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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2016 edition

TERM Vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM Pulse Property Agen 3/12 Central Road MIF	ts	NSW Duty: Phone: 98 Fax: 9525 Ref: Troy	5 4699
Co-agent				
Vendor	Michael Byard Brown	1		
Vendor's solicitor	110 Sutherland Rd JA The Shire Conveyand PO Box1033 CRONUL	er		2 9527 7111 527 7122 ⁄242
date for completion	42nd		day after the	contract date (clause 15)
Land(address,	110 SUTHERLAND R	OAD JANNALI NSW 222	26	
plan details and	Registered Plan: Lot C	Plan DP 355377		
title reference)	Folio Identifier C/35537	77		
	⊠ VACANT POSSES	SION 🛛 subject to exi	sting tenancies	
Improvements	🛛 HOUSE 🛛 🖾 gara	age 🗆 carport 🗌 hom	ne unit 🛛 carspa	ce 🛛 storage space
	\Box none \Box other:			
Attached copies	documents in the List other documents:	of Documents as marked	or numbered:	
A real estate agent is	permitted by legislatic	on to fill up the items in t	this box in a sale of	of residential property.
Inclusions	⊠ blinds	□ dishwasher	🛛 light fittings	⊠ stove
	⊠ built-in wardrobes	\Box fixed floor coverings	□ range hood	pool equipment
	\Box clothes line	\Box insect screens	\Box solar panels	□ TV antenna
	□ curtains	\boxtimes other: air conditioner		
Exclusions				
Purchaser				
Purchaser's solicitor			Phone:	
			Fax: Ref:	
Price				
Deposit			(10% of the price	, unless otherwise stated)
Balance			(1070 of and price	
Contract date		(if		e this contract was made)
Buyer's agent			Phone: Fax:	
			Ref:	
Vendor		GST AMOUNT (option		Witness
		The price includes		

GST of: \$

Choice	S		
Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)		□ yes	
Proposed electronic transaction (clause 30)		oxtimes yes	
Tax information (the parties promise this is	correct as fa	ar as each party	is aware)
land tax is adjustable	\boxtimes NO	□ yes	
GST: Taxable supply		\Box yes in full	\Box yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the f		yes	<u>.</u> .
\Box not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise	• •		
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to	be registered	for GST (section	9-5(d))
\square GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going co	oncern under	section 38-325	
\square GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or	farm land su	pplied for farming	g under Subdivision 38-O
\square input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential (oremises (sea	ctions 40-65, 40-7	75(2) and 195-1)

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address and	d telephone number
	Phone:

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List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
\Box 1 property certificate for the land	\Box 29 property certificate for strata common property
\Box 2 plan of the land	\square 30 plan creating strata common property
\Box 3 unregistered plan of the land	\Box 31 strata by-laws not set out in <i>legislation</i>
\Box 4 plan of land to be subdivided	\Box 32 strata development contract or statement
\Box 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	33 strata management statement
6 section 149(2) certificate (Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979)	34 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
\Box 7 section 149(5) information included in that	\Box 35 property certificate for neighbourhood property
certificate	\Box 36 plan creating neighbourhood property
☐ 8 service location diagram (pipes)	\Box 37 neighbourhood development contract
9 sewerage service diagram (property sewerage diagram)	□ 38 neighbourhood management statement
□ 10 document that created or may have created an	\square 39 property certificate for precinct property
easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or	40 plan creating precinct property
positive covenant disclosed in this contract	☐ 41 precinct development contract
□ 11 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	☐ 42 precinct management statement
□ 12 survey report	\square 43 property certificate for community property
☐ 13 building certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	44 plan creating community property
\Box 14 insurance certificate (Home Building Act 1989)	45 community development contract
☐ 15 brochure or warning (Home Building Act 1989)	46 community management statement
16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	\Box 47 document disclosing a change of by-laws
\square 17 other document relevant to tenancies	☐ 48 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
18 old system document	\square 49 document disclosing a change in boundaries
□ 19 Crown purchase statement of account	\Box 50 certificate under Management Act – section 109
\Box 20 building management statement	(Strata Schemes)
\Box 21 form of requisitions	\Box 51 certificate under Management Act – section 26
\Box 22 clearance certificate	(Community Land) Other
\Box 23 land tax certificate	
Swimming Pools Act 1992	
\Box 24 certificate of compliance	
\Box 25 evidence of registration	
\Box 26 relevant occupation certificate	
\Box 27 certificate of non-compliance	
\Box 28 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

WARNING— SWIMMING POOLS

An owner of a property on which a swimming pool is situated must ensure that the pool complies with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*. Penalties apply. Before purchasing a property on which a swimming pool is situated, a purchaser is strongly advised to ensure that the swimming pool complies with the requirements of that Act.

