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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	**Singer Residential** 78 Railway Cres, Jannali , NSW 2226	**Phone: 0457056811**
co-agent		
vendor	**MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD ACN 607 560 574 as trustee for MBC Property Australia Unit Trust** **Unit 24/50 Cosgrove Rd,, Strathfield South, NSW 2136**	
vendor's solicitor	**CYC & ASSOCIATES PTY LTD** **Suite 505, 208 Forest Road, Hurstville NSW 2220** **PO Box 301, Hurstville NSW 1481**	**Phone: 02 8021 8060** **Email: admin@cycassociates.com.au** **Fax:** **Ref: WY:JY: 7000-5**
date for completion	**42nd day after the contract date**	(clause 15)
land (address, plan details and title reference)	**5/147 President Avenue, Miranda, New South Wales 2228** **Registered Plan: Lot 5Plan SP 104673** **Folio Identifier 5/SP104673**	
improvements	☐ VACANT POSSESSION ☑ subject to existing tenancies ☐ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carport ☐ home unit ☐ carspace ☐ storage space ☐ none ☑ other: Townhouse	
attached copies	☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: ☐ other documents:	

A real estate agent is permitted by *legislation* to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	☐ air conditioning	☐ clothes line	☐ fixed floor coverings	☑ range hood
	☐ blinds	☐ curtains	☐ insect screens	☐ solar panels
	☑ built-in wardrobes	☑ dishwasher	☑ light fittings	☑ stove
	☐ ceiling fans	☐ EV charger	☐ pool equipment	☑ TV antenna
	☐ other:			

exclusions		
purchaser		
purchaser's solicitor		
price	**$**	
deposit	**$**	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
balance	**$**	
contract date		(if not stated, the date this contract was made)

Where there is more than one purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS

☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares, specify:

GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: $

buyer's agent

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Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	**PURCHASER**
Signed by _____ Vendor _____ Vendor	**Signed** by _____ Purchaser _____ Purchaser

VENDOR (COMPANY)		**PURCHASER (COMPANY)**	
Signed by _____ in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:		**Signed** by _____ in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:	
_____ Signature of authorised person	_____ Signature of authorised person	_____ Signature of authorised person	_____ Signature of authorised person
_____ Name of authorised person	_____ Name of authorised person	_____ Name of authorised person	_____ Name of authorised person
_____ Office held	_____ Office held	_____ Office held	_____ Office held

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Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a ***deposit-bond*** ☐NO ☐yes

Nominated *Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)* (clause 4): _____

Manual transaction (clause 30) ☐NO ☐yes

(if yes, vendor must provide further details,including any applicable exception, in the space below):

Tax information (the *parties* promise this is correct as far as each *party* is aware)

Land tax is adjustable ☐NO ☑yes

GST: Taxable supply ☐NO ☑yes in full ☐yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply ☐NO ☑yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))

☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))

☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325

☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O

☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* (GST residential withholding payment) ☐ NO ☑ yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.

***GSTRW payment* (GST residential withholding payment) – further details**

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate* (residential withholding rate)*:*

Amount must be paid: ☐AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: $

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

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List of Documents

General

- ☑ 1 property certificate for the land
- ☑ 2 plan of the land
- ☐ 3 unregistered plan of the land
- ☐ 4 plan of land to be subdivided
- ☐ 5 document to be lodged with a relevant plan
- ☑ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
- ☐ 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)
- ☑ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)
- ☑ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)
- ☐ 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract
- ☐ 11 *planning agreement*
- ☐ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)
- ☐ 13 survey report
- ☐ 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under *legislation*
- ☐ 15 occupation certificate
- ☐ 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)
- ☐ 17 other document relevant to tenancies
- ☐ 18 licence benefiting the land
- ☐ 19 old system document
- ☐ 20 Crown purchase statement of account
- ☐ 21 building management statement
- ☑ 22 form of requisitions
- ☐ 23 *clearance certificate*
- ☐ 24 land tax certificate

Home Building Act 1989

- ☐ 25 insurance certificate
- ☐ 26 brochure or warning
- ☐ 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover

Swimming Pools Act 1992

- ☐ 28 certificate of compliance
- ☐ 29 evidence of registration
- ☐ 30 relevant occupation certificate
- ☐ 31 certificate of non-compliance
- ☐ 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance

Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)

- ☑ 33 property certificate for strata common property
- ☑ 34 plan creating strata common property
- ☑ 35 strata by-laws
- ☐ 36 strata development contract or statement
- ☐ 37 strata management statement
- ☐ 38 strata renewal proposal
- ☐ 39 strata renewal plan
- ☐ 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
- ☐ 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property
- ☐ 42 plan creating neighbourhood property
- ☐ 43 neighbourhood development contract
- ☐ 44 neighbourhood management statement
- ☐ 45 property certificate for precinct property
- ☐ 46 plan creating precinct property
- ☐ 47 precinct development contract
- ☐ 48 precinct management statement
- ☐ 49 property certificate for community property
- ☐ 50 plan creating community property
- ☐ 51 community development contract
- ☐ 52 community management statement
- ☐ 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws
- ☐ 54 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
- ☐ 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries
- ☐ 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
- ☐ 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
- ☐ 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
- ☐ 59 other document relevant to off the plan contract

Other

- ☐ 60

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Clisdells Strata

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SECTION 66W CERTIFICATE

I, of , ,
certify as follows:

1. I am a currently admitted to practise in New South Wales;

2. I am giving this certificate in accordance with section 66W of the Conveyancing Act 1919 with reference to a contract for the sale of property at **5/147 President, Miranda**, from **MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD ACN 607 560 574 as trustee for MBC Property Australia Unit Trust** to in order that there is no cooling off period in relation to that contract;

3. I do not act for **MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD ACN 607 560 574 as trustee for MBC Property Australia Unit Trust** and am not employed in the legal practice of a solicitor acting for **MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD ACN 607 560 574 as trustee for MBC Property Australia Unit Trust** nor am I a member or employee of a firm of which a solicitor acting for **MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD ACN 607 560 574 as trustee for MBC Property Australia Unit Trust** is a member or employee; and

4. I have explained to **:**

(a) The effect of the contract for the purchase of that property;

(b) The nature of this certificate; and

(c) The effect of giving this certificate to the vendor, i.e. that there is no cooling off period in relation to the contract.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS
Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS
The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION
Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989,* Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

(a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and

(b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

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Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

1 **This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.**

2 **EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—**

- **(a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or**
- **(b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.**

3 **There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—**

- **(a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or**
- **(b) if the property is sold by public auction, or**
- **(c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or**
- **(d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.**

4 **A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.**

5 **The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.**

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

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WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group	**NSW Department of Education**
Australian Taxation Office	**NSW Fair Trading**
Council	**Owner of adjoining land**
County Council	**Privacy**
Department of Planning and Environment	**Public Works Advisory**
Department of Primary Industries	**Subsidence Advisory NSW**
Electricity and gas	**Telecommunications**
Land and Housing Corporation	**Transport for NSW**
Local Land Services	**Water, sewerage or drainage authority**

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.

3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.

4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.

5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.

6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.

7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).

8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.

9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.

10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.

11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.

12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

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The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

adjustment date	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
adjustment figures	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
authorised Subscriber	a *Subscriber* (not being a *party's solicitor*) named in a notice *served* by a *party* as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
bank	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
business day	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
cheque	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
clearance certificate	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act,* that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
completion time	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
conveyancing rules	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
deposit-bond	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor – ● the issuer; ● the expiry date (if any); and ● the amount;
depositholder	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's *solicitor,* or if no vendor's *solicitor* is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
discharging mortgagee	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to be transferred to the purchaser;
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
ECNL	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
electronic document	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and *Digitally Signed* in an *Electronic Workspace*;
electronic transaction	a *Conveyancing Transaction* to be conducted for the *parties* by their legal representatives as *Subscribers* using an *ELN* and in accordance with the *ECNL* and the *participation rules*;
electronic transfer	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the *property* to be prepared and *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* established for the purposes of the *parties*' *Conveyancing Transaction*;
FRCGW percentage	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
FRCGW remittance	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*, being the lesser of the *FRCGW percentage* of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a *variation served* by a *party*;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
GSTRW payment	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (the price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate*);
GSTRW rate	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act* (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);
incoming mortgagee	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the *property* and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price*;*
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
manual transaction	a *Conveyancing Transaction* in which a dealing forming part of the *Lodgment Case* at or following completion cannot be *Digitally Signed*;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
participation rules	the participation rules as determined by the *ECNL;*
party	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
planning agreement	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property;*
populate	to complete data fields in the *Electronic Workspace*;

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requisition	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
rescind	rescind this contract from the beginning;
serve	serve in writing on the other *party*;
settlement cheque	an unendorsed *cheque* made payable to the person to be paid and – ● issued by a *bank* and drawn on itself; or ● if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*;
solicitor	in relation to a *party*, the *party's* solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice *served* by the *party*;
TA Act	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
terminate	terminate this contract for breach;
title data	the details of the title to the *property* made available to the *Electronic Workspace* by the *Land Registry*;
variation	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*;
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
work order	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by –
2.4.1 giving cash (up to $2,000) to the *depositholder*;
2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
2.5 The vendor can *terminate* if –
2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.

This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond;* and
3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

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3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond* –
3.9.1 on completion; or
3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

4.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* unless –
4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,
and in both cases clause 30 applies.
4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* –
4.2.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
- otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
4.3 The *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
4.4 A *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry*.
4.5 *Normally,* the vendor must *within* 7 days of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion*,* and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace.*
4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6 –
4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
4.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
4.7.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* or *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
4.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
4.11 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO,* Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

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4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties,* and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –

4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and

4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.

4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –

4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and

4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by;

the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.

5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –

5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;

5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and

5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).

6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.

6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –

7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;

7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and

7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and

7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –

7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;

7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;

7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);

7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;

7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and

7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –

8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;

8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and

8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.

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8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
- 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
- 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);

9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
- 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
  - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
  - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).

10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.

10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.

11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;

12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and

12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

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13 Goods and services tax (GST)

13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.

13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.

13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –

13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but

13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and

13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.

13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –

13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;

13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;

13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –

- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
- if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and

13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.

13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.

13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.

13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –

13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –

- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
- something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.

13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or

13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).

13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –

13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and

13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.

13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.

13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.

13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.

13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

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14 Adjustments

14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.

14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and –

14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and

14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.

14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.

14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –

14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;

14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –

- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
- the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
- if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.

14.5 The *parties* must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.

14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.

14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.

14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

● Vendor

16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.

16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.

16.4 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

● Purchaser

16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor –

16.5.1 the price less any –

- deposit paid;
- *FRCGW remittance* payable;
- *GSTRW payment*; and
- amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and

16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.

16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.

16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.

17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –

17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and

17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).

17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

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18 Possession before completion

18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.

18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –

18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;

18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or

18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.

18.3 The purchaser must until completion –

18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and

18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.

18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.

18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –

18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.

18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.

18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –

19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and

19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.

19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –

19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;

19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;

19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and

19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.

20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.

20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.

20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.

20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.

20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –

20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);

20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;

20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;

20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;

20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;

20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;

20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once; and

20.6.8 *served* if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.

20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –

20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or

20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.

20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.

20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.

20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.

20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.

20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.

20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

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20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
20.16 Each *party* consents to –
20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party's* intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions
21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975
22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title
● Definitions and modifications
23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
23.2 In this contract –
23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
- a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
- a change in the boundaries of common property;

23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
- due to fair wear and tear;
- disclosed in this contract; or
- covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.

23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
● Adjustments and liability for expenses
23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

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23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.

23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.

23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.

23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

● Notices, certificates and inspections

23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.

23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.

23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.

23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.

23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.

23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.

23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

● Meetings of the owners corporation

23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.

24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.

24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
  - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
  - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
  - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
  - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

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BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –

24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –

- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
- any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
- any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;

24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;

24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –

- at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
- any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
- a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
- a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
- any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;

24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –

25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or

25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.

25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.

25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.

25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –

25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and

25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.

25.5 An abstract of title –

25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);

25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;

25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and

25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.

25.6 In the case of land under old system title –

25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;

25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and

25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.

25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);

25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and

25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).

25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.

25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.

25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.

25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.

25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

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BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

26 Crown purchase money

26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within* 7 days after *service* of the purchaser's part.
27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
27.7.2 in the Western Division.
27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party serving* notice of the event happening;
- every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
- the end of the time for the event to happen.

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29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the event happening.

29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

● Transfer

30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.

30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.

30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.

30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

● Place for completion

30.6 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 30.6.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.

30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

● Payments on completion

30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to $2,000) or *settlement cheque*.

30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).

30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay $10 for each extra *cheque*.

30.12 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.12.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.12.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

30.13 If the purchaser must pay an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must –
- 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.13.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.13.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.

31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

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32 Residential off the plan contract

32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).

32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.

32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022 –

32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and

32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

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Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 5/SP104673

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
5/4/2023	8:06 PM	6	24/1/2023

LAND

LOT 5 IN STRATA PLAN 104673
AT MIRANDA
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE

FIRST SCHEDULE

MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP104673
2 AS804697 MORTGAGE TO PERPETUAL CORPORATE TRUST LIMITED
* 3 AS805097 CAVEAT BY SQUARE CAPITAL PTY. LTD.

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

JY: 7000-5 PRINTED ON 5/4/2023

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

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Received: 05/04/2023 20:06:52

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP104673

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
5/4/2023	8:06 PM	2	14/3/2023

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 104673
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT MIRANDA
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE
PARISH OF SUTHERLAND COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SP104673

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 104673
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
147-151 PRESIDENT AVENUE,
MIRANDA NSW 2228

SECOND SCHEDULE (4 NOTIFICATIONS)

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1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS (S.141 PUBLIC WORKS ACT, 1912)
2 D552790 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS
3 AS919240 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS
4 AS919240 INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 1000)

STRATA PLAN 104673

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	73	2	75	3	75	4	75
5	75	6	75	7	81	8	79
9	79	10	78	11	78	12	78
13	79						

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

JY: 7000-5 PRINTED ON 5/4/2023

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Received: 05/04/2023 20:06:53

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

CONDITIONS OF SALE BY AUCTION

If the property is or is intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders Record means the Bidders Record to be kept pursuant to Clause 18 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Regulation 2003 and Section 68 Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002:

(1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale of the land by auction of land:

(a) The principal's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences.
(b) A bid for the seller cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely, the number of the bids that may be made by or on behalf of the seller.
(c) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price.
(d) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final.
(e) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bit that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the seller.
(f) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person
(g) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer.
(h) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer, the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.

(2) The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause (1), are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:

(a) All bidders must be registered in the Bidders Record and display an identifying number when making a bid.
(b) One bid only may be made by or on behalf of the seller. This includes a bid made by the auctioneer on behalf of the seller.
(c) When making a bid on behalf of the seller or accepting a bid made by or on behalf of the seller, the auctioneer must clearly state that the bid was made by or on behalf of the seller or auctioneer.

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

32. Amendments to Standard Clauses

The Vendor and the Purchaser agree that the provisions of the printed form of Contract for Sale of Land (2019 Edition) shall be amended as follows:

Clauses 2.2, 4.1, 14.6: deleting the word "normally";
Clauses 6.2 and 6.3 are deleted;
Clause 7.1.1 is deleted and replaced with the words "any amount is claimed";
Clause 7.1.3: substituting "14" with "7".
Clause 7.2.1: substituting "10%" with "1%" in the first line;
Clause 8.1.1: deleting "on reasonable grounds";
Clause 8.1.2: deleting "that specifies … grounds";
Clause 10: inserting "or delay completion" after "terminate";
Clause 11.2: insert "other than on account of the Purchaser's breach" after "terminated";
Clause 14.4 is deleted.
Clause 16.8 is deleted.
Deletion of 16.12: deleting the words "if it is in NSW, but the Vendor must pay the Purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgage fee".
Clause 18.7 is deleted.
Clause 20.6.5: inserting at the end "or if the fax is received by a party after 5.00 pm, whereby the document is deemed to be served on the next business day".
Clause 23.6.1: deleting the words "even if it is payable by instalments" and replacing with "to the extent of which is payable or falls due before the contract date. If any instalments fall due on or after the contract date the instalments are payable by the Purchaser."
Clause 23.9.1: deleting "1%" and substituting "5%" in the fourth line.
Clause 23.13 – the word "vendor" is replaced with "purchaser" and insert "on the vendor" after the word "certificate"; and Clause 23.14 is deleted.
Deletion of clause 24.3.3 entirely.

33. Agent

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the vendors agent, if any, referred to in this contract, and the purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty, and it is hereby agreed and declared that this clause shall not merge in

the transfer upon completion, or be extinguished by completion of this contract, and shall continue in full force, and effect, notwithstanding completion.

34. Notice to complete

(a) In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a notice to complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the notice, and this period is considered reasonable by both parties. For this contract, such notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this contract.

(b) In the event the vendor issues a Notice to Complete pursuant to this Clause, the Purchaser must allow an adjustment of $450.00 (including GST) in favour of the Vendor on Completion as the vendor's additional costs and service fees.

35. Purchaser acknowledgements

(a) The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:

(i) In its present condition and state of repair;

(ii) Subject to all defects latent and patent;

(iii) Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;

(iv) Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property; and

(v) Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.

The purchaser agrees not to seek, terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this clause.

(b) The purchaser is not entitled to make objections, requisitions or claims in respect to the condition of the property.

36. Purchaser's acknowledgement

The purchaser acknowledges that he/she does not reply upon any warranty or representations by the vendor or anyone else on behalf of the vendor, except as expressly provided in this contract. The purchaser acknowledges that he/she has relied entirely upon his/her own enquiries and inspections before entering this contract.

37. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them, prior to completion die or become mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Act, or become bankrupt, or if a company go into liquidation, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing forwarded

to the other party and thereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

38. Late completion

Provided that the vendor is ready, willing and able to give title to the purchaser, if this contract is not completion for any reason, other than the vendor's default, on or before completion date then in addition to any other right which the vendor may have under this contract or otherwise, the purchaser will on completion of this contract pay to the vendor interest on the balance of the purchase price at the rate of 10% per annum calculated daily on the balance of the purchase price, commencing on the Completion date and continuing until and including the actual day of completion.

39. Rescheduled settlements

If the purchaser cancels settlement after appropriate arrangements have been made, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion the sum of $250 plus GST for each cancellation and unreasonable rescheduled settlement. The purchaser accepts that this is a genuine estimation of the vendor's costs.

40. Swimming Pool

If there is a swimming pool, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate if the swimming pool on the property does not comply with the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992.

41. REQUESTS FOR EXTENSION TO COOLING OFF PERIOD

If the Purchaser requests an extension to the cooling off period and such extension is agreed by the Vendor, the Purchaser shall on the earlier of completion, rescission or termination, pay to the Vendor an amount of $150.00 (plus GST) as re-imbursement of the Vendor's additional conveyancing expenses.

42. GST

The purchaser warrants that the property will be used predominantly for residential accommodation. The purchaser will indemnify the vendor against any liability to pay GST arising from breach of this warranty. This right continues after completion.

43. Deposit Bond

(a) The word bond means the deposit bond issued to the vendor at the request of the purchaser by the bond provider.

(b) Subject to the following clauses the delivery of the bond on exchange to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit or the vendor's solicitor will be deemed to be payment of the deposit in accordance with this contract.

(c) The purchaser must pay the amount stipulated in the bond to the vendor in cash or by unendorsed bank cheque on completion or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted to the vendor.

(d) If the vendor serves on the purchaser a written notice claiming to forfeit the deposit then to the extent that the amount has not already been paid by the bond provider under the bond, the purchaser must immediately pay the deposit or so much of the deposit as has not been paid to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit.

44. Release of Deposit

The purchasers agree and acknowledge that by their execution of this contract they irrevocably authorise the vendor's agent to release to the vendors such part of the deposit moneys as the vendors shall require to use for a deposit and/or stamp duty on any piece of real estate that the vendors negotiate to purchase between the date hereof and the date of settlement hereof.

45. Stamp Duties

The purchaser must pay all stamp duties (including penalties and fines) which are payable in connection to this contract and the purchaser indemnifies against any liabilities which result from default, delay or omission to pay those duties or failure to make proper disclosures to the Office of State Revenue in relation to those duties.

46. Errors in Adjustments

It is agreed by the Vendor and the Purchaser that on completion should an error be made in calculating the rating and other required adjustments pursuant to the Contract then such error shall be corrected when requested by a party and in accordance with the correct calculations the party owing the amount shall pay such amount due to the other party. The obligations contained in this clause are essential and shall not merge on completion.

47. FIRB

The purchaser warrants:

(a) That the purchaser is not a foreign person within the meaning of the Foreign Acquisition and Takeovers Act 1975; or

(b) That the purchaser is a foreign person within the meaning of the Foreign Acquisition and Takeovers Act 1975 and that the treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia has advised in writing that the treasurer has no objection to the acquisition of the property by the purchaser.

48. Discharge of Mortgage

The purchaser shall not be entitled to require the vendor prior to settlement to register a Discharge of any Mortgage or withdrawal of any Caveats affecting the subject land but will accept on settlement a properly executed Discharge of any such Mortgage or Withdrawal of any such Caveat together with the appropriate registration fees therefore.

49. Conflicts of Conditions

Should there be any discrepancies or conflict between the standard printed conditions and these special conditions, then these special conditions shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

50. Severability

In the event of any part of this contract being or becoming void or unenforceable or being illegal then that part shall be severed from this contract to the extent that all parts that shall not be or become void, unenforceable or illegal shall remain in full force and effect and be unaffected by such severance.

51. Section 184 Certificate

The vendor authorises the purchaser to obtain the certificate under Section 184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 or section 26 Community Land Management Act 1989 in relation to the lot.

52. Electronic Settlement (PEXA)

Clause 30.1.2 is deleted. Notwithstanding clause 30, if the purchaser is unable or unwilling to conduct this conveyancing transaction as an electronic transaction, the purchaser will pay to the vendor an amount of $380.00 plus GST at completion as re-imbursement of the vendor's additional conveyancing expenses.

53. Warning: Smoke Alarms

(a) If the subject of this property does not have smoke alarms and is required to under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 or its regulations, or has smoke alarms that do not comply with this Act or its regulations, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition, rescind or terminate.

(b) The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lot must have smoke alarms installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

54. Requisitions

(a) The Purchaser agrees that the only form of requisition on title which the Purchaser may make under clause 5 of the Standard Conditions are the requisitions which are attached to this contract.

(b) The Purchaser is satisfied with the attached Replies to Requisitions and is not entitled to make other requisitions or objections.

55. Deposit

If, with the written consent of the Vendor, the Purchaser is permitted to pay the deposit by instalments and not in accordance with the provisions of clause 2.2 then the Purchaser must pay the deposit as follows:-

(a) one half of the deposit, equal to 5% of the price on the making of this contract; and

(b) the other part of Deposit Balance the earlier of the Completion date and the date on which this contract is actually completed.

The times for making the payments of deposit set out to in this special condition are essential. The Vendor may recover the Deposit Balance as a liquidated debt in

any court of competent jurisdiction together with the Vendor interest on the Deposit Balance at the rate set out in clause 2.

All interest earned on the investment of any deposit that is less than 10%, is to be paid to the Vendor.

56. Land Tax Adjustment

(a) The vendor requires a land tax adjustment on completion for the year current at completion. The Purchaser must adjust the amount referred to in item 1 (in respect of land tax) in accordance with clause 14 and any actual assessment for any Lot which is issued for the year current at completion shall not be considered.

Item 1 land tax $3,000

57

(a) The Vendor discloses that any assessment of land tax is payable by an instalment arrangement with Revenue NSW and the vendor undertakes to make all instalment payments as they fall due.
(b) The purchaser agrees to accept at completion an undertaking from the vendor to pay any assessment within the time limited by such assessment for payment. The vendor agrees that the amount of $3,000.00 is to be held in trust by the vendor's agent until such time as the assessment has been paid.
(c) The Purchaser agrees to complete this Contract notwithstanding that the Vendor is unable to provide a clear land tax certificate on or prior to completion.
(c) The vendor will have complied with its obligations pursuant to Schedule 2, Clause 3 of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 if it serves a land tax certificate for the year current at completion that relates to the land as it was registered as at midnight on the 31st December in the year immediately before the year of completion.

