Allambie Heights, south of Jenna Close, Allambie heights
- Lot 7371 DP1165577
- Part unmade road at the southern end of Wandella Road, King Street, Manly Vale

Outline: Proposed amendment to WLEP 2011 to:

- Amend Land Zoning Map to change the zoning from R2 (Low Density Residential) to RE1 (Public Recreation).
- Amend Height of Building Map and Minimum Lot Size Map to remove the residential development standards for height and minimum lot size from all of the subject lots.

Council resolution: 27 November 2018

Gateway Determination: 9 August 2019

Planning Proposal - Freshwater Village Carpark Reclassification

Applies to land: Oliver Street carpark and Lawrence Street carpark, Freshwater

Outline: Amends WLEP 2011 to:

- Amend Schedule 4 Part 1 to include reference to the land
- Amend LZN_010 map to change the zoning from RE1 - Public Recreation to SP2 - Infrastructure
- Amend HOB_010 map to implement a maximum height of building of 3 metres.

Council resolution: 27 November 2018

Gateway determination: 23 September 2019

1.3 Development Control Plans

The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Warringah Development Control Plan 2011

2. Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in Clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

2.1 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

2.1 (a), (b), (c) & (d)

The following information identifies the purposes for which development may be carried out with or without development consent and the purposes for which the carrying out of development is prohibited, for all zones (however described) affecting the land to which the relevant Local Environmental Plan applies.

EXTRACT FROM WARRINGAH LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2011

Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.
- To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To ensure that medium density residential environments are characterised by landscaped settings that are in harmony with the natural environment of Warringah.
- To ensure that medium density residential environments are of a high visual quality in their presentation to public streets and spaces.

2 Permitted without consent

Home-based child care; Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Group homes; Home businesses; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Seniors housing; Veterinary hospitals

4 Prohibited

Pond-based aquaculture; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

Additional permitted uses

Additional permitted uses, if any, for which development is permissible with development consent pursuant to Clause 2.5 and Schedule 1 of the relevant Local Environmental Plan:

Nil

(e) Minimum land dimensions

The *Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011* contains no development standard that fixes minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land.

(f) Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat.

(g) Conservation areas

The land is not in a heritage conservation area.

(h) Item of environmental heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage.

2.2 Draft Local Environmental Plan - if any

For any proposed changes to zoning and land use, see Part 1.2 b)

Please contact Council's Strategic and Place Planning unit with enquiries on 1300 434 434.

2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

The *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* does not apply to the land.

3. Complying Development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may or may not be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

a) Housing Code

Complying Development under the Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

b) Rural Housing Code

Complying Development under the Rural Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

c) Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying Development under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code may be carried out on all of the land.

d) Greenfield Housing Code

Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code may not be carried out on all of the land.

e) Housing Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

f) General Development Code

Complying Development under the General Development Code may be carried out on all of the land.

g) Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

h) Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code may be carried out on all of the land.

i) Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying Development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code may be carried out on all of the land.

j) Subdivisions Code

Complying Development under the Subdivisions Code may be carried out on all of the land.

k) Demolition Code

Complying Development under the Demolition Code may be carried out on all of the land.

l) Fire Safety Code

Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code may be carried out on all of the land.

m) Inland Code

Complying Development under the Inland Code does not apply to the land.

Note: Pursuant to clause 3D.1 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, the Inland Code only applies to 'inland local government areas'. Northern Beaches local government area is not defined as an 'inland local government area' by *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

4, 4A (Repealed)

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

The owner of the land (or any previous owner) has not consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

5. Mine Subsidence

The land has not been proclaimed to be a mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) Compensation Act, 1961*.

6. Road widening and road realignment

- (a) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*.
- (b) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under an environmental planning instrument.
- (c) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under a resolution of Council.

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restriction

- (a) Council has adopted a number of policies with regard to various hazards or risks which may restrict development on this land. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Council policies which affect the property, if any, are listed below (other than flooding – see 7A):

Nil

- (b) The following information applies to any policy as adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in a planning certificate issued by the Council. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Policy which affect the property, if any, are listed below:

Nil

7A. Flood related development control Information

- (1) Development on the land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is not subject to flood related development controls.
- (2) Development on the land or part of the land for any other purpose is not subject to flood related development controls.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Environmental planning instrument referred to in Clause 1 does not make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

9. Contribution plans

The following applies to the land:

Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019

9A. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land certified under Part 7AA of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*).

10. Biodiversity Stewardship Sites

The Council has not been notified by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land to which a biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* relates).

10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

Council has not been notified by Local Land Services of the existence of a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013*.

11. Bush fire prone land

Bush Fire Prone Land

The land is not bush fire prone land.

Draft Northern Beaches Bush Fire Prone Land Map 2018

The land is not bush fire prone land.

12. Property vegetation plans

The Council has not been notified that the land is land to which a vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies.

13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Council has not been notified of the existence of an order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

14. Directions under Part 3A

There is not a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P(2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect.

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

- (a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

- (b) No condition of consent applies to the property that limits the kind of people who may occupy the premises/ development. This refers only to consents granted after 11 October 2007 with conditions made in accordance with clause 18(2) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004*.

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

There is not a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

17. Site compatibility certificate and conditions for affordable rental housing

- (a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.
- (b) There are not terms of a kind referred to in clause 17 (1) or 38 (1) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009* that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

18. Paper subdivision information

There is no current paper subdivision, of which council is aware, in respect of this land according to Part 16C of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

19. Site verification certificates

There is no current site verification certificate, of which council is aware, in respect of the land according to Part 4AA of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007*.

20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

The residential dwelling erected on this land has not been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

This clause applies to residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed in the register that is required to be maintained under that Division.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for more information.

21 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- 1) There is not an affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

- 2) There is not a building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- 3) There is not a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

In this clause:

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

Additional matters under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

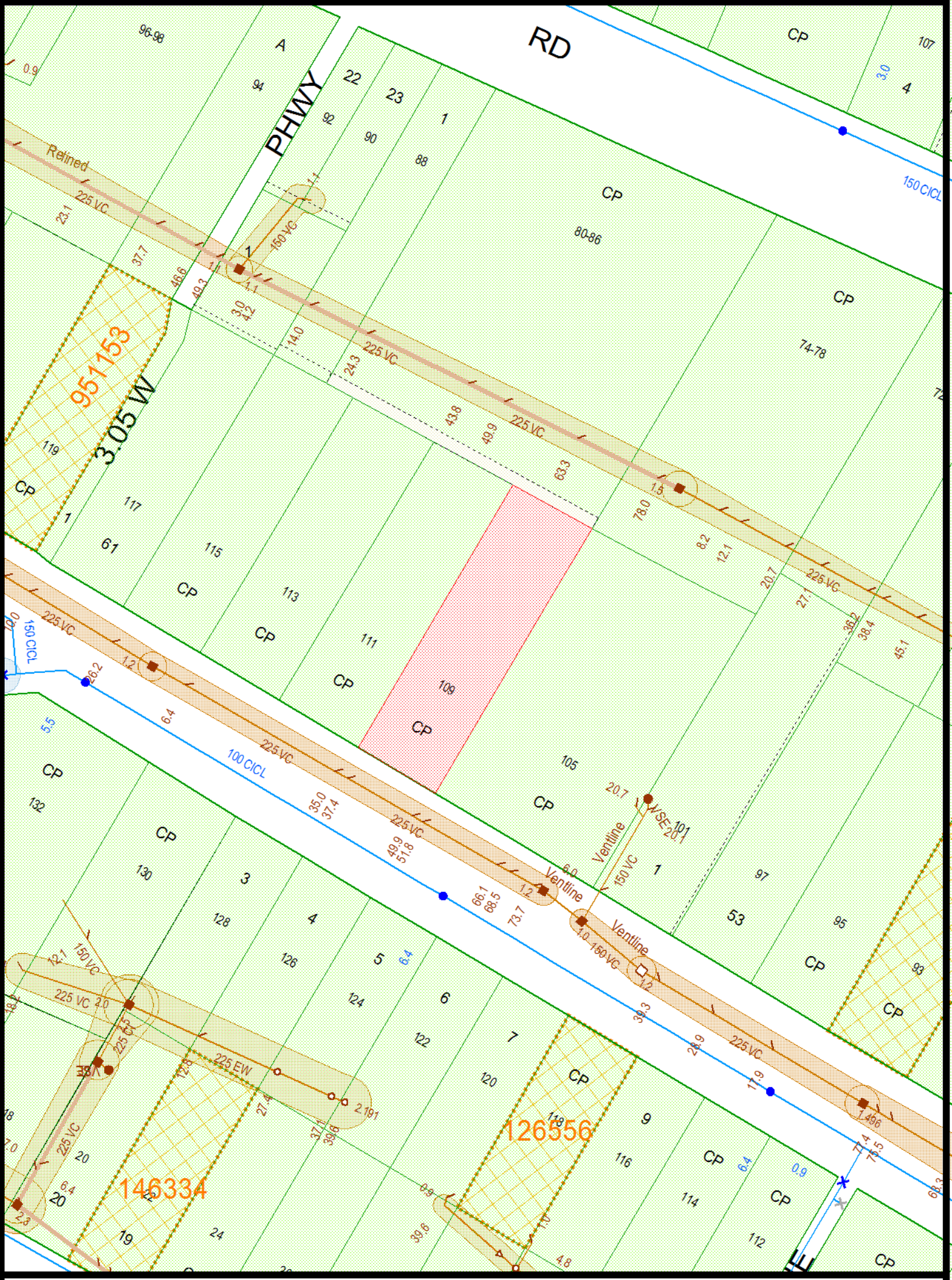
- (a) the land to which the certificate relates is not significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act
- (b) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act
- (c) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act
- (d) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act
- (e) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement

If contamination is identified above please contact the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for further information.



Ray Brownlee PSM
Chief Executive Officer

02/07/2020



NOTE This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.

METROPOLITAN WATER SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE BOARD

CAS BETA
P/L

SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM

Municipality of *Warringah*

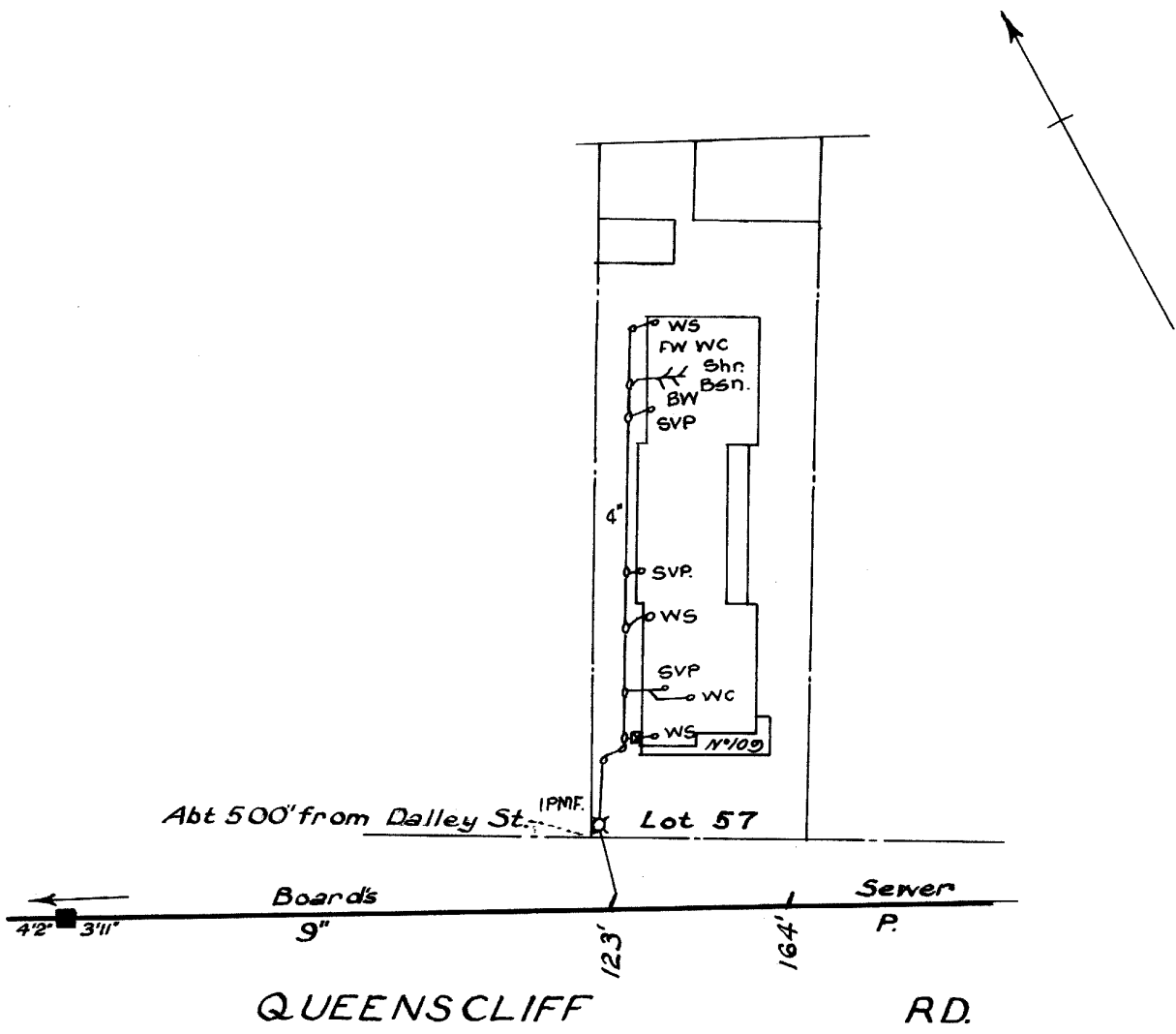
No. 124388

- | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| □ Boundary Trap | ■ R.V. Reflux Valve | — Cleaning Eye | I.P. Induct Pipe | Bsn. Basin |
| ■ Pit | ○ Vert. Vertical Pipe | ○ V.P. Vent. Pipe | M.F. Mica Flap | Shr. Shower |
| ▣ G.I. Grease Interceptor | ○ S.V.P. Soil Vent. Pipe | D.C.C. Down Cast Cowl | T. Tubs | W.I.P. Wrought Iron Pipe |
| ⊠ Gully | | | K.S. Kitchen Sink | C.I.P. Cast Iron Pipe |
| ⊞ P.T. P. Trap | | | W.C. Water Closet | F. W. Floor Waste |
| ⊞ R.S. Reflux Sink | | | B.W. Bath Waste | W.M. Washing Machine |

