

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	Singer Residential	phone: (02) 9528 8738 email: joshua@singerresidential.com.au ref: Joshua Singer
co-agent		
vendor	ROBERT CRAWFORD MCLELLAN AND ROSELENE ROSINA MCLELLAN	
vendor's solicitor	All Saints Conveyancing 15 Hinkler Street Brighton Le Sands NSW 2216	phone: 0424005205 email: info@allsaintsconveyancing.net ref: 243285
date for completion	42 days after the contract date	(clause 15)
land (address, plan details and title reference)	202 / 9 MOORE ST SUTHERLAND NSW 2232 Lot 15 STRATA PLAN 96841 Folio Identifier 15/SP96841	
improvements	<input type="checkbox"/> VACANT POSSESSION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> subject to existing tenancies <input type="checkbox"/> HOUSE <input type="checkbox"/> garage <input type="checkbox"/> carport <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> home unit <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> carspace <input type="checkbox"/> storage space <input type="checkbox"/> none <input type="checkbox"/> other:	
attached copies	<input type="checkbox"/> documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: <input type="checkbox"/> other documents:	

A real estate agent is permitted by *legislation* to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> air conditioning <input type="checkbox"/> clothes line <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> range hood <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blinds <input type="checkbox"/> curtains <input type="checkbox"/> insect screens <input type="checkbox"/> solar panels <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dishwasher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> stove <input type="checkbox"/> ceiling fans <input type="checkbox"/> EV charger <input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment <input type="checkbox"/> TV antenna <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: Dryer
exclusions	
purchaser	
purchaser's solicitor	
price	
deposit	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
balance	
contract date	(if not stated, the date this contract was made)

Where there is more than one purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS
☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares, specify:

GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$

buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	PURCHASER
<p>Signed by</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p>	<p>Signed by</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p>
VENDOR (COMPANY)	PURCHASER (COMPANY)
<p>Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held</p>	<p>Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held</p>

ChoicesVendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond**☒ NO ☐ yes**Nominated *Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)*** (clause 4)

pexa

Manual transaction (clause 30)☒ NO ☐ yes

(if yes, vendor must provide further details, including any applicable exemption, in the space below):

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)**Land tax** is adjustable☒ NO ☐ yes**GST:** Taxable supply☒ NO ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply

☒ NO ☐ yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- ☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- ☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- ☒ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an *GSTRW payment*☒ NO ☐ yes (if yes, vendor must provide

(GST residential withholding payment)

details)

If the details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.

GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*:**If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.**Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate* (residential withholding rate): \$Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land <input type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided <input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) <input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract <input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) <input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report <input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 15 occupation certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) <input type="checkbox"/> 17 other document relevant to tenancies <input type="checkbox"/> 18 licence benefiting the land <input type="checkbox"/> 19 old system document <input type="checkbox"/> 20 Crown purchase statement of account <input type="checkbox"/> 21 building management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 22 form of requisitions <input type="checkbox"/> 23 <i>clearance certificate</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 24 land tax certificate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 33 property certificate for strata common property <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 34 plan creating strata common property <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 35 strata by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata development contract or statement <input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal proposal <input type="checkbox"/> 39 strata renewal plan <input type="checkbox"/> 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property <input type="checkbox"/> 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 42 plan creating neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 44 neighbourhood management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 45 property certificate for precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 46 plan creating precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 48 precinct management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 49 property certificate for community property <input type="checkbox"/> 50 plan creating community property <input type="checkbox"/> 51 community development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 52 community management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement <input type="checkbox"/> 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries <input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 <input type="checkbox"/> 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract <input type="checkbox"/> 59 other document relevant to the off the plan contract
<p>Home Building Act 1989</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 25 insurance certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 26 brochure or warning <input type="checkbox"/> 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover <p>Swimming Pools Act 1992</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 28 certificate of compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 29 evidence of registration <input type="checkbox"/> 30 relevant occupation certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 31 certificate of non-compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance 	<p>Other</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 60

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Clisdells Strata Management

Address: 623 Princes Hwy, Rockdale NSW 2216

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1** This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2** **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3** There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4** A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5** The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning and Environment Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas Land and Housing Corporation Local Land Services	NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority
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 If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>adjustment figures</i>	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
<i>authorised Subscriber</i>	a <i>Subscriber</i> (not being a <i>party's solicitor</i>) named in a notice served by a <i>party</i> as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>completion time</i>	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
<i>conveyancing rules</i>	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the issuer; • the expiry date (if any); and • the amount;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>discharging mortgagee</i>	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser;
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>ECNL</i>	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
<i>electronic document</i>	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;
<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronic transfer</i>	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>manual transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> in which a dealing forming part of the <i>Lodgment Case</i> at or following completion cannot be <i>Digitally Signed</i> ;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;

<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> ;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

- 1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by –
- 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*;
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can *terminate* if –
- 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
- This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must serve the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 4 Electronic transaction**
- 4.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* unless –
- 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a party serves a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the parties do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after service of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,
- and in both cases clause 30 applies.
- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* –
- 4.2.1 each party must –
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;
 incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
 - 4.2.2 if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the parties otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a party using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry*.
- 4.5 *Normally*, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an *Electronic Workspace* with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and populate an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The parties must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6 –
- 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an *electronic transfer*;
 - 4.7.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* or *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that –
- 4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a party must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are populated and *Digitally Signed*;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that party must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
- 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

- Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –
- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition* *within* 14 days after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
 - if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor serves details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and –
- 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
- 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The *parties* must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party* serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

• Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor –
- 16.5.1 the price less any –
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
 - *GSTRW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
 - 20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 *served* if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each *party* consents to –
- 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party's* intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- ### • Adjustments and liability for expenses
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must serve a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must serve at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title**
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then serve the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
 28.4 Either *party* can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;
 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* serves notice of the refusal; and
 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
 • either *party* serving notice of the event happening;
 • every *party* who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 • the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

- 30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.
- **Transfer**
 - 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
 - 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
 - 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
 - 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
 - **Place for completion**
 - 30.6 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
 - 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
 - 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
 - **Payments on completion**
 - 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
 - 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
 - 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
 - 30.12 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
 - 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must –
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022 –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
- 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL CONDITIONS TO CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

33. Capacity

Without in any manner negating, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this Special Condition not been included herein, it is hereby agreed and declared that should either party or there being more than one of either party, any one or more of them, prior to completion:

33.1 die or become mentally ill;

33.2 be declared bankrupt or enter into any scheme or make any assignment for the benefit of creditors or being a company resolve to go into liquidation or have a Petition for winding up presented or enter into any scheme or arrangement with its creditors or should any liquidator receiver or manager or administrator be appointed,

then either party may rescind this Contract by notice in writing forwarded to the solicitor named herein as that party's solicitor and thereupon this Contract shall be at an end and the provisions of Condition 19 hereof shall apply.

34. Warranties

34.1 The Purchaser acknowledges that he is purchasing the property in its present condition and state of repair and with any defects as regards its construction and subject to any infestation contamination and dilapidation as at the date of this Contract and as a result of his own inspection, knowledge and enquiries and that the Vendor has not nor has any one on his behalf made any representation or warranty in respect of the property whether as to its fitness for any particular purpose or otherwise and the Purchaser acknowledges that he shall not be entitled to call upon the Vendor to effect any repairs or remediation whatsoever, whether of a structural nature or otherwise, to the property or the improvements erected upon the property nor make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in respect of any such matter as is referred to herein.

34.2. The Purchaser acknowledges that it has inspected the Property and the improvements (if any) erected thereon and accepts it and them (if any) in their state of repair as at the date of this Contract and shall not be entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation arising out of the state of repair or condition of the buildings erected on the Property (including, without limitation, by infestation of the buildings by white ants, borers or termites, or make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation concerning the state of construction or repair (or otherwise) of the Property or any part thereof.

35. Notice to Complete

35.1 Where for any reason other than default or delay by the party proposing to give a notice to complete this contract is not completed by the completion date, then at any time after the completion date the party not in default may serve on the party in default a notice to complete which makes time of the essence of this contract. Any notice to complete shall nominate a date by which this contract must be completed, which date must be at least 14 days after the date of service of the notice to complete (calculated exclusive of the date of service but inclusive of the nominated date). The parties acknowledge that this period of 14 days is reasonable for all purposes. The party serving a notice to complete may at any time withdraw the notice to complete by further notice to the party in default and/or, at its option, extend or issue a further Notice to Complete.

35.2 Should the vendor serve a Notice to Complete hereunder the purchaser will pay to the vendor on settlement the sum of \$330.00 by way of liquidated damages which the parties acknowledge is a reasonable figure to cover the expenses of drafting, preparing and serving the Notice.

36. Interest

If Completion does not take place on or before the date for completion due to the purchaser, then without prejudice to all other remedies of the vendor, the purchaser must pay on Completion to the vendor by way of liquidated damages, interest on the price less the deposit at the rate of 8% per annum calculated daily from the date for completion until the date of Completion. For the avoidance of doubt the parties acknowledge and agree that the purchaser is not liable to pay interest to the vendor under this clause during any period that the vendor is not otherwise ready willing and able to settle."

37. Objections, Requisitions or Claims

Subject always to any specific right of rescission that may be available under this Contract or under the *Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2010*, no objection, requisition or claim shall be made by the Purchaser in respect of any of the following matters:

- (a) the identification of the property;
- (b) the position of any improvements thereon;
- (c) the non-compliance of the property with the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1993 and the Ordinances and Regulations thereunder;
- (d) any irregularities in respect of the provisions of the *Local Government Act 1993* or the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* or any Ordinance or Regulation made thereunder.

38. State of Property

The Vendor shall be under no obligation to make good any hole, cavity, mark or scratch made as a result of the Vendor's removal of an Exclusion or fixture from the property provided that the Vendor acknowledges and agrees that it shall take all proper reasonable care and responsibility in the removal of such exclusion or fixture from the property. The Purchaser agrees that they cannot make any objection, requisition, delay completion or make any claim for compensation in this regard. The Purchaser also acknowledges the Vendor will be handing over all the keys for the property in their possession and the Purchaser agrees they will not make any claims for compensation or delay completion due to any missing keys on settlement.

39. Real Estate

The Purchaser warrants that he has not been introduced to the Vendor or to the property directly or indirectly by any Real Estate Agent or other persons who might be entitled to claim commission from the Vendor in respect of this sale other than as named in this Contract and the Purchaser shall indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor from and against any claim or liability for commission or loss or damages resulting from a breach of this warranty and any costs including legal costs on an indemnity basis incurred by the Vendor as a consequence thereof and the Vendor's rights under this clause continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.

40. Deposit

40.1. In the event that the property is sold subject to a cooling off period pursuant to section 66S of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* then notwithstanding the provisions of clause 2 the deposit shall be paid in the following manner:

- a) As to the sum of 0.25% of the purchase price on the date hereof;
- b) As to the sum of 9.75% of the purchase price on or before expiry of the cooling off period.

40.2 IF the deposit agreed to be paid by the Purchaser is less than 10% of the purchase price and the Vendor becomes entitled to forfeit the deposit actually paid, the Purchaser shall immediately on demand pay to the Vendor the difference between the 10% of the purchase price and the amount actually paid (to the intent that a full 10% of the purchase price is forfeitable upon default).

41. Release of Deposit

The deposit referred to herein shall be released if required for payment of the Vendor's mortgage at settlement, for the vendor's use as deposit on a purchase of real estate or on account of stamp duty payable in relation thereto (including any mortgage) providing such deposit shall only be paid into the Trust Account of a licensed agent, solicitor, Revenue NSW or the PEXA workspace in which this matter relates, and providing that such deposit shall not be further released to third parties without the purchaser's express consent.

42. Use of Deposit for Settlement

Should the vendor require the use of the deposit on settlement in order to settle this matter or any simultaneous purchase or sale, the purchaser grants permission for the deposit to be released and transferred into the PEXA source account within the workspace of the subject matter. The PEXA source account must be created by the purchaser's solicitor/conveyancer and account details provided to us no later than the latter of 3 days prior to settlement or 24 hours from the notice from the vendor that the deposit is required. The vendor shall not be liable for any costs for the purchaser to comply with this condition.

43. Representations

It is hereby agreed that the Purchaser has not entered into this agreement as a result of any representation, oral or written by the Vendor or any one on the Vendor's behalf other than as set forth in this agreement and the Purchaser acknowledges having made all such investigations and inquiries as the Purchaser deems appropriate. This agreement comprises all of the terms in the agreement between the Vendor and the Purchaser.

44. F.I.R.B Approval

The Purchaser warrants to the Vendor that it is not a "foreign corporation" or "foreign person" as defined in the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act, 1975, as amended (the "Act") or has obtained approval from the Foreign Investment Review Board to purchase the Property. The Purchaser irrevocably indemnifies and will keep indemnified the Vendor against all liability, loss, damage and expense the Vendor may suffer or incur as a direct or indirect consequence of a breach of this warranty.

45. Swimming Pool

The Vendor discloses, and the Purchaser acknowledges that if a Certificate of Non-Compliance in respect of the swimming Pool is annexed to this Contract, the Purchaser cannot require the Vendor to do any of the following:

- (a) carry out any works to the Swimming Pool or its surrounds;
- (b) make any financial adjustment in favour of the Purchaser in respect of the noncompliance; or
- (c) provide to the Purchaser a Certificate of Compliance.

46. Requisitions

The Purchaser agrees that the Requisitions on Title annexed to this contract are the only form of general requisitions that they are entitled to make under clause 5 (although this does not limit the right to make further specific requisition resulting from the replies to requisitions).

47. Sewer Diagram

- a. If a letter from the relevant authority confirming that the sewerage diagram is not available is attached to the Contract then, then the purchaser will not make any objection, requisition, or claim, or rescind or terminate or delay completion of this contract as a result of the inability of the vendor or purchaser to obtain a sewer diagram in relation to the property.
- b. If Sewer diagram is attached to this Contract, the Vendor discloses that the Sewer Diagram attached to the Contract for Sale is the only diagram available for the subject property. The purchaser will not be entitled to make any requisition,

objection, claim for compensation nor attempt to delay completion or rescind this Contract in this regard.

48. Holiday period

The parties agree that should the settlement date fall from 23rd December until 13 January 2025 the parties will amend the settlement date to the next business day after 13 January. In the event that settlement is required to take place during that time at the purchaser's request, the Purchaser will pay the Vendor(s) extra legal costs of \$550.00 (incl GST).

49. Extension to Cooling off Period

In the event the purchaser requests an extension to the cooling off period, the purchaser shall pay the vendor's further legal fees in the sum of \$220.00 to be paid by way of adjustment on settlement.

50. Amendments to Printed Form of the contract

In the event of any discrepancy between these special conditions and printed form of contract these special conditions shall prevail. The standard printed clauses of this contract are herein deemed to be amended as follows:

- (a) Clause 7.1.1 – delete “5% of the price” and substitute “1%”;
- (b) Clause 7.2.1 – “10%” is deleted and replaced with “1%”;
- (c) Clause 8.1.1 – delete the words “on reasonable grounds”;
- (d) Clause 8.1.2 – delete the words “and those grounds”;
- (e) Clause 8.1.3 – “14 days” is deleted and replaced with “two business days”;
- (f) Clause 8.2.2 – deleted and replaced with “the purchaser accepts a refund of the deposit in full and final satisfaction of any claim by the purchaser arising from the contract, its termination or its subject-matter; and”;
- (g) Clause 9.1 – delete “(to a maximum of 10% of the price)”;
- (h) Clause 23.5.1 – insert the words ‘which includes special levies payable by instalments (where the adjustment period is the period of the instalments’ to the end of the clause;
- (i) Clause 23.6 – clauses 23.6.1 and 23.6.2 are replace with the words ‘and if not a special levy payable by instalments then the vendor is liable for it if it is payable prior to the contract date and otherwise it is payable by the purchaser’;
- (j) Clause 23.13 – to be amended by deleting the “Vendor” and inserting “purchaser”.