58 Sewerage Diagram is not available from Sydney Water

(a) Sydney Water advised that Sewerage Diagram is not available for this property;
(b) The purchaser must make its own enquiries to Sydney Water for any information related to this clause;
(c) By signing this contract, the purchaser accepts the fact that the sewerage diagram for this property is not available;
(d) The purchaser warrants not to make objections, claims, requisitions or rescission of contract of any matter arising from this clause;
(e) This is an essential term of the contract, not merge on settlement.

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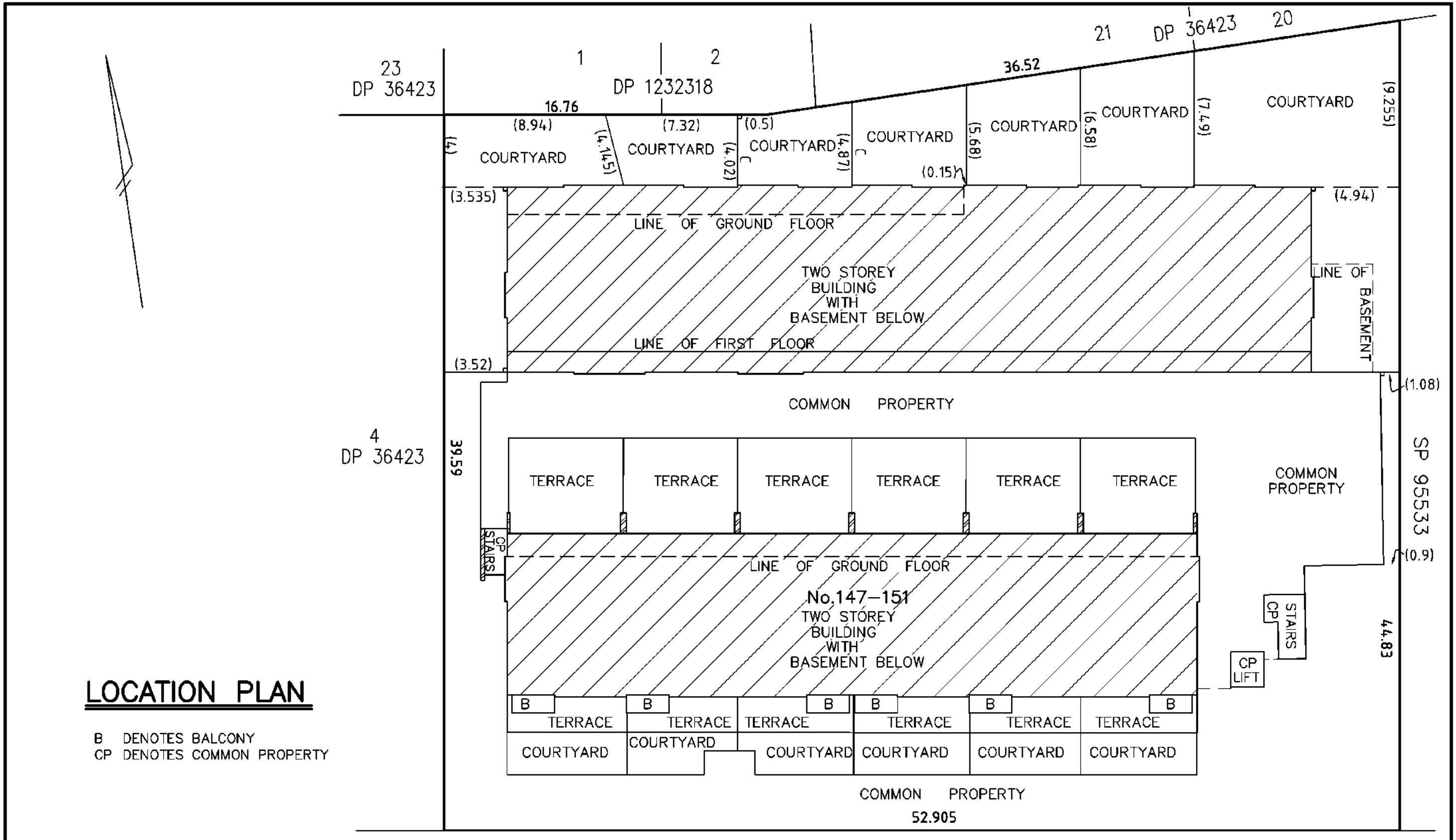

LOCATION PLAN

B DENOTES BALCONY
CP DENOTES COMMON PROPERTY

SURVEYOR Name: SIMON ANDREW GEEST Date: 19/11/2021 Reference: 21907241/1	PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 1 IN DP1264516	LGA: SUTHERLAND SHIRE Locality: MIRANDA Reduction Ratio: 1:200 Lengths are in metres	REGISTERED 14/04/2022	SP104673

10mm 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140

Req:R677313 /Doc:SP 0104673 P /Rev:14-Apr-2022 /NSW LRS /Prt:15-Apr-2022 03:30 /Seq:2 of 9
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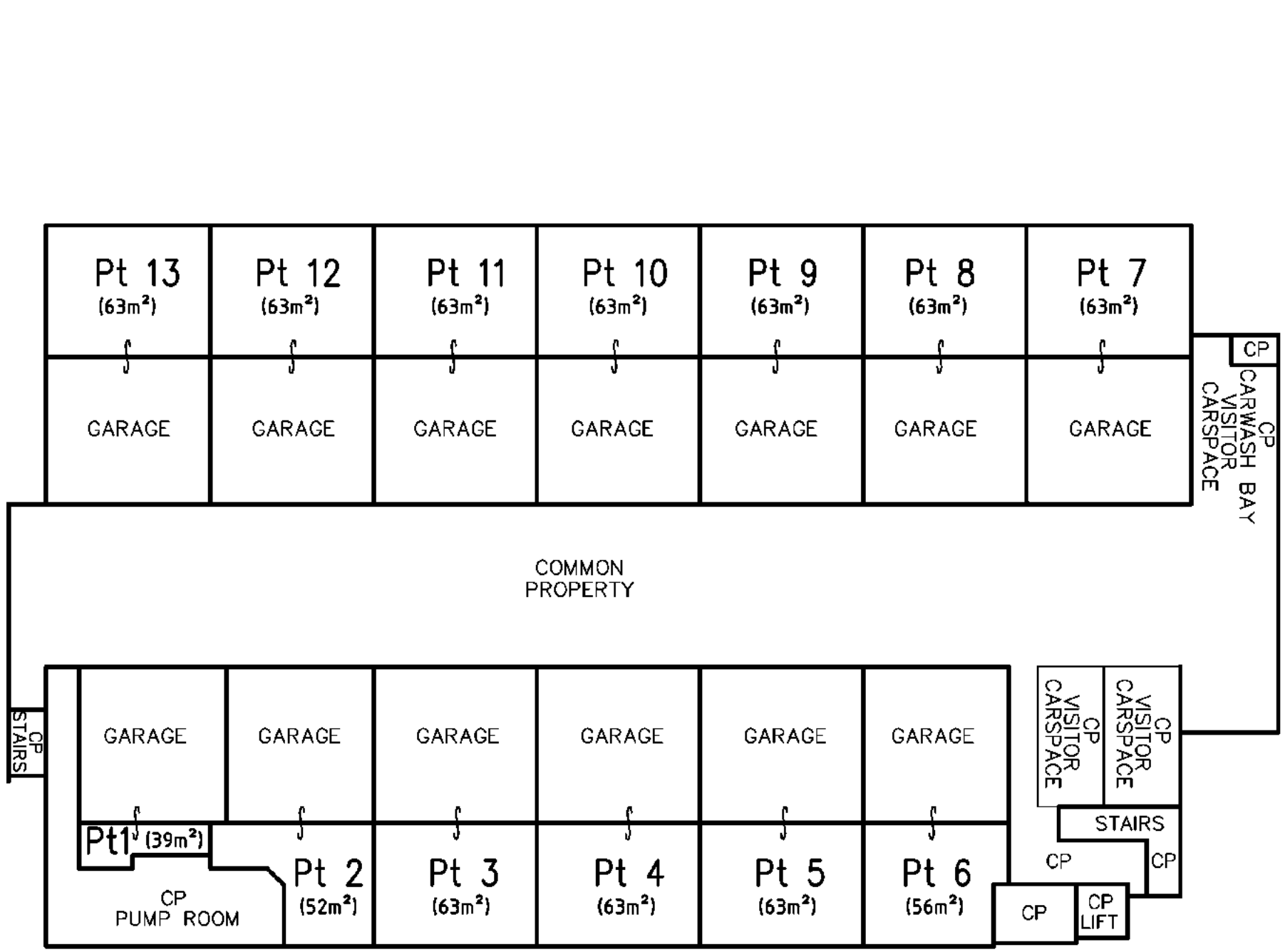

NOTES

1. MEASUREMENTS OF AREAS SHOWN HEREON ARE APPROXIMATE AND HAVE BEEN CALCULATED FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT,2015. THEY MAY DIFFER FROM MEASUREMENTS OF FLOOR AREAS FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
2. FOR CLARITY NOT ALL COMMON PROPERTY STRUCTURES ARE SHOWN.
3. THOSE PARTS OF SERVICE LINES WHICH SERVICE ONE LOT ONLY AND ARE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THAT LOT ARE COMMON PROPERTY.

BASEMENT

SURVEYOR Name: SIMON ANDREW GEEST Date: 19/11/2021 Reference: 21907241/1	PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 1 IN DP1264516	LGA: SUTHERLAND SHIRE Locality: MIRANDA Reduction Ratio: 1:200 Lengths are in metres	REGISTERED 14/04/2022	SP104673

10mm 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140

Req:R677313 /Doc:SP 0104673 P /Rev:14-Apr-2022 /NSW LRS /Prt:15-Apr-2022 03:30 /Seq:3 of 9
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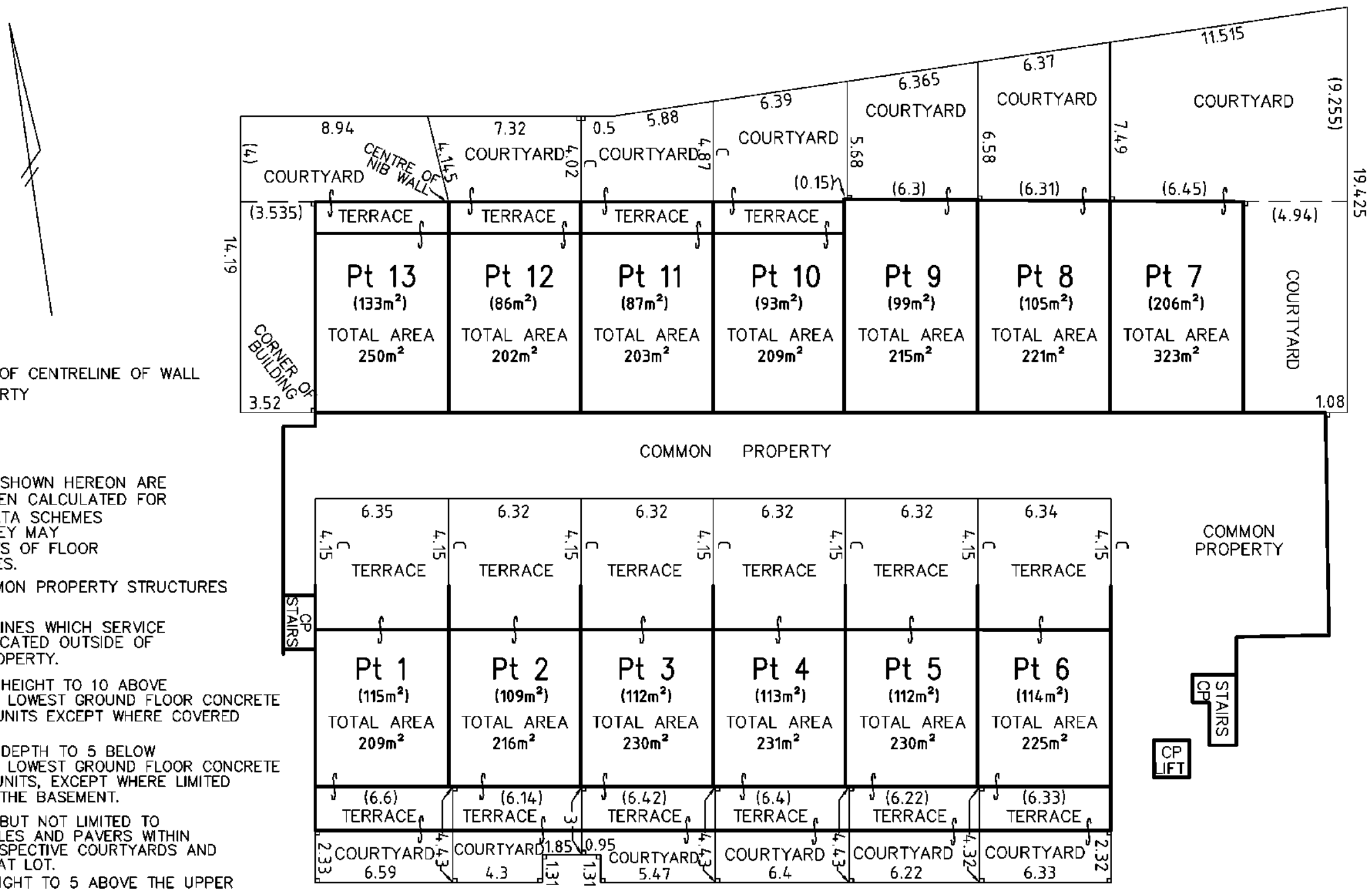

L DENOTES RIGHT ANGLE
C DENOTES PROLONGATION OF CENTRELINE OF WALL
CP DENOTES COMMON PROPERTY

NOTES

1. MEASUREMENTS OF AREAS SHOWN HEREON ARE APPROXIMATE AND HAVE BEEN CALCULATED FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT,2015. THEY MAY DIFFER FROM MEASUREMENTS OF FLOOR AREAS FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
2. FOR CLARITY NOT ALL COMMON PROPERTY STRUCTURES ARE SHOWN.
3. THOSE PARTS OF SERVICE LINES WHICH SERVICE ONE LOT ONLY AND ARE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THAT LOT ARE COMMON PROPERTY.
4. COURTYARDS ARE LIMITED IN HEIGHT TO 10 ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF THE LOWEST GROUND FLOOR CONCRETE SLAB OF THEIR RESPECTIVE UNITS EXCEPT WHERE COVERED WITHIN THIS LIMIT.
5. COURTYARDS ARE LIMITED IN DEPTH TO 5 BELOW THE UPPER SURFACE OF THE LOWEST GROUND FLOOR CONCRETE SLAB OF THEIR RESPECTIVE UNITS, EXCEPT WHERE LIMITED BY THE CONCRETE ROOF OF THE BASEMENT.
6. ALL STRUCTURES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO DECKS, STAIRS, PERGOLAS, TILES AND PAVERS WITHIN THE CUBIC SPACE OF THE RESPECTIVE COURTYARDS AND TERRACES FORM PART OF THAT LOT.
7. TERRACES ARE LIMITED IN HEIGHT TO 5 ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF THEIR CONCRETE FLOOR EXCEPT WHERE COVERED. WITHIN THIS LIMIT.
8. ALL WATERPROOFING MEMBRANES UPON THE TERRACES AND COURTYARDS FORM COMMON PROPERTY.
9. ALL WALLS ON COURTYARD AND TERRACE BOUNDARIES ARE COMMON PROPERTY.

GROUND FLOOR

SURVEYOR Name: SIMON ANDREW GEEST Date: 19/11/2021 Reference: 21907241/1	PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 1 IN DP1264516	LGA: SUTHERLAND SHIRE Locality: MIRANDA Reduction Ratio: 1:200 Lengths are in metres	REGISTERED 14/04/2022	SP104673

10mm 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140

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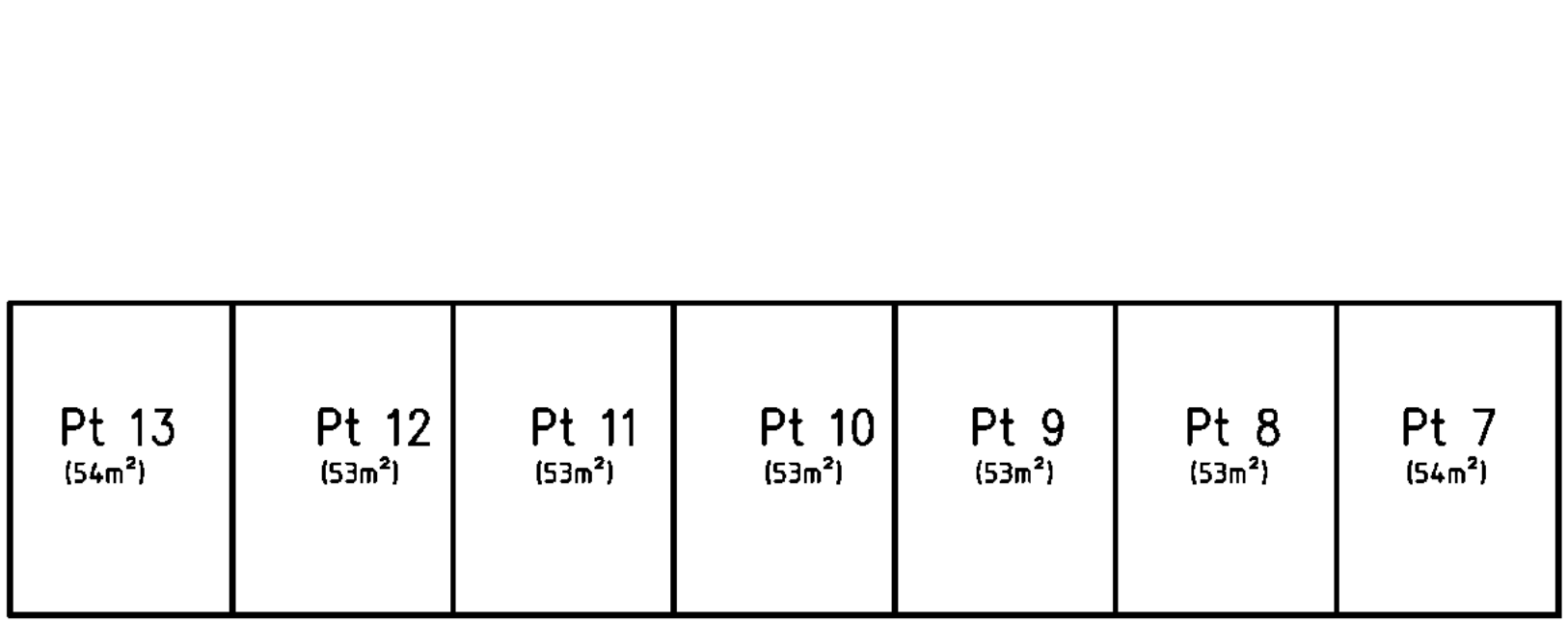
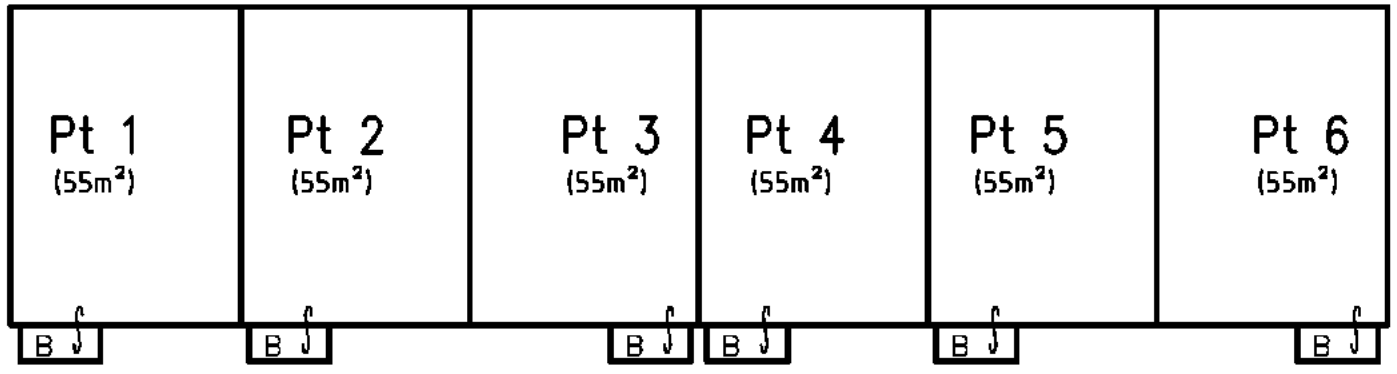


B DENOTES BALCONY

NOTES

1. MEASUREMENTS OF AREAS SHOWN HEREON ARE APPROXIMATE AND HAVE BEEN CALCULATED FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE STRATA SCHEMES DEVELOPMENT ACT,2015. THEY MAY DIFFER FROM MEASUREMENTS OF FLOOR AREAS FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
2. FOR CLARITY NOT ALL COMMON PROPERTY STRUCTURES ARE SHOWN.
3. THOSE PARTS OF SERVICE LINES WHICH SERVICE ONE LOT ONLY AND ARE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THAT LOT ARE COMMON PROPERTY.
4. THE STRATUM OF THE BALCONIES ARE LIMITED IN HEIGHT TO 2.8 METRES ABOVE THE UPPERSURFACE OF THEIR RESPECTIVE FLOORS EXCEPT WHERE COVERED WITHIN THIS LIMIT. THE FLOOR TILES ON THE BALCONIES FORM PART OF THE LOT.



FIRST FLOOR

SURVEYOR Name: SIMON ANDREW GEEST Date: 19/11/2021 Reference: 21907241/1	PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 1 IN DP1264516	LGA: SUTHERLAND SHIRE Locality: MIRANDA Reduction Ratio: 1:200 Lengths are in metres	REGISTERED 14/04/2022	SP104673

10mm 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140

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SP FORM 3.01	**STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET**	Sheet 1 of ~~4~~ 5 sheet(s)

Office Use Only	Office Use Only
Registered: 14/04/2022	SP104673
PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF: **LOT 1 IN DP 1264516**	LGA: SUTHERLAND SHIRE Locality: MIRANDA Parish: SUTHERLAND County: CUMBERLAND

This is a ***FREEHOLD/~~*LEASEHOLD~~** Strata Scheme

Address for Service of Documents

147-151 PRESIDENT AVENUE, MIRANDA 2228

The by-laws adopted for the scheme are:

* Model by-laws for residential strata schemes together with:
  Keeping of animals: Option *A/~~*B~~
  Smoke penetration: Option *A/~~*B~~

(see Schedule 3 *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016*)

* ~~The strata by-laws lodged with the plan.~~

Surveyor's Certificate

I SIMON ANDREW GEEST ....,
of COOPER & RICHARDS, PO BOX 508,
SUTHERLAND NSW 1499 ....,
being a land surveyor registered under the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002*, certify that the information shown in the accompanying plan is accurate and each applicable requirement of Schedule 1 of the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015* has been met.

~~*The building encroaches on:~~

~~*(a) a public place~~

~~*(b) land other than a public place and an appropriate easement to permit the encroachment has been created by ^ .....~~

Signature: .....

Date: 19TH NOVEMBER 2021 .....

Surveyor ID: 90.....

Surveyor's Reference: 21907241/1 .....

^ Insert the deposited plan number or dealing number of the instrument that created the easement

Strata Certificate (Registered Certifier)

I IAN BAKER being an Registered Certifier, Registration number BDC0017, certify that in regards to the strata plan with this certificate, I have made the required inspections and I am satisfied the plan complies with clause 17 *Strata Schemes Development Regulation 2016* and the relevant parts of Section 58 *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*.

