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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	**Lorimer Estate Agents trading as Lorimer Real Estate Pty Ltd** **Suite 12 Level 2/14-16 Suakin Street, Pymble, NSW 2073**	**Phone: 0400 844 412**
co-agent		
vendor	**Johanna Lynette Long and Silas Mark William Long** **371 Whian Whian Road, Whian Whian, NSW 2480**	
vendor's solicitor	**Castrikum Adams Legal Pty Ltd** **Suite 2, 5 Lismore Road, Bangalow NSW 2479** **PO Box 138, Bangalow NSW 2479**	**Phone: 02 6687 1167** **Email: heather@castrikumlegal.com.au** **Fax: 02 6678 0352** **Ref: MLC:HB:210308**
date for completion	**42nd day after the contract date**	(clause 15)
land (address, plan details and title reference)	**371 Whian Whian Road, Whian Whian, New South Wales 2480** **Registered Plan: Lot 4 Plan DP 631123** **Folio Identifier 4/631123**	
	☒ VACANT POSSESSION ☐ subject to existing tenancies	
improvements	☒ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carport ☐ home unit ☐ carspace ☐ storage space ☐ none ☒ other: ACERAGE	
attached copies	☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: ☐ other documents:	

A real estate agent is permitted by *legislation* to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	☐ blinds	☐ dishwasher	☐ light fittings	☐ stove
	☐ built-in wardrobes	☐ fixed floor coverings	☐ range hood	☐ pool equipment
	☐ clothes line	☐ insect screens	☐ solar panels	☐ TV antenna
	☐ curtains	☐ other:		

exclusions		
purchaser		
purchaser's solicitor		
price	**$**	
deposit	**$**	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
balance	**$**	
contract date		(if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

vendor	**GST AMOUNT** (optional) The price includes GST of: $	**witness**
purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS ☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares		**witness**

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Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a ***deposit-bond*** (clause 3) ☒ NO ☐ yes

Nominated *Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)* (clause 30): PEXA

Electronic transaction (clause 30) ☐ no ☒ YES

(if no, vendor must provide further details, such as the proposed applicable waiver, in the space below, or *serve within* 14 days of the contract date):

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable ☒ NO ☐ yes

GST: Taxable supply ☒ NO ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply ☒ NO ☐ yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- ☒ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- ☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* (GST residential withholding payment) ☒ NO ☐ yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice *within* 14 days of the contract date.

***GSTRW payment* (GST residential withholding payment) – further details**

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate* (residential withholding rate)*:*

Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: $

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

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List of Documents

General

- ☒ 1 property certificate for the land
- ☒ 2 plan of the land
- ☐ 3 unregistered plan of the land
- ☐ 4 plan of land to be subdivided
- ☐ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan
- ☒ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
- ☐ 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)
- ☐ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)
- ☐ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)
- ☐ 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract
- ☐ 11 *planning agreement*
- ☐ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)
- ☐ 13 survey report
- ☐ 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under *legislation*
- ☐ 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)
- ☐ 16 other document relevant to tenancies
- ☐ 17 licence benefiting the land
- ☐ 18 old system document
- ☐ 19 Crown purchase statement of account
- ☐ 20 building management statement
- ☐ 21 form of requisitions
- ☐ 22 *clearance certificate*
- ☐ 23 land tax certificate

Home Building Act 1989

- ☐ 24 insurance certificate
- ☐ 25 brochure or warning
- ☐ 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover

Swimming Pools Act 1992

- ☐ 27 certificate of compliance
- ☐ 28 evidence of registration
- ☐ 29 relevant occupation certificate
- ☐ 30 certificate of non-compliance
- ☐ 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance

Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)

- ☐ 32 property certificate for strata common property
- ☐ 33 plan creating strata common property
- ☐ 34 strata by-laws
- ☐ 35 strata development contract or statement
- ☐ 36 strata management statement
- ☐ 37 strata renewal proposal
- ☐ 38 strata renewal plan
- ☐ 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
- ☐ 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
- ☐ 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
- ☐ 42 neighbourhood development contract
- ☐ 43 neighbourhood management statement
- ☐ 44 property certificate for precinct property
- ☐ 45 plan creating precinct property
- ☐ 46 precinct development contract
- ☐ 47 precinct management statement
- ☐ 48 property certificate for community property
- ☐ 49 plan creating community property
- ☐ 50 community development contract
- ☐ 51 community management statement
- ☐ 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
- ☐ 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
- ☐ 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
- ☐ 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
- ☐ 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
- ☐ 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
- ☐ 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract

Other

- ☐ 59

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

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IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS
Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS
The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION
Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

(a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and

(b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

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COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. **This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.**

2. **EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—**

- **(a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or**
- **(b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.**

3. **There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:**

- **(a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or**
- **(b) if the property is sold by public auction, or**
- **(c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or**
- **(d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.**

4. **A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.**

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

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WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group	**NSW Department of Education**
Australian Taxation Office	**NSW Fair Trading**
Council	**Owner of adjoining land**
County Council	**Privacy**
Department of Planning, Industry and Environment	**Public Works Advisory**
	Subsidence Advisory NSW
Department of Primary Industries	**Telecommunications**
Electricity and gas	**Transport for NSW**
Land & Housing Corporation	**Water, sewerage or drainage authority**
Local Land Services	

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.