51. Company Guarantee & Indemnity

If the Purchaser (and, if comprising more than one person, any one or more of them) is a company, then in consideration of the Vendor entering into this contract with the Purchaser, the directors of the Purchaser and

("the Guarantors") hereby jointly and severally agree to guarantee to the Vendor the due and punctual performance and observance by the Purchaser of its obligations under this contract and indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor against all losses, damages, liabilities, costs and expenses accruing to the Vendor, resulting or arising from any failure by the Purchaser to perform or observe any of the obligations on its part to be performed or observed. This guarantee and indemnity is a continuing obligation and cannot be abrogated, prejudiced or discharged by reason of any deemed waiver by the Vendor or by any means other than express waiver by the Vendor. Any rescission or termination of this contract will not waive any of the obligations arising pursuant to this clause. This guarantee and indemnity is an essential condition of this contract and is deemed to constitute a principal obligation between the Guarantors and the Vendor.

SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED
by the Guarantors in the presence of:

.....
Witness

.....
Guarantor

Conditions of Sale by Auction

Part 3, Clause 18 of the Property and Stock Agents Regulation 2022

- (1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of land or livestock—
 - (a) the vendor's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences unless the auction relates solely to livestock,
 - (b) a vendor bid must not be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of vendor bids that may be made,
 - (c) the highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price,
 - (d) if there is a disputed bid—
 - (i) the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator, and
 - (ii) the auctioneer's decision is final,
 - (e) the auctioneer may refuse to accept a bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the vendor,
 - (f) a bidder is taken to be bidding on the bidder's own behalf unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person,
 - (g) a bid must not be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer,
 - (h) as soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser must sign the agreement for sale, if any.
- (2) The following conditions, in addition to the conditions prescribed by subsection (1), are prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of residential property or rural land—
 - (a) all bidders must be registered in the Bidders Record and display the identifying number allocated to the person when making a bid,
 - (b) subject to the condition prescribed by subsection (3)(a)—
 - (i) the auctioneer may make only 1 vendor bid at an auction for the sale of residential property or rural land, and
 - (ii) no other vendor bid may be made by the auctioneer or another person,
 - (c) immediately before making a vendor bid the auctioneer must announce that the bid is made on behalf of the seller or announce "vendor bid".
- (3) The following conditions, in addition to the conditions prescribed by subsections (1) and (2), are prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of co-owned residential property or rural land or the sale of co-owned residential property or rural land by a seller as executor or administrator—
 - (a) more than 1 vendor bid may be made to purchase the interest of a co-owner

- (b) a bid by or on behalf of an executor or administrator may be made to purchase in that capacity,
- (c) before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce that bids to purchase the interest of another co-owner or to purchase as executor or administrator may be made by or on behalf of the seller,
- (d) before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce the bidder registration number of all co-owners, executors or administrators or a person registered to bid on behalf of a co-owner, executor or administrator.

- (4) The following condition, in addition to the conditions prescribed by subsection (1), is prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of livestock—

The purchaser of livestock must pay the stock and station agent who conducted the auction, or under whose immediate and direct supervision the auction was conducted, or the vendor, the full amount of the purchase price—

- (a) if the amount can reasonably be determined immediately after the fall of the hammer—before the close of the next business day following the auction, or
- (b) if the amount cannot reasonably be determined immediately after the fall of the hammer—before the close of the next business day following determination of the amount, or
- (c) if some other time for payment is specified in a written agreement between the purchaser and the agent, or the purchaser and the vendor, made before the fall of the hammer—before or at the time specified in the agreement.



LAND
REGISTRY
SERVICES

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

Title Search

Information Provided Through
Triconvey2 (Reseller)
Ph. 1300 064 452

FOLIO: 15/SP96841

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
27/11/2024	3:31 PM	2	4/6/2018

LAND

LOT 15 IN STRATA PLAN 96841
AT SUTHERLAND
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE

FIRST SCHEDULE

ROBERT CRAWFORD MCLELLAN
ROSELENE ROSINA MCLELLAN
AS JOINT TENANTS (T AN390854)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP96841
2 AN390855 MORTGAGE TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP
LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

243285...

PRINTED ON 27/11/2024

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



FOLIO: CP/SP96841

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
27/11/2024	3:31 PM	2	12/8/2019

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 96841
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT SUTHERLAND
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE
PARISH OF SUTHERLAND COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SP96841

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 96841
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
C/ - SARRAF STRATA
PO BOX 520
HURSTVILLE 1481

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE STRATA SCHEME BY-LAWS FILED WITH THE STRATA PLAN

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 10000)

STRATA PLAN 96841

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	- 262	2	- 263	3	- 267	4	- 272
5	- 272	6	- 272	7	- 267	8	- 314
9	- 314	10	- 314	11	- 314	12	- 314
13	- 314	14	- 324	15	- 324	16	- 330
17	- 330	18	- 330	19	- 342	20	- 342
21	- 326	22	- 339	23	- 339	24	- 339
25	- 339	26	- 335	27	- 335	28	- 425
29	- 349	30	- 355	31	- 438		

NOTATIONS

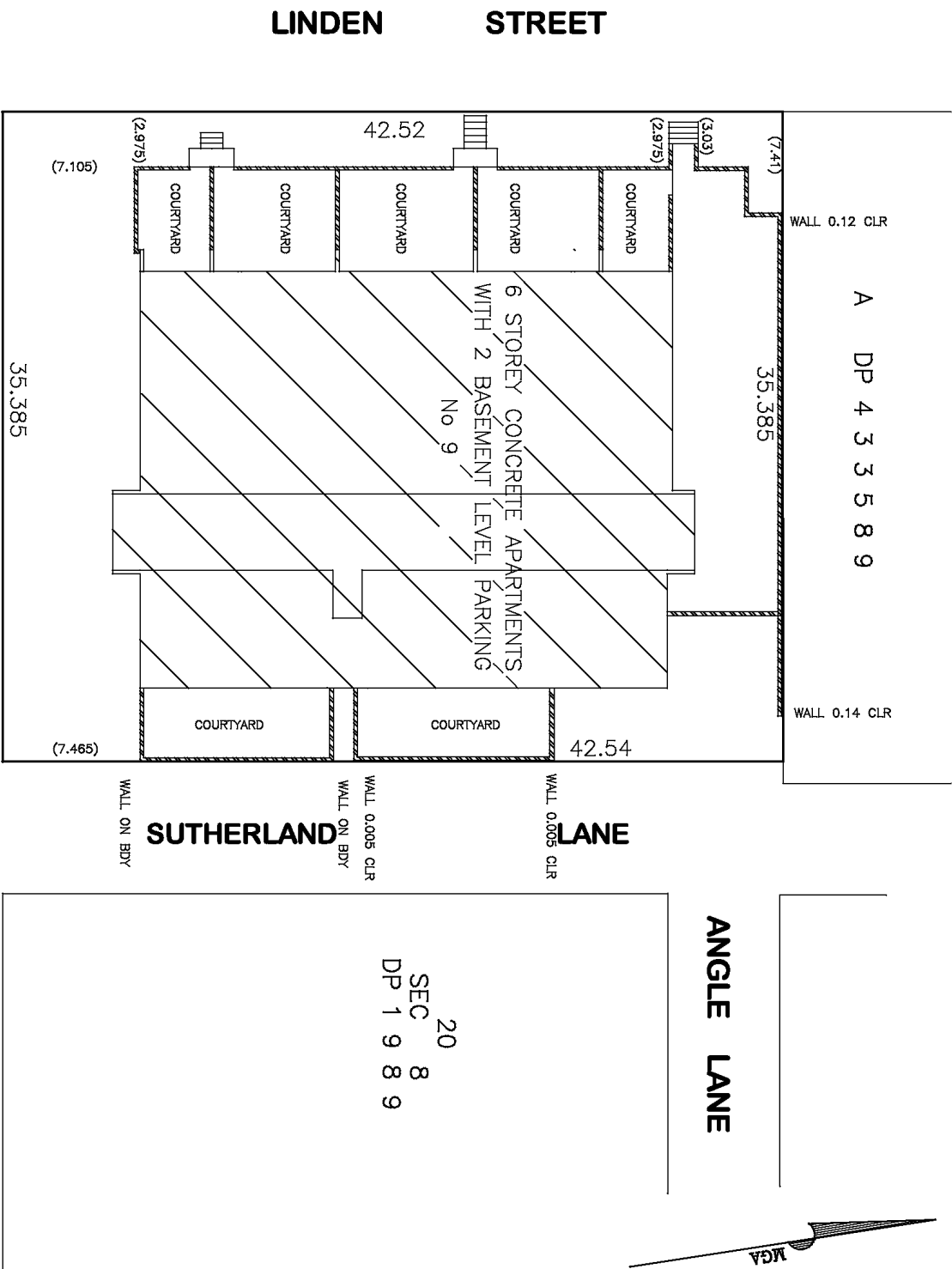
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

243285...

PRINTED ON 27/11/2024

LOCATION PLAN



MOORE STREET

LINDEN STREET

SUTHERLAND LANE

ANGLE LANE

20
SEC 8
DP 1 9 8 9

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 100 IN DP 1238690

SURVEYOR
Name: JONATHAN CHARLES KEEN
Date: 17/4/2018
Reference: 2645 SP

L.G.A. SUTHERLAND SHIRE

Locality: SUTHERLAND
Reduction Ratio: 1:250
Lengths are in meters

Registered



14.5.2018

SP 96841

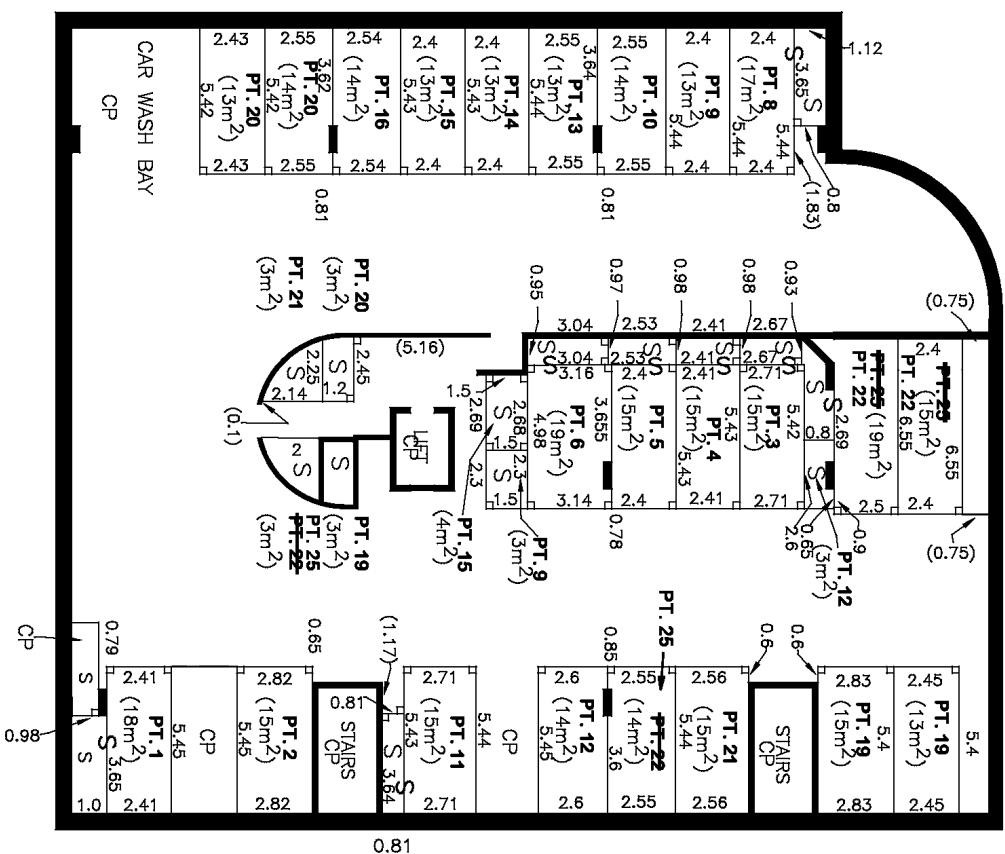


10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 Table of mm

BASEMENT 2

NOTES.

1. ANY SERVICE LINE WITHIN ONE LOT SERVICING ANY OTHER LOT IS COMMON PROPERTY
2. AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT 2015



CP denotes COMMON PROPERTY
S denotes STORAGE

└─┬─┐ denotes RIGHT ANGLE
└─┬─┐ denotes CENTRELINE OF COLUMN
└─┬─┐ denotes PROLONGATION OF FACE COLUMN OR WALL

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 100 IN DP 1238690

L.G.A. SUTHERLAND SHIRE

Registered

Name: JONATHAN CHARLES KEEN

Date: 17/4/2018

Reference: 2645 SP

Locality: SUTHERLAND

Reduction Ratio: 1:250

Lengths are in meters



14.5.2018

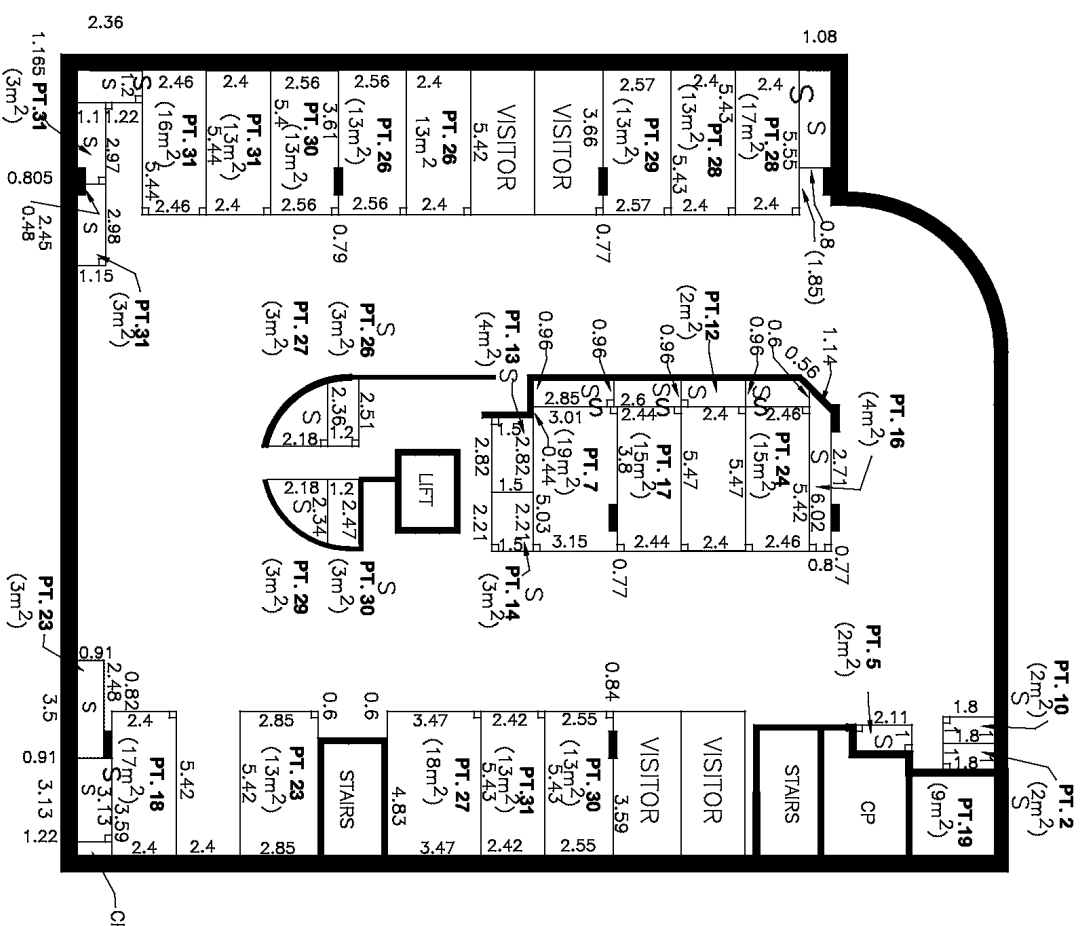
SP 96841



BASEMENT 1

NOTES.