*(a) ~~This plan is part of a development scheme.~~

*(b) The building encroaches on a public place and in accordance with section 62(3) *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015* the local council has granted a relevant planning approval that is in force for the building with the encroachment or for the subdivision specifying the existence of the encroachment.

*(c) This certificate is given on the condition contained in the relevant planning approval that lot(s) ^..... will be created as utility lots and restricted in accordance with ~~section 63 *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*.~~

Certificate Reference: 17/SC08/22

Relevant Planning Approval No.: 17/CDC 09/22

issued by: IAN BAKER

Signature: .....

Date: 16 MARCH 2022

^ Insert lot numbers of proposed utility lots.

* Strike through if inapplicable

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Office Use Only

Registered: 14/04/2022

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SP104673

VALUER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Michael Watkins of R. E. Valuations (PO BOX 1230 Sutherland 1499) being a qualified valuer, as defined in the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015* by virtue of having membership with:

Professional Body:	Australian Valuers Institute
Class of membership:	Certified Property Valuer
Membership number:	CPV 6140

certify that the unit entitlements shown in the schedule herewith were apportioned on 9th December 2021 (being the valuation day) in accordance with Schedule 2 Strata Schemes Development Act 2015

Signature: ..... Date: 9th December 2021

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

Lot	Unit Entitlement
1	73
2	75
3	75
4	75
5	75
6	75
7	81
8	79
9	79
10	78
11	78
12	78
13	79
Aggregate	1000

Surveyor's Reference: 21907241/1

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SP FORM 3.08 (Annexure)	**STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET**	Sheet 3 of 5 sheet(s)

Office Use Only

Registered: 14/04/2022

Office Use Only

SP104673

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of any previous administration sheets
- A schedule of street addresses
- Statements of intention to create and or release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B *Conveyancing Act 1919*
- Signatures and seals- see section 22 *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*

Lot Number	Sub-Address Number	Address Number	Road Name	Road Type	Locality Name
CP		147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
1	1	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
2	2	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
3	3	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
4	4	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
5	5	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
6	6	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
7	7	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
8	8	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
9	9	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
10	10	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
11	11	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
12	12	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda
13	13	147-151	President	Avenue	Miranda

SIGNATURES & SEALS

EXECUTED by MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD
(ABN 73262900816)
in accordance with section 127 of the Corporations Act:

Zejia Yao
.....
Signature of ~~director~~ sole director/secretary

~~Signature of director/secretary~~

Zejia Yao
.....
Name (Please Print)

~~Name (Please Print)~~

Surveyor's Reference: 21907241/1

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SP FORM 3.08 (Annexure)	STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET	Sheet 4 of 5 sheet(s)

Office Use Only	Office Use Only
Registered: 14/04/2022	SP104673

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of any previous administration sheets
- Statements of intention to create and or release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B *Conveyancing Act 1919*
- Signatures and seals- see section 22 *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*

SIGNATURES & SEALS

EXECUTED BY MORTGAGEE

Executed for and on behalf of **AMAL Trustees Pty Limited ACN 609 737 064 ~~as trustee for PRESIDENT AVENUE MIRANDA NO.2 TRUST~~** by its attorneys under power of attorney dated 28 April 2016, in the presence of:

Signature of witness

Victor Nishinoro Dobao

Full Name of witness (print)

9371/10 Elizabeth St Waterloo 2017

Address of witness (print)

By executing this deed each attorney states that it has not received notice of revocation of the power of attorney at the date of executing this deed.

Power of Attorney Book 4706 No. 72

Signature of attorney

John O'Connell

Name of attorney

Signature of attorney

Tony Grant

Name of attorney

Surveyor's Reference: 21907241/1

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SP FORM 3.08 (Annexure)	STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET	Sheet 5 of ~~6~~ 5 sheet(s)

Office Use Only	Office Use Only
Registered: 14/04/2022	SP104673

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of any previous administration sheets
- Statements of intention to create and or release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B *Conveyancing Act 1919*
- Signatures and seals- see section 22 *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*

SIGNATURES & SEALS

EXECUTED BY MORTGAGEE

EXECUTED by **AUSTAR FINANCE PTY LTD ACN 168 816 260** ~~**as trustee for the PREMIUM PORTFOLIO BALANCED TRUST**~~ in accordance with section 127(1) of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* by authority of its directors:

DIRECTOR

Signature: .....

Name (in block capitals): XIAOYA SUN

DIRECTOR/SECRETARY

Signature: .....

Name (in block capitals): YITIAN SUN

Surveyor's Reference: 21907241/1

Req:R714345 /Doc:DL D552790 /Rev:18-Mar-1997 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:26-Apr-2022 13:52 /Seq:1 of 4
© Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:JY: 7000-3

SEP 16 2 49 1946

£2=5=0 D552790

16.9 ds

New South Wales.

MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER.

(REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900.)

HOLT SUTHERLAND COMPANY (1933) LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company) being registered as the proprietors for a term of fifty-six years from the first day of July 1899 under Memorandum of Lease registered No. 50990 as extended by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 in the land hereinafter described subject however to such encumbrances liens and interests as are notified by memorandum underwritten or endorsed hereon in consideration of the sum of five hundred and seventy pounds 16/8 (£570-16-8) paid by VINCENT LANG of Mascot, Chef to the Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) the Australian trustee of the Will of Thomas Holt late of Sydney pursuant to Section 7 of the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 (the receipt of which sum is hereby acknowledged by the said Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) testified by the receipt hereto annexed) doth hereby in exercise and in pursuance of the power and direction in Section 7 of the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and of all other powers enabling it appoint and transfer to the said VINCENT LANG All the estate and interest of the registered Proprietor in fee simple in the surface of ALL that parcel of land situated in the Parish of Sutherland County of Cumberland and being part of the land comprised in Certificate of Title dated the 27th May 1938 Registered Vol. 4934 fol. 215 and in the said Lease Number 50990 and being the surface of the whole of the land comprised in Sub-leases Numbers {B499624 B611373} from the Holt Sutherland Estate Company Limited to FREDERICK MATSON, senior (transferred to the said VINCENT LANG) And doth also transfer to the said VINCENT LANG all the estate and interest of which it the said Holt Sutherland Company (1933) Limited is registered Proprietor Together with all its rights and powers in respect thereof as comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 in and so far only as regards the land comprised in the said Sub-leases Nos. {B499624 B611373} excepting and reserving to the said Company and its assigns during the residue now unexpired of the term of the said Lease No. 50990 as extended by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and subject thereto unto the person or persons for the time being entitled to the Mines and premises next herein excepted and reserved in reversion immediately expectant on the said Lease No. 50990 (all of whom including the Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) and other the Australian Trustees or Trustee for the time being of the said Will of the said Thomas Holt deceased are hereinafter included in the term the reversioner and reversioners) all Mines beds seams and veins of coal iron and other metals and minerals comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 which are now known or shall or may be discovered hereafter as lying and being under the surface of the land hereby appointed and transferred together with liberty for the Company and its assigns during such residue and subject thereto for the reversioner and reversioners without entering on the surface of the said land hereby appointed and without doing any act which may disturb or cause any damage to any house or houses building or buildings now erected or henceforth to be erected on the said land hereby appointed or be a nuisance to the occupiers of such houses or buildings or any of them to get work and win the said Mines seams and veins of coal iron and other metals and minerals and for such purposes to make maintain and use any necessary and convenient underground works whatsoever and subject to and reserving unto the person or persons entitled thereto all rights of way across the said land hereby appointed And excepting and reserving unto the said reversioner and reversioners all metals and minerals not comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 and which are now known or shall

C/T Cooked & partly cancelled

Req:R714345 /Doc:DL D552790 /Rev:18-Mar-1997 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:26-Apr-2022 13:52 /Seq:2 of 4
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hereby appointed together with the liberty for the reversioner or reversioners without entering on the surface of the said land hereby appointed and without doing any acts which may disturb or cause any damage to any house or houses building or buildings now erected or hereafter to be erected on the land hereby appointed or be a nuisance to the occupiers of such houses or buildings or any of them to get work and win the said metals and minerals hereby lastly hereinbefore excepted and reserved and for such purpose to make maintain and use any necessary and convenient underground works whatsoever to the intent that the said VINCENT LANG may become the registered proprietor in fee simple of the surface lands comprised in the said Sub-leases Nos. {B499624 B611373} to the extent only directed and intended by the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 PROVIDED ALWAYS that the Company and its assigns shall hold the residue of the lands comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 subject to all the provisoes conditions and agreements in the said Lease contained and on the part of the Company to be observed and performed as (if at all) varied by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and to the provisions of the same Act And the reversioner and reversioners shall in respect of such residue be entitled to the benefit of all conditions and powers of re-entry for non-payment of rent and other powers and reservations in the said Lease contained in all respects as if this Transfer had not been made.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the Common Seal of the Holt Sutherland Company (1933) Limited was hereunto affixed at Sydney this Sixth day of June 1946

THE COMMON SEAL of the HOLT SUTHERLAND COMPANY (1933) LIMITED was affixed hereto by the Directors present at a Meeting of THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of that Company held this sixth day of June 1946 and such Directors thereupon signed this Transfer in the presence of—

M S Macdonald
Secretary

[signature]
M Prince
Directors

Accepted and I hereby certify this Transfer to be correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act.

SIGNED in my presence by the said VINCENT LANG who is personally known to me—

Vincent Lang

F A Hodgson
Solicitor
Sydney

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Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited)

33-39 HUNTER STREET, SYDNEY

No. 991 1st July 1946

RECEIVED from Vincent Lang Esq.

the sum of five hundred & seventy pounds

16/8 being the purchase money for the fee simple of all that piece of land situate in the Parish of Sutherland and County of Cumberland being the whole of the land comprised in Sub-Lease Nos. B 611373 & B 499624 each dated 28th December 1910

from the Holt Sutherland Estate Coy Ltd to

Frederick Watson Senior

and part of the land comprised in Memorandum of Lease registered No. 50990.

£570—16—8

[signature] Cashier

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No. D552790 Memorandum of (Transfer and) Transfer of Lease

Lots 51 and 53 D.P. 7113
(Karimbla Rd, Miranda Rd + President Ave)
at Miranda
Shire Sutherland
(Resg. coal etc)

Lodged by TEECE, HODGSON & CO
~~MINTER, SIMPSON & CO.~~,
SYDNEY.

HOLT SUTHERLAND COMPANY (1933) LIMITED.
Transferror.

Vincent Lang *Transferree.*

Particulars entered in the Register Book, Vol. 4934
Folio 215 ✓ Recd No. 50990.

the 20th day of January, 1947
at ~~minutes~~ 12 o'clock
~~in the~~ noon.

T. Wells
Registrar General.

REGISTRAR GENERAL NEW SOUTH WALES

TRANSFER RECORD.

[illegible]		
[illegible]		
[illegible]	[illegible]	21.10.46
[illegible]	[illegible]	5/11/46
[illegible]	[illegible]	25/11/46
[illegible]	[illegible]	7/12
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

5661 210

2010 No 492

New South Wales

Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2010

under the

Strata Schemes Management Act 1996

Her Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has made the following Regulation under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*.

VIRGINIA JUDGE, MP
Minister for Fair Trading

Explanatory note

The object of this Regulation is to remake with minor modifications the *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2005* which is repealed on 1 September 2010 by section 10 (2) of the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1989*.

This Regulation provides for the following matters:

(a) it prescribes records and accounts that must be kept by an owners corporation of a strata scheme,

(b) it specifies the persons who are qualified to give insurance valuations of buildings in a strata scheme and prescribes the method of calculating the limit that may be placed on the liability of an insurer under an insurance policy for a building in a strata scheme,

(c) it places restrictions on the delegation of certain functions under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* (***the Act***),

(d) it prescribes an amount for the purposes of section 80B of the Act which requires a large strata scheme to obtain quotations in relation to proposed expenditure on any item or service (other than legal advice or services) exceeding that prescribed amount,

(e) it exempts an owners corporation from the requirement in section 80D of the Act to obtain approval at a general meeting before seeking legal advice or legal services or taking legal action if the reasonably estimated cost of doing so does not exceed an amount specified in the Regulation,

(f) it sets out the method of electing the executive committee of an owners corporation,

(g) it prescribes fees payable under the Act,

(h) it specifies the time limit on making certain applications to the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal and prescribes provisions relating to the conduct of certain proceedings before the Tribunal,

(i) it prescribes provisions relating to the conduct of mediation sessions under the Act,

(j) it prescribes model by-laws that may be adopted as the by-laws for various strata schemes,

(k) it prescribes the manner in which the first annual general meeting of an owners corporation must be convened,

(l) it prescribes forms for the purposes of the Act,

(m) it prescribes an amount in relation to the definition of ***priority vote*** in the Act so that the definition will include a vote on a motion that relates to insurance, budgeting or fixing of a levy requiring expenditure above that amount,

(n) it includes other minor and consequential provisions and savings and transitional provisions.

This Regulation is made under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, including section 246 (the general regulation-making power) and various other sections referred to in the Regulation.

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Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2010

under the

Strata Schemes Management Act 1996

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation is the *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2010*.

2 Commencement

This Regulation commences on 1 September 2010.

Note. This Regulation replaces the *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2005* which is repealed on 1 September 2010 by section 10 (2) of the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1989*.

3 Definition

In this Regulation:

banking records means the accounting records required to be kept under clause 5 (1) (b).

the Act means the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*.

4 Notes

Notes in the text of this Regulation do not form part of this Regulation.

Part 2 Records and accounts

5 Accounting records

(1) The accounting records required to be kept for the purposes of section 103 of the Act are:

(a) receipts consecutively numbered, and

(b) passbook, deposit book or statement of deposits and withdrawals for the account of the owners corporation, and

(c) a cash record, and

(d) a levy register.

(2) The treasurer must keep separate accounting records for the administrative fund and the sinking fund.

(3) Subject to the other provisions of this Part, the accounting records may be kept by mechanical, electronic or other means.

6 Receipts

(1) The treasurer of an owners corporation must issue a receipt for each payment of money received by the treasurer on behalf of the owners corporation.

(2) Each receipt must include the following:

(a) the date of issue of the receipt,

(b) the amount of money received,

(c) the form (cash, cheque, postal order or other) in which the money was received,

(d) the name of the person on whose behalf the payment was made,

(e) if the payment is for a contribution to the administrative or sinking fund:

(i) a statement that the payment is made in respect of that contribution, and

(ii) the lot number in respect of which the contribution is made, and

(iii) the period in respect of which the payment is made (if relevant), and

(iv) details of any discount given for early payment,

(f) if the payment is not a payment referred to in paragraph (e)—particulars of the transaction in respect of which the payment is received,

(g) if the payment is received in respect of more than one transaction—the manner in which the payment is apportioned between transactions.

(3) The treasurer must cause a record to be kept of all the details of each receipt issued for the payment of money received by the treasurer on behalf of the owners corporation.

7 Cash record

(1) As soon as practicable after a transaction is effected, the treasurer must enter:

(a) in a receipts section of the cash record—particulars of all money received, and

(b) in a payments section of the cash record—particulars of all money disbursed.

(2) At the end of each prescribed period, the cash record must be balanced and the balance carried forward to the cash record for the next prescribed period.

(3) At the end of each prescribed period, the treasurer must:

(a) compare the entries in the cash record with the banking records for the account of the owners corporation, and

(b) enter in the cash record:

(i) the amounts credited to the account and appearing in the banking records for which no receipt had been given, and

(ii) the amounts debited to the account and appearing in the banking records for which no cheque had been drawn.

(4) Any necessary reconciliation (showing the balance in the account of the owners corporation as indicated in the banking records, and adding any money received but not banked and deducting any cheques drawn but not presented for payment) must be entered in the cash record at the end of the entries for the relevant prescribed period.

(5) In this clause:

prescribed period means 12 months or, if an annual general meeting of the owners corporation determines a shorter period, that shorter period.

8 Levy register

(1) The levy register must include a separate section for each lot in the strata scheme that is not a utility lot.

(2) Each of those sections must specify, by appropriate entries, the following matters in relation to each contribution levied by the owners corporation and must indicate whether those entries are debits or credits and the balances for those entries:

(a) the date on which the contribution is due and payable,

(b) the type of contribution and the period in respect of which it is to be made,

(c) the amount of the contribution levied shown as a debit,

(d) the amount of each payment shown as a credit,

(e) the date on which each payment relating to the contribution is made,

(f) whether a payment made was made in cash or by cheque or in some other specified manner,

(g) whether an amount paid comprised full payment or part payment,

(h) details of any discount given for early payment,

(i) the balance of the account.

9 Inspection of records of strata managing agent

For the purposes of section 108 (3) (h) of the Act, the prescribed records to be made available for inspection are the accounting records and other records relating to the strata scheme that are kept by the strata managing agent.

10 Additional documents to be given to owners corporation by original owner or lessor at first annual general meeting

For the purposes of clause 4 (1) (d) of Schedule 2 to the Act, the following documents obtained or received by the original owner or lessor and relating to the parcel concerned, or any building, plant or equipment on the parcel, are prescribed:

(a) occupation certificates (within the meaning of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*),

(b) sewerage line diagrams,

(c) maintenance and service manuals,

(d) depreciation schedules,

(e) if the building is required to be insured under Division 2 of Part 4 of Chapter 3 of the Act, any valuation of the building.

Part 3 Insurance

11 Qualifications for person to carry out valuation for insurance purposes

A person is qualified to carry out a valuation for the purposes of section 85 of the Act if the person:

(a) is a registered valuer within the meaning of the *Valuers Act 2003*, or

(b) has successfully completed a course conducted by a tertiary institution that qualifies the person to be a quantity surveyor.

12 Manner of calculation of insurance limit under damage policy

(1) For the purposes of section 82 (6) of the Act, the manner of calculating the amount to which the liability of an insurer may be limited under a damage policy is to add together the following amounts:

(a) the estimated cost, as at the date of commencement of the damage policy, of:

(i) carrying out the work that a damage policy is required to provide for under section 82 (2) of the Act, and

(ii) making the payments that a damage policy is required to provide for under section 82 (4) and (5) of the Act,

(b) the estimated amount by which expenditure referred to in the preceding paragraphs may increase during the period of 18 months following the date of commencement of the damage policy.

(2) The amounts referred to in subclause (1) (a) and (b) are to be calculated so as to include any applicable taxes, fees and charges (including taxes, fees and charges of the Commonwealth).

Part 4 Restrictions on exercise of functions by owners corporations and executive committees

13 Restriction on delegation of certain functions

For the purposes of section 29A (1) (h) of the Act, the following functions are prescribed:

(a) arranging for inspections for the purposes of fire safety in accordance with section 65C of the Act,

(b) ensuring that the owners corporation complies with any relevant requirements under the *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000*,

(c) entering into contracts relating to the maintenance of common property or the provision of services to the common property (other than contracts relating to a stratum parcel),

(d) arranging for inspections of records and other documents under section 108 of the Act,

(e) giving certificates under section 109 of the Act.

14 Quotations required by large strata schemes

For the purposes of section 80B of the Act, the prescribed amount is $30,000 in relation to any one item or matter (other than the seeking of legal advice or the provision of any other legal services, or the taking of legal action).

Note. Section 80B of the Act requires an owners corporation of a large strata scheme to obtain at least 2 quotations for proposed expenditure exceeding the prescribed amount in relation to any one item or matter.

15 Exemptions from need for approval for certain legal action

(1) The seeking of legal advice, the provision of legal services or the taking of legal action is exempt from the operation of section 80D of the Act if the reasonably estimated cost of seeking the legal advice, having the legal services provided or taking the legal action would not exceed:

(a) an amount equal to the sum of $1,000 for each lot in the strata scheme concerned (excluding utility lots), or

(b) $12,500,

whichever is the lesser.

(2) In a case where the cost, or estimated cost, of seeking legal advice, having legal services provided or taking legal action has been:

(a) disclosed by the Australian legal practitioner concerned in accordance with the *Legal Profession Act 2004*, or

(b) set out in a proposed costs agreement under that Act,

the reasonably estimated cost of seeking the legal advice, having the legal services provided or taking the legal action is taken, for the purpose of this clause, to be the cost or estimated cost so disclosed or set out.

(3) The seeking of legal advice, the provision of legal services or the taking of legal action is exempt from the operation of section 80D of the Act if its purpose is to recover unpaid contributions and interest under section 80 of the Act.

Part 5 Election of executive committee of owners corporation

16 Application of Part

This Part applies to the procedure for nomination and election of an executive committee for a strata scheme comprising more than 2 lots.

17 Election of executive committee

(1) At a meeting of an owners corporation at which its executive committee is to be elected, the chairperson must:

(a) announce the names of the candidates already nominated in writing for election to the executive committee, and

(b) call for any oral nominations of candidates eligible for election to the executive committee.

(2) A written or oral nomination made for the purposes of such an election is ineffective if it is made by a person other than the nominee unless it is supported by the consent of the nominee given:

(a) in writing, if the nominee is not present at the meeting, or

(b) orally, if the nominee is present at the meeting.

(3) After the chairperson declares that nominations have closed, the owners corporation is to decide, in accordance with clause 2 (2) of Schedule 3 to the Act, the number of members of the executive committee.

(4) If the number of candidates:

(a) is the same as, or fewer than, the number of members of the executive committee decided on—those candidates are to be declared by the chairperson to be, and are taken to have been, elected as the executive committee, or

(b) is greater than the number so decided on—a ballot is to be held.

18 Ballot for executive committee

(1) If a ballot for membership of the executive committee of an owners corporation is required, the chairperson must:

(a) announce to the meeting the name of each candidate and the nominator of the candidate, and

(b) provide each person present and entitled to vote at the meeting with a blank ballot-paper for each vote the person is entitled to cast.

(2) For a vote to be valid, a ballot-paper must be signed by the voter and completed by the voter's writing on it:

(a) the names of the candidates (without repeating a name) for whom the voter desires to vote, the number of names written being no more than the number determined by the owners corporation as the number of members of the executive committee, and

(b) the capacity in which the voter is exercising a right to vote, whether:

(i) as owner, first mortgagee or covenant chargee of a lot (identifying the lot), or

(ii) as a company nominee, or

(iii) by proxy, and

(c) if the vote is being cast by proxy—the name and capacity of the person who gave the proxy.

(3) The completed ballot-paper must be returned to the chairperson.

(4) Until all places for membership of the executive committee have been filled, the chairperson is to declare elected successively each candidate who has a greater number of votes than all other candidates who have not been elected.

(5) If only one place remains to be filled but there are 2 or more eligible candidates with an equal number of votes, the candidate to fill the place is to be decided by a show of hands of those present and entitled to vote.

Part 6 Fees

19 Fees

The fees payable under the Act are set out in Schedule 1.

20 Waiver and remission of fees

(1) The Director-General may waive payment of the fee paid to the Director-General under the Act for an application for mediation, or may remit any such fee, if the Director-General considers it appropriate to do so in the circumstances.

(2) The Registrar may waive payment of any fee payable to the Registrar under the Act, or may remit any such fee paid to the Registrar, if the Registrar considers it appropriate to do so in the circumstances.

Part 7 Proceedings of Tribunal

21 Time limit for certain applications to vary or revoke order of Tribunal

For the purposes of section 191 (2) of the Act, the prescribed time within which an application may be made for an order varying or revoking an order of the Tribunal is 28 days commencing on the day on which a copy of the order is served on the applicant.

22 Modification of applied provisions of Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Act 2001 and regulations

(1) For the purposes of section 222 (1) of the Act, the application of the provisions of the *Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Act 2001* in relation to proceedings before the Tribunal under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* is modified in accordance with this clause.

(2) Section 24 (4) of the *Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Act 2001* applies in relation to notices of application for an order in addition to section 135 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, and for that purpose:

(a) the words "subsection (3)" where firstly occurring in that subsection are taken to refer to section 135 (1) of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, and

(b) section 24 (4) (b) of the *Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Act 2001* is amended by omitting the words "in accordance with the Chairperson's directions referred to in subsection (3)" and by inserting instead the words "within such time and manner as the Chairperson directs".

