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# Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

vendor's agent	Drake Real Estate Shop 2/18-20 Waterl NSW 2101	oo Street, Narrabeen,	NSW Phone: Fax: Ref:	DAN: 9913 2101 9970 7550 John Drake	
co-agent					
vendor	lan Henry Kirk 37 Kywong Road, El	anora Heights, NSW 2101	l		
vendor's solicitor	John Allanson & Ass Suite 2, 1741-1745 P VALE NSW 2103 DX 9003 Mona Vale	sociates ittwater Road, MONA		02 9979 7111 info@allanse 02 9979 8146 JA:AB:21783	on.com.au
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the co 190 Powderworks Ro Registered Plan: Lot Folio Identifier B/388	oad, Elanora Heights, Nev t B Plan DP 388659	w South	Wales 2101	(clause 15)
improvements attached copies	□ VACANT POSSES     □ HOUSE    □ gara     □ none    □ othe     □ documents in the l     □ other documents:	ge 🗌 carport 🔲 home	unit [	] carspace	storage space
A real estate agent is p	permitted by <i>legislatic</i>	on to fill up the items in th	nis box i	n a sale of r	esidential property.
inclusions	<ul><li>☑ blinds</li><li>☐ built-in wardrobes</li><li>☐ clothes line</li><li>☑ curtains</li></ul>	$\boxtimes$ fixed floor coverings	⊠ light fi ⊠ range ⊠ solar p	hood _	stove pool equipment TV antenna
exclusions					
purchaser					
purchaser's solicitor					
price deposit balance	\$ \$ \$	(	10% of t	he price, unl	ess otherwise stated)
contract date		(if no	ot stated,	the date this	s contract was made)
buyer's agent					
vendor 		GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$			witness
purchaser	TENANTS 🔲 tenants	in common 🔲 in unequa	l shares		witness

Cŀ		

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)	□NO	☐ yes	
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 30):	PEXA		
Electronic transaction (clause 30)	the propo	☑ YES  ndor must provide further details,  psed applicable waiver, in the spa  within 14 days of the contract data	ce below,
Tax information (the parties promise this is	correct as	far as each party is aware)	
Land tax is adjustable	□ NO	yes	, avtant
GST: Taxable supply  Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	□ NO □ NO	☐ yes in full ☐ yes to ar ☐ yes	rextent
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the fol	lowing may	apply) the sale is:	
☑ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise t			
<ul><li>☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be</li><li>☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going cond</li></ul>			
☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or fa ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential pre	arm land sup	plied for farming under Subdivision	on 38-O
Purchaser must make a GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment)	⊠ NO	yes (if yes, vendor must pro	ovide
If the contr	act date, the	tails below are not fully complete vendor must provide all these devithin 14 days of the contract date	letails in a
GSTRW payment (GST residential withhor Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, somet entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a part in a GST joint venture.	imes further	information will be required as to	which icipant
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:			
If more than one supplier, provide the above details	for each su	ipplier.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRW ra	ate (resident	ial withholding rate):	
Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time	e (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in mone	ey? □ NO	☐ yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-moneta	ary consider	ation: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO	forms):		

#### **List of Documents**

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
<ul> <li>☑ 1 property certificate for the land</li> <li>☑ 2 plan of the land</li> <li>☑ 3 unregistered plan of the land</li> <li>☑ 4 plan of land to be subdivided</li> <li>☑ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan</li> <li>☑ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</li> <li>☑ 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)</li> <li>☑ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)</li> <li>☑ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)</li> <li>☑ 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract</li> <li>☐ 11 planning agreement</li> <li>☐ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)</li> <li>☐ 13 survey report</li> <li>☐ 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation</li> <li>☐ 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)</li> <li>☐ 16 other document relevant to tenancies</li> <li>☐ 17 licence benefiting the land</li> <li>☐ 18 old system document</li> <li>☐ 19 Crown purchase statement of account</li> <li>☐ 20 building management statement</li> <li>☑ 10 form of requisitions</li> <li>☐ 22 clearance certificate</li> </ul>	32 property certificate for strata common property 33 plan creating strata common property 34 strata by-laws 35 strata development contract or statement 36 strata management statement 37 strata renewal proposal 38 strata renewal plan 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property 41 plan creating neighbourhood property 42 neighbourhood development contract 43 neighbourhood management statement 44 property certificate for precinct property 45 plan creating precinct property 46 precinct development contract 47 precinct management statement 48 property certificate for community property 50 community development contract 51 community development statement 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract
23 land tax certificate	Other ☐ 59
Home Building Act 1989	
<ul> <li>□ 24 insurance certificate</li> <li>□ 25 brochure or warning</li> <li>□ 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover</li> </ul>	
Swimming Pools Act 1992	
☐ 27 certificate of compliance ☐ 28 evidence of registration ☐ 29 relevant occupation certificate ☐ 30 certificate of non-compliance ☐ 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	
HOLDED OF STRATA OF COMMUNITY TITLE DECORDS	Name address amail address and talenhans

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

#### WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

## WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

## COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
  - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
  - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
  - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
  - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
  - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
  - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

#### **DISPUTES**

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

#### **AUCTIONS**

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

#### WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

**APA Group** 

**Australian Taxation Office** 

Council

**County Council** 

Department of Planning, Industry and

**Environment** 

Department of Primary Industries

Electricity and gas

Land & Housing Corporation

**Local Land Services** 

NSW Department of Education

NSW Fair Trading

Owner of adjoining land

Privacy

Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW

Telecommunications Transport for NSW

Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential

- Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

#### 1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

deposit-bond a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property*; an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but rescind rescind this contract from the beginning;

serve serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

ssued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheque;

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice served by the party:

Taxation Administration Act 1953;

terminate this contract for breach;

a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*;

in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

#### 2 Deposit and other payments before completion

planning agreement

TA Act

terminate

variation

work order

within

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder.

