

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	Upstate Real Estate Unit 15 Level 1, 888 Pittwater Road, Dee Why NSW 2099	phone: 02 9073 7899 email: phil.f@upstate.com.au ref: Phil Feseha
co-agent		
vendor	Yuheng Mo	
vendor's solicitor	MGL Lawyers Suite 501, 12 O'Connell Street SYDNEY NSW 2000	phone: 02 9299 9931 email: michael@mglawyers.com.au ref: MK:ND202172
date for completion	42nd day after the date of this contract	(clause 15)
land (address, plan details and title reference)	Unit 5, 104 OAKS AVE DEE WHY NSW 2099 Lot 5 STRATA PLAN 3870 Folio Identifier 5/SP3870	
improvements	<input type="checkbox"/> VACANT POSSESSION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> subject to existing tenancies <input type="checkbox"/> HOUSE <input type="checkbox"/> garage <input type="checkbox"/> carport <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> home unit <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> carspace <input type="checkbox"/> storage space <input type="checkbox"/> none <input type="checkbox"/> other:	
attached copies	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: <input type="checkbox"/> other documents:	

A real estate agent is permitted by *legislation* to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	<input type="checkbox"/> air conditioning <input type="checkbox"/> clothes line <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blinds <input type="checkbox"/> curtains <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes <input type="checkbox"/> dishwasher <input type="checkbox"/> ceiling fans <input type="checkbox"/> EV charger <input type="checkbox"/> other:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> range hood <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> insect screens <input type="checkbox"/> solar panels <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> stove <input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment <input type="checkbox"/> TV antenna
exclusions		
purchaser		
purchaser's solicitor		
price		
deposit		
balance	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)	
contract date	(if not stated, the date this contract was made)	

Where there is more than one purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS
☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares, specify:

GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$

buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	PURCHASER
<p>Signed by</p> <p>Yuheng Mo</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p>	<p>Signed by</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p>
VENDOR (COMPANY)	PURCHASER (COMPANY)
<p>Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____ Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____ Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____ Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____ Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____ Office held</p> <p>_____ Office held</p>	<p>Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____ Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____ Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____ Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____ Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____ Office held</p> <p>_____ Office held</p>

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond**

☒ NO ☐ yes

Nominated *Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)* (clause 4)

Manual transaction (clause 30)

☒ NO ☐ yes

(if yes, vendor must provide further details, including any applicable exemption, in the space below):

Tax information (the *parties* promise this is correct as far as each *party* is aware)

Land tax is adjustable

☒ NO ☐ yes

GST: Taxable supply

☒ NO ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply

☐ NO ☐ yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- ☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- ☒ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an *GSTRW* payment
(GST residential withholding payment)

☐ NO ☐ yes (if yes, vendor must provide details)

If the details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.

***GSTRW* payment (GST residential withholding payment) – details**

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW* payment:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *GSTRW* rate (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land <input type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided <input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) <input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract <input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) <input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report <input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 15 occupation certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) <input type="checkbox"/> 17 other document relevant to tenancies <input type="checkbox"/> 18 licence benefiting the land <input type="checkbox"/> 19 old system document <input type="checkbox"/> 20 Crown purchase statement of account <input type="checkbox"/> 21 building management statement <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 22 form of requisitions <input type="checkbox"/> 23 <i>clearance certificate</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 24 land tax certificate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 33 property certificate for strata common property <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 34 plan creating strata common property <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 35 strata by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata development contract or statement <input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal proposal <input type="checkbox"/> 39 strata renewal plan <input type="checkbox"/> 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property <input type="checkbox"/> 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 42 plan creating neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 44 neighbourhood management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 45 property certificate for precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 46 plan creating precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 48 precinct management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 49 property certificate for community property <input type="checkbox"/> 50 plan creating community property <input type="checkbox"/> 51 community development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 52 community management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement <input type="checkbox"/> 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries <input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 <input type="checkbox"/> 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract <input type="checkbox"/> 59 other document relevant to the off the plan contract
<p>Home Building Act 1989</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 25 insurance certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 26 brochure or warning <input type="checkbox"/> 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover <p>Swimming Pools Act 1992</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 28 certificate of compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 29 evidence of registration <input type="checkbox"/> 30 relevant occupation certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 31 certificate of non-compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance 	<p>Other</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 60

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Robinson Strata Management
Suite 2/16 Rodborough Rd, Frenchs Forest NSW 2086
Email: strata@robinsonstrata.com.au
Phone: 02 9907 5000

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1** This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2** **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3** There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4** A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5** The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning and Environment Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas Land and Housing Corporation Local Land Services	NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority
---	--

 If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>adjustment figures</i>	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
<i>authorised Subscriber</i>	a <i>Subscriber</i> (not being a <i>party's solicitor</i>) named in a notice served by a <i>party</i> as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>completion time</i>	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
<i>conveyancing rules</i>	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the issuer; • the expiry date (if any); and • the amount;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>discharging mortgagee</i>	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser;
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>ECNL</i>	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
<i>electronic document</i>	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;
<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronic transfer</i>	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>manual transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> in which a dealing forming part of the <i>Lodgment Case</i> at or following completion cannot be <i>Digitally Signed</i> ;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;

<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> ;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

- 1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by –
- 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*;
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can *terminate* if –
- 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
- This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must serve the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 4 Electronic transaction**
- 4.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* unless –
- 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a party serves a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the parties do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after service of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,
- and in both cases clause 30 applies.
- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* –
- 4.2.1 each party must –
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;
 incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
 - 4.2.2 if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the parties otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a party using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry*.
- 4.5 *Normally*, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an *Electronic Workspace* with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and populate an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The parties must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6 –
- 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an *electronic transfer*;
 - 4.7.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* or *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that –
- 4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a party must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are populated and *Digitally Signed*;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that party must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
- 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

- Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –
- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition* *within* 14 days after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.
- 9 Purchaser's default**
- If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –
- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
 - 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
 - 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.
- 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser**
- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
 - 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
 - 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
 - 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
 - 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
 - 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
 - if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor serves details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and –
- 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
- 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The *parties* must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party* serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

• Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor –
- 16.5.1 the price less any –
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
 - *GSTRW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each *party* consents to –
- 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party's* intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- ### • Adjustments and liability for expenses
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must serve a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must serve at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title**
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then serve the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
 28.4 Either *party* can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;
 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* serves notice of the refusal; and
 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
 • either *party* serving notice of the event happening;
 • every *party* who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 • the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

- 30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.
- **Transfer**
 - 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
 - 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
 - 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
 - 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
 - **Place for completion**
 - 30.6 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
 - 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
 - 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
 - **Payments on completion**
 - 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
 - 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
 - 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
 - 30.12 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
 - 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must –
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022 –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
- 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

UNIT 5, 104 OAKS AVE DEE WHY NSW 2099

Conditions of Sale by Auction

Part 3, Clause 18 of the Property and Stock Agents Regulation 2022

- (1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of land or livestock—
 - (a) the vendor's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences unless the auction relates solely to livestock,
 - (b) a vendor bid must not be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of vendor bids that may be made,
 - (c) the highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price,
 - (d) if there is a disputed bid—
 - (i) the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator, and
 - (ii) the auctioneer's decision is final,
 - (e) the auctioneer may refuse to accept a bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the vendor,
 - (f) a bidder is taken to be bidding on the bidder's own behalf unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person,
 - (g) a bid must not be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer,
 - (h) as soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser must sign the agreement for sale, if any.
- (2) The following conditions, in addition to the conditions prescribed by subsection (1), are prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of residential property or rural land—
 - (a) all bidders must be registered in the Bidders Record and display the identifying number allocated to the person when making a bid,
 - (b) subject to the condition prescribed by subsection (3)(a)—
 - (i) the auctioneer may make only 1 vendor bid at an auction for the sale of residential property or rural land, and
 - (ii) no other vendor bid may be made by the auctioneer or another person,
 - (c) immediately before making a vendor bid the auctioneer must announce that the bid is made on behalf of the seller or announce "vendor bid".
- (3) The following conditions, in addition to the conditions prescribed by subsections (1) and (2), are prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of co-owned residential property or rural land or the sale of co-owned residential property or rural land by a seller as executor or administrator—
 - (a) more than 1 vendor bid may be made to purchase the interest of a co-owner

- (b) a bid by or on behalf of an executor or administrator may be made to purchase in that capacity,
 - (c) before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce that bids to purchase the interest of another co-owner or to purchase as executor or administrator may be made by or on behalf of the seller,
 - (d) before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce the bidder registration number of all co-owners, executors or administrators or a person registered to bid on behalf of a co-owner, executor or administrator.
- (4) The following condition, in addition to the conditions prescribed by subsection (1), is prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of livestock—
- The purchaser of livestock must pay the stock and station agent who conducted the auction, or under whose immediate and direct supervision the auction was conducted, or the vendor, the full amount of the purchase price—
- (a) if the amount can reasonably be determined immediately after the fall of the hammer—before the close of the next business day following the auction, or
 - (b) if the amount cannot reasonably be determined immediately after the fall of the hammer—before the close of the next business day following determination of the amount, or
 - (c) if some other time for payment is specified in a written agreement between the purchaser and the agent, or the purchaser and the vendor, made before the fall of the hammer—before or at the time specified in the agreement.

SECTION 66W CERTIFICATE

I,
of _____,
certify as follows:

1. I am a _____ currently admitted to
practise in New South Wales.
2. I am giving this Certificate in accordance with Section 66W of the Conveyancing Act 1919 with
reference to a contract for the sale of property at Apartment 5, 104 Oaks Avenue, Dee Why NSW
2099, from **Yuheng Mo**
to _____
in order that there is no cooling off period in
relation to that Contract.
3. I do not act for **Yuheng Mo** and am not employed in the legal practice of a solicitor acting for
Yuheng Mo nor am I a member or employee of a firm of which a Solicitor acting for **Yuheng Mo**
is a member or employee.
4. I have explained _____
to _____ :
 - (a) The effect of the Contract for the purchase of that property;
 - (b) The nature of this Certificate; and
 - (c) The effect of giving this Certificate to the vendor, i.e. that there is no cooling off period
in relation to the Contract.

Dated: _____

THIS AND THE FOLLOWING 4 PAGES COMPRISE THE SPECIAL CONDITIONS ANNEXED TO THE
CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND DATE:_____2025
BETWEEN

_____(VENDOR)

AND

_____(PURCHASER)

AMENDMENTS TO STANDARD CONDITIONS

1. The printed clauses in this contract are amended as follows:
 - (a) In clause 7.1.1 deleting the words “5% of the price” and inserting in its place “\$1,000.00”
 - (b) In clause 7.2.4 deleting the words “and the costs of the purchaser”
 - (c) In clause 14.4.2 deleting the words “the person who owned the land owned no other land” and inserting in its place “if the person who owned the land owned other lands, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional basis based on the valuation of the land out of the total taxable valuation of all lands”
 - (d) In clause 14.4.2 deleting the words “the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company”
 - (e) In clause 23.6.1 deleting the entire subclause and inserting in its place “The vendor will be responsible for the payment of any special levy contributions that were determined on or before the contract date and which are due and payable up till the date of settlement. The relevant special levy contribution for the settlement quarter shall be adjusted between the vendor and purchaser on settlement. The purchaser shall be liable for the payment for all special levy contributions that are due and payable after settlement. The purchaser warrants that it has made its own independent enquiries and inspection (in particular, the records of the strata scheme) and has satisfied itself in all respects in all matters relating to the strata scheme. The purchaser is not entitled to make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation nor delay completion in relation to any special levy contributions”.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS TO PREVAIL

2. These special conditions in this contract will prevail over any clause in the standard printed form.

DEATH

3. Without in any manner negating, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available at law or in equity had this condition not been included herein should, prior to completion, either party die or become mentally ill then the other party may rescind the Agreement by notice in writing served in accordance with the provisions of Clause 21 hereof whereupon this Agreement shall be at an end and the provision of Clause 19 shall apply.