(3) Section 68 of the *Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Act 2001* is to be read as not permitting an application to be made for a rehearing under that section in relation to proceedings under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*.

Note. Section 222 (1) of the Act provides that the provisions of the *Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Act 2001*, and of the regulations made under that Act, apply in relation to proceedings under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* before the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal, subject to any modifications prescribed by the regulations.

Sections 28 (5) (g), (h) and (i), 36 and 53 of the *Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Act 2001* do not apply to proceedings under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* (see sections 28 (7), 36 (9) and 53 (5) of the *Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Act 2001)*. As a consequence, Part 4 (being clauses 13–18) and clause 20 of the *Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Regulation 2009* also do not apply to proceedings under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* before the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal.

Part 8 Mediation

23 Directions of Director-General

Subject to the Act and this Regulation, the Director-General may give directions for regulating and prescribing the practice and procedure to be followed in connection with a mediation session, including the preparation and service of documents.

24 Attendance and representation

(1) A mediation session must be attended by each party or by a legal representative, or other representative, having authority to settle the matter.

(2) Other persons may attend a mediation session with the leave of the mediator.

25 Costs

The parties to a mediation are to pay their own costs associated with the mediation.

26 Termination

(1) A mediator may terminate a mediation.

(2) A party may terminate a mediation at any time by giving notice of the termination to the mediator and each other party.

Part 9 Miscellaneous

27 Model by-laws

Model by-laws for residential strata schemes are set out in Schedules 2–7.

28 Forms and certificates

(1) A certificate given by an owners corporation under section 109 of the Act must be in or to the effect of Form 1 in Schedule 8.

(2) For the purposes of clause 11 (1) of Schedule 2 to the Act, an instrument appointing a proxy must be in or to the effect of Form 2 in Schedule 8.

29 Monetary limit on exercise of priority vote

For the purposes of clause 7 (1) of Schedule 2 to the Act, the prescribed amount is the amount of $1,000 multiplied by the number of lots in the strata scheme concerned.

30 Extension of section 75A of Act to all owners corporations

Subject to section 69 (2) of the Act, the operation of section 75A of the Act is extended to all owners corporations to which it was extended by clause 30A of the *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2005* before its repeal, and that clause continues to apply in respect of those owners corporations.

Note. Clause 30A of the *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2005* extended the operation of section 75A of the Act to owners corporations on the following dates:

(a) an owners corporation for a strata scheme with a strata plan number equal to or greater than 50,000—1 July 2006,

(b) an owners corporation for a strata scheme with a strata plan number equal to or greater than 30,000 and less than 50,000—1 July 2007,

(c) an owners corporation for a strata scheme with a strata plan number equal to or greater than 10,000 and less than 30,000—1 July 2008,

(d) an owners corporation for a strata scheme with a strata plan number equal to or greater than 1 and less than 10,000—1 July 2009.

Schedule 1 Fees

(Clause 19)

Item	Type of fee	Fee
	Fees payable to Registrar	
1	Lodgment of application for order by an Adjudicator or the Tribunal	$72
2	Lodgment of application requesting an interim order by an Adjudicator	$72
3	Lodgment of notice of appeal	$72
4	Issue of summons to appear before the Tribunal	$39
5	Copy of document (other than transcript), per page	$2 per page or $27 (whichever is greater)
6	Copy of sound or audio-visual recording of evidence or proceedings, per cassette, disc or other medium	"at cost"
7	Copy of written transcript of evidence or proceedings, per page	"at cost"
	Fee payable to Director-General	
8	Application for mediation:	
	(a) where applicant is a student or pensioner	$5
	(b) in any other case	$72
	Fees payable to owners corporation	
9	For making records available for inspection under section 108 of the Act	$30 and an additional $15 for each half-hour or part of half-hour after the first hour of inspection
10	For giving a certificate under section 109 of the Act:	
	(a) if the request is an initial request or request made more than 3 months after a previous request by the same person in respect of the same lot	$104 and an additional $52 for a further certificate for a lot comprising a garage, parking space or storeroom that services the lot the subject of the first certificate

Item	Type of fee		Fee
	(b)	if the request is made not more than 3 months after a previous request by the same person in respect of the same lot	$90 and an additional $45 for a further certificate for a lot comprising a garage, parking space or storeroom that services the lot the subject of the first certificate
	Fee payable to Registrar-General		
11	Lodgement of order with Registrar-General under section 209 of the Act		$97

Schedule 2 Model by-laws for residential strata schemes

(Clause 27)

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

(a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or

(b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:

(a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or

(b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or

(d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot,

unless the device is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:

(a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10 Hanging out of washing

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. Such washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot provided that the washing will not be visible from street level outside the parcel.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot that will be visible from street level outside the parcel only if the owner or occupier has the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(4) In this clause:

washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

11 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

12 Cleaning windows and doors

(1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

(2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

13 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

14 Changes to floor coverings and surfaces

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of the proposed floor covering or surface.

(2) This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorisation for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

15 Floor coverings

(1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.

(2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

16 Garbage disposal

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and

(b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and

(d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and

(e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

(f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot must:

(a) comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and

(b) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or waste.

(4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

17 Keeping of animals

Note. Select option A, B or C. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

(1) Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Option B

(1) Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

(3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:

(a) notify the owners corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and

(b) keep the animal within the lot, and

(c) carry the animal when it is on the common property, and

(d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option C

Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

18 Appearance of lot

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 10.

19 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

20 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

(a) window cleaning,

(b) garbage disposal and recycling services,

(c) electricity, water or gas supply,

(d) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

21 Compliance with planning and other requirements

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

(2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

22 Service of documents on owner of lot by owners corporation

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

Schedule 3 Model by-laws for retirement villages schemes

(Clause 27)

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

(a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or

(b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:

(a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or

(b) any health or medical equipment that is necessary to preserve the health or well-being of the occupier of the lot, or

(c) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot,

unless the device is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, equipment, screen or other device must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:

(a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, equipment, screen or other device referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

8 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

9 Hanging out of washing

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. Such washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot provided that the washing will not be visible from street level outside the parcel.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot that will be visible from street level outside the parcel only if the owner or occupier has the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(4) In this clause:

washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

10 Cleaning windows and doors

(1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

(2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

11 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Changes to floor coverings and surfaces

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of the proposed floor covering or surface.

(2) This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorisation for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

14 Floor coverings

(1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.

(2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and

(b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and

(d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and

(e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

(f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot must:

(a) comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and

(b) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or waste.

(4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

16 Keeping of animals

Note. Select option A, B or C. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

(1) Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Option B

(1) Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

(3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:

(a) notify the owners corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and

(b) keep the animal within the lot, and

(c) carry the animal when it is on the common property, and

(d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option C

Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

17 Appearance of lot

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 9.

18 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

(a) medical and nursing services,

(b) emergency response services,

(c) meals,

(d) domestic services,

(e) window cleaning,

(f) transportation,

(g) garbage disposal and recycling services,

(h) electricity, water or gas supply,

(i) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

20 Compliance with planning and other requirements

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

(2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

21 Service of documents on owner of lot by owners corporation

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

Schedule 4 Model by-laws for industrial schemes

(Clause 27)

1 Vehicles

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

2 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

3 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:

(a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or

(b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(c) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot, or

(d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or sign must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, consistent with any guidelines established by the owners corporation about such installations or, in the absence of guidelines, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:

(a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or sign referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

4 Children on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to remain on common property, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control.

5 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

6 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

7 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

(a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or

(b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

8 Garbage disposal

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and

(b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and

(d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and

(e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

(f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot must:

(a) comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and

(b) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or waste.

(4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

(5) This by-law does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

9 Appearance of lot

The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

10 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot).

11 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

12 Prevention of hazards

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

13 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

(a) security services,

(b) promotional services,

(c) cleaning,

(d) garbage disposal and recycling services,

(e) electricity, water or gas supply,

(f) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

14 Compliance with planning and other requirements

The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

15 Service of documents on owner of lot by owners corporation

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

Schedule 5 Model by-laws for hotel/resort schemes

(Clause 27)

1 Vehicles

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

2 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

3 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:

(a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or

(b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or

(d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, consistent with any guidelines established by the owners corporation about such installations or, in the absence of guidelines, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:

(a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

4 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

5 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

6 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

7 Cleaning windows and doors

The owners corporation must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lots, whether common property or part of a lot.

8 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

9 Keeping of animals

Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

10 Appearance of lot

The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

11 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

12 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

(a) electricity, water or gas supply,

(b) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

13 Compliance with planning and other requirements

The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

14 Service of documents on owner of lot by owners corporation

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

Schedule 6 Model by-laws for commercial/retail schemes

(Clause 27)

1 Vehicles

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

2 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis (for example a temporary display).

3 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:

(a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or

(b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(c) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot if the owners corporation has specified locations for such signs and that sign is installed in the specified locations, or

(d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or sign must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, consistent with any guidelines

established by the owners corporation about such installations or, in the absence of guidelines, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:

(a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or sign referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

4 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier (including all customers and staff) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

5 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

6 Cleaning windows and doors

The owners corporation must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lots, whether a part of a lot or common property.

7 Garbage disposal

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and

(b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and

(d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and

(e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

(f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot must:

(a) comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and

(b) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or waste.

(4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

(5) This by-law does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

8 Appearance of lot

The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

9 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot).

10 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

11 Prevention of hazards

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

12 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

(a) security services,

(b) promotional services,

(c) advertising,

(d) cleaning,

(e) garbage disposal and recycling services,

(f) electricity, water or gas supply,

(g) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

13 Controls on hours of operation and use of facilities

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, make any of the following determinations if it considers the determination is appropriate for the control, management, administration, use or enjoyment of the lots or the lots and common property of the strata scheme:

(a) that commercial or business activities may be conducted on a lot or common property only during certain times,

(b) that facilities situated on the common property may be used only during certain times or on certain conditions.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must comply with a determination referred to in clause (1).

14 Compliance with planning and other requirements

The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

15 Service of documents on owner of lot by owners corporation

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

Schedule 7 Model by-laws for mixed use schemes

(Clause 27)

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

(a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or

(b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:

(a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or

(b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or

(d) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot if the owners corporation has specified locations for such signs and that sign is installed in the specified locations, or

(e) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device, structure or sign must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:

(a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device, structure or sign referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10 Hanging out of washing

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. Such washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot provided that the washing will not be visible from street level outside the parcel.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot that will be visible from street level outside the parcel only if the owner or occupier has the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(4) In this clause:

washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

(1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

(2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical,

liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Changes to floor coverings

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of the proposed floor covering or surface.

(2) This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorisation for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

14 Floor coverings

(1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.

(2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and

(b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and

(d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and

(e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

(f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

(a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

(b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot:

(a) must comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and

(b) must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or waste, and

(c) if the lot is used for commercial purposes, must not deposit any item of commercial waste in receptacles provided solely for the collection of residential garbage, waste or recyclable material.

(4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

(5) This by-law does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

16 Keeping of animals

Note. Select option A, B or C. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

(1) Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Option B

(1) Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

(3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:

(a) notify the owners corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and

(b) keep the animal within the lot, and

(c) carry the animal when it is on the common property, and

(d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option C

Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

17 Appearance of lot

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

20 Prevention of hazards

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

21 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

(a) security services,

(b) promotional services,

(c) advertising,

(d) commercial cleaning,

(e) domestic services,

(f) garbage disposal and recycling services,

(g) electricity, water or gas supply,

(h) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

22 Controls on hours of operation and use of facilities

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, make any of the following determinations if it considers the determination is appropriate for the control, management, administration, use or enjoyment of the lots or the lots and common property of the strata scheme:

(a) that commercial or business activities may be conducted on a lot or common property only during certain times,

(b) that facilities situated on the common property may be used only during certain times or on certain conditions.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must comply with a determination referred to in clause (1).

23 Compliance with planning and other requirements

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

(2) The owner or occupier of a lot used for residential purpose must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

24 Service of documents on owner of lot by owners corporation

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

Schedule 8 Forms

Form 1 Certificate under section 109 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996

(Clause 29 (1))

Date of certificate		.....
Strata scheme in respect of which certificate issued	Strata Plan No	.....
Lot in respect of which certificate issued	Lot No	.....
	Strata Plan No	.....
Person requesting certificate		
(owner/mortgagee/covenant chargee/authorised person)	Name	.....
	Address	.....
If authorised person, authorised by:	Name	.....
(owner/mortgagee/covenant chargee)	Address	.....

The owners corporation certifies the following with respect to the lot the subject of this certificate:

1 Administrative fund—contributions payable by regular periodic instalments or lump sum (section 76 (1) of the Act)

Total amount last determined	Amount	Period	
	.....	..... to.....	
Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)		.....	
Amount of each instalment, period to which instalment relates and date due			
	Amount	Period	Date due
	.....	..... to.....	.....
	.....	..... to.....	.....
	.....	..... to.....	.....
	.....	..... to.....	.....
Amount (if any) outstanding		.....	

Amount (if any) in credit .....

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment .....

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit

.....

.....

2 Sinking fund—contributions payable by periodic instalments or lump sum (section 76 (1) of the Act)

Total amount last determined	Amount	Period
	.....	..... to.....

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments) .....

Amount of each instalment, period to which each instalment relates and date due

Amount	Period	Date due
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....

Amount (if any) outstanding .....

Amount (if any) in credit .....

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment .....

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit

.....

.....

3 Special contributions to the administrative fund (section 76 (4) of the Act)

Amount of any levy payable under section 76 (4) of the Act .....

Date on which determination made under section 76 (4) of the Act .....

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments) .....

Amount of each instalment and date due

Amount	Date due
.....	.....
.....	.....
.....	.....
.....	.....

Amount (if any) outstanding .....

Amount (if any) in credit .....

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit

.....

.....

Brief statement as to the purpose for which the contribution was required

.....

.....

4 Money unpaid under by-law conferring a right or a privilege (section 53 of the Act)

Amount payable under a by-law referred to in section 53 of the Act .....

Date when amount due .....

Period to which amount relates ..... to.....

5 Contributions towards costs of proceedings (section 229 of the Act)

Amount of any levy payable under section 229 of the Act .....

Date on which determination made under section 229 of the Act .....

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments) .....

Amount of each instalment and date due

Amount	Date due
.....	.....
.....	.....
.....	.....
.....	.....

Amount (if any) outstanding .....

Amount (if any) in credit .....

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit

.....

.....

Brief statement as to the purpose for which the contribution was required

.....

.....

6 Amount recoverable in relation to work carried out by owners corporation

Amount (if any) recoverable under section 63 of the Act .....

7 Rate of interest payable on contributions

Rate of interest payable under section 79 of the Act on contributions ..... %

Amount of interest payable in relation to outstanding contributions $

8 Amount of unpaid contributions and pecuniary penalties

Amount of any unpaid pecuniary penalty that is a charge on the lot by reason of section 206 of the Act .....

Amount of any contribution recoverable as a debt under section 80 of the Act .....

9 Particulars on strata roll for lot to which certificate relates

Name of owner	Name	.....
Address for service of notices on owner	Address	.....
Name and address for service of notices on each mortgagee, covenant chargee or other person who has given notice to the owners corporation under section 118 of the Act	Name	.....
	Address	.....
	Capacity	.....

10 Managing agent and caretaker

Name of managing agent (if any) appointed under section 26 of the Act	Name	.....
	Address	.....
Name of caretaker (if any) within the meaning of section 40A of the Act	Name	.....
	Address	.....

11 Members of executive committee

Name and address of each member of the executive committee:

	Name	**Address**
Member 1	.....	.....
Member 2	.....	.....
Member 3	.....	.....
Member 4	.....	.....
Member 5	.....	.....
Member 6	.....	.....
Member 7	.....	.....
Member 8	.....	.....
Member 9	.....	.....

Office bearers:

Chairperson .....

Secretary .....

Treasurer .....

12 By-laws

Particulars of any by-laws made by the owners corporation within the 2-year period before the date of this certificate that have not been lodged at the office of the Registrar-General as at that date

.....
.....

13 Insurance policies

Particulars of all insurance policies that have the owners corporation as the insured or as a beneficiary:

Type of policy	Name of insurer	Policy number	Sum insured	Date due	Date when last premium paid	Amount of last premium

Name of each insurance broker for each policy (if relevant):

Name .....

Address .....

Items 14 and 15 must be completed if the strata scheme is also part of a community scheme

Name of community association (if any): .....

Community lot number(s) for precinct or strata scheme .....

Address for service of notices: .....

.....

Name of precinct association (if any): .....

Precinct lot number(s) for strata scheme .....

Address for service of notices: .....

.....

14 Contributions payable to administrative fund of community association or precinct association

	Amount	Period
Total amount last determined with respect to the lots comprising the strata scheme	.....	..... to.....
Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)		.....

Amount of each instalment, period to which instalment relates and date due

Amount	Period	Date due
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....

Amount (if any) outstanding .....

Amount (if any) in credit .....

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment .....

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit

.....

.....

15 Contributions payable to sinking fund of community association or precinct association

	Amount	Period
Total amount last determined with respect to the lots comprising the strata scheme	.....	..... to.....
Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)		.....

Amount of each instalment, period to which instalment relates and date due

Amount	Period	Date due
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....

Amount (if any) outstanding .....

Amount (if any) in credit .....

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment .....

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit

.....

.....

Item 16 must be completed if the strata scheme is a member of a building management committee

Name of building management committee: .....

Address for service of notices: .....

.....

16 Contributions payable to the building management committee

Total amount last determined with respect to the lots comprising the strata scheme	Amount	Period
	.....	..... to.....

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments) .....

Amount of each instalment, period to which instalment relates and date due

Amount	Period	Date due
.....	..... to.....	.....
.....	..... to.....	.....

.... to..... .....

.... to..... .....

Amount (if any) outstanding .....

Amount (if any) in credit .....

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment .....

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit

.....

.....

Item 17 must be completed if the strata scheme is required to pay to any other person or body any amount not connected to the maintenance or insurance of the common property

17 Amount payable to any other person or body

Name of person or body .....

Brief statement as to the purpose of the payment:

.....

.....

If next payment known: Amount Date Due

....

Amount (if any) outstanding .....

Amount (if any) in credit .....

The common seal of the Owners—Strata Plan No .....
Was hereunto affixed on the ..... day of 20
in the presence of .....
and .....
being the person(s) authorised by section 238 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* to attest the affixing of the seal.

Note. Section 109 (8) of the Act provides:

(8) **Certificate is evidence of matters stated in it**

A certificate given under this section is conclusive evidence, as at the date of the certificate, of the matters stated in it in favour of a person (whether or not the applicant for the certificate or a person referred to in the certificate) taking for valuable consideration:

(a) an estate or interest in a lot in a freehold strata scheme to which the certificate relates, or

(b) an estate or interest in a lease of a lot in a leasehold strata scheme to which the certificate relates.

Form 2 Proxy appointment

(Clause 29 (2))

Strata Schemes Management Act 1996

Date .....

I/We .....
the owners of lot .....
in Strata Plan No .....
appoint .....
of .....
as my/our proxy for the purposes of meetings of the owners corporation (including adjournments of meetings).

Period or number of meetings for which appointment of proxy has effect ..... *1 meeting/* ..... meetings/*1 month/* ..... months/*12 months or 2 consecutive annual general meetings

**Tick or tick and complete whichever applies*

(Note. The appointment cannot have effect for more than 12 months or 2 consecutive annual general meetings, whichever is the greater.)

***1** This form authorises the proxy to vote on my/our behalf on all matters.

OR

***2** This form authorises the proxy to vote on my/our behalf on the following matters only:
.....
.....
.....
[Specify the matters and any limitations on the manner in which you want the proxy to vote.]

**Delete paragraph 1 or 2, whichever does not apply.*

***3** If a vote is taken on whether .....
(the strata managing agent) should be appointed or remain in office or whether another managing agent is to be appointed, I/we want the proxy to vote as follows:
.....
.....
.....

**Delete paragraph 3 if proxy is not authorised to vote on this matter. For examples, read note 1 below.*

Signature of owner/s .....

Notes

1 A proxy is not authorised to vote on a matter:

(a) if the person who appointed the proxy is present at the relevant meeting and personally votes on the matter, or

(b) so as to confer a pecuniary or other material benefit on the proxy, if the proxy is a strata managing agent, caretaker or on-site residential property manager.

2 This form is ineffective unless it contains the date on which it was made and it is given to the secretary of the owners corporation at least 24 hours before the first meeting in relation to which it is to operate (in the case of a large strata scheme) or at or before the first meeting in relation to which it is to operate (in any other case).

3 This form will be revoked by a later proxy appointment form delivered to the secretary of the owners corporation in the manner described in the preceding paragraph.

Schedule 9 Savings and transitional provisions

1 Savings and transitional provisions consequent on enactment of Strata Schemes Management Act 1996

(1) This clause applies to an owners corporation in existence at 1 July 1997.

(2) The seal of an owners corporation immediately before 1 July 1997 may continue to be used as its seal for the purposes of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* or for any other purpose, unless replaced by the owners corporation.

2 Cash record

(1) Clause 7 takes effect from the end of the prescribed period that is current under the *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2005* (the ***repealed Regulation***) immediately before the commencement of this Regulation.

(2) The requirements of clause 7 of the repealed Regulation continue to apply in respect of the prescribed period referred to in subclause (1), despite the repeal of that Regulation.

3 Priority votes

The increase in the amount prescribed for the purposes of the definition of priority vote in clause 7 (1) of Schedule 2 to the Act (from $200 to $1,000) does not apply in respect of a vote at a general meeting if:

(a) notice of the meeting was given before the commencement of this Regulation, and

(b) the notice indicated that the prescribed amount, for the purposes of a priority vote within the meaning of clause 7 (1) of Schedule 2 to the Act, is $200 multiplied by the number of lots in the strata scheme concerned.

Note. Clause 7 (1) of Schedule 2 to the Act defines priority vote as follows:

> ***priority vote***, in relation to a lot, means a vote on a motion that relates to insurance, budgeting or fixing of a levy, that will require expenditure above the prescribed amount by the owners corporation or on any matter that requires a special or unanimous resolution by:
>
> (a) the mortgagee of the lot under a mortgage shown on the strata roll as having priority over any other mortgage, and over any covenant charge, shown on the strata roll in relation to the lot, or
>
> (b) the covenant chargee of the lot under a covenant charge shown on the strata roll as having priority over any mortgage shown on the roll in relation to the lot, or
>
> (c) the covenant chargee of the lot under a covenant charge shown on the strata roll without any mortgage being shown on the roll in relation to the lot.

4 Savings and transitional provisions consequent on the making of this Regulation

Any act, matter or thing that, immediately before the repeal of the *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2005*, had effect under that Regulation is taken to have effect under this Regulation.

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Form: 15CH
Release: 2·1

CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

New South Wales
Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
Real Property Act 1900

Leave this space clear. Affix additional pages to the top left-hand corner.

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A) TORRENS TITLE — For the common property
CP/SP 104673

(B) LODGED BY

Document Collection Box	Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any	CODE
1095D	JS MUELLER & CO 1ST FLOOR, 240 PRINCES HIGHWAY ARNCLIFFE NSW 2205 Reference: 104673	CH

(C) The Owners-Strata Plan No. 104673 certify that a special resolution was passed on 24/1/2023

(D) pursuant to the requirements of section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, by which the by-laws were changed as follows—

(E) Repealed by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE
Added by-law No. SPECIAL BY-LAW 1
Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE
as fully set out below:
AS PER THE ATTACHED ANNEXURE A

(F) A consolidated list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to at Note (E) is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure A .

(G) The seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No. 104673 was affixed on 10/3/2023 in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:

Signature:

Name: ZOE CHRISTODOULOU

Authority: STRATA AGENT

THE OWNERS STRATA PLAN 104673 COMMON SEAL

Signature:

Name:

Authority:

ALL HANDWRITING MUST BE IN BLOCK CAPITALS.

