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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	**Rudy Yonson Real Estate** **885 Mate Street, North Albury, NSW 2640**	**Phone: 6040 6818** **Fax: 6040 6819**
co-agent		
vendor	**Belinda Clare Kickert** **3/49 Merthyr Road, Newfarm, QLD 4005**	
vendor's solicitor	**Lisa Spinelli Solicitor** **PO BOX 7191, EAST ALBURY NSW 2640**	**Phone: 0438299120** **Email: lisa@lisaspinelli.com.au** **Fax:** **Ref: LS:1325/22**
date for completion	**42nd day after the contract date**	(clause 15)
land (address, plan details and title reference)	**1/1066 Mate Street, North Albury, New South Wales 2640** **Registered Plan: Lot 1 Plan SP 48609** **Folio Identifier 1/SP48609**	
	☐ VACANT POSSESSION ☒ subject to existing tenancies	
improvements	☐ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carport ☒ home unit ☐ carspace ☐ storage space ☐ none ☐ other:	
attached copies	☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: ☐ other documents:	

A real estate agent is permitted by *legislation* to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	☒ air conditioning	☐ clothes line	☒ fixed floor coverings	☐ range hood
	☒ blinds	☒ curtains	☒ insect screens	☐ solar panels
	☒ built-in wardrobes	☐ dishwasher	☒ light fittings	☐ stove
	☒ ceiling fans	☐ EV charger	☐ pool equipment	☐ TV antenna
	☐ other:			

exclusions

purchaser

purchaser's solicitor

price

deposit _____ (10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)

balance

contract date (if not stated, the date this contract was made)

Where there is more than one purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS
☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares, specify:

GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: $

buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

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SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	**PURCHASER**
Signed by _____ Vendor _____ Vendor	**Signed** by _____ Purchaser _____ Purchaser

VENDOR (COMPANY)		**PURCHASER (COMPANY)**	
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:		**Signed** by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:	
_____ Signature of authorised person	_____ Signature of authorised person	_____ Signature of authorised person	_____ Signature of authorised person
_____ Name of authorised person	_____ Name of authorised person	_____ Name of authorised person	_____ Name of authorised person
_____ Office held	_____ Office held	_____ Office held	_____ Office held

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Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a ***deposit-bond***	☒ NO	☐ yes
Nominated *Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)* (clause 4)	PEXA	
Manual transaction (clause 30)	☒ NO	☐ yes

(if yes, vendor must provide further details, including any applicable exemption, in the space below):

Tax information (the *parties* promise this is correct as far as each *party* is aware)

Land tax is adjustable	☒ NO	☐ yes	
GST: Taxable supply	☒ NO	☐ yes in full	☐ yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	☒ NO	☐ yes	

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- ☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- ☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- ☒ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an *GSTRW payment* (GST residential withholding payment) ☒ NO ☐ yes (if yes, vendor must provide details)

If the details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.

***GSTRW payment* (GST residential withholding payment) – details**

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate* (residential withholding rate)*:*

Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: **$**

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

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List of Documents

General

- ☒ 1 property certificate for the land
- ☒ 2 plan of the land
- ☐ 3 unregistered plan of the land
- ☐ 4 plan of land to be subdivided
- ☐ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan
- ☒ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
- ☐ 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)
- ☒ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)
- ☒ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)
- ☒ 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract
- ☐ 11 *planning agreement*
- ☐ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)
- ☐ 13 survey report
- ☐ 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under *legislation*
- ☐ 15 occupation certificate
- ☐ 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)
- ☐ 17 other document relevant to tenancies
- ☐ 18 licence benefiting the land
- ☐ 19 old system document
- ☐ 20 Crown purchase statement of account
- ☐ 21 building management statement
- ☐ 22 form of requisitions
- ☐ 23 *clearance certificate*
- ☐ 24 land tax certificate

Home Building Act 1989

- ☐ 25 insurance certificate
- ☐ 26 brochure or warning
- ☐ 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover

Swimming Pools Act 1992

- ☐ 28 certificate of compliance
- ☐ 29 evidence of registration
- ☐ 30 relevant occupation certificate
- ☐ 31 certificate of non-compliance
- ☐ 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance

Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)

- ☒ 33 property certificate for strata common property
- ☒ 34 plan creating strata common property
- ☒ 35 strata by-laws
- ☐ 36 strata development contract or statement
- ☐ 37 strata management statement
- ☐ 38 strata renewal proposal
- ☐ 39 strata renewal plan
- ☐ 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
- ☐ 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property
- ☐ 42 plan creating neighbourhood property
- ☐ 43 neighbourhood development contract
- ☐ 44 neighbourhood management statement
- ☐ 45 property certificate for precinct property
- ☐ 46 plan creating precinct property
- ☐ 47 precinct development contract
- ☐ 48 precinct management statement
- ☐ 49 property certificate for community property
- ☐ 50 plan creating community property
- ☐ 51 community development contract
- ☐ 52 community management statement
- ☐ 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws
- ☐ 54 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
- ☐ 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries
- ☐ 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
- ☐ 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 2021
- ☐ 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
- ☐ 59 other document relevant to the off the plan contract

Other

- ☐ 60

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Altitude Body Corporate & Management
1/330 Griffith Road, Lavington NSW 2641
Ph: 02 60223500
Email: info@altitudebcm.com.au

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IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS
Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS
The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION
Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989,* Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

(a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and

(b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

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Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

1 **This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.**

2 **EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—**

- **(a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or**
- **(b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.**

3 **There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—**

- **(a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or**
- **(b) if the property is sold by public auction, or**
- **(c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or**
- **(d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.**

4 **A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.**

5 **The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.**

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

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WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group	**NSW Department of Education**
Australian Taxation Office	**NSW Fair Trading**
Council	**Owner of adjoining land**
County Council	**Privacy**
Department of Planning and Environment	**Public Works Advisory**
Department of Primary Industries	**Subsidence Advisory NSW**
Electricity and gas	**Telecommunications**
Land and Housing Corporation	**Transport for NSW**
Local Land Services	**Water, sewerage or drainage authority**

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.

3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.

4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.

5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.

6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.

7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).

8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.

9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.

10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.

11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.

12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

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The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

adjustment date	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
adjustment figures	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
authorised Subscriber	a *Subscriber* (not being a *party's solicitor*) named in a notice *served* by a *party* as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
bank	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
business day	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
cheque	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
clearance certificate	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act,* that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
completion time	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
conveyancing rules	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
deposit-bond	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor – ● the issuer; ● the expiry date (if any); and ● the amount;
depositholder	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's *solicitor,* or if no vendor's *solicitor* is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
discharging mortgagee	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to be transferred to the purchaser;
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
ECNL	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
electronic document	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and *Digitally Signed* in an *Electronic Workspace*;
electronic transaction	a *Conveyancing Transaction* to be conducted for the *parties* by their legal representatives as *Subscribers* using an *ELN* and in accordance with the *ECNL* and the *participation rules*;
electronic transfer	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the *property* to be prepared and *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* established for the purposes of the *parties*' *Conveyancing Transaction*;
FRCGW percentage	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
FRCGW remittance	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*, being the lesser of the *FRCGW percentage* of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a *variation served* by a *party*;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
GSTRW payment	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (the price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate*);
GSTRW rate	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);
incoming mortgagee	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the *property* and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price*;*
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
manual transaction	a *Conveyancing Transaction* in which a dealing forming part of the *Lodgment Case* at or following completion cannot be *Digitally Signed*;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
participation rules	the participation rules as determined by the *ECNL;*
party	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
planning agreement	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property;*
populate	to complete data fields in the *Electronic Workspace*;

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requisition	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
rescind	rescind this contract from the beginning;
serve	serve in writing on the other *party*;
settlement cheque	an unendorsed *cheque* made payable to the person to be paid and – ● issued by a *bank* and drawn on itself; or ● if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*;
solicitor	in relation to a *party*, the *party's* solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice *served* by the *party*;
TA Act	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
terminate	terminate this contract for breach;
title data	the details of the title to the *property* made available to the *Electronic Workspace* by the *Land Registry*;
variation	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*;
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
work order	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by –
2.4.1 giving cash (up to $2,000) to the *depositholder*;
2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
2.5 The vendor can *terminate* if –
2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond;* and
3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

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3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond* –
3.9.1 on completion; or
3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

4.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* unless –
4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,
and in both cases clause 30 applies.
4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* –
4.2.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
- otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
4.3 The *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
4.4 A *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry*.
4.5 *Normally,* the vendor must *within* 7 days of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace.*
4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6 –
4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
4.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
4.7.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* or *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
4.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
4.11 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO,* Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

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4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties,* and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –

4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and

4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.