WARNING— SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.

3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:

- (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
- (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
- (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
- (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning and Environment Department of Primary Industries East Australian Pipeline Limited Electricity and gas authority Land & Housing Corporation Local Land Services Mine Subsidence Board NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading NSW Public Works Office of Environment and Heritage Owner of adjoining land Privacy Roads and Maritime Services Telecommunications authority Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it may become payable when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is \$2 million or more, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Model and Guidelines).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

Land - 2016 edition

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
adjustment date bank	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a
DATIK	
huainaga day	bank, a building society or a credit union; any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
business day	
cheque clearance certificate	a cheque that is not postdated or stale; a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act,</i> that
	covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract
	date to completion;
deposit-bond	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount
deposit-bond	each approved by the vendor;
depositholder	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's
aopoolatolaot	solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax
	Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
party	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
requisition	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
remittance amount	the lesser of 10% of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified
	in a <i>variation served</i> by a <i>party</i> ;
rescind	rescind this contract from the beginning;
serve	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
settlement cheque	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and –
	 issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or
	• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , some other
	cheque;
solicitor	in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this
	contract or in a notice served by the party;
TA Act	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
terminate variation	terminate this contract for breach; a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be
work order	spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the
	term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or
*	clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond;* and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion -
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser serves a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

- The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –
- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;

- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded, and

9.3 sue the purchaser either –

- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* (`service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or

- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -
- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
 - to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

12.3

- 13.1 In this clause, enterprise, input tax credit, margin scheme, supply of a going concern, tax invoice and taxable supply have the same meanings as in the *GST Act*.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment, pay an expense of another party or pay an amount payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the amount; but
 - 13.3.2 if this contract says this sale is a taxable supply, and payment would entitle the *party* to an input tax credit, the adjustment or payment is to be worked out by deducting any input tax credit to which the party receiving the adjustment is or was entitled and adding the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if
 - 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must adjust land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.

- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque 16.7.1 the price less:
 - any deposit paid;
 - if clause 31 applies, the *remittance amount*; and
 - any amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -
 - 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by fax to the party's solicitor, unless it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any legislation includes a reference to any corresponding later legislation.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 and 2) are, to the extent of each *party*'s knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).

23.2 In this contract -

'change', in relation to a scheme, means -

- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract or set out in legislation and • specified in this contract;
- a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
- a change in the boundaries of common property;

'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;

'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;

'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme; 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot;

'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are normal expenses, due to fair wear and tear, disclosed in this contract or covered by moneys held in the sinking fund.

- Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by 23.3 it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - a regular periodic contribution; 23.5.1
 - a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and 23.5.2
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners 23.5.3 corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - the vendor is liable for it if it was levied before the contract date (unless it relates to work not 23.6.1 started by that date), even if it is payable by instalments;
 - the vendor is also liable for it to the extent it relates to work started by the owners corporation 23.6.2 before the contract date; and
 - the purchaser is liable for all other contributions levied after the contract date. 23.6.3
- The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for 23.7 which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6. *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under 23.8.2 clause 6; or
 - a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme. 23.8.3
- However, the purchaser can rescind if -23.9
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion; or
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract.
- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of a proper form of notice of the transfer of the lot addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion. 23.11
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must serve a certificate under s109 Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 or s26 Community Land Management Act 1989 in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the certificate and clause 21.3 23.14 does not apply to this provision.

- 23.15 On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.17 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- 23.18 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.18.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.18.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser -
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.

- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Grown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is restricted title land (land that cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation*).
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within* 7 days after *service* of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 If the *legislation* is the Western Lands Act 1901 each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days.
- 27.8 If the land or part is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.