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Lodger Details

Lodger Code	504011J
Name	J S MUELLER & CO
Address	240 PRINCES HWY ARNCLIFFE 2205
Lodger Box	1W
Email	JEFFREYMUELLER@MUELLERS.COM.AU
Reference	JSM:41954

Land Registry Document Identification

AS919240

STAMP DUTY:

Consolidation/Change of By-laws

Jurisdiction NEW SOUTH WALES

Privacy Collection Statement

The information in this form is collected under statutory authority and used for the purpose of maintaining publicly searchable registers and indexes.

Land Title Reference	Part Land Affected?	Land Description
CP/SP104673	N	

Owners Corporation

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. SP104673

Other legal entity

Meeting Date

24/01/2023

Amended by-law No.	
Details	Not applicable
Repealed by-law No.	
Details	Not applicable
Added by-law No.	
Details	Special By-Law 1

The subscriber requests the Registrar-General to make any necessary recording in the Register to give effect to this instrument, in respect of the land or interest described above.

Attachment

See attached Conditions and Provisions

See attached Approved forms

Execution

The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to verify the identity of the applicant or his, her or its administrator or attorney.

The Certifier holds a properly completed Client Authorisation for the Conveyancing Transaction including this Registry Instrument or Document.

The Certifier has retained the evidence supporting this Registry Instrument or Document.

The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to ensure that this Registry Instrument or Document is correct and compliant with relevant legislation and any Prescribed Requirement.

Executed on behalf of	THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. SP104673
Signer Name	JEFFREY STEVEN MUELLER
Signer Organisation	PARTNERS OF J S MUELLER & CO
Signer Role	PRACTITIONER CERTIFIER
Execution Date	10/03/2023

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'Annexure A'

SP 104673

[Note: These by-laws do not apply to a strata scheme unless they are adopted by the owners corporation for the strata scheme or lodged with the strata plan.]

1 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common property, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation or as permitted by a sign authorised by the owners corporation.

2 Changes to common property

(1) An owner or person authorised by an owner may install, without the consent of the owners corporation—

(a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or

(b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.

(2) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(3) Clause (1) does not apply to the installation of any thing that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.

(4) The owner of a lot must—

(a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

THE OWNERS STRATA PLAN 104673 COMMON SEAL

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(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

3 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation—

(a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or

(b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

4 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

5 Keeping of animals

[Note. Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.]

Option A

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot, if the owner or occupier gives the owners corporation written notice that it is being kept on the lot.

(2) The notice must be given not later than 14 days after the animal commences to be kept on the lot.

(3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must—

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(a) keep the animal within the lot, and

(b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and

(c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option B

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot or the common property with the written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property and must give an owner or occupier written reasons for any refusal to grant approval.

(3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must—

(a) keep the animal within the lot, and

(b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and

(c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

(4) An owner or occupier of a lot who keeps an assistance animal on the lot must, if required to do so by the owners corporation, provide evidence to the owners corporation demonstrating that the animal is an assistance animal as referred to in section 9 of the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* of the Commonwealth.

6 Noise

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An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

7 Behaviour of owners, occupiers and invitees

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier—

(a) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property, and

(b) without limiting paragraph (a), that invitees comply with clause (1).

8 Children playing on common property

(1) Any child for whom an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible may play on any area of the common property that is designated by the owners corporation for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child for whom the owner or occupier is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or remain on common property that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

9 Smoke penetration

[Note: Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.]

Option A

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(1) An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

Option B

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property, except—

(a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the owners corporation, or

(b) with the written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) A person who is permitted under this by-law to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common property must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other lot.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

10 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

11 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

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(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

12 Appearance of lot

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 14.

13 Cleaning windows and doors

(1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

(2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

14 Hanging out of washing

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot other than over the balcony railings. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.

(3) In this by-law—

"**washing**" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

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15 Disposal of waste—bins for individual lots [applicable where individual lots have bins[#93]

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).

(3) An owner or occupier must—

(a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and

(b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.

(4) An owner or occupier of a lot must maintain bins for waste within the lot, or on any part of the common property that is authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered.

(5) An owner or occupier of a lot must not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier.

(6) An owner or occupier of a lot must place the bins within an area designated for collection by the owners corporation not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the lot or other area authorised for the bins.

(7) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.

(8) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are

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consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.

(9) In this by-law—

"bin" includes any receptacle for waste.

"waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

16 Disposal of waste—shared bins [applicable where bins are shared by lots[#93]

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).

(3) An owner or occupier must—

(a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and

(b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.

(4) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.

(5) In this by-law—

"bin" includes any receptacle for waste.

"waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

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17 Change in use or occupation of lot to be notified

(1) An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot.

(2) Without limiting clause (1), the following changes of use must be notified—

(a) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes),

(b) a change to the use of a lot for short-term or holiday letting.

(3) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

18 Compliance with planning and other requirements

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

(2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

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Special By-Law 1 - Compensation to Owners Corporation

A) Definitions

i) The following terms are defined to mean;

'Costs' include any fine, charge, fee or invoice imposed on the Owners Corporation by a local council, other statutory or lawful authorities or any contractor or agent engaged by the Owners Corporation or Lot owner.

'Lot' means any Lot in the Strata Plan. 'Occupier' means the Occupier of the Lot. 'Owner' means the Owner/s of the Lot.

'Owners Corporation' means the Owners Corporation created by the registration of the Strata Plan.

'Owners Corporation's Agents" mean the Strata Managing Agent, Strata Committee or any contractor, legal counsel or other personnel engaged by the Owners Corporation. 'Owner's Agents' means any real estate agent, property manager or any other contractor engaged by a Lot Owner or the Occupier of the Lot or visitors to the Lot.

'the Act' means the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015. 'Visitor' means any visitor to a Lot.

'works' means any repair, maintenance, replacement or refurbishment undertaken at the strata scheme.

ii) Where any terms used in this by-law are defined in the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, they will have the same meaning as the terms attributed under that Act.

B) Rights and Obligation of Owners

i) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of any works performed on Lot property that is charged to the Owners Corporation by the Owners Corporation's Agents or the Lot Owner's Agents.

ii) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of any damage caused to common property by the Occupier, Owner, Visitor or Owner's Agents' of the Lot.

iii) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of the Owners Corporation remedying a breach of a duty imposed by Part 8 of the Act.

iv) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for the costs of the Owners Corporation for successfully defending an adjudication, tribunal or other legal application made by a Lot Owner or for the costs debt recovery action initiated by the Owners Corporation or the Owners Corporation's Agents.

v) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for any costs incurred by the Owners Corporation in relation to false fire alarms caused by the Owner, Occupier, Visitor or Owner's Agents of the Lot.

vi) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for any costs incurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for removing any rubbish or dumped items on common property by a Lot Owner, Occupier, Visitor or Lot Owner's Agent.

THE OWNERS STRATA PLAN 10473 COMMON SEAL

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vii) A Lot Owner shall be liable to compensate the Owners Corporation for any costs incurred by the Owners Corporation from the Owners Corporation's Agents for an afterhours emergency call-out when it is deemed by the Owners Corporation's Agents that the call was not an after-hours emergency and could have been dealt with the following business day during business hours.

viii) Any costs imposed upon a Lot Owner in sub-clauses B) i), ii), iii), iv), v) vi) & vii) above shall be payable to the Owners Corporation whether the said items are arranged, caused or initiated by the Owner, Occupier, Owner's Agent or the Owners Corporation's Agent.

ix) In the event that a Lot Owner believes a charge imposed upon them pursuant to this By- Law is unjust, the Lot Owner may request that the Owners Corporation waive the charge by a resolution of the Owners Corporation at the next general meeting of the Owners Corporation.

x) In the event the Owners Corporation rejects a request made by a Lot owner pursuant to sub-clause B

vii) above, all charges imposed by this By-Law shall stand.

c) Rights, Powers and Obligations of the Owners Corporation

The Owners Corporation shall have the following additional powers, authorities, duties, functions and obligations;

i) The Owners Corporation shall have the power to recover all costs outlined in clause B) above from a Lot Owner as a debt by way of a levy charged to that Lot;

ii) The Owners Corporation must serve upon the Owner a written notice of the contribution payable;

iii) The Owners Corporation may charge interest upon any contribution payable under this By-Law pursuant to Section 85 of the Act;

iv) The Owners Corporation may initiate debt recovery proceedings for any contribution payable under this By-Law pursuant to Section 86 of the Act; and

v) All monies recovered by the Owners Corporation shall form part of the fund to which the relevant contribution belongs.

THE OWNERS STRATA PLAN 10413 COMMON SEAL

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Approved Form 10

Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

*that the initial period has expired.

~~*the original proprietor owns all of the lots in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an exchanged contract for the purchase of a lot in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing being lodged with this certificate.~~

The seal of The Owners - Strata Plan No 101673 was affixed on ^ 10/03/2023 in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* to attest the affixing of the seal:

Signature: ..... Name: Zoe Christodoulou Authority: Strata Agent

Signature: ..... Name: ..... Authority: .....

^ Insert appropriate date
* Strike through if inapplicable.

THE OWNERS STRATA PLAN 101673 COMMON SEAL

Created 2016

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System Document Identification

Form Number: 08X-e
Template Number: x_nsw11
ELN Document ID: 1699767589

CAVEAT

New South Wales
Section 74F Real Property Act 1900

Land Registry Document Identification

AS805097

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

WARNING: Care should be exercised in completing a caveat form. An unsupported caveat may be challenged in the Supreme Court; compensation may be awarded for lodging a caveat without justification (section 74P Real Property Act 1900). Failure to observe the requirements of regulations 7 and 8 of the current Real Property Regulation may make the caveat invalid.

LODGED BY:

Responsible Subscriber:	JURIS CHAMBER LAWYERS PTY LTD ABN 69649720543
Address:	SE 708, 289 King ST Mascot 2020
Email:	jasonchen21@outlook.com
ELNO Subscriber Number:	1440904
Customer Account Number:	506668Q
Document Collection Box:	1W
Client Reference:	1316 - Square C

LAND TITLE REFERENCE

5/SP104673
4/SP104673

CAVEATOR

SQUARE CAPITAL PTY. LTD. ACN 634592313
Registered company
UNIT 708
289 King ST
MASCOT NSW 2020

NAME AND ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF NOTICES ON THE CAVEATOR

Street Address

JURIS CHAMBER LAWYERS PTY LTD
SE 708
289 King ST
Mascot NSW 2020

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR AFFECTED BY THIS CAVEAT

MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD
147 PRESIDENT AV
MIRANDA NSW 2228

Based on the claim to an Estate or Interest in Land in the land specified, the Caveator prohibits the Registrar General from taking the actions specified in this Caveat.

ACTION PROHIBITED BY THIS CAVEAT

1. The recording in the Register of any dealing other than a plan affecting the estate or interest claimed by the Caveator.
2. The registration or recording of any plan other than a delimitation plan affecting the estate or interest claimed by the Caveator.
4. The granting of any possessory application with respect to the land in the Torrens Title referred to above.
7. The recording in the Register of a Writ affecting the estate or interest claimed by the Caveator.

ESTATE OR INTEREST CLAIMED

Mortgage
By virtue of: Loan Agreement
Dated: 24/02/2022

Between	SQUARE CAPITAL PTY. LTD.
And	MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD

Details Supporting The Claim: Equitable Interest

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The Caveator, to the best of the knowledge of the Subscriber identified in the execution of this Caveat document, has a good and valid claim to the estate or interest claimed as specified in this Caveat.

This Caveat, to the best of the knowledge of the Subscriber identified in the execution of this Caveat document, does not require the leave of the Supreme Court.

This Caveat, to the best of the knowledge of the Subscriber identified in the execution of this Caveat document, does not require the written consent of the Registered Proprietor Of Estate or possessory applicant (as applicable) for the purposes of section 74O Real Property Act 1900.

The Caveator, to the best of the knowledge of the Subscriber identified in the execution of this Caveat document, has provided the correct address of the Registered Proprietor as specified in this Caveat.

SIGNING

Signing Party Role: Receiving

I certify that:

1. The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to verify the identity of the caveator or his, her or its administrator or attorney.

2. The Certifier has retained the evidence supporting this Registry Instrument or Document.

3. The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to ensure that this Registry Instrument or Document is correct and compliant with relevant legislation and any Prescribed Requirement.

Party Represented by Subscriber:

SQUARE CAPITAL PTY. LTD.

Signed By: Chen Chen
Signer Capacity: Practitioner Certifier
ELNO Signer Number: 3999227
Digital Signing Certificate Number:

Signed for Subscriber: JURIS CHAMBER LAWYERS PTY LTD ABN 69649720543

JURIS CHAMBER LAWYERS PTY LTD

Subscriber Capacity: Representative Subscriber
ELNO Subscriber Number: 1440904
Customer Account Number: 506668
Date: 23/01/2023

Applicant:

Cyc & Associates Pty Ltd
Po Box 301
HURSTVILLE

Planning Certificate – Section 10.7 (2) Certificate Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Certificate no:	ePC:23/1825	Delivery option:	
Certificate date:	28/03/2023	Your reference:	JY: 7000-5

Property:

Lot 5 S/P 104673
5/147 President Avenue MIRANDA NSW 2228

Zone:

* Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015
Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

Notes:

(a) The information in this certificate only relates to the real property Identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.

(b) The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 will be referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.

Disclaimer:

(a) This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7(2), ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENTACT, 1979

1. Names of relevant instruments and DCPs

1. The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Environmental Planning Instruments

* Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015
* SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004
* SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
* SEPP (Housing) 2021
* SEPP No.65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
* SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
* SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021
* SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021
* SEPP (Primary Production) 2021
* SEPP (Resources and Energy) 2021
* SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
* SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

Development Control Plans

Sutherland Shire Development Control Plan 2015

2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The following Draft State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPP) apply: Amendments to SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 (formerly SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007), SEPP (Housing) 2021, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, and SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021.

Draft Development Control Plans

No draft Development Control Plans apply.

3. Subsection (2.) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if—:

a. it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
b. for a proposed environmental planning instrument—the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.

4. In this section—
proposed environmental planning instrument means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environmental plan.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described—

(a) The identity of the zone, whether by reference to-
(i) a name, such as “Residential Zone” or “Heritage Area” or

(ii) a number, such as “Zone No 2 (a)”,

(b) the purposes for which development in the zone—
(i) may be carried out without development consent, and
(ii) may not be carried out except with development consent, and
(iii) is prohibited,

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015
Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

(i) Permitted without consent:

Home occupations

(ii) Permitted with consent:

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works, Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Shop top housing; Tank-based aquaculture

(iii) Prohibited:

Pond-based aquaculture; Any development not specified in item (i) or (ii).

(c) whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,

No Additional Permitted Uses apply to this land.

(d) Do development standards apply to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions?

Under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 there are no relevant development standards for the erection of a dwelling house due to site dimensions.

(e) Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No

(f) Is the land in a conservation area, however described?

No

(g) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land, however described?

There is no item of environmental heritage situated on the property.

3. Contribution Plans

(1) The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.

* The 2016 Section 7.12 Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).

(2) If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area.

No areas within Sutherland Shire are currently part of a special contributions area.

4. Complying Development

(1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)–(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.

(2) If complying development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

(3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—

a. a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and

b. the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

(4) If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Internal Alterations Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Industrial and Business Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Industrial and Business Alterations Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying*

Development Codes) 2008.

Industrial and Business Buildings Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Industrial and Business Buildings Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4 or SP3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Container Recycling Facilities Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivisions Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Rural Housing Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU5, R1, R2 or R3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Green Field Housing Code

Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: This code applies to land within the Greenfield Housing Code Area as mapped in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.)

General Development Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Demolition Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State*

Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Inland Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Inland Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: This code only applies to local government areas specified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. At this time it does not apply to Sutherland Shire.)

Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code

Complying development under the Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code may be carried out on the land.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

(Note: this code applies only to land within the following zones RU1, RU2, or RU4. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

5. Exempt Development

(1) The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A.

(2) If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

(3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—

a. a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and

b. the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.

(4) If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

General Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the General Exempt Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

(1) Is council is aware that—

(a) an affected building notice is in force in relation to the land, or

No

(b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or

No

(c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

No

(2) In this section—

affected building notice has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017, Part 4.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

7. Land Reserved for Acquisition

Does any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 of this certificate make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act?

No

8. Road Widening and Road Realignment

(a) Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*?

No

(b) Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any environmental planning instrument?

No

(c) Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council?

No

9. Flood related development controls information

(1) Is the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls?

No

(2) Is the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls?

No

(3) In this clause—

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.
Floodplain Development Manual means the *Floodplain Development Manual* (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.
probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(1) Is any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

The land has been classified as Class 5 on the Acid Sulfate Soils Maps in the Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015. Accordingly the land is subject to the provisions of clause 6.1 which detail the restrictions to works within this Class.

(2) In this section—

adopted policy means a policy adopted—

(a) by the council, or

(b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

11. Bush fire prone land

(1) If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.

(2) If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

Is the land bush fire prone?

None of the land is bush fire prone land as defined under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Does the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division?

No

13. Mine Subsidence

Is the land declared to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*?

No

14. Paper subdivision information

(1) Is the land subject to any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that—

(a) applies to the land?, or

(b) is proposed to be subject to a ballot?

No

(2) Is the land subject to a subdivision order that applies to the land, and if so what is the date of the order?

No

(3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15. Property Vegetation Plans

Has Council been notified that the land is subject to a property vegetation plan which is approved and in force under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*, Part 4?

No

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

Has Council been notified by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 5.

17. Biodiversity Certified Land

Is the land biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

18. Orders Under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has Council been notified of an order made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land?

No.

19. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

(1) If the *Coastal Management Act 2016* applies to the council, has the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works?

The Coastal Management Act 2016 does apply to Sutherland Shire. However, in the LGA there are no properties subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services.

(2) In this section—
existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 553B.

Note. Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021*, Chapter 4 is the land—

(a) in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater, as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17?, or

No

(b) shown on the Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map?, or

No

(c) shown on the Obstacle Limitation Surface Map?, or

No

(d) in the "public safety area" on the Public Safety Area Map?, or

No

(e) in the "3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone" or the "13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone" on the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map?

No

Note: *State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021* does not apply to any land in Sutherland Shire.

21. Development Consent Conditions for Seniors Housing

If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, chapter 3, part 5 applies to the land, are there any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of a kind set out in clause 88 (2) of that Policy?

No

22. Site Compatibility Certificates and Development Consent Conditions for Affordable Rental Housing

(1) Is there is a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate—

(a) the period for which the certificate is current, and

(b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

None found.

(2) If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

None found.

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

None found.

(4) In this section—

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

Any Other Prescribed Matter

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

(a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?
No

(b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?
No

(c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?
No

(d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?
No

(e) Is the land subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act?
No

Additional Information

Council holds additional information relating to this property for provision in accordance with Section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

For further information please telephone [02] 9710 0333.

Yours faithfully



Mark Carlon
Manager Strategic Planning

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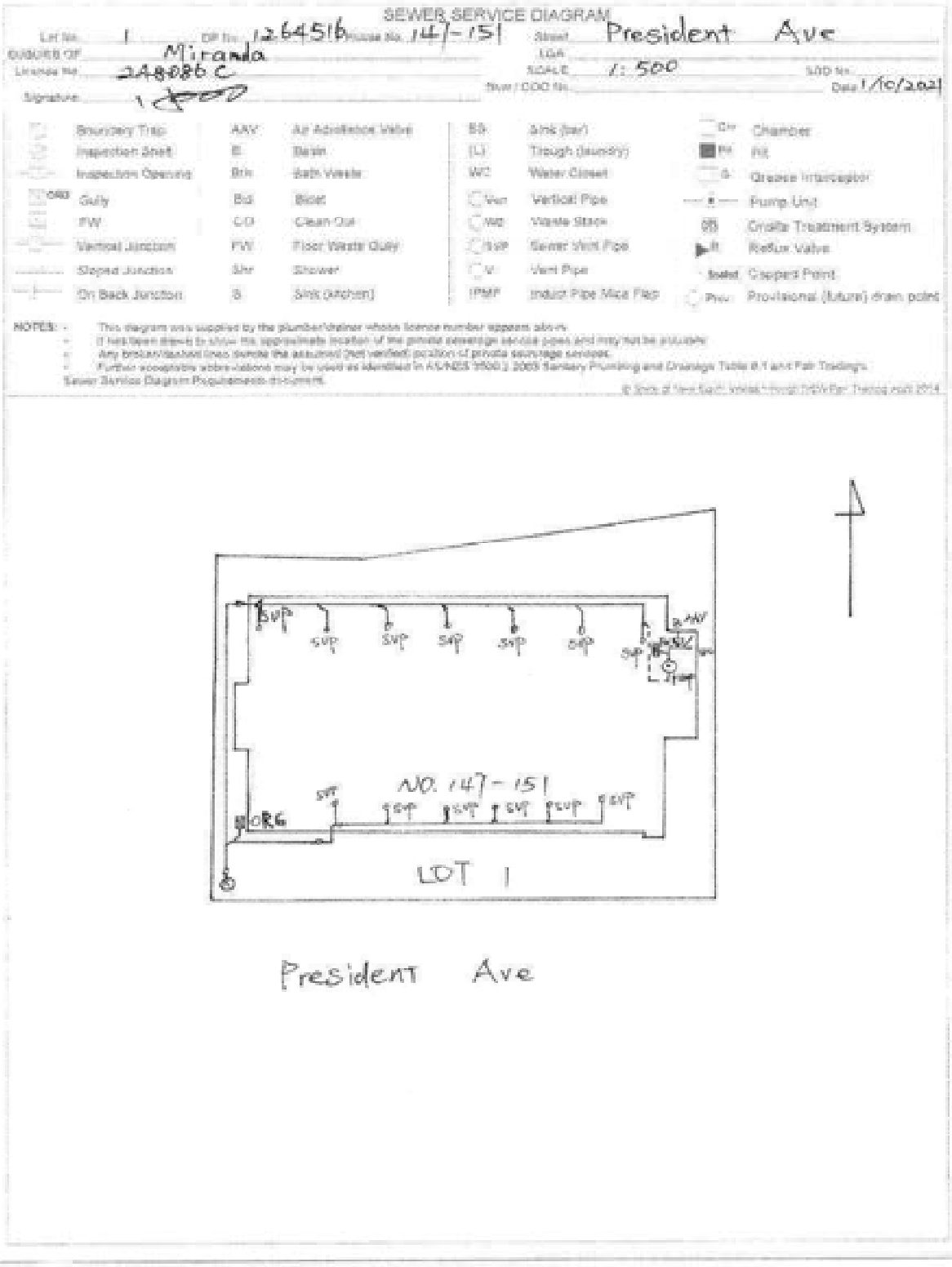
Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8001701535



Document generated at 02-06-2022 08:01:14 AM

Disclaimer
The information in this diagram shows the private wastewater pipes on this property. It may not be accurate or to scale and may not show our pipes, structures or all property boundaries. If you'd like to see these, please buy a **Service location print**.

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2 June 2022

Infotrack Pty Limited

Reference number: **8001701534**

Property address: **U5 /147-151 President Ave Miranda NSW 2228**

Service location print is not available

Unfortunately, we don't have a Service location print available for this property.

The fee you paid has been used to cover the cost of searching our records.

Yours sincerely

Jason Dagger
Head of Customer Metering & Accounts

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Strata Unit Underwriting Agency Pty Ltd
T/A Strata Unit Underwriters | ABN 30 089 201 534 | AFSL 246 719
Unit 5/263 Alfred Street, North Sydney, New South Wales 2060
info@suu.com.au | www.suu.com.au | T: 1300 668 066 | F: 1300 668 166

CERTIFICATE OF CURRENCY

To Whom It May Concern

Date: 20.04.22
Policy No.: 06S3642917
Type of Insurance: Residential Strata Insurance
Period Of Insurance: : From 4.00pm 14th April 2022
To 4.00pm 14th April 2023

This policy referred to is current at the date of issue of this certificate and whilst a due date has been indicated, it should be noted that the policy may be cancelled in the future. Accordingly, reliance should not be placed on the expiry date.
This is to certify cover has been granted in terms of the Insurers Standard Policy, a copy of which is available on request.
This certificate is not a substitute for the Policy of Insurance issued to you. The Policy, not this certificate, details your rights and obligations and the extents of your insurance cover.