2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.

2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.

2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder.

2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until termination by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each party tells the depositholder that the deposit is to be invested, the depositholder is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with a bank, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the parties equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

#### 3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential:
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
  - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
  - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
  - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond -
  - 3.9.1 on completion; or
  - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor
  - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
  - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -
  - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
  - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

#### 4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
  - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
  - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

#### 5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
  - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
  - 5.2.2 If it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service; and
  - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

#### 6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 Normally, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion —

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
  - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
  - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
  - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed.
  - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
  - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
  - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
  - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
  - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
  - 7.2.6 if the parties do not appoint an arbitrator and neither party requests the President to appoint an arbitrator within 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

#### 8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
  - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
  - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
  - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
  - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
  - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
  - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

#### 9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
  - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
  - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either
  - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
    - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
    - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
  - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

#### 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
  - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
  - a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
  - a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
  - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
  - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
  - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum:
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

#### 11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.

  If the purchaser complies with a work order, and this contract is rescinded or terminated, the vendor must pay
- 11.2 the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

#### 12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for
  - any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or 12.2.1
  - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the property given under legislation, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

#### 13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the 13.1 GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a party must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
  - the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but 13.3.1
  - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or 13.3.2 payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
  - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the GST rate.
- If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -13.4
  - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
  - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on 13.4.2 the land in a proper and business-like way;
  - 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the parties must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the GST rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the depositholder and dealt with as follows.
    - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
    - if the purchaser does not serve that letter within 3 months of completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
  - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the 13.4.4 vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property. 13.5
- If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the parties agree that the 13.6 margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the property.
- If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -13.7
  - 13.7.1\square the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the property (or any part of the property) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
    - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the GST rate if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
      - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
    - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if -

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the property (or any part of the property).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
  - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
  - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
  - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a GSTRW payment notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
  - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
  - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
  - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

#### 14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
  - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable:
  - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
    - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
    - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
    - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
  - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
  - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

#### 15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

## 16 Completion

#### Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque 16.7.1 the price less any:
  - deposit paid;
  - FRCGW remittance payable;
  - GSTRW payment; and
  - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and

16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.

- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

#### Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is
  - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
  - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
  - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

#### 17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
  - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
  - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

#### 18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
  - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property:
  - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or
  - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
  - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
  - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
  - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
  - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

#### 19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
  - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
  - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
  - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded:
  - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
  - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
  - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
  - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
  - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
  - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
  - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
  - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
  - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
  - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay
  - if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

#### 21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- nappen.
  21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

#### 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

#### 23 Strata or community title

#### Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
  - 23.2.1 ( 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
    - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
    - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
    - a change in the boundaries of common property;

'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme; 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;

'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;

23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating 23.2.6 expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme:
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
  - normal expenses;
  - due to fair wear and tear;
  - disclosed in this contract; or
  - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by 23.3
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

#### Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
  - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
  - a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and 23.5.2
  - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -
  - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments: and
  - the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date. 23.6.2
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -23.8
  - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
  - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6: or
  - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
  - the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of 23.9.1 the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
  - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit 23.9.2 entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
  - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract, or
  - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to 23.9.4 give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan

    • Notices, certificates and inspections

- The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must serve an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

#### Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
  - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
    - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

- 24 **Tenancies**
- If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -24.1
  - for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
  - the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further 24.1.2 assignment at the vendor's expense.
- If a tenant has paid in advance of the adjustment date any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be 24.2 adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -24.3
  - the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy 24.3.1 inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
  - 24.3.2 the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
  - normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -24.3.3
    - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
    - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
    - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement: or
    - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion
  - the vendor must allow or transfer -24.4.1
    - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
    - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
    - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
  - if the security is not transferable, each party must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement 24.4.2 security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
  - the vendor must give to the purchaser \rightarrow 24.4.3
    - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
    - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
    - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
    - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
    - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
  - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
  - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- Qualified title, limited title and old system title 25
- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -25.1
  - is under qualified, limited or old system title; or 25.1.1
  - on completion is to be under one of those titles. 25.1.2
- The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date. 25.2
- If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to 25.3 the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is served on the contract date.
- An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or 25.4 codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
  - shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and 25.4.1
  - has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it. 25.4.2
- An abstract of title -25.5
  - must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 25.5.1 30 years old at the contract date);
  - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
  - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
  - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- In the case of land under old system title -25.6
  - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
  - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to serve the form of transfer until after the vendor has served a proper abstract of title; and
  - each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

#### 26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

#### 27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
  - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can rescind; or
  - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
  - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
  - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

#### 28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
  - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
  - the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

#### 29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
  - if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
  - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
  - either party serving notice of the event happening;
  - · every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
  - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
  - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
  - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either party can rescind:
  - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