Scale: 40 Feet To An Inch

SEWER AVAILABLE

Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer



RATE No. W.C.s. U.C.s. 19

SHEET No. **3249** OFFICE USE ONLY For Engineer House Services

DRAINAGE		PLUMBING	
W.C.	Supervised by	BRANCH OFFICE	Supervised by
Bth.	Date	Date	Date
Shr.	Inspector	Outfall	Inspector
Bsn.		HL LL	
K.S.	Chief Inspector	Drainer	62-793
T.		Plumber	
Ptg.	Date	Boundary Trap	1186 028
Dge. Int.	Date	is/ is not required	
Dge. Ext.	Tracing Checked		

NOTE This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

1. This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
2. If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 30 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
3. If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
4. The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on **at** **Between**

Landlord *[Insert name and telephone number or other contact details of landlord(s)]*

Name/s Joanne Greco	
	A.B.N.(if applicable)
Contact Details: Joanne.Greco.403209opl305770@our.property	

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

[Insert business address or residential address of landlord(s)]

Level 1, Suite 15 888 Pittwater Road,	
Dee Why NSW 2099	

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent.

[Insert corporation name and business address of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is a corporation]

Level 1, Suite 15 888 Pittwater Road,	
Dee Why NSW 2099	

Tenant *[Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details]*

Name/s Noeline Tangapiri	
Contact Details:	

Name/s Audrey Tangapiri	
Contact Details:	

Name/s Gabriel Felipe DeOliveira Adaime	
Contact Details:	

Landlord's agent details: *[Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact details]*

Licensee My 4 Asset Management Unit Trust T/as UPSTATE with Peter Mosedale as the Licensee of the Trust	
A.B.N. 11365951535	
Address Level 1, Suite 15 888 Pittwater Road,	
Dee Why NSW	Postcode 2099
Phone 0299719000	Email michael.b@upstate.com.au

Tenant's agent details: *[Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details]*

Name/s My 4 Asset Management Unit Trust T/as UPSTATE with Peter Mosedale as the Licensee of the Trust	
A.B.N. 11365951535	
Address Level 1, Suite 15 888 Pittwater Road,	
Dee Why NSW	Postcode 2099
Phone 0299719000	Email michael.b@upstate.com.au

Term of agreement:

The term of this agreement is

Starting on and ending on

Note: For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the *Real Property Act 1900*

Residential premises:

The residential premises are *[Insert address]*:

Address 6/109 Queenscliff Road		
Suburb Queenscliff	State NSW	Postcode 2096

The residential premises include: *[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]*

The residential premises **do not include:** *[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]*

Rent: week payable in advance starting on

S.no	Mid term Rent	Increase On	Payable
1.	\$610.00	10/08/2020	week

Note: Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method by which the rent must be paid:

a. BPAY:

Billers Code: 4481 Customer Reference: 0031115314, 0031115314,

b. DEFT:

Billers Code: 4481 Customer Reference: 0031115314, 0031115314,

Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

RENTAL BOND *[Cross out if there is not going to be a bond]*

A rental bond (PAID) of \$ 2400.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement.

The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

the landlord or another person, or

the landlord's agent, or

NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bond Online.

Note: All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants

No more than 3 persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Names of Approved Occupants

Noeline Tangapiri

Audrey Tangapiri

Gabriel Felipe DeOliveira Adaime

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs

Electrical repairs:	Wilsake Electricals	Telephone:	0417 457 010
Plumbing repairs:	Super Plumbers	Telephone:	0413 373 314
Other repairs:	Keyline Lock Smith	Telephone:	0411 302 041

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage?



If yes, see clauses 12 and 13

Utilities

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

Hardwired smoke alarms

Battery operated smoke alarms

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? Yes No If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional][Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? Yes No If yes, see clause 50

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? Yes No If yes, see clause 50

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

1. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under '**Residential Premises**' .

Copy of Agreement

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:

2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and

2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Rent

3. The tenant agrees:

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent increases

5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period

7. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Rent reductions

8. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:

- 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

9. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

10. The landlord agrees to pay:

- 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and

10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and

10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and

10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and

10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and

10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and

11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and

11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and

11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and

11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* and the residential premises:

11.6.1 are separately metered, or

11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and

12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and

12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and

12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:

12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,

12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,

12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,

12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

14. The landlord agrees:

14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and

14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

15. The landlord agrees:

15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and

15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and

15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and

16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and

16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and

16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and

16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and

17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and

17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and

17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and

18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and

18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and

18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises, and

18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and

18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. The landlord agrees:

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note1 . Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for the residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- a) are structurally sound, and
- b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- c) have adequate ventilation, and
- d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note2 . Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures - are not subject to significant dampness, and
- c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows - do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.

19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and

19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and

19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and

19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and

19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

Urgent repairs

20. **The landlord agrees** to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and

20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and

20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and

20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and

20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and

20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: The type of repairs that are **urgent repairs** are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows:

- a. a burst water service,

- b. an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,
- c. a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- d. a serious roof leak,
- e. a gas leak,
- f. a dangerous electrical fault,
- g. flooding or serious flood damage,
- h. serious storm or fire damage,
- i. a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- j. a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- k. any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and

21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. **The tenant agrees** not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23. The landlord and tenant agree:

23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and

23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

24. **The landlord agrees** that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),

24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,

24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,

24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,

24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),

24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),

24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),

24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),

24.11 if the tenant agrees.

25. **The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8 or 23.9 of this agreement:

25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and

25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and

25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry

26. **The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

27. **The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

28. The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note . See section 55A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is '**published**'

29. **The tenant agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of *the Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

30. The tenant agrees:

30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and

30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to install those fixtures or carry out those alterations, additions or renovations unless the landlord gives consent, and

30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and

30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and

30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and

30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

31. **The landlord agrees:** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

32. The landlord agrees:

32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and

32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and

32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and

32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and

33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

34. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

35. The landlord and tenant agree that:

35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and

35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and

35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and

35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

36. The landlord agrees charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:

37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and

37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

38. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.

39. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

41. **The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:

- 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
- 41.2 copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
- 41.3 a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

42. The landlord agrees to

- 42.1 ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2 conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5 engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
- 42.6 repair or replace, a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working, unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7 reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm (which includes a heat alarm) includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note2. Clauses 42.2-42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

43. **The tenant agrees to**

- 43.1 to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2 that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3 to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15-17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. **The landlord and tenant each agree** not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

45. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

46. **The landlord agrees** to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:

46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and

46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. **The landlord agrees:**

47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or

47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

48. **The landlord agrees** that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. **The landlord agrees** that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**

50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and

50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and

50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and

50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

51. **The tenant agrees** that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,

51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,

51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,

51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. **The landlord agrees** that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

(a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and

(b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and

(c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

Any additional terms are not required by law and are **negotiable**.]

ADDITIONAL TERMS - PETS

[Cross out clauses if not applicable]

53. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc] :

-

54. The tenant agrees

54.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and

54.2 to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and

54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and

54.4 to comply with any council requirements.

55. **The tenant agrees** to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

56. The landlord and tenant

56.1 **agree** that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated 09/10/2017 *(insert a date if the landlord and and tenant agree to this clause)* forms part of this agreement,

56.2 **acknowledge** that the tenant's responses in that condition report form part of this agreement, and

56.3 **agree** that two physical copies of that condition report, or one electronic copy, have been given to the tenant on or before the date of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

57. Further to clauses 16 and 17 and subject to any applicable by-law, **the tenant agrees:**

57.1 to use the residential premises for residential purposes only;

57.2 not to use, advertise for use, sub-let, licence, transfer or otherwise part with possession of the whole or any part of the residential premises for the purpose of giving a person the right to occupy the residential premises for the purpose of a holiday, without the prior written consent of the landlord where such consent may be refused in the landlord's absolute discretion;

57.3 to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;

57.4 to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;

57.5 to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;

57.6 to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their

condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;

57.7 to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;

57.8 to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal;

57.9 to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim;

57.10 to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;

57.11 to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;

57.12 not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;

57.13 not to store rubbish, unregistered vehicles, any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas (with the exception of petrol or gas stored in the fuel tank of any registered motor vehicle) or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material on the residential premises, and storage of any items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and

57.14 to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

58.The tenant agrees:

58.1 to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and

58.2 the availability of telephone or fax lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services) are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND

59.The tenant agrees:

59.1 to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and

59.2 not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.

60. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

61.The tenant agrees:

61.1 not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*; and

61.2 to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

62.**The tenant acknowledges** that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

63.The tenant agrees:

63.1 upon termination of this agreement, to:

(a) promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*;

(b) promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and

(c) comply with its obligations in clause 18 of this agreement; and

63.2 that the tenant's obligations under this agreement continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.

64. Notwithstanding any termination of this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges and agrees** that an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement.

65. **the landlord and the tenant agrees that**

65.1 any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement; and

65.2 the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note : Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note : If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 87(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

66. **The tenant acknowledges and agrees:**

66.1 to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title rules relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;

66.2 where the residential premises are subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and/or management statements and any applicable law;

66.3 where the residential premises are a flat (not subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*), to comply with any applicable law and the special conditions contained in Schedule A of this agreement and any other special conditions as notified to the tenant from time to time; and

66.4 that, at the tenant's cost, the owners corporation or strata managing agent may dispose of abandoned goods, perishable goods or rubbish left on common property.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOLS

(This clause does not apply when there is no pool on the residential premises)

67. Unless otherwise agreed by the landlord and tenant in writing, **The tenant agrees:**

67.1 to vacuum, brush and clean the pool, backwash the filter and empty the leaf basket(s) regularly keeping them free from leaf litter and other debris;

67.2 to have the pool water tested once a month at a pool shop and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water clean and clear;

67.3 to keep the water level above the filter inlet at all times;

67.4 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent as soon as practicable of any problems with the pool or equipment, safety gate, access door, fence or barrier;

67.5 not to interfere with the operation of any pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier including not propping or holding open any safety gate or access door, nor leaving any item or object near a pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier which would aid or allow access by children to the pool area or allow children to climb the pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier; and

67.6 to ensure that the pool safety gate or access door is self-closing at all times.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM

(for a fixed term of **less than 2 years**):

68. By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

68.1. the rent will be increased to \$610.00 per on 10/08/2020 ; and

S.no	Mid term Rent	Increase On	Payable
1.	\$610.00	10/08/2020	week

68.2. the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM

(for a fixed term of **2 years or more**):

69. By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

69.1. the rent will be increased to

69.2. the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS AGREEMENT

70. For avoidance of doubt:

70.1 a condition report which accompanies this agreement, forms part of this agreement;

70.2 a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report; and

70.3 if the tenant fails to return the condition report to the landlord or the landlord's agent within 7 days of being provided with the landlord's signed condition report then the tenant is deemed to have accepted the landlord's signed condition report and that report forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANT OBLIGATIONS

71. **The tenant agrees:**

71.1 to reimburse the landlord, within 30 days of being requested to do so, for:

(a) any call out fees payable where the call out has been arranged with the tenant and the tenant has failed to provide access to the residential premises for any reason, preventing the relevant service from taking place;

(b) any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and

(c) any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the failure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;

71.2 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 42 of this agreement; and

71.3 to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm

fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

72. **The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees** that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is no garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

73. **The tenant agrees** agrees that if the premises include a garage then the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods or personal belongings.

74. **The landlord gives** no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

75. **The tenant agrees** to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.

76. **The landlord agrees** to provide to the tenant's agent (if appointed) all notices and documents that it gives to the tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

77. Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 24.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, **the tenant acknowledges and agrees** that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.

78. **The tenant agrees** that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 24.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

79. The *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) (the **Act**) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord.

The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that written notification.

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

- (a) identify and verify the tenant's identity;
- (b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;
- (c) assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;
- (d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;
- (e) contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;
- (f) comply with any applicable law;
- (g) liaise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;

(h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;

(i) process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and

(j) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and applicable tribunals, third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods, and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, and unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant fails to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.

The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant **does not** wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box: or otherwise notify the landlord and/or landlord's agent using the contact details of the landlord and/or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges** that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and **the tenant authorises** the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

80. **The landlord and tenant each acknowledge** that

80.1. the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement;

80.2. the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:

(a) they do not contravene *the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW), the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 (NSW)* or any other Act; and

(b) they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement; and

SCHEDULE A

SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS

Special Condition 1 - Vehicles

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common area, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common area, except with the prior written approval of the landlord or as permitted by a sign authorised by the landlord.

Special Condition 2 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord:

(a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or

(b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common areas

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common areas by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Special Condition 4 - Noise

The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, must not create any noise in the flat or the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Behaviour of tenants and invitees

(a) The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using the common area.

