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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2018 edition

TERM vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM Pulse Property Agents Level 3, 12 Central Road		NSV	NSW Duty: Phone: 0425 260 627		
				Fax: Ref:	9525 4699 Lucas Pratt	
	MIRANDA NSW 2228			Rei.	Lucas Frait	
co-agent						
vendor		, and Julie Helen Bailey e, Caringbah, NSW 2229		ann		
vendor's solicitor	Gibson Howlin Lawy The Chambers 51 Cr	ers oydon Street, CRONULI	LA	Phone: Fax:	9523 6111 9523 0785	
	PO Box 61 CRONULLA NSW 2230 DX 21106 CRONULLA			Ref: E:gk@gi	tef: RG:GK:46780 i:gk@gibsonhowlinlawyers.com	
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the contract date (clause 15) 1/16 Percival Road, Caringbah South, New South Wales 2229 Registered Plan: Lot 1 Plan SP 90066 Folio Identifier 1/SP90066					
□ VACANT POSSESSION □ subject to existing tenancies mprovements □ HOUSE □ garage □ carport □ home unit □ carspace □ storage space none □ other: townhouse uttached copies □ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: □ other documents:						
A real estate agent is princlusions	☑ blinds☑ built-in wardrobes	☐ fixed floor coverings	this box i ⊠ light fi ⊠ range □ solar p	ttings hood	of residential property. stove pool equipment TV antenna	
exclusions	Bar fridge					
purchaser						
purchaser's solicitor						
price deposit balance	\$ <u>\$</u> \$		(10% of t	he price, ι	unless otherwise stated)	
contract date		(if r	not stated,	the date	this contract was made)	
buyer's agent						
vendor		GST AMOUNT (optional The price includes GST of: \$	ıl)		witness	
purchaser	TENANTS tenants	in common	ial shares		witness	

2

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3) Proposed <i>electronic transaction</i> (clause 30)	☐ NO ☐ no	☐ yes ☐ YES	
Tax information (the parties promise of Land tax is adjustable GST: Taxable supply Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of land) not made in the course or furtherance of an enter land by a vendor who is neither registered nor required land GST-free because the sale is the supply of a goin land GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land land land land land land land land	□ NO □ NO □ NO □ the following may a rprise that the vendo d to be registered for a concern under send or farm land supportial premises (section	yes yes in full yes upply) the sale is: or carries on (section GST (section 9-5) ection 38-325 olied for farming un ons 40-65, 40-75(2	yes to an extent on 9-5(b)) (d)) der Subdivision 38-O) and 195-1)
Purchaser must make an <i>RW payment</i> (residential withholding payment)	contract date, the	further de	fully completed at the de all these details in a
RW payment (residential with Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, entity is liable for GST, for example, if the vendor is p	sometimes further ir	nformation will be re	
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of <i>RW payment</i> : \$			
If more than one supplier, provide the above deta	ils for each supplier		
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the RW	rate (residential with	nholding rate):	\$
Amount must be paid:	er time (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in	n money? 🗌 NO	☐ yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-	-monetary considera	ation: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the	e ATO forms):		

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
Seneral	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract) 32 property certificate for strata common property 33 plan creating strata common property 34 strata by-laws 35 strata development contract or statement 36 strata management statement 37 strata renewal proposal 38 strata renewal plan 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property 41 plan creating neighbourhood property 42 neighbourhood development contract 43 neighbourhood management statement 44 property certificate for precinct property 46 precinct development contract 47 precinct management statement 48 property certificate for community property 49 plan creating community property 50 community development contract 51 community management statement 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989 57 document relevant to off-the-plan sale Other 58
31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Whelan Property Group Pty Ltd ACN

PO Box 75, STRAWBERRY HILLS NSW 2012 Phone: 9219 4111

jason@whelanproperty.com.au

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this 1. contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

NSW Public Works Advisory Council

Office of Environment and Heritage **County Council**

Department of Planning and Environment Owner of adjoining land

Department of Primary Industries Privacy

Roads and Maritime Services East Australian Pipeline Limited Subsidence Advisory NSW

Electricity and gas

Land & Housing Corporation Telecommunications

Local Land Services Transport for NSW

Water, sewerage or drainage authority **NSW Department of Education**

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential 2. Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining 3. consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations 4. of the parties.
- The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor 5. wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty (and sometimes surcharge 6. purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the 7. deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate. 8.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing 10. the purchase.
- Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the 11. purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase 12. price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that

covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract

date to completion;

deposit-bond a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor:

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax

Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract; party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;

planning agreement a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

remittance amount the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the

amount specified in a variation served by a party;

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning;

RW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the RW rate);

RW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as

at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

serve serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other

cheque;

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or

clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

work order

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.

- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* (`service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

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- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract:
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use: or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

- the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if
 - 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make an RW payment the purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of an *RW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *RW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the RW payment.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgement fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque
 - 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - remittance amount payable;
 - RW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

- 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration. litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor;
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in \$170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract;
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - · disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give a strata renewal plan to the owners in the scheme for their consideration and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money
 in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the
 document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within* 7 days after *service* of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an *electronic transaction*, a party serves a notice that it will not be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;
 - incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
 - 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgement Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the participation rules:
 - 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*;
 - 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -
 - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.5.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer;
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time: and
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 *Normally, within* 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer;
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with payment details at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 At least 1 business day before the date for completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the *Electronic Workspace* allows the *parties* to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the computer systems of the *Land Registry* being inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*
 - 30.13.1 normally, the parties must choose that financial settlement not occur; however

- 30.13.2 if both *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial settlement occurs
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge
 of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgement
 Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably
 delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement
 together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things
 - 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper

duplicate;

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to

be settled;

conveyancing rules the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to

be transferred to the purchaser;

the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date;

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules;

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

mortgagee details the details which a party to the electronic transaction must produce discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ENCL;

populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *remittance amount* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation:
 - 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and

- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the remittance amount.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.