#### 30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if
  - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an electronic transaction;
  - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
  - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
  - 30.2.1 if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
  - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
  - 30.3.1 each party must -
    - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
    - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
  - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
  - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
  - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -
    - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
    - using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree;
  - 30.4.4 a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
  - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made -
    - after the effective date; and
    - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -
  - 30.5.1 create an Electronic Workspace;
  - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
  - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must 30.6.1 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
  - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
  - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time;
  - invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
  - 30.7.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
  - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
  - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
  - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the Electronic Workspace -
  - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
  - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
  - invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace. 30.8.3
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -
  - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion;
  - the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for 30.9.2 completion; and
  - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
  - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
  - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
  - 30,10,3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -30.11
  - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single settlement cheque:
  - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
  - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
  - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of 30.13.1 mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
  - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property. 30.13.2
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 30.15 cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and 30.15.1
  - must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by: the party entitled to them
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adiustment figures

certificate of title

details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate:

completion time

the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be settled:

conveyancing rules discharging mortgagee the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to be transferred to the purchaser;

effective date

the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date:

electronic document

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules:

a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the electronically tradeable

conveyancing rules;

any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the incoming mortgagee

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; participation rules

to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and populate

the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace title data

by the Land Registry.

#### Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding 31

31.1 This clause applies only if -

mortgagee details

- the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, 31.1.1
- a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract. 31.1.2

31.2 The purchaser must -

- at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser 31.2.1 payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
- produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy 31.2.2 Commissioner of Taxation:
- forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 31.2.3
- serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance. 31.2.4
- The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2. 31.3
- If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier 31.4 than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, 31.5 clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the 32.1 Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division. 32.2
- If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the 32.3 Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017
  - the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a 32.3.1 claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
  - the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract. 32.3.2
- This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division 32.4 under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

ANNEXURE TO CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

**VENDOR:** 

Ian Henry Kirk

**PURCHASER:** 

**PROPERTY:** 

190 Powderworks Road, Elanora Heights

32. REPRESENTATIONS

The purchaser acknowledges that the provisions of this contract constitute the full and complete understanding between the parties and that there is no other understanding, agreement, warranty or representation whether express or implied

in any way extending, defining or otherwise relating to the provisions of this

contract or binding on the parties hereto with respect to any of the matters to which

this contract relates.

33. STATE OF REPAIR

The purchaser relies upon the purchaser's own enquiry regarding the present state

of repair of the property or improvements (if any) to the property. No objection,

requisition or claim for compensation may be made regarding the state of repair

or condition (including patent or latent defects) of the property or improvements.

34. WARRANTY BY PURCHASER AS TO AGENT

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the property by a real

estate agent other than the agent shown as the "Vendor's Agent" on the front page

of this contract and agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor against

any claim for commission arising out of a breach of this warranty. This clause

shall not merge on completion.

35. DEATH OR INCAPACITY

Should either party (and if a party comprises more than one then any of them)

prior to completion die or become mentally ill then the other party may by notice

served in accordance with this contract rescind this contract and the provisions of

clause 19 shall apply.

#### 36. NOTICE TO COMPLETE

Should any event arise entitling either party to serve a notice to complete upon the other then the parties agree that a period of fourteen (14) days from the service of such a notice making time of the essence shall be a proper and reasonable time. Furthermore, the purchaser agrees to pay an adjustment on settlement in the sum of \$220 representing agreed expenses incurred by the vendor for the drafting, engrossing and serving of a notice to complete on the purchaser.

## 37. REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

The purchaser agrees that the only form of general requisitions on title the purchaser may make pursuant to clause 5 shall be in the form of the requisitions on title, a copy of which are attached to this contract.

#### 38. INTEREST FOR LATE COMPLETION

Where:

- (a) the vendor is ready, willing and able to execute the assurance of the property and complete this contract; and
- (b) the purchaser does not complete this contract on the completion date appointed on the front page of this contract;

the purchaser shall pay to the vendor interest upon completion (calculated on daily rests) on the balance of the purchase price payable on completion at the Post Judgment Interest rate prescribed by the Uniform Civil Procedure Rules 2005 applicable at the completion date and calculated from the completion date appointed on the front page of this contract to the actual date of completion.

#### 39. INVESTMENT OF DEPOSIT

Clause 2.9 is amended as follows:

- (a) There will be inserted after the word "deposit" in the first line the words "or any other moneys".
- (b) There will be added to the end of Clause 2.9 the words:

"Provided that the deposit holder shall only be required to invest the deposit if the parties supply to the deposit holder their tax file numbers".

#### 40. CLAIMS BY PURCHASER

Clause 7 is amended by the substitution of "5%" with "1%".

#### 41. MUTUAL RIGHT OF RESCISSION

Should the purchaser become entitled to rescind this agreement for breach of a warranty in the Conveyancing Act 1919 and the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulations 2010, the vendor shall also be entitled to rescind this agreement.

#### 42. BUILDING CERTIFICATE

Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 12, the purchaser agrees not to apply for a Building Certificate prior to completion and the vendor is not obliged to do any of the things required of the vendor under clause 12 insofar as they apply to an application for a Building Certificate nor to expend any money or do, or cause to be done, any work on the property to facilitate the issue of a Building Certificate.

#### 43. ORDER ON AGENT

Clause 16.9 is deemed deleted and replaced with:

'16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, the purchaser must, at least three days prior to the date for completion, give to the vendor's solicitor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the deposit holder to account to the vendor for the deposit. The vendor's solicitor shall hold the order in escrow pending completion. Clause 30.15 does not apply to the order referred to in this clause.'