(b) The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their invitees:

(i) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area; and

(ii) without limiting paragraph (b)(i), comply with Special Condition 5(a).

Special Condition 6 - Children playing on common areas in building

Any child for whom the tenant is responsible may play on any area of the common area that is designated by the landlord for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision. The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 7 - Smoke penetration

The tenant, and any invitee of the tenant, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common area, except:

(a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the landlord, or

(b) with the written approval of the landlord.

The tenant who is permitted under this Special Condition to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common area must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other flat. The tenant must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, in the flat does not penetrate to the common area or any other flat.

Special Condition 8 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees to do any thing in the flat or common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or common areas

Special Condition 9 - Storage of inflammable, dangerous or hazardous liquids and other substances and materials

(a) The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord, use or store in the flat, garage or carport or on the common area any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material.

(b) This Special Condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 10 - Appearance of flat

(a) The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(b) This Special Condition does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with Special Condition 12.

Special Condition 11 - Cleaning windows and doors

(a) Except in circumstances referred to in Special Condition 11(b), the tenant is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.

(b) The landlord is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the tenant safely or at all.

Special Condition 12 - Hanging out of washing

The tenant may hang any washing on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose. The tenant may hang washing on any part of the flat other than over the balcony railings. In each case, the washing may only be hung for a reasonable period. In this Special Condition, "washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Special Condition 13 - Disposal of waste - bins for individual flats (applicable where individual flats have bins)

(a) The tenant must:

(i) not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;

(ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);

(iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on the common area;

(iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste;

(v) maintain bins for waste within the flat, or on any part of the common area that is authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered;

(vi) not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier;

(vii) place the bins within an area designated for collection by the landlord not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the flat or other area authorised for the bins; and

(viii) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.

(b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.

(c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 14 - Disposal of waste - shared bins (applicable where bins are shared by flats)

(a) The tenant must:

(i) not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;

(ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);

(iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common area; and

(iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.

(b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with

instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
(c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 15 - Change in use or occupation of flat to be notified

- (a) The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat.
- (b) Without limiting Special Condition 15(a), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - (i) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes); and
 - (ii) a change to the use of the flat for short-term or holiday letting.
- (c) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

Special Condition 16 - Compliance with planning and other requirements

(b) The tenant must ensure that the flat is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law and that the flat is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the flat.

Notes

NOTES

1. Definitions

in this agreement

- **landlord** means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.
- **landlord's agent** means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:
 - (a) the letting of residential premises, or
 - (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.
- **LAFAI Register** means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.
- **rental bond** means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.
- **residential premises** means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.
- **tenancy** means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.
- **tenant** means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (see notes 3 and 4).

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process. The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed

when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgement or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

ANNEXURE 1

Model by Laws for Residential Strata Schemes (Strata Schemes Management Regulations 2016 - Schedule 3)

Note. These by laws do not apply to a strata scheme unless they are adopted by the owners corporation for the strata scheme or lodged with the strata plan.

1. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation or as permitted by a sign authorised by the owners corporation.

2. Changes to common property

1. An owner or person authorised by an owner may install, without the consent of the owners corporation
 - a. any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve the safety within the owner's lot, or
 - b. any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - c. any structure or device to prevent harm to children
2. Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a component and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
3. Clause (1) does not apply to the installation of any thing that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of the safety in the lots or common property.
4. The owner of a lot must:
 - a. maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in the clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - b. repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services a lot.

3. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

AN owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- a. damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property or,
- b. use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property

4. Obstruction of common property

AN owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of the common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

5. Keeping of animals

Note. Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

1. An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot, if the owner occupier gives the owners corporation written notice that it is being kept on the lot.

2. The notice must be given not later than 14 days after the animal commences to be kept on the lot.
3. If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:
 - a. keep the animal within the lot and
 - b. supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and
 - c. take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option B

1. An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot or the common property with the written approval of the owners corporation
2. The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property and must & give an owner or occupier written reasons for any refusal to grant approval.
3. If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot the owner or occupier must:
 - a. keep the animal within the lot, and
 - b. supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and
 - c. take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that we soiled by the animal.
4. An owner or occupier of a lot who keeps an assistance animal on the lot must, if required to do so by the owners corporation, provide evidence to the owners corporation demonstrating that the animal is an assistance animal as referred to in section 9 of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 of the Commonwealths

6. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any lawfully using common property.

7. Behaviour of owners, occupiers and invitee.

1. An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee, of an owner or occupier of a lot, when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.
2. An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier
 - a. do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property, and
 - b. without limiting paragraph (a), that Invitees comply with clause (1).

8. Children playing on common property

1. Any child for whom an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible may play on any area of the common property that is designated by the owners corporation for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision.
2. An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child for whom the owner or occupier is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or remain on common property that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

9. Smoke penetration

Note. Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

1. An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.
2. An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner occupier, or any Invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

Option B

1. An owner or occupier of a lot, and any Invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property, except:
 - a. in an area designated as a smoking area by the owners corporation, or
 - b. with the written approval of the owners corporation.
 2. A person who is permitted under this by-law to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common property must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other lot.
 3. An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.
10. **Preservation of fire safety**
The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.
11. **Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials**
 1. An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any Inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other Inflammable material
 2. This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.
12. **Appearance of lot**
 1. The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that viewed from outside the lot is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
 2. This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 14.
13. **Cleaning windows and doors**
 1. Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is reasonable for cleaning all Interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot including so much as is common property.
 2. The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.
14. **Hanging out of washing**
 1. An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
 2. An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot other than over the balcony railings. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
 3. In this by-law:
washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.
15. **Disposal of waste-bins for Individual lots [applicable where individual lots have bins]**
 1. An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
 2. An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
 3. An owner or occupier must:
 - a. comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
 - b. comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.

4. An owner or occupier of a lot must maintain bins for a waste with in the lot or on any part of the common property that is authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered.
5. An owner or occupier of a lot must not place any thing in the bins of a owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier.
6. An owner or occupier of a lot must place the bins with in an area designated for collection by the owners corporation not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and when the waste has been collected, must promptly return to the bins to the lot or the aresa authorised for the bins.
7. An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the local council of any loss or damage to bins provided by the local council for waste.
8. The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs of the common property with instrctions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lot
9. In this by-law
bin includes any receptacle for waste.
waste includes garbage and recyclable material

**16. Disposal of waste-shared bins
[applicable where bins are shared by lots]**

1. An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation
2. An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposal nappy).
3. An owner or occupier must
 - a. comply with the all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property and
 - b. comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste
4. The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lot.
5. In this by-law
bin includes any receptacle for waste.
waste includes garbage and recyclable material

17. Change in use or occupation of lot to be notified

1. An occupier oa a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot
2. Without limiting clause(1), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - a. a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or Industrial purposes rather than residential purposes),
 - b. a change to the use of a lot for short-term or holiday letting.
3. The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences

18. Compliance with planning and other requirements

1. The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
2. The owner or occupier of lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

Addendum A

Addendum A

A1. Other Additional Terms

The landlord and tenant agree that this addendum forms part of this tenancy agreement.