NO RELIANCE BY PURCHASER AND NO REPRESENTATIONS

4. (a) The purchaser acknowledges that the purchaser has not been induced to enter into this contract by any warranties representations or inducements whatever made under by or on behalf of the vendor except those which are expressly contained herein and in entering into this contract the purchaser has relied exclusively on the purchaser’s own assessment of advice or opinions obtained by the purchaser independently of the vendor its employees or agents and on the purchaser’s own inspection of the land and investigations relating to the land made by or on behalf of the purchaser

- (b) This contract constitutes the entire agreement between the parties relating to the sale of the property and apart from this contract the parties have not entered into or are bound by any collateral or other agreement and are not bound by any warranty, representation collateral agreement or implied term under the general law or imposed by legislation except to the extent that such warranty or implied term cannot be excluded by law.

WARRANTY AS TO AGENT

5. The purchaser warrants that the purchaser was not introduced as purchaser by any real estate agent or by any person acting on behalf of a real estate agent other than the agent named in this contract (if any) and the purchaser agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor against all claims, actions, suits, demands costs and expenses in respect of any claim for commission arising out of the breach of this warranty. This condition shall not merge on completion of this contract.

ADDITIONAL PURCHASE PRICE AND NOTICE TO COMPLETE

6. (a) It is an essential term of this contract that if completion shall not occur on or before the completion date the purchase price will increase at the rate of 10% per annum on the balance of purchase price outstanding from the completion date (or if the vendor is unable or unwilling to complete on such date, from the date five days after the vendor has notified the purchaser that the vendor is able and willing to complete) until completion of the agreement. The vendor shall not be obliged to complete this contract unless the amount payable under this special condition clause is tendered. Nothing herein contained shall derogate from the vendor's right to issue a Notice to Complete or take any other action to enforce the vendor's rights under this contract.
- (b) Any Notice to Complete given by one party hereto to the other shall be sufficient as to time if a period of fourteen (14) days from the receipt of the Notice is allowed for completion.
- (c) If the vendor or its solicitor serves a Notice to Complete to the Purchaser or its solicitor, the Purchaser must pay to the vendor the sum of \$330.00 being a genuine pre estimate of the damages payable by the Purchaser for breach in order to reimburse the Vendor for additional legal costs payable by the Vendor in connection with the preparation and service of the notice. It is an essential provision of this contract that this amount be paid on completion in addition to all other monies required to be paid by the Purchaser under this contract at this time.

FOREIGN PURCHASER

7. The purchaser warrants to the vendor that if the purchaser is a "foreign corporation" or "foreign person" as defined in the Foreign Acquisition and Takeovers Act 1975 ("the Act"), the purchaser has obtained the consent of the Foreign Investment Review Board in accordance with the provisions of that Act to purchase the property. The purchaser hereby indemnifies the vendor against all liability, loss, damage and expenses the vendor may suffer or incur as a direct or indirect consequence of a breach of this warranty.

PRESENT STATE AND CONDITION

8. (a) The purchaser acknowledges that they have inspected the property and if applicable, the common property and is satisfied regarding all defect both latent and patent and is not entitled to make any objection requisition or claim for compensation in relation to such defects nor delay completion because of any such defect

- (b) The purchaser acknowledges that no representation, inducements, or warranties have been made by the vendor or its agents or representatives relating to the present state or condition of the property, its suitability for the purposes of the purchaser, the improvements erected on the property, any contamination relating to, caused by, or affecting the property or any proposed work to be done to the property. The purchaser purchases the property in its existing condition and state of repair.
- (c) The purchaser acknowledges that the property is sold as is and the purchaser shall take Title subject to all rights of way, reservations, covenant and easement noted on the Certificate of Title for the property (and in the case of Strata Title this also includes the Certificate of Title for the common property) and the purchaser shall not be entitled to make any objections nor requisitions nor claim for compensation in respect of same.

NO SURVEY REPORT OR BUILDING CERTIFICATE

9. The purchaser acknowledges that the vendor is not in possession of a survey report or building certificate under s149D of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (Building Certificate) and the purchaser cannot request the vendor to supply a survey report or building certificate on or before completion. If the purchaser wishes to obtain a building certificate, the purchaser will apply for same at the purchaser's own expense. If the relevant local council refuses or fails to issue the building certificate, that refusal or failure or the acts upon which such refusal or failure are based will not be a defect in the vendor's title to the property and the purchaser must take title notwithstanding such refusal or failure or facts.

RELEASE OF DEPOSIT

- ~~10. The deposit referred to herein shall be released if required for the vendor's use as a deposit on a purchase of real estate or on account of stamp duty payable in relation thereto (including any mortgage) providing such deposit shall only be paid into the Trust Account of a licensed agent, solicitor or to the Revenue NSW, and providing that such deposit shall not be further released to third parties' without the purchasers express consent.~~

GUARANTEE IF CORPORATE PURCHASER

11. If the purchaser of the property is a Company, the officers or persons who sign this contract on behalf of the Company or who attest the Seal of the Company on this Contract:
- (a) in consideration of the vendor entering into this contract at the Guarantor's request, jointly and separately guarantee all obligations of the purchaser under this Agreement including payment of the purchase price;
 - (b) jointly and separately indemnify the vendor in respect of any default of the purchaser under this agreement; and
 - (c) acknowledge that the provisions of this clause are deemed to constitute the execution of a Deed by virtue of their signing of this Agreement.

This guarantee and indemnity are provided by each Guarantor as a principal and are not discharged or released by any release or modification of this Agreement.

PAYMENT OF DEPOSIT BY INSTALMENTS

- ~~12. The purchaser acknowledges that a deposit in the amount of ten (10) percent of the purchase price ("the proper deposit") must be paid by the purchaser to the Stakeholder herein on or prior to the making of this contract. Should the vendor in its unfettered~~

~~discretion agree to accept on the making of this contract a deposit ("the actual deposit paid") the sum which is less than the proper deposit then the following clause shall apply:~~

- ~~(a) The vendor and the purchaser agree that the deposit is 10% of the price.~~
- ~~(b) The deposit shall be paid to the vendor by instalments as follows:~~
 - ~~a. 5% on or by the date of exchange of contracts;~~
 - ~~b. the balance of the deposit being 5% on the earlier of the following:~~
 - ~~i. the date the vendor demand payment following a default by the purchaser in the observance or performance of any of the purchaser's obligations under this contract or;~~
 - ~~ii. the date of completion.~~

SWIMMING POOL

- ~~13. Swimming pool — The purchaser shall make no objection, requisition or claim for compensation nor shall the vendor be required to carry out any work in relation to the condition, position, existence or non existence of a fence or fences surrounding any swimming pool erected on the property.~~

CLAIM FOR COMPENSATION

14. Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 7, any claim for compensation made by the Purchaser shall be deemed to be an objection or requisition for the purposes of clause 8.

REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

15. The Purchaser acknowledges that the only form of general Requisitions on Title that the Purchaser shall be entitled to raise pursuant to Clause 5 shall be in the form of Requisitions on Title annexed to this Contract.

ELECTRONIC EXECUTION

16. (a) This contract may be executed by or on behalf of the parties in counterparts and a counterpart may be executed electronically.
- (b) For the purposes of any laws related to electronic transactions:
- (i) the electronic execution of this contract by one or more Parties; and/or
 - (ii) the exchange of this contract by electronic mail or other electronic means,
- are binding on the Parties on and from the date on which the last Party executes this contract.
- (c) Any executed counterparts (whether executed in wet-ink or electronically) provided in electronic form are binding on and from the date on which the last Party executes this contract, notwithstanding that the original counterpart may never be provided.
- (d) If a Party to this contract is a company incorporated in Australia and this contract is signed by 2 directors of that Party or a director and company secretary of that Party, and each director or company secretary personally affixes their signature to this contract electronically or by electronic means then:
- (i) this contract is deemed to have been executed by that Party pursuant to section 127(1) of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth); and
 - (ii) each Party agrees and acknowledges that each other Party is entitled to rely on the assumptions set out in section 129 of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) as though incorporated in this contract.

ERROR IN ADJUSTMENTS

17. Should any apportionment of outgoings required to be made under this contract be overlooked or incorrectly calculated on Completion, the Vendor and the Purchaser agree that, upon being so requested by the other party, the correct calculation will be made and paid to the party to whom it is payable.

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor:
Purchaser:
Property:
Dated:

Possession and tenancies

1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?
3.
 - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW)*)? If so, please provide details.
5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW)*:
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations and recorded as the owner of the Property on the strata roll, free from all other interests.
7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 22 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 (NSW) (Act)*.
8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)*? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?
13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)*) at least 14 days before completion.

Survey and building

14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property or the common property.
15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
16. In respect of the Property and the common property:
 - (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act (NSW)*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW)* and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?

- (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for all current buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*.
 - (f) Are there any proposals by the Owners Corporation or an owner of a lot to make any additions or alterations or to erect any new structures on the common property? If so, please provide details.
 - (g) Has any work been carried out by the vendor on the Property or the common property? If so:
 - (i) has the work been carried out in accordance with the by-laws and all necessary approvals and consents?
 - (ii) does the vendor have any continuing obligations in relation to the common property affected?
17. Is the vendor aware of any proposals to:
- (a) resume the whole or any part of the Property or the common property?
 - (b) carry out building alterations to an adjoining lot which may affect the boundary of that lot or the Property?
 - (c) deal with, acquire, transfer, lease or dedicate any of the common property?
 - (d) dispose of or otherwise deal with any lot vested in the Owners Corporation?
 - (e) create, vary or extinguish any easements, restrictions or positive covenants over the Property or the common property?
 - (f) subdivide or consolidate any lots and/or any common property or to convert any lots into common property?
 - (g) grant any licence to any person, entity or authority (including the Council) to use the whole or any part of the common property?
18. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property or the common property?
19. In relation to any swimming pool on the Property or the common property:
- (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
 - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the *Local Government Act 1919 (NSW)* and *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)*?
 - (c) does it comply with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details of the exemptions claimed;
 - (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* or regulations?
 - (e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
 - (f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.
- 20.
- (a) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences in the strata scheme?
 - (b) Is the vendor aware of any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW)* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)* affecting the strata scheme?

Affectations, notices and claims

21. In respect of the Property and the common property:
- (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
 - (c) Is the vendor aware of:
 - (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
 - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
 - (iii) any latent defects in them?
 - (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
 - (i) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (ii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (iii) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (iv) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?

- (v) any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass?

Applications, Orders etc

22. Are there any applications made, proposed or threatened, whether by an owner of a lot or the Owners Corporation, to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, any Court or to the Registrar General for orders relating to the strata scheme, the Property or the common property (including orders to vary the strata scheme consequent upon damage or destruction or to terminate the strata scheme) which are yet to be determined? If so, please provide particulars.
23. Are there any mediations currently being conducted by the Commissioner of Fair Trading, Department of Finance Services and Innovation in relation to the Property or the common property which involve the vendor or the Owners Corporation? If so, please provide particulars.
24. Are there any:
- (a) orders of the Tribunal;
 - (b) notices of or investigations by the Owners Corporation;
 - (c) notices or orders issued by any Court; or
 - (d) notices or orders issued by the Council or any public authority or water authority,
- affecting the Property or the common property not yet complied with? In so far as they impose an obligation on the vendor they should be complied with by the vendor before completion.
25. Have any orders been made by any Court or Tribunal that money (including costs) payable by the Owners Corporation be paid from contributions levied in relation to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
26. Has the vendor made any complaints or been the subject of any complaints arising out of noise affecting the Property or emanating from the Property?
27. Has any proposal been given by any person or entity to the Owners Corporation for:
- (a) a collective sale of the strata scheme; or
 - (b) a redevelopment of the strata scheme?
- If so, please provide particulars of the proposal and the steps taken and decisions made in relation to the proposal to the present time.