SPECIAL CONDITIONS

VENDOR: Brian Stephen Bailey and Julie Helen Bailey-Stockmann

PURCHASER:

- 1. This Contract is deemed to be amended as follows:-
 - 1.1. the definition of "adjustment date" delete word "completion" and insert in its place the words "the due date for completion in accordance with this Contract".
 - 1.2. the definition of "bank" delete "a building society or a credit union".
 - 1.3. the definition of "settlement cheque" deleted and insert in its place:

"an unendorsed bank cheque made payable to the person to be paid or, if authorised in writing by the Vendor or the Vendor's solicitor, some other cheque"

- 1.4. by the deletion in clause 7.1.1 of the figure "5%" and substituting in place of this figure, the figure "\$500.00".
- 1.5. by the deletion in clause 7.2.1 of the figure "10%" and substituting in place of this figure, the figure "\$1,000.00".
- 1.6. by deleting Clause 13.2 and inserting in its place:

"If the Contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the Margin Scheme applies to the property, then the:

- 13.2.1 Purchase price is considered to be exclusive of GST and the Purchaser must pay to the Vendor on completion in addition to the purchase price the amount of the GST on both the purchase price and all adjustments (including any additional legal costs enforced against the Purchaser pursuant to the Special Conditions herein), which additional amounts shall be deemed to be part of the balance of the purchase price due and payable on completion; and
- 13.2.2 The Vendor shall provide the Purchaser with a Tax Invoice on completion thereby enabling the Purchaser to claim an input tax credit for the amount of GST paid.
- 1.7. by deletion of Clause 13.8.
- 1.8. by deleting clause 14.4.2 and insert in its place the words "by adjusting the actual amount of land tax payable by the Vendor for the land tax year".
- 1.9. by deleting the words "plus another 20% of that fee" in Clause 16.5.
- 1.10. by the deletion of clause 16.8.
- 1.11. by inserting a new Clause 18.8:

"As a condition of the Vendor granting possession of the property to the Purchaser prior to Completion, the Purchaser accepts the Property in its state and repair as at the date the Purchaser takes possession, subject to the right of the Vendor to enter the property and remove any item listed as an exclusion on the front page of this Contract upon reasonable notice and at any time prior to Completion".

- 1.12. by adding in at the end of clause 20.6.5 the words "which shall be when the transmission has been completed except that if:-
 - 1.12.1. the sender's machine indicated a malfunction in transmission or the recipient immediately notifies the sender of an incomplete transmission, service shall not be deemed to have been effected; or



- 1.12.2. the transmission is not completed before 5.00 p.m. (local time) on a business day, service shall be deemed to have been effected at 9.00 a.m. on the next business day".
- 1.13. by the deletion of clause 23.6 and inserting in its place:

"If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this Contract:

- 23.6.1 the Vendor is liable for it if it was levied before the Contract date (unless it relates to work not started by that date), even if it is payable by instalments;
- 23.6.2 the Vendor is also liable for it to the extent it relates to work started by the owners corporation before the Contract date; and
- 23.6.3 the Purchaser is liable for all other contributions levied after the Contract date."
- 1.14. by the deletion of the first sentence of clause 23.14.
- 2. Where before completion a party (or any one of them):-
 - 2.1. if a natural person dies or is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be incapable of administering his estate of affairs or is declared bankrupt or enters into any scheme or makes any assignment for the benefit of creditors then the Vendor may rescind this Contract by notice in writing to the other party whereupon this Contract shall be at an end and the provisions of Clause 19 shall apply; or
 - 2.2. if a company resolves to go into liquidation, has a summons or application presented or an order made for its winding up, has an official manager, receiver or administrator appointed over the whole or part of its assets or undertaking, or enters into a deed of arrangement, assignment or composition for the benefit of creditors thereupon that party shall be deemed to be in default hereunder.
- 3. The property together with all appurtenances and inclusions is sold in its present condition, state of repair and subject to all faults and defects, both latent and patent. The Purchaser acknowledges that he buys the property and appurtenances and inclusions aforesaid relying on his own inspection, knowledge and enquiries and that he does not rely wholly or partly on any statement or representation made to him by or on behalf of the Vendor. The Purchaser shall not call upon the Vendor to carry out any repairs whatsoever in relation to the property or appurtenances or inclusions as aforesaid.
- 4. The Purchaser warrants that the Purchaser has not been introduced to the property or the Vendor by any agent other than the agent (if any) specified herein and shall indemnify the Vendor in relation to any claim against the Vendor arising out of any breach of this warranty by the Purchaser.
- 5. In addition to any other rights which may exist in law or in equity any Notice to Complete validly given by one party hereto to the other shall be sufficient as to time of a period of fourteen (14) days from the receipt of the Notice is allowed for completion. The party giving such notice shall be at liberty at any time to withdraw the said notice without prejudice to a continuing right to give any further such notice.
- 6. If the Purchaser does not complete this purchase by the completion date, other than due to any default of the Vendor, the Vendor is entitled to recover from the Purchaser as liquidated damages payable on completion:-
 - 6.1. interest on the purchase price at the rate of nine per cent (9%), calculated at a daily rate from the adjustment date to the actual date of completion; and
 - 6.2. the sum of Three Hundred and Thirty Dollars (\$330.00) to cover legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the default.

It is agreed that the above amounts are a genuine pre-estimate of the damages suffered by the Vendor as a consequence of the Purchaser's default and the Purchaser shall not be entitled to require the Vendor to complete this Contract unless such amounts are paid to the Vendor on completion and it is an essential term of this Contract that such amounts be so paid.



- 7. If the Vendor agrees to accept a Deposit Guarantee Bond in lieu of a deposit the delivery to the Vendor or the Vendor's Solicitor of a Deposit Guarantee Bond shall be deemed for the purposes of this Agreement to be payment of the deposit at the time of such delivery on account of the deposit to the person or persons nominated in this Agreement to receive the deposit, and the following provisions shall apply:
 - 7.1. On completion of this Agreement, or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted for to the Vendor, the Purchaser shall pay the amount stipulated in the Bond to the Vendor by cash or settlement cheque; or
 - 7.2. If the Vendor serves on the Purchaser a notice in writing claiming to forfeit the deposit, then such service shall operate as a demand upon the Purchaser for payment forthwith of the deposit (or so much thereof as has not been paid) and upon failure of the Purchaser to pay the same within two (2) clear business days of service of such a notice the Vendor shall be entitled to demand payment in accordance with the provisions of the Bond, and the provisions of this Agreement in relation to the deposit (other than this Special Condition) shall then apply as though this Agreement had just been made and required payment of the deposit within two (2) clear business days of demand being made under this clause.
- 8. Notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 2 of this Contract the Purchaser hereby agrees with the Vendor that the deposit holder shall by virtue of this Special Condition be authorised to release so much of the deposit as shall be required by the Vendor for the purpose of the Vendor paying a deposit and stamp duty on any property the Vendor desires to purchase PROVIDED THAT:-
 - 8.1. the Purchaser or the Solicitor for the Purchaser is prior thereto notified in writing of the deposit holder of the deposit so payable by the Vendor and the address of the property in respect of which it is to be paid; and
 - 8.2. if for any reason such a deposit as is payable by the Vendor is refunded then such amount shall be repaid to the deposit holder herein named and again held pursuant to the terms of this Contract but subject to further release on the same terms and conditions contained in this Special Condition.

The Purchaser agrees with the Vendor that this Special Condition shall constitute a sufficient authority or instruction to the Purchaser or the Purchaser's Solicitor to provide to the Solicitors for the Vendor any necessary written authority to the deposit holder for the release or releases of any amount pursuant to this Special Condition. If the deposit or part thereof is released for the benefit of a new purchase by the Vendor pursuant to this clause, the Vendor will instruct the party to whom the deposit is released that it must remain in the trust account of that party pending completion of the Contract and cannot be further released.