1. Property Conditions - The tenants acknowledge that they are accepting possession of the property in its current condition as inspected by themselves or a respective party on their behalf. Unless previously agreed to by all parties in writing there will be no alterations to the condition of the property. Any comments regarding the condition of the property can be noted on the condition report and returned to the agent within 7 days.

2. Cleaning - It is expected that the tenant(s) return the property in an acceptable state of cleanliness. We strongly recommend the use of our recommended professional cleaners as this assists in ensuring a smooth transition within tenancies as once the tenant(s) provide vacant possession and return are returned to our office they are not permitted to return to the property to rectify any issues with the cleaning. If the tenant fails to return the property in an acceptable state of cleanliness, then a professional cleaner will be appointed to rectify the cleaning issues and charged at the tenant's expense.

3. Light globes - All the light globes at the start of the tenancy should be working. After the tenancy commences, the tenant is responsible for replacing the light globes if needed at their own cost. At the end of the tenancy the tenant is responsible for ensuring all light globes are working. Failure to do this will result in funds being deducted from the bond to replace light globes.

4. Ventilation - The tenant is responsible for ensuring that the property is well ventilated at all times in order to prevent the growth of mould. The tenant understands if any mould does appear on the walls or ceilings it must be cleaned immediately. If there continues to be an ongoing issue with mould, the tenant must promptly inform the landlord's agent in writing. Failure to do this could leave the tenant liable for rectification of damage caused by the mould.

5. Utilities - It is the tenant's responsibility to arrange connection of all utilities to the property at the commencement of tenancy and re-direct these services at the end of the tenancy. The landlord is not responsible to cover the cost of utilities unless specified otherwise in this lease.

6. The tenant will be responsible for paying water usage if the property is separately metered. This is only applicable for properties which are separately metered that comply with water efficiency measures. As per the Residential Tenancy Act 2010 clause 39.

7. Telecommunication Services - In accordance with clause 52. The tenant is responsible for investigating the availability of telephone lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television prior to the commencement of the lease. Tenants should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before entering this agreement. The tenant must request permission from the landlord prior to the installation of any additional services or outlets required for the above. Installation of these services/outlets will all be at the tenants cost. The landlord gives no warranty in respect to the provisions or adequacy of such services to th premises.

8. Changing locks - The tenant must request permission from the landlord prior to changing the locks. If approved, this will be at the tenant's expense. The tenant must supply the landlord/managing agent with copies of all keys to the locks that have been changed.

9. Hooks - The tenant must request permission from the landlord prior to placing any hooks at the property -this includes 3M removable hooks. If such permission is granted, the tenant understand that when vacating the hooks must be removed and they are responsible for rectifying any damage to the walls or ceilings. This includes and is not limited to any fixtures or fittings installed by the tenant.

10. Smoking - The tenant understand that are not permitted to smoke inside the residential premises. Any damage caused to the premises by smoking, is the tenants' responsibility and must be repaired prior to vacating the premises.

11. Pot Plants - The tenant agrees not to place pot plants on any carpeted, stone or timber floors this includes surfaces both internally and externally eg. Balcony. The tenant will be liable for the cost of rectifying any damage to these surfaces.

12. Floorboards - The tenant must have felt protectors on all their furniture where timber floors are present to reduce any unnecessary wear on the floors. Damage to timber flooring due to the tenants not adhering to these guidelines will not be deemed fair wear and tear and will result in the tenant rectifying any damage to the flooring prior to vacating.

13. Notice to Vacate - The tenant must provide notice in writing to the landlord/managing agent of their intent to vacate the property and ensure that it has been received and acknowledged by the agent. Notice will not be accepted over the phone or via text message.

14. Open for Inspections - The tenant agrees that once they have advised the landlord/managing agent of their intention to vacate the premises, that they will provide reasonable access for viewings to show prospective tenants through the property.

15. Bond Release - Bond money will not be released until the premises are completely vacated, cleaned, all keys are returned and the rent is paid up until the vacate date. A final inspection will then be carried out by the landlord/managing agent. The tenant will be liable for rent up until the keys are returned to our office and all items are removed from the property.

16. Rubbish - All rubbish must be removed from the premises prior to vacating. It is not acceptable for a tenant to leave rubbish at the premises awaiting collection past the vacate date. Any rubbish or belongings left behind will be disposed of at the tenants cost.

17. Blocked Drains - The tenant agrees not to use any sink, basin, toilet, drain or like facility in or connected to the premises for any other intended use or do anything that might damage or block the plumbing drainage or sewage systems on the premises. If an

internal drain is blocked and the blockage is found to be as a result of the tenants flushing foreign objects, the tenant will be liable to pay the cost of repair. The tenant should always attempt to clear the drain of any debris prior to contacting the agent.

18. Repairs - All repair requests must be submitted through the Our Tenant App. The tenant is not authorized to organize any repairs on behalf of the landlord. Any repairs completed without prior authorisation of the landlord/managing will become the tenant's liability. The tenant is required to provide reasonable access for repairs and maintenance to be carried out. In the event of an urgent repair (see clause 19), please refer to your lease or Our Tenant for our nominated tradespeople.

19. Insurance - The tenant is responsible for organizing their own contents insurance. The landlords insurance will not cover the tenant contents. The tenant cannot claim any liability on the landlord for the damage to their contents in the event of a claim.

20. Keys - The tenant understands that they are responsible for all keys, remotes and security swipes. If lost, damaged or stolen the tenant will be liable to pay for a replacement.

21. Subletting - The tenant must request permission in writing if their intention is to sub let any part of the premises. The tenant is not permitted to list the property on any online websites such as Air Bnb, stayz, gum tree or any other website that offer short term letting. If the tenant is found to be sub letting the premises without the owner's permission, they will be issued with a 14 day termination notice to vacate the premises.

22. Electronic Notice(s) - The tenant understands that all termination and increase notices will be served via email to the address provided at the commencement of the tenancy which appears on the front of this lease. The tenant is responsible for ensuring that they provide the agent with most up to date contact email at any time throughout the tenancy.

23. Appliances - The tenant(s) understand that they are responsible for the safe operation of all their own appliances and they should not be left on unattended. If a tenant(s) appliance is found to be the cause of an electrical fault or fire in the premises they will be responsible for any expense incurred due to the fault.

24. Access - The tenant is required to provide access for all mandatory strata inspections this includes and is not limited to fire inspections, window lock inspections, defect inspections and council inspections. If the tenant fails to provide access they will be liable to pay any penalty fees. The tenant(s) must make every attempt to ensure they are available as it the agent will not always be available to attend on their behalf.