#### 44. GUARANTEE FOR CORPORATE PURCHASER

In consideration of the vendor contracting with a corporate purchaser, the guarantors (as is evidenced by the guarantors' execution hereof) guarantee the performance by the purchaser of all of the purchaser's obligations under the contract and indemnify the vendor against any cost or loss whatsoever arising as a result of the default by the purchaser in performing its obligations under this contract for whatever reason. The vendor may seek to recover any loss from the guarantors before seeking recovery from the purchaser and any settlement or compromise with the purchaser will not release the guarantors from the obligation to pay any balance that may be owing to the vendor. This guarantee is binding on

the guarantors, their executors, administrators and assigns and the benefit of the guarantee is available to any assignee of the benefit of this contract by the vendor. The provisions of this clause shall not merge on completion.

Signed by the guarantor (name)in my presence	
Witness (signature)	
Witness (full name)	
Signed by the guarantor (name)in my presence	
Witness (signature)	
Witness (full name)	

# Special conditions

## Conditions of sale by auction

If the property is or is intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders' record means the bidders' record to be kept pursuant to clause 18 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Regulation 2003 and section 68 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002.

- 1. The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of land or livestock:
  - (a) The principal's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences;
  - (b) A bid for the vendor cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the vendor;
  - (c) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price;
  - (d) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final;
  - (e) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the vendor;
  - (f) a bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person;
  - (g) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer; and
  - (h) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer, the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.
- 2. The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause 1, are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
  - (a) All bidders must be registered in the bidders' record and display an identifying number when making a bid;
  - (b) Subject to subclause 2A, the auctioneer may make only one vendor bid at an auction for the sale of residential property or rural land and no other vendor bid may be made by the auctioneer or any other person; and
  - (c) Immediately before making a vendor bid, the auctioneer must announce that the bid is made on behalf of the vendor or announces "vendor bid".

- 2A. The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclauses 1 and 2, are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of co-owned residential property or rural land or the sale of such land by a vendor as executor or administrator:
  - (a) More than one vendor bid may be made to purchase interest of co-owner;
  - (b) A bid by or on behalf of an executor or administrator may be made to purchase in that capacity;
  - (c) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce that bids to purchase the interest of another co-owner or to purchase as executor or administrator may be made by or on behalf of the vendor; and
  - (d) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce the bidder registration number of any co-owner, executor or administrator or any person registered to bid on behalf of any co-owner, executor or administrator.
- 3. The following condition, in addition to those prescribed by subclause 1, is prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of livestock. The purchaser of livestock must pay the stock and station agent who conducted the auction, or under whose immediate and direct supervision the auction was conducted, or the vendor the full amount of the purchase price:
  - (a) If that amount can reasonably be determined immediately after fall of hammer
     before the close of the next business day following the auction; or
  - (b) If that amount cannot reasonably be determined immediately after the fall of the hammer before the close of the next business day following determination of that amount,

unless some other time for payment is specified in a written agreement between the purchaser and the agent or the purchaser and the vendor made before the fall of the hammer.



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: B/388659

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE ------\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 0.00

24/6/2021 2:55 PM 23/11/2002

LAND

LOT B IN DEPOSITED PLAN 388659 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES PARISH OF NARRABEEN COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM DP388659

FIRST SCHEDULE

------IAN HENRY KIRK

(T 2288138)

#### SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)

2 F290283 COVENANT

9153852 MORTGAGE TO RHG MORTGAGE CORPORATION LIMITED

#### **NOTATIONS** -------

NOTE: THE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE FOR THIS FOLIO OF THE REGISTER DOES NOT INCLUDE SECURITY FEATURES INCLUDED ON COMPUTERISED CERTIFICATES OF TITLE ISSUED FROM 4TH JANUARY, 2004. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT STRINGENT PROCESSES ARE ADOPTED IN VERIFYING THE IDENTITY OF THE PERSON(S) CLAIMING A RIGHT TO DEAL WITH THE LAND COMPRISED IN THIS FOLIO.

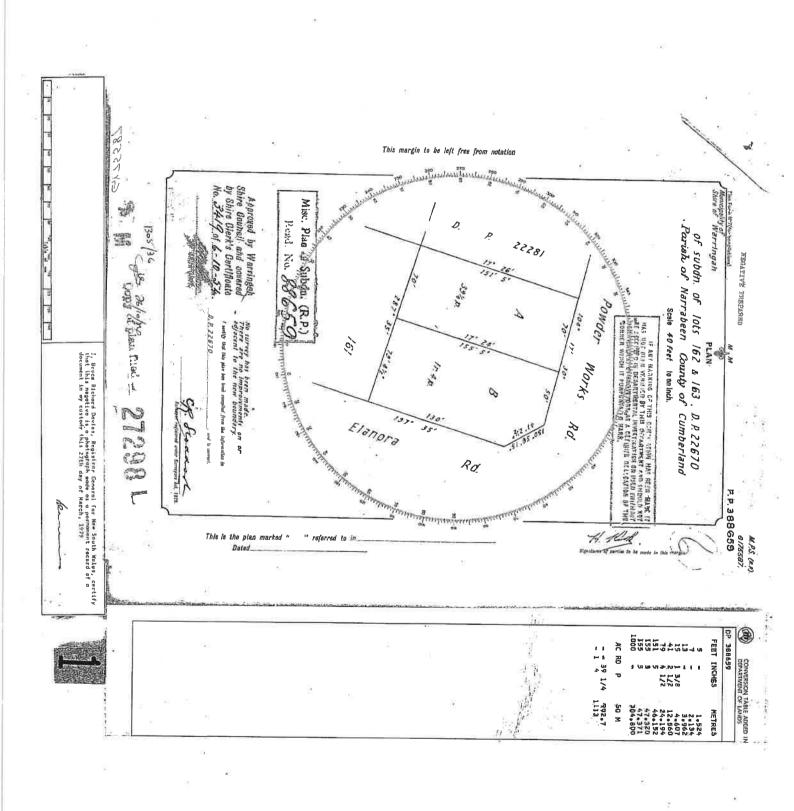
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