4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –

4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and

4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by;

the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.

5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –

5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;

5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and

5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).

6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.

6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –

7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;

7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and

7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and

7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –

7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;

7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;

7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);

7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;

7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and

7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –

8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;

8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and

8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.

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8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –

8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;

8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and

8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);

9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –

9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or

9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either –

9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –

- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
- the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or

9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –

10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;

10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);

10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;

10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;

10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;

10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or

10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).

10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.

10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.

11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;

12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –

12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or

12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and

12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

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13 Goods and services tax (GST)

13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.

13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.

13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –

13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but

13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and

13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.

13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –

13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;

13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;

13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –

- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
- if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and

13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.

13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.

13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.

13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –

13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –

- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
- something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.

13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or

13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).

13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –

13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and

13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.

13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.

13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.

13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.

13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

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14 Adjustments

14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.

14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and –

14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and

14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.

14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.

14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –

14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;

14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –

- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
- the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
- if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.

14.5 The *parties* must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.

14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.

14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.

14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

● Vendor

16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.

16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.

16.4 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

● Purchaser

16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor –

16.5.1 the price less any –

- deposit paid;
- *FRCGW remittance* payable;
- *GSTRW payment*; and
- amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and

16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.

16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.

16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.

17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –

17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and

17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).

17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

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18 Possession before completion

18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.

18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –

18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;

18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or

18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.

18.3 The purchaser must until completion –

18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and

18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.

18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.

18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –

18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.

18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.

18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –

19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and

19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.

19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –

19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;

19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;

19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and

19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.

20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.

20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.

20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.

20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.

20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –

20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);

20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;

20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;

20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;

20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;

20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;

20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once; and

20.6.8 *served* if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.

20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –

20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or

20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.

20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.

20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.

20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.

20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.

20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.

20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

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20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
20.16 Each *party* consents to –
20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party's* intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions
21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975
22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title
● Definitions and modifications
23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
23.2 In this contract –
23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
- a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
- a change in the boundaries of common property;

23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
23.2.6 'normal expenses' in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
- due to fair wear and tear;
- disclosed in this contract; or
- covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.

23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
● Adjustments and liability for expenses
23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

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23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.

23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.

23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.

23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

● Notices, certificates and inspections

23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.

23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.

23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.

23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.

23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.

23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.

23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

● Meetings of the owners corporation

23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.

24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.

24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
  - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
  - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
  - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
  - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

U1066 MATE ST, NORTH ALBURY 2640

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24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –

24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –

- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
- any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
- any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;

24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;

24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –

- at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
- any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
- a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
- a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
- any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;

24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –

25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or

25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.

25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.

25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.

25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –

25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and

25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.

25.5 An abstract of title –

25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);

25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;

25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and

25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.

25.6 In the case of land under old system title –

25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;

25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and

25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.

25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);

25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and

25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).

25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.

25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.

25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.

25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.

25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

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BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

26 Crown purchase money

26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within* 7 days after *service* of the purchaser's part.
27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
27.7.2 in the Western Division.
27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party serving* notice of the event happening;
- every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
- the end of the time for the event to happen.

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29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.

29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

● Transfer

30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.

30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.

30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.

30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

● Place for completion

30.6 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 30.6.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.

30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

● Payments on completion

30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to $2,000) or *settlement cheque*.

30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).

30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay $10 for each extra *cheque*.

30.12 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.12.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.12.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

30.13 If the purchaser must pay an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must –
- 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.13.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.13.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.

31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

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32 Residential off the plan contract

32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).

32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.

32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022 –

32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and

32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

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BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

BETWEEN **Belinda Clare Kickert** of 520/163 Fitzroy Street, ST KILDA, Victoria (**Vendor**)

AND of (**Purchaser**)

33. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

33.1 The purchaser represents to and warrants for the benefit of the vendor as follows:

(a) In entering into this contract the purchaser has not relied on any statement, representation or warranty by the vendor, or any person on the vendor's behalf, whether express or implied regarding the property, its zoning, location or use or in relation to any nearby properties;

(b) This contract contains all of the conditions of the sale of the property and replaces any prior agreements, representations or warranties made by the vendor;

(c) The purchaser has inspected the property and without limitation accepts the property in its present condition and state of repair and subject to any infestation or dilapidation, latent or patent defects and any minor real or apparent breaches of the Local Government Act or ordinances;

(d) The purchaser accepts the property subject to any and all existing water, sewerage, gas, electricity, telephone and other utility services and installations;

(e) The purchaser has made his own enquiries to determine his legal right and capacity to enter into this transaction;

(f) The purchaser has had the opportunity to obtain independent legal advice about the purchasers rights and obligations under this contract;

(g) The purchaser is fully aware of and satisfied about the nature of the property and the purposes for which the property may lawfully be used including the terms of any restriction on use.

33.2 The purchaser indemnifies the vendor against all claims (whether for compensation or not) losses and liabilities arising out of a breach of the warranties in clause 33.1. This clause shall not merge on completion.

34. INCAPACITY

If either party (and if more than one, both of that party) dies or becomes mentally ill or being a company goes into liquidation or enters into an arrangement with creditors or is placed under administration then either party may by notice in writing rescind this contract and the provisions of clause 19 shall apply.

35. INTEREST FOR LATE COMPLETION

Without limiting any other right of the vendor, if the purchaser does not complete by the completion date, the purchaser must pay interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase price (and if a deposit bond is provided on the whole of the unpaid purchase price) on completion at the rate of 10% per annum calculated daily from and including the completion date until the

day on which the balance of purchase price is actually paid to the vendor. It is acknowledged and agreed that the interest payable in accordance with this clause is a genuine pre-estimate of the liquidated damages likely to be suffered by the vendor by the failure of the purchaser to complete within the time frame specified by this contract.

36. NOTICE TO COMPLETE

The Vendor and Purchaser expressly acknowledge and agree that:-

36.1 either party may where entitled after the completion date issue a notice to complete ("The Notice to complete") making the time for completion of this contract of the essence; and

36.2 a period of fourteen (14) days after the date of service of any notice to complete shall be a reasonable time for requiring completion of this contract; and

36.3 Should the vendor issue a notice to complete then the purchaser will pay in addition to any other moneys payable under this contract, the sum of $250.00 (inclusive of GST) to the vendors solicitor on completion as compensation for additional legal expenses incurred by the vendor for issuing such notice. This is an essential term of the contract.

37. INTRODUCTION BY VENDORS AGENT

The purchaser warrants that it has not been introduced to the sale of the property directly or indirectly through the services of any agent other than the vendors agent named in this contract, and the purchaser indemnifies the vendor for all claims (whether for compensation or not), losses and liabilities arising out of a breach of such warranty. This clause shall not merge on completion.

38. GUARANTEE AND INDEMNITY IF THE PURCHASER IS A COMPANY

If the purchaser of the property is a company, the officers or persons who sign this contract on behalf of the company or who attest the seal of the company on this contract shall:

38.1 Jointly and separately guarantee all obligations of the Purchaser under this Agreement including payment of the purchase price;

38.2 Jointly and separately indemnify the Vendor in respect of any default of the Purchaser under this Agreement.

38.3 This guarantee and indemnity is given by each guarantor as principal and is not discharged or released by any release or variation of this Agreement between the Vendor and Purchaser.

38.4 In consideration of the vendor contracting with the corporate purchaser

(the guarantor), as is evidenced by the guarantor's execution hereof, guarantee the performance by the purchaser of all of the purchaser's obligations under the contract and indemnify the vendor against any cost or loss whatsoever arising as a result of the default by the purchaser in performing its obligations under this contract for whatever reason. The vendor may seek to recover any loss from the guarantor before seeking recovery from the purchaser and any settlement or compromise with the purchaser will not release the guarantor from the obligation to pay any balance that may be owing to the vendor. This guarantee is binding on the guarantors, their executors, administrators and assigns and the benefit of the guarantee is available to any assignee of the benefit of this contract by the vendor.