Owners Corporation management

28. Has the initial period expired?
29. Are any actions proposed to be taken or have any been taken by the Owners Corporation in the initial period which would be in breach of its powers without an order authorising them?
30. If the Property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
31. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract, including any liabilities of the Owners Corporation) exceed 1% of the price?
32. Has an appointment of a strata managing agent and/or a building manager been made? If so:
- (a) who has been appointed to each role;
 - (b) when does the term of each appointment expire; and
 - (c) what functions have been delegated to the strata managing agent and/or the building manager.
33. Has the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement to provide amenities or services to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
34. Has a resolution been passed for the distribution of surplus money from the administrative fund or the capital works fund? If so, please provide particulars.
35. Have the by-laws adopted a common property memorandum as prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of Section 107 of the Act? If so, has the memorandum been modified? Please provide particulars.
36. Is there a registered building management statement pursuant to Section 108 of the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015 (NSW)*? If so, are there any proposals to amend the registered building management statement?
37. If the strata scheme was in existence at 30 November 2016, has the Owners Corporation taken steps to review the by-laws that were current at that date? If so, please provide particulars.
38. Are there any pending proposals to amend or repeal the current by-laws or to add to them?
39. Are there any proposals, policies or by-laws in relation to the conferral of common property rights or which deal with short term licences and/or holiday lettings?
40. If not attached to the Contract, a strata information certificate under Section 184 of the Act should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
41. Has the Owners Corporation met all of its obligations under the Act relating to:
- (a) insurances;
 - (b) fire safety;
 - (c) occupational health and safety;
 - (d) building defects and rectification in relation to any applicable warranties under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*;
 - (e) the preparation and review of the 10 year plan for the capital works fund; and
 - (f) repair and maintenance.
42. Is the secretary of the Owners Corporation in receipt of a building bond for any building work on a building that is part of the Property or the common property?
43. Has an internal dispute resolution process been established? If so, what are its terms?
44. Has the Owners Corporation complied with its obligation to lodge tax returns with the Australian Taxation Office and has all tax liability been paid?

Capacity

45. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

46. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance certificate* under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
47. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
48. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
49. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
50. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
51. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.



FOLIO: 5/SP3870

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
6/3/2025	4:16 PM	11	4/1/2023

LAND

LOT 5 IN STRATA PLAN 3870
AT DEE WHY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES

FIRST SCHEDULE

YUHENG MO (T AQ185221)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP3870
2 AS767524 MORTGAGE TO SUNCORP-METWAY LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

Pending...

PRINTED ON 6/3/2025



FOLIO: CP/SP3870

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
6/3/2025	4:16 PM	4	12/11/2019

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 3870
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT DEE WHY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NORTHERN BEACHES
PARISH OF MANLY COVE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP3870

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 3870
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
C/- ROBINSON STRATA MANAGEMENT
PO BOX 280
FRESHWATER 2096

SECOND SCHEDULE (5 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 A698868 COVENANT
- 3 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO CLAUSE 3 SCHEDULE 4 STRATA SCHEMES
(FREEHOLD DEVELOPMENT) ACT 1973 REGARDING BOUNDARIES BETWEEN
LOTS AND COMMON PROPERTY IN STRATA SCHEMES REGISTERED BEFORE
1-7-1974
- 4 AP677780 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS
- 5 AP677780 INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 10000)

STRATA PLAN 3870

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	- 625	2	- 827	3	- 641	4	- 866
5	- 657	6	- 902	7	- 892	8	- 922
9	- 892	10	- 938	11	- 902	12	- 936

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

Pending...

PRINTED ON 6/3/2025

b) Refer to number of lot, Alotment, or Portion and to the Deposited Plan, Town, or as the case may be.

STRATA PLAN 3870

~~attn./Shire/ette~~ WARRINGAH.

Locality DEE - WHY.

Parish **MANLY COVE.** County **CUMBERLAND.**

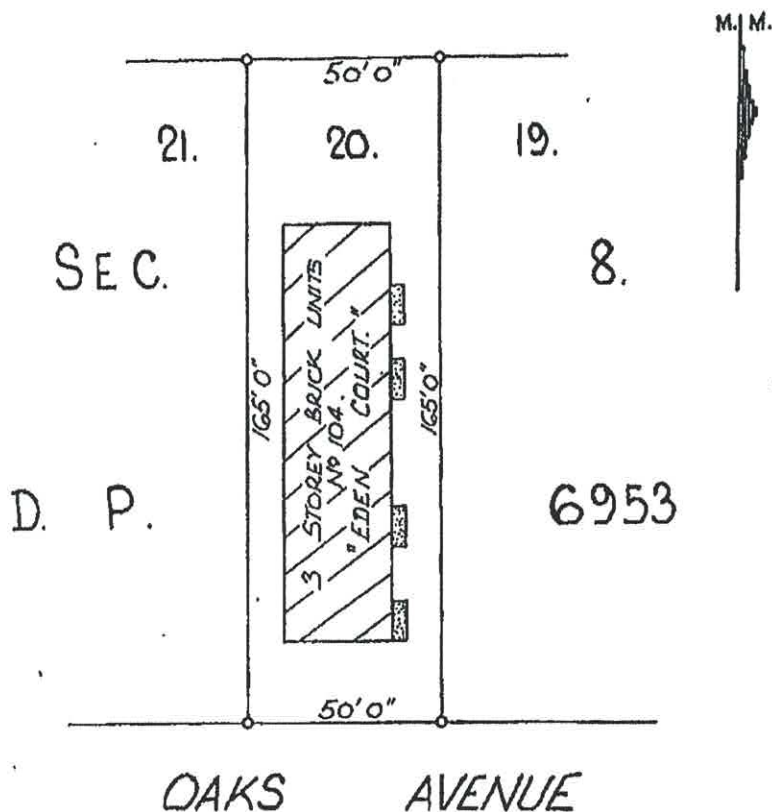
Scale 30 FT to an inch.

Registered:  *AD* 18-3-1989

C.A. N° 347/69 of 25.2.1969

Ref Map: *Warringah Sh 55*

Last Plan: *DP 6953*



(c) Admissions lists
should be shown to
the public.

(f) Date of
(unpublished).

[illegible]

Surveyor's Reference:

SHEET No. 2 OF 6 SHEETS

STRATA PLAN No. 3870

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT		OFFICE USE ONLY.	
		CURRENT C ^o OF TITLE	
LOT N ^o	UNIT ENTITLEMENT	VOL.	FOL.
1	G25	11023	57
2	827	11023	58
3	G41	11023	59
4	866	11023	60
5	G57	11023	61
6	902	11023	62
7	892	11023	63
8	922	11023	64
9	892	11023	65
10	938	11023	66
11	902	11023	67
12	936	11023	68
AGGREGATE	10,000		

CONVERSION TABLE ADDED IN
REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

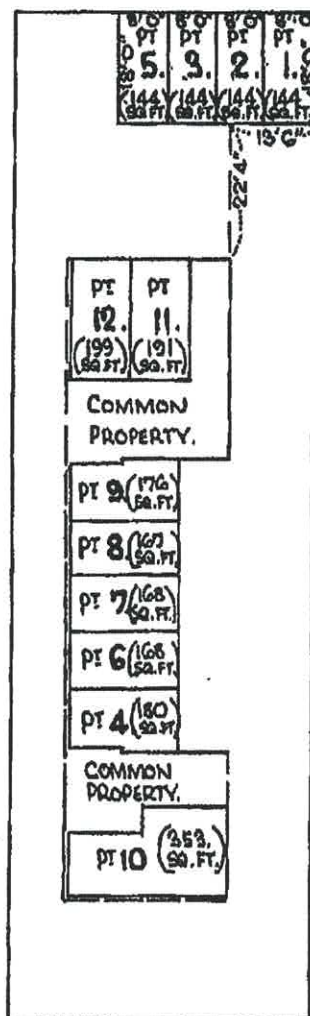
STRATA PLAN 3870

FEET INCHES	METRES
4 -	2.44
13 6	4.125
18 -	5.488
22 4	6.805
50 -	15.24
165 -	50.29

SQ FT	SQ M
144	13.4
160	14.7
167	15.5
168	15.6
176	16.4
180	16.7
191	17.7
199	18.5
353	32.8
511	47.5
655	60.7
742	68.7
744	69.1
765	71.1
886	82.5
910	84.6
912	84.7
920	85.5
922	85.7
932	86.6
935	86.9
944	87.6
1118	103.9

Council Clerk.

STRATA PLAN No. 3870
GROUND FLOOR.
GARAGES & CAR SPACES

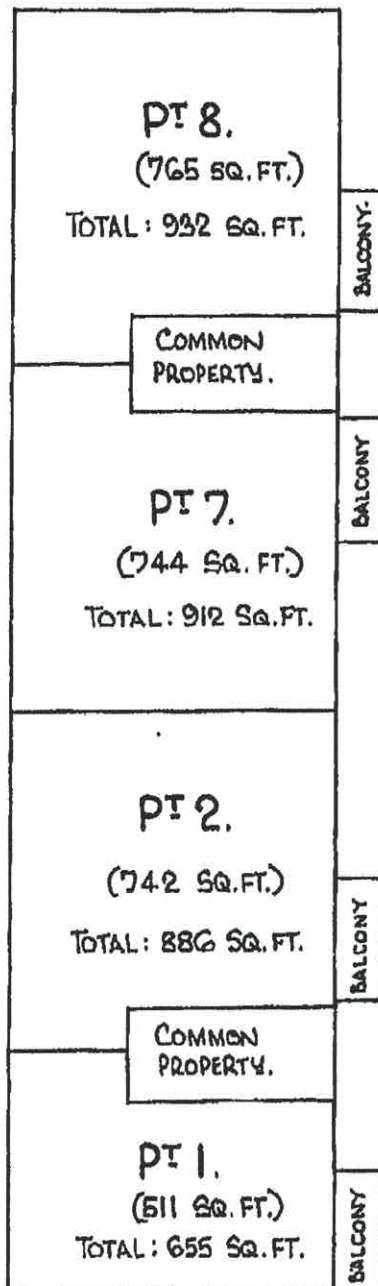


CAR SPACES ARE...
 LIMITED IN HEIGHT
 TO 8'0" ABOVE CONCRETE
 FLOOR.



 Council Clerk.

1ST FLOOR

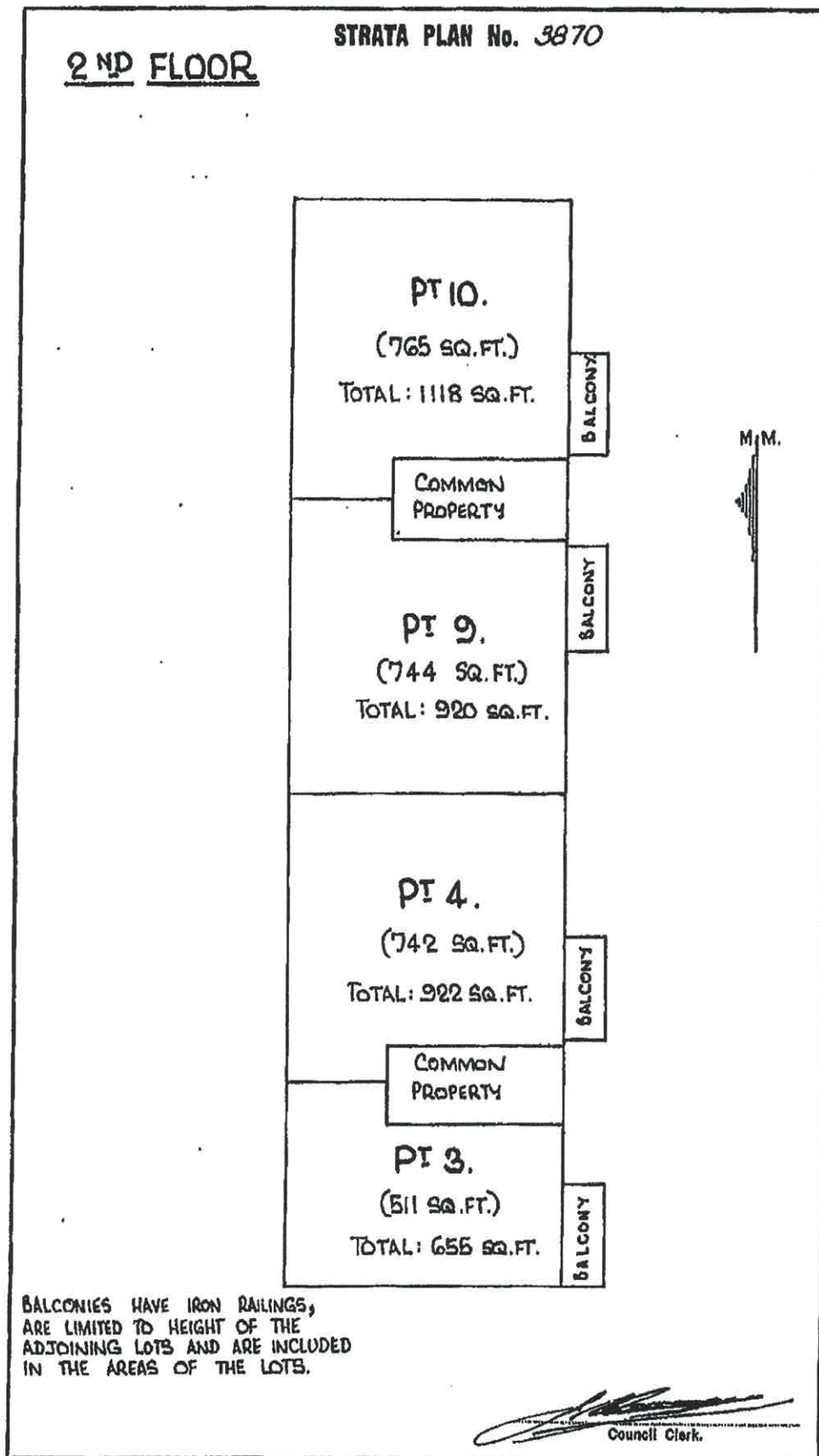
STRATA PLAN No. 3870



BALCONIES HAVE IRON RAILINGS,
ARE LIMITED TO A HEIGHT OF THE
ADJOINING LOTS AND ARE INCLUDED
IN THE AREAS OF THE LOTS.