- 9. The Transfer is to be served on the Vendor's Solicitor in accordance with clause 4.1 of the Contract.
 - 9.1. If the Transfer is not received within the time stipulated in clause 4.1, an allowance will be made on settlement in the sum of \$110.00 in favour of the Vendor for additional handling costs;
 - 9.2. If the Transfer is received within the time stipulated in clause 4.1, but the Purchaser's Solicitor requests the return of the Transfer prior to completion an allowance will be made on settlement in the sum of \$110.00 in favour of the Vendor for additional handling costs.
- 10. If the Vendor and Purchaser agree to appoint a time, date and place for Completion and for any reason whatsoever the Purchaser cancels or seeks to reschedule such booking, whether it is for another time, place, and/or date then the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor the sum of \$275.00 for the Vendor's additional legal costs incurred as a consequence of the Purchaser's cancellation or rescheduling together with all fees including agency fees and re-certification fees incurred by the Vendor or the Vendor's Mortgagee in relation to cancelling and/or re-arranging settlement. This fee will be payable on each occasion that settlement is cancelled and/or re-arranged. Payment of the Vendor's legal costs and fees referred to in this clause are an essential term of this Contract.
- 11. If the Purchaser makes a request of the Vendor for access to or occupation of the property prior to completion, the Purchaser shall be required to pay to the Vendor on completion the sum of \$220.00 for the additional legal costs incurred by the Vendor in relation to such request. The payment of such costs



is required regardless as to whether or not agreement is reached between the parties in relation to the Purchaser obtaining occupation or access to the property. This fee will be payable each time a request is made by the Purchaser.

- 12. The Purchaser agrees that the only form of general requisitions on title the Purchaser may make under Clause 5 of this Contract for Sale are the Requisitions on Title annexed hereto.
- 13. Notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 2, the deposit shall be paid as follows:
 - (a) The sum of \$..... shall be paid to the depositholder on the date of this Contract; and
 - (b) The balance of \$..... shall be payable to the Vendor upon completion of this Contract.

In the event of the contract being terminated in circumstances where the deposit is forfeited to the Vendor, the Vendor shall be entitled to recover from the purchaser any outstanding deposit payable pursuant to sub-clause (b)

14. If the Purchaser is a company the form of Guarantee as attached to this Contract shall be executed by at least two (2) Directors of the company at the same time as this Contract is executed by the company.

DEED OF GUARANTEE

THIS DEED dated

INTRODUCTION

The word Guarantor means:

- A. This Deed relates to a Contract for the sale of land between Brian Stephen Bailey & Julie Helen Bailey-Stockmann as Vendor and as Purchaser for the property at 1/16 Percival Road, Caringbah South ("the Contract").
- **B.** This Deed is an attachment to the Contract where the Purchaser named therein is a corporation that is <u>not listed</u> on an Australian Stock Exchange.
- **C.** It is a requirement of the Vendor in the Contract that this Deed be entered into.

and				

(being two of the directors of the corporate purchaser or, if the corporate purchaser is a sole Director/Secretary corporation, the sole Director/Secretary).

IT IS AGREED

D.

1. In consideration of the Vendor entering into the Contract at the Guarantor's request, the Guarantor guarantees to the Vendor:

payment of all money payable by the purchaser under the Contract; and

the performance of all of the purchaser's other obligations under this contract.

2. The Guarantor:

indemnifies the Vendor against any claim, action, loss, damage, cost, liability, expense or payment incurred by the Vendor in connection with or arising from any breach or default by the Purchaser of its obligations under this Contract; and

must pay on demand any money due to the Vendor under this indemnity.

3. The Guarantor is jointly and separately liable with the Purchaser to the Vendor for:

the performance by the Purchaser of its obligations under this Contract; and

any damage incurred by the Vendor as a result of the Purchaser's failure to perform its obligations under this Contract or the termination of this Contract by the Vendor.

- 4. The Guarantor must pay to the Vendor on written demand by the Vendor all expenses incurred by the Vendor in respect of the Vendor's exercise or attempted exercise of any right under this clause.
- 5. If the Vendor assigns or transfers the benefit of this Contract, the transferee receives the benefit of the Guarantor's obligations under this clause.
- **6.** The Guarantor's obligations under this clause are not released, discharged or otherwise affected by:

the granting of any time, waiver, covenant not to sue or other indulgence;

the release or discharge of any person;

an arrangement, composition or compromise entered into by the Vendor, the Purchaser, the Guarantor or any other person;

any moratorium or other suspension of the right, power, authority, discretion or remedy conferred on the Vendor by this Contract, a statute, a Court or otherwise;

payment to the Vendor, including payment which at or after the payment date is illegal, void, voidable, avoided or unenforceable; or

the winding up of the Purchaser.

- **7.** This Deed binds the Guarantor and the executors, administrators and assigns of the Guarantor.
- **8.** This Deed operates as a Deed between the Vendor and the Guarantor.

EXECUTED as a Deed.

SIGNED SEALED & DELIVERED by)		
In the presence of:)		
Signature of Witness		Signature	
Name of Witness			
SIGNED SEALED & DELIVERED by)		
In the presence of:)		
Signature of Witness		Signature	•
Name of Witness			

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Brian Stephen Bailey & Julie Helen Bailey-Stockmann

Purchaser:

Property: 1/16 Percival Road, Caringbah South

Dated:

Possession and tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?
- 3. (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948.*)
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

- 6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property and recorded as the owner of the property on the strata roll, free of all other interests.
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or writ must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled (as the case may be) or, in the case of a mortgage or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 118 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 (the Act)*.
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- 9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 10. Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- 11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

Survey and building

- 13. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the property or the common property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- 14. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
- 15. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - (a) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act, the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989.

- 16. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property or the common property?
- 17. If a swimming pool is on the common property:
 - (a) when did construction of the swimming pool commence?
 - (b) is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992?
 - (c) if the swimming pool has been approved under the Local Government Act 1993, please provide details.
 - (d) are there any outstanding notices or orders?
- 18. (a) If there are any party walls, please specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - (b) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
 - (c) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922*?

Affectations, notices and claims

- 19. In respect of the property and the common property:
 - (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
 - (c) Is the vendor aware of:
 - (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
 - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
 - (iii) any latent defects in them?
 - (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
 - (i) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (ii) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (iii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (iv) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (v) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?
 - (vi) any contamination of them?

Owners corporation management

- 20. Has the initial period expired?
- 21. If the property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- 22. If there are any applications or orders under Chapter 5 of the Act, please provide details.
- 23. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract) exceed 1% of the price?

Capacity

24. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 25. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 26. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 27. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 28. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 29. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.



Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 1/SP90066

LAND

LOT 1 IN STRATA PLAN 90066
AT CARINGBAH SOUTH
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE

FIRST SCHEDULE

BRIAN STEPHEN BAILEY
JULIE HELEN BAILEY-STOCKMANN
AS TENANTS IN COMMON IN EOUAL SHARES

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP90066
- 2 AI212896 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

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Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP90066

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 90066 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT CARINGBAH SOUTH
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE
PARISH OF SUTHERLAND COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SP90066

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 90066 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: 16 PERCIVAL ROAD CARINGBAH SOUTH 2229

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE STRATA SCHEME BY-LAWS FILED WITH THE STRATA PLAN
- 3 DP1108501 EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER VARIABLE WIDTH APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 100)

STRATA PLAN 90066

LOT ENT	LOT ENT	LOT ENT	LOT ENT
1 - 20	2 - 20	3 - 15	4 - 15
5 - 16	6 - 14		

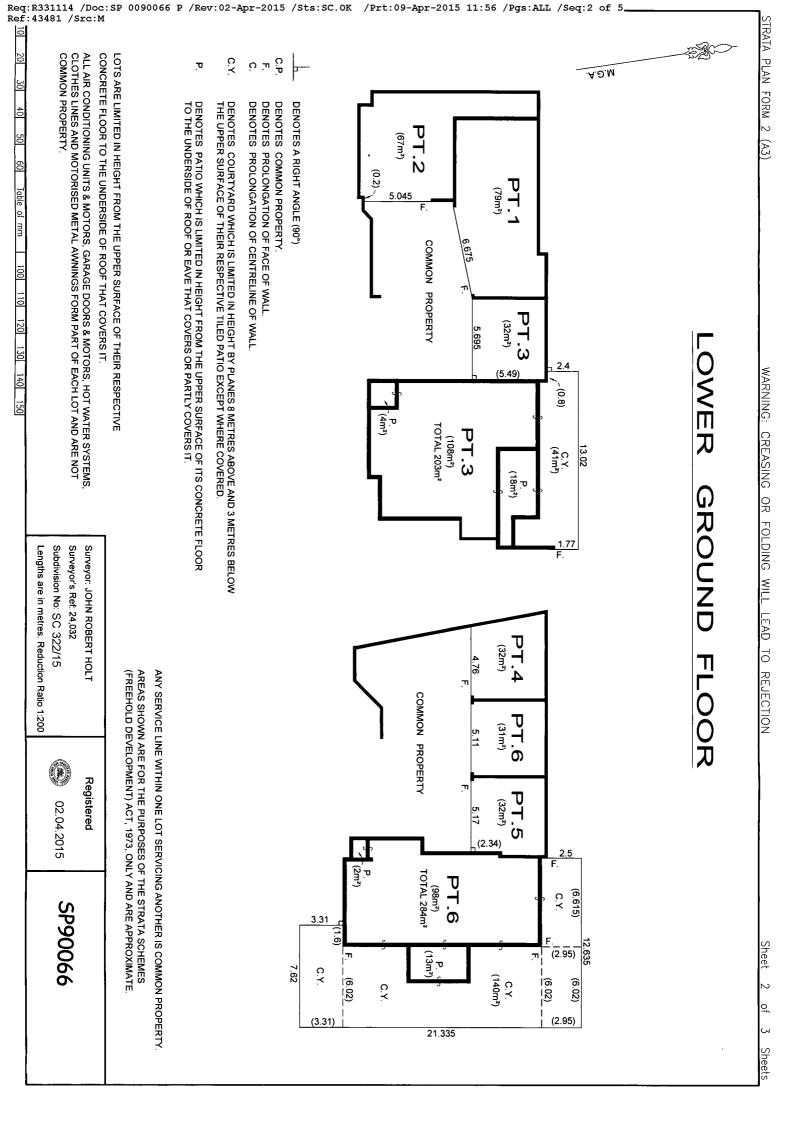
NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

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Sheets

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Req:R331114 /Doc:SP 0090066 P /Rev:02-Apr-2015 /Sts:SC.OK /Prt:09-Apr-2015 11:56 /Pgs:ALL

Rseq44481 fSrc:M STRATA PLAN FORM 3 (PART 1) (2012) WARNING: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET Sheet 1 of 2 sheet(s) Jse Only Office Use Only Registered: 02.04.2015 SP90066 S Purpose: STRATA PLAN PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 1 IN LGA: SUTHERLAND SHIRE D.P. 1204083 Locality: CARINGBAH SOUTH Parish: SUTHERLAND County: CUMBERLAND Name of, and address for service of notices on, the Owners Strata Certificate (Approved Form 5) Corporation. (Address required on original strata plan only) (1) The Owners – Strata Plan No 90066 P.G. FRIEDMANN *The Accredited Certifier . 16 PERCIVAL ROAD, CARINGBAH SOUTH Accreditation No. 8PB 0129 has made the required inspections and is satisfied that the requirements of: *(a) Section 37 or 37A Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and clause 30 Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Regulation 2012, The adopted by-laws for the scheme are: *(b) Section 66 or 66A Strate Schemes (Leasehold Dovelopment) Act 1986 and RESIDENTIAL Model By laws. clause 31 of the Strata-Schemes(Leasehold Development) Regulation 2012, *together with, Keeping of animals: Option *A/*B/*C have been complied with and approves of the proposed strata plan illustrated in *By-laws in 11 sheets filed with plan. the plan with this certificate. The Accredited Certifier is satisfied that the plan is consistent with a relevant * strike out whichever is inapplicable development consent in force, and that all conditions of the development consent ^ Insert the type to be adopted (Schedules 2 - 7 SSM Regulation 2010) that by its terms are required to be complied with before a strata certificate may be issued, have been complied with. *(3) - The strata plan is part of a development scheme. The council or accredited certifier is satisfied that the plan is consistent with any applicable conditions of the Surveyor's Certificate (Approved Form 3) relevant development consent and that the plan gives effect to the stage of the strata development contract to which it relates. I,JOHN ROBERT HOLT, OAM, OF JOHN R. HOLT SURVEYORS PTY. LTD., The building encroaches on a public place and; of P.O. BOX 67, CRONULLA. N.S.W. 2230 *(a) The Council does not object to the encroachment of the building beyond the a surveyor registered under the Surveying and Spatial Information Act, 2002, hereby alignment of *(b) The Accredited Certifier is satisfied that the building complies with the (1) Each applicable requirement of relevant development consent which is in force and allows the * Schedule 1A of the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 has encroachment This approval is given on the condition that lot(s) ^...... are created as utility lots in accordance with section 39 of the Strata Schemes Schodule 1A of the Stretz Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act-1986 bes (Freebold Development) Act 1973 or section 68 of the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986. Date..... *(2) *(a) The building encroaches on a public place 322/15 Subdivision No. *(b) The building encroaches on land (other than a public place), and an appropriate easement has been created by ^...... to issued by SUTHERLAND permit the encreachment to remain. *(3) The survey information recorded in the accompanying-jocation plan is accurate. Accredited Certifier * Strike through if inapplicable Signature: . Date: 12/MARCH 2015 ^ Insert lot numbers of proposed utility lots. Strike through if inapplicable. A Insert the Deposited Plan Number or Dealing Number of the instrument that created the

Use STRATA PLAN FORM 3A for certificates, signatures and

seals

SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE: 24,032

STRATA PLAN FORM 3 (PART 2) (2012) WARNING: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection

Office Use Only

STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET

Sheet 2 of 2 sheet(s)

Registered:



Subdivision Certificate number:

Date of endorsement:....