SIGNED by)
the guarantor in the presence of:)

_____
Signature

_____
Signature of Witness

_____
Print Name of Witness



Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 1/SP48609

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
17/11/2022	8:52 PM	5	26/4/2021

LAND

LOT 1 IN STRATA PLAN 48609
AT NORTH ALBURY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA ALBURY CITY

FIRST SCHEDULE

BELINDA CLARE KICKERT (T AQ990589)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP48609
2 SP48609 RIGHT OF FOOTWAY 1 WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
3 AQ990590 MORTGAGE TO WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

1325/22 PRINTED ON 17/11/2022

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NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP48609

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
17/11/2022	8:52 PM	1	7/12/1994

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 48609
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT NORTH ALBURY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA ALBURY CITY
PARISH OF ALBURY COUNTY OF GOULBURN
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP48609

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 48609
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
C/-JOHN HAYDON PROPERTIES PTY LTD
350 URANA ROAD
LAVINGTON 2641

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

---

1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
* 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 40)

STRATA PLAN 48609

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	10	2	10	3	10	4	10

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

1325/22 PRINTED ON 17/11/2022

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

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FORM 1

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

*OFFICE USE ONLY

Y004W02N

COUNCIL'S CERTIFICATE

Albury City (Name of Council)

having satisfied itself that the requirements of the Strata Titles Act, 1973 (other than the requirements for the registration of plans) have been complied with, approves of the proposed

* strata plan
* strata plan of subdivision

illustrated herein

*Council does not object to the encroachment of the building beyond the alignment of

*This approval is given on the condition that such

is/are subject to the restriction on user referred to in section 39 of the Strata Titles Act, 1973

Date 8.11.94

Subdivision No. 3188

General Manager/Authorised Person

*Complete, or delete if inapplicable

SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE

I JOHN DENNIS HICKEY

of ESLER & ASSOC. 598 MACAULEY ST. ALBURY

a surveyor registered under the Surveyors Act 1929, hereby certify that:

(1) any wall, the inner surface or any part of which corresponds substantially with any line shown on the accompanying floor plan as a boundary of a proposed lot, exists;

(2) any floor or ceiling, the upper or under surface or any part of which forms a boundary of a proposed lot, shown in the accompanying floor plan exists;

(3) any wall, floor, ceiling or structural cubic space, by reference to which any boundary of a proposed lot shown in the accompanying floor plan is defined, exists;

(4) any building containing proposed lots erected on the land shown on the accompanying location plan and each proposed lot shown on the accompanying floor plan are wholly within the perimeter of the parcel *except to the extent that:

*(a) the building encroaches on a public place;

*(b) the building encroaches on land other than a public place, in respect of which encroachment an appropriate easement

*has been created as †registered †

*is to be created under section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919;

(5) the survey information recorded in the accompanying location plan is accurate

Signature

Date 18-10-94

* Delete if inapplicable

† State whether dealing or plan, and quote registered number

This is sheet 1 of my Plan in TWO sheets.

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 2 DP.38790

LGA ALBURY Locality : NORTH ALBURY

Parish : ALBURY County : GOULBURN

Reduction Ratio 1: 400 Lengths are in metres

STRATA PLAN 48609

Registered : 17-12-1994

C.A. : Nº. 3188 OF 8-11-1994

Purpose : SUBDIVISION

Ref. Map : ALBURY SH.14

Last Plan : DP.38790*

Name of, and *address for service of notices on, the body corporate
*Address required on original strata plan only.

THE PROPRIETORS STRATA PLAN No.
C/- JOHN HAYDON PROPERTIES PTY. LTD.
350 URANA ROAD LAVINGTON 2641

Signatures, seals and statements of intention to create easements, restrictions on the use of land or positive covenants.

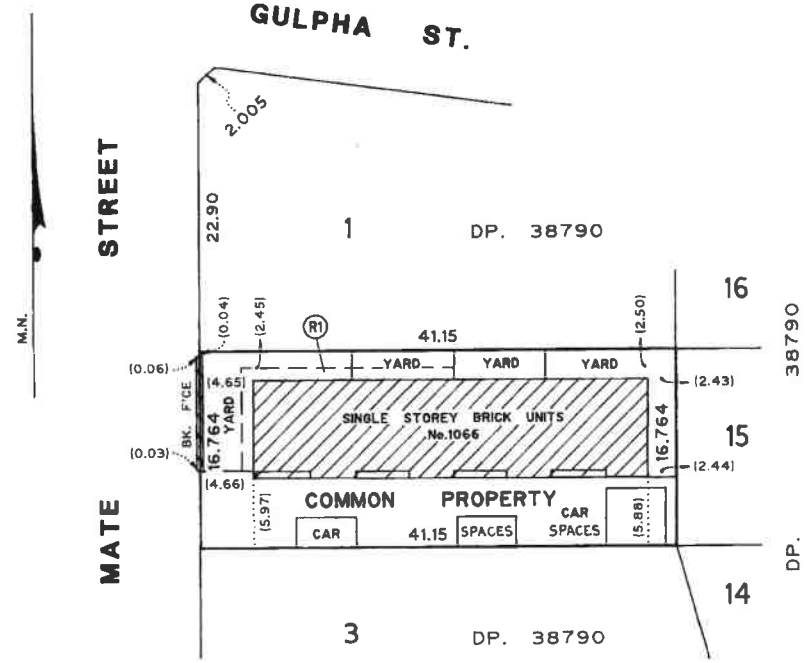
PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919 AND SECTION 7 (3) OF THE STRATA TITLES ACT 1973, IT IS INTENDED TO CREATE :-

1) RIGHT OF FOOTWAY 1 WIDE.

THE SEAL OF HUME BUILDING SOCIETY LTD WAS HEREUNTO DULY AFFIXED IN THE PRESENCE OF:

B.J. Esler DIRECTOR

W. Hamalan SECRETARY



SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE: 9817/5239/CHECKLIST

Plan Drawing only to appear in this space

Plan Drawing only to appear in this space

Req:R491806 /Doc:SP 0048609 P /Rev:12-Dec-1994 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:11-Mar-2021 09:53 /Seq:1 of 2
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FORM 2

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

Sheet No. 2 of 2 Sheets

STRATA PLAN 48609

*OFFICE USE ONLY

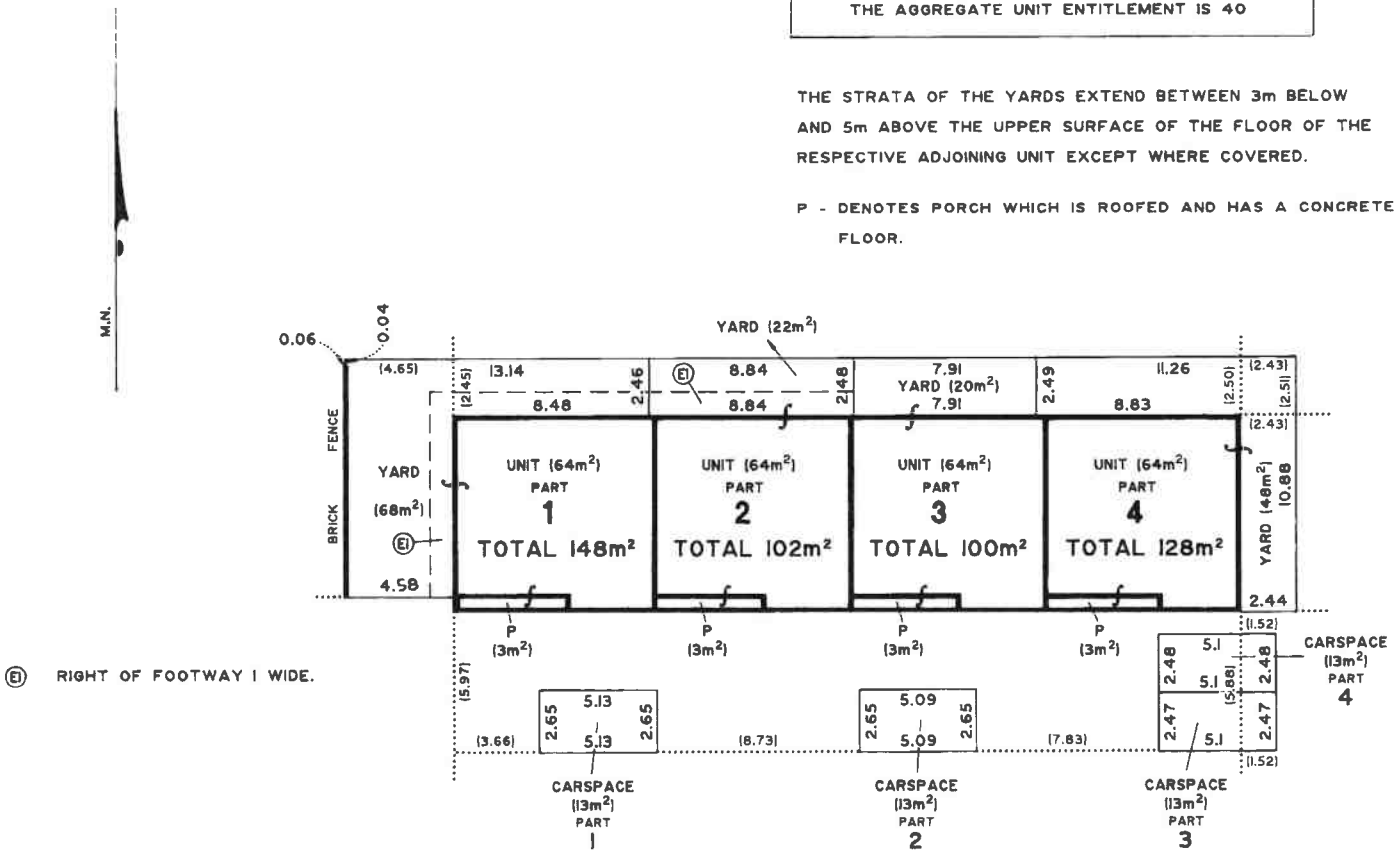
SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