28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed *electronic transaction*; and
 - 30.1.2 the purchaser serves a notice that it is an *electronic transaction within* 14 days of the contract date.
- 30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an *electronic transaction*, a *party serves* a notice that it will not be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –

30.3.1 each party must –

- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
- otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- associated with the agreement under clause 30.1; and
- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
 - 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*;
 - 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;

- 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made -
 - after receipt of the purchaser's notice under clause 30.1.2; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2;

is taken to have been received by that party at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an electronic document is served as soon as it is first Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace on behalf of the party required to serve it.
- Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of receipt of the notice under clause 30.1.2 -
- create an Electronic Workspace; 30.5.1

30.5

30.9

- populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, 30.5.2 mortgagee details; and
- invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace. 30.5.3
- If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may 30.6 create an Electronic Workspace. If the purchaser creates the Electronic Workspace the purchaser must
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with title data; 30.6.1
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time: and
 - invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace. 30.6.4
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - join the *Electronic Workspace*; 30.7.1
 - create and populate an electronic transfer; 30.7.2
 - invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and 30.7.3
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the 30.8 Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace:
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and 30.8.2
 - invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace. 30.8.3
 - To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion; and
 - the vendor must populate the Electronic Workspace with payment details at least 1 business day 30.9.2 before the date for completion. At least 1 *business day* before the date for completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10
 - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction 30.10.1 are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -30.11
 - payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be 30.11.1 payment by a single settlement cheque;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 16.8, 16.12, 16.13, 31.2.2 and 31.2.3 do not apply.
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are 30.12 inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- If the *Electronic Workspace* allows the *parties* to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the 30.13 computer systems of the Land Registry being inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties -
 - 30.13.1 normally, the parties must choose that financial settlement not occur; however

- 30.13.2 if both *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial settlement occurs
 - all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things
 - 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and

30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
certificate of title	the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists
	immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;
completion time	the time of day on the date for completion when the <i>electronic transaction</i> is to be settled;
discharging mortgagee	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose
	provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or
	withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to
	be transferred to the purchaser;
ECNL	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
electronic document	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and
	Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;
electronic transfer	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be
	prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the
	purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;
electronic transaction	a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal
	representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL
5	and the <i>participation rules;</i>
incoming mortgagee	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the
	property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
mortgagee details	the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any
	discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;
participation rules	the participation rules as determined by the ENCL;
populate	to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and
title data	the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace
	by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies to contracts made on or after 1 July 2016 but only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*, and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must –

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of the purchaser's submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *remittance amount* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the remittance amount.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation,* the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

WARNING SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply."

SWIMMING POOLS

An owner of property on which a swimming pool is situated must ensure that the pool complies with the requirements of *the Swimming Pools Act 1992*. Before purchasing a property on which a swimming pool is situated, a purchaser is strongly advised to ensure that the swimming pool complies with the requirement of that Act.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Special Conditions included in the Contract for Sale of Land 2016 between:

Vendor: Michael Byard Brown

Purchaser:

32. HEADINGS/INVALIDITY AND CONSTRUCTION

- 32.1 In the event any one or more of the provisions contained in this Contract or any part thereof shall be found to be invalid or illegal in any respect, the validity, legality or enforceability of the remaining provisions in this Contract shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby;
- 32.2 Headings are for ease of reference only and do not affect the interpretation of any clause.
- 32.3 In the event of any conflict between the printed clauses of the standard Contract for Sale of Land (2005 edition) and the additional special conditions, these condition clauses shall prevail.

33. AMENDMENTS TO STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 33.1 Clause 7.1.1 is replaced from 5% with 1%;
- 33.2 Clause 7.1.3 is replaced from 14 days with 7 days;
- 33.3 Clause 7.2.1 is replaced from 10% with 5%;
- 33.4 Clause 8.1 the words "on reasonable grounds" are deleted;
- 33.5 Clause 16.5 the words "plus another 20% of that fee" are deleted;

33.6 Clause 23.13 is deleted if the property is a 2 lot strata or there is no regular periodic strata levies or payments

33.7 Clause 16.12 delete

34. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

34.1 No Warranty

Without in any manner excluding, modifying or restricting the rights of the Purchaser under section 52A (2) (b) of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulations 2010, the Vendor makes no warranty as to the completeness or accuracy of any of the documents or copies of documents provided from the agent of the Vendor.

34.2 Entire Agreement

To the extent permitted by law, in relation to the subject matter of this Contract:

- a) This Contract embodies the entire understanding of the parties, and constitutes the entire terms agreed on between the parties; and
- b) Supersedes any prior written or other agreement between the parties.