\*\*\* END OF SEARCH \*\*\*

217835

PRINTED ON 24/6/2021

<sup>\*</sup> Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. Information approved MSW Information Broken recovered the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 958(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



t N.B.—Section 117 requires that the above Certificate be signed by Transferee or his Solicitor, and tenders any person falsely or negligently certifying liable to a penalty of £50; also to damages recoverable by parties injured. Unless the instrument contains some special coverant by the transfered, the solicitor may sign in cases where it is established that the transferee's signature cannot be obtained without difficulty. The Solicitor must sign are own name and not that of his firm.

No alterations should be made by crosses. The words rejected should be scored through with the pen, and those substitutes written over them, the alteration being verified by signature or initials in the margin, or noticed in the attestation.

Kiths Gigit 1217 A 187-W

Reg:R074264 /Doc:DL F290283 /Rev:08-Apr-1997 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:24-Jun-2021 14:56 /seq:3 of 3 This is the annexure marked "A" referred to in Memorandum of Transfer from Frederick Harold Stewart & Others to John William Ormsby dated the day of November 1949. THE Transferree for himself his heirs executors administrators and assigns registered proprietors or proprietor for the time being of the land hereby transferred or any part thereof <u>DOTH HEREBY COVENANT</u> with the Transferrors their executors administrators and assigns as follows: (a) THAT he will not use the said lot or any part thereof otherwise than for residential purposes and that no buildings erected thereon shall be used otherwise than as a private dwelling house and/cr outhouses appurtenant thereto PROVIDED ALWAYS that this covenant shall not be deemed to permit the erection of flats on the said lot or any part thereof. (b) THAT only one main building shall be erected on the said lot and no semi-detached building shall be erected thereon and all buildings shall be of brick and/or stone and/or concrete and/or other material approved by the Transferrors and shall be roofed with slates, tiles or other material approved by the Transferrors and in the case of the main building shall cost and be of the value of not less than Two thousand pounds (£2000) PROVIDED ALWAYS that any outbuilding may be built of Fibro Cement or other similar paterial but shall in such case be painted immediately after erection with good oil colour in a workmanlike manner. (c) THAT he or they shall not at any time hereafter excavate, carry away or remove or permit to be excavated, carried away or removed any earth, clay, stone, gravel, soil or sand from the said land except for the purpose of excavating for the foundations of any buildings to be erected thereon or use or permit or allow the said land to be used for the manufacture or winning of bricks tiles or pottery ware. no fence shall be erected on the land hereby conveyed or transferred to divide it from the adjoining land without the consent of the Transferrors their executors administrators or assigns, but such consent shall not be withheld if such fence is erected without expense to the Transferrors their executors administrators or assigns and in favour of any person dealing with the Transferree or his assigns such consent shall be deemed to have been given in respect of every such fence for the time being erected. (e) That the land to which the benefit of covenants (a) (b) and (c) above is intended to be appurtenant is the residue of the land comprised in Deposited Plan No. 22670 and the land to which the benefit of covenant (d) is intended to be appurtenant is the said residue but only during the ownership thereof by the Transferrors their executors administrators and assigns other than purchasers on sale. The land subject to the burden of this covenant is the land hereby transferred. The person or persons entitled to release vary or modify these covenants are the Transferrors their executors administrators and assigns. Signed in my presence by the transferror) FREDERICA HAROLD STEWART who is person-) Neville Murray Stewart, Raymond Frederick Stewart, Doris Margaret Payne, Enid May Hewson, Ellen Edith Haigh and Elsie in my presence by the transferrors) other than Frederick Harold Stewart by their Attorney Frederick Harold Stewart Rainsford Stewart by their Attorney: Ceal Herand who is personally known to me: Signed in my presence by the transferee JOHN WILLIAM ORMSBY who is personally known to me: Mayngha



# Northern Beaches Council Planning Certificate - Part 2&5

Applicant:

John Allanson & Associates

PO Box 50

MONA VALE NSW 1660

Reference:

217835

Date:

24/06/2021

Certificate No.

ePLC2021/5000

Address of Property:

Description of Property:

190 Powderworks Road ELANORA HEIGHTS NSW 2101

Lot B DP 388659

# Planning Certificate - Part 2

The following certificate is issued under the provisions of Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979 (as amended – formerly Section 149). The information applicable to the land is accurate as at the above date.