02.04.2015

SP90066

'Ise Only

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 1 IN

D.P. 1204083

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- · A Schedule of Unit Entitlements.
- Statements of intention to create and release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919.
- Signatures and seals see 195D Conveyancing Act 1919.
- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of sheet 1 of the administration sheets.

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

LOT NUMBER	UNIT ENTITLEMENT
1	20
2	20
3	15
4	15
5	16
6	14
AGGREGATE	100

BRIAN STEPHEN BAILEY

JULIE HELEN BAILEY-STOCKMANN

Mortgagee under Mortgage No. A I 212 896
Signed at Rose boy this 1944 day of

March 20/5 for National

Australia Bank Limited ABN 12 004 044 937

by ANDREW PYE

its duly appointed Attorney under Power of

Attorney No. 39 Book 45/12

NAIME OF

23 Attorney

NAMC 1

Witness/Bank Officer

ADPIES

JESSICA CHISWICK

If space is insufficient use additional annexure specific Sydney BBC

Surveyor's Reference: 24,032

Suite 1, Level 6, 5-13 Rosebery Ave Rosebery NSW 2018 Req:R331115 /Doc:SP 0090066 D /Rev:02-Apr-2015 /Sts:SC.OK /Prt:09-Apr-2015 11:56 /Pgs:ALL /Seq:1 of 11
Ref:43481 /Src:M

Approved Form 27



INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT THE TERMS OF BY-LAWS TO BE CREATED UPON REGISTRATION OF THE STRATA PLAN

16 PERCIVAL ROAD, CARINGBAH SOUTH NSW

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By-Law 1. Definitions and Interpretations for By-laws SP90066

In these By-Laws, unless the context otherwise requires or permits:

Act is the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 (NSW) as amended from time to time.

Air Conditioning means the air conditioning unit, motor, compressor, pipes, wiring, cabling support bracket and ducting that services an individual lot.

Balcony door means the balcony door/s installed to each individual lot.

Building means the improvements comprising Owners Corporation property, common property, the lots in the strata plan and the Lot Property.

Door Closer means the door closer installed to each individual unit front entry door.

Exhaust Fans means an exhaust or extraction fan, wiring, cabling or ducting that services an individual lot.

Intercom System means the intercom handset installed to each individual unit

Local Council meansSutherland Shire Council

Lot or lot means any lot in the strata plan.

Lot Property means air-conditioning, ventilation Systems, hot water systems, hot water tempering valve, exhaust fans, intercom handsets, windows (including frame/locks), balcony doors (including frames/locks), door closers, floor coverings (including timber floors, tiles or carpet), wall coverings (including paint, stone or tiles) which is contained within the lot or which exclusively services the lot.

Owner means the Owner of a Lot.

Owners Corporation means Owners Corporation created by the registration of the strata plan.

Small dog means a dog which at it full grown size does not exceed 15 kilograms

Ventilation System means any ventilation, air extraction or similar system including any pipes, wiring, cabling and ducting that services an individual lot.

In these by-laws, unless the context otherwise requires:

- a) a word which denotes the singular includes plural and vice versa;
- b) a word which denotes any gender includes the other genders;
- c) any terms defined in the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 will have the same meaning as given to them in that Act.
- d) references to legislation includes references to amending and replacing legislation.

Page 2 of 11

By-Law 2. Noise

SP90066

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

By-Law 3. Vehicles

- An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property or permit any invitee of the Owner or Occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation.
- 2. The Owners Corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.
- 3. The vehicle of any owner or occupier of a lot must only be parked in the car space or spaces forming part of that lot.
- 4. Parking designated as visitors parking is for the use of genuine visitors only. The Owners Corporation reserves the right to change access rights of owners or occupiers caught breaching this by-law after first having been served a notice in accordance with this by-law.

By-Law 4. Obstruction of Common Property

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

By-Law 5. Damage to Lawn and Plants on Common Property

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the OwnersCorporation:

- a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

By-Law 6. Damage to Common Property

- An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation.
- 2. An approval given by the Owners Corporation under clause (6.1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- 3. Subject to the conditions contained in By-law 26(concerning locks), this by-law does not prevent an Owner or person authorised by an Owner from installing:
 - a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the Owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the Owner's lot, or
 - b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or

- d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces or walls in the Owner's lot.
- 4. Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- 5. Despite section 62 of the Act, the Owner of a lot must:
 - a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in by-law 6 (clause 6.3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device, structure or sign referred to in clause (6.3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

By-Law 7. Behaviour of Owners and Occupiers

An Owner or Occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the Owner or Occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

By-Law 8. Children Playing on Common Property

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the Owner or Occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

By-Law 9. Behaviour of Invitees

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the Owner or Occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

By-Law 10. Depositing Rubbish and Other Material on Common Property

An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation.

By-Law 11. Hanging of Washing

1. An owner or occupier of a lot must not hang washing on any part of the lot viewable from outside of the lot(including the balcony area of the lot).

2. In this clause "Washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding, or other article of a similar type.

By-Law 12. Cleaning Windows and Doors

 An Owner or Occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and reasonablyaccessible exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

By-Law 13. Storage of Inflammable Liquids and Other Substances and Materials

- An Owner or Occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.
- 3. Storage of combustible materials and flammable materials, including fuels, in the car park, including individual garages, is strictly prohibited.

By-Law 14. Floor Coverings

- An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or
 otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor
 space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of
 another lot.
- 2. This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

By-Law 15. Garbage Disposal

- 1. An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - a. must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
 - b. must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the

- owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
- d. when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- e. must not place anything in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- f. must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- 2. The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.
- This by-law does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

By-Law 16. Keeping of Animals

- Subject to Section 49(4) of the Act an Owner or Occupier of a lot must not, without
 the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation, keep any animal (except a cat,
 a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the
 lot or the common property.
- 2. If an Owner or Occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the Owner or Occupier of a lot must:
 - a. notify the Owners Corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and
 - b. keep the animal within the lot, and
 - c. carry the animal when it is on common property, and
 - d. take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.
 - e. ensure the animal does not cause disturbance to other residents.

By-Law 17. Appearance of Lot

- The Owner or Occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- 2. This By-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 11.
- The Owner or Occupier of a lot must ensure that all window and door dressings shall be of light neutral tones and where with a pattern, such that the pattern is also of light neutral tones and not obtrusive.
- 4. The Owners Corporation is responsible for repainting the external townhouse facades, relating to all lots. This does not extend to repairing cracks in render and concrete, this remains the responsibility of the lot owner, as per the strata plan.

By-Law 18. Change in Use of Lot to be Notified

An Occupier of a lot must notify the Owners Corporation if the Occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot).