3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.

4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.

5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.

6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.

7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).

8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.

9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.

10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.

11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.

12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

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The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

adjustment date	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
bank	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
business day	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
cheque	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
clearance certificate	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act,* that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
deposit-bond	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
depositholder	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's *solicitor,* or if no vendor's *solicitor* is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
FRCGW percentage	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
FRCGW remittance	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*, being the lesser of the *FRCGW percentage* of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a *variation served* by a *party*;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
GSTRW payment	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (the price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate*);
GSTRW rate	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
party	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
planning agreement	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property;*
requisition	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
rescind	rescind this contract from the beginning;
serve	serve in writing on the other *party*;
settlement cheque	an unendorsed *cheque* made payable to the person to be paid and – ● issued by a *bank* and drawn on itself; or ● if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*;
solicitor	in relation to a *party*, the *party's* solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice *served* by the *party*;
TA Act	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
terminate	terminate this contract for breach;
variation	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*;
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
work order	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.

2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.

2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to $2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.

2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

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2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond;* and
3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
3.9.1 on completion; or
3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* at least 14 days before the date for completion –
4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –
5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

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7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and

7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.

8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
- 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
- 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);

9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
- 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
  - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
  - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

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10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).

10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.

10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.

11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;

12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and

12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.

13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.

13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.

13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
- if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and

13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.

13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.

13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.

13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
- something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.

13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

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13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
13.13 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
- the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
- if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.

14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

● Vendor

16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

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16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.

16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

● **Purchaser**

16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to $2,000) or *settlement cheque* –

16.7.1 the price less any:

- deposit paid;
- *FRCGW remittance* payable;
- *GSTRW payment*; and
- amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and

16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.

16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay $10 for each extra *cheque*.

16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.

16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

● **Place for completion**

16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –

16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or

16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or

16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.

16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.

17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –

17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and

17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).

17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.

18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –

18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;

18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or

18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.

18.3 The purchaser must until completion –

18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and

18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.

18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.

18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –

18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.

18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.

18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –

19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and

19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.

19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –

19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;

19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;

19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and

19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

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20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.

20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.

20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.

20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.

20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.

20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –

20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);

20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;

20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;

20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;

20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;

20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and

20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once.

20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –

20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or

20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.

20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.

20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.

20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.

20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation)* is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.

20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.

20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.

20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.

21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.

21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.

21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.

21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.

21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.

22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

● Definitions and modifications

23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).

23.2 In this contract –

23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –

- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
- a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
- a change in the boundaries of common property;

23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;

23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;

23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;

23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

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23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;

23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;

23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and

23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –

- normal expenses;
- due to fair wear and tear;
- disclosed in this contract; or
- covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.

23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.

23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

● Adjustments and liability for expenses

23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –

23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;

23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and

23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –

23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and

23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.

23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.

23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –

23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;

23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or

23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.

23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –

23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;

23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;

23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

● Notices, certificates and inspections

23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.

23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.

23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.

23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.

23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.

23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.

23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

● Meetings of the owners corporation

23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –

23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and

23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

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24 Tenancies

24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.

24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.

24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
  - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
  - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
  - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
  - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
  - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
  - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
  - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
  - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
  - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
  - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
  - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
  - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.

25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.

25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.

25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.

25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.

25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.

25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

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25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).

25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within* 7 days after *service* of the purchaser's part.
27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
27.7.2 in the Western Division.
27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

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29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party serving* notice of the event happening;
- every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
- the end of the time for the event to happen.

29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.

29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –
30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
30.1.2 the *parties* otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or
30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction.*

30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date,* but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party serves* a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction.*

30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
30.3.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
- otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
- using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;

30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –
- after the *effective date*; and
- before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and
30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.

30.5 *Normally,* the vendor must *within* 7 days of the *effective date* –
30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
30.5.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.

30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –
30.6.1 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
30.6.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
30.6.3 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.