# 1. Relevant planning instruments and Development Control Plans

# 1.1 The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

#### 1.1a) Local Environmental Plan

Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014

# 1.1b) State Environmental Planning Policies and Regional Environmental Plans

State Environmental Planning Policy 19 - Bushland in Urban Areas

State Environmental Planning Policy 21 - Caravan Parks

State Environmental Planning Policy 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development

State Environmental Planning Policy 50 - Canal Estate Development

State Environmental Planning Policy 55 - Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy 64 - Advertising and Signage

State Environmental Planning Policy 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)

State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005

State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2019

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 20-Hawkesbury-Nepean River (No 2-1997)

## 1.2 Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the Council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

## 1.2 a) Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Environment)

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Short-term Rental Accommodation) 2019
Amendment to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes)

Amendment to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes, 2008

Draft Remediation of Land State Environmental Planning Policy (intended to replace State Environmental Planning Policy 55)

## 1.2 b) Draft Local Environmental Plans

#### 1.3 Development Control Plans

The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Pittwater 21 Development Control Plan

# Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in Clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

## 2.1 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

## 2.1 (a), (b), (c) & (d)

The following information identifies the purposes for which development may be carried out with or without development consent and the purposes for which the carrying out of development is prohibited, for all zones (however described) affecting the land to which the relevant Local Environmental Plan applies.

#### Zone R2 Low Density Residential

#### 2 Permitted without consent

Home businesses; Home occupations

#### 3 Permitted with consent

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home-based child care; Home industries; Jetties; Places of public worship; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Veterinary hospitals; Water recreation structures

#### 4 Prohibited

Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

## Additional permitted uses

Additional permitted uses, if any, for which development is permissible with development consent pursuant to Clause 2.5 and Schedule 1 of the relevant Local Environmental Plan:

Nil

## (e) Minimum land dimensions

The *Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014* contains no development standard that fixes minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land.

## (f) Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat.

## (g) Conservation areas

The land is not in a heritage conservation area.

#### (h) Item of environmental heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage.

#### 2.2 Draft Local Environmental Plan - if any

For any proposed changes to zoning and land use, see Part 1.2 b)
Please contact Council's Strategic and Place Planning unit with enquiries on 1300 434 434.

# 2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

The State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 does not apply to the land.

# 3. Complying Development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may or may not be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

## a) Housing Code

Complying Development under the Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

**Note:** Further zone based limitations may apply. See State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 clause:

3.1 Land to which code applies

This code applies to development that is specified in clauses 3.2-3.5 on any lot in Zone R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5 that:

- (a) has an area of at least 200m2, and
- (b) has a width, measured at the building line fronting a primary road, of at least 6m.

## b) Rural Housing Code

Complying Development under the Rural Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

**Note:** Further zone based limitations may apply. See State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 clause:

3A.1 Land to which code applies

This code applies to development that is specified in clauses 3A.2-3A.5 on lots in Zone RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 and R5.

## c) Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying Development under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code may be carried out on all of the land.

## d) Greenfield Housing Code

Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code may not be carried out on all of the land.

#### e) Housing Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

### f) General Development Code

Complying Development under the General Development Code may be carried out on all of the land.

## g) Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

## h) Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code may be carried out on all of the land.

**Note:** Further zone based limitations may apply. See State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 clause:

5A.1 Land to which code applies

This code applies to development that is specified in clause 5A.2 on any lot in Zone B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4 or SP3.

## i) Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying Development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code may be carried out on all of the land.

**Note:** Further zone based limitations may apply. See State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 clause:

5B.2 Development to which code applies

This code applies to development that is specified in clause 5B.3 on any lot in Zone B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4 or SP3.

## j) Subdivisions Code

Complying Development under the Subdivisions Code may be carried out on all of the land.

#### k) Demolition Code

Complying Development under the Demolition Code may be carried out on all of the land.

## I) Fire Safety Code

Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code may be carried out on all of the land.

## m) Inland Code

Complying Development under the Inland Code does not apply to the land.

**Note**: Pursuant to clause 3D.1 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, the Inland Code only applies to 'inland local government areas'. Northern Beaches local government area is not defined as an 'inland local government area' by *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

# 4, 4A (Repealed)

# 4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

The owner of the land (or any previous owner) has not consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

# 5. Mine Subsidence

The land has not been proclaimed to be a mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) Compensation Act, 1961.* 

# 6. Road widening and road realignment

- (a) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*.
- (b) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under an environmental planning instrument.

(c) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under a resolution of Council.

# 7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restriction

(a) Council has adopted a number of policies with regard to various hazards or risks which may restrict development on this land. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Council policies which affect the property, if any, are listed below (other than flooding – see 7A):

Nil

(b) The following information applies to any policy as adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in a planning certificate issued by the Council. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Policy which affect the property, if any, are listed below:

Nil

## 7A. Flood related development control Information

- (1) Development on the land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is not subject to flood related development controls.
- (2) Development on the land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

# 8. Land reserved for acquisition

Environmental planning instrument referred to in Clause 1 does not make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

# 9. Contribution plans

The following applies to the land:

Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019

# 9A. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land certified under Part 7AA of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*).

# 10. Biodiversity Stewardship Sites

The Council has not been notified by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land to which a biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* relates).

## 10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

Council has not been notified by Local Land Services of the existence of a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013*.

## 11. Bush fire prone land

#### **Bush Fire Prone Land**

The land is not bush fire prone land.

## 12. Property vegetation plans

The Council has not been notified that the land is land to which a vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies.

# 13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Council has not been notified of the existence of an order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

## 14. Directions under Part 3A

There is not a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P(2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect.

# 15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

- (a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.
- (b) No condition of consent applies to the property that limits the kind of people who may occupy the premises/ development. This refers only to consents granted after 11 October 2007 with conditions made in accordance with clause 18(2) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004.