EACH LOT HAS A UNIT ENTITLEMENT OF 10

THE AGGREGATE UNIT ENTITLEMENT IS 40

THE STRATA OF THE YARDS EXTEND BETWEEN 3m BELOW AND 5m ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF THE FLOOR OF THE RESPECTIVE ADJOINING UNIT EXCEPT WHERE COVERED.

P - DENOTES PORCH WHICH IS ROOFED AND HAS A CONCRETE FLOOR.



(E1) RIGHT OF FOOTWAY 1 WIDE.

..... DENOTES LINE OF OUTER FACE OF WALL OR AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THAT LINE.

AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY.

THE STRATA OF THE CARSPACES EXTEND FROM THE UPPER SURFACE OF THEIR CONCRETE FLOOR TO 1.9 m ABOVE THAT SURFACE.

Reduction Ratio 1: 200

Lengths are in metres

Surveyor Registered under Surveyors Act 1929

General Manager/Authorised Person

SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE 9817/5239/CHECKLIST

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Req:R491807 /Doc:SP 0048609 B /Rev:12-Dec-1994 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:11-Mar-2021 09:53 /Seq:1 of 1
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INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919

(Sheet 1 of 1 Sheets)

PART 1

Plan: **48609**

Subdivision of the land in Lot 2 in Deposited Plan No. 38790 covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No. 3188 of 8-11-1994.

Full name and address of proprietor of the land

Peter George McLaurin and Mary Frances McLaurin of 399 Heath Street, Albury, NSW. 2640

1. Identity of Easement or restriction firstly referred to in above-mentioned plan:

Right of Footway 1 wide.

Schedule of lots etc. affected.

Lots burdened.	Lots, name of road or Authority benefited
Lot 1	Lot 2 & Lot 3
Lot 2	Lot 3

SIGNED in my presence by PETER)
GEORGE McLAURIN and MARY FRANCES)
McLAURIN who are personally)
known to me:)

IRISH HENRY
91 HUME STREET
WODONGA 3690

.....
(Proprietor)

THE SEAL OF HUME BUILDING SOCIETY LTD was hereunto affixed under the authority of a resolution of the Board in the presence of and is attested to by one of its Directors and the Secretary whose signatures are set opposite:

.....DIRECTOR

.....SECRETARY

HUME BUILDING SOCIETY LTD. A.R.B.N. 050 789 680
The Common Seal of

18/11/94
.....
GENERAL MANAGER
COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ALBURY

Registered 5-12-1994.

This is Sheet 1 of a 1 Sheet Instrument.....

Australasian Legal Information Institute

New South Wales Consolidated Regulations

STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016 - SCHEDULE 2

STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016 - SCHEDULE 2

SCHEDULE 2 – BY-LAWS FOR PRE-1996 STRATA SCHEMES

(Clause 35)

1 NOISE

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

> **Note :** This by-law was previously by-law 12 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 13 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

2 VEHICLES

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

> **Note :** This by-law was previously by-law 13 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 14 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

3 OBSTRUCTION OF COMMON PROPERTY

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

> **Note :** This by-law was previously by-law 14 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 15 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

4 DAMAGE TO LAWNS AND PLANTS ON COMMON PROPERTY

An owner or occupier of a lot must not--

(a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or

(b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 15 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 16 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

5 DAMAGE TO COMMON PROPERTY

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation.

Note : This by-law is subject to sections 109 and 110 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* .

(2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing--

(a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or

(b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 106 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* , the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 16 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 17 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

6 BEHAVIOUR OF OWNERS AND OCCUPIERS

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 17 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 18 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

7 CHILDREN PLAYING ON COMMON PROPERTY IN BUILDING

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 18 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 19 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

8 BEHAVIOUR OF INVITEES

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 19 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 20 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

9 DEPOSITING RUBBISH AND OTHER MATERIAL ON COMMON PROPERTY

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 20 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 21 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

10 DRYING OF LAUNDRY ITEMS

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 21 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 22 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

11 CLEANING WINDOWS AND DOORS

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 22 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 23 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

12 STORAGE OF INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS AND OTHER SUBSTANCES AND MATERIALS

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 23 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 24 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

13 MOVING FURNITURE AND OTHER OBJECTS ON OR THROUGH COMMON PROPERTY

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 24 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 25 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold*

Development) Act 1986 .

14 FLOOR COVERINGS

(1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.

(2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 25 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 26 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

15 GARBAGE DISPOSAL

An owner or occupier of a lot--

(a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and

(b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and

(c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and

(d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and

(e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

(f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 26 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 27 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

16 KEEPING OF ANIMALS

(1) Subject to section 157 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* , an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 27 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 28 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

17 APPEARANCE OF LOT

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 29 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 30 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

18 NOTICE BOARD

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 3 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 3 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986* .

19 CHANGE IN USE OF LOT TO BE NOTIFIED

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

Planning Certificate Section 10.7(2)

Certificate Number: 37362
Date Issued: 17/11/2022

Applicant Details:

Lisa Spinelli Solicitor
PO Box 7191
EAST ALBURY NSW 2640

Applicant Reference:
Parcel Number: 30396

Property Details:

Title Details: LOT: 1 SP: 48609
Property Address: Unit 1 1066 Mate Street NORTH ALBURY NSW 2640

Section 209 and Schedule 2 to the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021, issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (Act)*

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Albury Local Environmental Plan 2010 (Gazetted 13/8/2010)
The consolidated Albury Local Environmental Plan 2010 is the principal statutory planning instrument to guide planning decisions for the Albury Local Government area.
An electronic version is available at: https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/view/html/inforce/current/epi-2010-0433#statusinformation

Albury Development Control Plan 2010 (Adopted 13/08/2010)
The Albury Development Control Plan 2010 contains detailed planning controls that set out the guidelines and considerations against which development proposals can be consistently measured and assessed for determination purposes for the Albury Local Government Area.
An electronic version is available at: https://www.alburycity.nsw.gov.au/property/plan/planning-controls/albury-development-control-plan-2010

State Environmental Planning Policies
Full copies of each State Environmental Planning Policy are available online at NSW Legislation website: https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/browse/inforce#/epi/title/s

State Environmental Planning Policy No.65 (Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development) 2002
State Environmental Planning Policy (BASIX) 2004
State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development) 2008
State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Regional) 2021

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

Employment Zones Reform

On 26 April 2023, Business and Industrial zones will be replaced by Employment zones within standard instrument local environmental plans. The Department of Planning and Environment exhibited in May 2022 details of how each Local Environmental Plan that includes a Business or Industrial zone will be amended to include Employment zones.

