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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2018 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW Duty:		
vendor's agent	Pulse Property Agents Level 3/12 Central Road, Miranda, NSW 2228	Phone: Fax: Ref:	9525 4666 9525 4699 Cameron Mattison	
		E: camero	on@pulseproperty.com.au	
co-agent				
vendor	Mohamed El-laali and Sarah Akkawy 10/2-4 Adelong Street, Sutherland, NSW 2232			
vendor's solicitor	topnotch CONVEYANCING	Phone: Fax: Ref:	9542 5050 9542 3550 AB:191953 @topnotchconveyancing.com.au	
	Top Notch Conveyancing Civic Arcade Suite 2, 768 Old Princes Highway, Sutherland NSW 2232 PO Box 28, Sutherland NSW 1499	L. aimaise	etopnotenconveyancing.com.au	
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	See Special Condition 45 10/2-4 Adelong Street, Sutherland, New South Wal Registered Plan: Lot 10 Plan SP 57381 Folio Identifier 10/SP57381	les 2232	(clause 15)	
	∨ACANT POSSESSION	_		
improvements	☐ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carport ☐ home unit ☐ none ☐ other:	☐ carspac	e storage space	
attached copies	\boxtimes documents in the List of Documents as marked or \square other documents:	as numbered	1: 1,6,8,9,10,21,32,33,34	
• •	permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this bo		of residential property.	
inclusions		nt fittings nge hood lar panels		
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor				
price deposit balance	\$ \$ \$	of the price, ι	unless otherwise stated)	
contract date	(if not sta	ted, the date	this contract was made)	
buyer's agent				
vendor	GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$		witness	
purchaser	TENANTS tenants in common in unequal shar	es	witness	

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VII.	vi	CCi

01101	1003		
Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)	□NO	yes	
Proposed electronic transaction (clause 30)	∐ no	⊠ YES	
Tax information (the parties promise this	s is correct as	far as each narty	is awaro)
Land tax is adjustable	⊠ NO	yes	is awaie)
GST: Taxable supply	⋈ NO	yes in full	ges to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	. ⊠ NO	yes	
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the not made in the course or furtherance of an enterpri			tion 9-5(h))
by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to			
GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going			
GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land			
input taxed because the sale is of eligible residentia	ıı premises (seci	ions 40-65, 40-75	(2) and 195-1)
Purchaser must make an RW payment	⊠ NO		vendor must provide
(residential withholding payment)	f the further de	further o	details) ot fully completed at the
			vide all these details in a
S	eparate notice v	vithin 14 days of th	e contract date.
RW payment (residential withho Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sor			required as to which
entity is liable for GST, for example, if the vendor is part			
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of <i>RW payment</i> : \$			
If more than one supplier, provide the above details	for each supplie	r.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the RW ra	te (residential wi	thholding rate):	\$
Amount must be paid: $\ \ \Box$ AT COMPLETION $\ \ \Box$ at another	time (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in m	noney? NO	☐ yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-mo	onetary conside	ration: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the A	TO forms):		

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
1 property certificate for the land 2 plan of the land 3 unregistered plan of the land 4 plan of land to be subdivided 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 7 section information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract 11 planning agreement 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) 13 survey report 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) 16 other document relevant to tenancies 17 licence benefiting the land 18 old system document 19 Crown purchase statement of account 20 building management statement 21 form of requisitions 22 clearance certificate 23 land tax certificate 24 insurance certificate 25 brochure or warning 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover Swimming Pools Act 1992 27 certificate of compliance 28 evidence of registration 29 relevant occupation certificate 30 certificate of non-compliance 31 detailed reasons for non-compliance 31 detailed reasons for non-compliance 31	□ 32 property certificate for strata common property □ 33 plan creating strata common property □ 34 strata by-laws □ 35 strata development contract or statement □ 36 strata management statement □ 37 strata renewal proposal □ 38 strata renewal plan □ 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property □ 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property □ 41 plan creating neighbourhood property □ 42 neighbourhood development contract □ 43 neighbourhood management statement □ 44 property certificate for precinct property □ 45 plan creating precinct property □ 46 precinct development contract □ 47 precinct management statement □ 48 property certificate for community property □ 50 community development contract □ 51 community management statement □ 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws □ 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement □ 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries □ 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 □ 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1986 □ 57 document relevant to off-the-plan sale Other Other

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Michael Roberts Strata Management

PO Box 696, HURSTVILLE BC NSW 1481 Phone: 8567 5900

info@mrstrata.com.au

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989 and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council NSW Public Works Advisory

County Council Office of Environment and Heritage

Department of Planning and Environment Owner of adjoining land

Department of Primary Industries Privacy

East Australian Pipeline Limited Roads and Maritime Services
Electricity and gas Subsidence Advisory NSW

Land & Housing Corporation Telecommunications

Local Land Services Transport for NSW

NSW Department of Education Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that

covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract

date to completion;

deposit-bond a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax

Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract; party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;

planning agreement a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property;*

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

remittance amount the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the

amount specified in a variation served by a party;

rescind this contract from the beginning;

RW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the RW rate);

RW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as

at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

serve serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

If authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheque;

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate this contract for breach;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be

spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or

clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.

- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser—
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to termination a notice disputing the purchaser's right to terminate, the vendor must forward the deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *resoind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the termination, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

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- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date, and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

- the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if
 - 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make an RW payment the purchaser must
 - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of an *RW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the RW payment payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the RW payment.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - The land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgement fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque
 - 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - remittance amount payable;
 - RW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solleitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*:
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

- 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3):
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in \$170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, it it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract;
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses:
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give a strata renewal plan to the owners in the scheme for their consideration and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it)
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed electronic transaction;

 - 30.1.3 The conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an *electronic transaction*, a party serves a notice that it will not be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - · bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as Electronic Workspace and Lodgement Case) have the same meaning which they have in the participation rules;
 - 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*;
 - 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*:
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -
 - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; and
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with payment details at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 At least 1 business day before the date for completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the *Electronic Workspace* allows the *parties* to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the computer systems of the *Land Registry* being inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*
 - 30.13.1 normally, the parties must choose that financial settlement not occur; however

- 30.13.2 if both *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial settlement occurs
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any
 discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the
 Lodgement Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and
 irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial
 settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things
 - 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper

duplicate;

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to

be settled;

conveyancing rules the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to

be transferred to the purchaser;

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date,

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the *participation rules*;

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules;

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

mortgagee details the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ENCL; populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA*
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *remittance amount* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and

- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the remittance amount.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

NO 12-A Adelong Street SUTHERLAND NEW 2232

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Special Conditions included in the Contract for the Sale and purchase of Land 2018:

VENDOR: MOHAMED EL-IAALI and SARAH AKKAWY

PURCHASER:

PROPERTY: 10/2-4 Adelong Street, Sutherland

32. AMENDMENTS TO PRINTED CONDITIONS

The parties acknowledge that the printed conditions of this contract are amended as follows:

- a) Clause 2.4 is amended to include the words "or electronic funds transfer" after the word cheque;
- b) Clause 7.1.1 is amended by reducing '5% to 2%';
- c) Clause 14.4.2 the words 'the person who owned the land owned no other land' be deleted:
- d) Clause 14.4.2 the words 'the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company' be deleted;
- e) Clause 16.5 the words 'plus another 20% of that fee' be deleted:
- f) Clause 23.6.1 substitute the words "even if it is payable by installments" to "however should it be payable in installments, the Vendor shall be liable only for installments payable prior to the Completion date which shall be adjusted on a pro-rata basis"

33. CLAIM FOR COMPENSATION

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained the parties hereto expressly agree that any claim for compensation whether under Clause 7 or otherwise shall be deemed to be reasonable grounds for the purpose of Clause 8 entitling the Vendor to rescind.

34. COMPLETION

- **34.1** For the purpose of Clause 15 the parties acknowledge that fourteen (14) days shall be sufficient notice in any Notice to Complete issued in order to make time the essence of this Contract.
- 34.2 If completion does not take place on or before the date specified by the Contract otherwise than as a result of any default by the Vendor the Purchaser shall pay interest at the rate of 9% per centum per annum on the balance of the purchase price and any other moneys owing pursuant to this Contract from the date for completion until the date completion actually takes place (but without prejudice to all and any other rights of the Vendor pursuant to this Contract) and it is an essential term of this Contract that such interest be paid on completion. The Purchaser hereby acknowledges that interest at the rate of 9% per centum per annum represents a genuine pre-estimate of the liquidated damages likely to be suffered by the Vendor as a result of completion not taking place within the time specified by this Contract.

- 34.3 Should any part of the deposit be paid by way of deposit bond, the Purchaser shall additionally pay penalty interest at the rate of 9% per centum per annum on the amount of the bond from the date for completion until the date completion actually takes place and it is an essential term of this Contract that such interest be paid on completion.
- 34.4 If delay is due to default or failure on the part of the Purchaser and completion does not take place on or before the date specified in this Contract otherwise than as a result of the default by the Vendor the Purchaser shall pay the sum of \$220.00 (incl GST) to cover the Vendors additional legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the delay.
- 34.5 If the vendor issues a Notice to Complete, then the purchaser will pay to the vendor's Conveyancer the sum of \$220.00 (includes GST) on completion to cover the vendor's additional legal fees for the issuing of such Notice.

35. SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM

The Purchaser acknowledges that any sewerage service diagram and/or service location print annexed hereto are the only diagrams available at the date hereof and shall not make any requisition, objection, claim for compensation, delay completion, rescind or terminate this agreement in respect of or arising from the said sewerage service diagram.

36. SPECIAL CONDITIONS TO PREVAIL

In the event of any discrepancy between these Special Conditions and the printed form of Contract, these Special Conditions prevail.

37. RELEASE OF DEPOSIT

Further to Clause 2.8, the deposit shall be released for the benefit of the Vendor at the date hereof on the condition that deposit released may only be used by the Vendor as a deposit on real estate to be purchased by the Vendor and/or for the payment of the stamp duty on that purchase.

The purchasers agree and acknowledges that by their execution of this Contract they irrevocably authorise the Vendor's Agent to release to the Vendors such part of the deposit monies as they shall require.

The Vendor further warrants that the deposit shall not be on-released.

38. REAL ESTATE AGENT

The purchaser warrants that he has not been introduced to the property by any Real Estate Agent, other than the Vendor's Agent named in this Contract, if any, and hereby indemnifies the Vendor against any claim for commission made by any Real Estate Agent other than the Vendor's Agent, if any, if there has been a breach of this warranty.

39. PARTICULARS OF TITLE

Sufficient particulars of title for the preparation of the transfer are contained in this Contract and the purchaser shall not request the vendor to provide any further Statement of Title.

40. DEATH, INCAPACITY AND BANKRUPTCY

Without in any way negating, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would be available at law or in equity had this clause not be included, if either the Vendor or Purchaser or if any one of them shall die, become mentally ill or go into bankruptcy prior to completion, then the other party, by notice in writing to the conveyancer of the party who has died, become mentally ill or bankrupt may rescind this contract and clause 19 shall then apply.

41. CONDITION OF PROPERTY / INCLUSIONS

The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property and the inclusions as specified in this Contract in their present state and condition subject to fair wear and tear and the vendor shall not be responsible for any reasonable wear and tear occurring after the date of this Contract.

42. WARRANTY

- 42.1 The purchaser acknowledges that they do not rely upon any warranty, statement or representation in relation to the property, or to the neighbourhood in which the property is situated or any event which may or may not have taken place at the property, made by the vendor or any person on behalf of the vendor (including the vendors agent, if any) except as may be expressly set out in this Contract.
- 42.2 The purchaser acknowledges they have inspected the property and the improvements (if any) erected on the property and relies entirely upon their own enquiries and inspections. The Purchaser accepts the property as it stands in its present condition and state of repair and subject to all defects (if any) whether latent or patent. The purchaser shall not be entitled to make any objections, requisitions or claim for compensation in respect of any matters referred to in this condition.

43. ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS

- **43.1** The parties agree that this Contract may be signed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if the signatures to each counterpart were on the same instrument.
- 43.2 Execution by either (or both) parties to this Contract of a facsimile or email copy of this Contract and transmission by facsimile or email of a copy of the Contract executed by that party or their conveyancer / solicitor to the other party or the other party's conveyancer / solicitor shall constitute a valid and binding execution of this contract by such parties.
- **43.3** For the purposes of the Electronic Transactions Act, 1999 (Cth) and Electronic Transactions Act, 2000 (NSW) each of the parties consent to receiving and sending the Contract electronically.

44. GUARANTEE FOR CORPORATE BUYER

In	consideration	of	the	seller	contracting	with	the	corporate	buyer
			the	guarant	tors,				
cor of t rea rec rele sell ass	arantee the performantee and indemined the default by the son. The seller overy from the lease the guarant ler. This guarant signs and the beleacentract by the	nify the buye may buye for from the buye for fro	nce by ne sello seek or and om the bindir	y the buer agains erforming to recover any setter obligation on the	yer of all of to all any cost or lead to the standard of the s	oss what is under the mpromise the balance the meion is the medium of the meion is the medium of the meion of the medium of the	atsoever this congression guara guara see with that recordings.	er arising as ontract for w ntor before the buyer may be owin, administrat	a resulthatever seeking will not g to the ors and
_	Guarantor –				Guarar	ntor –			_
V	Vitness								

45. COMPLETION

The Vendor is seeking to purchase another property and Completion of this Contract shall take place either twelve (12) weeks from the date of this Contract or within twenty one (21) days after written notice is given to the purchaser of the new settlement date whichever is of the earlier.

The Purchaser will not be required to complete earlier than 42 days from the date of this Contract.

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Mohamed El-laali & Sarah Akkawy

Purchaser:

Property: 10/2-4 Adelong Street, Sutherland

Dated:

3.

Possession and tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?
 - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948.*)
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

- 6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property and recorded as the owner of the property on the strata roll, free of all other interests.
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or writ must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled (as the case may be) or, in the case of a mortgage or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 118 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 (the Act)*.
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- 9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 10. Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- 11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

Survey and building

- 13. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the property or the common property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- 14. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
- 15. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989*.

- 16. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property or the common property?
- 17. If a swimming pool is on the common property:
 - (a) when did construction of the swimming pool commence?
 - (b) is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992?
 - (c) if the swimming pool has been approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*, please provide details.
 - (d) are there any outstanding notices or orders?
- 18. (a) If there are any party walls, please specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - (b) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
 - (c) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922*?

Affectations, notices and claims

- 19. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
 - (c) Is the vendor aware of:
 - (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
 - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
 - (iii) any latent defects in them?
 - (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
 - (i) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (ii) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (iii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (iv) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (v) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?
 - (vi) any contamination of them?

Owners corporation management

- 20. Has the initial period expired?
- 21. If the property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- 22. If there are any applications or orders under Chapter 5 of the Act, please provide details.
- 23. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract) exceed 1% of the price?

Capacity

24. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 25. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 26. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 27. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 28. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 29. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.



Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452 Fax.

SERVICES NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 10/SP57381

EDITION NO DATE SEARCH DATE TIME _____ ____ _____ ____ 8 6/8/2019 4:56 PM 24/9/2018

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO. CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY ING BANK (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED.

LAND

LOT 10 IN STRATA PLAN 57381

AT SUTHERLAND

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE

FIRST SCHEDULE

MOHAMED EL-IAALI

SARAH AKKAWY

AS JOINT TENANTS

(T AG569746)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP57381
- 2 AG569747 MORTGAGE TO ING BANK (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

191953

PRINTED ON 6/8/2019



Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452 Fax.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP57381

 SEARCH DATE
 TIME
 EDITION NO
 DATE

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 6/8/2019
 4:57 PM
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 11/2/2019

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 57381 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT SUTHERLAND

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE
PARISH OF SUTHERLAND COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP57381

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 57381
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
2-4 ADELONG STREET
SUTHERLAND 2232

SECOND SCHEDULE (4 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 SP57381 POSITIVE COVENANT
- 3 AN234085 INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED
- 4 AP53096 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS

SCHEDULE	OF	UNIT	ENTITLEMENT	(AGGREGATE:	10000)

STRATA PLAN 57	381		
LOT ENT	LOT ENT	LOT ENT	LOT ENT
1 - 380	2 - 380	3 - 380	4 - 380
5 - 496	6 - 494	7 - 496	8 - 450
9 - 452	10 - 445	11 - 487	12 - 487
13 - 487	14 - 457	15 - 459	16 - 454
17 - 475	18 - 472	19 - 477	20 - 464
21 - 466	22 - 462		

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

191953 PRINTED ON 6/8/2019

^{*} Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. triSearch an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919.

Lengths are in metres

(Sheet 1 of 4 Sheets)

Plan: らん・

57381

Subdivision covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No. 67A 104 of 1998

PART 1

Full Name and address of Proprietors of the land:

Philip Henry Byers Unit 17 2 - 4 Adelong Street

SUTHERLAND NSW 2232

 Identity of easement or restriction firstly referred to in the abovementioned plan:

Positive Covenant

Schedule of Lots, etc. affected

Lots burdened

Lots, name of road or authority

benefited

Common Property

The Council of Sutherland Shire

PART 2

2. TERMS OF POSITIVE COVENANT FIRSTLY REFERRED TO IN THE ABOVEMENTIONED PLAN:

1. The proprietors of Common Property hereby burdened with respect to the detention facility described in Plan No. 6240 /31 dated 22.5.91 (Council's File Ref: 30.2016/2/4

held in the offices of the Council of Sutherland Shire, Eton Street, Sutherland shall:

- (a) Permit stormwater to be temporarily detained in the detention facility.
- (b). Keep the detention facility clean and free from silt, rubbish and debris.