1. ANY SERVICE LINE WITHIN ONE LOT SERVICING ANY OTHER LOT IS COMMON PROPERTY
2. AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT 2015

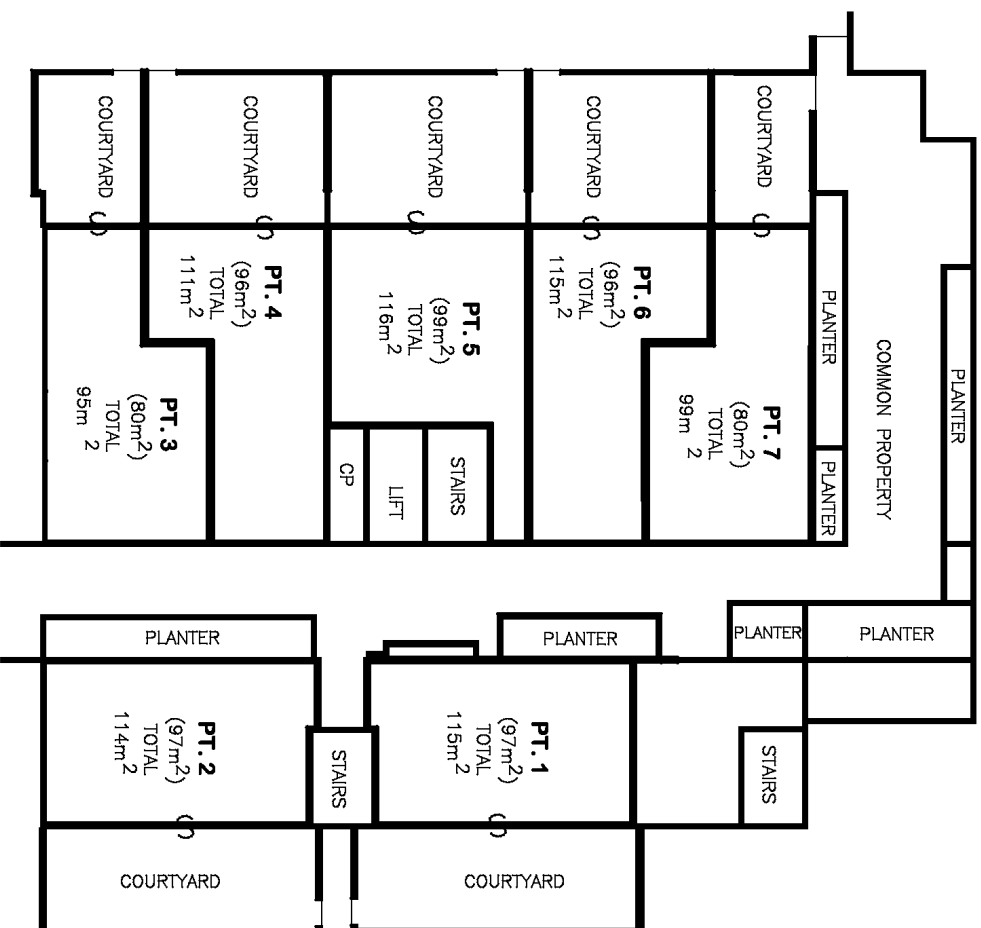


GROUND

NOTES.

1. COURTYARDS ARE LIMITED IN HEIGHT TO 3 ABOVE AND 3 BELOW THE LEVEL OF THE UPPER SURFACE OF THE UNITS RESPECTIVE GROUND FLOOR OR THE LIMIT OF THE UPPER SURFACE OF THE CONCRETE WITHIN THE COURTYARD.
2. ANY SERVICE LINE WITHIN ONE LOT SERVING ANY OTHER LOT IS COMMON PROPERTY
3. AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT 2015
4. PAVING / TILES WITHIN LOT BOUNDARIES ARE PART OF THE LOT.

CP denotes COMMON PROPERTY



PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 100 IN DP 1238690

SURVEYOR
Name: JONATHAN CHARLES KEEN
Date: 17/4/2018
Reference: 2645 SP

L.G.A. SUTHERLAND SHIRE

Locality: SUTHERLAND

Reduction Ratio: 1:250

Lengths are in meters

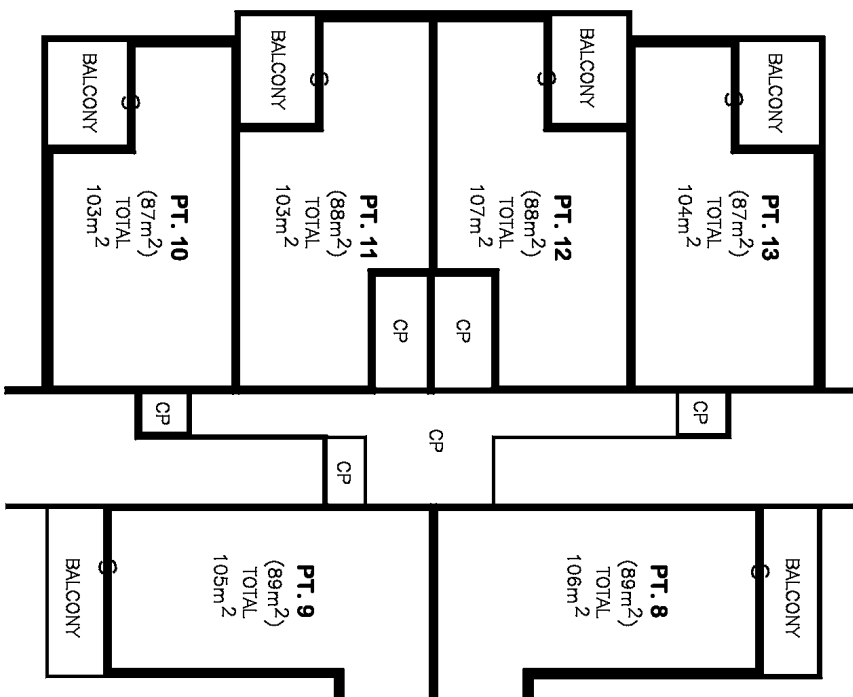
Registered



14.5.2018

SP 96841

LEVEL 1



NOTES.

1. WHERE NOT COVERED THE UPPER LIMIT OF THE STRATUM OF EACH BALCONY IS 2.7 ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF ITS CONCRETE FLOOR
2. ANY SERVICE LINE WITHIN ONE LOT SERVICING ANY OTHER LOT IS COMMON PROPERTY
3. AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT 2015

CP denotes COMMON PROPERTY

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 100 IN DP 1238690

SURVEYOR
Name: JONATHAN CHARLES KEEN
Date: 17/4/2018
Reference: 2645 SP

L.G.A. SUTHERLAND SHIRE

Locality: SUTHERLAND

Reduction Ratio: 1:250

Lengths are in metres

Registered

14.5.2018

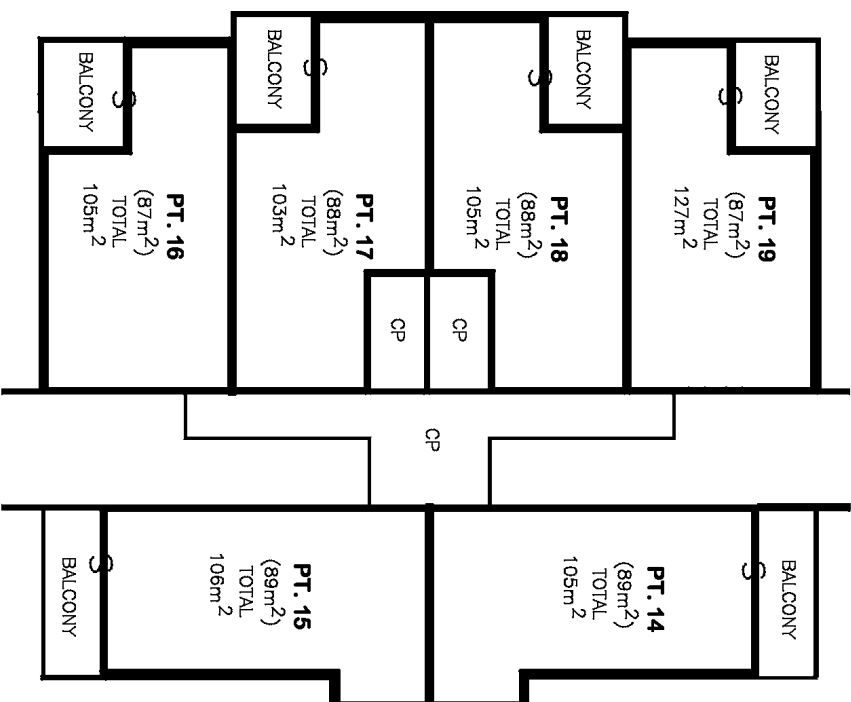
SP 96841

LEVEL 2

NOTES.

1. WHERE NOT COVERED THE UPPER LIMIT OF THE STRATUM OF EACH BALCONY IS 2.7 ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF ITS CONCRETE FLOOR
2. ANY SERVICE LINE WITHIN ONE LOT SERVICING ANY OTHER LOT IS COMMON PROPERTY
3. AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT 2015

CP denotes COMMON PROPERTY



MGA

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 100 IN DP 1238690

SURVEYOR
Name: JONATHAN CHARLES KEEN

Date: 17/4/2018

Reference: 2645 SP

L.G.A. SUTHERLAND SHIRE

Locality: SUTHERLAND

Reduction Ratio: 1:250

Lengths are in meters

Registered



14.5.2018

SP 96841

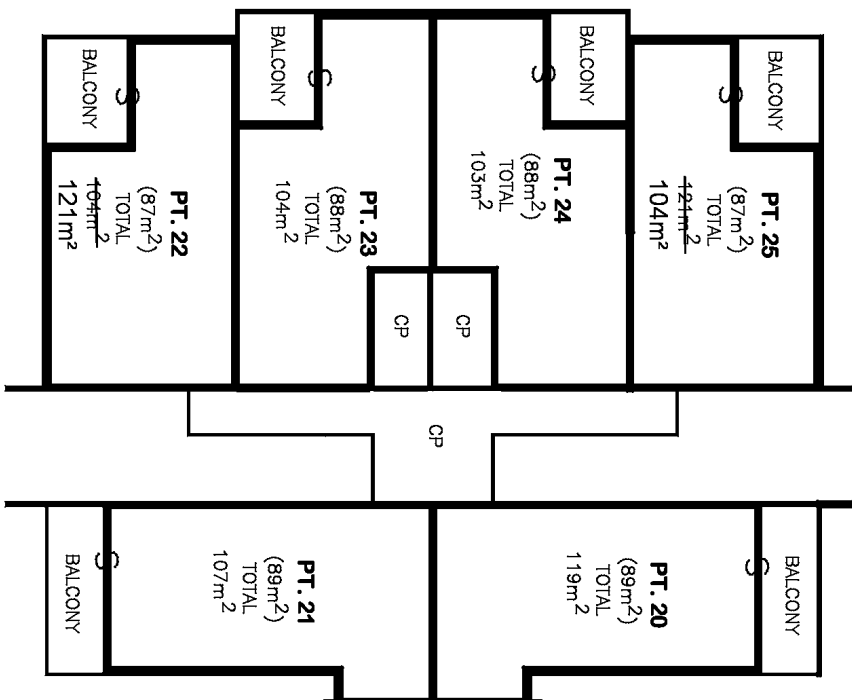
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150
Table of mm														

LEVEL 3

NOTES.

1. WHERE NOT COVERED THE UPPER LIMIT OF THE STRATUM OF EACH BALCONY IS 2.7 ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF ITS CONCRETE FLOOR
2. ANY SERVICE LINE WITHIN ONE LOT SERVICING ANY OTHER LOT IS COMMON PROPERTY
3. AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT 2015

CP denotes COMMON PROPERTY



PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 100 IN DP 1238690

SURVEYOR
Name: JONATHAN CHARLES KEEN
Date: 17/4/2018
Reference: 2645 SP

L.G.A. SUTHERLAND SHIRE

Locality: SUTHERLAND
Reduction Ratio: 1:250
Lengths are in metres

Registered



14.5.2018

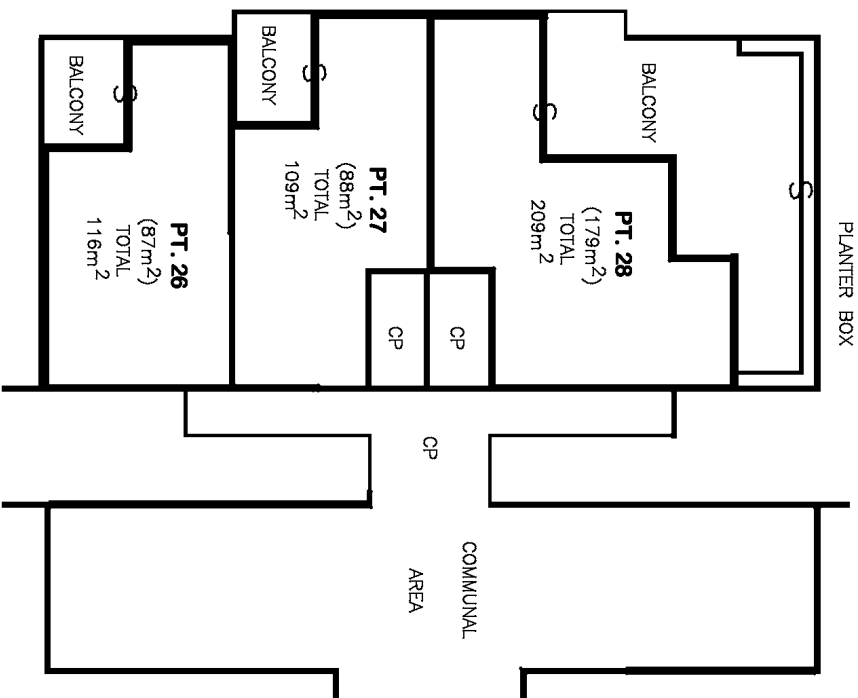
SP 96841

LEVEL 4

NOTES.

1. WHERE NOT COVERED THE UPPER LIMIT OF THE STRATUM OF EACH BALCONY AND PLANTER ARE 2.5 ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF ITS CONCRETE FLOOR
2. ANY SERVICE LINE WITHIN ONE LOT SERVICING ANY OTHER LOT IS COMMON PROPERTY
3. AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT 2015

CP denotes COMMON PROPERTY



PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 100 IN DP 1238690

SURVEYOR
Name: JONATHAN CHARLES KEEN
Date: 17/4/2018
Reference: 2645 SP

L.G.A. SUTHERLAND SHIRE
Locality: SUTHERLAND
Reduction Ratio: 1:250
Lengths are in meters



Registered
14.5.2018

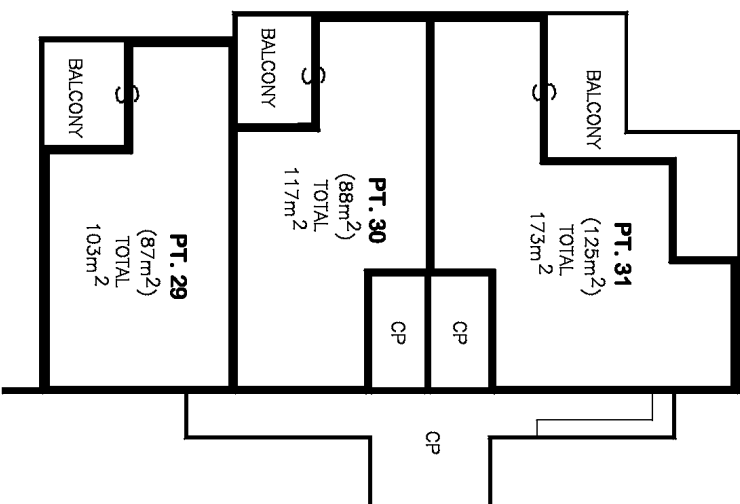
SP 96841

LEVEL 5


NOTES.