30.7 *Normally, within* 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –
30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
30.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
30.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.

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30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace* –

30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;

30.8.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *mortgagee details*, if applicable; and

30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.

30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –

30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion;

30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion; and

30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.

30.10 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –

30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;

30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and

30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.

30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –

30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;

30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and

30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.

30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties,* and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –

30.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and

30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.

30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must *serve* the *certificate of title* after completion.

30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –

30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and

30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by;

the *party* entitled to them.

30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –

adjustment figures	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
certificate of title	the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;
completion time	the time of day on the date for completion when the *electronic transaction* is to be settled;
conveyancing rules	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
discharging mortgagee	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to be transferred to the purchaser;
ECNL	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
effective date	the date on which the *Conveyancing Transaction* is agreed to be an *electronic transaction* under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date;
electronic document	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and *Digitally Signed* in an *Electronic Workspace*;
electronic transfer	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the *property* to be prepared and *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* established for the purposes of the *parties*' *Conveyancing Transaction*;

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electronic transaction	a *Conveyancing Transaction* to be conducted for the *parties* by their legal representatives as *Subscribers* using an *ELN* and in accordance with the *ECNL* and the *participation rules;*
electronically tradeable	a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the *conveyancing rules;*
incoming mortgagee	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the *property* and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price*;*
mortgagee details	the details which a *party* to the *electronic transaction* must provide about any *discharging mortgagee* of the *property* as at completion;
participation rules	the participation rules as determined by the *ECNL;*
populate	to complete data fields in the *Electronic Workspace*; and
title data	the details of the title to the *property* made available to the *Electronic Workspace* by the *Land Registry.*

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if –

31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and

31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must –

31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;

31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;

31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and

31.2.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance.*

31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.

31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).

32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.

32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 –

32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and

32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

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SPECIAL CONDITIONS TO CONTRACT FOR SALE AND PURCHASE OF LAND

BETWEEN	**JOHANNA LYNETTER LONG AND SILAS MARK WILLIAM LONG**
AND	
PROPERTY	**371 WHIAN WHIAN ROAD, WHIAN WHIAN**

The terms and conditions of the printed Contract (pages 4 to 19 are deemed to be included in the Contract) to which these Special Conditions are annexed shall be read subject to these Special Conditions. If there is a conflict between the printed Contract and these Special Conditions then these Special Conditions shall prevail. In the interpretation of these Special Conditions words importing the singular number or plural number shall include the plural number and singular number respectively and words importing any gender shall include any other gender.

1. Rescission

(a) If a party to this Contract is an individual who before completion:-

(i) dies; or
(ii) becomes mentally ill;

then either party may rescind this Contract by serving notice on the other party whereupon provisions of Clause 19 hereof shall apply; or

(b) If a party to this Contract is:-

(i) an individual who before completion is declared bankrupt; or
(ii) a Corporation and before completion;

(A) it enters into a Scheme;
(B) it makes any Arrangement for the benefit of creditors;
(C) an Order is made to wind-up the party;
(D) a Liquidator, Administrator or Official Manager is appointed in respect of the party;
(E) a Mortgagee enters into possession of all or a substantial part of the assets of the party;
(F) it is deemed by any relevant legislation to be unable to pay its debts; or
(G) a Receiver, Receiver and Manager or Agent of a Mortgagee is appointed to all or a substantial part of the assets of the party;

then that party shall be deemed to be in default hereunder.

(c) The Purchaser warrants that the Purchaser has the legal capacity to enter into this Contract.

2. Whole Agreement

Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, the parties agree that this contract contains all promises, representations, warranties or undertakings made or given in relation to the property. The parties further agree that no promise, representation, warranty, undertaking or condition shall be deemed to be implied in this contract or to arise between the parties by way of collateral or other agreement or by reason of any promise, representation, warranty or undertaking given or made by any party to the other on or prior to the date of this contract. The existence of any such implication or collateral or other agreement is hereby expressly negatived.

3. Trade Practice Exclusion, Condition Warranty Exclusion

It is hereby acknowledged that:-

(a) The Purchaser has not been induced to enter into this Contract by any statement made or given by or on behalf of the Vendor;

(b) The Purchaser has relied entirely upon suitable enquiries and inspection as to the condition of the property before entering into this Contract;

(c) The property is purchased in its present state and condition;

AND the Purchaser agrees not to rescind, make any objection requisition or claim for compensation in relation to any of the foregoing matters.