Insured :	Strata Plan 104673	
Situation :	147-151 President Avenue Miranda NSW 2228	
Section 1 :	Building including common contents	$ 5,555,000
	Loss of Rent/Temporary Accommodation (15%)	$ 833,250
	Catastrophe or Emergency (15%)	$ 833,250
	Additional Loss of Rent	$ Not Insured
	Additional Catastrophe	$ Not Insured
	Floating Floors	$ Included
Section 2 :	Glass	$ Included
Section 3 :	Theft	$ Included
Section 4 :	Liability	$ 30,000,000
Section 5 :	Fidelity Guarantee	$ 100,000
Section 6 :	Office Bearers Liability	$ 5,000,000
Section 7 :	Voluntary Workers (Weekly/ Capital Benefit)	$2000/200,000
Section 8 :	Government Audit Costs	$ 25,000
Section 9 :	Legal Expenses	$ 50,000
Section 10:	Workplace, Health & Safety Breaches	$ 100,000
Section 11:	Machinery Breakdown	$ 100,000
Section 12:	Lot Owners Improvements (Per Lot)	$ 250,000
Section 13:	Workers Compensation	Not Insured

Excesses :		
Section 1	$ 2,000	each malicious damage, vandalism & graffiti claim for each vacant lot
Section 1	$ 1,000	all other claims + as per policy wording
Section 2	$ 2,000	each claim for each vacant lot
Section 2	$ 1,000	all other claims
Section 3	$ 2,000	each claim for each vacant lot

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Strata Unit Underwriting Agency Pty Ltd
T/A Strata Unit Underwriters | ABN 30 089 201 534 | AFSL 246 719
Unit 5/263 Alfred Street, North Sydney, New South Wales 2060
info@suu.com.au | www.suu.com.au | T: 1300 668 066 | F: 1300 668 166

CERTIFICATE OF CURRENCY

Strata Plan 104673
(SUU NSW SS449 0180247/000)

Section 3 $ 1,000 all other claims
Section 11 $ 1,000 all claims

On behalf of the Insurers: Insurance Australia Limited trading as CGU Insurance ABN 11 000 016 722

Special Terms/ Conditions:

1. Unregistered Strata or Related Scheme Properties

Cover under this policy is subject to registration of the above property as a strata or related scheme within 60 days of the inception date of the policy. Failure to register the above property within this time frame may result in cancellation of the policy.

Sections 5,6,7,8,9,10 & 12 of the above policy do not become operative until registration of the strata or related scheme.

Immediately upon registration of the strata or related scheme the policy will cease to provide cover for current owners or parties that have an estate or interest in the property (including builders &/or developers) in respect to items considered by relevant state legislation as owners contents (ie carpets, blinds, curtains etc) together with loss of rent and public liability as property owners of individual lots.

2. Construction/ Building Work Endorsement

This policy is issued on the condition that any loss arising from any construction &/or building works caused either directly or indirectly will be excluded under this policy.

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Strata Unit Underwriting Agency Pty Ltd
T/A Strata Unit Underwriters | ABN 30 089 201 534 | AFSL 246 719
Unit 5/263 Alfred Street, North Sydney, New South Wales 2060
info@suu.com.au | www.suu.com.au | T: 1300 668 066 | F: 1300 668 166

CERTIFICATE OF CURRENCY

Strata Plan 104673
(SUU NSW SS449 0180247/000)

In addition cover is subject to the works being performed by licensed contractors who must hold current public liability and construction insurance for the duration of the contract.

Cover excludes any unfixed items that are designed to be permanently fixed to a building which may be awaiting installation.

3. Machinery Breakdown
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~

Machinery Breakdown cover includes all electrical and mechanical plant and equipment at the situation but excludes:
1. centrifugal chillers
2. lifts not having in force at all times a full maintenance agreement including parts and labour.

4. Flood Cover
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~

This policy is extended to include flood. The word "flood" is deleted from exclusion 1.e. on page 18 and exclusion 1.e. on page 21.

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325 Old Northern Road,
Castle Hill NSW 2154
(p): 9639 8808
info@phoenixbuildingapprovals.com.au

ABN: 59 161 675 663

OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE - 190415 - PART (COMMERCIAL)

Issued under Part 6 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (Occupation/Use of a New Building)

APPLICANT DETAILS

Applicant:	MBC Property Australia Nominees Pty Ltd
Address:	Suite 1004, 109 Pitt Street, Sydney NSW 2000
Phone:	
Fax:	

OWNER DETAILS

Name of the person having benefit of the development consent:	MBC Property Australia Nominees Pty Ltd
Address:	Suite 1004, 109 Pitt Street, Sydney NSW 2000
Phone:	

RELEVANT CONSENTS

Consent Authority / Local Government Area:	Sutherland Shire Council
Development Consent Number:	2017/351673, MA20/0102
Date Issued:	22/08/2018, 16/07/2020
Construction Certificate Number:	190415/01, 190415, 190415/03

PROPOSAL

Address of Development:	147-151 President Avenue, Miranda NSW 2228
Lot:	5 ,6, 7
DP:	36423
Type of Occupation Certificate:	Part
Building Classification:	2, 7a
Scope of Building Works Covered by this Notice:	Demolition of existing structures and construction of 13 townhouses **(Please note exclusions)**
Attachments:	Schedule 1
Fire Safety Schedule:	Schedule 2
Exclusions:	**Part OC approval excluding all external planter boxes at the back of all 13 units and the Common open space areas, planter boxes above the lift shaft area, the Common front entry walkway planter boxes, the skylights as they were not completed, the Toilet in the wash bay area in the basement as it is not completed, and public domain works on the footpath outside the Telstra pit pending Council's signoff.**

PRINCIPAL CERTIFIER

Certifying Authority:	Joseph Hallal
Accreditation Body:	BDC (NSW Department of Fair Trading) 0159

DETERMINATION

Approval Date:	23/05/2022

I, Joseph Hallal,as the certifying authority, certify that:

- *I have been appointed as the Principal Certifier under s6.5;*
- *A current Development Consent or Complying Development Certificate is in force with respect to the building;*
- *A Construction Certificate has been issued with respect to the plans and specifications for the building;*

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ABN: 59 161 675 663

- *The building is suitable for occupation or use in accordance with its Classification under the Building Code of Australia;*
- *Where required, a final Fire Safety Certificate has been issued for the building;*
- *Where required, a report from the Commissioner of Fire Brigades has been considered.*



Joseph Hallal

N.B. Right of Appeal: Under s6.5, where the Certifying Authority is Council, an applicant may appeal to the Land & Environment Court against the refusal to issue an Occupation Certificate within 12 months from the date of the decision.

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SCHEDULE 1: DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED TO ISSUE OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE 190415

Prepared by	Document Name	Reference	Date
MBC Property Australia Nominees Pty Ltd	OC Application Form		22/12/2021
Advance Waterproofing Specialist P/L	Waterproofing Certificate and Warranty		01/11/2021
Sydney Water	SUBDIVIDER/DEVELOPER COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE	Case No. 180857	15/03/2022
Sydney Water	SUBDIVIDER/DEVELOPER COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE	Case No. 180857	15/03/2022
TWB Engineering Solutions Pty Ltd	Certificate of Compliance for The Installations of Steel Housing Frames	Our File Ref: TWB 2021 – IN-21C01	10/07/2021
Stronghold Engineers	STRUCTURAL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE 1	Ref: SH19216 147-151	13/07/2020
Stronghold Engineers	INSTALLATION CERTIFICATE – Smoke Alarms	Ref: SH19216 147-151	21/02/2022
Deeb Abdulnour	Certificate of Compliance – Electrical Work	2708621	11/03/2022
Invent Build	Artificial Lighting Compliance Certificate		21/11/2021
HRY Aust Pty Ltd	Plumbing Certificate		07/02/2022
Jim Star A/C Pty Ltd	Mechanical Compliance/installation Certificate		10/11/2021
Kwik Glass Pty Ltd	Glazing Compliance Certificate		
Invent Build	INSTALLATION CERTIFICATE – Internal Balustrade Glazing Install		21/07/2021
StandardsMark Licence	Windows and external glazed doors in buildings certificate	Certificate No:SMK41050	31/03/2020
Invent Build	INSTALLATION CERTIFICATE: Windows Install		21/07/2021
StrongHold Engineers Pty Ltd	STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM WORK-AS-EXECUTED (WAE) COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE	Ref: SH19216.SWC1	28/02/2022
AWTA Product Testing	TEST REPORT – "60oz 100% Solution Dyed Nylon Carpet H-2"	20-005954	06/01/2021
Warrington Fire	Fire assessment report – CSR Gyprock plasterboard and CSR Cemintel fibre cement products assessed with Group numbers	FAS190252	11/08/2020
AWTA Product Testing	Determination of Burning Behaviour using a Critical Radiant Heat Source report	Fact sheet T45C.V01	01/08/2020
Acouras Consulting	Acoustic Compliance Certificate	Document Reference: SYD2020-1117-R002B	04/03/2022
Invent Build	Section J Report Compliance Certificate		21/07/2021
Invent Build	PRODUCT AND INSTALLATION CERTIFICATE: BASIX Compliance Certificate		21/07/2021
Zejia Yao	Final Fire Safety Certificate		22/04/2022

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JUNO FIRE Pty Ltd	PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS INSTALLATION STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	JUPFEFBS000200	11/03/2022
DBA Electrical Services	Installation Certificate – Smoke Alarms		22/04/2022
FRS Pty Ltd	Certificate of Compliance for fire rated support systems		14/02/2022
D Studio Architects	Occupation Certificate Architectural Consistency Statement	2019:1288	02/03/2022
Invent Build	INSTALLATION CERTIFICATE: Tactile Indicator Install		21/11/2021
GRIPTEK ANTI-SLIP SOLUTIONS PTY LTD	Slip Resistance Test Report – HF Tiles – 5/49 Victoria St Smithfeild NSW 2164	290520A	29/05/2020
Brooks Fire Products & Solutions	Automatic fire detection and alarm system Commissioning statement		17/03/2022
Jian Bing Wu	Mechanical Air Handling Systems Car Park Ventilation Compliance Certificate		17/02/2022
Sutherland Shire Council	LANDSCAPING COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE — MAJOR PROJECTS	CR22-589607	24/03/2022
Direct Lifts	Certificate of Compliance		11/03/2022
Stronghold Engineers	Structural Inspection Certificate	Reference: SH19216	13/04/2022
Sutherland Shire Council	Public Domain Works Inspection excluding Telstra/NBN pit to be restored		30/03/2022
Stronghold Engineers	Structural Certificate – Planter box retaining wall	Reference: SH19216	19/04/2022
AusDilaps	POST-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION SURVEY – Unit 1, 143-145 President Avenue MIRANDA NSW 2228	AND22052A	24/02/2022
AusDilaps	POST-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION SURVEY – 153 President Avenue MIRANDA NSW 22282228	AND22052B	24/02/2022
AusDilaps	POST-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION SURVEY – Unit 8, 143-145 President Avenue MIRANDA NSW 2228	AND22052C	25/02/2022
AusDilaps	POST-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION SURVEY – Council Assets 147 President Avenue MIRANDA NSW 2228	AND22052D	25/02/2022
AusDilaps	POST-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION SURVEY -16A Partridge Avenue MIRANDA NSW 2228	AND22052E	25/02/2022
AusDilaps	POST-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION SURVEY -16B Partridge Avenue MIRANDA NSW 2228	AND22052F	25/02/2022
Sumasa	Lift Specifications and Details	03	22/09/2020
Direct Lifts Australia	Lift Certificate of Compliance		11/03/2022
MBC Property Australia Nominees Pty Ltd	Bond release request to Council		02/03/2022

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StrongHold Engineers Pty Ltd	CIVIL DRIVEWAY/WORKS WORK-AS-EXECUTED (WAE) CERTIFICATE	Ref: SH19216.CWC1	28/02/2022
StrongHold Engineers Pty Ltd	TRAFFIC AND PARKING AS-BUILT STATEMENT	Ref: SH19216.TPC1	28/02/2022
StrongHold Engineers Pty Ltd	STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM WORK-AS-EXECUTED (WAE) COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE	Ref: SH19216.SWC1	28/02/2022
Craig Hancock	WORKS-AS-EXECUTED Stormwater Plans	Ref: SH19216.SWC1	08/11/2021
Invent Build	METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE: Geotechnical Engineer Report Implementation		21/07/2021
Taicome Electrical	Electrical Connection	8514362489	14/02/2022
NBN	NBN Application	STG-W000093705	26/07/2021
Tree Repairs	Tree Protection Compliance	File No: 2017/351673	14/12/2021
Invent Build	COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE: Car Wash Bay Compliance Certificate		12/01/2022
Sydney Water	Discharge trade wastewater application	Application number 1291716	15/11/2021
Invent Build	External Lighting Compliance Certificate		21/11/2021
Invent Build	INSTALLATION CERTIFICATE: Garage Door Vibration Certificate		14/02/2021
COOPER & RICHARDS SURVEYORS PTY LTD	SURVEY REPORT	Our Ref: 21907241/1	08/11/2021
GCP Applied Technologies	AQUAGARD™ M 40R Charcoal		
Hao Chen	Jemena Leak Test Certificate Form		25/11/2021
Ergon Consulting Pty Ltd	Inspection Certificate for OC		13/05/2022
Ergon Consulting Pty Ltd	Performance Based Design Brief (OC)	Revision B	13/05/2022
Ergon Consulting Pty Ltd	Performance Solution Report	Revision B	06/05/2022
NSW SafeWork	REGISTRATION OF AN ITEM OF PLANT – APPLICATION		21/05/2021
Inventbuild Pty Ltd	Internal and External Waterproofing Log Sheet		
GCP	EPOCOTE™ F100W Clear		
GCP	NEWFLEX™ GREY		
Waterproofing Integrity	WATERPROOFING INTEGRITY REPORT	WIR-21425	02/09/2021
Waterproofing Integrity	WATERPROOFING INTEGRITY REPORT	WIR-21511	17/09/2021
TWB Engineering Solutions Pty Ltd	Certificate of Compliance for The Installations of Steel Housing Frames	Our File Ref: TWB 2021 – IN-21C01	10/07/2021
HRY Aust Pty Ltd	Plumbing Certificate		07/02/2022
Acouras Consultancy	Acoustic Compliance Certificate	Document Reference: SYD2020-1117-R002B	04/03/2022
HRY Aust Pty Ltd	Fire Hydrant System Compliance Certificate		22/03/2022
Brooks Fire Products & Solutions	Commissioning statement		17/03/2022

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Stronghold Engineers	Structural Inspection Certificate – Glass balustrades and handrails	Reference: SH19216	13/04/2022
Stronghold Engineers	Structural Certificate – Planter box retaining wall	Reference: SH19216	19/04/2022
Stronghold Engineers	TRAFFIC AND PARKING AS-BUILT STATEMENT	Ref: SH19216.TPC1	28/02/2022
Sydney Water	Discharge trade wastewater application not required	Application number 1291716	15/11/2021
NSW SafeWork	REGISTRATION OF AN ITEM OF PLANT – APPLICATION		
J Squared Engineering Pty Ltd	INSPECTION REPORT & FER COMPLETION STATEMENT	1695- Rev E	02/03/2022

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FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE		
Fire Safety System	**Proposed**	**Performance Standard**
Fire rated access panels & doors	NO	
Automatic fail safe devices	NO	
Automatic fire detection & alarm	YES	BCA Spec E2.2a, AS3786-2014, AS1670.1-2018
Automatic fire suppression systems	NO	
BOWS	YES	BCA Spec E2.2a, AS1670.1-2018
Emergency lifts	NO	
Emergency lighting	YES	BCA E4.2, E4.4 AS 2293.1 –2018
EWIS	NO	
Exit signs	YES	BCA E4.5, E4.6, E4.8 AS 2293.1 – 2018
Fire alarm monitoring	YES	BCA E2.2a, AS1670.3-2018, FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
Fire control centres & rooms	NO	
Fire dampers	NO	
Fire doors	YES	BCA C3.8, C3.11, AS1905.1-2015
Fire hydrant systems	YES	BCA E1.3, AS 2419.1-2005
Fire/smoke seals	YES	BCA C3.12 & C3.15 AS1530.4-2005, AS 4072.1-2005
Fire shutters	NO	
Fire windows	NO	
Fire hose reel systems carpark	YES	BCA E1.4, AS2441-2005
Lightweight construction	YES	BCA C1.8
Mechanical air handling systems – carpark ventilation	YES	BCA E2.2 AS/NZS 1668.1-2015 & AS1668.2-2012
Perimeter emergency vehicle access	NO	
Portable fire extinguishers	YES	BCA E1.6 AS 2444 – 2001
Safety curtain in proscenium opening	NO	
Smoke & heat vents	NO	
Smoke dampers	NO	
Smoke & heat detectors alarms	NO	

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FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE		
Fire Safety System	**Proposed**	**Performance Standard**
Smoke doors	NO	
Solid core doors	NO	
Standby power systems	NO	
Wall-wetting sprinkler / drenchers	NO	
Warning & operational signs	YES	BCA D2.23, E3.3, EP A Regs 183
Other Performance Solution 1 Where floor beams penetrate through the separating wall, it is proposed to line both sides of the beam with 1 x layer of 16mm fire-resistant plasterboard within 300mm either side of the separating wall. All voids which expose the joint to the effects of fire are to be packed with Rockwool mineral fibre batts. This system is to be completed on either side of the bounding wall	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
Where framing members do not permit the beam or other areas to be wrapped as per above it is proposed that 1 layer of 16mm fire resistant plasterboard sealed to the is installed to cover the entire area and returned to the underside of the FC sheet flooring above sealed with fire rated mastic as seen below	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
Where the external wall frames junction into the bounding wall between SOU's, the 13mm plasterboard is to be cut back a minimum of 300mm from the junction and the exposed wall cavity filled with rockwool mineral fibre insulation from slab level above and on first floor to underside of the roof lining replaced. The area is to be relined with 13mm fire resistant plasterboard	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021

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FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE		
Fire Safety System	**Proposed**	**Performance Standard**
An AS1670.1-2018 thermal detector with attached sounder base is to be installed in each apartment and connected to the building FIP. The thermal detector is to be located adjacent to the smoke alarms on the first floor outside the bedrooms. Activation of this thermal detector shall activate the building occupant warning system throughout the building	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
The FIP is to be connected via an ASE to a fire alarm monitoring system connected to a fire station or fire station dispatch centre in accordance with AS1670.3-2018	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
Each of the three levels of the SOU shall be provided with interlinked AS3786-2014 smoke alarms.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
The carpark area is to be provided with an interconnected heat alarms/thermal detector system in accordance with AS 1670.1-2018. The system is to be connected to the apartment security and horn speakers located within the basement and on the ground floor level. Refer to the figures below for smoke alarms/detector locations.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
Fire separation is required between the private garage and unit above in accordance with the provisions of the BCA with respect to separation of classifications between a class 7a part and class 2 part. This separation shall be provided at basement level.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021

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FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE		
Fire Safety System	**Proposed**	**Performance Standard**
A non-slip surface is to be provided to the full extent of the ramp as can be shown in the figure below, with a minimum width of 1m adjacent the handrail.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
A handrail shall be provided to extend of the ramp on one side in accordance with D2.17.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
Emergency and exit lighting shall be provided in accordance with AS2293.1-2018 and the DTS provision of the BCA.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
Signage similar to that shown in the figure below shall be installed at the fire hydrant located on the eastern and western side of the building and at the hydrant booster. The signage shall include text with a contrasting background and text height and script as nominated in the figure below. 3 length of fire hydrant hose is required to serve this building.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
The fire hydrant pressures and flows shall be able to comply with the requirements of AS2419.1-2005 with the additional length of fire hydrant hose.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
A passageway and a gate shall be provided to the following location (on the western side of the building) to provide 100% fire hydrant coverage to the ground floor of the building. The gate shall be locked with a 003 key to allow access by fire fighting personnel only.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021

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FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE		
Fire Safety System	**Proposed**	**Performance Standard**
The Dincel shall be rendered in its entirety with non-combustible render or alternatively a non-combustible wall cladding system where the Dincel PVC coating is on the external façade of the building	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
The Dincel walling system shall be installed in strict accordance with manufacturer's requirements and as per the requirements of the Codemark Certificate provided in Appendix B of this report	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
The Class 7a part of the building is to be separated from the remainder of the building by fire resistant construction achieving an FRL of 120/120/120. Including separating walls FRL 120/120/120 and fire doors -/120/30 between the carpark and the SOU.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
External loadbearing walls of the Class 7a part of the building is to be constructed of non-combustible materials and is required to achieve an FRL in both directions with the wall achieving the FRL specified by Table 3 of Specification Cl.1 depending upon its setback to the associated fire source feature.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
The walls enclosing both fire stairs from the basement carpark leading directly outside are to achieve a minimum FRL of 120/120/120 and doors forming part of the required exit are to achieve FRL-/120/30, be self-closing and be tight fitting.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021

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FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE		
Fire Safety System	**Proposed**	**Performance Standard**
The walls enclosing the lift shaft are to achieve a minimum FRL 120/120/120 and lift shaft doors are to achieve a minimum FRL of -/60/-.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
Loadbearing internal walls and columns within the Class 7a part of the building are to achieve a minimum FRL of 120/-/-.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
The carpark area is to be provided with a heat alarms/thermal detector system in accordance with AS 1670.1- 2018. The heat/thermal detector system is to be connected to the apartment security and horn speakers located within the basement and on the ground floor level.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
The sole occupancy units are to be provided with smoke alarms in accordance with Clause 3 of Spec E2.2a and AS 3786-2014.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021
Emergency and exit lighting shall be provided in accordance with AS2293.1-2018 and the DTS provision of the BCA.	YES	FER Report 1695 Revision E by J2 Engineers dated 7/5/2021

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Australian Government
Australian Taxation Office

THE TRUSTEE FOR MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA
UNIT TRUST
UNIT 24
50-60 COSGROVE ROAD
STRATHFIELD SOUTH NSW 2136

Our reference: 7128406643064
Phone: 13 28 66

7 April 2022

Your foreign resident capital gains withholding clearance certificate

- Purchasers are not required to withhold and pay an amount
- Provide a copy to the purchaser and retain a copy for your records

Hello,

We have decided that purchasers are not required to withhold and pay an amount. Your certificate is below:

Notice number	2410648401192
Vendor name	MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD as trustee for THE TRUSTEE FOR MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA UNIT TRUST
Clearance Certificate Period	23 April 2021 to 6 April 2023

The Commissioner may withdraw this clearance certificate at any time if we obtain further information indicating you are a foreign resident.

Yours faithfully,
Emma Rosenzweig
Deputy Commissioner of Taxation

NEED HELP

Learn more about foreign resident capital gains withholding at **ato.gov.au/FRCGW**

CONTACT US

In Australia? Phone us on **13 28 66**

If you're calling from overseas, phone **+61 2 6216 1111** and ask for **13 28 66** between 8:00am and 5:00pm Australian Eastern Standard time, Monday to Friday.

Enquiry ID	3891236
Agent ID	81429403
Issue Date	05 Apr 2023
Correspondence ID	1763179395
Your reference	JY: 7000-5

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED
GPO Box 4029
SYDNEY NSW 2001

Purchaser Copy

Land Tax Certificate under section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act, 1956.*

Property Tax status Certificate under section 49 of the *Property Tax (First Home Buyer Choice) Act, 2022.*

This information is based on data held by Revenue NSW.

Land ID	Land address	Taxable land value	Property Tax Status
S104673/5	Unit 5, 147 PRESIDENT AVE MIRANDA 2228	NOT AVAILABLE	Not Opted In

There is **land tax** (which may include surcharge land tax) charged on the land up to and including the 2023 tax year.