Approved by the Council of Sutherland Shire

C:\WP60\88B\6052

General Manager

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT. 1919.

Lengths are in metres

(Sheet 2 of 4 Sheets)

Plan:

50

57381

Subdivision covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No. 174 104 of 1998

PART 2 (continued)

2. TERMS OF POSITIVE COVENANT FIRSTLY REFERRED TO IN THE ABOVEMENTIONED PLAN: (Continued)

- (c) Maintain and repair the detention facility so that it functions in a safe and efficient manner.
- (d) Replace, repair, alter and renew the whole or parts of the detention facility within the time and in the manner specified in any written notice issued by the Council.
- (e) Not make any alterations to the detention facility or elements thereof without prior consent in writing of the Council.
- (f) Permit the Council or its authorised agent from time to time upon giving reasonable notice (but at any time and without notice in the case of an emergency) to enter and inspect the land for compliance with the requirements of this Clause.
- (g) Comply with the terms of any written notice issued by the Council in respect to the requirements of the Clause within the time stated in the notice.
- 2. In the event of the proprietors failing to comply with the terms of any written notice served with the respect to the matters in Clause 1, the Council or its authorised agents may enter with all necessary equipment and carry out any work required to ensure the safe, efficient operation of the system and recover from the proprietor/s the cost of carrying out the work and if necessary recover the amount due by legal proceedings (including legal costs and fees) and entry of a covenant charge on the Lots burdened under Section 88F of the Conveyancing Act, 1919. In carrying out any work under this Clause, the Council shall take reasonable precautions to ensure that the land is disturbed as little as possible.
- 3. In this Covenant, "Council" means the Council of Sutherland Shire.

Approved by the Council of Sutherland Shire

C:\WP60\89B\6052

General Manager

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919.

Ċ.	Lengths are in metres		(Sheet 3 of	u Sheets)
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	SIGNED in my presence by Philip Henry Byers who is personally known to me	} }		
	South Witness 2/25 PARRAMATTA ST CRONULLA			

Approved by the Council of Sutherland Shire

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INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919.

Lengths are in metres

(Sheet 4 of 4 Sheets)

Plan: 57381

Subdivision covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No. STA 104 of 1998

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Approved by the Council of Sutherland Shire

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General Manager

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Form: 15CH Release: 2·0

CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

New South Wales
Strata Schemes Management Act 2
Real Property Act 1900



AN234085F

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.								
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(G)	The seal of The O	wners-Strata Plan No.	57381	_ was affixed on	_15/3/18	in the	e presence of	
	the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:							
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Authority:

Page 1 of 22

22 pages Atrongs 4/4/18

ANNEXURE A

MINOR RENOVATIONS TO INTERNAL LOTS

SPECIAL BY-LAW 4

Minor Renovations

- a. The Owners Corporation grants authority to the Strata Committee to consider & approve any minor renovations as described in Section 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.
- b. Minor renovations are works as described in Section 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and Regulation 28 of the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016.
- c. The applicant lot owner must comply with Section 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 in its entirety.

SCHEDULE

Lot Benefited: All Lots subject to written applications



ANNEXURE B

Special By-Law No.5 - Bathroom Renovations

1. Introduction

This by-law gives you the right to renovate your bathroom on certain conditions.

2. Definitions

In this by-law:

"bathroom renovations" means the alterations and additions to a lot and the adjacent common property involved in renovating a bathroom in a lot including:

- replacement of tiles and waterproofing on the floor and walls of the bathroom,
- replacement of fixtures and fittings in the bathroom including the vanity, toilet, bath tub, shower and sink.
- reconfiguring non-load bearing walls in the bathroom,
- reconfiguring existing or installing new plumbing to service the fixtures and fittings in the bathroom,

but does not include work involving structural alterations,

"lot" means any lot in the strata scheme,

"you" means an owner for the time being of a lot (being the current owner and all successors).

3. Bathroom Renovations

You may carry out bathroom renovations to the bathroom in your lot on the conditions of this by-law.

4. The Conditions

4.1. Before the Bathroom Renovations

(a) Prior Notice

At least seven (7) days before commencing the bathroom renovations, you must give the owners corporation a notice in writing advising of the anticipated commencement date and duration of the bathroom renovations and containing a brief written description of the bathroom renovations.

(b) Planning Approvals

Before commencing the bathroom renovations you must, if required by law, obtain a complying development certificate or development consent for the bathroom renovations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and give the owners corporation a complete copy of the consent or certificate.

(c) Insurance Certificates

Before commencing the bathroom renovations, you must give the owners corporation a copy of a certificate of currency for the all-risk insurance policy of the contractor to be engaged on the bathroom renovations which must include evidence of public liability cover of not less than \$10,000,000.00 in respect of any claim and note the interests of the owners corporation and a certificate of insurance for any Home Building Compensation Fund insurance required for the bathroom renovations under the *Home Building Act 1989*.

4.2. During the Bathroom Renovations

(a) Quality of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are carried out in a proper and workmanlike manner utilising only first quality materials which are good and suitable for the purpose for which they are used.

(b) Licensed Contractors

You must ensure that all contractors engaged on the bathroom renovations are appropriately qualified and licensed under the *Home Building Act 1989*.

(c) Building Code of Australia

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations (including any waterproofing) are carried out and completed in accordance with the Building Code of Australia and any applicable Australian Standard. In the event that there is a conflict the Building Code of Australia shall be applied.

(d) Time for Completion of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are done with due diligence and are completed within a reasonable time from the date of commencement.

(e) Work Hours

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are only carried out between the hours permitted by the Local Council or, if the Council does not prescribe any work times, between 8.00am - 5.00pm on Monday - Friday and 9.00am - 1.00pm on Saturdays (excluding public holidays).

(f) Noise and Disturbance

You must ensure that minimum disturbance is caused to the common property during the bathroom renovations and that the bathroom renovations do not generate any noise that is likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

(g) Location of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are installed entirely on your lot and the common property adjacent to that lot and must not encroach upon any other part of the common property or any other lot.

(h) Transportation of Construction Equipment

You must ensure that all construction materials and equipment associated with the bathroom renovations are transported in accordance with any manner reasonably directed by the owners corporation.

(i) Debris

You must ensure that any debris associated with the bathroom renovations is removed daily and strictly in accordance with any reasonable directions given by the owners corporation.

(j) Protection of Building

You must protect the common property that is affected by the bathroom renovations from damage, dirt, dust and debris and ensure that any such common property, especially the floors and walls leading to your lot, is protected from damage when construction materials, equipment and debris are transported over it.

(k) Daily Cleaning

You must clean any part of the common property affected by the bathroom renovations on a daily basis and keep all of that common property clean, neat and tidy during the bathroom renovations.

(I) Storage of Building Materials on Common Areas

You must make sure that no building materials associated with the bathroom renovations are stored on the common property.

(m) Times for Operation of Noisy Equipment

You must ensure that at least 24 hours prior notice is given to the owners corporation before using any percussion tools and noisy equipment such as jack hammers or tile cutters by placing a notice on or in a conspicuous place near the entrance door to the building.

(n) Cost of the Bathroom Renovations

You must pay all costs associated with the bathroom renovations.

4.3. After the Bathroom Renovations

(a) Completion Notice

As soon as practicable after completion of the bathroom renovations, you must notify the owners corporation in writing that the bathroom renovations have been completed.

(b) Waterproofing Certificate

As soon as practicable after completion of the bathroom renovations, you must obtain and give the owners corporation a certificate from the contractor responsible for installing any waterproofing membrane during the bathroom renovations advising of the the waterproofing and certifying that the waterproofing has been installed in accordance with, and complies with, the Building Code of Australia and any applicable Australian Standard.

(c) Restoration of Common Property

As soon as practicable after completion of the bathroom renovations, you must restore all other parts of the common property affected by the bathroom renovations as nearly as possible to the state they were in immediately before the bathroom renovations.

4.4. Enduring Obligations

(a) Maintenance of the Bathroom Renovations

You must, at your cost, properly maintain your bathroom renovations and keep them in a state of good and serviceable repair and, where necessary, renew or replace any fixtures or fittings comprised in the bathroom renovations.

(b) Maintenance of the Common Property

You must, at your cost, properly maintain the common property occupied by your bathroom renovations and keep that common property in a state of good and serviceable repair and, where necessary, renew or replace any fixtures or fittings comprised in that common property.

(c) Repair of Damage

You must, at your cost, make good any damage to the common property or another lot caused as a result of the bathroom renovations no matter when such damage may become evident.

(d) Appearance of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that your bathroom renovations have an appearance which is in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(e) Connection of Utilities

In the event that electricity, water or any other service is connected to your bathroom renovations and the existing service to your lot is separately metered and charged to your account then you must ensure that the new service is installed so as to also be separately metered and charged to your account.

(f) Indemnity

You will indemnify and keep indemnified the owners corporation against all actions, proceedings, claims, demands, costs, damages and expenses which may be incurred by or brought or made against the owners corporation arising out of your bathroom renovations, the altered state, condition or use of the common property arising from your bathroom renovations or any breach of this by-law.