4. Notice to Complete

If completion does not take place as provided herein then either party may forthwith give to the other fourteen (14) days notice in writing to complete and making time of the essence of this Contract. Neither party shall be entitled to object to the sufficiency or adequacy of the period of such notice and they hereby acknowledge that fourteen (14) days notice shall be sufficient and adequate as to time. In the event the Vendor issues a Notice to Complete the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor as liquidated damages on completion in addition to the balance of the purchase money and any other monies payable to the Vendor the sum of $330.00 (inclusive of GST) to cover, legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the delay, as a genuine pre estimate of those additional expenses.

5. Interest payable for delay in completion

If the purchaser shall not complete this purchase by the completion date, without default by the vendor, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion, in addition to the balance purchase money, an amount calculated as seven per cent (7%) interest on the balance purchase money, computed at a daily rate from the day immediately after the date for completion to the day on which this sale actually is completed. It is agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings.

6. Claims by Purchaser

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Contract to the contrary, the words "5% of the price" shall be deleted from sub-clause 7.1.1 and replaced with the words "1% of the price".

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Clauses 6 and 7, the parties expressly agree that any claim for compensation and/or any objection by the Purchaser shall be deemed to be a requisition for the purposes of Clause 8 entitling the Vendor to rescind this Contract.

7. Alterations to Contract

Each party hereof their legal representative (whether a solicitor or conveyancer) or any employee of that legal representative up until the date of this Contract to make alterations to this Contract including the addition of annexures after execution up until the date of this Contract and any such alterations shall be binding upon the party deemed hereby to have authorised the same and any annexure so added shall form part of this Contract as if same was annexed prior to the Contract being executed.

8. Indemnity against Commission

The Purchaser agrees to indemnify the Vendor against any commission or costs by any real estate agent who establishes that the Purchaser was introduced to the Vendor or to the property, other than the agent noted on the front of the Contract. This Special Condition shall not merge on completion.

9. Purchase subject to existing services

Notwithstanding anything contained herein the Purchaser shall take title subject to the existing water, sewerage, drainage, gas, electricity and other installations and services and shall not make any objection thereto or make any requisitions or claim for any compensation in respect thereof on the ground that any connection passes through any other property or that any connection to any other property passes through the property hereby sold (herein called "the Property"). Furthermore, should any water or sewerage main or any underground or surface stormwater pipe pass through over or under the Property (or should any sewer manhole or vent be on the Property), the Purchaser shall not make any objection thereto or make any requisition or claim any compensation in respect thereof.

10. Searches and enquiries

Prior to making this contract, the Purchaser shall be deemed to have made all necessary enquiries regarding any of the matters referred to in Schedule 1 of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulations 2017 (NSW) and the manner in which the land may or may not be affected thereby and, without limiting the generality hereof, any other restriction or prohibition whether statutory or otherwise as to the permitted developments on the property or the use to which the property may be put AND the Purchaser cannot make a

claim or objection or requisition about such matters.

11. Faxed Copy or PDF Contract on exchange

(a) This Contract may be signed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if the signatures to each counterpart were on the same instrument.

(b) Execution by either or both of the parties to the Contract of a facsimile or email copy of this Contract and transmission by facsimile or email of a copy of the Contract executed by that party to the other party or the other party's solicitors shall constitute a valid and binding execution of this Contract by such party or parties.

(c) For the purposes of the *Electronic Transactions Act 1999* (Cth) and *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* (NSW) (or the appropriate Act as Amended) each of the parties consents to receiving and sending the Contract electronically.

12. Electronic Settlement

(a) The parties agree to settle this sale electronically in accordance and compliance with the Electronic Conveyancing National Law.

(b) The provisions of this contract continue to apply as modified by the electronic settlement procedures unless for any reason a party notifies the other in writing that settlement can no longer be conducted electronically at which time the matter will proceed as a paper settlement. In this event any disbursements incurred will be shared equally by the parties and adjusted at settlement but each party shall pay their own costs.

(c) Within 7 days of exchange the vendor will open and populate the electronic workspace, including the date and time of settlement and invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to join, failing which the purchaser may do so.

(d) Within 7 days of receipt of the invitation the purchaser must join and create an electronic transfer and invite any incoming mortgagee to join.

(e) Settlement takes place when the financial settlement takes place.

(f) Anything that cannot be delivered electronically must be given to the relevant party immediately following settlement.

(g) If time is of the essence of the transaction and settlement fails to proceed due to a system failure then neither party will be in default. If electronic settlement cannot be re-established the next working day the parties must settle in the usual non-electronic manner as soon as possible but no later than 3 working days after the initial electronic failure unless otherwise agreed.

(h) Any notice served on a party in the electronic workspace must also be served in accordance with the condition of this contract relating to service of notices.