# 16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

There is not a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

# 17. Site compatibility certificate and conditions for affordable rental housing

(a) There is not a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

(b) There are not terms of a kind referred to in clause 17 (1) or 38 (1) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009* that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

## 18. Paper subdivision information

There is no current paper subdivision, of which council is aware, in respect of this land according to Part 16C of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

## 19. Site verification certificates

There is no current site verification certificate, of which council is aware, in respect of the land according to Part 4AA of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.

## 20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

The residential dwelling erected on this land has not been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

This clause applies to residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed in the register that is required to be maintained under that Division.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for more information.

# 21 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- 1) There is not an affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
- 2) There is not a building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- 3) There is not a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

In this clause:

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017. building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

# Additional matters under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

(a) the land to which the certificate relates is not significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act

- (b) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act
- (c) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act
- (d) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act
- (e) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement

If contamination is identified above please contact the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for further information.

# Planning Certificate - Part 5

ePLC2021/5000

The following is information provided in good faith under the provisions of Section 10.7(5) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (as amended – formerly Section 149) and lists relevant matters affecting the land of which Council is aware. The Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any such advice.

Persons relying on this certificate should read the environmental planning instruments referred to in this certificate.

# **Company Title Subdivision**

Clause 4.1 of the *Pittwater Local Environmental Plan 2014*, *Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011* or *Manly Local Environmental Plan 2013* provides that land may not be subdivided except with the consent of the Council. This includes subdivision by way of company title schemes. Persons considering purchasing property in the Northern Beaches local government area the subject of a company title scheme are advised to check that the land has been subdivided with the consent of the Council.

# **District Planning**

Under the Greater Sydney Regional Plan – A Metropolis of Three Cities 2018, the Greater Sydney Commission sets a planning framework for a metropolis of three cities across Greater Sydney which reach across five Districts. Northern Beaches is located within the 'Eastern Harbour City' area and is in the North District which forms a large part of the Eastern Harbour City. The North District Plan sets out planning priorities and actions for the growth of the North District, including Northern Beaches. Northern Beaches Council's Local Strategic Planning Statement gives effect to the District Plan based on local characteristics and opportunities and Council's own priorities in the community. The Local Strategic Planning Statement came into effect on 26 March 2020.

# Council Resolution To Amend Environmental Planning Instrument

The following instrument or resolution of Council proposes to vary the provisions of an environmental planning instrument, other than as referred to in the Planning Certificate – Part 2:

Nil

# **Additional Information Applying To The Land**

Additional information, if any, relating to the land the subject of this certificate:

Nil

# **General Information**

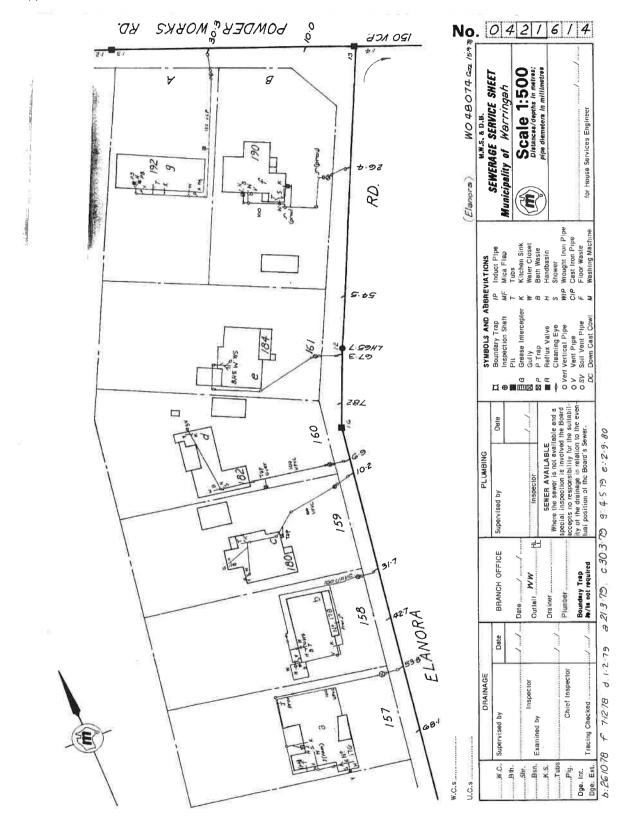
Tree Preservation and Management Order Tree preservation and Management order applies to the subject land