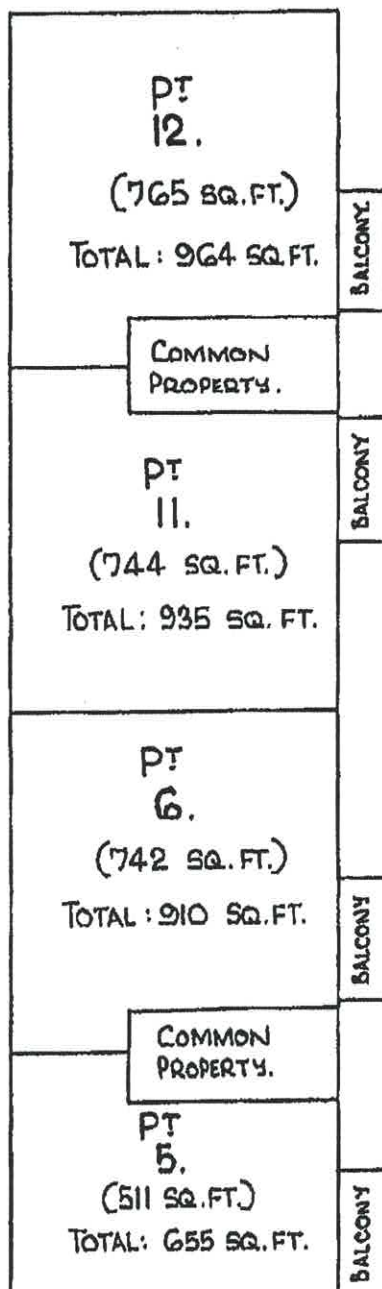

Council Clerk.

SHEET No. 5 OF 6. SHEETS



STRATA PLAN No. 3870

3RD. FLOOR.



M. M.

BALCONIES HAVE IRON RAILINGS,
ARE LIMITED TO HEIGHT OF THE
ADJOINING LOTS AND ARE INCLUDED
IN THE AREAS OF THE LOTS.


Council Clerk.

Ref: /SPC:O

Example

Transfer.....
Endowment.....
Certificates.....

EXAMPLE

2. Name, residence, occupation, or other designation, (a full list of transfers.)

I, WILLIAM BRAUNELL BOOTH of London in England
General of the Salvation Army

A 698868

b If a less viable, strike
out "in the struggle,"
and introduce the
modified alternative."

5 All subsisting epim-
branches must be applied
hereto. (See page 2.)

4 If the consideration be not pecuniary, state its nature concisely.

being registered as the proprietor of an Estate in fee simple in the land hereinafter described, subject, however, to such encumbrances, liens, and interests, as are notified by memorandum underwritten or endorsed hereon,^a in consideration of **Eighty-one pounds Five shillings** (£ 81. 5. 0)

Name, residence,
occupation, or other
designation, in full
of transferee.

paid to me by: EDWARD RILBY of Sydney Member of the House of Representatives .

If a minor, state of
what age, and forward
certificates of declara-
tion as to date of birth.
If a married woman,
state name, residence,
and occupation of
husband.

the receipt whereof I hereby acknowledge.

If to two or more,
state whether as joint
tenants or tenants in
common.

do hereby transfer to the said Edward Riley

And in acres, rods,
or perches.

ALL my Estate and Interest, as such registered proprietor, in ALL THAT piece of land containing

h. Parish or town and county.

situate in the Shire of Warringham, Parish of Manly Cove and County of
Cumberland

"The whole" or "part,"
as the case may be.

belonging to part of the land comprised in Certificate of Title

"Crown great," or
"Crown of the world."

Strike out if not
applicable

dated 19th August 1912 registered volume No. 2288 ... folio 207
and being Lot 80 Section 8 as shown on deposited Plan Number 6953

These references will

entire, if the whole land is the grant or certificate be transferred.
But if a part only (unless a plan has been deposited, in which case a reference to the No. of allotment and No. of plan will be sufficient), a description of plan will be required and may be either contained in the transfer or annexed thereto, with the plan.

"to be described as
"all the area of the
"named parcel" or
"described as follows,
"as follows:

Any answer must be signed by the parties to the dispute. There also must be set forth any right, way or easement, or exception, if there be any such not fully stated and clear in the judgment or opinion of the arbitrator, and of the arbitrator's award of compensation.

Any person in violation of, or non-use of, the covenant hereby by the Act, may be lawfully.

And the said Edward Riley for himself his heirs executors administrators transferees and assigns and so as to bind not only himself but the registered proprietors for the time being of the land hereby transferred of both hereby covenant with the said William Bramwell Booth his heirs executors and administrators that he will not sell or permit to be sold or convey at or be a party to, the sale of any wines beers ale spirits or any other intoxicating liquor of any kind whatsoever on the land hereby transferred or any part of the said land comprised in the said deposited Plan No. 6068 and further that he will not carry on or permit to be carried on upon the land hereby transferred or any part of the said land comprised in the said deposited Plan any noxious noisome or offensive trade occupation or business, the land to which this covenant is intended to be annexant and which is to be subject to the burden hereof the land hereby transferred and the person by whom and with whose consent this covenant may be released varied or modified is the abovesaid William Bramwell Booth his heirs executors or administrators or Attorney or other the General for the time being of the Salvation Army his heirs executors or Administrators or Attorney.

[Rule up all blanks before signing.]

form when full is should be ruled up so that no additions are possible. No alterations should be made by erasure. The words printed should be written with the pen and the alterations written over them, the alterations being noted by reference of words in the margin of the page as in the illustration.

[Page 64]

Now being part of land comprised
in Cert. of Title Vol. 3156 Fol. 51

MEMORANDUM OF ENCUMBRANCES, &c., REFERRED TO.

See note "a" page 1
A very short note of
the particulars will
suffice.

[Rule up all blanks before signing.]

24 If this instrument be signed or acknowledged before the Registrar-General or Deputy Registrar-General, or a Notary Public, a J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits, to whom the Transferor is known, no further authentication is required. Otherwise the ATTESTING WITNESS must appear before one of the above authorities to make a declaration in the annexed form. This applies only to instruments signed within the State. If the parties be resident without the State, but in any British Possession, the instrument must be signed or acknowledged before the Registrar-General or Recorder of Titles of such Possession, or before any Judge, Notary Public, Governor, Government Resident, or Chief Secretary of such Possession. If resident in the United Kingdom, then before the Mayor or Chief Officer of any Corporation, or a Notary Public. And if resident at any foreign place, then before the British Consul, Officer at such place. If the Transferor or Transferee sign by a mark, the attestation must state "that the instrument was read over and explained to him, and that he appeared fully to understand the same."

Deposit attestation for additional parties if required.
In 1028

In witness whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, at the 6th day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one

Signed in my presence by the said
WILLIAM BRAUNELL BOOTH by
his Attorney JAMES HAY
WHO IS PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME

Signed

* If signed by virtue of any power of attorney, the original must be produced, and an attested copy deposited, accompanied by the usual declaration that no notice of revocation has been received.

* Accepted, and I hereby certify this Transfer to be correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act.

For the signature of the Transferee herein an ordinary attestation is sufficient, but the instrument contains some special provisions by the Transferee, his signature will be dispensed with in cases where it is established that it cannot be procured without difficulty. It is, however, always desirable to afford a clue for detecting forgery or perjury, and for this reason it is essential that the signature should, if possible, be obtained.

Signed in my presence by the said

EDWARD RILEY

WHO IS PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME

Edward Riley

Transferred.

(The above may be signed by the Solicitor, when the signature of Transferee cannot be procured. See note "a" in margin.)
NOTE.—Section 117 requires that the above Certificate be signed by Transferee or his Solicitor, and renders liable any person falsely so negligently certifying to a penalty of £50; also, to damages recoverable by parties injured.

JAMES HAY of 69 Bourke Street Melbourne in the State of Victoria Commissioner of the Salvation Army do hereby make the following Statement under and by virtue of Section 160 of the Conveyancing Act 1919:—

1. I am the Attorney of William Bramwell Booth of London in England acting under Power of Attorney bearing date the Fourth day of September One thousand nine hundred and Twelve for use in the State of New South Wales a copy whereof has been filed in the Land Titles Office at Sydney and Numbered 8540 by virtue of which I have executed the document mentioned in the next clause of this my Declaration.

2. At the time of executing a certain Memorandum of transfer bearing even date herewith of a piece of land being Lot twenty of section eight as shown on deposited Plan Number 6953 I had not received any notice of the revocation of the said Power of Attorney by Death Lacey Unsoundness of Mind Bankruptcy Act of the Donor or otherwise and the same is now in full force and virtue.

3. The said William Bramwell Booth is now to the best of my knowledge information and belief the occupant under the Constitution and the amended Constitution of the Salvation Army of the position of General of the Salvation Army and I have not at the time of making this my Declaration received any notification that the said William Bramwell Booth has vacated or been deposed from the said office.

SUBSCRIBED at
this 6th day of April
One thousand nine hundred
and twenty one.

FORM OF DECLARATION BY ATTESTING WITNESS.

Appeared before me, at

, the

day of

, one thousand nine hundred and

the attesting witness to this instrument, and declared that he personally knew

the person signing the same, and whose signature thereto he has attested; and that the name purporting to be such signature of the said

is his own handwriting, and that he was of

sound mind, and freely and voluntarily signed the same.

May be made before either Registrar-General, Deputy Registrar-General, a Notary Public, J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits. Not required if the instrument itself is made or acknowledged before one of these parties.

Name of witness and residence.

Name of Transferee.

Name of Transferee.

Registrar-General, Deputy, Notary Public, J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits.