(g) Compliance with all Laws

You must comply with all statutes, by-laws, regulations, rules and other laws for the time being in force and which are applicable to your bathroom renovations.

5. Breach of this By-Law

- (a) If you breach any condition of this by-law and fails to rectify that breach within 30 days of service of a written notice from the owners corporation requiring rectification of that breach, then the owners corporation may:
 - (i) rectify that breach,
 - (ii) enter on any part of the strata scheme including your lot, by its agents, employees or contractors, in accordance with the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* for the purpose of rectifying that breach, and
 - (iii) recover as a debt due from you the costs of the rectification and the expenses of the owners corporation incurred in recovering those costs.
- (b) Nothing in this clause restricts the rights of or the remedies available to the owners corporation as a consequence of a breach of this by-law.

ANNEXURE C

SPECIAL BY-LAW 6

Notice Board

An Owners Corporation must cause a notice Board to be affixed to some part of the common property

Annexure D

Current By-Laws on Title CP/SP57381

 Attention is directed to the mixed use schemes model by-laws contained in the Strata Schemes Management Regulation applicable at the date of the registration of the scheme

Keeping of the animals - option A has been adopted

2. Special resolution passed 19 November 2002Added special by-law 1Repealed by-law 16

3. Special resolution passed 10 September 2012 Added special by-law 2

4. Special resolution passed 16 September 2013 Added special by-law 3

5. Special resolution passed 28 September 2017 Added special by-law 4-6

Strata Schemes Management Regulation 1997

47.4

Mixed Use Schemes

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

- An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common
 property or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to park or stand any motor or other
 vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners
 corporation.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

- An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
- (d) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot if the owners corporation has specified locations for such signs and that sign is installed in the specified locations, or
- (e) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

1.3

- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
- (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
- (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

- (a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or
- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials ...

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to or from the lot through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.
- (2) An owners corporation may resolve that furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from the lot are to be transported through or on the common property (whether in the building or not) in a specified manner.
- (3) If the owners corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from the lot are to be transported, then an owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to and from the lot through or on common property except in accordance with that resolution.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),

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(e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (4) Subclause (3) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

16 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

17 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

18 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

19 Prevention of hazards

1.25

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

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20 Provision of amenities or services

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
- (a) security services,
- (b) promotional services,
- (c) advertising,
- (d) commercial cleaning,
- (e) domestic services,
- (f) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (g) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (h) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note

Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

21 Controls on hours of operation and use of facilities

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, make any of the following determinations if it considers the determination is appropriate for the control, management, administration, use or enjoyment of the lots or the lots and common property of the strata scheme:
- (a) that commercial or business activities may be conducted on a lot or common property only during certain times,
- (b) that facilities situated on the common property may be used only during certain times or on certain conditions.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must comply with a determination referred to in subclause (1).

SPECIAL BY-LAW NO. 1

Subject to Section 49(4), an Owner of a Lot must not keep any animal on the Lot or on the common property.

SPECIAL BY-LAW

A document may be ser ed on the owner of a Lot by electronic means if the person has i en the Owners Corporation an e-mail address for the ser ice of notices and the document is sent to that address.

A notice or document ser ed on an owner by e-mail in accordance with this By-Law is deemed to ha e been ser ed when transmitted by the sender, pro idin that the sender does not recei e an electronic notification of unsuccessful transmission within 4 hours

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Special By-Law 3 - Satelite TV

- (a) In addition to the functions conferred or imposed on the Owners Corporation by the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 and its By-Laws, the Owners Corporation has the following additional powers and functions:-
 - (i) the power to acquire and install or arrange or authorise the installation of appliances or other form of system ("System") to facilitate the reception of cable and satellite television, media and telecommunications services by the lots and the common property including, with limitation, the power to acquire and install or arrange or authorise any television, microwave, satellite or other media aerials, antennas or dishes and associated wiring, cabling and equipment on and through the common property; and
 - (ii) the power and duty to repair, maintain, renew and replace any such System as may be necessary from time to time but on such terms as may be agreed with the Owners Corporation.
- (b) The Owner of a lot will be responsible, at its cost:-
 - (i) to connect its lot to the Service from the point on common property nominated by the Owners Corporation but only with the prior consent of the Owners Corporation as to the location and nature of that connection:
 - (ii) for the maintenance, repair, renewal or replacement (as the case may be) of any part of the System which is for the exclusive use and enjoyment of that lot (or equally pro rata amongst those owners benefiting by the System where it or the relevant part of it is shared by some but not all lots), whether the relevant part of the System is located within the boundaries of that owner's lot or on the common property;
 - (iii) to ensure that the provisions of paragraph (c) are complied with so far as any part of the System is the responsibility of that owner under this By-Law; and
 - (iv) to make good any damage caused to the common property during the installation, repair, replacement and/removal of the system.
- (c) Any cabling or wiring relating to a System and installed by or at the request of any owner or occupier of a lot must be installed in concealed ductwork or conduit which is not visible on the surface of the common property, unless the prior written consent of the Owners Corporation has been obtained.
- (d) In the event that the Owners Corporation arranges for the repair, maintenance renewal or replacement of any part of the System which is the responsibility of an owner or some owners under this By-Law, the cost of doing so will be recoverable by the Owners Corporation from that owner as a debt under S63(5) of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996.

MINOR RENOVATIONS TO INTERNAL LOTS

SPECIAL BY-LAW 4

Minor Renovations

- a. The Owners Corporation grants authority to the Strata Committee to consider & approve any minor renovations as described in Section 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.
- b. Minor renovations are works as described in Section 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and Regulation 28 of the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016.
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SCHEDULE

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Before commencing the bathroom renovations you must, if required by law, obtain a complying development certificate or development consent for the bathroom renovations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and give the owners corporation a complete copy of the consent or certificate.

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Before commencing the bathroom renovations, you must give the owners corporation a copy of a certificate of currency for the all-risk insurance policy of the contractor to be engaged on the bathroom renovations which must include evidence of public liability cover of not less than \$10,000,000.00 in respect of any claim and note the interests of the owners corporation and a certificate of insurance for any Home Building Compensation Fund insurance required for the bathroom renovations under the *Home Building Act 1989*.

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You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are done with due diligence and are completed within a reasonable time from the date of commencement.

(e) Work Hours

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are only carried out between the hours permitted by the Local Council or, if the Council does not prescribe any work times, between 8.00am - 5.00pm on Monday - Friday and 9.00am - 1.00pm on Saturdays (excluding public holidays).

(f) Noise and Disturbance

You must ensure that minimum disturbance is caused to the common property during the bathroom renovations and that the bathroom renovations do not generate any noise that is likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

(g) Location of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are installed entirely on your lot and the common property adjacent to that lot and must not encroach upon any other part of the common property or any other lot.

(h) Transportation of Construction Equipment

You must ensure that all construction materials and equipment associated with the bathroom renovations are transported in accordance with any manner reasonably directed by the owners corporation.

(i) Debris

You must ensure that any debris associated with the bathroom renovations is removed daily and strictly in accordance with any reasonable directions given by the owners corporation.

(j) Protection of Building

You must protect the common property that is affected by the bathroom renovations from damage, dirt, dust and debris and ensure that any such common property, especially the floors and walls leading to your lot, is protected from damage when construction materials, equipment and debris are transported over it.

(k) Daily Cleaning

You must clean any part of the common property affected by the bathroom renovations on a daily basis and keep all of that common property clean, neat and tidy during the bathroom renovations.

(I) Storage of Building Materials on Common Areas

You must make sure that no building materials associated with the bathroom renovations are stored on the common property.

(m) Times for Operation of Noisy Equipment

You must ensure that at least 24 hours prior notice is given to the owners corporation before using any percussion tools and noisy equipment such as jack hammers or tile cutters by placing a notice on or in a conspicuous place near the entrance door to the building.

(n) Cost of the Bathroom Renovations

You must pay all costs associated with the bathroom renovations.

4.3. After the Bathroom Renovations

(a) Completion Notice

As soon as practicable after completion of the bathroom renovations, you must notify the owners corporation in writing that the bathroom renovations have been completed.

(b) Waterproofing Certificate

As soon as practicable after completion of the bathroom renovations, you must obtain and give the owners corporation a certificate from the contractor responsible for installing any waterproofing membrane during the bathroom renovations advising of the the waterproofing and certifying that the waterproofing has been installed in accordance with, and complies with, the Building Code of Australia and any applicable Australian Standard.

(c) Restoration of Common Property

As soon as practicable after completion of the bathroom renovations, you must restore all other parts of the common property affected by the bathroom renovations as nearly as possible to the state they were in immediately before the bathroom renovations.

4.4. Enduring Obligations

(a) Maintenance of the Bathroom Renovations

You must, at your cost, properly maintain your bathroom renovations and keep them in a state of good and serviceable repair and, where necessary, renew or replace any fixtures or fittings comprised in the bathroom renovations.