By-Law 19. Preservation of Fire Safety

The Owner or Occupier of a lot must not do anything or permit any invitees of the Owner or Occupier to do anything on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

By-Law 20. Prevention of Hazards

The Owner or Occupier of a lot must not do anything or permit any invitees of the Owner or Occupier to do anything on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the Owner or Occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

By-Law 21. Provision of Amenities or Services

- The Owners Corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the Owners or Occupiers of one or more of the lots:
 - a. security services,
 - b. promotional services,
 - c. advertising,
 - d. commercial cleaning,
 - e. domestic services,
 - f. garbage disposal and recycling services,
 - g. electricity, water or gas supply,
 - h. telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- If the Owners Corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an
 amenity or service to a lot or to the Owner or Occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the
 resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the
 amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an Owners Corporation may enter into an agreement with an Owner or Occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the Owner or Occupier.

By-Law 22. Control on Hours of Operation and Use of Facilities

1. The Owners Corporation may, by special resolution, make any of the following determinations if it considers the determination is appropriate for the control,

management, administration, use or enjoyment of the lots or the lots and common property of the strata scheme:

- a. that facilities situated on the common property may be used only during certain times or on certain conditions.
- b. That the determination of the hours of operation must not be in contravention to local council approvals or to the determent to the use of the lot.
- c. The hours of use must not exceed local council approvals or as determined by council.
- An Owner or Occupier of a lot must comply with a determination referred to in By-Law 22 (Clause 1).

By-Law 23. Compliance with Planning and Other Requirements

- The Owner or Occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- 2. Notwithstanding By-law 23, the Owners Corporation cannot place further restrictions on the use of lots otherwise than as contemplated in any town planning instruments, Local Council order or restriction or any other legislative requirement.
- The Owner or Occupier of a lot used for residential purpose must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons that are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

By-Law 24. Insurance Premiums

An Owner or Occupier must not, without the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation, do or permit anything which may invalidate, suspend or increase the premium for any insurance policy effected by the Owners Corporation.

By-Law 25. Services and Equipment

- 1. This is a by-law made under section 52 of the Act. This by-law may only be amended by special resolution and with the written consent of the Owner of each lot.
- 2. On the conditions set out in this by-law, the Owner of each lot shall have exclusive use and special privilege over theLot Property.
- 3. Each Owner must, at the cost of the Owner:
 - a. maintain, repair and, where necessary, replace theLot Property.
 - b. use contractors that hold the necessary insurances (i.e. Public Liability) and hold a current license (if required) as approved by the Owners Corporationto maintain, repair and replace the Lot Property.
 - c. comply with the requirements of Government Agencies applicable to the Lot Property.
 - d. repair damage caused to common property caused by exercising rights under this by-law; and
 - e. indemnify the Owners Corporationand the Owners and Occupiers of other lots against all claims and liability caused by exercising rights under this bylaw.

- 4. Air conditioning motors (other motors) servicing each lot form part of the lot that they service. Owners and occupiers of each unit, upon receipt of sufficient notice, shall allow reasonable access for service, maintenance and or replacement of any air conditioning motor (other motors).
- Owners are responsible for maintenance contractors or tradespersons when on site with respect to damage caused by them and the Owner or his Occupier must supervise such contractors and tradespersons with respect to works related to his lot.

By-Law 26. Locks

- 1. Owners and Occupiers must maintain, renew, replace and repair locks, hinges and any other security devices installed in the unit entry doors, sliding balcony doors, garage door (if installed) and so much of the common property as is necessary adjacent to the boundary of their respective lots.
- 2. All locks, hinges and security devices maintained, renewed, replaced or repaired under this by-law must, where applicable:
 - a. comply with all fire safety laws and any other requirements relating to fire safety as determined by the Owners Corporation or other Authority; and
 - b. be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance after installation in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- 4. Owners and Occupiers will be liable for any damage caused to any part of the common property as a result of the activities carried out and contemplated in this by-law and will make good that damage immediately after it has occurred.
- 5. Owners are responsible for maintenance contractors or tradespersons when on site with respect to damage caused by them and the Owner or his Occupier must supervise such contractors and tradespersons with respect to works related to his lot.

By-Law 27. Building Works and Alterations

Approvals

- Subject to the provisions of this by-law, an Owner must obtain the approval of the Owners Corporation to carry out building works or alterations that will affect Common Property.
- 2. Without limiting by law 27 sub-clause (1), the approval of the Owners Corporationis required:
 - a. to remove or alter any structural wall; and
 - b. to affix any lattice or grill to any part of the terrace or balcony area of the Owner's or Occupier's Lot that is not in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the Building.
- 3. In addition to the approval of the Owners Corporation under by-law 27 (1), an Owner must obtain the approval of the Council or any other Government Agency if required.
- 4. Approval of the Owners Corporation is not required to carry out minor work to the interior of the Common Property enclosing a Lot.

5. Approval of the Owners Corporation to the carrying out of building works or alterations will constitute approval to the lodgement of a development application to the Council or any other Government Agency (if required).

Notice to Owners Corporation

- 6. An Owner must give to the Owners Corporation at least 30 days notice before carrying out any building work or alterations. This applies whether or not approval of the Owners Corporation is required.
- 7. The notice referred to in sub-clause 6 above must describe the proposed alterations or works in sufficient detail for the Owners Corporation to ascertain:
 - a. the estimated time period for the carrying out of the proposed alterations or building works;
 - b. the nature and extent of the proposed alterations or building works; and
 - c. whether any Common Property will be affected.
- 8. An Owner must ascertain from the Owners Corporation where service lines, pipes and conduits are located within the Building.
- 9. A condition of approval to the carrying out of building works alterations by the Owners Corporation may require:
 - a. a certificate from a structural engineer that the proposed work will not have any adverse effect on Common Property or any Lot; and
 - b. evidence that appropriate insurances are in place in respect of the carrying out of the building works or alterations.

Carrying out of building works or alterations

- 10. During the carrying out of any building works or alterations an Owner or Occupier must:
 - ensure that persons carrying out involved in doing the building work or alterations comply with the owner's corporation reasonable requirements about the times and means by which access must be exercised through the basement area of the building;
 - b. ensure no damage occurs to services or pipes within the Building;
 - ensure that the building works or alterations are carried out by a suitably
 qualified or licensed person to the satisfaction of the Owners Corporation and if
 appropriate the Council or other Government Agency;
 - d. take all reasonable precautions to ensure that no damage is caused to the Common Property;
 - e. repair any damage caused to the Common Property as a result of the building works or alterations; and
 - f. carry out the building works or alterations promptly.
 - g. Complete a Condition Report condition report in respect of lifts and corridors in collaboration with the Owners Corporation prior to commencement of the building work or alterations.
- 11. An Owner indemnifies the Owners Corporation against claims, demands and liability of any kind that may arise in respect of damage to any property or death or injury to any person arising out of the carrying out of building work or alterations to a Lot or Common Property.