Within Council's LEP there are areas that will not be covered by the 26 April 2023 commencement date. This detail will be available from 1 December 2022.

The exhibition detail can be viewed on the NSW Planning Portal website
https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/employment-zones

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if:

(a) It has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or

(b) for a proposed environmental planning instrument – the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.

(4) In this section:

proposed environmental planning instrument means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environment plan.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described:

(a) the identity of the zone, whether by reference to:

(i) a name such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area", or

(ii) a number (such as "Zone No 2 (a)",

Zone: R1 - General Residential Zone

(b) the purposes for which development in the zone

(i) may be carried out without development consent

Refer to Appendix A

(ii) may not be carried out except with development consent

All permitted development (construction and/or use) in this zone requires approval (development consent or complying development certificate) unless it is permitted without consent or, if listed as Exempt Development in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt & Complying Development Codes) 2008 or where relevant in Clause 3.1 of Albury LEP 2010 (Refer to Appendix A). The demolition of all houses and most buildings or structures on the land require development consent unless it is Exempt Development.

(iii) is prohibited

Refer to Appendix A

(c) whether additional permitted uses apply to the land

None apply

(d) whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions

This land is subject to the planning provisions of clause 4.1-Minimum Subdivision Lot Size of the Albury Local Environment Plan 2010 and the relevant requirements of the Albury Development Control Plan 2010.

(e) whether the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*

None apply

(f) whether the land is in a conservation area, however described

None apply

(g) whether an item of environmental heritage, however described, is located on the land

None apply

3. Contributions plans

(1) *The name of each contribution plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contribution plans:*

Section 94 Development Servicing Plan, March 2005 as amended. This plan details charges to be levied on development, lodged prior to 30 June 2014.

Section 64 Development Servicing Plan, July 2004 as amended. This plan details charges to be levied on development, lodged prior to 30 June 2014.

Albury Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2014. This plan details the Local Infrastructure Contributions, including Section 64 contributions, Section 7.11 (formerly Section 94) contributions or Section 7.12 (formerly Section 94A contributions), to be levied on development and complying development lodged from 1 July 2014, to meet the cost of new and upgraded Local Infrastructure, Water and Wastewater Management Works. The *Albury Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2014* is available to view on Council's website: https://www.alburycity.nsw.gov.au

(2) If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area:

None apply

4. Complying development

(1) If the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under *State Environment Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19.

(2) If complying development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reason why it may not be carried out under the clause.

(3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that:

(a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and

(b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

(4) If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

Does this apply to the land?

Housing Code
Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Rural Housing Code
Complying Development may not be carried out under the Rural Housing Code as the subject land falls within a Local Environmental Plan zone that does not meet the requirements of the code.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code
Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Greenfield Housing Code
Complying Development may not be carried out under the Greenfield Housing Code as the subject land is not within the designated Greenfield Housing Code Area.

Inland Code
Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Inland Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Housing Alterations Code
Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Alterations Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

General Development Code
Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Demolition Code
Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code
Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Container Recycling Facilities Code
Complying Development may not be carried out under the Container Recycling Facilities Code as the subject land falls within a Local Environmental Plan zone that does not meet the requirements of the code.

Subdivision Code
Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivision Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Commercial and Industrial (New Building and Additions) Code
Complying Development may not be carried out under the Commercial & Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code as the subject land falls within a Local Environmental Plan zone that does not meet the requirements of the code.

Fire Safety Code
Complying Development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code, subject to the development complying with the relevant standards contained within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Note: Despite any references above advising that Complying Development may be undertaken on the land, certain Complying Development may be precluded from occurring on the land due to requirements contained in the remainder of State Environment Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. It is necessary to review the State Environment Planning Policy in detail to ensure that specific types of complying development may be undertaken on the land.

5. Exempt Development

(1) If the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)-(d) or 1.16A.

(2) If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

(3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that:

(a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and

(b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extend to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.

(4) If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to that land.

Does this apply to the land?

There is no land within the Albury local government area identified:

1.16(1)(b1) as a declared area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/view/html/inforce/current/act-2016-063, or

declared critical habitat under Part 7A of the Fisheries Management Act 1994 https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/view/html/inforce/current/act-1994-038, and

1.16(1)(b2) as, or part of, a wilderness area (within the meaning of Wilderness Act 1987 https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/view/html/inforce/current/act-1987-196), and

1.16(1)(d) described or otherwise identified on a map specified in Schedule 4 – Land excluded from the General Exempt Development Code.

1.16A within 18 kilometres of Siding Spring Observatory.

Note: Despite any references above advising that Exempt Development may be undertaken on the land, certain Exempt Development may be precluded from occurring on the land due to requirements contained in the remainder of State Environment Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. It is necessary to review the State Environment Planning Policy in detail to ensure that specific types of exempt development may be undertaken on the land

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification order

(1) Whether the council is aware that:

(a) an affected building notice is in force in relation to the land, or

(b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or

(c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

Does this apply to the land?
None that council is aware of

(2) In this section:

Affected building notice has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017, Part 4.

Building product rectification order has the same meaning as the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

7. Land reserved for acquisition

(1) Whether an environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in the Act, section 3.15.

Does this apply to the land?
None apply

8. Road widening and road realignment

(1) Whether the land is affected by road widening or road realignment under:

(a) the *Roads Act 1993,* Part 3, Division 2, or

(b) an environmental planning instrument, or

(c) a resolution of the council.

Does this apply to the land?
The land is not in close proximity to the ring road.

The land is not affected by road widening or road re-alignment under Division 2 or Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993 or a resolution by Albury City Council.

9. Flood related development controls information

(1) If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

(2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

Does this apply to the land?
None apply

(3) In this section:

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the *Floodplain Development Manual* (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(1) Whether any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

Contaminated Land:
The council has adopted by resolution a policy on contaminated land which may restrict the development of the land. This policy is implemented when zoning or land use changes are proposed on lands which have previously been used for certain purposes. Consideration of council's adopted policy and the application of provisions under relevant State legislation is warranted.

(2) In this section:

adopted policy means a policy adopted:

(a) by the council, or

(b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

11. Bush fire prone land

(1) If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.

(2) If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

Does this apply to the land?
None apply

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

(1) If the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989,* Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division, a statement to that effect.

Does this apply to the land?
None apply

13. Mine subsidence

(1) Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

Does this apply to the land?
This land is not proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.*

14. Paper subdivision information

(1) The name of a development plan adopted by a relevant authority that:

(a) applies to the land, or

(b) is proposed to be subject to a ballot.

(2) The date of a subdivision order that applies to the land.

(3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

Does this apply to the land?
None apply

15. Property vegetation plans

If the land is land in relation to which a property vegetation plan is approved and in force under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003,* Part 4, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under the Act.

Does this apply to the land?
None apply

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 5, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust.

Does this apply to the land?
None that council is aware of

Note: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995,* Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016,* Part 5.

17. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016,* Part 8, a statement to that effect.

Does this apply to the land?
Yes, applies. The Minister of Climate Change and the Environment has by Order Conferring biodiversity certification on the Albury Local Environmental Plan 2010 (except where amended by Biodiversity Certification of Environmental Planning Instruments Order 2017 dated 21 November 2017) conferred Biodiversity Certification on the subject land on 16 February 2011. Biodiversity Certification takes effect from the date of publication of this Order in the Government Gazette, being 25 February 2011, and following extension on 15 February 2021, shall remain in force for a period of up to five years, expiring on 24 February 2026.

Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995,* Part 7AA that are taken to be certified under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016,* Part 8.

18. Orders under *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006*

Whether an order has been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land, but only if the council has been notified of the order.

Does this apply to the land?
None that council is aware of

19. Annual charges under *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protections services that relate to existing coastal protection works

(1) If the *Coastal Management Act 2016* applies to the council, whether the owner, or previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the *Land Government Act 1993,* section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works.

Does this apply to the land?
None apply

(2) In this section:

existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as the *Local Government Act 1993,* section 553B.

Note: Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Whether under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City)* 2021, Chapter 4 the land is:

(a) in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater, as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17, or
(b) shown on the Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map, or
(c) shown on the Obstacle Limitation Surface Map, or
(d) in the "public safety area" on the Public Safety Area Map, or
(e) in the "3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone" or the "13 Kilometre wildlife buffer zone" on the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map.