(b) Maintenance of the Common Property

You must, at your cost, properly maintain the common property occupied by your bathroom renovations and keep that common property in a state of good and serviceable repair and, where necessary, renew or replace any fixtures or fittings comprised in that common property.

(c) Repair of Damage

You must, at your cost, make good any damage to the common property or another lot caused as a result of the bathroom renovations no matter when such damage may become evident.

(d) Appearance of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that your bathroom renovations have an appearance which is in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(e) Connection of Utilities

In the event that electricity, water or any other service is connected to your bathroom renovations and the existing service to your lot is separately metered and charged to your account then you must ensure that the new service is installed so as to also be separately metered and charged to your account.

(f) Indemnity

You will indemnify and keep indemnified the owners corporation against all actions, proceedings, claims, demands, costs, damages and expenses which may be incurred by or brought or made against the owners corporation arising out of your bathroom renovations, the altered state, condition or use of the common property arising from your bathroom renovations or any breach of this by-law.

(g) Compliance with all Laws

You must comply with all statutes, by-laws, regulations, rules and other laws for the time being in force and which are applicable to your bathroom renovations.

5. Breach of this By-Law

- (a) If you breach any condition of this by-law and fails to rectify that breach within 30 days
 of service of a written notice from the owners corporation requiring rectification of that
 breach, then the owners corporation may:
 - (i) rectify that breach,
 - (ii) enter on any part of the strata scheme including your lot, by its agents, employees or contractors, in accordance with the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* for the purpose of rectifying that breach, and
 - (iii) recover as a debt due from you the costs of the rectification and the expenses of the owners corporation incurred in recovering those costs.
- (b) Nothing in this clause restricts the rights of or the remedies available to the owners corporation as a consequence of a breach of this by-law.

SPECIAL BY-LAW 6

Notice Board

An Owners Corporation must cause a notice Board to be affixed to some part of the common property

J. M. Gall Seal Seal

Page 22 of 22

FILM WITH AN234085

Approved Form 10

Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:						
*that the initial period has expired.						
the original proprietor owns all of the lots in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an						
exchanged contract for the purchase of a lot in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing						
being todged with this certificate.						
The seal of The Owners - Strata Plan No 5738 was affixed on 15/3/18 in the						
presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to						
attest the affixing of the seal.						
Signature: J. Myst Name: Joel McGrath Authority: Strata Manager						

Text below this line is part of the instructions and should not be reproduced as part of a final document.

- 1. This form must be provided in it entirety as shown above.
- 2. Any inapplicable parts should be struck through.
- 3. This certificate is required to accompany any document which proposes action not permitted during the initial period and when the common property title does not have a notification indicating the initial period has been expired.



Created 2016

Pres 1 of

[^] Insert appropriate date

^{*} Strike through if inapplicable.

Req:R759816 /Doc:DL AP053096 /Rev:11-Feb-2019 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:06-Aug-2019 17:06 /Seq:1 of 21 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:191953

Form: 15CH Release: 2·0

CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

New South Wales



Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 Real Property Act 1900

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

	the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.						
(A)	TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP57381					
(B)	LODGED BY	Document Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any SCOTT ASHWOOD PTY LTD LLPN: 123482P Ph: 9099 7400 Reference: MLSM D3045950	CH				
(C)	The Owners-Strat	ta Plan No. 57381 certify that a special resolution was passed on 20/9/2018					
(D)	pursuant to the requirements of section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, by which the by-laws were changed as						
(2)	follows—	quitinologic of the state of th	· ·				
(E)		No. NOT APPLICABLE					
	Added by-law No						
	-	No. NOT APPLICABLE					
	as fully set out be						
	AS PER ANNEXURE'S A & B						
		•	•				
		\cdot					
(F)		list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the cased hereto and marked as Annexure C	hange referred to at				
(G)	The seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No. 57381 was affixed on 21/12/2018 in the presence of						
	the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:						
	Signature:	H'Gatt					
	Name: Joe	1 McGrath					
	Authority: Str	rata Manager Seal	SP5				
	Signature:	Will Stat /	8				
	Name:						

Authority:

Annexure A

Special By-Law 7 – Compensation to Owners Corporation

A) Definitions

The following terms are defined to mean;

'Costs' include any fine, charge, fee or invoice imposed on the Owners Corporation by a local council, other statutory or lawful authorities or any contractor or agent engaged by the Owners Corporation or Lot owner.

'Lot' means any Lot in the Strata Plan.

'Occupier' means the Occupier of the Lot.

'Owner' means the Owner/s of the Lot.

'Owners Corporation' means the Owners Corporation created by the registration of the Strata Plan.

'Owners Corporation's Agents" mean the Strata Managing Agent, Strata Committee or any contractor, legal counsel or other personnel engaged by the Owners Corporation.

'Owner's Agents' means any real estate agent, property manager or any other contractor engaged by a Lot Owner or the Occupier of the Lot or visitors to the Lot.

'the Act' means the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.

'Visitor' means any visitor to a Lot.

'works' means any repair, maintenance, replacement or refurbishment undertaken at the strata scheme.

ii) Where any terms used in this by-law are defined in the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, they will have the same meaning as the terms attributed under that Act.

B) Rights and Obligation of Owners

- i) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of any works performed on Lot property that is charged to the Owners Corporation by the Owners Corporation's Agents or the Lot Owner's Agents.
- ii) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of any damage caused to common property by the Occupier, Owner, Visitor or Owner's Agents' of the Lot.
- iii) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of the Owners Corporation remedying a breach of a duty imposed by Part 8 of the Act.
- iv) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of the Owners Corporation for successfully defending an adjudication, tribunal or other legal application made by a Lot Owner or for the costs debt recovery action initiated by the Owners Corporation or the Owners Corporation's Agents.
- v) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for any costs incurred by the Owners Corporation in relation to false fire alarms caused by the Owner, Occupier, Visitor or Owner's Agents of the Lot.
- vi) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for any costs incurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for removing any rubbish or dumped items on common property by a Lot Owner, Occupier, Visitor or Lot Owner's Agent.

vii) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for any cincurred by the Owners Corporation from the Ow

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- hours emergency call-out when it is deemed by the Owners Corporation's Agents that the call was not an after-hours emergency and could have been dealt with the following business day during business hours.
- viii) Any costs imposed upon a Lot Owner in sub-clauses B) i), ii), iii), iii), iv), v) vi) & vii) above shall be payable to the Owners Corporation whether the said items are arranged, caused or initiated by the Owner, Occupier, Owner's Agent or the Owners Corporation's Agent.
- ix) In the event that a Lot Owner believes a charge imposed upon them pursuant to this By-Law is unjust, the Lot Owner may request that the Owners Corporation waive the charge by a resolution of the Owners Corporation at the next general meeting of the Owners Corporation.
- x) In the event the Owners Corporation rejects a request made by a Lot owner pursuant to sub-clause B vii) above, all charges imposed by this By-Law shall stand.
- Rights, Powers and Obligations of the Owners Corporation
 The Owners Corporation shall have the following additional powers, authorities, duties, functions and obligations;
- i) The Owners Corporation shall have the power to recover all costs outlined in clause B) above from a Lot Owner as a debt by way of a levy charged to that Lot;
- The Owners Corporation must serve upon the Owner a written notice of the contribution payable;
- iii) The Owners Corporation may charge interest upon any contribution payable under this By-Law pursuant to Section 85 of the Act;
- iv) The Owners Corporation may initiate debt recovery proceedings for any contribution payable under this By-Law pursuant to Section 86 of the Act; and
- v) All monies recovered by the Owners Corporation shall form part of the fund to which the relevant contribution belongs.

Annexure B

Special By-Law 8 - Window Safety Devices

1. Introduction

This by-law grants you exclusive use and enjoyment of window safety devices and window locks and latches in connection with your lot and imposes on you the obligation to maintain, repair and replace those window safety devices and window locks and latches.

2. Definitions

In this by-law:

"Act" means the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 including any amendment of it and any Act replacing it;

"lot" means any lot in the strata scheme; "Regulation" means the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016 including any amendment of it and any Regulation replacing it;

"window locks and latches" means any locks, locking devices and latches for the windows on the boundary of a lot;

"window safety devices" means complying window safety devices within the meaning of clause 30 of the Regulation for the windows on the boundary of a lot;

"you" means the owner for the time being of a lot (being the current owner and all successors).

3. Exclusive Use of Window Safety Devices

You are granted the exclusive use and enjoyment of all window safety devices and window locks and latches in connection with your lot.

4. Conditions for Window Safety Devices

- (1) You must, at your own cost, properly maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair all window safety devices and window locks and latches in connection with your lot.
- (2) You must, at your own cost, where necessary, renew or replace the whole or any part of all window safety devices and window locks and latches in connection with your lot.

5. Application to All Window Safety Devices

To avoid doubt, this by-law applies to all window safety devices and window locks and latches including:

- (a) window safety devices and window locks and latches installed by the owners corporation or by you; and
- (b) window safety devices and window locks and latches on a lot or the common property.