13. Inclusions

The Vendor hereby discloses and the Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the Vendor gives no warranty whatsoever as the state of repair, condition or fitness for purpose of any item listed in the inclusions and the Purchaser will take title to all such listed items

subject to all and any defects which exist on completion. In particular, the Vendor does not warrant that any such listed item will be in good working order on completion.

14. Requisitions

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Contract to the contrary, the Purchaser agrees that the only form of requisitions that the Vendor will be obliged to complete are in the form annexed hereto.

15. Fencing

The Purchaser cannot make a claim, objection or requisition or rescind or terminate if it should be found that any boundary of the property be not fenced or that any boundary wall or fence on any other part of the property shall not be upon or within such boundary.

.....	.....
.....	.....
Vendor	**Purchaser**

Title Search

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 4/631123

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
7/4/2021	2:30 PM	3	22/9/2018

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO.
CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY SUMMERLAND FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED.

LAND

LOT 4 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 631123
AT WHIAN WHIAN
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA LISMORE
PARISH OF DUNOON COUNTY OF ROUS
TITLE DIAGRAM DP631123

FIRST SCHEDULE

SILAS MARK WILLIAM LONG
JOHANNA LYNETTE LONG
AS JOINT TENANTS (T 8647443)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
2 AI685958 MORTGAGE TO SUMMERLAND FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

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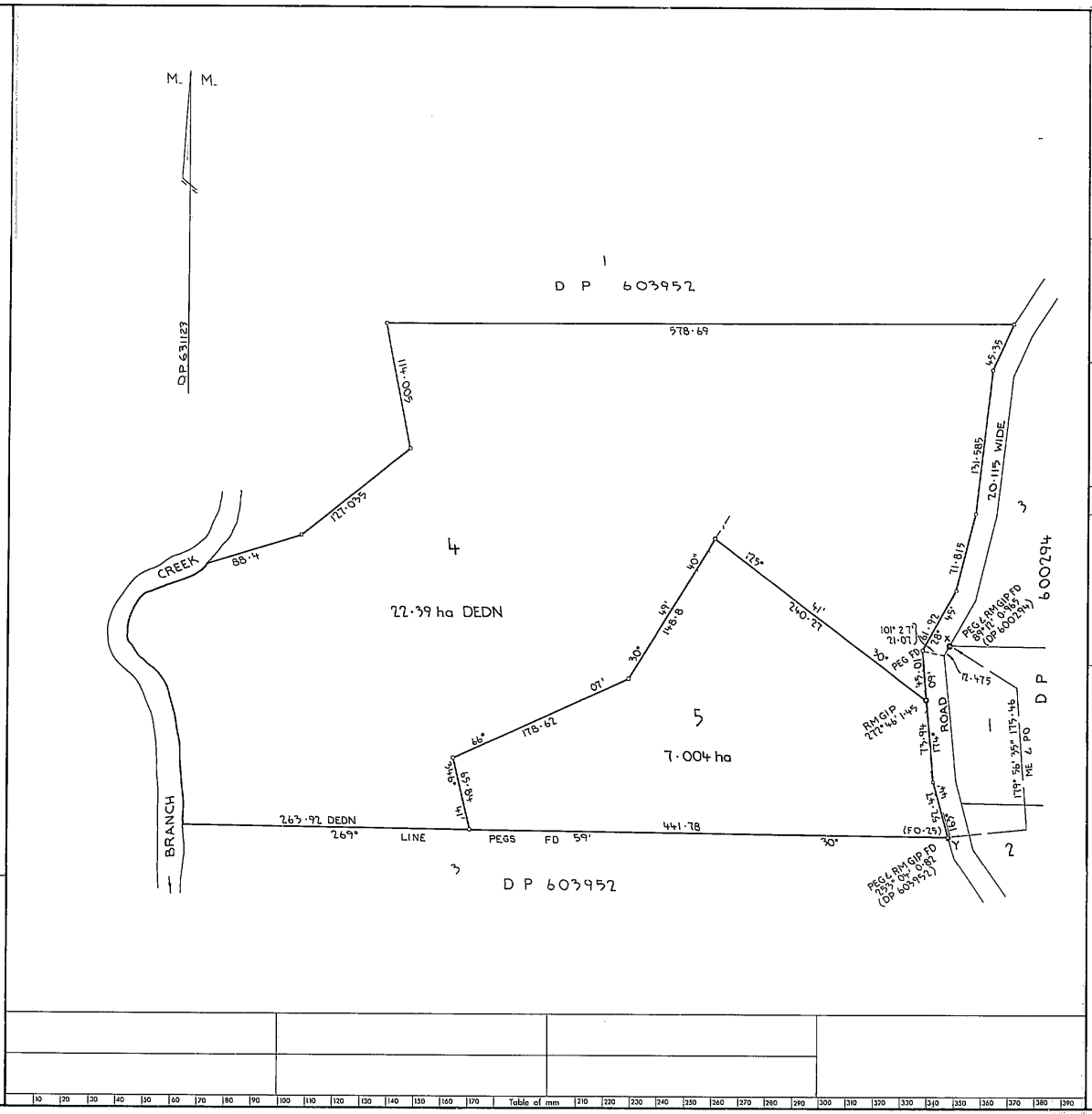
Received: 07/04/2021 14:30:42