92311

Form: 15CH
Release: 2.1

**CONSOLIDATION/
CHANGE OF BY-LAWS**

New South Wales
Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
Real Property Act 1900



AP677780N

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A) TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP3870		
	(B) LODGED BY	Document Collection Box 124E	Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any GlobalX Legal Solutions Pty Ltd Level 3, 175 Castlereagh Street SYDNEY 2000 Ph: 02 9230 6900 Reference: KERR - 8561872

- (C) The Owners-Strata Plan No. 3870 certify that a special resolution was passed on 10/10/2019
- (D) pursuant to the requirements of section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, by which the by-laws were changed as follows—
- (E) Repealed by-law No. SCHEDULE 2, SSMR 2016 MODEL BYLAWS
Added by-law No. SCHEDULE 3, SSMR 2016 MODEL BYLAWS
Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE

as fully set out below:

REPEALED MODEL BY-LAWS FROM SCHEDULE 2 OF THE STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS 2016 AND REPLACED THEM WITH MODEL BY-LAWS FROM SCHEDULE 3 OF THE STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS 2016 AS SET OUT IN ANNEXURE A AT PAGES 3 TO 8

- (F) A consolidated list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to at Note (E) is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure A
- (G) The seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No. 3870 was affixed on **31/10/2019** in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:

Signature:

Name:

Authority:

CHARLES WIGGINS
MANAGING AGENT



Signature:

Name:

Authority:

ANNEXURE A

Consolidated By-Laws for Strata Plan No. 3870

Contents

1	Vehicles	3
2	Changes to common property	3
3	Damage to lawns and plants on common property	4
4	Obstruction of common property	4
5	Keeping of animals	4
6	Noise	4
7	Behaviour of owners, occupiers and invitees	4
8	Children playing on common property	5
9	Smoke penetration	5
10	Preservation of fire safety	5
11	Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials	5
12	Appearance of lot	5
13	Cleaning windows and doors	6
14	Hanging out of washing	6
15	Disposal of waste—bins for individual lots [applicable where individual lots have bins]	6
16	Disposal of waste—shared bins [applicable where bins are shared by lots]	7
17	Change in use or occupation of lot to be notified	7
18	Compliance with planning and other requirements	8
	Special By-law No. 1 (passed 12 November 1979)	8
	Special By-law No. 2 – Electronic Delivery of Notices (passed 24 September 2012)	9
	Special By-law No. 3 (passed 24 September 2012)	9



Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016

Schedule 3 Model by-laws for residential strata schemes

(adopted 10 October 2019)

Note. These by-laws do not apply to a strata scheme unless they are adopted by the owners corporation for the strata scheme or lodged with the strata plan.

1 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common property, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation or as permitted by a sign authorised by the owners corporation.

2 Changes to common property

- (1) An owner or person authorised by an owner may install, without the consent of the owners corporation:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- (2) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (3) Clause (1) does not apply to the installation of any thing that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.
- (4) The owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.



3 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

4 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

5 Keeping of animals

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot or the common property with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property and must give an owner or occupier written reasons for any refusal to grant approval.
- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:
 - (a) keep the animal within the lot, and
 - (b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and
 - (c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.
- (4) An owner or occupier of a lot who keeps an assistance animal on the lot must, if required to do so by the owners corporation, provide evidence to the owners corporation demonstrating that the animal is an assistance animal as referred to in section 9 of the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* of the Commonwealth.

6 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

7 Behaviour of owners, occupiers and invitees

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.



- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier:
 - (a) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property, and
 - (b) without limiting paragraph (a), that invitees comply with clause (1).

8 Children playing on common property

- (1) Any child for whom an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible may play on any area of the common property that is designated by the owners corporation for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child for whom the owner or occupier is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or remain on common property that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

9 Smoke penetration

- (1) An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

10 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

11 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

12 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.



- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 14.

13 Cleaning windows and doors

- (1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.
- (2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

14 Hanging out of washing

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot other than over the balcony railings. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (3) In this by-law:

“washing” includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

15 Disposal of waste—bins for individual lots [applicable where individual lots have bins]

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
- (3) An owner or occupier must:
 - (a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
 - (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) An owner or occupier of a lot must maintain bins for waste within the lot, or on any part of the common property that is authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered.
- (5) An owner or occupier of a lot must not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier.
- (6) An owner or occupier of a lot must place the bins within an area designated for collection by the owners corporation not more than 12 hours before the time at



which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the lot or other area authorised for the bins.

- (7) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.
- (8) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.
- (9) In this by-law:

“bin” includes any receptacle for waste.

“waste” includes garbage and recyclable material.

16 Disposal of waste—shared bins [applicable where bins are shared by lots]

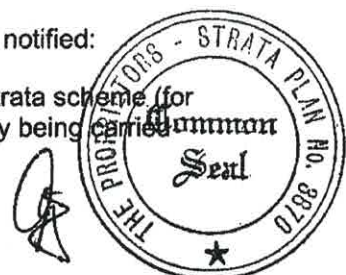
- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
- (3) An owner or occupier must:
 - (a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
 - (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.
- (5) In this by-law:

“bin” includes any receptacle for waste.

“waste” includes garbage and recyclable material.

17 Change in use or occupation of lot to be notified

- (1) An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot.
- (2) Without limiting clause (1), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - (a) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried



out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes),

- (b) a change to the use of a lot for short-term or holiday letting.
- (3) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

18 Compliance with planning and other requirements

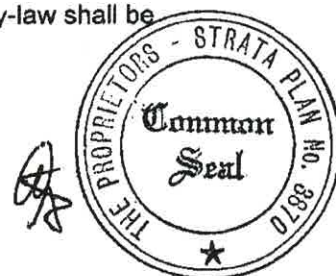
- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

Special By-law No. 1 (passed 12 November 1979)

- (i) The Proprietor for the time being of each Lot set forth in the First Column hereunder shall have for his use and enjoyment as appurtenant to his Lot in common with the Proprietors for the time being of the Lots set forth in the corresponding line in the Second Column hereunder the Laundry set forth in the corresponding line in the Third Column hereunder free of charge and with necessary rights of ingress and egress over the common property for the proper use and enjoyment thereof as a Laundry and for no other purpose whatsoever

<u>FIRST COLUMN</u>	<u>SECOND COLUMN</u>	<u>THIRD COLUMN</u>
<u>Lot No.</u>	<u>Lots Numbered</u>	<u>Laundry No.</u>
1	2 & 3	1
2	1 & 3	1
3	1 & 2	1
4	5 & 6	2
5	4 & 6	2
6	4 & 5	2
7	8 & 9	3
8	7 & 9	3
9	7 & 8	3
10	11 & 12	4
11	10 & 12	4
12	10 & 11	4

- (ii) No laundry referred to in the Third Column of sub-By-law (i) above shall be used or enjoyed otherwise than by a Proprietor or tenant or other person entitled for the time being to occupy any one of the three Lots set out in the corresponding line of the First and Second columns.
- (iii) None of the By-laws contained in this Schedule including this By-law shall be added to amended or repealed except as provided by this Act.



Special By-law No. 2 – Electronic Delivery of Notices (passed 24 September 2012)

A document or notice may be served by the Owners Corporation, its secretary or executive committee on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an email address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address. A notice or document served on an owner by email in accordance with this by-law is deemed to have been served when transmitted by the sender providing that the sender does not receive an electronic notification of unsuccessful transmission (i.e. "bounce back" or "undeliverable") within 24 hours.

Special By-law No. 3 (passed 24 September 2012)

On the conditions set out in this by-law, the owner for the time being of each lot ("the owner") shall have a special privilege in respect of the common property to undertake minor alterations and additions.

In this by-law:

- (i) "minor alterations and additions" includes:
 - (a) installation of false ceilings within the lot;
 - (b) installation of downlights to serve the lot;
 - (c) renovation of the bathroom of the lot, including replacement of the floor and/or wall tiling serving, and installation of a waterproofing membrane and associated flashings to serve, the bathroom;
 - (d) renovation of the kitchen of the lot;
 - (e) installation of hard surface flooring ("new flooring") in the living areas of the lot;
 - (f) installation of an exhaust fan ("fan") or fans to serve the lot;
 - (g) installation of an air-conditioning unit ("unit") or units to serve the lot;
 - (h) removal, part removal or other alteration of any internal wall located within the outer boundaries of the lot;
 - (i) installation of floor tiling to serve the balcony of the lot; and
 - (j) any other minor alterations or additions to serve the lot installed in, affecting or attached to common property ("other minor alterations or additions"); and
- (ii) "minor alterations and additions" does not include:
 - (a) penetration of the floor slab serving the lot; and
 - (b) replacement of external windows and doors to the lot.

For the purposes of this by-law, "ceilings", "downlights", "tiling", "membrane", "flashings", "flooring", "fan", "unit" and "wall" include all ancillary fixtures and fittings.

The undertaking of minor alterations and additions is referred to in this by-law as "the works".

Conditions:-

The Works

1. Before starting the works, the owner must obtain the written approval of the Owners Corporation (which may not be withheld unreasonably and which may be conditional) of the works, including the design, specifications (including fire-rating specifications), materials, colour, location and manner of installation of all minor alterations and additions.
2. The Owners Corporation, acting reasonably, may refuse an owner permission to undertake any other minor alterations or additions which in the opinion of the Owners Corporation are inappropriate.
3. Before starting the works, the owner must provide the Owners Corporation with:
 - (i) a copy of any requisite approval of the local Council, including all drawings, specifications, conditions and notes;
 - (ii) a copy of any requisite construction certificate for the works, under Part 4A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979;
 - (iii) a copy of the certificate of insurance relating to the works, if required under section 92 of the Home Building Act 1989;
 - (iv) evidence of currency for the duration of the works of Contractors' All Risks insurance cover with an authorised insurer (incorporating cover against public risk in respect of claims for death, injury, accident and damage occurring in the course of or by reason of the works to a minimum of \$10,000,000), to which both the owner and Strata Plan No. 3870 are named parties; and
 - (v) a certification by a structural engineer in favour of the Owners Corporation (if requested by the Owners Corporation) that the works will not affect the structural integrity of the building or any part of it.
4. The Owners Corporation may engage an independent structural engineer to assess and review the plans and specifications for the works. The owner must pay the independent structural engineer's fees on demand.
5. In undertaking the works, the owner must by himself, his agents, servants and contractors:-
 - (i) use best-quality and appropriate materials, in a proper and skilful manner;
 - (ii) comply with all statutes, by-laws, regulations, rules and other laws for the time being in force and which are applicable to the works, including those relating to fire safety;
 - (iii) comply with all conditions and requirements of the local Council;
 - (iv) comply with the Building Code of Australia, all pertinent Australian Standards and any manufacturer's specifications;
 - (v) comply with the terms of any approval given by the Owners Corporation under this by-law;
 - (vi) ensure that no water is permitted to penetrate any part of the lot, any other lot or the common property;

- (vii) not allow the obstruction, for example by building materials, debris, tools, machines or motor vehicles, of reasonable use of the common areas of the strata scheme;
- (viii) comply with the requirements of the independent structural engineer referred to in condition 4;
- (ix) comply with the reasonable requirements of any building consultant engaged by the Owners Corporation to supervise or to inspect the works, for the purpose of ensuring compliance with provisions (i) to (viii) of this condition;
- (x) comply with any reasonable requirement of the Owners Corporation concerning:
 - (a) the means of entering and leaving the building for tradespeople, building materials, tools and debris, which requirements may include the provision of protective surface coverings for common property areas; or
 - (b) storage of materials and debris;
- (xi) carry out the works between 8am and 5pm on Monday to Friday (inclusive), excluding public holidays; and
- (xii) ensure that major works are completed within 1 month of commencement and all remaining works are completed within 3 months of their commencement.

Any additional works undertaken under paragraph (viii) or (ix) of this condition shall form part of the works for the purposes of this by-law.

6. The owner may not make any material changes to the plans and specifications for the works as approved in this by-law without the prior written consent of the local Council (if required) and the Owners Corporation.

After the Works

7. Within one month after completion of the works, the owner must give the Owners Corporation:
 - (i)
 - (a) a copy of the applicable compliance certificate for the works under Part 4A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979; and/or
 - (b) if the works, or part of the works, constitute exempt development when certain conditions are fulfilled, to which consent of the local Council is not required, evidence of compliance with those conditions;
 - (ii) plans identifying the location of any altered plumbing and electrical services, as installed;
 - (iii) if changes to the plans and specifications have been made, as-built drawings; and
 - (iv) copies of all guarantees from the manufacturer or installer for new waterproofing membranes and associated flashings ("guarantees").
8. The owner must exercise the guarantees if requested by the Owners Corporation.
9. The owner must ensure that after installation of any new flooring, noise generated by or resulting from impact upon or movement of the new flooring is not more audible outside

the lot than the noise which was generated by or resulted from impact upon or movement of the previous flooring.

10. The owner must dispose of run-off from any unit installed to serve the lot in compliance with any requirements of the local Council, and so as not to cause nuisance to the owner or occupier of another lot or the Owners Corporation.
11. The owner at his own expense must do whatever is necessary to remedy disturbance caused by the operation of any unit or fan installed to serve the lot, by noise or vibration, of the owner or occupier of another lot in his peaceful enjoyment of his lot.