34.3 No Representation

Without limiting the generality of clause 32.1, the Vendor makes no warranty or representation in respect of the accuracy or completeness of any information or statements contained or referred to in any brochure, advertisement or other document made available by or on behalf of the Vendor in connection with this sale or this Contract and the Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that it has placed no reliance on any brochure, advertisement or other document.

The Purchaser acknowledges that the Purchaser:

- a) Has made its own inquiries in relation to the property;
- **b)** Does not rely on any representation, letter, document or arrangement (whether oral or in writing) or other conduct as adding to or amending this Contract;
- c) Is fully satisfied as to all information relevant to the risks, contingencies and other circumstances affecting the Purchaser of the property; and
- d) Is fully satisfied as to the need for the existence or validity of any development or other approval.

35. CONDITION

The Purchaser purchases the property in its present condition and state of repair and shall not make any requisitions, objection or claim against the Vendor in respect of such matters.

36. DEATH, INCAPACITY AND BANKRUPTCY

Without affecting any rights or remedies available to either party at law or in equity had this Additional Clause not be included, if either party (or any one of them) prior to completion:

- a) being a natural person dies, becomes mentally ill or is otherwise incapable of managing their affairs or be declared bankrupt then Either Party may rescind this Contract by notice in writing to the Other Party's solicitor and the provisions of clause 19 shall apply; or
- b) Or being a company resolves to go into liquidation or have a petition for winding up of the Other Party presented or enter into any scheme or arrangement with its creditors under the relevant provisions of the Corporations Act or if a liquidator, receiver or official manager be appointed to the Other Party, then the Other Party is in default and the First Party may, subject to any law to the contrary, affirm or terminate this Contract.

37. INTEREST

If the Purchaser shall not complete this purchase by the agreed completion date, at a time when the Vendor is ready, willing and able to complete on or after that completion date, then the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of purchase money, an amount calculated as ten percent per annum (10%) interest on the balance of purchase money, computed at a daily rate from the day immediately after the agreed completion dated up to and including the actual date on which this sale shall be completed. It is further agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings. The Vendor shall not be obliged to complete this Contract unless the amount payable under this clause is tendered.

38. NOTICE TO COMPLETE

Completion of this matter shall take place on or before 4:00pm within the time provided for in clause 15 herein. Should completion not take place within that time, then either party shall be at liberty to issue a Notice to Complete calling for the other party to complete the matter making the time for completion essential. Such notice shall give not less than 14 days notice after the day immediately following the day on which that notice is received by the recipient of the notice. A Notice to Complete of such duration is considered by the parties as being deemed reasonable and sufficient to render the time for completion essential. The party that issues the Notice to Complete shall also be at liberty to withdraw such Notice to Complete than the Vendor shall be entitled to recover a fee of \$440.00 (GST inclusive) from the other party to cover the cost for issuing such Notice.

39. AGENT

The Purchaser warrants:

a) they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by an agent other than the agent noted on the front page of the contract

and

b) no agent is the effective cause of this sale other than the agent (if any) named as the Vendor's agent on page 1 of this contract.

If the purchaser is in breach of the warranty in clause 37 a or b, the purchaser indemnifies and will save harmless the Vendor against all costs (on an indemnity basis), damages, expenses or other consequential losses touching upon the Purchaser's breach of this warranty.

This clause will not merge on completion

40. DEPOSIT

The Purchaser shall, upon request, release the deposit paid herein or part thereof to the Vendor's Licensed Conveyancer for

- 1. Payment as directed to complete settlement on the vendors sale or purchase
- 2. Towards the deposit on the vendors purchase of property
- 3. For stamp duty on the Vendor's purchase.
- 4. Towards a deposit into a retirement institution

The Vendor shall at any time provide the Purchaser with sufficient details of that property to allow the Purchaser to trace the deposit monies.

If the deposit is released for the purposes of paying the deposit on a property it will only be released to a Real Estate Agents or a Conveyancer/ Solicitors trust account.

41. TRANSFER

The Purchaser acknowledges that a sufficient statement of the Vendor's title shall be deemed to be included in the description of the property herein and that such statement shall have been deemed to have given at the date of making of this Contract. If the Transfer or Conveyance is submitted by the Purchaser or their Solicitor/Conveyancer within 14 days prior to completion the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on settlement the amount of \$110.00 (GST inclusive)

42. SETTLEMENT

If settlement of this matter does not take place at the time appointed for same due to the fault of the Purchaser or his/her mortgagee, then the Purchaser shall pay all fees including agency fees and re-certification fees incurred by the Vendor's Conveyancer or his/her mortgagee in relation to any rearrangements of settlement. We estimate this fee to be \$220.00 (GST Inclusive).