As the certificate has issued with a charge, the owner of the land will need to arrange for the charge to be removed.

If the property is opted in, the owner of the land will need to arrange for the charge to be removed. Please call us on 1300 135 195.

Yours sincerely,



Scott Johnston

Chief Commissioner of State Revenue

Important information

Who is protected by a clearance certificate?
A clearance certificate states whether there is any land tax (including surcharge land tax) owing on a property. The certificate protects a purchaser from outstanding land tax liability by a previous owner, however it does not provide protection to the owner of the land.

When is a certificate clear from land tax?
A certificate may be issued as 'clear' if:

- the land is not liable or is exempt from land tax
- the land tax has been paid
- Revenue NSW is satisfied payment of the tax is not at risk, or
- the owner of the land failed to lodge a land tax return when it was due, and the liability was not detected at the time the certificate was issued.

Note: A clear certificate does not mean that land tax was not payable, or that there is no land tax adjustment to be made on settlement if the contract for sale allows for it.

When is a certificate not clear from land tax?
Under section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956,* land tax is a charge on land owned in NSW at midnight on 31 December of each year. The charge applies from the taxing date and does not depend on the issue of a land tax assessment notice. Land tax is an annual tax so a new charge may occur on the taxing date each year.

How do I clear a certificate?
A charge is removed for this property when the outstanding land tax amount is processed and paid in full. Payment can be made during settlement via an accepted Electronic Lodgement Network or at an approved settlement room.

To determine the land tax amount payable, you must use one of the following approved supporting documents:

- Current year land tax assessment notice. This can only be used if the settlement date is no later than the first instalment date listed on the notice. If payment is made after this date interest may apply.
- Clearance quote or settlement letter which shows the amount to clear.

The charge on the land will be considered removed upon payment of the amount shown on these documents

How do I get an updated certificate?
A certificate can be updated by re-processing the certificate through your Client Service Provider (CSP), or online at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au/taxes/land/clearance.

Please allow sufficient time for any payment to be processed prior to requesting a new version of the clearance certificate.

Land value, tax rates and thresholds
The taxable land value shown on the clearance certificate is the value used by Revenue NSW when assessing land tax. Details on land tax rates and thresholds are available at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au.

Contact details



Read more about Land Tax and use our online servce at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au



1300 139 816*



Phone enquiries
8:30 am - 5:00 pm, Mon. to Fri.

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Help in community languages is available.

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor:
Purchaser:
Property: Unit
Dated:

Possession and tenancies

1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?
3.
   (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
   (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
   (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
   (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
   (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
   (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW)*)? If so, please provide details.
5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW)*:
   (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
   (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations and recorded as the owner of the Property on the strata roll, free from all other interests.
7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 22 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 (NSW) (Act)*.
8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)*? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
   (a) to what year has a return been made?
   (b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?
13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)*) at least 14 days before completion.

Survey and building

14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property or the common property.
15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
16. In respect of the Property and the common property:
   (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act (NSW)*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW)* and their regulations been complied with?
   (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
   (c) Has the vendor a Building Information Certificate of a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

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(d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate (as referred to in the former s109C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act) or an Occupation Certificate as referred to in s6.4 of that Act for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

(e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
  (i) please identify the building work carried out;
  (ii) when was the building work completed?
  (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
  (iv) please provide details of insurance or any alternative indemnity product under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*.

(f) Are there any proposals by the Owners Corporation or an owner of a lot to make any additions or alterations or to erect any new structures on the common property? If so, please provide details.

(g) Has any work been carried out by the vendor on the Property or the common property? If so:
  (i) has the work been carried out in accordance with the by-laws and all necessary approvals and consents?
  (ii) does the vendor have any continuing obligations in relation to the common property affected?

17. Is the vendor aware of any proposals to:
(a) resume the whole or any part of the Property or the common property?
(b) carry out building alterations to an adjoining lot which may affect the boundary of that lot or the Property?
(c) deal with, acquire, transfer, lease or dedicate any of the common property?
(d) dispose of or otherwise deal with any lot vested in the Owners Corporation?
(e) create, vary or extinguish any easements, restrictions or positive covenants over the Property or the common property?
(f) subdivide or consolidate any lots and/or any common property or to convert any lots into common property?
(g) grant any licence to any person, entity or authority (including the Council) to use the whole or any part of the common property?

18.
(a) Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property or the common property?
(b) Is there any planning agreement or other arrangement referred to in s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, (registered or unregistered) affecting the Property or the common property?. If so please provide details and indicate if there are any proposals for amendment or revocation?

19. In relation to any swimming pool on the Property or the common property:
(a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
(b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the *Local Government Act 1919 (NSW)* and *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)*?
(c) does it comply with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
(d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* or regulations?
(e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
(f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.

20.
(a) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences in the strata scheme?
(b) Is the vendor aware of any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW)* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)* affecting the strata scheme?

Affectations, notices and claims

21. In respect of the Property and the common property:
(a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
(b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
(c) Is the vendor aware of:
  (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
  (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
  (iii) any latent defects in them?
(d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
  (i) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
  (ii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
  (iii) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
  (iv) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?

(v) the existence of any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass or polyethylene or other flammable or combustible material such as cladding?

22.

(a) If a licence benefits the Property please provide a copy and indicate:
  (i) whether there are any existing breaches by any party to it;
  (ii) whether there are any matters in dispute; and
  (ii) whether the licensor holds any deposit, bond or guarantee.

(b) In relation to such licence:
  (i) All licence fees and other moneys payable should be paid up to and beyond the date of completion;
  (ii) The vendor must comply with all requirements to allow the benefit to pass to the purchaser.

Applications, Orders etc

23. Are there any applications made, proposed or threatened, whether by an owner of a lot or the Owners Corporation, to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, any Court or to the Registrar General for orders relating to the strata scheme, the Property or the common property (including orders to vary the strata scheme consequent upon damage or destruction or to terminate the strata scheme) which are yet to be determined? If so, please provide particulars.

24. Are there any mediations currently being conducted by the Commissioner of Fair Trading, Department of Finance Services and Innovation in relation to the Property or the common property which involve the vendor or the Owners Corporation? If so, please provide particulars.

25. Are there any:
(a) orders of the Tribunal;
(b) notices of or investigations by the Owners Corporation;
(c) notices or orders issued by any Court; or
(d) notices or orders issued by the Council or any public authority or water authority,
affecting the Property or the common property not yet complied with? In so far as they impose an obligation on the vendor they should be complied with by the vendor before completion.

26. Have any orders been made by any Court or Tribunal that money (including costs) payable by the Owners Corporation be paid from contributions levied in relation to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.

27. Has the vendor made any complaints or been the subject of any complaints arising out of noise affecting the Property or emanating from the Property?

28. Has any proposal been given by any person or entity to the Owners Corporation or to the Vendor for:
(a) a collective sale of the strata scheme; or
(b) a redevelopment of the strata scheme (including a strata renewal proposal)?
If so, please provide particulars of the proposal and the steps taken and decisions made in relation to the proposal to the present time.

Owners Corporation management

29. Has the initial period expired?

30. Are any actions proposed to be taken or have any been taken by the Owners Corporation in the initial period which would be in breach of its powers without an order authorising them?

31. If the Property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.

32. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract, including any liabilities of the Owners Corporation) exceed 1% of the price?

33. Has an appointment of a strata managing agent and/or a building manager been made? If so:
(a) who has been appointed to each role;
(b) when does the term or each appointment expire; and
(c) what functions have been delegated to the strata managing agent and/or the building manager.

34. Has the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement to provide amenities or services to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.

35. Has a resolution been passed for the distribution of surplus money from the administrative fund or the capital works fund? If so, please provide particulars.

36. Have the by-laws adopted a common property memorandum as prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of Section 107 of the Act? If so, has the memorandum been modified? Please provide particulars.

37. Is there a registered building management statement pursuant to Section 108 of the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015 (NSW)*? If so, are there any proposals to amend the registered building management statement?

38. If the strata scheme was in existence at 30 November 2016, has the Owners Corporation taken steps to review the by-laws that were current at that date and have they been consolidated? If so, please provide particulars.

39. Are there any pending proposals to amend or repeal the current by-laws or to add to them?

40. Are there any proposals, policies or by-laws in relation to the conferral of common property rights or which deal with short term licences and/or holiday lettings?

41. If not attached to the Contract, a strata information certificate under Section 184 of the Act should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.

42. Has the Owners Corporation met all of its obligations under the Act relating to:
(a) insurances;
(b) fire safety;
(c) occupational health and safety;
(d) building defects and rectification in relation to any applicable warranties under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*;

(e) the preparation and review of the 10 year plan for the capital works fund; and
(f) repair and maintenance.

43. Is the secretary of the Owners Corporation in receipt of a building bond for any building work on a building that is part of the Property or the common property?

44. Has an internal dispute resolution process been established? If so, what are its terms?

45. Has the Owners Corporation complied with its obligation to lodge tax returns with the Australian Taxation Office and has all tax liability been paid?

Capacity

46. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

47. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance certificate* under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.

48. The vendor should furnish completed details within the time specified in the contract, sufficient to enable the purchaser to make any RW payment.

49. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.

50. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.

51. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.

52. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.

53. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.

Replies to Strata Title (Residential) Property Requisitions on Title

Subject to the Contract and so far as the vendor is aware, it makes the following replies:

Possession and tenancies

1. Noted, subject to the contract.
2. As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
3. (a) The vendor relies on the contract.
   (b) Noted, subject to the contract.
   (c) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
   (d) Noted, subject to the contract.
   (e) Please refer this requisition to the property's managing agent.
   (f) Noted, subject to the contract.
4. As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
5. (a) As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the vendor cannot speak for any predecessors or the tenant. The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
   (b) As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Title

6. Noted, subject to the contract.
7. Noted, subject to the contract.
8. As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
9. From 11 October 2021, paper certificates of title are no longer a legal document. However, title may be confirmed by making inquiries to the NSW Land Registry Services.
10. As far as the vendor is aware, no, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Adjustments

11. Noted, subject to the contract.
12. (a)-(b) The vendor relies on the land tax certificate annexed to the contract or otherwise provided to the purchaser prior to settlement, whichever is the latter.
13. The vendor relies on the contract.

Survey and building

14. Noted, subject to the contract.
15. No.
16. (a) Presumably yes, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
(b) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
(c) No.
(d) This has been provided previously.
(e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
(i) the vendor relies on the contract;

(ii) presumably around the time prior to registration of the strata plan;
(iii) the vendor is not aware, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries;
and
(iv) the vendor relies on the contract.
(f) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
(g) (i)-(ii) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
17. (a)-(g) The vendor is not aware, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
18. (a) As for the vendor, no, but the vendor cannot speak for any predecessors on title or the owners corporation.
(b) The vendor relies on the contract. The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
19. (a)-(f) The vendor relies on the contract. The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
20. (a)-(b) The vendor is not aware, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Affectations, notices and claims

21. (a) The vendor is not aware, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
(b) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
(c)(i)-(iii) The vendor is not aware, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
(d)(i)-(v) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
22. (a)(i)-(iii) Not applicable.
(b)(i)-(ii) Not applicable.

Applications, Orders etc

23. As for the vendor, no, but the vendor cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
24. As for the vendor, no, but the vendor cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
25. (a)-(d) As for the property, no, but the vendor cannot speak for any common properties, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
26. Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
27. Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
28. (a)-(b) Not to the vendor's knowledge, but the vendor cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Owners Corporation management

29. Presumably yes, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
30. The vendor is not aware and cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
31. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
32. The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
33. (a)-(c) The purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
34. The vendor is not aware and cannot speak for the owners corporation, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
35. The vendor is not aware, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
36. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
37. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

38. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
39. The vendor is not aware, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
40. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
41. The vendor relies on the contract, in particular, special condition 34.19. The purchaser must serve an information certificate to the vendor at least 7 days before the date for completion.
42. (a)-(f) Presumably yes, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
43. As for the property, no, but the vendor cannot speak for the common property, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
44. The vendor relies on the contract, the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.
45. Presumably yes, but the purchaser must rely on its own inquiries.

Capacity

46. Noted, subject to the contract.

Requisitions and transfer

47. Noted, subject to the contract.
48. Noted, subject to the contract.
49. Noted, subject to the contract.
50. We understand that Certificate Authentication Code is no longer required from 11 October 2021.
51. Noted, subject to the contract.
52. This alleged right is not admitted.
53. Not agreed.

ISSUED BY

REINSW
REAL ESTATE INSTITUTE OF NEW SOUTH WALES

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES REGULATION 2019

SINGER RESIDENTIAL

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the ***Agreement***).

1. This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
2. If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
3. If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
4. The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on 04 / 08 / 2022 **at** Iglobal Properties Pty Ltd **Between**

Landlord *[Insert name and telephone number or other contact details of landlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside in New South Wales, specify the State, Territory or, if not in Australia, country in which the landlord ordinarily resides]*

Landlord 1 Name: MBC PROPERTY AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD A.B.N. (if applicable):

Landlord telephone number or other contact details: michael@mbcproperty.com.au

If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinarily resides in:

Landlord 2 Name: A.B.N. (if applicable):

Landlord telephone number or other contact details:

If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinarily resides in:

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

[Insert business address or residential address of landlord(s)]

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent.

[Insert corporation name and business address of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is a corporation]

Tenant *[Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details]*

Tenant 1 Name Melissa Caldwell

Phone Email melissapcaldwell@gmail.com

Tenant 2 Name Telea Caldwell

Phone Email teleacaldwell@hotmail.com

Tenant 3 Name

Phone Email

Tenant 4 Name

Phone Email

Landlord's agent details *[Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact details]*

Licensee Iglobal Properties Pty Ltd

Trading as Singer Residential A.B.N. 72 616 517 830

Address 78 Railway Crescent

JANNALI, NSW Postcode 2226

Phone 02 9528 8738 Fax Mobile 0457 056 811 Email info@singerresidential.com.au

Tenant's agent details *[Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details]*

Name /s A.B.N.

Address

Postcode

Phone Fax Mobile Email

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RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

Term of agreement

The term of this agreement is:

- [ ] 6 months
- [x] 12 months
- [ ] 2 years
- [ ] 3 years
- [ ] 5 years
- [ ] Other (please specify):
- [ ] Periodic (no end date)

starting on 04 /08 /2022 and ending on 03 /08 /2023 *[Cross out if not applicable]*

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the *Real Property Act 1900*.

Residential Premises

The residential premises are *[Insert address]*

Address 5/147-151 President Ave

Suburb Miranda State NSW Postcode 2228

The residential premises include: *[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]*

Double LUG

The residential premises **do not include:** *[List anything such as a parking space, garage or storeroom which do not form part of the residential premises]*

Rent

The rent is $ 900 per week payable in advance starting on 04 /08 /2022 .

Note. Under section 33 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to Singer Residential at 78 Railway Crescent, Jannali by cash or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), or

(b) into the following account, iGlobal Properties Pty Ltd or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number: 012430 Account number: 464754468

Account name: iGlobal Properties Pty Ltd

Payment reference: CALDWELL 100109 , or

(c) as follows:

Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental bond *[cross out if there is not going to be a bond]*

A rental bond of $3600 - already lodged must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement.

The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

- [ ] the landlord or another person, or
- [ ] the landlord's agent, or
- [x] NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online.

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

MC Caldwell / [illegible]

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RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants

No more than 4 persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical repairs: Ease Electrical Telephone: 0418 149 008

Plumbing repairs: Laser Plumbing Caringbah Telephone: 02 9524 3825

Other repairs: Sal's Handyman Services Telephone: 0418 217 123

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? ✓ Yes ✓ No If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Utilities

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network? Yes ✓ No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network? Yes ✓ No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

✓ Hardwired smoke alarm

✓ Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ✓ Yes No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ✓ Yes No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

PhotoElectric

If the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises? ✓ Yes No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? ✓ Yes No If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically *[optional]* *[Cross out if not applicable]*

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* being given or served on them by email. The *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ✓ Yes No If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

trisha@singerresidential.com.au

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ✓ Yes No If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

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RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "**Residential premises**".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
   - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
   - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. **The tenant agrees:**
   - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
   - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
   - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.
4. **The landlord agrees:**
   - 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
   - 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
   - 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
   - 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
   - 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
   - 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
   - 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
   - 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.
7. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**
   - 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
   - 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
   - 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

8. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
   - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
   - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
   - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
9. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

10. **The landlord agrees** to pay:
    - 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
    - 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
    - 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

      Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

      Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
    - 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
    - 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
    - 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
    - 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
    - 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

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10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. **The tenant agrees** to pay:

11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and

11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and

11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and

11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and

11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* and the residential premises:

11.6.1 are separately metered, or

11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

12. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and

12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and

12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and

12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:

12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,

12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,

12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,

12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. **The landlord agrees:**

14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and

14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. **The landlord agrees:**

15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and

15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and

15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. **The tenant agrees:**

16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and

16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and

16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and

16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and

16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. **The tenant agrees**:

17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and

17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and

17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and

17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18. **The tenant agrees**, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and

18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and

18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and

18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and

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18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and

18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. The landlord agrees:

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

(a) are structurally sound, and

(b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and

(c) have adequate ventilation, and

(d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and

(e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and

(f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and

(g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

(a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and

(b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and

(c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and

(d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.

19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and

19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and

19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and

19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and

19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding $1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and

20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and

20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and

20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and

20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and

20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are ***urgent repairs*** are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

(a) a burst water service,

(b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,

(c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,

(d) a serious roof leak,

(e) a gas leak,

(f) a dangerous electrical fault,

(g) flooding or serious flood damage,

(h) serious storm or fire damage,

(i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,

(j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,

(k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and

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21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23. The landlord and the tenant agree:

23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and

23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),

24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,

24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,

24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,

24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),

24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),

24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),

24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),

24.11 if the tenant agrees.

25. The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:

25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and

25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and

25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

26. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

27. The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

28. The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

29. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

30. The tenant agrees:

30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and

30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and

30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and

30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and

30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and

30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

31. The landlord agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

32. The landlord agrees:

32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

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32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and

32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and

32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and

32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and

33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

34. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

35. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and

35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and

35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and

35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

36. The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlords reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:

37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and

37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

38. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*.

39. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

41. The landlord agrees that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:

41.1 details of the amount claimed, and

41.2 copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and

41.3 a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

42. The landlord agrees to:

42.1 ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and

42.2 conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and

42.3 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and

42.4 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and

42.5 engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and

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42.6 repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and

42.7 reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

43.1 to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and

43.2 that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and

43.3 to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

~~**45. The landlord agrees** to ensure that the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.~~

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

46. The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:

46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and

46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or

47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

48. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and

50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and

50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and

50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

51. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,

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51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,

51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,

51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. **The landlord agrees** that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

(a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and

(b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and

(c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE]

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

~~**53. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises** *(specify the breed, size etc)*~~

~~**54. The tenant agrees:**~~

~~**54.1** to supervise and keep the animal within the premises; and~~

~~**54.2** to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours; and~~

~~**54.3** to ensure that the animal is registered and microchipped if required under law; and~~

~~**54.4** to comply with any council requirements.~~

~~**55. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.**~~

ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

56. **The landlord and tenant:**

56.1 **agree** that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated ..../..../.... *(insert a date if the landlord and and tenant agree to this clause)* forms part of this agreement,

56.2 **acknowledge** that the tenant's responses in that condition report form part of this agreement, and

56.3 **agree** that two physical copies of that condition report, or one electronic copy, have been given to the tenant on or before the date of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

57. Further to clauses 16 and 17 and subject to any applicable by-law, **the tenant agrees**:

57.1 to use the residential premises for residential purposes only;

57.2 not to use, advertise for use, sub-let, licence, transfer or otherwise part with possession of the whole or any part of the residential premises for the purpose of giving a person the right to occupy the residential premises for the purpose of a holiday, without the prior written consent of the landlord where such consent may be refused in the landlord's absolute discretion;

57.3 to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;

57.4 to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;

57.5 to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;

57.6 to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;

57.7 to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;

57.8 to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal;

57.9 to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim;

57.10 to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;

57.11 to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;

57.12 not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;

57.13 not to store rubbish, unregistered vehicles, any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas (with the exception of petrol or gas stored in the fuel tank of any registered motor vehicle) or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material on the residential premises, and storage of any items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and

57.14 to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

58. **The tenant agrees:**

58.1 to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and

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58.2 the availability of telephone or fax lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services) are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND

59. **The tenant agrees:**

59.1 to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and

59.2 not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.

60. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

61. **The tenant agrees:**

61.1 not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*; and

61.2 to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

62. **The tenant acknowledges** that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

63. **The tenant agrees:**

63.1 upon termination of this agreement, to:

(a) promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*;

(b) promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and

(c) comply with its obligations in clause 18 of this agreement; and

63.2 that the tenant's obligations under this agreement continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.

64. Notwithstanding any termination of this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges and agrees that** an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement.

65. **The landlord and the tenant agree that:**

65.1 any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement; and

65.2 the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note: Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note: If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 87(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

66. **The tenant acknowledges and agrees:**

66.1 to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title ruies relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;

66.2 where the residential premises are subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and/or management statements and any applicable law;

66.3 where the residential premises are a flat (not subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*), to comply with any applicable law and the special conditions contained in Schedule A of this agreement and any other special conditions as notified to the tenant from time to time; and

66.4 that, at the tenant's cost, the owners corporation or strata managing agent may dispose of abandoned goods, perishable goods or rubbish left on common property.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOLS

(This clause does not apply when there is no pool on the residential premises)

~~67. Unless otherwise agreed by the landlord and tenant in writing, the tenant agrees:~~

~~67.1 to vacuum, brush and clean the pool, backwash the filter and empty the leaf basket(s) regularly keeping them free from leaf litter and other debris;~~

~~67.2 to have the pool water tested once a month at a pool shop and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water clean and clear;~~

~~67.3 to keep the water level above the filter inlet at all times;~~

~~67.4 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent as soon as practicable of any problems with the pool or equipment, safety gate, access door, fence or barrier;~~

~~67.5 not to interfere with the operation of any pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier including not propping or holding open any safety gate or access door, nor leaving any item or object near a pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier which would aid or allow access by children to the pool area or allow children to climb the pool safety gate, access door, fence or barrier; and~~

~~67.6 to ensure that the pool safety gate or access door is self-closing at all times.~~

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ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM
(for a fixed term of **less than 2 years**):

68. By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

68.1 the rent will be increased to

$ _____ per _____
_____ on ___/___/___ ; and
to $ _____ per _____
_____ on ___/___/___ ; or

68.2 the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

_____
_____
_____

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM
(for a fixed term of **2 years or more**):

69. By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:

69.1 the rent will be increased to

$ _____ per _____
_____ on ___/___/___ ; and
to $ _____ per _____
_____ on ___/___/___ ; or

69.2 the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

_____
_____
_____

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS AGREEMENT

70. For avoidance of doubt:

70.1 a condition report which accompanies this agreement, forms part of this agreement;

70.2 a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report; and

70.3 if the tenant fails to return the condition report to the landlord or the landlord's agent within 7 days after taking possession of the residential premises, then the tenant is deemed to have accepted the landlord's signed condition report and that report forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANT OBLIGATIONS

71. The tenant agrees:

71.1 to reimburse the landlord, within 30 days of being requested to do so, for:

(a) any call out fees payable where the call out has been arranged with the tenant and the tenant has failed to provide access to the residential premises for any reason, preventing the relevant service from taking place;

(b) any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and

(c) any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the failure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;

71.2 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 42 of this agreement; and

71.3 to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

72. The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is no garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

73. The tenant agrees that if the premises include a garage then the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods or personal belongings.

74. The landlord gives no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

75. The tenant agrees to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.

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76. **The landlord agrees** to provide to the tenant's agent (if appointed) all notices and documents that it gives to the tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

77. Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 24.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, **the tenant acknowledges and agrees** that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.

78. **The tenant agrees** that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 24.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

79. The *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) (the **Act**) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord.

The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that written notification.