1. WHERE NOT COVERED THE UPPER LIMIT OF THE STRATUM OF EACH BALCONY IS 2.7 ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF ITS CONCRETE FLOOR
2. ANY SERVICE LINE WITHIN ONE LOT SERVICING ANY OTHER LOT IS COMMON PROPERTY
3. AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT 2015

CP denotes COMMON PROPERTY



SURVEYOR Name: JONATHAN CHARLES KEEN Date: 17/4/2018 Reference: 2645 SP		PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 100 IN DP 1238690		L.G.A. SUTHERLAND SHIRE Locality: SUTHERLAND Reduction Ratio: 1:250 Lengths are in meters		Registered 14.5.2018		SP 96841							
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	Table of mm

SP FORM 3.01		STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET		Sheet 1 of 5 sheet(s)	
Office Use Only		Office Use Only		Office Use Only	
Registered:  14.5.2018		SP96841			
PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF: LOT 100 DP 1238690		LGA: SUTHERLAND SHIRE Locality: SUTHERLAND Parish: SUTHERLAND County: CUMBERLAND			
This is a *FREEHOLD/LEASEHOLD Strata Scheme					
Address for Service of Documents 9 MOORE STREET SUTHERLAND NSW 2232 <small>Provide an Australian postal address including a postcode</small> <i>AK</i>		The by-laws adopted for the scheme are: * Model by-laws for residential strata schemes together with: Keeping of animals: Option *A/B Smoke penetration: Option *A/B (see Schedule 3 Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016) * The strata by-laws lodged with the plan IN-16 SHHETS.			
Surveyor's Certificate I JONATHAN CHARLES KEEN , of PO BOX 257 CRONULLA 2230, being a land surveyor registered under the <i>Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002</i> , certify that the information shown in the accompanying plan is accurate and each applicable requirement of Schedule 1 of the <i>Strata Schemes Development Act 2015</i> has been met. *The building encroaches on: *(a) a public place *(b) land other than a public place and an appropriate easement to permit the encroachment has been created by ^ Signature: <i>Jonathan Keen</i> Date: 17 TH APRIL 2018 Surveyor ID: 1394 Surveyor's Reference: 2645 SP <small>^ Insert the deposited plan number or dealing number of the instrument that created the easement</small>		Strata Certificate (Accredited Certifier) <i>PHILIP ARTHUR HAYWARD</i> being an Accredited Certifier, accreditation number <i>BPB0176</i> , certify that in regards to the strata plan with this certificate, I have made the required inspections and I am satisfied the plan complies with clause 17 <i>Strata Schemes Development Regulation 2016</i> and the relevant parts of Section 58 <i>Strata Schemes Development Act 2015</i> . *(a) This plan is part of a development scheme. *(b) The building encroaches on a public place and in accordance with section 62(3) Strata Schemes Development Act 2015 the local council has granted a relevant planning approval that is in force for the building with the encroachment or for the subdivision specifying the existence of the encroachment. *(c) This certificate is given on the condition contained in the relevant planning approval that lot(s) ^ will be created as utility lots and restricted in accordance with section 63 Strata Schemes Development Act 2015. Certificate Reference: <i>F5054 SC057</i> Relevant Planning Approval No.: <i>F5054 CDC025</i> issued by: <i>PHILIP A HAYWARD BPB0176</i> Signature: <i>[Signature]</i> Date: 24 TH APRIL 2018 <small>^ Insert lot numbers of proposed utility lots.</small>			
<small>* Strike through if inapplicable</small>					

SP FORM 3.07

STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET

Sheet 2 of 15 sheet(s)

Office Use Only

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Registered:



14.5.2018

SP96841

VALUER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Peter Doncas being a qualified valuer, as defined in the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, certify that the unit entitlements shown in the schedule herewith are apportioned in accordance with Schedule 2 *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*

Signature: Date 6/3/18

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

Schedule Of Unit Entitlements			
Lot No.		Lot No.	
1	262	17	330
2	263	18	330
3	267	19	342
4	272	20	342
5	272	21	326
6	272	22	339
7	267	23	339
8	314	24	339
9	314	25	339
10	314	26	335
11	314	27	335
12	314	28	425
13	314	29	349
14	324	30	355
15	324	31	438
16	330	AGGREGATE	10,000

Office Use Only

Office Use Only

Registered:



14.5.2018

SP96841

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of any previous administration sheets
- Statements of intention to create and or release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B *Conveyancing Act 1919*
- Signatures and seals- see section 22 *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*

Lot Number	Sub-Address Number	Address Number	Road Name	Road Type	Locality Name
CP		9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
1	G01	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
2	G02	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
3	G03	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
4	G04	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
5	G05	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
6	G06	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
7	G07	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
8	101	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
9	102	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
10	103	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
11	104	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
12	105	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
13	106	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
14	201	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
15	202	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
16	203	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
17	204	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
18	205	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
19	206	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
20	301	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
21	302	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
22	303	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
23	304	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
24	305	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
25	306	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
26	401	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
27	402	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
28	403	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
29	501	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
30	502	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland
31	503	9	Moore	Street	Sutherland

STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET

Sheet 4 of 5 sheet(s)

ePlan

Office Use Only

Office Use Only

Registered:



14.5.2018

SP96841

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of any previous administration sheets
- Statements of intention to create and or release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919
- Signatures and seals- see section 22 Strata Schemes Development Act 2015

Executed for and on behalf of
Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited
ABN 11 005 357 522

under Power of Attorney dated 18th November 2002
and registered in New South Wales

Book: 4376 Folio: 410 by

BENJAMIN HARRISON

who certifies that he/she is a
Senior Manager/Manager
and that he/she has not received
notice of revocation on that Power

Signature of Attorney
in the presence of

Signature of Witness

Print Name

Suite 3, 45-53 Kembla St
Wollongong NSW 2500
Address of Witness

Office Use Only

Office Use Only

Registered:




14.5.2018

SP96841

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of any previous administration sheets
- Statements of intention to create and or release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919
- Signatures and seals- see section 22 Strata Schemes Development Act 2015


LINDEN 1 PTY LTD
ACN 608759682


JOHN KHOURI DIRECTOR



SUZANNE KHOURI DIRECTOR

LINDEN 2 PTY LTD
ACN 608760167


CRAIG JOHN MOORE


SOLE DIRECTOR/SECRETARY

LINDEN 3 PTY LTD
ACN 608760363


KENNETH CLYDE FLEET

SOLE DIRECTOR/SECRETARY

"in accordance with s127 of the Corporations Act 2001"


Approved Form 7		Strata Plan By-Laws	Sheet 1 of 21 sheet(s)
Office Use Only		Office Use Only	
Registered:	 14.5.2018	SP96841	

Instrument setting out the details of by-laws to be created upon registration of a strata plan

9 Moore St Sutherland NSW 2232

Contents

By-Law 1. Definitions and Interpretations for By-laws	2
By-Law 2. Noise	3
By-Law 3. Vehicles	4
By-Law 4. Obstruction of Common Property	4
By-Law 5. Damage to Lawn and Plants on Common Property	4
By-Law 6. Damage to Common Property	5
(i) all amounts payable by the Owners Corporation to the Strata Managing Agent;	7
(ii) the cost of issuing an invoice for the debt; and	7
(iii) all legal costs incurred in connection with the recovery of the debt.	7
By-Law 7. Behaviour of Owners and Occupiers	7
By-Law 8. Children Playing on Common Property	8
By-Law 9. Behaviour of Invitees	8
By-Law 10. Depositing Rubbish and Other Material on Common Property	8
By-Law 11. Hanging of Washing	8
By-Law 12. Cleaning Windows and Doors	9
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By-Law 14. Changes to Flooring Coverings	10
By-Law 15. Floor Coverings	10
By-Law 16. Garbage Disposal	11
By-Law 17. Keeping of Animals	12
By-Law 18. Appearance of Lot	12
By-Law 19. Preservation of Fire Safety	13
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Approved Form 7	Strata Plan By-Laws	Sheet 2 of 21 sheet(s)
Office Use Only		Office Use Only
Registered:  14.5.2018		SP96841

By-Law 1. Definitions and Interpretations for By-laws

In these By-Laws, unless the context otherwise requires or permits:

Act is the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 (NSW) as amended from time to time.

Air Conditioning means the air conditioning unit, motor, compressor, pipes, wiring, cabling support bracket and ducting that services an individual lot.

Balcony door means the balcony door/s installed to each individual lot.

Door Closer means the door closer installed to each individual unit front entry door.

Exhaust Fans means an exhaust or extraction fan, wiring, cabling or ducting that services an individual lot.

Intercom System means the intercom handset installed to each individual lot

Invitee means an invitee of an Owner or Occupier.

Local Council means the local council for the relevant strata plan.

Lot means any lot in the strata plan.


Maximum number of persons means up to two persons per bedroom;

Minor Work means works of a non-structural nature that do not cause a breach of Fire Regulations or any insurance policy held by the Owners Corporation.

Occupier means an Occupier of a Lot within the Strata Scheme and includes, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, lessees and licensees but does not include a tradesperson performing work, an invitee or a casual visitor to the strata scheme.

Owner means the Owner of a Lot.

Owners Corporation means Owners Corporation created by the registration of the strata plan.

Approved Form 7	Strata Plan By-Laws	Sheet 3 of 21 sheet(s)
Office Use Only		Office Use Only
Registered:  14.5.2018		SP96841

Permissible short term accommodation means occupation of a lot by one or more persons temporarily, or for a period of less than three months, on a commercial basis that is permissible with the consent of the Council under the LEP;

Prohibited short term accommodation means occupation of a lot by one or more persons temporarily, or for a period of less than three months, on a commercial basis that is prohibited under the LEP;

Retail/Commercial lot means a Lot in the Strata Plan as the context requires and this definition applies whether either lot is used or approved for retail or for some other commercial use.

Small dog means a dog which at it full grown size does not exceed 10 kilos

Ventilation System means any ventilation, air extraction or similar system including any pipes, wiring, cabling and ducting that services an individual lot.


In these by-laws, unless the context otherwise requires:

- a) a word which denotes the singular includes plural and vice versa;
- b) a word which denotes any gender includes the other genders;
- c) any terms defined in the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 will have the same meaning as given to them in that Act.
- d) references to legislation include references to amending and replacing legislation.

Unlawful short term accommodation means permissible short term accommodation without the consent of the Council and prohibited short term accommodation.

By-Law 2. Noise

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not create or permit the creation of any noise on a lot or the Common Property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using Common Property.

Approved Form 7	Strata Plan By-Laws	Sheet 4 of 21 sheet(s)
Office Use Only		Office Use Only
Registered:  14.5.2018		SP96841

By-Law 3. Vehicles

1. An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on Common Property except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation.
2. The Owners Corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the Common Property.
3. The vehicle of any owner or occupier of a Lot must only be parked in the car space or spaces forming part of that Lot.
4. An Owner of Occupier must ensure that the parking designated as visitors parking is for the use of Genuine Visitors only.
5. A period in excess of 24 hours, or any lesser period on a repetitive basis shall not be permitted without the prior written consent of the Owners Corporation.


By-Law 4. Obstruction of Common Property

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of Common Property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

By-Law 5. Damage to Lawn and Plants on Common Property


An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation:

1. damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on Common Property, or
2. use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the Common Property.


Approved Form 7	Strata Plan By-Laws	Sheet 5 of 21 sheet(s)
<div>Office Use Only</div> <div>Registered:  14.5.2018</div>		<div>Office Use Only</div> <div>SP96841</div>

By-Law 6. Damage to Common Property

1. An Owner or Occupier of a lot must:
 - (a) except to the extent permitted by statute, not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the Common Property except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation; and
 - (b) ensure that neither the Owner nor any Occupier or their Invitees does or allows to happen anything within or on the Lot or Common Property which causes any damage to Common Property.
2. An approval given by the Owners Corporation under this by-law cannot authorise any additions to the Common Property.
3. Subject to the conditions contained in these by-laws, this by-law does not prevent an Owner or person authorised by an Owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the Owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the Owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
 - (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces or walls in the Owner's lot providing any device does not breach Fire Safety Regulations and the device does not alter the exterior view of the lot, or
4. Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner by an approved installer and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

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5. Despite section 106 of the Act, the Owner of a lot must;
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in by-law 6 (clause C) that forms part of the Common Property and that services the lot;
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the Common Property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device, structure or sign referred to in clause 3 that forms part of the Common Property and that services the lot; and
 - (c) In the event that an Owner or Occupier fails to complete the remedial work then these parties indemnify the Owners Corporation for the full cost, should the Owners Corporation carry out the remedial work.
6. In the event that an Owner breaches this by-law or by-law 5 (so that Common Property requires repair), the Owners Corporation may:
 - (a) recover from that Owner the cost of repairing the damage caused to Common Property; or
 - (b) if insurance pays for all of that damage to Common Property, recover from that Owner any excess relating to the insurance claim; or
 - (c) if insurance pays for part of that damage to Common Property, recover from that Owner any Excess relating to the insurance claim and the remaining cost of repairing the damage caused to Common Property.
7. The Owners Corporation may issue an invoice to any person referred to in clause 8 for any amount due under this by-law. Where the person to whom the invoice is sent is an Owner or Occupier who has notified the Owners Corporation of an address for service in accordance with the provisions of the Act, that invoice may be sent to that address. Notwithstanding this clause, any debt which arises pursuant to this by-law is due and owing to the Owners Corporation whether or not an invoice is served on the person or persons liable for payment.
8. Any amount due to be paid to the Owners Corporation pursuant to this by-law will, if not paid at the end of one (1) month after an invoice has issued in relation to that debt, bear simple interest at the annual rate set by the Act with respect to outstanding contributions.


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9. In relation to expenses:

- (a) The Owners Corporation may recover all of its expenses, of any type whatsoever, incurred in the recovery of any debt due under this by-law from any person liable for that debt on an indemnity basis including but not limited to:
 - (i) all amounts payable by the Owners Corporation to the Strata Managing Agent;
 - (ii) the cost of issuing an invoice for the debt; and
 - (iii) all legal costs incurred in connection with the recovery of the debt.
- (b) The Owners Corporation will also be entitled to recover as a debt due by a person liable to make any payment under this by-law, the expenses of recovering any expenses for which that person is liable under this by-law.
- (c) Any expense of the Owners Corporation which is recoverable pursuant to this by-law will become due and payable at such time as the Owners Corporation becomes liable to pay the expense.
- (d) Any invoice issued by the Owners Corporation or the Strata Managing Agent stating the amount recoverable by the Owners Corporation as a debt from the Owner or Occupier and the amount of interest due thereon, will be prima facie evidence of the matters set out in that invoice.
- (e) The Owners Corporation is entitled to recover expenses under this by-law in either the same action or a separate action from the one in which it seeks to recover any other amount due under this by-law.

By-Law 7. Behaviour of Owners and Occupiers

An Owner or Occupier of a lot, including a visitor to the lot when on Common Property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the Owner or Occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using Common Property. All Owners, Occupiers and/or their visitors must be respectful of other Owners' and Occupiers' right to peaceful enjoyment of the Common Property and their Lots.

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By-Law 8. Children Playing on Common Property

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the Owner or Occupier has control to play on Common Property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on Common Property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

By-Law 9. Behaviour of Invitees


An Owner or Occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the Owner or Occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using Common Property.

By-Law 10. Depositing Rubbish and Other Material on Common Property

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the Common Property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation.

By-Law 11. Hanging of Washing

1. An owner or occupier of a lot must not hang washing on any part of the lot viewable from outside of the lot (including the balcony area of the lot).
2. An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. Such washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
3. An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot provided that the washing will not be visible from street level outside the parcel.
4. An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot that will be visible from street level outside the parcel only if the owner or occupier has the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

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5. In this clause:


Washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding, or other article of a similar type.