Where the Vendor's Conveyancer hold the Certificate of Title for the subject property in his possession and the Purchaser requests or requires settlement to occur in a venue other than the Vendor's Conveyancers office, then the Purchaser shall allow to the Vendor the reasonable agency fee which the Vendor will incur in meeting the Purchaser's convenience. Nothing herein shall be construed as compelling the Vendor to meet the Purchaser's convenience. We estimate this fee to be \$110.00 (GST Inclusive).

43. EXTENSION OF COOL OFF

- 43.1 The purchaser agrees and acknowledges that in the event that an extension of the cooling off period beyond that agreed as at the date of this contract is required by the purchaser, then they shall pay the sum of \$100.00 plus GST directly to the vendors Conveyancer as recognition of fees that the vendor shall incur on account of arranging the extension. This sum shall fall due and payable at settlement, or in the event the contract does not proceed, upon rescission whereby the purchaser authorizes the agent to release that sum to the vendors Conveyancer in that event.
- 43.2 This sum shall fall due and payable regardless of:
 - 43.2.1 Whether or not the extension of the cool-off period is granted
 - 43.2.2 Whether or not the purchaser elects or does not elect to exercise their rights to cool –off from the contract in due course

44. PAYMENT OF DEPOSIT

The Vendor and Purchaser agree that the deposit is acceptable in the form of Cash, Cheque or Electronic Fund Transfer



LAND AND PROPERTY INFORMATION NEW SOUTH WALES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: C/355377

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
30/3/2017	11:23 AM	-	_

VOL 5677 FOL 189 IS THE CURRENT CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

LAND

LOT C IN DEPOSITED PLAN 355377 AT JANNALI LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE PARISH OF SUTHERLAND COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM DP355377

FIRST SCHEDULE

MICHAEL BYARD BROWN

(T L632438)

SECOND SCHEDULE (1 NOTIFICATION)

1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

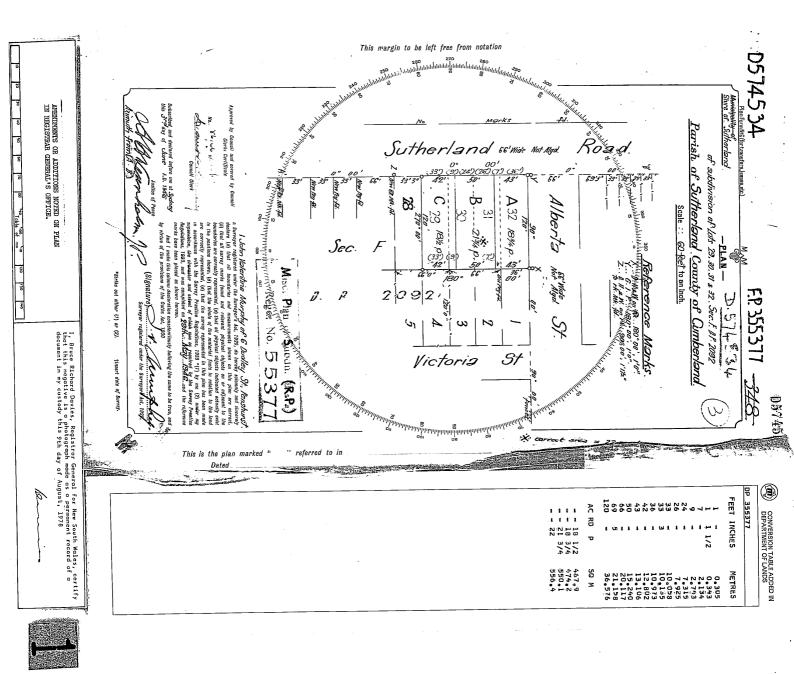
*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 30/3/2017

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register.

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SAI Global Property Division an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.