Ray Brownlee PSM **Chief Executive Officer** 



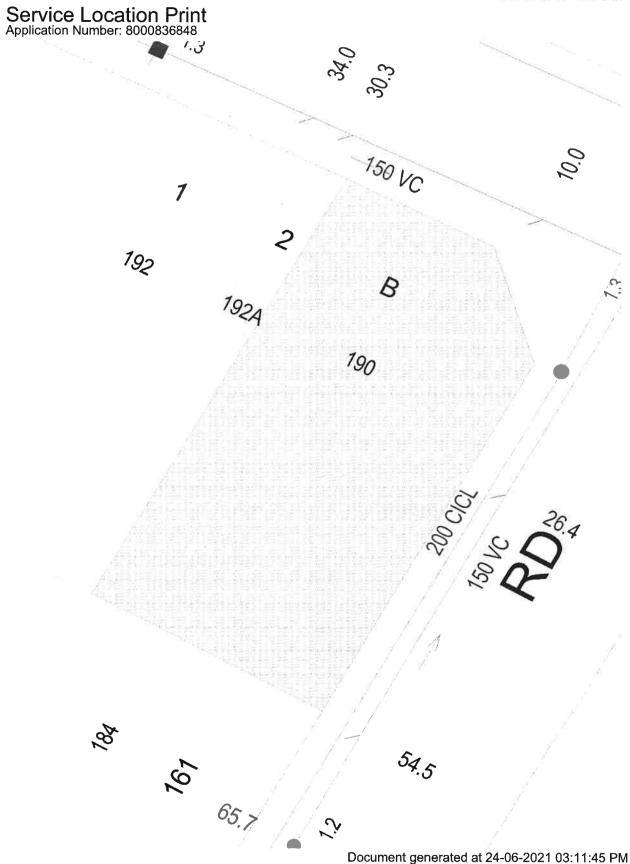
# Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8000836847



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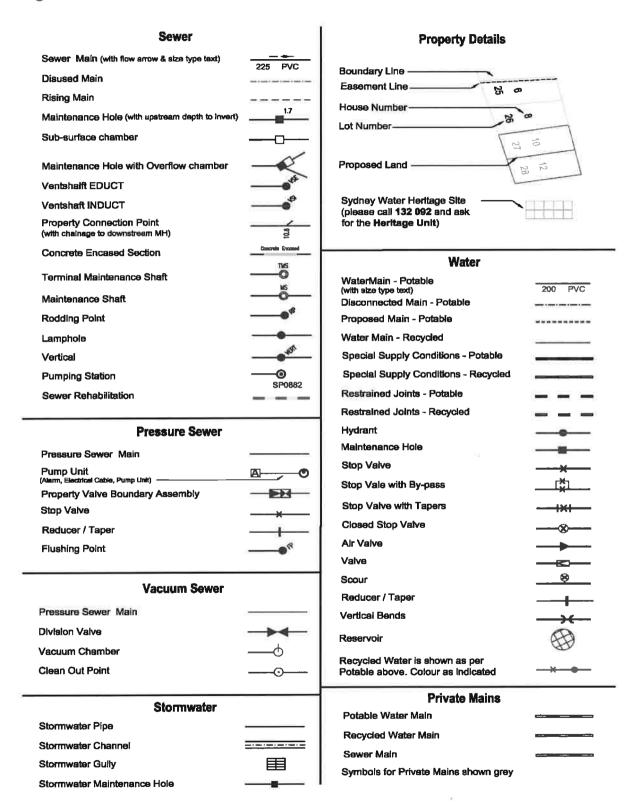






# **Asset Information**

## Legend





# Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
vc	Vitrified Clay	WI	Wrought Iron
ws	Woodstave		

## **Further Information**

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)

#### RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Purchaser: Property: Dated:

#### Possession and tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?

3.

- (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
- (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
- (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
- (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
- (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
- (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW))? If so, please provide details.
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):
  - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
  - (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

#### Title

- Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations.
- On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion.
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- 9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)*? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

#### Adjustments

- All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If
  - (a) to what year has a return been made?
  - (b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?
- 13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)) at least 14 days before completion.

#### Survey and building

- 14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- 15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.

16.

- (a) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act (NSW), the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with?
- (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
- (c) Has the vendor a Building Information Certificate of a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate (as referred to in the former s109C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act) or an Occupation Certificate as referred to in s6.4 of that Act for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
  - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
  - (ii) when was the building work completed?

- (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
- please provide details of insurance or any alternative indemnity product under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*.

17.

- (a) Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property?
- (b) Is there any planning agreement or other arrangement referred to in \$7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, (registered or unregistered) affecting the Property. If so please provide details and indicate if there are any proposals for amendment or revocation?

18. If a swimming pool is included in the sale:

- (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
- (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the Local Government Act 1919 (NSW) and Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)?
- (c) does it comply with the provisions of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
- (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) or regulations?
- (e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
- originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.

19.

(a) To whom do the boundary fences belong?

(b) Are there any party walls?

(c) If the answer to Requisition 19(b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.

(d) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?

(e) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW)* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)*?

#### Affectations/Benefits

20.

- (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use affecting or benefiting the Property other than those disclosed in the Contract? If a licence benefits the Property please provide a copy and indicate:
  - (i) whether there are any existing breaches by any party to it;

(ii) whether there are any matters in dispute; and

(iii) whether the licensor holds any deposit, bond or guarantee.

(b) In relation to such licence:

- (i) All licence fees and other moneys payable should be paid up to and beyond the date of completion;
- (ii) The vendor must comply with all requirements to allow the benefit to pass to the purchaser.

21. Is the vendor aware of:

- (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
- (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?

(c) any latent defects in the Property?

22. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the Property is affected by the following:

(a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?

- (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the Property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
- any work done or intended to be done on the Property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the Property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
- (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.

(e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the Property?

(f) the existence of any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass or polyethylene or other flammable or combustible material including cladding?

23.

- (a) Does the Property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services?
- (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land?

(c) Do any service connections for any other Property pass through the Property?

24. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the Property or to an easement over any part of the Property?

Capacity

25. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

26. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance certificate* under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.

27. The vendor should furnish completed details within the time specified in the contract, sufficient to enable the purchaser

to make any RW payment.

- 28. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 29. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 30. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 31. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 32. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.