By-Law 12. Cleaning Windows and Doors

1. An Owner or Occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and reasonably accessible exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is Common Property.
2. Balconies must not be washed in a manner that will cause water to discharge through balcony overflow pipes onto the units or Common Property below.
3. The Owners Corporation may resolve to arrange for the cleaning of windows otherwise inaccessible to one or more Owners and Occupiers at the cost of the Owner or Occupier.

By-Law 13. Storage of Inflammable Liquids and Other Substances and Materials

1. An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation, use or store on the lot or on the Common Property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
2. This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.
3. Storage of combustible materials and flammable materials, including fuels, in the car park, including individual garages, is strictly prohibited.


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By-Law 14. Changes to Flooring Coverings

1. An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the Owners Corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of the proposed floor covering or surface.
2. All new flooring in the Building must satisfy one or both of the following:
 - (a) it must have at least a 4-star AAAC impact rating for floors, being the rating set by the Association of the Australian Acoustical Consultants; or
 - (b) the flooring must result in or satisfy an L'nT,w rating of 50 or less.
3. This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for, or any other authorisation for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.
4. By-law 2 applies to all floor coverings and this by-law is subject to by-law 2.


By-Law 15. Floor Coverings

1. An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot:
 - (a) is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot; and
 - (b) complies with by-law 14.2.
2. This by-law and by-law 14 do not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

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By-Law 16. Garbage Disposal

1. An Owner or Occupier of a residential lot;
 - a. must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines;
 - b. must promptly remove any thing which the Owner, Occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled;
 - c. must ensure the waste material is kept in the allocated storage area and kept in a clean and safe state at all times in accordance with the conditions of Council consent;
 - d. must have adequate and hygienic waste storage, disposal and collection arrangements and for ensuring the waste storage area is appropriately maintained and kept in a clean and safe state at all times; and
 - e. must ensure that receptacles for the removal of waste, recycling are put out for collection the day prior to the collection and returned the following day.
2. This by-law does not require an Owner or Occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.


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By-Law 17. Keeping of Animals

1. Subject to Section 139 (5) of the Act an Owner or Occupier of a residential lot must not, without the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the Common Property.
2. If an Owner or Occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the Owner or Occupier of a lot must:
 - a. notify the Owners Corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot;
 - b. keep the animal within the lot;
 - c. carry the animal when it is on Common Property;
 - d. take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the Common Property that are soiled by the animal; and
 - e. ensure the animal does not cause disturbance to other residents.
3. An Owner or Occupier may not in any event keep on a Lot more than one of any of a cat, small dog or small caged bird, except with the Corporation's prior written consent.

By-Law 18. Appearance of Lot

1. The Owner or Occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
2. Notwithstanding clause 1, an Owner or Occupier of a lot must maintain and keep in good and serviceable repair any plant, shrub or other planting contained in any planter box annexed to the lot.
3. This By-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 11.

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4. The Owner or Occupier of lot must maintain the planter boxes annexed to their lot. In the event that the planter areas are not maintained to a standard in keeping with that of others lots the Owners Corporation may maintain the planter area, with reasonable costs incurred in maintaining the area, charged to the Owner or Occupier of such lot.
5. The Owner or Occupier of a lot must ensure that all window and door dressings shall be of light neutral tones and where with a pattern, such that the pattern is also of light neutral tones and not obtrusive.
6. The Owner or Occupier of a lot must ensure that Barbeques on balconies and/or courtyards are kept covered when not in use.
7. All furniture on balconies must be unobtrusive and in keeping with the aesthetics of the building.
8. No items (other than motor vehicles) are to be placed or stored in a lot's car space except in a storage container which has been approved by the strata committee.

By-Law 19. Preservation of Fire Safety

The Owner or Occupier of a lot must not do anything or permit any invitees of the Owner or Occupier to do anything on the lot or Common Property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or Common Property.

By-Law 20. Prevention of Hazards

The Owner or Occupier of a lot must not do anything or permit any invitees of the Owner or Occupier to do anything on the lot or Common Property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the Owner or Occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the Common Property.


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By-Law 21. Compliance with Planning and Other Requirements

1. The Owner or Occupier of a lot must ensure that their lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law or that requires approval or authorisation of an authority including the local council or under any law, without that approval or authorisation.
2. Every Owner and Occupier must ensure that their lot is only used as a permanent dwelling or domicile unless that lot can lawfully be used for another purpose, or unless the relevant Owner or Occupier obtains Council approval to use their lot for another purpose, in which the lot may be used for that other purpose.
3. No Owner or Occupier may use their lot, or allow their lot to be used, for unlawful short term accommodation.
4. Every Owner and Occupier must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their lot is not used for unlawful short term accommodation.
5. You must ensure that your lot is not advertised or promoted including on Airbnb or any similar website for any use which is prohibited by this by-law
6. You must ensure that your apartment is not occupied by more than the maximum number of persons.
7. You must not:
 - (a) alter the layout of your apartment; or
 - (b) carry out any alterations or additions to your apartment,
 so as to allow your apartment to be occupied by more than the maximum number of persons, or to create additional bedrooms.
8. In this by-law:

“maximum number of persons” means up to two persons per bedroom;

“permissible short term accommodation” means occupation of a lot by one or more persons temporarily, or for a period of less than three months, on a commercial basis that is permissible with the consent of the Council under the LEP;

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“prohibited short term accommodation” means occupation of a lot by one or more persons temporarily, or for a period of less than three months, on a commercial basis that is prohibited under the LEP;


“unlawful short term accommodation” means permissible short term accommodation without the consent of the Council and prohibited short term accommodation.

By-Law 22. Insurance Premiums

An Owner or Occupier must not, without the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation, do or permit anything which may invalidate, suspend or increase the premium for any insurance policy effected by the Owners Corporation.

By-Law 23. Services and Equipment

1. This by-law may only be amended by special resolution and with the written consent of the Owner of each lot.
2. On the conditions set out in this by-law, the Owner of each lot shall have exclusive use and special privilege over;
 - air-conditioning systems exclusively servicing the lot,
 - ventilation system/s exclusively servicing the lot,
 - hot water systems which exclusively service the lot,
 - tempering valves (isolation valves),
 - exhaust fans,
 - window locks and (to the extent permitted) child safety devices,
 - balcony doors (including frame, rollers, locks and glass),
 - door closers which exclusively services the lot,
 - lot doors (excluding the front door) which exclusively service the lot,


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- smoke detectors installed within the lot,
- garage doors and/or motors which exclusively service the lot, if shared, cost is to be split evenly between lots (if installed),
- bathroom and kitchen tiles in the internal part of a lot (for example on a bathroom's floor or wall).

3. Each Owner must:

(a) at the cost of the Owner maintain, repair and, where necessary, replace;


- air-conditioning systems exclusively servicing the lot,
- ventilation system/s exclusively servicing the lot,
- hot water systems which exclusively service the lot,
- tempering valves (isolation valves),
- exhaust fans,
- window locks and (to the extent permitted) child safety devices,
- balcony doors (including frame, rollers, locks and glass),
- door closers which exclusively services the lot,
- lot doors (excluding the front door) which exclusively service the lot,
- smoke detectors installed within the lot,
- garage doors and/or motors which exclusively service the lot, if shared, cost is to be split evenly between lots (if installed),
- bathroom and kitchen tiles in the internal part of a lot (for example on a bathroom's floor or wall).

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- (b) use contractors that hold the necessary insurances (i.e. Public Liability) and hold a current license (if required) as approved by the Owners Corporation;
 - (c) repair damage caused to Common Property caused by exercising rights under this by-law; and
 - (d) indemnify the Owners Corporation and the Owners and Occupiers of other lots against all claims and liability caused by exercising rights under this by-law.
4. Air conditioning motors (other motors) servicing each lot form part of the lot that they service. Owners and occupiers of each unit, upon receipt of sufficient notice, shall allow reasonable access for service, maintenance and or replacement of any air conditioning motor (other motors).
 5. Owners are responsible for maintenance contractors or tradespersons when on site with respect to damage caused by them and the Owner or his Occupier must supervise such contractors and tradespersons with respect to works related to his lot.

By-Law 24. Locks

1. On the conditions set out in this by-law, the Owner of each lot shall have exclusive use and special privilege over locks, hinges and any other security devices installed in the unit entry doors, sliding balcony doors, garage door (if installed) and so much of the Common Property as is necessary adjacent to the boundary of their respective lots (**Locks**).
2. Owners and Occupiers must maintain, renew, replace and repair the Locks.
3. All Locks maintained, renewed, replaced or repaired under this by-law must, where applicable:
 - (a) comply with all fire safety laws and any other requirements relating to fire safety as determined by the Owners Corporation or other Authority; and
 - (b) be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance after installation in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

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4. Owners and Occupiers will be liable for any damage caused to any part of the Common Property as a result of the activities carried out and contemplated in this by-law and will make good that damage immediately after it has occurred.
5. Owners are responsible for maintenance contractors or tradespersons when on site with respect to damage caused by them and the Owner or his Occupier must supervise such contractors and tradespersons with respect to works related to his lot.

By-Law 25. Noticeboard


The Owners Corporation must cause a notice-board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

By-Law 26. Building Works and Alterations

1. For the purposes of section 110 of the Act, in addition to the work described in section 110(3) of the Act, all work is deemed to be a minor renovation for the purposes of section 110 of the Act other than the work excluded by section 110(7) of the Act.
2. In accordance with section 110(6)(b) of the Act, the Owners Corporation may, and by virtue of this by-law does, delegate its functions under section 110 of the Act to the strata committee.

By-Law 27. Integrity of Fire Safety Systems

1. An Owner or Occupier must not;
 - (a) interfere with or damage any fire safety device; or
 - (b) activate a fire safety device other than in the case of a hazard or danger to the Parcel of any persons on the Parcel or in the case of an emergency.


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2. An Owner or Occupier must;

- (a) immediately notify the Owners Corporation of a defect, damage, failure or malfunction of any fire safety device.
 - (b) immediately notify a fire protection agency or the Fire Brigade of occurrence of fire or other hazard within the Parcel.
 - (c) notify the Owners Corporation of a risk of fire or other hazard within the Parcel.
 - (d) subject to receiving notice under by-law 27 sub-clause 3 give the Owners Corporation (and any agent) access to that person's Lot for the purpose of inspecting, testing, repairing or replacing fire safety devices.
3. If an Owner or Occupier of a lot breaches this by-law, including 1(b), the Owners Corporation may recover as a debt from the Owner or Occupier concerned any amount which becomes due and payable, including any loss which is attributable to that breach such as the False Fire Alarm Fee. In this clause *False Fire Alarm Fee* means the prescribed fee charged by Fire and Rescue NSW to the owners corporation in accordance with section 42(1) of the *Fire Brigades Act 1989* and clause 47 of the *Fire Brigades Regulation 2014* (or any subsequent corresponding legislation).
4. Notwithstanding the provisions of this by-law, an Owner or Occupier remains responsible to keep and maintain smoke detectors within that person's Lot in good and serviceable order.

By-Law 28. Service of Documents on Owner of lot by Owners Corporation

A document can be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the Owners Corporation an email address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

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By-Law 29. No Smoking

1. In this by-law:

“**Common Property**” means the common property for the Strata Scheme.

“**External Areas**” means any external parts of a Lot or external areas forming part of a Lot, including a courtyard, garden area, patio, balcony, verandah, terrace or deck.


“**Lot**” means all lots within the Strata Scheme.

“**Occupier**” means an Occupier of a Lot within the Strata Scheme and includes, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, lessees and licensees.

“**Owner**” means the owner of a Lot and that owner’s successors in title.

“**Strata Scheme**” means the Strata Scheme in respect of which this by-law applies.


2. An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not smoke or allow smoking on or within the Common Property or on any External Areas. For clarity, this means that an Owner or Occupier of a Lot may only smoke or allow smoking within the internal part of their Lot, with all external doors (separating the Lot from Common Property or an External Area) closed.
3. In addition to clause 2, an owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the Owner or Occupier, or any invitee of the Owner or Occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.
4. Without limiting clause 2, each Owner and each Occupier must not allow any invitee to their Lot to smoke on or within the Common Property or on any External Areas.


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By-Law 30. Registration of Dealing

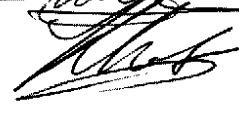
If there is a development consent condition allowing registration of a dealing (such as a section 88B Instrument) after registration of the strata plan, or if this is otherwise permitted by council or the private certifying authority as part of the development or registration process, then the Owners Corporation must upon demand sign under seal any such dealing, and produce its certificate of title to permit registration of that dealing.

Execution

Registered Proprietor **LINDEN 1 PTY LTD**  **SUZANNE KHOURI**
DIRECTOR

LINDEN 2 PTY LTD  **JOHN KHOURI**
DIRECTOR

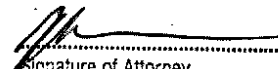
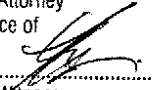
LINDEN 3 PTY LTD  **CRAIG JOHN MOORE**
DIRECTOR

LINDEN 3 PTY LTD  **KENNETH CLYDE FLETT**
DIRECTOR

"in accordance with s127 of the Corporations Act 2001"

Registered Mortgagee

Executed for and on behalf of
Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited
ABN 11 005 357 522
under Power of Attorney dated 18th November 2002
and registered in New South Wales
Book: 4376 Folio: 410 by
BENJAMIN HARRISON
who certifies that he/she is a
Senior Manager/Manager
and that he/she has not received
notice of revocation on that Power


Signature of Attorney
in the presence of

Signature of Witness
John Khouri
Print Name
Suite 3, 45-53 Kembla St
Wollongong NSW 2500
Address of Witness

Asset Information

Legend

Sewer		Property Details	
Sewer Main (with flow arrow & size type text)		Boundary Line	
Disused Main		Easement Line	
Rising Main		House Number	
Maintenance Hole (with upstream depth to invert)		Lot Number	
Sub-surface chamber		Proposed Land	
Maintenance Hole with Overflow chamber		Sydney Water Heritage Site (please call 132 092 and ask for the Heritage Unit)	
Ventshaft EDUCT			
Ventshaft INDUCT			
Property Connection Point (with chainage to downstream MH)			
Concrete Encased Section			
Terminal Maintenance Shaft			
Maintenance Shaft			
Rodding Point			
Lamphole			
Vertical			
Pumping Station			
Sewer Rehabilitation			
Pressure Sewer		Water	
Pressure Sewer Main		WaterMain - Potable (with size type text)	
Pump Unit (Alarm, Electrical Cable, Pump Unit)		Disconnected Main - Potable	
Property Valve Boundary Assembly		Proposed Main - Potable	
Stop Valve		Water Main - Recycled	
Reducer / Taper		Special Supply Conditions - Potable	
Flushing Point		Special Supply Conditions - Recycled	
		Restrained Joints - Potable	
		Restrained Joints - Recycled	
		Hydrant	
		Maintenance Hole	
		Stop Valve	
		Stop Valve with By-pass	
		Stop Valve with Tapers	
		Closed Stop Valve	
		Air Valve	
		Valve	
		Scour	
		Reducer / Taper	
		Vertical Bends	
		Reservoir	
		Recycled Water is shown as per Potable above. Colour as indicated	
Vacuum Sewer		Private Mains	
Pressure Sewer Main		Potable Water Main	
Division Valve		Recycled Water Main	
Vacuum Chamber		Sewer Main	
Clean Out Point		Symbols for Private Mains shown grey	
Stormwater			
Stormwater Pipe			
Stormwater Channel			
Stormwater Gully			
Stormwater Maintenance Hole			

Disclaimer

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
VC	Vitrified Clay	WI	Wrought Iron
WS	Woodstave		