6. Commencement Date

The rights and obligations conferred on you under this by-law in relation to any window safety device or window locks and latches commence on completion of the installation of that window safety device or those window locks and latches.

7. Breach of this By-Law

If you breach this by-law and you fail to remedy that breach within fourteen (14) days of being given a notice by the owners corporation requesting that you remedy that breach, then the owners corporation may:

- (a) remedy that breach including, if necessary, by repairing or replacing any window safety devices or window locks and latches in connection with your lot; and
- (b) recover as a debt from you the costs it incurs remedying that breach including, where relevant, the costs of repairing or replacing any window safety device or window locks and latches in connection with your lot and the expenses it incurs in recovering those costs; and
- (c) record on any such costs and expenses on your account kept with the owners corporation or on levy notices or certificates issued under section 184 of the Act for your lot.

Annexure C

Current By-Laws on Title CP/SP57381

 Attention is directed to the mixed use schemes model by-laws contained in the Strata Schemes Management Regulation applicable at the date of the registration of the scheme Keeping of the animals – option A has been adopted

2. Special resolution passed 19 November 2002Added special by-law 1Repealed by-law 16

3. Special resolution passed 10 September 2012 Added special by-law 2

4. Special resolution passed 16 September 2013
Added special by-law 3

5. Special resolution passed 28 September 2017 Added special by-law 4-6

6. Special resolution passed 20 September 2018 Added special by-law 7 & 8

Strata Schemes Management Regulation 1997 Mixed Use Schemes

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
- (d) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot if the owners corporation has specified locations for such signs and that sign is installed in the specified locations, or
- (e) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.

- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
- (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
- (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

- (a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or
- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to or from the lot through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.
- (2) An owners corporation may resolve that furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from the lot are to be transported through or on the common property (whether in the building or not) in a specified manner.
- (3) If the owners corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from the lot are to be transported, then an owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to and from the lot through or on common property except in accordance with that resolution.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot.or other area referred to in paragraph (a),

- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (4) Subclause (3) does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

16 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

17 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

18 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

19 Prevention of hazards

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

20 Provision of amenities or services

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
- (a) security services,
- (b) promotional services,
- (c) advertising,
- (d) commercial cleaning,
- (e) domestic services,
- (f) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (g) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (h) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note

Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

21 Controls on hours of operation and use of facilities

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, make any of the following determinations if it considers the determination is appropriate for the control, management, administration, use or enjoyment of the lots or the lots and common property of the strata scheme:
- (a) that commercial or business activities may be conducted on a lot or common property only during certain times,
- (b) that facilities situated on the common property may be used only during certain times or on certain conditions.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must comply with a determination referred to in subclause (1).

SPECIAL BY-LAW NO. 1

Subject to Section 49(4), an Owner of a Lot must not keep any animal on the Lot or on the common property.

SPECIAL BY-LAW 2

A document may be ser ed on the owner of a Lot by electronic means if the person has i en the Owners Corporation an e-mail address for the ser ice of notices and the document is sent to that address.

A notice or document ser ed on an owner by e-mail in accordance with this By-Law is deemed to ha e been ser ed when transmitted by the sender, pro idin that the sender does not recei e an electronic notification of unsuccessful transmission within 4 hours

Special By-Law 3 - Satelite TV

- (a) In addition to the functions conferred or imposed on the Owners Corporation by the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 and its By-Laws, the Owners Corporation has the following additional powers and functions:-
 - (i) the power to acquire and install or arrange or authorise the installation of appliances or other form of system ("System") to facilitate the reception of cable and satellite television, media and telecommunications services by the lots and the common property including, with limitation, the power to acquire and install or arrange or authorise any television, microwave, satellite or other media aerials, antennas or dishes and associated wiring, cabling and equipment on and through the common property; and
 - (ii) the power and duty to repair, maintain, renew and replace any such System as may be necessary from time to time but on such terms as may be agreed with the Owners Corporation.
- (b) The Owner of a lot will be responsible, at its cost:-
 - to connect its lot to the Service from the point on common property nominated by the Owners Corporation but only with the prior consent of the Owners Corporation as to the location and nature of that connection;
 - (ii) for the maintenance, repair, renewal or replacement (as the case may be) of any part of the System which is for the exclusive use and enjoyment of that lot (or equally pro rata amongst those owners benefiting by the System where it or the relevant part of it is shared by some but not all lots), whether the relevant part of the System is located within the boundaries of that owner's lot or on the common property;
 - (iii) to ensure that the provisions of paragraph (c) are complied with so far as any part of the System is the responsibility of that owner under this By-Law; and
 - (iv) to make good any damage caused to the common property during the installation, repair, replacement and/removal of the system.
- (c) Any cabling or wiring relating to a System and installed by or at the request of any owner or occupier of a lot must be installed in concealed ductwork or conduit which is not visible on the surface of the common property, unless the prior written consent of the Owners Corporation has been obtained.
- (d) In the event that the Owners Corporation arranges for the repair, maintenance renewal or replacement of any part of the System which is the responsibility of an owner or some owners under this By-Law, the cost of doing so will be recoverable by the Owners Corporation from that owner as a debt under S63(5) of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996.

MINOR RENOVATIONS TO INTERNAL LOTS

SPECIAL BY-LAW 4

Minor Renovations

- a. The Owners Corporation grants authority to the Strata Committee to consider & approve any minor renovations as described in Section 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.
- b. Minor renovations are works as described in Section 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and Regulation 28 of the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016.
- c. The applicant lot owner must comply with Section 110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 in its entirety.

SCHEDULE

Lot Benefited: All Lots subject to written applications

Special By-Law No.5 - Bathroom Renovations

1. Introduction

This by-law gives you the right to renovate your bathroom on certain conditions.

2. Definitions

In this by-law:

"bathroom renovations" means the alterations and additions to a lot and the adjacent common property involved in renovating a bathroom in a lot including:

- · replacement of tiles and waterproofing on the floor and walls of the bathroom,
- replacement of fixtures and fittings in the bathroom including the vanity, toilet, bath tub, shower and sink,
- reconfiguring non-load bearing walls in the bathroom,
- reconfiguring existing or installing new plumbing to service the fixtures and fittings in the bathroom,

but does not include work involving structural alterations,

"lot" means any lot in the strata scheme,

"you" means an owner for the time being of a lot (being the current owner and all successors).

3. Bathroom Renovations

You may carry out bathroom renovations to the bathroom in your lot on the conditions of this by-law.

4. The Conditions

4.1. Before the Bathroom Renovations

(a) Prior Notice

At least seven (7) days before commencing the bathroom renovations, you must give the owners corporation a notice in writing advising of the anticipated commencement date and duration of the bathroom renovations and containing a brief written description of the bathroom renovations.

(b) Planning Approvals

Before commencing the bathroom renovations you must, if required by law, obtain a complying development certificate or development consent for the bathroom renovations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and give the owners corporation a complete copy of the consent or certificate.

(c) Insurance Certificates

Before commencing the bathroom renovations, you must give the owners corporation a copy of a certificate of currency for the all-risk insurance policy of the contractor to be engaged on the bathroom renovations which must include evidence of public liability cover of not less than \$10,000,000.00 in respect of any claim and note the interests of the owners corporation and a certificate of insurance for any Home Building Compensation Fund insurance required for the bathroom renovations under the *Home Building Act 1989*.

4.2. During the Bathroom Renovations

(a) Quality of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are carried out in a proper and workmanlike manner utilising only first quality materials which are good and suitable for the purpose for which they are used.

(b) Licensed Contractors

You must ensure that all contractors engaged on the bathroom renovations are appropriately qualified and licensed under the *Home Building Act 1989*.

(c) Building Code of Australia

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations (including any waterproofing) are carried out and completed in accordance with the Building Code of Australia and any applicable Australian Standard. In the event that there is a conflict the Building Code of Australia shall be applied.

(d) Time for Completion of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are done with due diligence and are completed within a reasonable time from the date of commencement.

(e) Work Hours

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are only carried out between the hours permitted by the Local Council or, if the Council does not prescribe any work times, between 8.00am - 5.00pm on Monday - Friday and 9.00am - 1.00pm on Saturdays (excluding public holidays).

(f) Noise and Disturbance

You must ensure that minimum disturbance is caused to the common property during the bathroom renovations and that the bathroom renovations do not generate any noise that is likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

(g) Location of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that the bathroom renovations are installed entirely on your lot and the common property adjacent to that lot and must not encroach upon any other part of the common property or any other lot.

(h) Transportation of Construction Equipment

You must ensure that all construction materials and equipment associated with the bathroom renovations are transported in accordance with any manner reasonably directed by the owners corporation.

(i) Debris

You must ensure that any debris associated with the bathroom renovations is removed daily and strictly in accordance with any reasonable directions given by the owners corporation.

(j) Protection of Building

You must protect the common property that is affected by the bathroom renovations from damage, dirt, dust and debris and ensure that any such common property, especially the floors and walls leading to your lot, is protected from damage when construction materials, equipment and debris are transported over it.