Repair & Maintenance

12. Subject to the terms of this by-law, any amendment of the by-laws from time to time and any resolution of the Owners Corporation under section 62(3) of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996, the Owners Corporation shall continue to be responsible for the proper maintenance of the common property and keeping the common property in a state of good and serviceable repair.
13. The owner must maintain the improvements installed in the course of the works (including but not limited to fixtures and fittings, and any waterproofing membrane and associated flashings, installed as part of the works) in a state of good and serviceable repair and appearance, and must renew or replace them whenever necessary.
14. The owner may remove the improvements installed in the course of the works and after doing so must restore the common property to its original condition.

Damage

15. The owner must repair promptly any damage caused or contributed to by:
 - (i) the works; or
 - (ii) use, maintenance, repair, renewal, replacement or removal of the improvements installed in the course of the works,

including, without limitation, damage to the property of the Owners Corporation or the property of the owner or occupier of another lot in the strata scheme.

Indemnity

16. The owner must indemnify the Owners Corporation against:-
 - (i) all costs of reviewing or supervising the works (including the costs of any consultants retained by the Owners Corporation for this purpose);
 - (ii) any liability or expense arising out of:
 - (a) the works; or
 - (b) use, maintenance, repair, renewal, replacement or removal of the improvements installed in the course of the works,

including, without limitation, any liability under section 65(6) of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 for damage to the improvements installed in the course of the works.

For the purposes of this condition, the certificate of the Owners Corporation's insurer will be conclusive evidence of the fact and of the amount of any increase in an insurance premium or excess payable by the Owners Corporation and attributable to the works.

Insurance

17. The owner must apply the proceeds of a claim in respect of insurance referred to in condition 3 (iii) to the repair or completion of the works, or to reimbursement for their prior repair or completion.
18. The Owners Corporation at its option may make and conduct any claim against an insurer in respect of insurance referred to in conditions 3 (iii) and (iv).
19. The owner appoints the Owners Corporation its attorney for the purposes of conditions 17 and 18, and at the request of the Owners Corporation will do any act required to give effect to this authority.

Notices

20. The owner at his own expense must comply with any notice, order or requirement of the local Council or other statutory authority, Tribunal or Court relating to the works or the improvements installed in the course of the works.

Breach of this By-Law

21. If the owner is in breach of any condition of this by-law and fails to rectify that breach within thirty (30) days of service of a written notice from the Owners Corporation requiring rectification of that breach, then the Owners Corporation may rectify any such breach and may recover the costs of the rectification together with the expenses of the Owners Corporation incurred in recovering those costs as a debt due from the owner.
22. The Owners Corporation may, with reasonable notice, by itself, its agents, servants and contractors, enter a lot to rectify any breach of this by-law.

Costs

23. The owner must meet all reasonable expenses of the Owners Corporation incurred in the implementation and enforcement of this by-law with respect to alterations and additions undertaken, or proposed to be undertaken, to serve his lot.

FILM WITH AP677780

Approved Form 10


Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

*that the initial period has expired.

~~*the original proprietor owns all of the lots in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an exchanged contract for the purchase of a lot in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing being lodged with this certificate.~~

The seal of The Owners - Strata Plan No. 3870 was affixed on ^{31 October 2019} in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal.

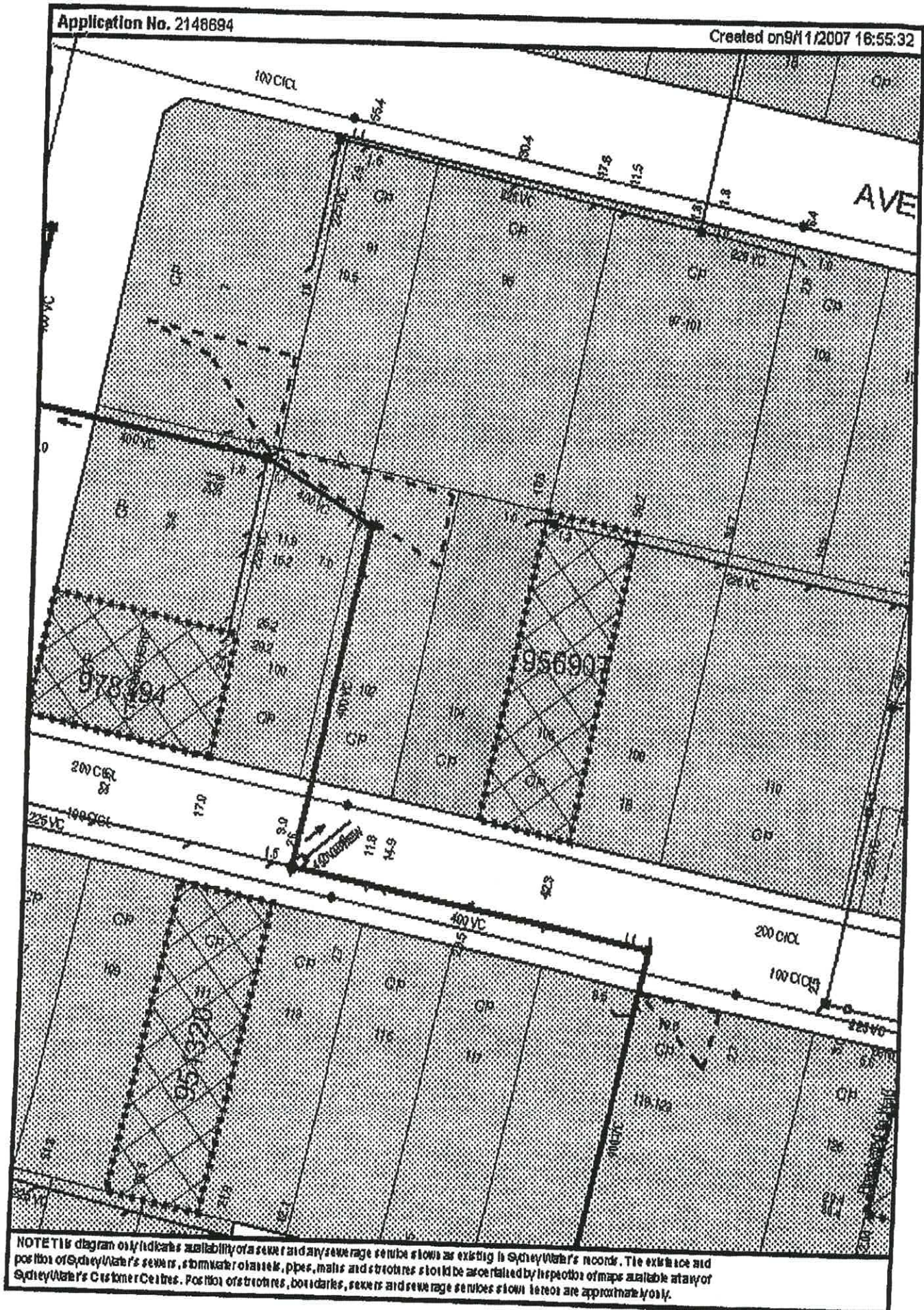
Signature:  Name: CHARLES WIGGINS
Authority: MANAGING AGENT

Signature: Name:

Authority:

^ Insert appropriate date * Strike through if inapplicable.





NOTE: This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater drains, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.

SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM

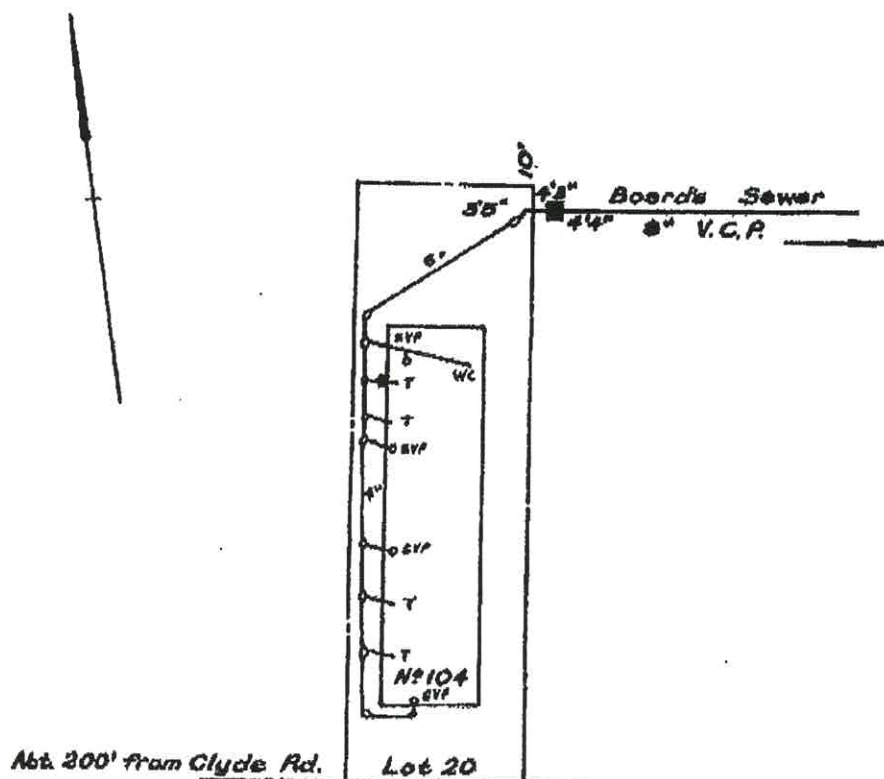
No. 654595

Bn. Basin
 Shr. Shower
 W.I.P. Wrought Iron Pipe
 C.I.P. Cast Iron Pipe
 F. W. Floor Waste
 W.M. Washing Machine

Scale: 40 Feet To An Inch

SEWER AVAILABLE

SEWER AVAILABLE
Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer



OAKES AVE

RATE No. _____ W.C. _____ U.C. _____ 19 _____

SHEET No. **7156**

OFFICE USE ONLY

For Engineer House Services

DRAINAGE		BRANCH OFFICE		PLUMBING	
Supervised by	Date	Date	Inspector	Supervised by	Date
Examined by	Inspector	Outfall	Inspector		
		Drafter			
		Plumber			

NOTE: This diagram only indicates availability of sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Spidey Water's records. The existence and position of Spidey Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Spidey Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximate only.

Northern Beaches Council Planning Certificate – Part 2

Applicant: MGL Lawyers
GPO Box 193
SYDNEY NSW 2001

Reference: 202172 Mo sale
Date: 06/03/2025
Certificate No. ePLC2025/01762

Address of Property: 5/104 Oaks Avenue DEE WHY NSW 2099
Description of Property: Lot 5 SP 3870

Planning Certificate – Part 2

The following certificate is issued under the provisions of Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (as amended – formerly Section 149). The information applicable to the land is accurate as at the above date.

1. Relevant planning instruments and Development Control Plans

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

(a) Local Environmental Plan

Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011

(b) State Environmental Planning Policies and Regional Environmental Plans

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Eastern Harbour City) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021
State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022
State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

(c) Development Control Plans

Warringah Development Control Plan 2011

(2) Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

(a) Draft Local Environmental Plans

(b) Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Cultural)

(c) Draft Development Control Plans

2. Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described—

(1) Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

(a), (b)

The following information identifies the purposes for which development may be carried out with or without development consent and the purposes for which the carrying out of development is prohibited, for all zones (however described) affecting the land to which the relevant Local Environmental Plan applies.

EXTRACT FROM WARRINGAH LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2011

Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.
- To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To ensure that medium density residential environments are characterised by landscaped settings that are in harmony with the natural environment of Warringah.
- To ensure that medium density residential environments are of a high visual quality in their presentation to public streets and spaces.

2 Permitted without consent

Home-based child care; Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Group homes; Home businesses; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Seniors housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Veterinary hospitals

4 Prohibited

Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

(c) Additional permitted uses

Additional permitted uses, if any, for which development is permissible with development consent pursuant to Clause 2.5 and Schedule 1 of the relevant Local Environmental Plan:

Nil

(d) Minimum land dimensions

The *Warringah Local Environmental Plan 2011* contains no development standard that fixes minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land.

(e) Outstanding biodiversity value

The land is not in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the [Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016](#)

(f) Conservation areas

The land is not in a heritage conservation area.

(g) Item of environmental heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage.

(2) Zoning and land use under draft Local Environmental Plans

For any proposed changes to zoning and land use, see Part 1.2 (a)

Please contact Council's Strategic and Place Planning unit with enquiries on 1300 434 434.