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

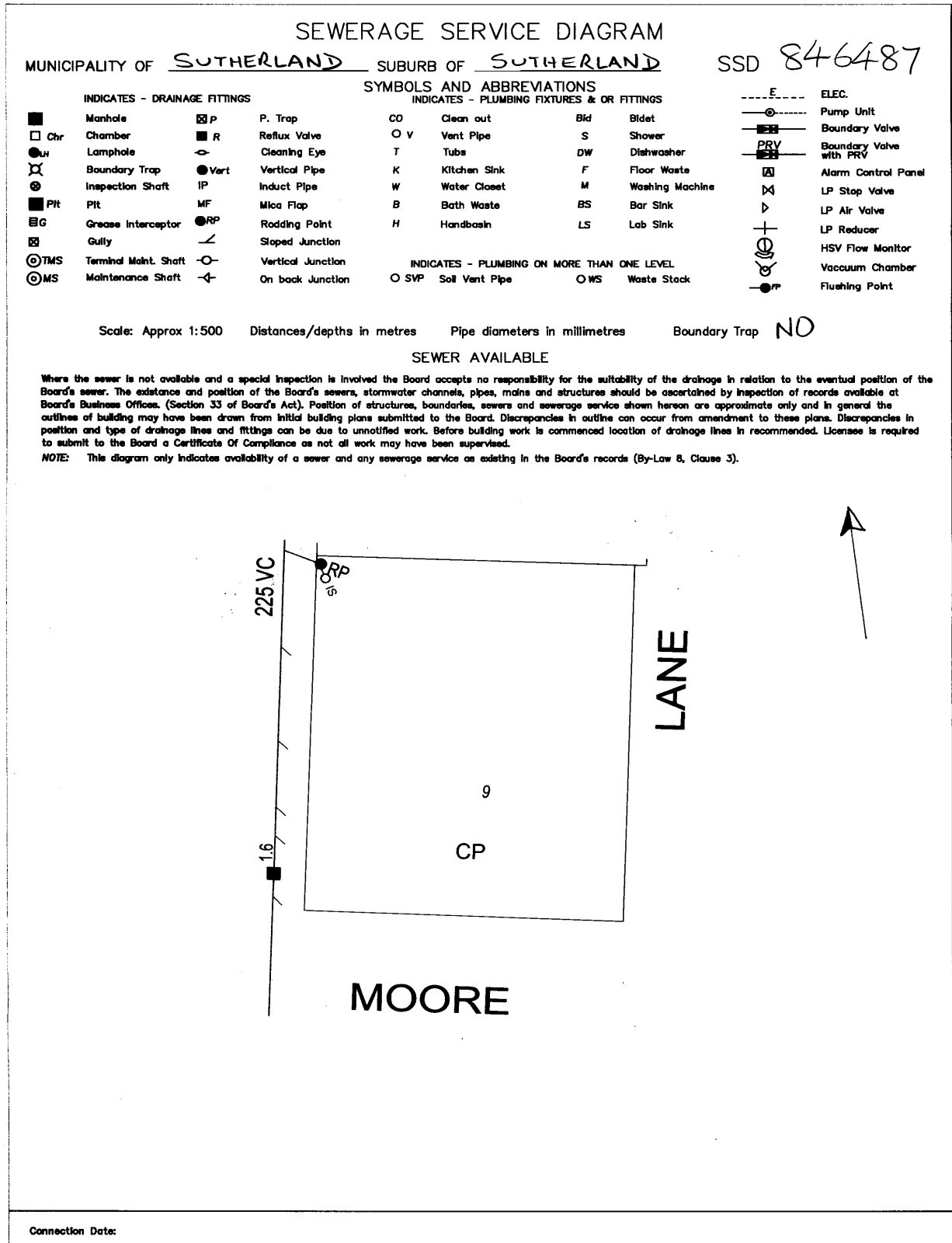
In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)

Disclaimer

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8003917530



Document generated at 27-11-2024 03:50:12 PM

Disclaimer

The information in this diagram shows the private wastewater pipes on this property. It may not be accurate or to scale and may not show our pipes, structures or all property boundaries. If you'd like to see these, please buy a **Service location print**.

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor:
Purchaser:
Property:
Dated:

Possession and tenancies

1. Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?
3.
 - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
4. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948*.)
5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW)* :
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property and recorded as the owner of the property on the strata roll, free of all other interests.
7. On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or writ must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled (as the case may be) or, in the case of a mortgage or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 118 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 (the Act)*.
8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
10. Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?

- (b) what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

Survey and building

- 13. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the property or the common property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- 14. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
- 15. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989*.
- 16. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property or the common property?
- 17. If a swimming pool is on the common property:
 - (a) when did construction of the swimming pool commence?
 - (b) is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*?
 - (c) if the swimming pool has been approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*, please provide details.
 - (d) are there any outstanding notices or orders?
- 18.
 - (a) If there are any party walls, please specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - (b) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
 - (c) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922*?

Affectations, notices and claims

- 19. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?

- (c) Is the vendor aware of:
 - (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
 - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
 - (iii) any latent defects in them?
- (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
 - (i) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (ii) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (iii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (iv) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (v) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?
 - (vi) any contamination of them?

Owners corporation management

- 20. Has the initial period expired?
- 21. If the property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- 22. If there are any applications or orders under Chapter 5 of the Act, please provide details.
- 23. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract) exceed 1% of the price?

Capacity

- 24. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 25. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 26. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 27. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 28. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 29. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.



Applicant:

Infotrack
Gpo Box 4029
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Planning Certificate – Section 10.7 (2) Certificate Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Certificate no:	ePC:24/8908	Delivery option:	
Certificate date:	27/11/2024	Your reference:	243285

Property:

Lot 15 S/P 96841
202/9 Moore Street SUTHERLAND NSW 2232

Zone:

- * Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015
Zone R4 High Density Residential

Notes:

- (a) The information in this certificate only relates to the real property Identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.
- (b) The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 will be referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.

Disclaimer:

- (a) This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

**INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7(2),
ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979**

1. Names of relevant instruments and DCPs

1. The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Environmental Planning Instruments

- * Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015
- * SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- * SEPP (Housing) 2021
- * SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
- * SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021
- * SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021
- * SEPP (Primary Production) 2021
- * SEPP (Resources and Energy) 2021
- * SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
- * SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021
- * SEPP (Sustainable Buildings) 2022

Development Control Plans

Sutherland Shire Development Control Plan 2015

2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The following Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

(SEPP) apply: Amendments to SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 (formerly SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007), SEPP (Housing) 2021, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, and SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021.

Draft Development Control Plans

No draft Development Control Plans apply.

3. Subsection (2.) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if—
- a. it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
 - b. for a proposed environmental planning instrument—the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.
4. In this section—
proposed environmental planning instrument means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environmental plan.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described—

- (a) The identity of the zone, whether by reference to—
 - (i) a name, such as “Residential Zone” or “Heritage Area” or
 - (ii) a number, such as “Zone No 2 (a)”,
- (b) the purposes for which development in the zone—
 - (i) may be carried out without development consent, and
 - (ii) may not be carried out except with development consent, and
 - (iii) is prohibited,

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone R4 High Density Residential

- (i) Permitted without consent:

Home occupations

- (ii) Permitted with consent:

Attached dwellings; Backpackers' accommodation; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works, Flood mitigation works; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Shop top housing;

- (iii) Prohibited:

Pond-based aquaculture; Tank-based aquaculture; Any development not specified in item (i) or (ii)

- (c) whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,

No Additional Permitted Uses apply to this land.

- (d) Do development standards apply to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions?

Under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 there are no relevant development standards for the erection of a dwelling house due to site dimensions.

- (e) Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No

- (f) Is the land in a conservation area, however described?

No

- (g) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land, however described?

There is no item of environmental heritage situated on the property.

3. Contribution Plans

(1) The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.

- * The 2016 Section 7.12 Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).
- * The 2016 Section 7.11 Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).

State Housing and Productivity Contribution applies to this property (Effective 01/10/23).

(2) If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area.

No areas within Sutherland Shire are currently part of a special contributions area.

4. Complying Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)–(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.
- (2) If complying development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—
 - a. a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
 - b. the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.
- (4) If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Alterations Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Industrial and Business Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Industrial and Business Alterations Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes)*

2008.

Industrial and Business Buildings Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Industrial and Business Buildings Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones E1, E2, E3, MU1, E4, E5, W4, SP1, SP2, SP3 or SP5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Container Recycling Facilities Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivisions Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Rural Housing Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU5, R1, R2 or R3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Green Field Housing Code

Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: This code applies to land within the Greenfield Housing Code Area as mapped in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.)

General Development Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Demolition Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental*

Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

Inland Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Inland Code.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

(Note: This code only applies to local government areas specified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. At this time it does not apply to Sutherland Shire.)

Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code

Complying development under the Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code may be carried out on the land.

The code is varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

(Note: this code applies only to land within the following zones RU1, RU2, or RU4. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

5. Exempt Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A.
- (2) If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—
 - a. a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
 - b. the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.
- (4) If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

General Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the General Exempt Development Code.

Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code.

Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) Is council is aware that—
 - (a) an affected building notice is in force in relation to the land, or
No
 - (b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or
No

(c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

No

(2) In this section—

affected building notice has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017, Part 4.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

7. Land Reserved for Acquisition

Does any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 of this certificate make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act?

No

8. Road Widening and Road Realignment

(a) Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*?

No

(b) Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any environmental planning instrument?

No

(c) Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council?

No

9. Flood related development controls information

- (1) Is the land or part of the land within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls?

No

- (2) Is the land or part of the land between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls?

No

- (3) In this clause—

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the *Floodplain Development Manual* (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

- (1) Is any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

No

- (2) In this section—

adopted policy means a policy adopted—

(a) by the council, or

(b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

11. Bush fire prone land

(1) If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.

(2) If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

Is the land bush fire prone?

None of the land is bush fire prone land as defined under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Does the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division?

No

13. Mine Subsidence

Is the land declared to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*?

No

14. Paper subdivision information

(1) Is the land subject to any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that—

(a) applies to the land?, or

(b) is proposed to be subject to a ballot?

No

(2) Is the land subject to a subdivision order that applies to the land, and if so what is the date of the order?

No

(3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15. Property Vegetation Plans

Has Council been notified that the land is subject to a property vegetation plan which is approved and in force under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*, Part 4?

No

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

Has Council been notified by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 5.

17. Biodiversity Certified Land

Is the land biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

18. Orders Under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has Council been notified of an order made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land?

No.

19. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

(1) If the *Coastal Management Act 2016* applies to the council, has the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works?

The Coastal Management Act 2016 does apply to Sutherland Shire. However, in the LGA there are no properties subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services.

(2) In this section—

existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 553B.

Note. Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021*, Chapter 4 is the land—

(a) in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater, as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17?, or

No

(b) shown on the Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map?, or

No

(c) shown on the Obstacle Limitation Surface Map?, or
No

(d) in the “public safety area” on the Public Safety Area Map?, or
No

(e) in the “3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” or the “13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” on the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map?
No

Note: *State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021* does not apply to any land in Sutherland Shire.

21. Development Consent Conditions for Seniors Housing

If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, chapter 3, part 5 applies to the land, are there any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of a kind set out in clause 88 (2) of that Policy?

No

22. Site Compatibility Certificates and Development Consent Conditions for Affordable Rental Housing

(1) Is there is a current site compatibility certificate under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate—

- (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
- (b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

None found.

(2) If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

None found.

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

None found.

(4) In this section—
former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

Any Other Prescribed Matter

Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?
No
- (b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?
No
- (c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?
No
- (d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?
No
- (e) Is the land subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act?
No

Water or sewerage services

If water or sewerage services are, or are to be, provided to the land under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006, a statement to that effect.

No

Note— A public water utility may not be the provider of some or all of the services to the land. If a water or sewerage service is provided to the land by a licensee under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006, a contract for the service will be deemed to have been entered into between the licensee and the owner of the land. A register relating to approvals and licences necessary for the provision of water or sewerage services under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006 is maintained by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal and provides

information about the areas serviced, or to be serviced, under that Act. Purchasers should check the register to understand who will service the property. Outstanding charges for water or sewerage services provided under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006 become the responsibility of the purchaser.

Additional Information

Council holds additional information relating to this property for provision in accordance with Section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

For further information please telephone [02] 9710 0333.

Yours faithfully

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Mark Carlon', with a long horizontal line extending to the right.

Mark Carlon
Manager Strategic Planning

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES REGULATION 2019

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

1. This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
2. If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
3. If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
4. The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on 08 / 06 / 2022 at Iglobal Properties Pty Ltd Between

Landlord *[Insert name and telephone number or other contact details of landlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside in New South Wales, specify the State, Territory or, if not in Australia, country in which the landlord ordinarily resides]*

Landlord 1 Name: Mrs R McLellen A.B.N. (if applicable):

Landlord telephone number or other contact details: roselene05@icloud.com

If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinarily resides in:

Landlord 2 Name: Mr R McLellen A.B.N. (if applicable):

Landlord telephone number or other contact details: rob_roz@hotmail.com

If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinarily resides in:

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

[Insert business address or residential address of landlord(s)]

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent.

[Insert corporation name and business address of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is a corporation]

Tenant *[Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details]*

Tenant 1 Name Simone Smith

Phone 0915 334 574

Email simonesmith1000@gmail.com

Tenant 2 Name

Phone

Email

Tenant 3 Name

Phone

Email

Tenant 4 Name

Phone

Email

Landlord's agent details *[Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact details]*

Licensee Iglobal Properties Pty Ltd

Trading as Singer Residential

A.B.N. 72 616 517 830

Address 78 Railway Crescent

JANNALI, NSW

Postcode 2226

Phone 02 9528 8738

Fax

Mobile 0457 056 811

Email rentals@singerresidential.com.au

Tenant's agent details *[Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details]*

Name/s Not Applicable

A.B.N. Not Applicable

Address Not Applicable

Postcode Not Applicable

Phone Not Applicable

Fax Not Applicable

Mobile Not Applicable

Email Not Applicable

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

Term of agreement

The term of this agreement is:

- ☐ 6 months
☒ 12 months
☐ 2 years
☐ 3 years
☐ 5 years
☐ Other (please specify):
☐ Periodic (no end date)

starting on 08 / 06 / 2022 and ending on 07 / 06 / 2023 [Cross out if not applicable]

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the *Real Property Act 1900*.

Residential Premises

The residential premises are [Insert address]

Address 202/9 Moore Street

Suburb Sutherland

State NSW

Postcode 2232

The residential premises include: [Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

Single Car Space, storage cage

The residential premises **do not include**: [List anything such as a parking space, garage or storeroom which do not form part of the residential premises]

Rent

The rent is \$ 580 per week payable in advance starting on 08 / 06 / 2022.

Note. Under section 33 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method by which the rent must be paid:

- (a) to Singer Residential at 78 Railway Crescent, Jannali by cash or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), or
 (b) into the following account, iGlobal Properties Pty Ltd or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number: 012430 Account number: 464754468

Account name: iGlobal Properties Pty Ltd

Payment reference: SMITH 100096

- (c) as follows:

Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental bond [cross out if there is not going to be a bond]

A rental bond of \$ 2320 - Already lodged must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement.

The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

- ☐ the landlord or another person, or
☐ the landlord's agent, or
☒ NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online.