PLAN FORM 2

Plan Drawing only to appear in this space

OFFICE USE ONLY

Signatures and seals only.



D.P. 631123

Registered 9.3.1983

C.A.: N° 83/3 OF 10.1.1983

Title System: TORRENS

Purpose: SUBDIVISION

Ref. Map: PARISH#

Last Plan: D.P. 603952

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 2 IN DP 603952

Reduction Ratio 1: 2 500
Lengths are in metres.

~~Mun./Shire~~ City: LISMORE

Locality: WHIAN WHIAN

Parish: DUNOON

County: ROUS

~~This is sheet 1 of my plan in ... sheets.~~
(Delete if inapplicable)

GEOFFREY FRANCIS GALLEN
BUCKLEY DOWDLE & ASSOC- LISMORE

I surveyor registered under the Surveyors Act, 1929, as amended, hereby certify that the survey represented in this plan AS REGARDS LOT 5

is accurate and has been made *~~(1) by me~~ (2) under my immediate supervision in accordance with the Survey Practice Regulations, 1933, and was completed on t ...

26TH NOV, 1982

Signature ...

Surveyor registered under Surveyors Act, 1929, as amended.
Datum Line of Azimuth XY
*Strike out either (1) or (2). †Insert date of survey.

Panel for use only for statements of intention to dedicate public roads or to create public reserves, drainage reserves, easements or restrictions as to user.

Council Clerk's Certificate

I hereby certify that –

(a) the requirements of the Local Government Act, 1919, (other than the requirements for the registration of plans), ~~and~~

*~~(b) the requirements of section 348 of the †Metropolitan Water, Sewerage and Drainage Act, 1924, as amended, †Hunter District Water, Sewerage, and Drainage Act, 1938, as amended~~

have been complied with by the applicant in relation to the proposed SUBDIVISION
(Insert "new road", "subdivision" or "consolidated lot") set out herein

Subdivision No. 83/3

Date 10-1-83

(Signature) ... Council Clerk

*This part of certificate to be deleted where the application is only for a consolidated lot or the opening of a new road or where the land to be subdivided is wholly outside the areas of operations of the Metropolitan Water Sewerage and Drainage Board and the Hunter District Water Board.
†Delete if inapplicable.

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE: L749

I, Bruce Richard Davies, Under Secretary for Lands and Registrar General for New South Wales, certify that this negative is a photograph made as a permanent record of a document in my custody this day.

14th March, 1983

Req:R640589 /Doc:DP 0631123 P /Rev:05-Jan-1993 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:08-Apr-2021 14:24 /Seq:1 of 1
© Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:210308

371 Whian Whian Road WHIAN WHIAN

Our Ref: Cert No. 6181
Your Ref: 210308

Lodgement Date: 08/04/2021

InfoTrack
GPO Box 4029
SYDNEY NSW 2001

Dear Sir/Madam

APPLICATION FOR PLANNING CERTIFICATE
(S.10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act)

LAND: DP 631123 lot 4, 371 Whian Whian Road WHIAN WHIAN NSW 2480

Reference is made to your recent application for a Planning Certificate in relation to the above land.

A Certificate, pursuant to Section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act is enclosed. The information it contains is based on Council's records.

This Certificate does not provide advice regarding development consents issued, or proposals received, by Lismore City Council in regard to developments adjoining, or impacting upon, the property subject of this Certificate. For information concerning development applications lodged or consents issued, within the last five years, a separate application will need to be made to Council together with an application fee, as specified in Council's adopted Fees & Charges.

If you are purchasing land in a rural area:

Nothing contained in this Certificate relating to rural zoned land should be construed as inferring that the land possesses a Dwelling Entitlement. The existence of Dwelling Entitlements can only be ascertained by a search of individual property records, which is outside the scope of a Planning Certificate.

Farming and other rural activities can make noises and smells at any time of the day or night. If you make a complaint about farming activities, please be aware that Council may not take action in response to a complaint because Council values its farmers.

If you require any further information, please contact Council's Sustainable Development Administration team on 1300 87 83 87.