3. Contribution plans

(1) The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.

Northern Beaches Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2024 - in force 19 October 2024.

(2) If the land is in a region within the meaning of the Act, Division 7.1, Subdivision 4 - the name of the region, and the name of the Ministerial planning order in which the region is identified.

Housing and Productivity Contribution

The subject land is within the Greater Sydney region to which the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Housing and Productivity Contribution) Order 2024 applies.

(3) If the land is in a special contributions area to which a continued 7.23 determination applies, the name of the area.

Nil

4. Complying Development

If the land is land on which complying development may or may not be carried out under each of the complying development codes under [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Exempt and Complying Development Codes\) 2008](#), because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)–(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.

Part 3 Housing Code

Complying Development under the Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 3A Rural Housing Code

Complying Development under the Rural Housing Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 3B Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying Development under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Note: *Dual occupancies cannot be carried out as complying development in the R2 - Low Density Residential Zone in certain circumstances. See Clause 1.19 (3B) in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

Part 3C Greenfield Housing Code

Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code may not be carried out on all of the land.

Part 3D Inland Code

Complying Development under the Inland Code does not apply to the land.

Note: Pursuant to clause 3D.1 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, the Inland Code only applies to 'inland local government areas'. Northern Beaches local government area is not defined as an 'inland local government area' by *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Part 4 Housing Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 4A General Development Code

Complying Development under the General Development Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 5 Industrial and Business Alterations Code

Complying Development under the Industrial and Business Alterations Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 5A Industrial and Business Buildings Code

Complying Development under the Industrial and Business Buildings Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 5B Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying Development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 6 Subdivisions Code

Complying Development under the Subdivisions Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 7 Demolition Code

Complying Development under the Demolition Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 8 Fire Safety Code

Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code may be carried out on all of the land.

Part 9 Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code

Complying Development under the Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code may be carried out on all of the land.

(4) Complying Development Codes varied under Clause 1.12 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*

No complying codes are varied under this clause in relation to the land.

5. Exempt Development

If the land is land on which exempt development may or may not be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under [*State Environmental Planning Policy \(Exempt and Complying Development Codes\) 2008*](#), because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A.

Part 2 Exempt Development Codes

Exempt Development under the Exempt Development Codes may be carried out on all of the land.

(4) Exempt Development Codes varied under Clause 1.12 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*

No exempt development codes are varied under this clause in relation to the land.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

(a) There is not an affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

- (b) There is not a building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
- (c) There is not a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

In this section—

affected building notice has the same meaning the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017, Part 4*.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

7. Land reserved for acquisition

Environmental planning instrument referred to in Clause 1 does not make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

8. Road widening and road realignment

- (a) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*.
- (b) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under an environmental planning instrument.
- (c) The land is not affected by a road widening or re-alignment proposal under a resolution of Council.

9. Flood related development controls

- (1) The land is not within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.
- (2) The land or part of the land is not between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

In this section—

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Flood Risk Management Manual.

Flood Risk Management Manual means the Flood Risk Management Manual, ISBN 978-1-923076-17-4, published by the NSW Government in June 2023.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Flood Risk Management Manual.

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restriction

- (a) Council has adopted policies that restrict the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding (for flooding – see 9). The identified hazard or risk, if any, are listed below:

Nil

(b) The following information applies to any policy as adopted by any other public authority and notified to the Council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in a planning certificate issued by the Council. The identified hazard or risk and the respective Policy which affect the property, if any, are listed below:

Nil

11. Bush fire prone land

The land is not bush fire prone land.

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

The residential dwelling erected on this land has not been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

This clause applies to residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed in the register that is required to be maintained under that Division.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for more information.

13. Mine Subsidence

The land is not declared to be a mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) district within the meaning of section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence (Mine Subsidence) Compensation Act, 1961*.

14. Paper subdivision information

There is no current paper subdivision, of which council is aware, in respect of this land according to Part 10 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021* and Schedule 7 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1997 No 203*.

15. Property vegetation plans

The Council has not been notified that the land is land to which a vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies.

16. Biodiversity Stewardship Sites

The Council has not been notified by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land to which a biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* relates).

17. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (includes land certified under Part 7AA of the repealed *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*).

18. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Council has not been notified of the existence of an order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

19. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

The owner of the land (or any previous owner) has not consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Note—

Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Under State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021, Chapter 4 the land is –

- (a) not in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater, as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17, or
- (b) not shown on the [Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map](#), or
- (c) not shown on the [Obstacle Limitation Surface Map](#), or
- (d) not in the “public safety area” on the [Public Safety Area Map](#), or
- (e) not in the “3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” or the “13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” on the [Wildlife Buffer Zone Map](#).

21. Development consent conditions for seniors housing

No condition of development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land applies to the property that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2) of [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Housing\) 2021](#).

22. Site compatibility certificate and conditions for affordable rental housing

- (1) There is not a current site compatibility certificate of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.

(2) No condition of development consent in relation to the land applies to the property that are of the kind set out in section 21(1) or 40(1) of [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Housing\) 2021](#).

(3) No condition of development consent in relation to the land applies to the property that are of the kind set out in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Affordable Rental Housing\) 2009](#).

23. Water or sewerage services

No water or sewerage services are, or are to be, provided to the land under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006*.

Additional matters under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) the land to which the certificate relates is not significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act
- (b) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act
- (c) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act
- (d) the land to which the certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act
- (e) the land to which the certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement

If contamination is identified above please contact the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for further information.



Scott Phillips
Chief Executive Officer

06/03/2025

**My 1 Asset Management Pty Ltd
ATF My 1 Asset Management Unit
Trust**

Level 1, Suite 15, 888 Pittwater Road,
Dee Why, New South Wales 2099

P: 0299719000

E: hello@upstate.com.au

ABN: 94922011259

UPSTATE

Residential Tenancy Agreement

for

5/104 Oaks Avenue, Dee Why NSW 2099

This agreement is between **Yuheng Mo**
and **Jesse James Maccabe, Courtney Grace Frizzell**.



Standard form from 28 September 2020

Residential tenancy agreement

Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 Schedule 1 Standard Form Agreement (Clause 4(1))

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

1. This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, so please read all terms and conditions carefully.
2. If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
3. If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
4. The landlord or the landlord's agent **must give the tenant** a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of the Tenant Information Statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

THIS AGREEMENT IS MADE ON **Wed 14/08/2024**AT **12:23**

BETWEEN

Landlord Name:

Yuheng Mo

Landlord telephone number or other contact details:

yuheng819@163.com

~~If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinarily resides in:~~

-

Note: These details **must** be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent

Address for service of notices (can be an agent's address):

Level 1, Suite 15, 888 Pittwater Road

Suburb:

Dee Why

State:

New South Wales

Postcode:

2099

Note: The landlord(s) business address or residential address must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent

Tenant Name (1):

Jesse James Maccabe

Tenant Name (2):

Courtney Grace Frizzell

Tenant Name (3):

Add all other tenants here:

Address for service of notices (if different to address of residential premises):

Suburb:

State:

Postcode:

--	--	--

Contact details:

Jesse James Maccabe: 04xxxxxxx, xxxxx@xxxxx.com
Courtney Grace Frizzell: 04xxxxxxx, xxxxx@xxxxx.com

Landlord's agent details: [If applicable]

Agent name:

My 1 Asset Management Pty Ltd ATF My 1 Asset
Management Unit Trust

Address for service of notices (can be an agent's address):

Level 1, Suite 15, 888 Pittwater Road,

Suburb:

State:

Postcode:

Dee Why

New South Wales

2099

Contact details: [*This must include a telephone number*]:

Tel: 0299719000 , Email: hello@upstate.com.au ,

~~**Tenant's agent details:** [If applicable]~~~~Agent name:~~

-

~~Address for service of notices (can be an agent's address):~~

-

~~Suburb:~~~~State:~~~~Postcode:~~

-

-

-

~~Contact details:~~

-

Term of agreement

The term of this agreement is –

☐ 6 months☐ 12 months☐ 2 years☐ 3 years☐ 5 years☒ Other (please specify)

52 Weeks

☐ Periodic (no end date)

starting on Thu 15/08/2024 and ending on Wed 13/08/2025 [Cross out if not applicable]

Note: For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900

Residential premisesThe residential premises are [*Insert address*]:

5/104 Oaks Avenue, Dee Why NSW 2099

The residential premises include:

1x car space & Shared laundry room with space for a machine

[Insert any inclusions, for example a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

Rent:

The rent is \$ per payable in advance starting on

Note: Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) into the following account, or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number:

account number:

account name:

payment reference:

 , or

(b) to at by cash, or

(c) as follows:

Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

RENTAL BOND [Cross out if there is not going to be a bond]:

A rental bond of \$ must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

- ☐ the landlord or another person, or
- ☐ the landlord's agent, or
- ☒ NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bond Online.

Note: All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants

No more than persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical:	Name: S J Wood Electrical	Tel: 0410 360 046 or 0404 680 097
Plumbing:	Name: Hot Water Maintenance	Tel: 0459 130 060
Locksmiths:	Name: Barrenjoey Locksmiths	Tel: 02 9938 6600

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Utilities

Is **electricity** supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

☐ Yes ☒ No

Is **gas** supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

☐ Yes ☒ No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

☐ Hardwired smoke alarms

☒ Battery operated smoke alarms

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

~~If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?~~

☐ Yes ☐ No

~~If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:~~

If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?

☐ Yes ☒ No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises

☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* being given or served on them by email. The *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

Note. You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

☒ Yes

hello@upstate.com.au

☐ No

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Tenant consents to electronic service of notices ☒ YES ☐ NO

If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Jesse James Maccabe	xxxxx@xxxxx.com
Courtney Grace Frizzell	xxxxx@xxxxx.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. **The Landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under '**Residential premises**'.

COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. **The tenant agrees:**
 - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
 - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
 - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date
4. **The landlord agrees:**
 - 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
 - 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
 - 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
 - 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
 - 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the

purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and

- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. *The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.*

RENT INCREASES

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. *Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.*

6. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.
7. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**
 - 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
 - 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
 - 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

- 8. The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:
- 8.1** are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2** cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 8.3** are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- 9.** The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

10. The landlord agrees to pay:

- 10.1** rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 10.2** the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 10.3** all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

***Note 1.** Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

***Note 2.** Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

- 10.4** the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5** all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 10.6** all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7** all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8** all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises

are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

- 10.9** the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advance meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1** all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2** all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

***Note.** Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

- 11.3** all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4** all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5** any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6** water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1** are separately metered, or
 - 11.6.2** are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

***Note.** Separately Metered is defined in section 3 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

- 12.1** the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2** the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 12.3** the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority,
- 12.4** the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 12.4.1** all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.2** on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - 12.4.3** all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4** at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

- 14.1** to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2** to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

- 15.1** that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1** not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2** not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3** not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4** not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5** not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

- 17.1** to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2** to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3** that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4** that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends

and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 18.1** to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2** to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3** to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to its condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4** to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and
- 18.5** to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6** to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. The landlord agrees:

- 19.1** to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for the residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- a) are structurally sound, and
- b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- c) have adequate ventilation, and
- d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- f) are connected to a water supply service or

infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and

- g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures – are not subject to significant dampness, and
- c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows – do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.

- 19.2** to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and

- 19.3** to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and

- 19.4** not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

- 19.5** not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and

- 19.6** to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and

- 19.7** that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or

omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 20.1** the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2** the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3** the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 20.4** the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 20.5** the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 20.6** the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are **urgent repairs** are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows:

- a) a burst water service,
- b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,
- c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- d) a serious roof leak
- e) a gas leak,
- f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- h) serious storm or fire damage,
- i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

- 21.1** to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 21.2** to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23. The landlord and tenant agree:

- 23.1** that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 23.2** that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 24.1** in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2** if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders
- 24.3** if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4** if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 24.5** to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6** to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at

least 2 days notice each time,

- 24.7** to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8** to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9** to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10** to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11** if the tenant agrees.
- 25. The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
- 25.1** must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 25.2** may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 25.3** must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
- 25.4** must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 26. The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- 27. The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's

agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

- 28.** The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for when a photograph or visual recording is 'published'.