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants

No more than 1 persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical repairs:	Ease Electrical	Telephone: 0418 149 008
Plumbing repairs:	Laser Plumbing Caringbah	Telephone: 02 9524 3825
Other repairs:	Sal's Handyman Services	Telephone: 0418 217 123

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Utilities

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network? ☒ Yes ☐ No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

☒ Hardwired smoke alarm

☐ Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

Photoelectric

If the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional] [Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* being given or served on them by email. The *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

joanna@singerresidential.com.au

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

simonesmith1000@gmail.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "**Residential premises**".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. **The tenant agrees:**
 - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
 - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
 - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.
4. **The landlord agrees:**
 - 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
 - 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
 - 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
 - 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
 - 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
 - 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
 - 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
 - 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.
7. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**
 - 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
 - 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
 - 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

8. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
9. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

10. **The landlord agrees** to pay:
 - 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
 - 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
 - 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

 - 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
 - 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
 - 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
 - 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

- 10.9** the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1** all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2** all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
- Note.** Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
- 11.3** all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4** all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5** any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6** water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* and the residential premises:
- 11.6.1** are separately metered, or
- 11.6.2** are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

- 12.1** the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2** the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 12.3** the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 12.4** the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
- 12.4.1** all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.2** on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
- 12.4.3** all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.4** at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

- 13. The landlord agrees** to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

- 14.1** to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2** to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

- 15.1** that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1** not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2** not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3** not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4** not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5** not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

- 17.1** to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2** to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3** that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4** that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 18.1** to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2** to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3** to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4** to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

- 18.5** to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6** to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

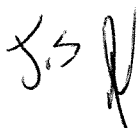
LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. The landlord agrees:

- 19.1** to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
- Note 1.** Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:
- (a) are structurally sound, and
 - (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
 - (c) have adequate ventilation, and
 - (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
 - (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
 - (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
 - (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
 - (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
 - (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
 - (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.
- 19.2** to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3** to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4** not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and



- 19.5** not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6** to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7** that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 20.1** the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2** the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3** the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 20.4** the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 20.5** the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 20.6** the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are **urgent repairs** are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

- 21.1** to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23. The landlord and the tenant agree:

23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and

23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),

24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,

24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,

24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,

24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),

24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),

24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),

24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),

24.11 if the tenant agrees.

25. The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:

25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and

25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and

25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

26. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

27. The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

28. The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

29. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

30. The tenant agrees:

30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and

30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and

30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and

30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and

30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and

30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

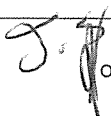
31. The landlord agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

32. The landlord agrees:

32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and



- 32.2** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3** not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

- 33.1** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2** to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- 34.** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT**35. The landlord and the tenant agree that:**

- 35.1** the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2** the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3** the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4** without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

- 36. The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlords reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT**37. The landlord agrees:**

- 37.1** if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2** if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

- 37.3** if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4** if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.5** if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- 38. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*.
- 39. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

- 40. The rules of law** relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

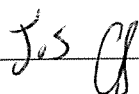
RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41. The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
- 41.1** details of the amount claimed, and
- 41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
- 41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS**42. The landlord agrees to:**

- 42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and



- 42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

- 43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

- 44. The landlord and tenant each agree** not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

~~45. The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.~~

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the *Community Land Development Act 1989*) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

~~46. The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:~~

~~46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~

~~46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant~~

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

- 47.1** if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2** if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

- 48. The landlord agrees** that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

- 48.1** that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.2** that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.3** that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

- 49. The landlord agrees** that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

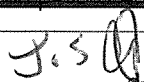
50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1** to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2** to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3** that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4** if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

- 51. The tenant agrees** that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

- 51.1** 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,



- 51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. **The landlord agrees** that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and
(b) they do not conflict with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* or any other Act, and
(c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

53. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc].

DSH Brown Tabby Cat

54. The tenant agrees

- 54.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and
54.2 to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and
54.4 to comply with any council requirements.

55. **The tenant agrees** to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

56. The landlord and tenant:

- 56.1 **agree** that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated / / (insert a date if the landlord and tenant agree to this clause) forms part of this agreement,
56.2 **acknowledge** that the tenant's responses in that condition report form part of this agreement, and

3.5

- 56.3 **agree** that two physical copies of that condition report, or one electronic copy, have been given to the tenant on or before the date of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

57. Further to clauses 16 and 17 and subject to any applicable by-law, **the tenant agrees:**

- 57.1 to use the residential premises for residential purposes only;
57.2 not to use, advertise for use, sub-let, licence, transfer or otherwise part with possession of the whole or any part of the residential premises for the purpose of giving a person the right to occupy the residential premises for the purpose of a holiday, without the prior written consent of the landlord where such consent may be refused in the landlord's absolute discretion;
57.3 to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;
57.4 to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;
57.5 to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;
57.6 to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;
57.7 to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;
57.8 to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal;
57.9 to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim;
57.10 to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;
57.11 to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;
57.12 not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;
57.13 not to store rubbish, unregistered vehicles, any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas (with the exception of petrol or gas stored in the fuel tank of any registered motor vehicle) or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material on the residential premises, and storage of any items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and
57.14 to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

58. The tenant agrees:

- 58.1 to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

- 58.2** the availability of telephone or fax lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services) are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND

59. The tenant agrees:

- 59.1** to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and
- 59.2** not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.

- 60.** The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

61. The tenant agrees:

- 61.1** not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*; and
- 61.2** to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

- 62. The tenant acknowledges** that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

63. The tenant agrees:

- 63.1** upon termination of this agreement, to:
- promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*;
 - promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and
 - comply with its obligations in clause 18 of this agreement; and
- 63.2** that the tenant's obligations under this agreement continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.

- 64.** Notwithstanding any termination of this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges and agrees** that an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement.

65. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 65.1** any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement; and
- 65.2** the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note: Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note: If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 87(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

66. The tenant acknowledges and agrees:

- 66.1** to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title rules relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;
- 66.2** where the residential premises are subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and/or management statements and any applicable law;
- 66.3** where the residential premises are a flat (not subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*), to comply with any applicable law and the special conditions contained in Schedule A of this agreement and any other special conditions as notified to the tenant from time to time; and
- 66.4** that, at the tenant's cost, the owners corporation or strata managing agent may dispose of abandoned goods, perishable goods or rubbish left on common property.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOLS

(This clause does not apply when there is no pool on the residential premises)

~~67. Unless otherwise agreed by the landlord and tenant in writing, the tenant agrees:~~

- ~~67.1 to vacuum, brush and clean the pool, backwash the filter and empty the leaf basket(s) regularly keeping them free from leaf litter and other debris;~~
- ~~67.2 to have the pool water tested once a month at a pool shop and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water clean and clear;~~
- ~~67.3 to keep the water level above the filter inlet at all times;~~
- ~~67.4 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent as soon as practicable of any problems with the pool or equipment, safety gate, access door, fence or barrier;~~
- ~~67.5 not to interfere with the operation of any pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier including not propping or holding open any safety gate or access door, nor leaving any item or object near a pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier which would aid or allow access by children to the pool area or allow children to climb the pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier; and~~
- ~~67.6 to ensure that the pool safety gate or access door is self-closing at all times.~~



ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM
 (for a fixed term of **less than 2 years**):

68. By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

68.1 the rent will be increased to

\$ Not Applicable	per	
Not Applicable	on	/ / ; and
\$ Not Applicable	per	
Not Applicable	on	/ / ; or

68.2 the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Not Applicable

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM
 (for a fixed term of **2 years or more**):

69. By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

69.1 the rent will be increased to

\$ Not Applicable	per	
Not Applicable	on	/ / ; and
\$ Not Applicable	per	
Not Applicable	on	/ / ; or

69.2 the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Not Applicable

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS AGREEMENT

70. For avoidance of doubt:

- 70.1 a condition report which accompanies this agreement, forms part of this agreement;
- 70.2 a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report; and

- 70.3 if the tenant fails to return the condition report to the landlord or the landlord's agent within 7 days after taking possession of the residential premises, then the tenant is deemed to have accepted the landlord's signed condition report and that report forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANT OBLIGATIONS

71. The tenant agrees:

- 71.1 to reimburse the landlord, within 30 days of being requested to do so, for:
- (a) any call out fees payable where the call out has been arranged with the tenant and the tenant has failed to provide access to the residential premises for any reason, preventing the relevant service from taking place;
 - (b) any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and
 - (c) any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the failure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;
- 71.2 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 42 of this agreement; and
- 71.3 to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

72. The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

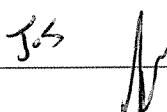
ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is no garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

73. The tenant agrees that if the premises include a garage then the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods or personal belongings.
74. The landlord gives no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

75. The tenant agrees to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.



- 76. The landlord agrees** to provide to the tenant's agent (if appointed) all notices and documents that it gives to the tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

- 77.** Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 24.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, **the tenant acknowledges and agrees** that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.
- 78. The tenant agrees** that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 24.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

- 79.** The *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) (the **Act**) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord.

The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that written notification.

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

- (a) identify and verify the tenant's identity;
- (b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;
- (c) assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;
- (d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;
- (e) contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;
- (f) comply with any applicable law;
- (g) liaise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;
- (h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;
- (i) process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and
- (j) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and

applicable tribunals, third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, and unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

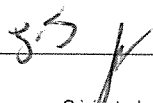
Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant fails to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.

The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant **does not** wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box: ☐ or otherwise notify the landlord and/or landlord's agent using the contact details of the landlord and/or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges** that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and **the tenant authorises** the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.



ADDITIONAL TERM - ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**80. The landlord and tenant each acknowledge that:**

- 80.1** the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement;
- 80.2** the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:
- (a) they do not contravene the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (NSW), the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* (NSW) or any other Act; and
 - (b) they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement; and
- 80.3** The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales Limited (REINSW) is not and cannot be responsible for the drafting and content of any additional terms and/or conditions that are included in any annexure to this agreement.



SCHEDULE A**SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS****Special Condition 1 - Vehicles**

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common area, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common area, except with the prior written approval of the landlord or as permitted by a sign authorised by the landlord.

Special Condition 2 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common areas

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common areas by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Special Condition 4 - Noise

The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, must not create any noise in the flat or the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Behaviour of tenants and invitees

- (a) The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using the common area.
- (b) The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their invitees:
 - (i) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area; and
 - (ii) without limiting paragraph (b)(i), comply with Special Condition 5(a).

Special Condition 6 - Children playing on common areas in building

Any child for whom the tenant is responsible may play on any area of the common area that is designated by the landlord for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision. The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 7 - Smoke penetration

The tenant, and any invitee of the tenant, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common area, except:

- (a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the landlord, or
- (b) with the written approval of the landlord.

The tenant who is permitted under this Special Condition to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common area must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other flat. The tenant must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, in the flat does not penetrate to the common area or any other flat.

Special Condition 8 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees to do any thing in the flat or common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or common areas.

Special Condition 9 - Storage of inflammable, dangerous or hazardous liquids and other substances and materials

- (a) The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord, use or store in the flat, garage or carport or on the common area any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 10 - Appearance of flat

- (a) The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with Special Condition 12.

Special Condition 11 - Cleaning windows and doors

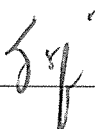
- (a) Except in circumstances referred to in Special Condition 11(b), the tenant is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.
- (b) The landlord is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the tenant safely or at all.

Special Condition 12 - Hanging out of washing

The tenant may hang any washing on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose. The tenant may hang washing on any part of the flat other than over the balcony railings. In each case, the washing may only be hung for a reasonable period. In this Special Condition, "washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Special Condition 13 - Disposal of waste - bins for individual flats (applicable where individual flats have bins)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - (i) not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on the common area;
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste;
 - (v) maintain bins for waste within the flat, or on any part of the common area that is authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered;
 - (vi) not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier;
 - (vii) place the bins within an area designated for collection by the landlord not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the flat or other area authorised for the bins; and
 - (viii) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.



- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 14 - Disposal of waste - shared bins
(applicable where bins are shared by flats)

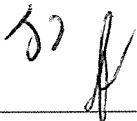
- (a) The tenant must:
 - (i) not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common area; and
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 15 - Change in use or occupation of flat to be notified

- (a) The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat.
- (b) Without limiting Special Condition 15(a), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - (i) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes); and
 - (i) a change to the use of the flat for short-term or holiday letting.
- (c) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

Special Condition 16 - Compliance with planning and other requirements

The tenant must ensure that the flat is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law and that the flat is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the flat.



NOTES.**1. Definitions**

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFPI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

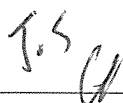
The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.



RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD / LANDLORD'S AGENT

(Signature of landlord / landlord's agent)

(Date)

**SIGN
HERE**

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

(Signature of landlord / landlord's agent)

(Date)

**SIGN
HERE**

Note: A landlord's agent must not sign this acknowledgment unless they have first obtained from the landlord a written statement that the landlord has read and understood the contents of the information statement published by NSW Fair Trading setting out the landlord's rights and obligations.

SIGNED BY THE TENANT

(Signature of tenant)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

(Date)

**SIGN
HERE**

(Signature of tenant)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

(Date)

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

(Signature of tenant)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

(Date)

**SIGN
HERE**

(Signature of tenant)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

(Date)

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:


- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

ANNEXURE

If applicable, include additional Terms and Conditions below

ANNEXURE

- The tenant/s agree that upon termination of this agreement to leave the operating instructions which may have been supplied at the commencement of the agreement for any appliance or equipment installed in the premises. All appliances and equipment shall be kept and maintained in a clean, good working order and condition throughout the term of the agreement. In the event of a failure due to negligent or improper use of the appliance or equipment by the tenants, the tenants at their own cost should immediately arrange for the repair of the appliance or equipment. Failing which, the landlord/agent shall be entitled to have necessary repairs and cost of such shall immediately become due and payable in addition to the rent of the premises. Failure on the part of the tenants in this regard shall constitute a breach by the tenant of this agreement.
- The tenant/s acknowledge that they are responsible for their own contents insurance for furniture and personal belongings.
- The tenant agrees to place bottles, cartons, papers and household rubbish outside the premises in the garbage receptacles with a property fitted lid and shall not allow such items to accumulate within the grounds or precinct of subject premises.
- The tenant/s agree that any cost incurred by the landlord/agent in clearing any blockage in sewer/drainage lines caused by the tenant placing anything likely to cause obstruction or damage down any sink, toilet or drain, shall be paid by the tenant.
- The tenant/s agree to pay for water used under the user's pay method to the managing agent within 21 days of notice.
- The tenant/s agree to use felt pads underneath their furniture items to avoid scratches to the timber floors. This includes bedding, tables, chairs & anything else. They also agree to care and maintain floating timber floors in the appropriate manner, i.e. floors are to be cleaned with a damp mop only, and to come into contact with very little moisture.
- The tenant agree to use non-abrasive cleaning products to clean the stainless steel appliances to avoid scratching the surfaces.
- The tenant/s agree there will be no smoking inside of the property at any time during the tenancy. If the tenant or any of their guests wish to smoke, they must do so outside with the door closed behind them.
- The tenant/s understand that no animals are permitted to reside in or outside the premises without written permission from the landlord. If a pet is permitted by the landlord, the tenant/s agree to have the carpets professionally steam cleaned upon vacating the property.
- The tenant/s agree to allow access for the service of smoke alarms in the property by a company or person chosen by the landlord/agent.
- The tenant/s shall not mark, drive in nails, screws, hooks nor place adhesive fitting or 'blu tac' or anyway deface or damage any part of the subject premises without the landlords/agent written consent.
- The tenant understands that they are responsible for regular maintenance of the lawns and gardens during the term of the tenancy. At the end of the tenancy, the gardens are to be weed free, hedges and bushes are to be trimmed in a tidy manner, lawns mowed/edged and clippings removed.

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Tenant information statement

What you must know before you start renting

Starting a tenancy

Landlords or agents must give all tenants a copy of this **Tenant information statement** before signing a residential tenancy agreement.

Make sure you read this information statement thoroughly before you sign a residential tenancy agreement. Ask questions if there is anything in the agreement that you do not understand.

Remember, you are committing to a legally binding contract with no cooling-off period. You want to be certain you understand and agree to what you are signing.

The landlord or agent must:

- ensure the property is vacant, reasonably clean, fit to live in and in good repair at the start of the tenancy
- provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair
- meet health and safety laws (e.g. pool fencing, electrical installations, smoke alarms, window and balcony safety)
- ensure the property is reasonably secure
- respect your privacy and follow entry and notice requirements.