Does this apply to the land?
None apply

21. Development consent conditions for seniors housing

If *State Environment Planning Policy (Housing)* 2021, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2).

T 02 6023 8111
F 02 6023 8190
info@alburycity.nsw.gov.au
alburycity.nsw.gov.au

PO Box 323
553 Kiewa Street
Albury NSW 2640
ABN 92 965 474 349

Does this apply to the land?
None that council is aware of

22. Site compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable rental housing

(1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate:

(a) the period for which the certificate is current, and

(b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

(2) If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing)* 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

Does this apply to the land?
None that council is aware of

(4) In this section:

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.*

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contamination Land Management Act 1997 (CLM Act)* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate

(a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act-if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

None apply

(b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act-if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

None apply

(c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act-if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

None apply

(d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act-if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

None apply

(e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act-if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

None apply

NOTATIONS:

Threatened Species

None apply

Planning Certificate Section 10.7(2)

Other Development Constraints

None apply

GENERAL COMMENTS

See Appendix A for the objectives of the zones affecting the subject land.

Planning Instruments and the *Albury Development Control Plan 2010* impose various restrictions on the use of the land which are not attributable to the zoning or reservation of the land.

Albury Development Control Plan 2010 complements the provisions *of Albury Local Environmental Plan 2010* and contains the detailed planning provisions relating to development standards and guidelines which will be considered by Council when assessing a development application.

The above information has been taken from the Council's records but Council cannot accept responsibility for any omission or inaccuracy.

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land purporting to restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of a *Regional Environmental Plan*, *State Environmental Planning Policy, Albury Local Environmental Plan 2010* or *Albury Development Control Plan 2010*. In these circumstances any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overwritten under clause 1.9A of the *Albury Local Environmental Plan 2010.*

David Christy

Service Leader City Development

Infrastructure, Planning and Environment

APPENDIX 'A' to the PLANNING CERTIFICATE

R1 – GENERAL RESIDENTIAL ZONE

Land Use Table

1. **Objectives of the R1 General Residential Zone**

- To provide for the housing needs of the community.
- To provide for a variety of housing types and densities.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To encourage affordable housing.
- To encourage medium density housing that is designed to achieve a high standard of amenity.

2. **Permitted without consent**

Environmental protection works; Home-based child care; Home occupations

3. **Permitted with consent**

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Group homes; Helipads; Home industries; Hostels; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Pond-based aquaculture; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Serviced apartments; Sewage reticulation systems; Shop top housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Water recycling facilities; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4.

4. **Prohibited**

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Emergency services facilities; Entertainment facilities; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Function centres; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Local distribution premises, Marinas; Mooring pens; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Port facilities; Public administration buildings; Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Research stations; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Service stations; Sewerage systems; Sex services premises; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water treatment facilities; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies.

Development in the R1 General Residential Zone

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 (Codes SEPP) and Clause 3.1 of the Albury LEP 2010 allows certain types of development, known as "Exempt Development" to be undertaken generally without development consent on the subject property. Please visit the NSW Planning Portal for more information https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/ .

CITY OF ALBURY

Plan of House Drainage

FOR

T. RAND

MATE STREET

Detail Plan No. 44

Drainage Plan No. 8317

House No. 1064 Lot No. 2

Fee, including inspection $3-50

Amendment Fee, 50c.

B.—Bend
B.T.—Boundary Trap
C.I.P.—Cast Iron Pipe
D.T.—Disconnector Trap
E.V.—Educt Vent

G.D.T.—Gully Disconnector Trap
G.S.T.—Gully Silt Trap
G.T.—Gully Trap
Gr.T.—Grease Trap
G.W.I.P.—Galv. Wrought Iron Pipe

I.B.—Inspection Bend
I.J.—Inspection Junction
I.P.—Inspection Pipe
I.V.—Induct Vent
M.H.—Man-hole

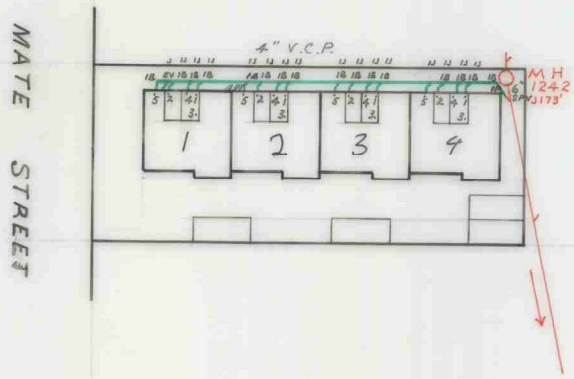
S.I.V.P.—Soil Induct Vent Pipe
S.P.V.—Standard Property Vertical
S.V.P.—Soil Vent Pipe
V.—Vertical
V.C.P.—Vitrified Clay Pipe

Scale: 40 feet to 1 inch

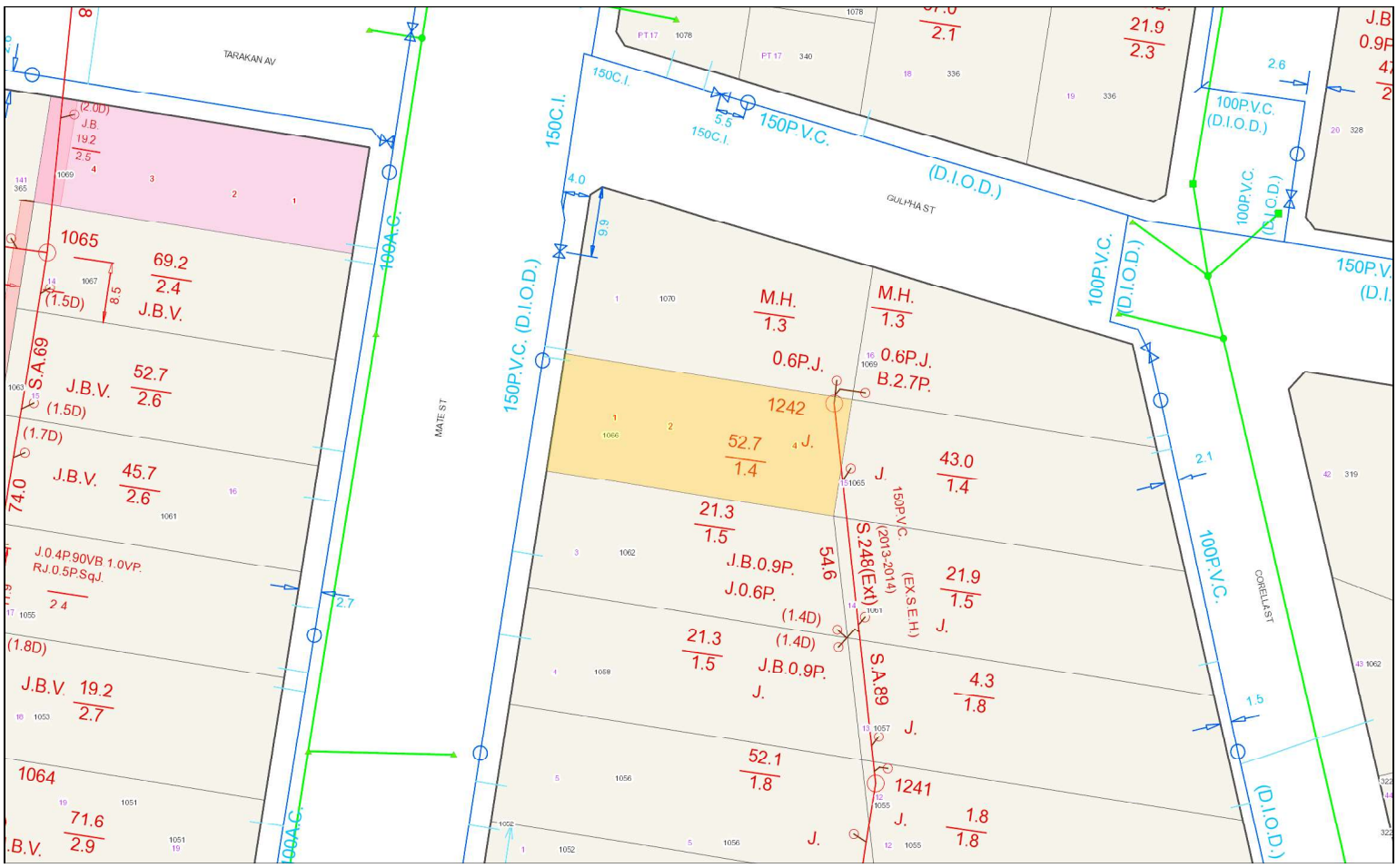
Date 21-3-72 Drawn by J.A.K W. & S. Engineer [signature] C.E.