25. Air conditioning - The tenant is responsible for cleaning the filters on all air conditioning units on a regular basis. If the tenant fails to clean the filters and this causes a fault in the unit , the tenant will be responsible for any costs associated with rectifying the issue.

Special Conditions

The landlord and tenant agree that this addendum forms part of this tenancy agreement.

1. Property Conditions - The tenants acknowledge that they are accepting possession of the property in its current condition as inspected by themselves or a respective party on their behalf. Unless previously agreed to by all parties in writing there will be no alterations to the condition of the property. Any comments regarding the condition of the property can be noted on the condition report and returned to the agent within 7 days.

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3. Smoke Alarms - In accordance with section 146A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 smoke alarms are required to be installed in all residential premises. Tenants may not remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed in the residential premises. The tenant is responsible for replacing the battery if needed during the tenancy at their own cost and providing access for mandatory fire inspections.

4. Light globes - All the light globes at the start of the tenancy should be working. After the tenancy commences, the tenant is responsible for replacing the light globes if needed at their own cost. At the end of the tenancy the tenant is responsible for ensuring all light globes are working. Failure to do this will result in funds being deducted from the bond to replace light globes.

5. Ventilation - The tenant is responsible for ensuring that the property is well ventilated at all times in order to prevent the growth of mould. The tenant understands if any mould does appear on the walls or ceilings it must be cleaned immediately. If there continues to be an ongoing issue with mould, the tenant must promptly inform the landlord's agent in writing. Failure to do this could leave the tenant liable for rectification of damage caused by the mould.

6. Utilities - It is the tenant's responsibility to arrange connection of all utilities to the property at the commencement of tenancy and re-direct these services at the end of the tenancy. The landlord is not responsible to cover the cost of utilities unless specified otherwise in this lease.

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12. Pot Plants - The tenant agrees not to place pot plants on any carpeted, stone or timber floors this includes surfaces both internally and externally eg. balcony. The tenant will be liable for the cost of rectifying any damage to these surfaces.

13. Floorboards - The tenant must have felt protectors on all their furniture where timber floors are present to reduce any unnecessary wear on the floors. Damage to timber flooring due to the tenants not adhering to these guidelines will not be deemed fair wear and tear and will result in the tenant rectifying any damage to the flooring prior to vacating.

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18. Blocked Drains - The tenant agrees not to use any sink, basin, toilet, drain or like facility in or connected to the premises for any other intended use or do anything that might damage or block the plumbing drainage or sewage systems on the premises. If an internal drain is blocked and the blockage is found to be as a result of the tenants flushing foreign objects, the tenant will be liable to pay the cost of repair. The tenant should always attempt to clear the drain of any debris prior to contacting the agent.

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26. Air conditioning - The tenant is responsible for cleaning the filters on all air conditioning units on a regular basis. If the tenant fails to clean the filters and this causes a fault in the unit, the tenant will be responsible for any costs associated with rectifying the issue.

Email Service of Notices

Email Service of Notices and Documents Consent Form

Date **17/06/2020**

I/We **Audrey Tangapiri** consent to all notices and documentation relevant to the proposed sale, purchase, management or letting (as applicable) of **6/109 Queenscliff Road Queenscliff NSW 2096** being served electronically via email **Noeline.tangapiri@gmail.com** Where the Premises are subject to a tenancy agreement, I/we consent to the service of notices and documents required to be given or served in respect of or under the tenancy agreement for the Premises including but is not limited to termination notices, notice of intention to sell the Premises, notice of access/inspection/entry and a notice of rent increase.

I/We **Audrey Tangapiri** acknowledge that by providing an email address and signing this form, I/we consent to Upstate updating my/our details of the method of communication for the purposes of email service of notices and other documents on all relevant documents.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD

Name of landlord

Michael Brown/My 4 Asset Management Unit Trust T/as UPSTATE with Peter Mosedale as the Licensee of the Trust

Signature of landlord



Date: 17/06/2020

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of the **Landlord Information Statement** published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations

Signature of landlord




Date: 17/06/2020

SIGNED BY THE TENANT 1

Name of tenant

Audrey Tangapiri

Signature of tenant



A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be 'AT', written over a horizontal line.


Date: 17/06/2020

SIGNED BY THE TENANT 2

Name of tenant

Noeline Tangapiri

Signature of tenant



A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be 'NT', written over a horizontal line.


Date: 17/06/2020

SIGNED BY THE TENANT 3

Name of tenant

Gabriel Felipe DeOliveira Adaime

Signature of tenant



A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be 'GFA', written over a horizontal line.

Date: 17/06/2020

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

NOTICE OF RENT INCREASE
Residential Tenancies Act 2010 - Section 41

Important: This notice must be served at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Please complete this form using a black pen in BLOCK LETTERS

To AUDREY TANGAPIRI AND NOELINE TANGAPIRI AND GABRIEL FELIPE DEOLIVEIRA ADAIME
(name of tenant/s)

I give you notice of an increase in rent in relation to the premises at:

Address of premises 6/109 QUEENSCLIFF ROAD

QUEENSCLIFF, NSW

Postcode 2096

Payable from: 10/08/2020

(insert date on which increase is to take effect)

Your new rent will be \$610.00 WEEK

(insert amount)

SERVICE OF NOTICE (section 223)

Notice given by: Delivering it to the tenant in person at the premises
Mailing it to the tenant (allow 7 working days for service)
Personally putting it in the tenant's letterbox, in an envelope addressed to the tenant
Delivering it to somebody in person over 16 at the premises
Emailing it to the tenant's specified email address for the service of documents



(signature of landlord or agent)

09/06/2020

(date delivered/posted/emailed)

Name of landlord/agent MY 4 ASSET MANAGEMENT UNIT TRUST T/AS UPSTATE WITH PETER MOSEDALE AS
THE LICENSEE OF THE TRUST

Contact phone number of landlord/agent 0299719000

For information about your rights and obligations as a tenant, contact:

- NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au
- Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au
- Your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

Notes:

- 1. The tenant can negotiate with the landlord or agent to have the increase reduced or withdrawn. If the increase is reduced it still takes effect on the same day and no new notice is required.**
- 2. If the tenant believes the increase is excessive they may apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order determining what the rent should be. The onus of proof is on the tenant. Such applications need to be made within 30 days of receiving this notice.**
- 3. The date from which this increase is payable cannot be within the period of a fixed term agreement of less than 2 years, unless the agreement contains an additional term that sets out the amount of the rent increase or the method for calculation of the rent increase.**
- 4. During a lease of 2 years or more the rent can be increased at any time, but no more than 1 increase each 12 months is permitted. The tenant has the option of terminating the lease early without penalty during the rent increase notice period (see section 99 for further details).**
- 5. Notice of a rent increase must still be given even where the details of the increase are already set out in the agreement or where the same parties are renewing a lease.**

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: **Joanne Gay Greco Ceri-Ann Morgan**
Purchaser:
Property: **Unit 6/109 Queenscliff Road Queenscliff**
Dated: **8 July 2020**

Possession and tenancies

1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?
3.
 - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW)*)? If so, please provide details.
5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW)*:
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations and recorded as the owner of the Property on the strata roll, free from all other interests.
7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 22 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 (NSW) (Act)*.
8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)*? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.