When renting, you must:

- pay the rent on time
- keep the property reasonably clean and undamaged and leave it in the same condition it was in when you moved in (fair wear and tear excepted)
- not use the property for anything illegal
- follow the terms of the tenancy agreement
- respect your neighbours' right to peace, comfort and privacy

What you must be told before you sign an agreement

Sometimes a rental property has something in its history that you should know before you sign an agreement.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if the property is:

- planned to be sold
- subject to court proceedings where the mortgagee is trying to take possession of the property
- in a strata scheme and a strata renewal committee is currently established for the strata scheme.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if they are aware of any of the following facts. If the property:

- has been subject to flooding from a natural weather event or bushfire in the last 5 years
- has significant health or safety risks (unless obvious to a reasonable person when the property is inspected)
- has been the scene of a serious violent crime (e.g. murder or aggravated assault) in the last 5 years
- is listed on the [loose-fill asbestos insulation register](#)
- has been used to manufacture or cultivate a prohibited drug or prohibited plant in the last 2 years
- is part of a building where a fire safety or building product rectification order (or a notice of intention to issue one of these orders) has been issued regarding external combustible cladding
- is part of a building where a development or complying development certificate application for rectification has been lodged regarding external combustible cladding
- is in a strata scheme where scheduled rectification work or major repairs will be carried out to common property during the fixed term of the agreement
- is affected by zoning or laws that will not allow you to obtain a parking permit, and only paid parking is available in the area
- is provided with any council waste services that are different to other properties in the council area
- has a driveway or walkway that others can legally use.

Penalties apply to landlords or agents if any of the above is not done.

What you must be given before you sign an agreement

Before you sign an agreement or move into the property, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- a copy of this Tenant information statement
- a copy of the proposed tenancy agreement, filled out in the spaces provided
- 2 hard copies, or 1 electronic copy, of the condition report for the property completed by the landlord or agent
- a copy of the by-laws, if the property is in a strata scheme.

What you must be given at the time you sign an agreement

At the time you sign the agreement, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- for any swimming or spa pools on the property, a valid certificate of compliance or occupation certificate (issued within the last 3 years). This does not apply if you are renting a property in a strata or community scheme that has more than 2 lots.

Before or at the start of the tenancy

The landlord or agent **must give** you:

- a copy of the key (or other opening device or information) to open any lock or security device for the rented property or common property, at no cost to you or any tenant named in the agreement

The property must be fit to live in

The property must be reasonably clean, fit to live in and in a reasonable state of repair.

To be fit to live in, the property must (at a minimum):

1. be structurally sound
2. have adequate natural or artificial lighting in each room, except storage rooms or garages
3. have adequate ventilation
4. be supplied with electricity or gas, and have enough electricity or gas sockets for lighting, heating and other appliances
5. have adequate plumbing and drainage
6. have a water connection that can supply hot and cold water for drinking, washing and cleaning
7. have bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow users' privacy.

The property could have other issues that may make it unfit for you to live in, even if it meets the

above 7 minimum standards. Before you rent the property, you should tell the landlord or agent to take steps (such as make repairs) to make sure the property is fit to live in.

Residential tenancy agreement

The tenancy agreement is a legal agreement. It must include certain standard terms that cannot be changed or deleted. It may also include additional terms. Verbal agreements are still binding on you and the landlord.

Condition report

You should have already received a copy of the condition report, completed by the landlord or agent, before you signed the agreement. This is an important piece of evidence and you should take the time to check the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy. If you do not complete the report accurately, money could be taken out of your bond (after you move out) to pay for damage that was already there when you moved in.

You must complete and give a copy of the condition report to your landlord or agent **within 7 days** after moving into the property. You must also keep a copy of the completed report.

Rent, receipts and records

Rent is a regular payment you make to the landlord to be able to live in the property. You cannot be asked to pay more than 2 weeks' rent in advance. Your landlord or agent cannot demand more rent until it is due.

Your landlord or agent can serve you with 14 days' termination notice if you are more than 14 days behind with the rent.

Your landlord or agent must:

- give you rent receipts (unless rent is paid into a nominated bank account)
- keep a record of rent you pay
- provide you with a copy of the rent record within 7 days of your written request for it.

Rental bonds

The bond is money you may have to pay at the start of the tenancy as security. It must be in the form of money and not as a guarantee. Your landlord or agent can only ask for 1 bond for a tenancy agreement. The bond payable cannot be more than 4 weeks rent. If the landlord agrees, you can pay the bond in instalments.

Your landlord or agent cannot make you pay a bond before the tenancy agreement is signed. If you pay the bond directly to Fair Trading using [Rental Bonds Online](#) (RBO) the landlord or agent will receive confirmation of this before they finalise the tenancy agreement.

Your landlord or agent must give you the option to use RBO to pay your bond. You can use RBO to securely pay your bond direct to NSW Fair Trading using a credit card or BPAY, without the need to fill out and sign a bond lodgement form. Once registered, you can continue to use your RBO account for future tenancies.

If you decide not to use RBO, you can ask your agent or landlord for a paper bond lodgement form for you to sign, so that it can be lodged with Fair Trading. The landlord must deposit any bond you pay them with Fair Trading within 10 working days. If the bond is paid to the agent, the agent must deposit the bond with Fair Trading within 10 working days after the end of the month in which the bond was paid.

Discrimination when applying for rental property

It is against the law for a landlord or agent to discriminate on the grounds of your race, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status or pregnancy.

If you feel that a landlord or agent has declined your tenancy application or has treated you less favourably because of the above, you can contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board on 1800 670 812 or the Australian Human Rights Commission on 1300 656 419.

It is not against the law if a landlord or agent chooses not to have a tenant who smokes, or has a poor tenancy history or issues with rent payments.

Communicating with your landlord or agent

Your landlord must provide you with their name and a way for you to contact them directly, even if your landlord has an agent.

This information must be given to you in writing before or when you sign the tenancy agreement, or it can be included in the agreement you sign. Your landlord must also let you know, in writing, within 14 days of any changes to their details.

Some formal communication between you and the landlord or agent must be in writing to be valid, for example, termination notices. You can use email to serve notices or other documents but only if the landlord or agent has given you permission to use their nominated email address for this purpose.

During the tenancy

Can rent be increased during the tenancy?

For a fixed-term of less than 2 years, rent can only be increased during the fixed-term if the agreement sets out the increased amount or how the increase will be calculated. No written notice of the increase is required.

For a fixed-term of 2 years or more, or for a periodic agreement (i.e. where the fixed-term has expired or no fixed-term is specified), the rent can only be increased once in a 12-month period. You must get at least 60 days written notice.

Paying for electricity, gas and water usage

You may have to pay the cost for certain utilities as set out in the agreement. For example, you will pay for all:

- electricity, non-bottled gas or oil supply charges if the property is separately metered. Some exceptions apply for electricity or gas
- charges for the supply of bottled gas during the tenancy.

There are limits on when you need to pay for water usage charges. You can only be asked to pay for water usage if the property is separately metered (or water is delivered by vehicle) and meets the following water efficiency measures:

- all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- all internal cold-water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- any leaking taps or toilets on the property are fixed at the start of the agreement and whenever other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded
- from 23 March 2025, toilets are dual flush and have a minimum 3-star WELS rating.

Repairs and maintenance

The property must always be fit for you to live in. The landlord is responsible for any repairs or maintenance, so the property is in a reasonable state of repair. They must also ensure the property meets health and safety laws.

You are responsible for looking after the property and keeping it clean and undamaged. If the property includes a yard, lawns and gardens, you must also keep these areas neat and tidy.

You need to tell your landlord or the agent of any necessary repairs or damage as soon as possible. They are responsible for arranging and paying for the repair costs unless you caused or allowed the damage. You are not responsible for any damage caused by a perpetrator of domestic violence during a domestic violence offence.

If the repair is an **urgent repair** e.g. where there is a burst water service, a blocked or broken toilet, a gas leak or dangerous electrical fault, your landlord or agent should organise these repairs as soon as reasonably possible, after being notified. If they do not respond to an urgent repair, you may be able to organise the work yourself and be reimbursed

a maximum amount of \$1,000 within 14 days from requesting payment in writing. A list of **urgent repairs** is available on the [Fair Trading website](#).

You can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if your landlord refuses or does not provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair. Similarly, your landlord can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if you refuse or do not repair damage you have caused or allowed. You can also apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) if your landlord does not carry out repairs.

Smoke alarms must be working

Landlords must ensure that smoke alarms are installed on all levels of the property. Your landlord must maintain the smoke alarms in your property to ensure they are working.

You should notify your landlord or agent if a smoke alarm is not working. They are responsible for repairing (including replacing a battery) or replacing a smoke alarm within 2 business days after they become aware that it is not working.

You can choose to replace a removable battery if it needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if and when you do this. You are not responsible for maintaining, repairing or replacing a smoke alarm. However, there are some circumstances where you can arrange for a smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced.

Privacy and access

You have the right to reasonable peace, comfort and privacy when renting. Tenancy laws restrict when and how often your landlord, agent or other authorised person can enter the property during the tenancy. Your landlord, agent or authorised person can enter the property without your consent in certain circumstances if proper notice (if applicable) is provided.

For example:

- in an **emergency**, no notice is necessary
- if the **Tribunal orders** that access is allowed
- to carry out, or assess the need for, **necessary repairs or maintenance** of the property, if you have been given at least 2 days' notice
- to carry out **urgent repairs**, no notice is necessary
- to carry out **repairs or replacement of a smoke alarm**, if you have been given at least 1 hours' notice
- to **inspect or assess the need for repair or replacement of a smoke alarm**, if you have been given at least 2 business days' notice
- to carry out a **general inspection** of the property if you have been given at least 7 days' written notice (no more than 4 inspections during a 12-month period).

How to make 'minor' changes to the property

You can only make minor changes to the property with your landlord's written consent, or if the agreement allows it. Your landlord can only refuse your request if it is reasonable to do so e.g. if the work involves structural changes or is inconsistent with the nature of the property.

There are certain types of 'minor' changes where it would be unreasonable for your landlord to refuse consent. For example:

- secure furniture to a non-tiled wall for safety reasons
- fit a childproof latch to an outdoor gate in a single dwelling
- insert fly screens on windows
- install or replace internal window covering (e.g. curtains)
- install cleats or cord guides to secure blind or curtain cords
- install child safety gates inside the property
- install window safety devices for child safety (non-strata only)
- install hand-held shower heads or lever-style taps to assist elderly or disabled occupants
- install or replace hooks, nails or screws for hanging pictures etc.
- install a phone line or internet connection
- plant vegetables, flowers, herbs or shrubs in the garden
- install wireless removable outdoor security camera
- apply shatter-resistant film to window or glass doors
- make changes that don't penetrate a surface, or permanently modify a surface, fixture or structure of the property.

Some exceptions apply. The landlord can also require that certain minor changes be carried out by a qualified person.

You will be responsible for paying for the changes and for any damage you cause to the property. Certain rules apply for removing any modifications at the end of the tenancy.

Your rights in circumstances of domestic violence

Every person has the right to feel safe and live free from domestic violence. If you or your dependent child are experiencing domestic violence in a rental property, there are options available to you to improve your safety.

If you or your dependent child need to escape violence, you can end your tenancy immediately,

without penalty. To do this you must give your landlord a termination notice with the relevant evidence and give a termination notice to any co-tenants.

Or, if you wish to stay in your home, you can apply to the Tribunal for an order to end the tenancy of the perpetrator (if they are another co-tenant).

A tenant or any innocent co-tenant is not liable for property damage caused by the perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

Ending the tenancy

Termination notice must be given

A tenancy agreement is a legally binding agreement that can only be ended in certain ways. A tenancy will usually be ended by you or your landlord giving notice to the other party and you vacating on or after the date specified in the notice.

To end a tenancy, you need to give the landlord or agent a written termination notice with the applicable notice period. In some cases, you can apply directly to the Tribunal for a termination order without issuing a termination notice (for example if you are experiencing hardship).

If you do not leave by the date specified in the termination notice, the landlord or agent can apply to the Tribunal for termination and possession orders. If you do not comply with the Tribunal order, only a Sheriff's Officer can legally remove you from the property under a warrant for possession.

You cannot be locked out of your home under any circumstances unless a Sheriff's Officer is enforcing a warrant for possession issued by the Tribunal or a court.

Break fee for ending a fixed term agreement early

If you end a fixed term agreement early that is for 3 years or less, mandatory break fees may apply based on the stage of the agreement. If it applies, the set fee payable will be:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The break fee does not apply if you end the agreement early for a reason allowed under the Act.

Getting the rental bond returned

You should receive the bond in full at the end of the tenancy unless there is a reason for the landlord to make a claim against the bond. For example if:

- rent or other charges (e.g. unpaid water usage bills, break fee) are owing
- copies of the keys were not given back and the locks needed to be changed
- you caused damage or did not leave the property in a reasonably clean condition compared to the original condition report, apart from 'fair wear and tear'.

You are not liable for fair wear and tear to the property that occurs over time with the use of the property, even when the property receives reasonable care and maintenance.

Checklist

You should only sign the agreement when you can answer **Yes** to the following.

The tenancy agreement

- ☒ I have read the agreement and asked questions if there were things I did not understand.
- ☒ I understand the fixed-term of the agreement is negotiated before I sign, which means it can be for 6 months, 12 months, or some other period.
- ☒ I understand that I must be offered at least one way to pay the rent that does not involve paying a fee to a third party.
- ☒ I understand that any additional terms to the agreement can be negotiated before I sign.
- ☒ I have checked that all additional terms to the agreement are allowed. For example, the agreement does not include a term requiring me to have the carpet professionally cleaned when I leave, unless it is required because the landlord has allowed me to keep a pet on the property.

Promised repairs

For any promises the landlord or agent makes to fix anything (e.g. replace the oven, etc.) or do other work (e.g. paint a room, clean up the backyard, etc.):

- ☒ I have made sure these have already been done or
- ☒ I have an undertaking in writing (before signing the agreement) that they will be done.

Upfront costs

- ☒ I am **not** required to pay:
 - more than 2 weeks rent in advance
 - more than 4 weeks rent as a rental bond.
- ☒ I am **not** being charged for:
 - the cost of preparing the tenancy agreement
 - the initial supply of keys and other opening devices to each tenant named in the agreement
 - being allowed to keep a pet on the property.

Top tips for problem-free renting

Some useful tips to help avoid problems when renting:

- Keep a copy of your agreement, condition report, rent receipts, Rental Bond Number and copies of letters/emails you send or receive in a safe place where you can easily find them later.
- Photos are a great way to record the condition of the property when you first move in. Take date-stamped photos of the property, especially areas that are damaged or unclean. Keep these photos in case the landlord objects to returning your bond at the end of your tenancy.
- Comply with the terms of your agreement and never stop paying your rent, even if you don't think the landlord is complying with their side of the agreement (e.g. by failing to do repairs). You could end up being evicted if you do.
- Never make any changes to the property, or let other people move in without asking the landlord or agent for permission first.
- Keep a written record of your dealings with the landlord or agent (for example by keeping copies of emails or a diary record of your conversations, including the times and dates, who you spoke to and what they agreed to do). It is helpful to have any agreements in writing, for example requests for repairs. This is a useful record and can also assist if there is a dispute.

- Consider taking out home contents insurance to cover your belongings in case of theft, fires and natural disasters. The landlord's building insurance, if they have it, will not cover your belongings.
- If the property has a pool or garden, be clear about what the landlord or agent expects you to do to maintain them.
- Be careful with what you sign relating to your tenancy and do not let anybody rush you. Never sign a blank form, such as a 'Claim for refund of bond' form.
- If you are happy in the property and your agreement is going to end, consider asking for the agreement to be renewed for another fixed-term. This will remove any worry about being unexpectedly asked to leave and can help to lock in the rent for the next period.

More information

Visit the [Fair Trading website](https://fairtrading.nsw.gov.au) or call 13 32 20 for more information about your renting rights and responsibilities. The NSW Government funds a range of community-based Tenants Advice and Advocacy Services across NSW to provide advice, information and advocacy to tenants. Visit the Tenants' Union website at tenants.org.au

fairtrading.nsw.gov.au

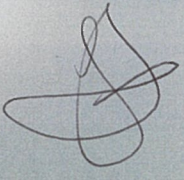
13 32 20

Language assistance 13 14 50

(ask for an interpreter in your language)

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