Yours faithfully

Sandy Strachan
Senior Support Officer
Sustainable Development

Enclosure: Section 10.7 Certificate

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

Certificate No: 6181
Date: 08/04/2021
Applicant Reference: 210308

Lismore City Council
43 Oliver Avenue, Goonellabah 2480
(PO Box 23A, Lismore 2480)
Ph: 1300 87 83 87
Fax: 02 6625 0400
council@lismore.nsw.gov.au
www.lismore.nsw.gov.au

Applicant:
InfoTrack
GPO Box 4029
SYDNEY NSW 2001

Owner (as recorded by Council)
Mr S M & Mrs J L Long

Property: **371 Whian Whian Road WHIAN WHIAN NSW 2480**
Description: **DP 631123 lot 4**
Property No: **13082**
Land Area: **22.3900 Hectares**

INFORMATION PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7 OF THE ACT.

The information contained in this certificate relates only to the lot described in the certificate.

(1) NAMES OF RELEVANT PLANNING INSTRUMENTS AND DCPS:

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lismore Local Environmental Plan 2012

- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 6 – Number of Storeys in a Building.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 21 - Caravan Parks.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 22 – Shops and Commercial Premises.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 30 - Intensive Agriculture.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No.32 - Urban Consolidation (Re-development of Urban Land).*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 36 - Manufactured Home Estates.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 44 – Koala Habitat Protection.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 50 – Canal Estate Development.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 - Remediation of Land.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 62 – Sustainable Aquaculture.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 64 – Advertising and Signage.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Flat Development.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Major Development) 2005.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy – (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index BASIX) 2004.*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Temporary Structures) 2007*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Rural Lands) 2008*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*
- *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-

General has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).

Nil

(3) The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lismore Development Control Plan

(4) In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

(2) ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER RELEVANT LEPS

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

(a) the identity of the zone, whether by reference to name (such as "General Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area") or by reference to a number (such as "Zone No. R1"),

(b) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent,

(c) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent,

(d) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone,

RU1 Primary Production

The following table provides general zoning controls for Zone RU1

1. Objectives of zone

- To encourage sustainable primary industry production by maintaining and enhancing the natural resource base.

- To encourage diversity in primary industry enterprises and systems appropriate for the area.

- To minimise the fragmentation and alienation of resource lands.

- To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones.

- To preserve rural resources by ensuring that the viability of rural land is not extinguished by inappropriate development or incompatible uses.

- To enable a range of other uses to occur on rural land providing such uses do not conflict with existing or potential agriculture and do not detract from scenic amenity and character of the rural environment.

2. Permitted without consent

Environmental protection works; extensive agriculture; forestry; home occupations; home occupations (sex services); intensive plant agriculture.

3. Permitted with consent

Airstrips; animal boarding or training establishments; aquaculture; bed and breakfast accommodation; boat launching ramps; boat sheds; building identification signs; business identification signs; camping grounds; caravan parks; cellar door premises; cemeteriies; community facilities; dual occupancies; dwelling houses; eco-tourist facilities; environmental facilities; extractive industries; farm buildings; flood mitigation works; garden centres; helipads; home-based child care; home businesses; home industries; information and education facilities; intensive livestock agriculture; jetties; kiosks; landscaping material supplies; mooring pens; open cut mining; plant nurseries; recreation areas; recreation facilities (outdoor); restaurants or cafes; roads; roadside stalls; rural industries; rural supplies; tourist and visitor accommodation; turf farming; water recreation structures.

4. Prohibited

Backpackers accommodation; hotel or motel accommodation; serviced apartments; any other development not specified in item 2 or 3.

(e) whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed:

The development standard fixed for the minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house in the RU1 – Primary Production and RU2 – Rural Landscape zones is 40ha. There are some limited areas of land identified in accordance with the lot size maps made under the Lismore Local Environmental Plan 2012 where the minimum lot size is identified as 20ha. It is strongly recommended that if the lot size of the subject property is less than 40ha in a RU1 or RU2 zone that a dwelling entitlement search application is lodged with Council for the land, and written confirmation is obtained to ascertain if the subject lot has a dwelling entitlement for the erection of a dwelling house.

(f) whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat:

No

(g) whether the land is in a conservation area (however described):

No

(h) whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land:

No

(3) COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT

(1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1)(c3) and 1.19 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

(2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on the land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1)(c3) and 1.19 of the Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.

(3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 may be carried out on the land.

(4) COASTAL PROTECTION

Whether or not the land is affected by the operation of section 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act 1979*, but only to the extent that the council has been so notified by the Department of Finance, Services and Innovation.