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

(a) identify and verify the tenant's identity;

(b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;

(c) assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;

(d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;

(e) contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;

(f) comply with any applicable law;

(g) liaise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;

(h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;

(i) process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and

(j) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and applicable tribunals, third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods, and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, and unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant fails to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.

The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant **does not** wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box: ☐ or otherwise notify the landlord and/or landlord's agent using the contact details of the landlord and/or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges** that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and **the tenant authorises** the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

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ADDITIONAL TERM - ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

80. The landlord and tenant each acknowledge that:

80.1 the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement;

80.2 the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:

(a) they do not contravene the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (NSW), the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* (NSW) or any other Act; and

(b) they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement; and

80.3 The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales Limited (REINSW) is not and cannot be responsible for the drafting and content of any additional terms and/or conditions that are included in any annexure to this agreement.

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SCHEDULE A

SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS

Special Condition 1 - Vehicles

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common area, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common area, except with the prior written approval of the landlord or as permitted by a sign authorised by the landlord.

Special Condition 2 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord:

(a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or

(b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common areas

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common areas by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Special Condition 4 - Noise

The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, must not create any noise in the flat or the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Behaviour of tenants and invitees

(a) The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using the common area.

(b) The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their invitees:

  (i) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area; and

  (ii) without limiting paragraph (b)(i), comply with Special Condition 5(a).

Special Condition 6 - Children playing on common areas in building

Any child for whom the tenant is responsible may play on any area of the common area that is designated by the landlord for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision. The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 7 - Smoke penetration

The tenant, and any invitee of the tenant, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common area, except:

(a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the landlord, or

(b) with the written approval of the landlord.

The tenant who is permitted under this Special Condition to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common area must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other flat. The tenant must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, in the flat does not penetrate to the common area or any other flat.

Special Condition 8 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees to do any thing in the flat or common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or common areas.

Special Condition 9 - Storage of inflammable, dangerous or hazardous liquids and other substances and materials

(a) The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord, use or store in the flat, garage or carport or on the common area any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material.

(b) This Special Condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 10 - Appearance of flat

(a) The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(b) This Special Condition does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with Special Condition 12.

Special Condition 11 - Cleaning windows and doors

(a) Except in circumstances referred to in Special Condition 11(b), the tenant is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.

(b) The landlord is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the tenant safely or at all.

Special Condition 12 - Hanging out of washing

The tenant may hang any washing on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose. The tenant may hang washing on any part of the flat other than over the balcony railings. In each case, the washing may only be hung for a reasonable period. In this Special Condition, "washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Special Condition 13 - Disposal of waste - bins for individual flats (applicable where individual flats have bins)

(a) The tenant must:

  (i) not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;

  (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);

  (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on the common area;

  (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste;

  (v) maintain bins for waste within the flat, or on any part of the common area that is authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered;

  (vi) not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier;

  (vii) place the bins within an area designated for collection by the landlord not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the flat or other area authorised for the bins; and

  (vii) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.

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(b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.

(c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 14 - Disposal of waste - shared bins (applicable where bins are shared by flats)

(a) The tenant must:

(i) not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;

(ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);

(iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common area; and

(iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.

(b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.

(c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 15 - Change in use or occupation of flat to be notified

(a) The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat.

(b) Without limiting Special Condition 15(a), the following changes of use must be notified:

(i) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes); and

(i) a change to the use of the flat for short-term or holiday letting.

(c) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

Special Condition 16 - Compliance with planning and other requirements

The tenant must ensure that the flat is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law and that the flat is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the flat.

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RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD / LANDLORD'S AGENT

SIGN HERE

× _____ _____
(Signature of landlord / landlord's agent) (Date)

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

SIGN HERE

× _____ _____
(Signature of landlord / landlord's agent) (Date)

Note: A landlord's agent must not sign this acknowledgment unless they have first obtained from the landlord a written statement that the landlord has read and understood the contents of the information statement published by NSW Fair Trading setting out the landlord's rights and obligations.

SIGNED BY THE TENANT

SIGN HERE

× L P Caldwell × _____ .
(Signature of tenant) (Signature of tenant)

04/08/2022 04/08/2022 .
(Date) (Date)

_____ _____
(Signature of tenant) (Signature of tenant)

_____ _____
(Date) (Date)

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

SIGN HERE

× L P Caldwell × _____ .
(Signature of tenant) (Signature of tenant)

04/08/2022 04/08/2022 .
(Date) (Date)

_____ _____
(Signature of tenant) (Signature of tenant)

_____ _____
(Date) (Date)

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

(a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
(b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

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RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

NOTES.

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

(a) the letting of residential premises, or

(b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

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March 2020

Tenant information statement

What you must know before you start renting

Starting a tenancy

Landlords or agents must give all tenants a copy of this **Tenant information statement** before signing a residential tenancy agreement.

Make sure you read this information statement thoroughly before you sign a residential tenancy agreement. Ask questions if there is anything in the agreement that you do not understand.

Remember, you are committing to a legally binding contract with no cooling-off period. You want to be certain you understand and agree to what you are signing.

The landlord or agent must:

- ensure the property is vacant, reasonably clean, fit to live in and in good repair at the start of the tenancy
- provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair
- meet health and safety laws (e.g. pool fencing, electrical installations, smoke alarms, window and balcony safety)
- ensure the property is reasonably secure
- respect your privacy and follow entry and notice requirements.

When renting, you must:

- pay the rent on time
- keep the property reasonably clean and undamaged and leave it in the same condition it was in when you moved in (fair wear and tear excepted)
- not use the property for anything illegal
- follow the terms of the tenancy agreement
- respect your neighbours' right to peace, comfort and privacy

What you must be told before you sign an agreement

Sometimes a rental property has something in its history that you should know before you sign an agreement.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if the property is:

- planned to be sold
- subject to court proceedings where the mortgagee is trying to take possession of the property
- in a strata scheme and a strata renewal committee is currently established for the strata scheme.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if they are aware of any of the following facts. If the property:

- has been subject to flooding from a natural weather event or bushfire in the last 5 years
- has significant health or safety risks (unless obvious to a reasonable person when the property is inspected)
- has been the scene of a serious violent crime (e.g. murder or aggravated assault) in the last 5 years
- is listed on the loose-fill asbestos insulation register
- has been used to manufacture or cultivate a prohibited drug or prohibited plant in the last 2 years
- is part of a building where a fire safety or building product rectification order (or a notice of intention to issue one of these orders) has been issued regarding external combustible cladding
- is part of a building where a development or complying development certificate application for rectification has been lodged regarding external combustible cladding
- is in a strata scheme where scheduled rectification work or major repairs will be carried out to common property during the fixed term of the agreement
- is affected by zoning or laws that will not allow you to obtain a parking permit, and only paid parking is available in the area
- is provided with any council waste services that are different to other properties in the council area
- has a driveway or walkway that others can legally use.

ANNEXURE

If applicable, include additional Terms and Conditions below

SINGER RESIDENTIAL

ANNEXURE

• The tenant/s agree that upon termination of this agreement to leave the operating instructions which may have been supplied at the commencement of the agreement for any appliance or equipment installed in the premises. All appliances and equipment shall be kept and maintained in a clean, good working order and condition throughout the term of the agreement. In the event of a failure due to negligent or improper use of the appliance or equipment by the tenants, the tenants at their own coat should immediately arrange for the repair of the appliance or equipment. Failing which, the landlord/agent shall be entitled to have necessary repairs and cost of such shall immediately become due and payable in addition to the rent of the premises. Failure on the part of the tenants in this regard shall constitute a breach by the tenant of this agreement.

• The tenant/s acknowledge that they are responsible for their own contents insurance for furniture and personal belongings.

• The tenant agrees to place bottles, cartons, papers and household rubbish outside the premises in the garbage receptacles with a property fitted lid and shall not allow such items to accumulate within the grounds or precinct of subject premises.

• The tenant/s agree that any cost incurred by the landlord/agent in clearing any blockage in sewer/drainage lines caused by the tenant placing anything likely to cause obstruction or damage down any sink, toilet or drain, shall be paid by the tenant.

• The tenant/s agree to pay for water used under the user's pay method to the managing agent within 21 days of notice.

• The tenant/s agree to use felt pads underneath their furniture items to avoid scratches to the timber floors. This includes bedding, tables, chairs & anything else. They also agree to care and maintain floating timber floors in the appropriate manner, i.e. floors are to be cleaned with a damp mop only, and to come into contact with very little moister.

• The tenant agree to use non-abrasive cleaning products to lean the stainless steel appliances to avoid scratching the surfaces.

• The tenant/s agree there will be no smoking inside of the property at any time during the tenancy. If the tenant or any of their guests wish to smoke, they must do so outside with the door closed behind them.

• The tenant/s understand that no animals are permitted to reside in or outside the premises without written permission from the landlord. If a pet is permitted by the landlord, the tenant/s agree to have the carpets professionally steam cleaned upon vacating the property.

• The tenant/s agree to allow access for the service of smoke alarms in the property by a company or person chosen by the landlord/agent.

• The tenant/s shall not mark, drive in nails, screws, hooks nor place adhesive fitting or 'blu tac' or anyway deface or damage any part of the subject premises without the landlords/agent written consent.

• The tenant understands that they are responsible for regular maintenance of the lawns and gardens during the term of the tenancy. At the end of the tenancy, the gardens are to be weed free, hedges and bushes are to be trimmed in a tidy manner, lawns mowed/edged and clippings removed.

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Penalties apply to landlords or agents if any of the above is not done.

What you must be given before you sign an agreement

Before you sign an agreement or move into the property, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- a copy of this Tenant information statement
- a copy of the proposed tenancy agreement, filled out in the spaces provided
- 2 hard copies, or 1 electronic copy, of the condition report for the property completed by the landlord or agent
- a copy of the by-laws, if the property is in a strata scheme.

What you must be given at the time you sign an agreement

At the time you sign the agreement, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- for any swimming or spa pools on the property, a valid certificate of compliance or occupation certificate (issued within the last 3 years). This does not apply if you are renting a property in a strata or community scheme that has more than 2 lots.

Before or at the start of the tenancy

The landlord or agent **must give** you:

- a copy of the key (or other opening device or information) to open any lock or security device for the rented property or common property, at no cost to you or any tenant named in the agreement

The property must be fit to live in

The property must be reasonably clean, fit to live in and in a reasonable state of repair.

To be fit to live in, the property must (at a minimum):

1. be structurally sound
2. have adequate natural or artificial lighting in each room, except storage rooms or garages
3. have adequate ventilation
4. be supplied with electricity or gas, and have enough electricity or gas sockets for lighting, heating and other appliances
5. have adequate plumbing and drainage
6. have a water connection that can supply hot and cold water for drinking, washing and cleaning
7. have bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow users' privacy.

The property could have other issues that may make it unfit for you to live in, even if it meets the above 7 minimum standards. Before you rent the property, you should tell the landlord or agent to take steps (such as make repairs) to make sure the property is fit to live in.

Residential tenancy agreement

The tenancy agreement is a legal agreement. It must include certain standard terms that cannot be changed or deleted. It may also include additional terms. Verbal agreements are still binding on you and the landlord.

Condition report

You should have already received a copy of the condition report, completed by the landlord or agent, before you signed the agreement. This is an important piece of evidence and you should take the time to check the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy. If you do not complete the report accurately, money could be taken out of your bond (after you move out) to pay for damage that was already there when you moved in.

You must complete and give a copy of the condition report to your landlord or agent **within 7 days** after moving into the property. You must also keep a copy of the completed report.

Rent, receipts and records

Rent is a regular payment you make to the landlord to be able to live in the property. You cannot be asked to pay more than 2 weeks' rent in advance. Your landlord or agent cannot demand more rent until it is due.

Your landlord or agent can serve you with 14 days' termination notice if you are more than 14 days behind with the rent.

Your landlord or agent must:

- give you rent receipts (unless rent is paid into a nominated bank account)
- keep a record of rent you pay
- provide you with a copy of the rent record within 7 days of your written request for it.

Rental bonds

The bond is money you may have to pay at the start of the tenancy as security. It must be in the form of money and not as a guarantee. Your landlord or agent can only ask for 1 bond for a tenancy agreement. The bond payable cannot be more than 4 weeks rent. If the landlord agrees, you can pay the bond in instalments.

Your landlord or agent cannot make you pay a bond before the tenancy agreement is signed. If you pay the bond directly to Fair Trading using Rental Bonds Online (RBO) the landlord or agent will receive confirmation of this before they finalise the tenancy agreement.

Your landlord or agent must give you the option to use RBO to pay your bond. You can use RBO to securely pay your bond direct to NSW Fair Trading using a credit card or BPAY, without the need to fill out and sign a bond lodgement form. Once registered, you can continue to use your RBO account for future tenancies.

If you decide not to use RBO, you can ask your agent or landlord for a paper bond lodgement form for you to sign, so that it can be lodged with Fair Trading. The landlord must deposit any bond you pay them with Fair Trading within 10 working days. If the bond is paid to the agent, the agent must deposit the bond with Fair Trading within 10 working days after the end of the month in which the bond was paid.

Discrimination when applying for rental property

It is against the law for a landlord or agent to discriminate on the grounds of your race, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status or pregnancy.

If you feel that a landlord or agent has declined your tenancy application or has treated you less favourably because of the above, you can contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board on 1800 670 812 or the Australian Human Rights Commission on 1300 656 419.

It is not against the law if a landlord or agent chooses not to have a tenant who smokes, or has a poor tenancy history or issues with rent payments.

Communicating with your landlord or agent

Your landlord must provide you with their name and a way for you to contact them directly, even if your landlord has an agent.

This information must be given to you in writing before or when you sign the tenancy agreement, or it can be included in the agreement you sign. Your landlord must also let you know, in writing, within 14 days of any changes to their details.

Some formal communication between you and the landlord or agent must be in writing to be valid, for example, termination notices. You can use email to serve notices or other documents but only if the landlord or agent has given you permission to use their nominated email address for this purpose.

During the tenancy

Can rent be increased during the tenancy?

For a fixed-term of less than 2 years, rent can only be increased during the fixed-term if the agreement sets out the increased amount or how the increase will be calculated. No written notice of the increase is required.

For a fixed-term of 2 years or more, or for a periodic agreement (i.e. where the fixed-term has expired or no fixed-term is specified), the rent can only be increased once in a 12-month period. You must get at least 60 days written notice.

Paying for electricity, gas and water usage

You may have to pay the cost for certain utilities as set out in the agreement. For example, you will pay for all:

- electricity, non-bottled gas or oil supply charges **if** the property is separately metered. Some exceptions apply for electricity or gas
- charges for the supply of bottled gas during the tenancy.

There are limits on when you need to pay for water usage charges. You can only be asked to pay for water usage if the property is separately metered (or water is delivered by vehicle) and meets the following water efficiency measures:

- all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- all internal cold-water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- any leaking taps or toilets on the property are fixed at the start of the agreement and whenever other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded
- from 23 March 2025, toilets are dual flush and have a minimum 3-star WELS rating.

Repairs and maintenance

The property must always be fit for you to live in. The landlord is responsible for any repairs or maintenance, so the property is in a reasonable state of repair. They must also ensure the property meets health and safety laws.

You are responsible for looking after the property and keeping it clean and undamaged. If the property includes a yard, lawns and gardens, you must also keep these areas neat and tidy.

You need to tell your landlord or the agent of any necessary repairs or damage as soon as possible. They are responsible for arranging and paying for the repair costs unless you caused or allowed the damage. You are not responsible for any damage caused by a perpetrator of domestic violence during a domestic violence offence.

If the repair is an **urgent repair** e.g. where there is a burst water service, a blocked or broken toilet, a gas leak or dangerous electrical fault, your landlord or agent should organise these repairs as soon as reasonably possible, after being notified. If they do not respond to an urgent repair, you may be able to organise the work yourself and be reimbursed

a maximum amount of $1,000 within 14 days from requesting payment in writing. A list of **urgent repairs** is available on the Fair Trading website.

You can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if your landlord refuses or does not provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair. Similarly, your landlord can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if you refuse or do not repair damage you have caused or allowed. You can also apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) if your landlord does not carry out repairs.

Smoke alarms must be working

Landlords must ensure that smoke alarms are installed on all levels of the property. Your landlord must maintain the smoke alarms in your property to ensure they are working.

You should notify your landlord or agent if a smoke alarm is not working. They are responsible for repairing (including replacing a battery) or replacing a smoke alarm within 2 business days after they become aware that it is not working.

You can choose to replace a removable battery if it needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if and when you do this. You are not responsible for maintaining, repairing or replacing a smoke alarm. However, there are some circumstances where you can arrange for a smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced.

Privacy and access

You have the right to reasonable peace, comfort and privacy when renting. Tenancy laws restrict when and how often your landlord, agent or other authorised person can enter the property during the tenancy. Your landlord, agent or authorised person can enter the property without your consent in certain circumstances if proper notice (if applicable) is provided.

For example:

- in an **emergency**, no notice is necessary
- if the **Tribunal orders** that access is allowed
- to carry out, or assess the need for, **necessary repairs or maintenance** of the property, if you have been given at least 2 days' notice
- to carry out **urgent repairs**, no notice is necessary
- to carry out **repairs or replacement of a smoke alarm**, if you have been given at least 1 hours' notice
- to **inspect or assess the need for repair or replacement of a smoke alarm**, if you have been given at least 2 business days' notice
- to carry out a **general inspection** of the property if you have been given at least 7 days' written notice (no more than 4 inspections during a 12-month period).

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How to make 'minor' changes to the property

You can only make minor changes to the property with your landlord's written consent, or if the agreement allows it. Your landlord can only refuse your request if it is reasonable to do so e.g. if the work involves structural changes or is inconsistent with the nature of the property.

There are certain types of 'minor' changes where it would be unreasonable for your landlord to refuse consent. For example:

- secure furniture to a non-tiled wall for safety reasons
- fit a childproof latch to an outdoor gate in a single dwelling
- insert fly screens on windows
- install or replace internal window covering (e.g. curtains)
- install cleats or cord guides to secure blind or curtain cords
- install child safety gates inside the property
- install window safety devices for child safety (non-strata only)
- install hand-held shower heads or lever-style taps to assist elderly or disabled occupants
- install or replace hooks, nails or screws for hanging pictures etc.
- install a phone line or internet connection
- plant vegetables, flowers, herbs or shrubs in the garden
- install wireless removable outdoor security camera
- apply shatter-resistant film to window or glass doors
- make changes that don't penetrate a surface, or permanently modify a surface, fixture or structure of the property.

Some exceptions apply. The landlord can also require that certain minor changes be carried out by a qualified person.

You will be responsible for paying for the changes and for any damage you cause to the property. Certain rules apply for removing any modifications at the end of the tenancy.

Your rights in circumstances of domestic violence

Every person has the right to feel safe and live free from domestic violence. If you or your dependent child are experiencing domestic violence in a rental property, there are options available to you to improve your safety.

If you or your dependent child need to escape violence, you can end your tenancy immediately,

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without penalty. To do this you must give your landlord a termination notice with the relevant evidence and give a termination notice to any co-tenants.

Or, if you wish to stay in your home, you can apply to the Tribunal for an order to end the tenancy of the perpetrator (if they are another co-tenant).

A tenant or any innocent co-tenant is not liable for property damage caused by the perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

Ending the tenancy

Termination notice must be given

A tenancy agreement is a legally binding agreement that can only be ended in certain ways. A tenancy will usually be ended by you or your landlord giving notice to the other party and you vacating on or after the date specified in the notice.

To end a tenancy, you need to give the landlord or agent a written termination notice with the applicable notice period. In some cases, you can apply directly to the Tribunal for a termination order without issuing a termination notice (for example if you are experiencing hardship).

If you do not leave by the date specified in the termination notice, the landlord or agent can apply to the Tribunal for termination and possession orders. If you do not comply with the Tribunal order, only a Sheriff's Officer can legally remove you from the property under a warrant for possession.

You cannot be locked out of your home under any circumstances unless a Sheriff's Officer is enforcing a warrant for possession issued by the Tribunal or a court.

Break fee for ending a fixed term agreement early

If you end a fixed term agreement early that is for 3 years or less, mandatory break fees may apply based on the stage of the agreement. If it applies, the set fee payable will be:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The break fee does not apply if you end the agreement early for a reason allowed under the Act.

Getting the rental bond returned

You should receive the bond in full at the end of the tenancy unless there is a reason for the landlord to make a claim against the bond. For example if:

- rent or other charges (e.g. unpaid water usage bills, break fee) are owing
- copies of the keys were not given back and the locks needed to be changed
- you caused damage or did not leave the property in a reasonably clean condition compared to the original condition report, apart from 'fair wear and tear'.

You are not liable for fair wear and tear to the property that occurs over time with the use of the property, even when the property receives reasonable care and maintenance.

Checklist

You should only sign the agreement when you can answer **Yes** to the following.

The tenancy agreement

- ☑ I have read the agreement and asked questions if there were things I did not understand.
- ☑ I understand the fixed-term of the agreement is negotiated before I sign, which means it can be for 6 months, 12 months, or some other period.
- ☑ I understand that I must be offered at least one way to pay the rent that does not involve paying a fee to a third party.
- ☑ I understand that any additional terms to the agreement can be negotiated before I sign.
- ☑ I have checked that all additional terms to the agreement are allowed. For example, the agreement does not include a term requiring me to have the carpet professionally cleaned when I leave, unless it is required because the landlord has allowed me to keep a pet on the property.

Promised repairs

For any promises the landlord or agent makes to fix anything (e.g. replace the oven, etc.) or do other work (e.g. paint a room, clean up the backyard, etc.):

- ☐ I have made sure these have already been done

or

- ☐ I have an undertaking in writing (before signing the agreement) that they will be done.

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Upfront costs

☐ I am **not** required to pay:

- more than 2 weeks rent in advance
- more than 4 weeks rent as a rental bond.

☐ I am **not** being charged for:

- the cost of preparing the tenancy agreement
- the initial supply of keys and other opening devices to each tenant named in the agreement
- being allowed to keep a pet on the property.

Top tips for problem-free renting

Some useful tips to help avoid problems when renting:

- Keep a copy of your agreement, condition report, rent receipts, Rental Bond Number and copies of letters/emails you send or receive in a safe place where you can easily find them later.
- Photos are a great way to record the condition of the property when you first move in. Take date-stamped photos of the property, especially areas that are damaged or unclean. Keep these photos in case the landlord objects to returning your bond at the end of your tenancy.
- Comply with the terms of your agreement and never stop paying your rent, even if you don't think the landlord is complying with their side of the agreement (e.g. by failing to do repairs). You could end up being evicted if you do.
- Never make any changes to the property, or let other people move in without asking the landlord or agent for permission first.
- Keep a written record of your dealings with the landlord or agent (for example by keeping copies of emails or a diary record of your conversations, including the times and dates, who you spoke to and what they agreed to do). It is helpful to have any agreements in writing, for example requests for repairs. This is a useful record and can also assist if there is a dispute.
- Consider taking out home contents insurance to cover your belongings in case of theft, fires and natural disasters. The landlord's building insurance, if they have it, will not cover your belongings.
- If the property has a pool or garden, be clear about what the landlord or agent expects you to do to maintain them.
- Be careful with what you sign relating to your tenancy and do not let anybody rush you. Never sign a blank form, such as a 'Claim for refund of bond' form.
- If you are happy in the property and your agreement is going to end, consider asking for the agreement to be renewed for another fixed-term. This will remove any worry about being unexpectedly asked to leave and can help to lock in the rent for the next period.

More information

Visit the Fair Trading website or call 13 32 20 for more information about your renting rights and responsibilities. The NSW Government funds a range of community-based Tenants Advice and Advocacy Services across NSW to provide advice, information and advocacy to tenants. Visit the Tenants' Union website at tenants.org.au

fairtrading.nsw.gov.au **13 32 20**

Language assistance 13 14 50

(ask for an interpreter in your language)

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For more information about this topic,
refer to the appropriate legislation.