12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
- (a) to what year has a return been made?

- (b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?
13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)*) at least 14 days before completion.

Survey and building

14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property or the common property.
15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
16. In respect of the Property and the common property:
- (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act (NSW)*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW)* and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Information Certificate or a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate (as referred to in the former s109C of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act*) or an Occupation Certificate as referred to in s6.4 of that Act for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance or any alternative indemnity product under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*.
 - (f) Are there any proposals by the Owners Corporation or an owner of a lot to make any additions or alterations or to erect any new structures on the common property? If so, please provide details.
 - (g) Has any work been carried out by the vendor on the Property or the common property? If so:
 - (i) has the work been carried out in accordance with the by-laws and all necessary approvals and consents?
 - (ii) does the vendor have any continuing obligations in relation to the common property affected?
17. Is the vendor aware of any proposals to:
- (a) resume the whole or any part of the Property or the common property?
 - (b) carry out building alterations to an adjoining lot which may affect the boundary of that lot or the Property?
 - (c) deal with, acquire, transfer, lease or dedicate any of the common property?
 - (d) dispose of or otherwise deal with any lot vested in the Owners Corporation?
 - (e) create, vary or extinguish any easements, restrictions or positive covenants over the Property or the common property?
 - (f) subdivide or consolidate any lots and/or any common property or to convert any lots into common property?
 - (g) grant any licence to any person, entity or authority (including the Council) to use the whole or any part of the common property?
- 18.
- (a) Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property or the common property?
 - (b) Is there any planning agreement or other arrangement referred to in s7.4 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act*, (registered or unregistered) affecting the Property or the common

property?. If so please provide details and indicate if there are any proposals for amendment or revocation?

19. In relation to any swimming pool on the Property or the common property:
- (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
 - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the *Local Government Act 1919 (NSW)* and *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)*?
 - (c) does it comply with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
 - (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* or regulations?
 - (e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
 - (f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.
- 20.
- (a) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences in the strata scheme?
 - (b) Is the vendor aware of any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW)* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)* affecting the strata scheme?

Affectations, notices and claims

21. In respect of the Property and the common property:
- (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
 - (c) Is the vendor aware of:
 - (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
 - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
 - (iii) any latent defects in them?
 - (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
 - (i) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (ii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (iii) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (iv) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?
 - (v) the existence of any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass or polyethylene or other flammable or combustible material such as cladding?
- 22.
- (a) If a licence benefits the Property please provide a copy and indicate:
 - (i) whether there are any existing breaches by any party to it;
 - (ii) whether there are any matters in dispute; and
 - (iii) whether the licensor holds any deposit, bond or guarantee.
 - (b) In relation to such licence:
 - (i) All licence fees and other moneys payable should be paid up to and beyond the date of completion;
 - (ii) The vendor must comply with all requirements to allow the benefit to pass to the purchaser.

Applications, Orders etc

23. Are there any applications made, proposed or threatened, whether by an owner of a lot or the Owners Corporation, to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, any Court or to the Registrar General for orders relating to the strata scheme, the Property or the common property (including orders to vary the strata scheme consequent upon damage or destruction or to terminate the strata scheme) which are yet to be determined? If so, please provide particulars.
24. Are there any mediations currently being conducted by the Commissioner of Fair Trading, Department of Finance Services and Innovation in relation to the Property or the common property which involve the vendor or the Owners Corporation? If so, please provide particulars.
25. Are there any:
 - (a) orders of the Tribunal;
 - (b) notices of or investigations by the Owners Corporation;
 - (c) notices or orders issued by any Court; or
 - (d) notices or orders issued by the Council or any public authority or water authority, affecting the Property or the common property not yet complied with? In so far as they impose an obligation on the vendor they should be complied with by the vendor before completion.
26. Have any orders been made by any Court or Tribunal that money (including costs) payable by the Owners Corporation be paid from contributions levied in relation to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
27. Has the vendor made any complaints or been the subject of any complaints arising out of noise affecting the Property or emanating from the Property?
28. Has any proposal been given by any person or entity to the Owners Corporation or to the Vendor for:
 - (a) a collective sale of the strata scheme; or
 - (b) a redevelopment of the strata scheme (including a strata renewal proposal)?If so, please provide particulars of the proposal and the steps taken and decisions made in relation to the proposal to the present time.

Owners Corporation management

29. Has the initial period expired?
30. Are any actions proposed to be taken or have any been taken by the Owners Corporation in the initial period which would be in breach of its powers without an order authorising them?
31. If the Property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
32. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract, including any liabilities of the Owners Corporation) exceed 1% of the price?
33. Has an appointment of a strata managing agent and/or a building manager been made? If so:
 - (a) who has been appointed to each role;
 - (b) when does the term of each appointment expire; and
 - (c) what functions have been delegated to the strata managing agent and/or the building manager.
34. Has the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement to provide amenities or services to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
35. Has a resolution been passed for the distribution of surplus money from the administrative fund or the capital works fund? If so, please provide particulars.
36. Have the by-laws adopted a common property memorandum as prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of Section 107 of the Act? If so, has the memorandum been modified? Please provide particulars.
37. Is there a registered building management statement pursuant to Section 108 of the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015 (NSW)*? If so, are there any proposals to amend the registered building management statement?
38. If the strata scheme was in existence at 30 November 2016, has the Owners Corporation taken steps to review the by-laws that were current at that date and have they been consolidated? If so, please provide particulars.
39. Are there any pending proposals to amend or repeal the current by-laws or to add to them?

40. Are there any proposals, policies or by-laws in relation to the conferral of common property rights or which deal with short term licences and/or holiday lettings?
41. If not attached to the Contract, a strata information certificate under Section 184 of the Act should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
42. Has the Owners Corporation met all of its obligations under the Act relating to:
 - (a) insurances;
 - (b) fire safety;
 - (c) occupational health and safety;
 - (d) building defects and rectification in relation to any applicable warranties under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*;
 - (e) the preparation and review of the 10 year plan for the capital works fund; and
 - (f) repair and maintenance.
43. Is the secretary of the Owners Corporation in receipt of a building bond for any building work on a building that is part of the Property or the common property?
44. Has an internal dispute resolution process been established? If so, what are its terms?
45. Has the Owners Corporation complied with its obligation to lodge tax returns with the Australian Taxation Office and has all tax liability been paid?

Capacity

46. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

47. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance certificate* under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
48. The vendor should furnish completed details within the time specified in the contract, sufficient to enable the purchaser to make any RW payment.
49. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
50. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
51. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
52. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
53. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.