(k) Daily Cleaning

You must clean any part of the common property affected by the bathroom renovations on a daily basis and keep all of that common property clean, neat and tidy during the bathroom renovations.

(I) Storage of Building Materials on Common Areas

You must make sure that no building materials associated with the bathroom renovations are stored on the common property.

(m) Times for Operation of Noisy Equipment

You must ensure that at least 24 hours prior notice is given to the owners corporation before using any percussion tools and noisy equipment such as jack hammers or tile cutters by placing a notice on or in a conspicuous place near the entrance door to the building.

(n) Cost of the Bathroom Renovations

You must pay all costs associated with the bathroom renovations.

4.3. After the Bathroom Renovations

(a) Completion Notice

As soon as practicable after completion of the bathroom renovations, you must notify the owners corporation in writing that the bathroom renovations have been completed.

(b) Waterproofing Certificate

As soon as practicable after completion of the bathroom renovations, you must obtain and give the owners corporation a certificate from the contractor responsible for installing any waterproofing membrane during the bathroom renovations advising of the the waterproofing and certifying that the waterproofing has been installed in accordance with, and complies with, the Building Code of Australia and any applicable Australian Standard.

(c) Restoration of Common Property

As soon as practicable after completion of the bathroom renovations, you must restore all other parts of the common property affected by the bathroom renovations as nearly as possible to the state they were in immediately before the bathroom renovations.

4.4. Enduring Obligations

(a) Maintenance of the Bathroom Renovations

You must, at your cost, properly maintain your bathroom renovations and keep them in a state of good and serviceable repair and, where necessary, renew or replace any fixtures or fittings comprised in the bathroom renovations.

(b) Maintenance of the Common Property

You must, at your cost, properly maintain the common property occupied by your bathroom renovations and keep that common property in a state of good and serviceable repair and, where necessary, renew or replace any fixtures or fittings comprised in that common property.

(c) Repair of Damage

You must, at your cost, make good any damage to the common property or another lot caused as a result of the bathroom renovations no matter when such damage may become evident.

(d) Appearance of the Bathroom Renovations

You must ensure that your bathroom renovations have an appearance which is in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(e) Connection of Utilities

In the event that electricity, water or any other service is connected to your bathroom renovations and the existing service to your lot is separately metered and charged to your account then you must ensure that the new service is installed so as to also be separately metered and charged to your account.

(f) Indemnity

You will indemnify and keep indemnified the owners corporation against all actions, proceedings, claims, demands, costs, damages and expenses which may be incurred by or brought or made against the owners corporation arising out of your bathroom renovations, the altered state, condition or use of the common property arising from your bathroom renovations or any breach of this by-law.

(g) Compliance with all Laws

You must comply with all statutes, by-laws, regulations, rules and other laws for the time being in force and which are applicable to your bathroom renovations.

5. Breach of this By-Law

- (a) If you breach any condition of this by-law and fails to rectify that breach within 30 days of service of a written notice from the owners corporation requiring rectification of that breach, then the owners corporation may:
 - (i) rectify that breach,
 - (ii) enter on any part of the strata scheme including your lot, by its agents, employees or contractors, in accordance with the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* for the purpose of rectifying that breach, and
 - (iii) recover as a debt due from you the costs of the rectification and the expenses of the owners corporation incurred in recovering those costs.
- (b) Nothing in this clause restricts the rights of or the remedies available to the owners corporation as a consequence of a breach of this by-law.

SPECIAL BY-LAW 6

Notice Board

An Owners Corporation must cause a notice Board to be affixed to some part of the common property

Special By-Law 7 - Compensation to Owners Corporation

A) Definitions

i) The following terms are defined to mean;

'Costs' include any fine, charge, fee or invoice imposed on the Owners Corporation by a local council, other statutory or lawful authorities or any contractor or agent engaged by the Owners Corporation or Lot owner.

'Lot' means any Lot in the Strata Plan.

'Occupier' means the Occupier of the Lot.

'Owner' means the Owner/s of the Lot.

'Owners Corporation' means the Owners Corporation created by the registration of the Strata Plan.

'Owners Corporation's Agents" mean the Strata Managing Agent, Strata Committee or any contractor, legal counsel or other personnel engaged by the Owners Corporation.

'Owner's Agents' means any real estate agent, property manager or any other contractor engaged by a Lot Owner or the Occupier of the Lot or visitors to the Lot.

'the Act' means the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.

'Visitor' means any visitor to a Lot.

'works' means any repair, maintenance, replacement or refurbishment undertaken at the strata scheme.

ii) Where any terms used in this by-law are defined in the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, they will have the same meaning as the terms attributed under that Act.

B) Rights and Obligation of Owners

- i) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of any works performed on Lot property that is charged to the Owners Corporation by the Owners Corporation's Agents or the Lot Owner's Agents.
- ii) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of any damage caused to common property by the Occupier, Owner, Visitor or Owner's Agents' of the Lot.
- iii) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of the Owners Corporation remedying a breach of a duty imposed by Part 8 of the Act.
- iv) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of the Owners Corporation for successfully defending an adjudication, tribunal or other legal application made by a Lot Owner or for the costs debt recovery action initiated by the Owners Corporation or the Owners Corporation's Agents.
- A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for any costs incurred by the Owners Corporation in relation to false fire alarms caused by the Owner, Occupier, Visitor or Owner's Agents of the Lot.
- vi) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for any costs incurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for removing any rubbish or dumped items on common property by a Lot Owner, Occupier, Visitor or Lot Owner's Agent.
- vii) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for any costs incurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for an after-

- hours emergency call-out when it is deemed by the Owners Corporation's Agents that the call was not an after-hours emergency and could have been dealt with the following business day during business hours.
- viii) Any costs imposed upon a Lot Owner in sub-clauses B) i), ii), iii), iv), v) vi) & vii) above shall be payable to the Owners Corporation whether the said items are arranged, caused or initiated by the Owner, Occupier, Owner's Agent or the Owners Corporation's Agent.
- ix) In the event that a Lot Owner believes a charge imposed upon them pursuant to this By-Law is unjust, the Lot Owner may request that the Owners Corporation waive the charge by a resolution of the Owners Corporation at the next general meeting of the Owners Corporation.
- x) In the event the Owners Corporation rejects a request made by a Lot owner pursuant to sub-clause B vii) above, all charges imposed by this By-Law shall stand.
- Rights, Powers and Obligations of the Owners Corporation
 The Owners Corporation shall have the following additional powers, authorities, duties, functions and obligations;
- The Owners Corporation shall have the power to recover all costs outlined in clause B)
 above from a Lot Owner as a debt by way of a levy charged to that Lot;
- ii) The Owners Corporation must serve upon the Owner a written notice of the contribution payable;
- iii) The Owners Corporation may charge interest upon any contribution payable under this By-Law pursuant to Section 85 of the Act;
- iv) The Owners Corporation may initiate debt recovery proceedings for any contribution payable under this By-Law pursuant to Section 86 of the Act; and
- v) All monies recovered by the Owners Corporation shall form part of the fund to which the relevant contribution belongs.

Special By-Law 8 - Window Safety Devices

1. Introduction

This by-law grants you exclusive use and enjoyment of window safety devices and window locks and latches in connection with your lot and imposes on you the obligation to maintain, repair and replace those window safety devices and window locks and latches.

Definitions 2.

In this by-law:

"Act" means the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 including any amendment of it and any Act replacing it;

"lot" means any lot in the strata scheme; "Regulation" means the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016 including any amendment of it and any Regulation replacing it;

"window locks and latches" means any locks, locking devices and latches for the windows on the boundary of a lot;

"window safety devices" means complying window safety devices within the meaning of clause 30 of the Regulation for the windows on the boundary of a lot;

"you" means the owner for the time being of a lot (being the current owner and all successors).

Exclusive Use of Window Safety Devices 3.

You are granted the exclusive use and enjoyment of all window safety devices and window locks and latches in connection with your lot.

Conditions for Window Safety Devices

- (1) You must, at your own cost, properly maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair all window safety devices and window locks and latches in connection with your lot.
- (2) You must, at your own cost, where necessary, renew or replace the whole or any part of all window safety devices and window locks and latches in connection with your lot.

Application to All Window Safety Devices 5.

To avoid doubt, this by-law applies to all window safety devices and window locks and latches including:

- (a) window safety devices and window locks and latches installed by the owners corporation or by you; and
- (b) window safety devices and window locks and latches on a lot or the common property.

6. Commencement Date

The rights and obligations conferred on you under this by-law in relation to any window safety device or window locks and latches commence on completion of the installation of that window safety device or those window locks and latches.

7. Breach of this Bv-Law

If you breach this by-law and you fail to remedy that breach within fourteen (14) days of being given a notice by the owners corporation requesting that you remedy that breach, then the owners corporation may:

- (a) remedy that breach including, if necessary, by repairing or replacing any window safety devices or window locks and latches in connection with your lot; and
- (b) recover as a debt from you the costs it incurs remedying that breach including, where relevant, the costs of repairing or replacing any window safety device or window locks and latches in connection with your lot and the expenses it incurs in recovering those costs; and

(c) record on any such costs and expenses on your account kept with the owners corporation

on levy notices or certificates issued under section 184 of the Act for your lot.