Junction about 173 feet from down stream M.H. No. 1241 Depth, approx. 4·5 feet

1. W.C.
2. Tubs.
3. Bath.
4. Basin.
5. Sink.
6. Shower.
7. Urinal.







DISCLAIMER
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MAP GRID AUSTRALIA, ZONE 55
TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION
HORIZONTAL DATUM: GEODETIC DATUM AUSTRALIA 1994
VERTICAL DATUM: AUSTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM 1972

Water, Sewer & Stormwater Details

SCALE:	1:500 @ A3L
GENERATED BY:	jennyro
DATE:	Mar 15, 2021, 11:16 AM

1066 Mate Street

Metres 10 20 30

AlburyCity

AlburyCity

NSW GOVERNMENT

Standard form from 23 March 2020

Residential tenancy agreement

Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 Schedule 1 Standard Form Agreement (Clause 4(1))

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the ***Agreement***).

1. This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, so please read all terms and conditions carefully.
2. If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 30 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
3. If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
4. The landlord or the landlord's agent **must give the tenant** a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of the Tenant Information Statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

THIS AGREEMENT IS MADE ON 13th of May 2022 **AT** Leasing Albury Wodonga

1/1066 Mate Street, North Albury, NSW, 2640

BETWEEN

Landlord Name (1): B. Kickert

Landlord Name (2):

Landlord telephone number or other contact details: belindakickert@gmail.com

Note: *These details **must** be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent*

Address for service of notices (can be an agent's address): 2/560 David Street

Suburb: Albury State: NSW Postcode: 2640

Note: *The landlord(s) business address or residential address **must** be provided for landlord(s) if there is **no** landlord's agent*

Tenant Name (1): Rohitbir Singh

Tenant Name (2):

Tenant Name (3):

Add all other tenants here:

Address for service of notices (if different to address of residential premises):

Suburb: State: Postcode:

Contact details: rohitbirsingh123@gmail.com

For information about your rights and responsibilities under this agreement, contact NSW Fair Trading at www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au or call 13 32 20.

Landlord's agent details: [*If applicable*]

Agent name:

Leasing Albury Wodonga

Business address for service of notices:

2/560 David Street

Suburb: Albury | State: NSW | Postcode: 2640

Contact details: [*This must include a telephone number*]

02 6023 5464

Tenant's agent details: [*If applicable*]

Agent name:

Leasing Albury Wodonga

Address for service of notices:

2/560 David Street

Suburb: Albury | State: NSW | Postcode: 2640

Contact details:

02 6023 5464

Term of agreement:

The term of this agreement is –

☐ 6 months ☑ 12 months ☐ 2 years ☐ 3 years

☐ 5 years ☐ Other (please specifiy): ☐ Periodic (no end date)

starting on 21 / 5 / 22 and ending on 20 / 5 / 23 [*Cross out if not applicable*]

Note: *For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900*

Residential premises:

The residential premises are [*Insert address*]:

1/1066 Mate Street, North Albury, NSW, 2640

The residential premises include:

2 Bedrooms; 1 Bathroom; 1 Car Space

[*Insert any inclusions, for example a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.*]

Rent:

The rent is $ 250.00 per week payable in advance starting on 20 / 5 / 22

Note: *Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.*

Rent will increase to $260.00 on 26/5/2022.

For information about your rights and responsibilities under this agreement, contact NSW Fair Trading at www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au or call 13 32 20.

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) into the following account, or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number: 082 406

account number: 84 453 4352

account name: Leasing Albury NSW Trust Account

payment reference: MAT1066-1 SINGH, or

(b) to _____ at _____ by cash, or

(c) as follows: _____

Note: *The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.*

RENTAL BOND [*Cross out if there is not going to be a bond*]:

A rental bond of $ PAID must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

☐ the landlord or another person, or
☐ the landlord's agent, or
☑ NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bond Online.

Note. *All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.*

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants

No more than One (1) persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs

Electrical repairs: Dee Cee Electrics Telephone: 02 6021 7799

Plumbing repairs: Tonkin Plumbing Telephone: 02 6040 1797

Other repairs: ..... Telephone: .....

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Utilities

Is ***electricity*** supplied to the premises from an embedded network? ☑ Yes ☐ No

Is ***gas*** supplied to the premises from an embedded network? ☑ Yes ☐ No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

☐ Hardwired smoke alarms

☑ Battery operated smoke alarms

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises? ☐ Yes ☑ No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [*Cross out if not applicable*]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* being given or served on them by email. The *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

Note.*You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.*

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

tony@leasingalbury.com.au

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

rohitbirsingh123@gmail.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under ***'Residential premises'*** *on page 2 of this agreement.*

COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
   - **2.1** a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
   - **2.2** a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. **The tenant agrees:**
   - **3.1** to pay rent on time, and
   - **3.2** to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
   - **3.3** to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. **The landlord agrees:**
   - **4.1** to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
   - **4.2** not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
   - **4.3** not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
   - **4.4** to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
   - **4.5** not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
   - **4.6** to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
   - **4.7** to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
   - **4.8** to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. *The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.*

RENT INCREASES

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

   Note: *Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.*

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**
   - **7.1** that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
   - **7.2** that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
   - **7.3** that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

8. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
   - **8.1** are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or

8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or

8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

9. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

10. The landlord agrees to pay:

10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and

10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and

10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. *Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

Note 2. *Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and

10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and

10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and

10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and

10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advance meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and

11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. *Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and

11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and

11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and

11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* and the residential premises:

11.6.1 are separately metered, or

11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered *is defined in section 3 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and

12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and

12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and

12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:

12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,

12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,

12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,

12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and

14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and

15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and

15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and

16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and

16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and

16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and

16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and

17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and

17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and

17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and

18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and

18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to its condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and

18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and

18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and

18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. *Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).*

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. The landlord agrees:

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. *Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for the residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:*

a) are structurally sound, and

b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and

c) have adequate ventilation, and

d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and

e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and

f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and

g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. *Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:*

a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and

b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures – are not subject to significant dampness, and

c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows – do not allow water penetration into the premises, and

d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.

19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and

19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and

19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and

19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and

19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence

but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding $1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and

20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and

20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and

20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and

20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and

20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. *The type of repairs that are **urgent repairs** are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows:*

(a) a burst water service,

(b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,

(c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,

(d a serious roof leak,

(e) a gas leak,

(f) a dangerous electrical fault,

(g) flooding or serious flood damage,

(h) serious storm or fire damage,

(i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,

(j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,

(k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and

21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23. The landlord and tenant agree:

23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and

23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),

24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,

24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,

24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,

24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),

24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),

24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),

24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),

24.11 if the tenant agrees.

25. The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:

25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and

25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and

25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

26. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

27. The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

28. The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. *See section 55A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is* ***'published'.***

29. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

30. The tenant agrees:

30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and

30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to install those fixtures or carry out those alterations, additions or renovations unless the landlord gives consent, and

30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and

30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and

30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and

30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

31. The landlord agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. *The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.*

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

32. The landlord agrees:

32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and

32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and

32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and

32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and

33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

34. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

35. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and

35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and

35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and

35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: *Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.*

36. The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:

37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and

37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED *[Cross out clauses if not applicable]*

~~**38. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*.~~

~~**39. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.~~

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out clauses if no rental bond is payable]

41. The landlord agrees that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:

41.1 details of the amount claimed, and

41.2 copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and

41.3 a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

42. The landlord agrees to:

42.1 ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and

42.2 conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and

42.3 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and

42.4 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and

42.5 engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and

42.6 repair or replace, a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working, unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and

42.7 reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. *Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm (which includes a heat alarm) includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.*

Note 2. *Clauses 42.2-42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.*

Note 3. *A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

43. The tenant agrees:

43.1 to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and

43.2 that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and

43.3 to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15-17 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

Note. *Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.*

44. The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. *The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.*

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool]

~~**45. The landlord agrees** to ensure that the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.~~

~~*[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]*~~

~~**46. The landlord agrees** to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:~~

~~**46.1** the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~

~~**46.2** a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

~~***Note.*** *A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.*~~

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or

47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

48. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and

50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and

50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and

50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

51. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,

51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,

51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,

51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note. *Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.*

52. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. *Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.*

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[*Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:*

(a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and

(b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and

(c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

Any additional terms are not required by law and are ***negotiable.***]

ADDITIONAL TERM—PETS

[*Cross out clauses if not applicable*]

~~**53. The landlord agrees** that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises [*specify the breed, size etc*]:~~

~~**54. The tenant agrees:**~~

~~**54.1** to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and~~

~~**54.2** to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and~~

54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and

54.4 to comply with any council requirements.