No.

(5) MINE SUBSIDENCE

Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961*:

No.

(6) ROAD WIDENING AND ROAD REALIGNMENT

Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*, or

(b) any environmental planning instrument, or

(c) any resolution of the council:

No

(7) COUNCIL AND OTHER PUBLIC AUTHORITY POLICIES ON HAZARD RISK RESTRICTIONS

Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

(a) adopted by the council, or

(b) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council,

that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding):

- Landslip
  Information in possession of Council indicates that the land is within an area that may be subject to Landslip.

  Development restrictions may apply.

- Tidal Inundation
  No

- Subsidence
  No

- Acid Sulphate Soil
  No

- Lismore Airport Operations
  No

- Contaminated Land
  No

- Erosion
  No

- Private Cemetery/Burial
  No

(7a) FLOOD RELATED DEVELOPMENT CONTROLS INFORMATION

(1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or senior housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the Standard Instrument.

No

(8) LAND RESERVED FOR ACQUISITION

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act:

No

(9) CONTRIBUTIONS PLANS

The name of each contributions plan applying to the land:

Lismore City Council Section 94 Contributions Plan 2014

Section 94
The land is affected by Section 94 Contributions which took effect from January 1, 2015

Section 64
No

(9A) BIODIVERSITY CERTIFIED LAND

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act, 2016*, a statement to that effect.

N/A

Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.*

(10) BIODIVERSITY STEWARDSHIP SITES

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of an agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Nil

Note: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

(10A) NATIVE VEGETATON CLEARING SET ASIDES

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register in that section).

N/A

(11) BUSH FIRE PRONE LAND

If any of the land is bush fire prone land (as defined in the Act), a statement that all or, as the case may be, some of the land is bush fire prone land. *(in accordance with the current Bushfire Prone Land Maps certified by the Commissioner, Rural Fire Services)*

If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

The subject land is identified as being in a bushfire prone area - Category 1. Information in relation to building in a bushfire prone area is available on the Rural Fire Service website at www.rfs.nsw.gov.au

The subject land is identified as being in a bushfire prone area - Category 2. Information in relation to building in a bushfire prone area is available on the Rural Fire Service website at www.rfs.nsw.gov.au

The subject land is identified as being in a bushfire prone area - Buffer area. Information in relation to building in a bushfire prone area is available on the Rural Fire Service website at www.rfs.nsw.gov.au

Partial

(12) PROPERTY VEGETATION PLANS

If the land is land to which a property vegetation plan under Part 4 of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (and that continues in force) applies, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act).

No

(13) ORDERS UNDER TREES (DISPUTES BETWEEN NEIGHBOURS) ACT 2006

Whether an order has been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

No

(14) DIRECTIONS UNDER PART 3A

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (cl) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect.

No direction applies.

(15) SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS FOR SENIORS HOUSING

If the land is land to which *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004* applies:

(a) a statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing) of which the Council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

  (i) the period for which the certificate is current, and
  (ii) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department, and

(b) a statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in Clause 18(2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October, 2007 in respect of the land.

Nil

(16) SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES FOR INFRASTRUCTURE, SCHOOLS OR TAFE ESTABLISHMENTS

A statement of whether there is a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the Council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

(a) the period for which the certificate is valid, and
(b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

Nil

(17) SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS FOR AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING

(1) A statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing) of which the Council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

  (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
  (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

Nil

(2) A statement setting out the terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009* that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

Nil

(18) PAPER SUBDIVISION INFORMATION

(1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

(2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

(3) Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

N/A

(19) SITE VERIFICATION CERTIFICATES

A statement of whether there is current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

(a) the matter certified by the certificate, and
Note: A site verification certificate sets out the Director-General's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land—see Division 3 of Part 4AA of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007*.
(b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and
(c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

N/A

(20) SITE LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division, a statement to that effect.

N/A

(21) AFFECTED BUILDING NOTICES AND BUILDING PRODUCT RECTIFICATION ORDERS

(1) A statement of whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

(2) A statement of:

(a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
(b) whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

(3) In this clause:

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.*

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.*

N/A

MATTERS ARISING UNDER THE CONTAMINATED LAND MANAGEMENT ACT 1997

Section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 prescribes the following additional matters:

(a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the Act – if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of the Act – if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Act – if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Act – if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the Act – if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

No

If you require further detail regarding contaminated land, it is recommended that you make specific enquiries with Lismore City Council to understand the implications of this land exclusion regarding the potential for future development or intended use of the land.

A further fee may be charged by Council for detailed or written site/project specific information.

PLANNING AGREEMENTS

Nil



for the General Manager