Applicant:

Top Notch Conveyancing PO Box 28 SUTHERLAND NSW 1499

Planning Certificate – Section 10.7 (2) Certificate Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Certificate no: ePC:19/3077 Delivery option:

Certificate date: 06/08/2019 Your reference: 191953

Property:

Lot 10 S/P 57381 10/2-4 Adelong Street SUTHERLAND NSW 2232

Zone:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015

Zone B3 Commercial Core

Notes:

- (a) The information in this certificate only relates to the real property Identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.
- (b) The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 will be referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.

Disclaimer:

(a) This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7(2), ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENTACT, 1979

1. Names of relevant instruments and DCPs

- 1. The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:
 - * Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015
 - * Greater Metropolitan Regional Environmental Plan No. 2 Georges River Catchment (5/2/1999) (deemed SEPP).
 - * Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No.09 (Extractive Industry (No.2) 1995) (deemed SEPP).
 - * SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004
 - * SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
 - * SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
 - * SEPP (Educational Establishments & Child Care Facilities) 2017
 - * SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007
 - * SEPP (Mining, Petroleum & Extractive Industries) 2007
 - * SEPP (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007
 - * SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004
 - * SEPP No.19 Bushland in Urban Areas
 - * SEPP No.21 Caravan Parks
 - * SEPP No.33 Hazardous and Offensive Development
 - * SEPP No.50 Canal Estates
 - * SEPP No.55 Remediation of Land

- * SEPP No.64 Advertising and Signage
- * SEPP No.65 Design Quality of Residential Flats
- * SEPP No.70 Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)
- * SEPP (State and Regional Development) 2011
- * SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005
- * SEPP (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017
- * SEPP (Concurrences) 2018
- * SEPP (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019
- 2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-General has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

The following Draft State Environmental Planning Policies apply: Amendments to SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007, SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007, SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, and new draft policies - SEPP Environment and SEPP Remediation of Land.

3. The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Sutherland Shire Development Control Plan 2015

Note: In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) in any zone (however described).

(a) The name and number of the zone:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone B3 Commercial Core

(b) Permitted without consent:

Home occupations

(c) Permitted with consent:

Centre-based child care facilities; Commercial premises; Community facilities; Educational establishments; Entertainment facilities; Function centres; Hotel or motel accommodation; Information and education facilities; Medical centres; Oyster aquaculture; Passenger transport facilities; Recreation facilities (indoor); Registered clubs; Respite day care centres; Restricted premises, Roads; Tank-based aquaculture

Any other development not specified in item (b) or (d).

(d) Prohibited:

Advertising structures; Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Animal boarding or training establishments; Attached dwellings; Biosolids treatment facilities; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Depots; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; General industries; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Heavy industries; Helipads; Highway service centres; Home-based child care; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Jetties; Marinas; Multi dwelling housing; Open cut mining; Pondbased aguaculture: Recreation facilities (major): Resource recovery facilities; Rural industries; Rural worker's dwellings; Semi-detached dwellings; Sewage treatment plants; Sex services premises; Storage premises; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste disposal facilities; Water recycling facilities; Water supply systems; Wholesale supplies.

(e) Minimum land dimensions fixed for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land:

Under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 there are no relevant development standards for the erection of a dwelling house due to site dimensions.

(f) Does the land include or comprise critical habitat?

No

(g) Is the land in a conservation area?

No

(h) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land?

There is no item of environmental heritage situated on the property.

2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone (however described) under:

- (a) Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP), or
- (c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,

the particulars referred to in clause 2 (a)-(h) in relation to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

Note: Sutherland Shire Council does not currently have any land in the Growth Centres that has been zoned by a Precinct Plan in the Appendices to this SEPP, proposed to be zoned in a draft Precinct Plan (that has been publicly exhibited or formally consulted on) or has been zoned under Part 3 of the Growth Centres SEPP.

3. Complying Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
- (2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under this Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Internal Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4 or SP3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the

Container Recycling Facilities Code.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivisions Code.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Rural Housing Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code.

(Note: All land in the Sutherland Shire is deferred from this code until the 31st of October 2019.)

Green Field Housing Code

Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

(Note: This code applies to land within the Greenfield Housing Code Area as mapped in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.)

General Development Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code.

Demolition Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code.

Inland Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under this Code.

(Note: This code only applies to local government areas specified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. At this time it does not apply to the Sutherland Shire.)

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council—whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

There are no properties subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services.

Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

5. Mine Subsidence

Is the land proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017?

No

6. Road Widening and Road Realignment

(a) Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*?

No

	(b)	Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any environmental planning instrument?	
		No	
	(c)	Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council?	
		No	
7 .	Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk		
	rest	strictions	
	(a)	Is the land affected by a policy adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate or any other risk?	
		No	
	(b)	Is the land affected by a policy adopted by any other public authority that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate or any other risk?	
		No	
7A.	Flo	lood related development controls information	
	(1)	Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.	
		No	

(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the Instrument set out in the Schedule to the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act?

No

9. Contribution Plans

Council has adopted the following Contribution Plans that apply to the land:

- The 2016 Section 94A Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).
- * The 2016 Section 94 Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).

9A. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect.

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

10. Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the

existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

No

11. Bush fire prone land

Is the land bush fire prone?

No

12. Property Vegetation Plans

Has Council been notified that a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies to the land?

No

13. Orders Under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if Council has been notified of the order).

No.

14. Directions under Part 3A

Is there a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act that does not have effect?

No

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing) under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If there is a certificate, the period for which the certificate is current. Are there any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18 (2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land?

No

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

Is there a valid site compatibility certificate (of which the council is aware), issued under clause 19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

17. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If so this statement sets out the period for which the certificate is current and any conditions pursuant to cl17(1) or cl38(1) of SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

18. Paper subdivision information

Is the land subject to any development plan adopted by a relevant authority or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot? If so, this statement sets out the date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Note: Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

No

19. Site verification certificates

Is there a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land?

If so, this statement includes:

- (a) the matter certified by the certificate, and
- (b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and
- (c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure.

Note. A site verification certificate sets out the Director-General's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land—see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.

No

20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Is the land to which the certificate relates identified on the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register maintained by the Secretary of NSW Fair Trading?

No

21. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

Are there any affected building notices of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

No

If so, this statement includes:

- (a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- (b) whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

Note: affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?
- (b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?

No

(c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?

No

(d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?

No

(e) Is the land subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act?

No

Any Other Prescribed Matter

Note: Section 26 of the Nation Building and Jobs Plan (State Infrastructure Delivery) Act 2009 provides that a planning certificate must include advice about any exemption under section 23 or authorisation under section 24 of that Act if the Council is provided with a copy of the exemption or authorisation by the Co-ordinator General under the Act.

No

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Additional Information

Council's records indicate that there is no other relevant information

in accordance with Section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 related to this property. Advice regarding demolition orders should be sought by application for a Division 6.7 Building information certificates.

For further information please telephone [02] 9710 0333.

Yours faithfully

Mark Carlon

Manager Strategic Planning

SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM.

Municipality of Sutherland (Sutherland) SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

No. 8947/3

Brundary Trop EG1. Greose Interceptor E.T. P. Trop WAS. Reflex Stak in Inspection Shots

魔 R.Y. O Yest.

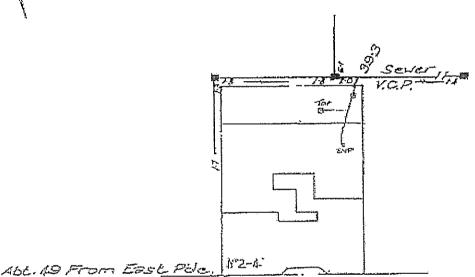
I.F. Induct Pipe M.F. Mica Hep T. Tubs K.S. Kitchen Sink W.C. Water Closet B.W. Bolk Wosle Raffor Valva Cleaning Eye Yedled Fipe O V.P. Yest Tips O S.Y.P. Soil Yest Pips D.C.C. Down Corl Cowl

Em. Borin Shr, Shawer W.LP. Wrought from Pipe C.LP. Cast from Pipe P.W. Floor Waste W.M. Washing Mochine

SEWER AYAILABLE

Where the sewer is not evaluable and a special impaction is involved the Board accepts no corporability for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer





FIDEL ONG.

Scale 1: 500

SHEET No. //030 W.Ca..... U.Ca OFFICE USE ONLY For Engineer House Services DYAMAGE PLUMRING Supervised by Supervised by Deta BRANCH OFFICE

Dota __W.C. __555. Doje / ___Sl__ នៃខេត្តដូច្នេះ Inspactor Examined by Drojnes. Plant*:_____ Chief Inspector ____Pig. Boundary Trop Dge, Int. Fracing Chacked___ Dgt. Ext.