SP90066

By-Law 28. Rules

- In addition to its powers under the Strata Management Act and under other by-laws, the Owners Corporation has the power under this by-law 28 to make rules about the control, management, operation, use and enjoyment of the Strata Parcel generally and Common Property or a part of it, in particular (Rules).
- 2. The Owners Corporation may vary Rules at any time.
- 3. If a Rule is inconsistent with the Strata Management Act, any by-law or a requirement of a Government Agency, the Strata Management Act, the by-law or the requirement of the Government Agency, as the case may be, prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.
- 4. Rules bind an Owner and Occupier and any person on the Strata Parcel with the express or implied consent of an Owner or Occupier or the Owners Corporation.

By-Law 29. Service of Documents on Owner of lot by Owners Corporation

1. A document can be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the Owners Corporation an email address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

BRIAN STEPHEN BAILEY

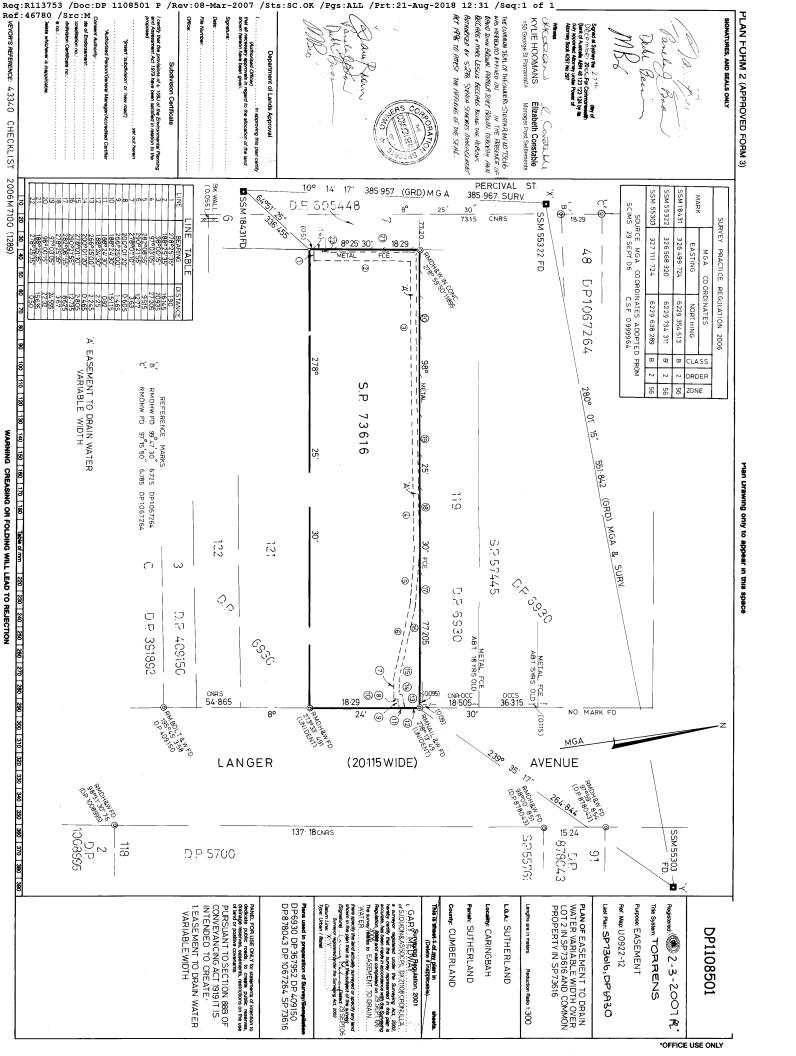
JULIE HELEN BAILEY-STOCKMANN

MORTGAGEE under Mortgage No. AI 212896 Signed at Rosebery this 26th day of March 2015 for National Australia Bank Limited ABN 12004 044937 by ANDREW PYE its duly appointed Attorney under Power jof Attorney, No. 39 Book 4512

Jessica Chiswick

South Sydney BBC

Suite 1, Level 6, 5-13 Rosebery Ave Rosebery NSW 2018



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DP1108501

Ail

instrument setting out terms of Easements or Profits à Prendre intended to be created or released and of Restrictions on the Use of Land or Positive Covenants intended to be created pursuant to Section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919.

Plan: DAVID JOB PAMUA JOB DEBORAL MARK LK Full name and ad of the owner of the 13 a 13A L CARING B	oyck of Awn SUK & Solidress ne land:	BROWN BRECARÍS BROCARÍS	Lot 2 in S THE S HER PAME BEING	asement to Dra SP 73616 and c COMMON SEAL CONTO AFFIXED I ELA JOYCE BROJA THE PERSONIS)	common proper OF CWNERS-STA N THE PRESENCE I, DEBORAH ANN	ble width, within ty in SP 73616 PATA PLAN 73616 OF DAVID JOHN 1 BECLARIS, MACK L 288 STRATA XHE	was Brown , LESUE BELLARIS
Number of item shown in the intention panel on the plan	restriction	easement, profit à or positive covena nd referred to in the	nt to be	Burdened lot(s) or parcel(s):	Benefited lot(s bodies or Pres Authorities:		
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		Minage					

Elizabeth Constable

Manager Post Settlements

Offensor

KYLIE HOOMANS

150 George St Parramatta



Applicant:

Gibson Howlin Lawyers DX 21106 CRONULLA

Planning Certificate – Section 10.7 (2) Certificate Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Certificate no: ePC:18/2129 Delivery option:

Certificate date: 21/08/2018 Your reference: RG:46780

Property:

Lot 1 S/P 90066 1/16 Percival Road CARINGBAH SOUTH NSW 2229

Zone:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

Notes:

- (a) The information in this certificate only relates to the real property Identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.
- (b) The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 will be referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.

Disclaimer:

(a) This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7(2), ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENTACT, 1979

1. Names of relevant instruments and DCPs

 The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015

- * Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No.09 (Extractive Industry (No.2) 1995) (deemed SEPP).
- * SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: Basix) 2004
- * SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- * SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009
- * SEPP No. 19 Bushland in Urban Areas
- * SEPP No. 21 Caravan Parks
- * SEPP No. 30 Intensive Agriculture
- * SEPP No. 33 Hazardous and Offensive Development
- * SEPP No. 50 Canal Estates
- * SEPP No. 55 Remediation of Land
- SEPP No. 62 Sustainable Aquaculture
- * SEPP No. 64 Advertising and Signage
- SEPP No. 65 Design Quality of Residential Flat Development.
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)
- SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004:
 (Does not apply to land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Kurnell Peninsula) 1989 applies)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Integration and Repeals)
 2016
- * SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries)
 2007
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007
- * SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007
- State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011
- * SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Director-General has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved):

Draft SSLEP2015 Amendment (Minimum lot size) applies to the land. The amendment proposes to apply a minimum lot size of 600sqm for the construction of a dual occupancy and 1200sqm for the construction of multi dwelling housing.