55. **The tenant agrees** to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

Insert any other agreed additional terms here.
Attach a separate page if necessary.

1 x General Conditions

NOTES

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

- ***landlord*** means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.
- ***landlord's agent*** means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:
  (a) the letting of residential premises, or
  (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.
- ***LFAI Register*** means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.
- ***rental bond*** means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.
- ***residential premises*** means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.
- ***tenancy*** means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.
- ***tenant*** means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgement or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

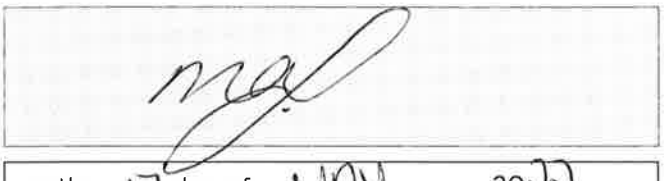
Note. *Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.*

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD/AGENT

Name of landlord/agent

Leasing Albury Wodonga

Signature of landlord/agent



on the 17 day of MAY 2022

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of the **Landlord Information Statement** published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

Signature of landlord/agent



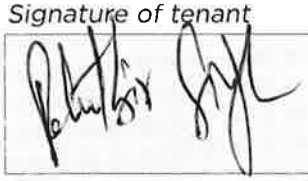
on the 17 day of MAY 2022

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (1)

Name of tenant

Rohitbir Singh

Signature of tenant



on the 17 day of MAY 2022

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (2)

Name of tenant

Signature of tenant

on the day of 20__

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (3)

Name of tenant

Signature of tenant

on the One day of 20__

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (4)

Name of tenant

Signature of tenant

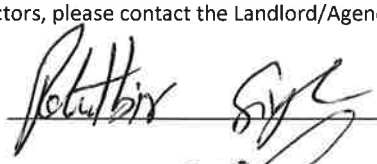
on the day of 20__

LEASING ALBURY WODONGA

You hereby understand and agree that;

1. Should the Landlord undertake the water efficiency program and deem the property water efficient before or during the tenancy the Landlord may then provide the tenant with one month's notice in order to pass all water usage charges onto the tenant.
2. Should you become locked out of your property or lose the keys either after business hours or on the weekend, you are responsible to employ a professional locksmith to gain entry at your own expense. *Usually* Leasing Albury Wodonga will have a spare set of keys, if these are in our possession and if we are able to get these to you after hours a $80.00 call out fee will apply, payable within 7 days. Leasing Albury Wodonga may not be available to deliver keys.
   Call 6023 5464 afterhours.
3. If there is a pet lease in place, you understand and agree to undertake professional flea fumigation at the premises upon vacating and,
4. Any damaged caused by the pet/s must be rectified by the tenant/s immediately or upon written request.
5. During routine inspections, our agents are permitted to take photos of the inside and outside of the property for the landlord's sake. This is to ensure that the property is being maintained and kept in good condition. These photos will not be used for any advertising purposes.
6. If mould appears on the bathroom ceiling, it is the tenant's responsibility to clean immediately. Exhaust fan/s should be clean and always switched on when the bathroom is in use to prevent mould or steam damage.
7. Replacement and maintenance of light bulbs is your responsibility. Should an electrician be engaged and the issue is a replacement light bulb, the tenant/s will be held accountable for that invoice.
8. Lawn clippings must not be placed in/on the gardens. It is the tenant/s responsibility to dispose of the lawn clippings.
9. The carpets are to be professionally cleaned upon vacating the property on request or during your tenancy, only if the carpets become damaged/stained, or if pets have been kept at the residential property.
10. If the cleaning is not sufficient following vacating the property, you will be advised and allowed 24 hours to remedy this yourself. If we cannot reach you during this time, or the cleaning is not done, we will employ a professional cleaner and deduct cost from your bond.
11. Cutting boards and heat guards must be used on kitchen benches at all times. Damage caused to bench tops is the responsibility of the tenant to rectify/replace.
12. Protective felts must be used on all furniture items to ensure timber floors, tiles and any other flooring remain undamaged. Damage caused to flooring is the responsibility of the tenant.
13. ~~If there is a pool on the premises, you will be inducted on use and care for the pool. Thereafter it is the tenant's responsibility to maintain and care for the pool unless stated otherwise.~~
    a. ~~You must ensure at all times that the skimmer box is free from all leaf debris and the pool water levels remain above the pool skimmer box.~~
    b. ~~Any neglect or misuse of the swimming pool is at the cost and responsibility of the tenant.~~
    c. ~~If your pool becomes unsafe in any way, it is the tenant/s responsibility to immediately notify the agent/landlord.~~
14. No foreign items other than toilet paper are to be flushed down the toilet e.g. Sanitary items including 'flushable' wipes. If the system becomes blocked and such items are found, the tenant will be responsible for the cost of repairs.
15. Your contents are not covered under any circumstances by the landlord or agent. Contents insurance is at the tenant's responsibility.
16. You must maintain the gardens and lawns in a neat and tidy condition at all times, ensuring that they are cut, edged, weeded, and watered regularly. Should the condition of the gardens/lawns deteriorate the tenants will be held fully accountable. This includes damage/loss of lawn from parking on lawns/nature strip. Please do not park on the lawns/nature strip.
17. Care is to be taken with the dishwasher, including cleaning the filter on a weekly basis; if the dishwasher requires repair caused by the neglect of the tenants, the tenants will be responsible for the cost of these repairs.
18. Cleaning of gutters is the responsibility of the tenants to employ professional cleaners. Gutters are not to be cleaned by the tenants personally for safety reasons.
19. No blutak is to be used on the walls as the oil causes stains/marks on the wall and can cause damage to paint work.
20. No hooks are to be installed without the written consent from the landlord or agent.
21. All incoming or outgoing tenants must be made aware to the agent. Any ingoing tenants must apply for acceptance. Any outgoing tenants must complete tenant transfer papers prior to leaving the house once approved by the agent or landlord. A lease amendment fee of $100.00 must be paid before the Landlord/Agency can amend any changes to the Residential Lease Agreement.
22. Rent must always be paid on time, being on or before the due date.
23. Pest spraying and management is the tenant's responsibility unless a pre-existing issue which is declared to the agent.
24. Phone and internet connections and installations are at the cost and responsibility of the tenant.
25. Smoke detectors are not to be dismounted or disconnected for any reason. Batteries are not to be removed for any reason other than to replace with new batteries. If any issue is present with the smoke detectors, please contact the Landlord/Agency for repair/replacement.

Rohitbir Singh
TENANT NAME

Signed:  Date 17/MAY 2022

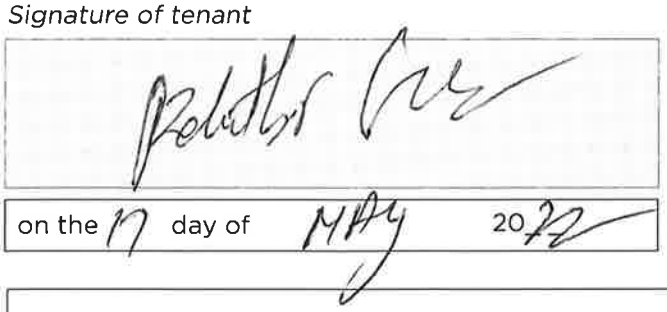
Tony McPhee
AGENT/LANDLORD

Signed:  Date 17/05/2022.

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of the **Tenant Information Statement** published by NSW Fair Trading.

Signature of tenant



on the 17 day of MAY 2022

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

(a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or

(b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or

(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au