Administration Centre 4-20 Eton Street Sutherland NSW 2232 Australia **Please reply to:** General Manager Locked Bag 17, Sutherland NSW 1499 Australia

Tel 02 9710 0333 Fax 02 9710 0265 DX 4511 SUTHERLAND Em ail <u>ssc@ssc.nsw.gov.au</u> www.sutherlandshire.nsw.gov.au

ABN 52 018 204 808

8.30am to 4.30pm

Monday to Friday

Office Hours

Applicant:

The Shire Conveyancer DX 21112 CRONULLA

Planning Certificate – Section 149(2) Certificate Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Delivery option:

Certificate date:	30/03/2017	Your reference:	S17/242 brown	

Property:

Certificate no:

Lot C DP 355377 110 Sutherland Road JANNALI NSW 2226

e149:17/1629

Zone:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

Notes:

- (a) The information in this certificate only relates to the real property Identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.
- (b) The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 will be referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.

Disclaimer:

(a) This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 149(2), ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENTACT, 1979

1. Names of relevant instruments and DCPs

1. The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015

Greater Metropolitan Regional Environmental Plan No. 2 - Georges River Catchment (5/2/1999) (deemed SEPP).

* Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No.09 (Extractive Industry (No.2) 1995) (deemed SEPP).

- * SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: Basix) 2004
- * SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- * SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
- * SEPP No. 19 Bushland in Urban Areas
- * SEPP No. 21 Caravan Parks
- * SEPP No. 30 Intensive Agriculture
- * SEPP No. 33 Hazardous and Offensive Development
- * SEPP No. 50 Canal Estates
- * SEPP No. 55 Remediation of Land
- * SEPP No. 62 Sustai nable Aquaculture
- * SEPP No. 64 Advertising and Signage
- * SEPP No. 65 Design Quality of Residential Flat Development.
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)
- * SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004: (Does not apply to land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Kurnell Peninsula) 1989 applies)
- * State Environmental Planning Policy (Integration and Repeals) 2016
- * SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007
- * SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007
- * State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011
- * SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005

2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-General has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Competition) 2010 applies and aims to promote economic growth and competition and remove anti competitive barriers in planning and assessment.

3. The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

* DAs lodged under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 will be assessed using amended Draft Sutherland Shire Development Control Plan 2015 until the DCP is finalised. This approach was endorsed by Council at its meeting on 21 September, 2015 (DAP030-16).

Note: In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) in any zone (however described).

(a) The name and number of the zone:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone R2 Low Density Residential

(b) Permitted without consent:

Home occupations

(c) Permitted with consent:

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Child care centres; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works, Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home businesses; Home industries; Multi dwelling housing; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Seniors housing (d) Prohibited:

Any development not specified in item (b) or (c)

(e) Minimum land dimensions fixed for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land:

Under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 there are no relevant development standards for the erection of a dwelling house due to site dimensions.

(f) Does the land include or comprise critical habitat?

No

(g) Is the land in a conservation area?

No

(h) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land?

There is no item of environmental heritage situated on the property.

2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone (however described) under:

- (a) Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP), or
- (c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,

the particulars referred to in clause 2 (a)-(h) in relation to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

Note: Sutherland Shire Council does not currently have any land in the Growth Centres that has been zoned by a Precinct Plan in the Appendices to this SEPP, proposed to be zoned in a draft Precinct Plan (that has been publicly exhibited or formally consulted on) or has been zoned under Part 3 of the Growth Centres SEPP.

3. Complying Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes)* 2008.
- (2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

General Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Housing Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Internal Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Commercial and Industrial Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4 or SP3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Subdivisions Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivisions Code.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Rural Housing Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

General Development Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code.

Demolition Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code.

4. Coastal Protection

Is the land affected by section 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act 1979* (so far as Council has been notified by the Department of Services, Technology and Administration)?

No

4A. Information relating to beaches and coasts

- (1) In relation to a coastal council whether an order has been made under Part 4D of the *Coastal Protection Act 1979* in relation to temporary coastal protection works (within the meaning of that Act) on the land (or on public land adjacent to that land), except where the Council is satisfied that such an order has been fully complied with.
- (2) In relation to a coastal council:
 - (a) whether the Council has been notified under section 55X of the Coastal Protection Act 1979 that temporary coastal protection works (within the meaning of that Act) have been placed on the land (or on public land adjacent to that land), and
 - (b) if works have been so placed whether the council is satisfied that the works have been removed and the land restored in accordance with that Act.

Note: Sutherland Shire Council has not issued any orders or been notified of any temporary coastal protection works to date.

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council—whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

There are no properties subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services.

Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

5. Mine Subsidence

Is the land proclaimed to be mine subsidence district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act, 1961*?

No

6. Road Widening and Road Realignment

(a) Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*?

(b) Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any environmental planning instrument?

No

(c) Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council?

No

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(a) Is the land affected by a policy adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate or any other risk?

No

(b) Is the land affected by a policy adopted by any other public authority that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate or any other risk?

No

7A. Flood related development controls information

(1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the Instrument set out in the Schedule to the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 27 of the Act?

No

9. Contribution Plans

Council has adopted the following Contribution Plans that apply to the land:

 The 2016 Section 94A Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).

9A. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land (within the meaning of Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*), a statement to that effect.

No

10. Biobanking agreements

If the land is land to which a biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* relates, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Director-General of the Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water).

11. Bush fire prone land

Is the land bush fire prone?

No

12. Property Vegetation Plans

Has Council been notified that a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies to the land?

No

13. Orders Under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if Council has been notified of the order).

No.

14. Directions under Part 3A

Is there a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act that does not have effect?

No

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing) under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If there is a certificate, the period for which the certificate is current. Are there any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18 (2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land?

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure

Is there a valid site compatibility certificate (of which the council is aware), issued under clause 19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

17. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If so this statement sets out the period for which the certificate is current and any conditions pursuant to cl17(1) of SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

No

18. Paper subdivision information

Is the land subject to any development plan adopted by a relevant authority or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot? If so, this statement sets out the date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Note: Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

No

19. Site verification certificates

Is there a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land?

If so, this statement includes:

- (a) the matter certified by the certificate, and
- (b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and

(c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure.

Note. A site verification certificate sets out the Director-General's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land—see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.

No

20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Is the land to which the certificate relates identified on the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register maintained by the Secretary of NSW Fair Trading? No

- **Note:** The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:
 - (a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act? No
 - (b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act? No
 - (c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act? No
 - (d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act? No
 - (e) Is the land subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act? No

Any Other Prescribed Matter

Note: Section 26 of the Nation Building and Jobs Plan (State Infrastructure Delivery) Act 2009 provides that a planning certificate must include advice about any exemption under section 23 or authorisation under section 24 of that Act if the Council is provided with a copy of the exemption or authorisation by the Coordinator General under the Act.

Additional Information

Council's records indicate that there is no other relevant information in accordance with Section 149(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 related to this property. Advice regarding demolition orders should be sought by application for a Section 149D Building Certificate.

For further information please telephone [02] 9710 0333.

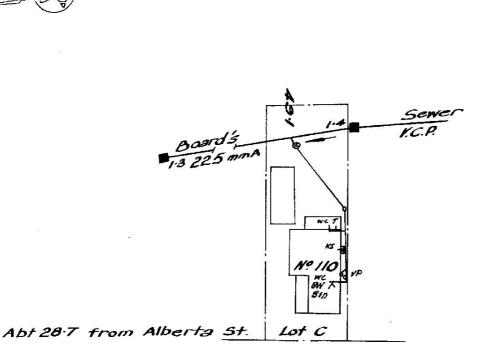
Yours faithfully

Mark Carlon Manager Environmental Planning

Application No. 9587786 Created on Mar 30, 2017 11:23:54 AM SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM No. 867031 Municipality of Sutherland SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS Boundary Trap BV **Reflux Valve** IP Induct Pipe Bsn Basin Ø Inspection Shaft Cleaning Eye MF Mica Flap Showe Ð Shr Pit **O**VERT Vertical Pipe Τ Tubs WIP Wrought Iron Pipe E GI Grease Intercepter 0 VP Vent Pipe ĸs CIP Cast Iron Pipe Kitchen Sink X Gully OSVP Soil Vent Pipe Water Closet Floor Waste WC FW D PT P Trap DCC Down Cast Cowl Bath Waste Washing Machine BW WM

SEWER AVAILABLE

Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer.



SUTHERLAND RD

	DRAINAGE		BRANCH OFFICE	PLUMBING	
W.C.	Supervised by	Date		Supervised by	Date
Shr, Bsn,	Inspector Examined by		Date	Inspec	tor
К.S. Т.			Drainer	1345 444	
Plg, Dge, Int. Dge, Ext,	Chief Inspector Tracing Checked		Boundary Trap //is not required		
2			.1	•	
1.4			: •		
1			e.		

NOTE This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.