The following Draft State Environmental Planning Policies apply: Amendments to SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007, SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007, SEPP (State and Regional Development) 2011, SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, and new draft policies - SEPP Environment, SEPP Remediation of Land and SEPP Primary Production and Rural Development.

3. The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Sutherland Shire Development Control Plan 2015

Note: In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) in any zone (however described).

(a) The name and number of the zone:

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone R2 Low Density Residential

(b) Permitted without consent:

Home occupations

(c) Permitted with consent:

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works, Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home businesses; Home industries; Multi dwelling housing; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing

(d) Prohibited:

Any development not specified in item (b) or (c)

(e) Minimum land dimensions fixed for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land:

Under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 there are no relevant development standards for the erection of a dwelling house due to site dimensions.

(f) Does the land include or comprise critical habitat?

No

(g) Is the land in a conservation area?

No

(h) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land?

There is no item of environmental heritage situated on the property.

2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone (however described) under:

- (a) Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP), or
- (c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,

the particulars referred to in clause 2 (a)-(h) in relation to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

Note: Sutherland Shire Council does not currently have any land in the Growth Centres that has been zoned by a Precinct Plan in the Appendices to this SEPP, proposed to be zoned in a draft Precinct Plan (that has been publicly exhibited or formally consulted on) or has been zoned under Part 3 of the Growth Centres SEPP.

3. Complying Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
- (2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Housing Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Internal Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4 or SP3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Container Recycling Facilities Code.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivisions Code.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Rural Housing Code.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code.

(Note: All land in the Sutherland Shire is deferred from this code until the 1st of July 2019.)

Green Field Housing Code

Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

(Note: This code applies to land within the Greenfield Housing Code Area as mapped in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.)

General Development Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code.

Demolition Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code.

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council—whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

There are no properties subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services.

Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

5. Mine Subsidence

Is the land proclaimed to be mine subsidence district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act, 1961*?

No

6. Road Widening and Road Realignment

(a)	Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the <i>Roads Act 1993</i> ?
		No
(b)	Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any environmental planning instrument? No
(c)	Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council?

No

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(a) Is the land affected by a policy adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate or any other risk?

The land has been classified as Class 5 on the Acid Sulfate Soils Maps in the Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015. Accordingly the land is subject to the provisions of clause 6.1 which detail the restrictions to works within this Class.

(b) Is the land affected by a policy adopted by any other public authority that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate or any other risk?

No

7A. Flood related development controls information

(1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the Instrument set out in the Schedule to the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 27 of the Act?

Nο

9. Contribution Plans

Council has adopted the following Contribution Plans that apply to the land:

* The 2016 Section 94A Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).

9A. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect.

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

10. Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

No

11. Bush fire prone land

Is the land bush fire prone?

No

12. Property Vegetation Plans

Has Council been notified that a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies to the land?

No

13. Orders Under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if Council has been notified of the order).

No.

14. Directions under Part 3A

Is there a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act that does not have effect?

No

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing) under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004, of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If there is a certificate, the period for which the certificate is current. Are there any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18 (2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land?

No

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure

Is there a valid site compatibility certificate (of which the council is aware), issued under clause 19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 in respect of proposed development on the land?

No

17. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land? If so this statement sets out the period for which the certificate is current and any conditions pursuant to cl17(1) of SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

18. Paper subdivision information

Is the land subject to any development plan adopted by a relevant authority or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot? If so, this statement sets out the date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Note: Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

No

19. Site verification certificates

Is there a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land?

If so, this statement includes:

- (a) the matter certified by the certificate, and
- (b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and
- (c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure.

Note. A site verification certificate sets out the Director-General's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land—see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.

Nο

20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Is the land to which the certificate relates identified on the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register maintained by the Secretary of NSW Fair Trading?

No

21. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

Are there any affected building notices of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

Nο

If so, this statement includes:

- (a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- (b) whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

Note: affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?
- (b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?

No

(c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?

No

(d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?

No

(e) Is the land subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act?

No

Any Other Prescribed Matter

Note: Section 26 of the Nation Building and Jobs Plan (State Infrastructure Delivery) Act 2009 provides that a planning certificate must include advice about any exemption under section 23 or authorisation under section 24 of that Act if the Council is provided with a copy of the exemption or authorisation by the Co-ordinator General under the Act.

No

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Additional Information

Council's records indicate that there is no other relevant information

in accordance with Section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 related to this property. Advice regarding demolition orders should be sought by application for a Division 6.7 Building information certificates.

For further information please telephone [02] 9710 0333.

Yours faithfully

Mark Carlon

Manager Environmental Planning

SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM GOODIER

Municipality of Sutherland (Caringbah) symbols

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS
R.V. Reflux Valve I.P. Induction M.F. Mica
Vert. Vertical Pipe T. Tubs

No.6449/3

図 Boundary Trap
Pit
日G.I. Grease Interceptor
図 Gully
図 P.T. P. Trap
図 R.S. Reflux Sink

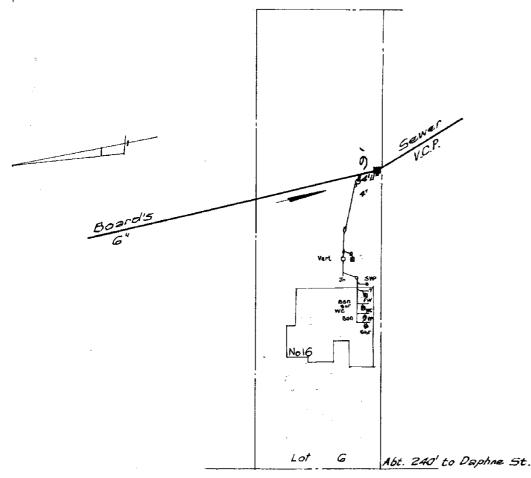
O Vert. Vertical Pipe
O V.P. Vent. Pipe
O S.V.P. Soil Vent. Pipe
D.C.C. Down Cast Cowl

I.P. Induct Pipe M.F. Mica Flap T. Tubs K.S. Kitchen Sink W.C. Water Closet B.W. Bath Waste Bsn. Basin Shr. Shower W.I.P. Wrought Iron Pipe C.I.P. Cast Iron Pipe F, W. Floor Waste W.M. Washing Machine

Scale: 40 Feet To An Inch

SEWER AVAILABLE

Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer



PERCIVAL

RD.

	RATE No. 8062	W.C.s	U.C.s	For Engineer House Service	 5	
	DRAINAGE			PLUMBING		
W.C.	Supervised by	Date	BRANCH OFFICE	Supervised by	Date	
Bth.			Date/			
Shr.	Inspector Examined by		Outfall CR HL	Inspector		
K.S.			Drainer	951 562		
T. Plg.	Chief		Plumber			
Dge. Int.	Chief Inspector		Boundary Trap			

Disclaimer

The information in this diagram shows the private wastewater pipes on this property. It may not be accurate or to scale and may not show our pipes, structures or all property boundaries. If you'd like to see these, please buy a **Service location print**.