- 29. The tenant agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

30. The tenant agrees:

- 30.1** not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2** that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to install those fixtures or carry out those alterations, additions or renovations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- 30.3** to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- 30.4** not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 30.5** to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6** to repair any damage caused by removing

the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

- 31. The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

- 32. The landlord agrees:**

- 32.1** to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- 32.2** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3** not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

- 33. The tenant agrees:**

- 33.1** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a

tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and

- 33.2** to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

- 34.** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING

- 35. The landlord and tenant agree that:**

- 35.1** the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2** the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3** the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4** without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

- 36. The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

- 37. The landlord agrees:**

- 37.1** if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the

tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

- 37.2** if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3** if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4** if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.5** if the State, Territory or country in which the Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with: landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out clauses if not applicable]

- 38. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*.
- 39. The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

- 40.** The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out clauses if no rental bond is payable]

- 41. The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
 - 41.1** details of the amount claimed, and
 - 41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
 - 41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement

SMOKE ALARMS

- 42. The landlord agrees to:**
 - 42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
 - 42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
 - 42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
 - 42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
 - 42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
 - 42.6** repair or replace, a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working, unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
 - 42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm (which includes a heat alarm) includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2-42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

- 43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15-17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool]

~~45. The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.~~

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

~~46. The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:~~

~~46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act; and~~

~~46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

~~**Note.** A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.~~

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or

47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

48. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire

safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

- 48.2** that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.3** that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

- 49. The landlord agrees** that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and tenant agree:

- 50.1** to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2** to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3** that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4** if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

- 51. The tenant agrees** that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

- 51.1** 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.3** 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4** 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

- 52.** The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and
- they do not conflict with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* or any other Act, and
- they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

Any additional terms are not required by law and are negotiable.]

ADDITIONAL TERMS - PETS

[Cross out clauses if not applicable]

53. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc]:

-

54. The tenant agrees:

54.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and

54.2 to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and

54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and

54.4 to comply with any council requirements.

55. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy

Insert any other agreed additional terms here. Attach a separate page if necessary.

1. Standard Additional Terms: The Landlord and Tenant agree that this addendum forms part of this Residential Tenancy Agreement.

1. Premises Conditions - The Tenant acknowledges that they are accepting possession of the premises in its current condition as inspected by themselves or a respective party on their behalf. Unless previously agreed to by all parties in writing there will be no alterations to the condition of the premises. Any comments regarding the condition of the premises can be noted on the condition report and returned to the agent within 7 days.

2. Cleaning upon vacating - It is expected that the Tenant returns the premises in an acceptable state of cleanliness. We strongly recommend the use of our suggested professional cleaners as this assists in ensuring a smooth transition within tenancies as once the Tenant provides vacant possession and keys are returned to our office they are not permitted to return to the premises to rectify any issues with the cleaning. If the Tenant fails to return the premises in an acceptable state of cleanliness, then a professional cleaner will be appointed to rectify the cleaning issues and charged at the tenant's expense.

3. Carpets - The Tenant understands and agrees that if they stain the carpets, they will be required to professionally clean them when they vacate the premises and provide a receipt to the Landlord's Agent as proof.

4. Curtains and Blinds - The Tenant understands and agrees that if they stain the curtains or blinds in the premises, they will be required to be professionally cleaned and provide a receipt to the Landlord's Agent as proof.

5. Light globes - All the light globes at the start of the tenancy should be working. After the tenancy commences, the Tenant is responsible for replacing the light globes if needed at their own cost. At the end of the tenancy the Tenant is responsible for ensuring all light globes are working. Failure to do this will result in funds being deducted from the bond to replace light globes.

6. Ventilation - The Tenant is responsible for ensuring that the premises are well ventilated at all times in order to prevent the growth of mould. The Tenant understands if any mould does appear on the walls or ceilings it must be cleaned immediately. If there continues to be an ongoing issue with mould, the Tenant must promptly inform the Landlord's Agent in writing. Failure to do this could leave the Tenant liable for rectification of damage caused by the mould.

7. Utilities - It is the Tenant's responsibility to arrange connection of all utilities to the premises at the commencement of tenancy and re-direct these services at the end of the tenancy. The Landlord is not responsible to cover the cost of utilities unless specified otherwise in this lease.

8. Telecommunication Services – The Tenant is responsible for investigating the availability of telephone lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television prior to the commencement of the lease. The Tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before entering into this agreement. The Tenant must request permission from the Landlord prior to the installation of any additional services or outlets required for the above. Installation of these services/outlets will all be at the cost of the tenant. The landlord gives no warranty in respect to the provisions or adequacy of such services to the premises.

9. Locks - The Tenant must request permission from the Landlord / Landlord's Agent prior to changing the locks. If approved, this will be at the Tenant's expense. The Tenant must supply the Landlord's Agent with copies of all keys to the locks that have been changed.

10. Hooks and Hanging Objects - The Tenant must request permission from the Landlord / Landlord's Agent prior to placing any hooks or hanging objects at the premises, this includes 3M removable hooks, nails, screws and blu-tac. If such permission is granted, the Tenant understands that when vacating these objects must be removed and they are responsible for rectifying any damage to the walls or ceilings.

11. Smoking - The Tenant understands that they are not permitted to smoke inside the premises or common areas. Any damage caused to the premises by smoking, is the Tenants' responsibility and must be repaired prior to vacating the premises.

12. Pot Plants - The Tenant agrees not to place pot plants on any carpeted, stone or timber floors. This includes both internal and external surfaces for example a balcony. The Tenant will be liable for the cost of rectifying any damage to these surfaces.

13. Floorboards - The Tenant must have protectors on all their furniture where timber floors are present to reduce any unnecessary wear on the floors. Damage to timber flooring deemed due to the Tenants negligence or not adhering to these guidelines will not be deemed

fair wear and tear and will result in the Tenant rectifying any damage to the flooring prior to vacating.

14. Notice to Vacate - The Tenant must provide notice in writing to the Landlord's Agent of their intent to vacate the premises and ensure that it has been received and acknowledged by the agent. Notice will not be accepted over the phone or via text message.

15. Open for Inspections - The Tenant agrees that once they have advised the Landlord's Agent of their intention to vacate the premises, they will provide reasonable access for viewings to show prospective Tenant through the premises.

16. Bond Release - Bond money will not be released until the premises are completely vacated, cleaned, all keys are returned, the rent is paid up until the vacate date and the Landlord's Agent is satisfied with the condition of the premises. A final inspection will then be carried out by the Landlord's Agent. The Tenant will be liable for rent up until the keys are returned to our office and all items are removed from the premises.

17. Rubbish - All rubbish must be removed from the premises prior to vacating. It is not acceptable for a Tenant to leave rubbish at the premises awaiting collection past the vacate date. Any rubbish or belongings left behind will be disposed of at the cost of the Tenant.

18. Blocked Drains -The Tenant agrees not to use any sink, basin, toilet, drain or like facility in or connected to the premises for any other intended use or do anything that might damage or block the plumbing drainage or sewage systems on the premises. If an internal drain is blocked and the blockage is found to be as a result of the Tenants negligence, the Tenant will be liable to pay the cost of repair. The Tenant should always attempt to clear the drain of any debris prior to contacting the agent.

19. Repairs - All repair requests must be submitted through in writing via email or through the advised maintenance portal. The Tenant is required to provide reasonable access for repairs and maintenance to be carried out.

20. Insurance - The Tenant is responsible for organizing their own contents insurance. The landlord's insurance will not cover the Tenants contents. The Tenant cannot claim any liability from the Landlord for the damage to their contents in the event of a claim.

21. Keys - The Tenant understands that they are responsible for all keys, remotes, security swipes and access fobs. If lost, damaged or stolen the

Tenant will be liable to pay for a replacement.

22. Subletting or Transfer - The Tenant must request permission in writing of their intention to sublet or transfer any part of the premises. If the Tenant does this without consent, they are breaching the terms of the Agreement. The Tenant is not permitted to list the premises on any online websites such as Air Bnb, Stayz, Gumtree or any other website that offer short-term letting. If the Tenant is found to be subletting the premises without the owner's permission, they will be issued with a 14-day termination notice to vacate the premises. The Tenant must not exceed the maximum number of permitted occupants stated on the agreement.

23. Electronic Notice(s)- The Tenant understands that all termination and increase notices will be served via email to the address provided at the commencement of the tenancy which appears on the front of this Residential Tenancy Agreement. The Tenant is responsible for ensuring that they provide the Landlord's Agent with the most up to date contact email at any time throughout the tenancy.

24. Appliances - The Tenant understands that they are responsible for the safe operation of all their own appliances and they should not be left on or unattended. If a Tenant's appliance is found to be the cause of an electrical fault or fire in the premises, they will be responsible for any expense incurred due to the fault.

25. Access - The Tenant is required to provide access for all mandatory strata inspections, this includes and is not limited to fire inspections, window lock inspections, defect inspections and council inspections. If the Tenant fails to provide access, they will be liable to pay any penalty fees. The Tenant must make every attempt to ensure they are available as the Landlord's Agent will not always be available to attend on their behalf.

26. Air conditioning - The Tenant is responsible for cleaning the filters on all air conditioning units on a regular basis. If the Tenant fails to clean the filters and this causes a fault in the unit, the Tenant will be responsible for any costs associated with rectifying the issue.

27. Garden Maintenance - Unless stated otherwise and where applicable, the Tenant is responsible for ensuring the garden is maintained to the standard set at the beginning of the tenancy. Garden maintenance may include mowing, edging/pruning/trimming, weeding and watering.

28. Trades Access & Invoicing - If the Tenant requests maintenance to be attended to, a maintenance call is booked and access is

arranged with the tenant. If the tenant denies access to the premises on the scheduled day or if the fault of the repair is deemed to be caused by the tenant, the tenant will be charged for the service call.

Tenant Acknowledgement

1. Jesse James Maccabe viewed and acknowledged at Wed, 14/08/2024 13:30
2. Courtney Grace Frizzell viewed and acknowledged at Wed, 14/08/2024 13:22

NOTES

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

- **landlord** means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.
- **landlord's agent** means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for: (a) the letting of residential premises, or (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.
- **LFAI Register** means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.
- **rental bond** means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.
- **residential premises** means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.
- **tenancy** means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.
- **tenant** means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgement or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD/AGENT

AGENT : **Samantha Mcilrath** on behalf of **Yuheng Mo** (Landlord)



Signed at Wed, 14/08/2024 14:45

2. LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of the **Landlord Information Statement** published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

AGENT : **Samantha Mcilrath** on behalf of **Yuheng Mo** (Landlord)



Signed at Wed, 14/08/2024 14:45

SIGNED BY TENANT(S)

Tenant 1: **Jesse James Maccabe**



Signed at Wed, 14/08/2024 13:30

Tenant 2: **Courtney Grace Frizzell**



Signed at Wed, 14/08/2024 13:23

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of the **Tenant Information Statement** published by NSW Fair Trading.

Tenant 1: **Jesse James Maccabe**

Jesse James Maccabe

Signed at Wed, 14/08/2024 13:30

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- a. NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- b. Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- c. your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

AUDIT TRAIL

Jesse James Maccabe (Tenant)

- Wed, 14/08/2024 13:28 - Jesse James Maccabe clicked 'start' button to view the Residential Tenancy Agreement
- Wed, 14/08/2024 13:30 - Jesse James Maccabe stamped saved signature the Residential Tenancy Agreement
- Wed, 14/08/2024 13:31 - Jesse James Maccabe submitted the Residential Tenancy Agreement

Courtney Grace Frizzell (Tenant)

- Wed, 14/08/2024 13:08 - Courtney Grace Frizzell clicked 'start' button to view the Residential Tenancy Agreement
- Wed, 14/08/2024 13:23 - Courtney Grace Frizzell stamped saved signature the Residential Tenancy Agreement
- Wed, 14/08/2024 13:23 - Courtney Grace Frizzell submitted the Residential Tenancy Agreement

Samantha Mcilrath (AGENT)

- Wed, 14/08/2024 14:45 - Samantha Mcilrath clicked 'start' button to view the Residential Tenancy Agreement
- Wed, 14/08/2024 14:45 - Samantha Mcilrath stamped saved signature the Residential Tenancy Agreement
- Wed, 14/08/2024 14:45 - Samantha Mcilrath submitted the Residential Tenancy Agreement

AGREEMENT END